MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

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12 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

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TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

September complete

THE WILY TURKS ARE GETTING VERY BUSY

Five Arrests Are Made In the Magelssen Case.

Porte Insists No Assassination Was Attempted.

Constantinople, Sept. 1.—The porte has notified Minister Leishman that five arrests have been made at Beirut in connection with the shooting which led to the report that William C. Magelssen, the United States vice and deputy consul there, had been assassinated. The Turkish officials continue to insist that no attempt was made on the vice consul's life, and they reassert that the whole story originated in a fen de joie fired on the occasion of a native marriage and in accordance with custom. Mr. Leishman, however, refuses to accept such an explanation without conclusive proof that the judicial investigation continues.

The attempt to burn the American college at Karput occurred five weeks ago, and apparently was the work of an individual who considered he had a grievance against the college authorities. When Mr. Leishman was informed of the attempt he demanded that the porte protect the American institution, and in consequence of his representations instructions were sent to the authorities at Karput to try in the regular courts the charges against fifty Armenians accused of trafficking in arms and engaging in other seditious acts. Among the accused is Professor Tenekeoljian, of the American college, whose treatment in prison pending his trial was also ordered to be improved.

Mr. Leishman is pressing for a definite settlement of a number of matters on which agreements were reached with the Turkish authorities last year, but which, in spite of frequent promises on the part of the porte, have never been executed. For instance, a naturalized American is still in prison at Tripoli, Syria, although the porte has frequently informed Mr. Leishman that the authorities at Beirut, who have jurisdiction over Tripoli, had been ordered to liberate him. Yesterday Mr. Leishman received a telegram from Admiral Cotton, dated from Genoa, Italy, Sunday evening, announcing that the United States warships Brooklyn and San Francisco would arrive off Beirut at the the end of this week.

The American officials here attribute the dispatch of the warships to Turkish waters not solely to the Magelssen affair, but to the general dissatisfaction of the authorities at Washington at the non-fulfillment of the porte's promises in regard to pending questions and to the determination of President Roosevelt to show Turkey that she cannot trifle with American representations. Diplomatic circles here generally approve of the energetic action of the United States, which, it is pointed out, is amply justified by the bad faith of Turkey, and it is felt here that the appearance of the United States warships in Turkish waters will lead to the immediate settlement of the pending disputes.

Nothing so impresses the porte as a naval demonstration, and the diplomats claim that this will be specially noticeable in the present case, as the Americans are not fettered, like other powers, by agreements regulating the international political affairs of Turkey.

Washington, Sept. 1.—The first official dispatch coming directly from Beirut regarding the Magelssen affair has been received by Secretary Hay. It is dated Aug. 31 and is signed by Consul Ravndal. It says: "The attempt on Magelssen's life failed utterly. A narrow escape, but the vice consul suffered no injury."

Messina, Sicily, Sept. 1.—The United States cruisers Brooklyn and San Francisco passed through the straits of Messina at 11:20 a. m. today, bound south. The semaphore saluted the warships, wishing them good luck.

GIVES HIM THE LIE

Cobden Club Sends Sharp Letter to Colonial Secretary.

Says Chamberlain Made Statements Knowing Them Untrue.

London, Sept. 1.—A recent letter of Colonial Secretary Chamberlain to a correspondent saying it was not necessary to answer the criticism of the Cobden club, "which appears mainly to be supported by foreigners whose interest it is that we should maintain our present system of free imports," has called out a sharp reply from the club in an open letter to Mr. Chamberlain, characterizing his statement as grossly inaccurate.

The letter reminds the colonial secretary that he was for many years a member of the club and that he is therefore perfectly well aware that the foreign members thereof were only elected with the object of encouraging the free trade movement in other countries and that they have no voice in controlling the policy of the club. The letter concludes with saying now that Mr. Chamberlain has been reminded of these facts unless he immediately and publicly withdraws his statement it "can only be concluded that it is part of your plan of campaign to try to create prejudice against your opponents by means of statements you know to be untrue."

The letter is signed by Harold Cox, secretary of the Cobden club.

FACTORY IN DULUTH

Is to Be Established By the Ava Chemical Company.

John D. Rockefeller Is Largely Interested In the Enterprise.

New York, Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—When seen today at his office, 88 William street, Secretary Arthur B. Ibbotson of the Ava Chemical company, in which John D. Rockefeller is largely interested, when asked for a more definite statement of the progress of the company, said: "I have received numerous inquiries from places where the company will establish factories, and these are of such character that I feel constrained to say that the large number of factories which the company will have are made necessary by the fact that in certain of the preparations which the company will make there will be used chemical combinations which will not keep longer than a few hours after preparation, so that it will be necessary to have a factory wherever the company will have a depot for the sale of its product. A central factory will not be possible, owing to the character of the business. The factories or laboratories will be located at advantageous points in those few states where we will sell our goods. At the outset contracts will have to be made with local manufacturing chemists until the plant of the company is established. We shall begin establishing plants within a fortnight. One of our factories will be in Duluth.

FRANCE TO BE REPRESENTED.

Ogden, Ut., Sept. 1.—France will be represented at the coming irrigation congress, according to a letter received from the French embassy at Washington. Senator Depew of New York, writes that he is a firm believer in the governmental assistance for the reclamation of arid lands and that he hopes to be of practical assistance to the irrigationists at Washington.

THE YACHTING AGONY IS STILL PROLONGED

The Lack of Wind Again Prevents a Race.

The Big Boats Will Try Again Wednesday.

New York, Sept. 1.—Today's attempt to sail the third race in the international series was another failure, and at 12:50 it was called off for the day because of lack of wind. Despite the weather conditions that made it almost a certainty that no race could be sailed, the yachts made for the starting line, when the wind was not over three miles. They lay about the lightship for more than two hours, in the hope of the wind freshening, when the committee boat signalled the race was off. The yachts dropped their sails, picked up their tows and made for their anchorages at Sandy Hook.

The committee boat started up the bay flying the signals for a race tomorrow.

New York, Sept. 1.—As an event in yachting the international races have become a prolongation of an agony all wish to see ended and what interest remained after the first race between Reliance and Shamrock III has gradually disappeared with each succeeding attempt to race.

The decided superiority of Reliance over Shamrock III demonstrated in the two races that have been sailed has left no doubt in the minds of the world at large as to the better boat, and the consequent unsuccessful attempts to sail the third, and what is looked upon assuredly as the decisive race, is but suspense to the Shamrock's supporters as well as to the American world of sports. In yesterday's attempt the flagging interest was most evident. There were few private yachts to follow the boats over the course, the excursion fleet was little more than a small picnic party, while the bulletin boards about the city newspaper offices were almost deserted. The third race must be sailed, however, to carry out the articles of agreement or deed of gift of the America's cup.

The prospects for a race at dawn were very dubious, but in a few hours the wind freshened and gave more encouragement. At 8 o'clock the northeaster, which died out so suddenly, was in evidence to some extent. The wind was from all quarters in the northward, veering from north to northwest. Three hours before the time set for the start the wind was about eight knots. The sea was still uneasy from Sunday's storm, and the ground swell was much in evidence. There was every indication with the breeze from the northward that the yachts would be sent on a run to leeward and a beat home.

About 8:15, however, the wind suddenly began to display its subtlety and dropped out, until in less than half an hour there was hardly four miles to its velocity. From this time the weather conditions changed rapidly, and with each succeeding change the chances for a race disappeared. A light fog had now set in, and it was impossible to see more than three miles off shore. It was apparent that unless there was a decided change and that within a short time, a race was impossible.

A fresh but light breeze, cool as in October, blew across the Hook this morning. Curiously it brought to the crews on neither yacht any particular satisfaction other than that today they might probably get through what has become a tiresome task. This is not exaggerated. Man after man of the Shamrock's crew who came ashore this morning expressed sometimes more forcibly than elegantly the hope that today would be the last. Even the hopefulness of Sir Thomas, which is very much also qualified, does not seem to affect his crew. They worked this morning with a listlessness that frequently brought a sharp word from Capt. Wringe.

On Reliance, too, there is less of snap and vigor. On both boats the usual morning preparations were begun.

Staysails and jibs were put in stops, covers taken from mainsails, and after breakfast the mainsails on both yachts were hoisted.

At 9:25 the wind at Sandy Hook had dropped still further and the anemometer recorded but two and a half miles.

Sir Thomas Lipton on the Erin said: "I do not think there can be a race today. The very thick haze does not promise a good wind, and there is not enough of breeze to half help us. It is too bad. We should get the thing over. I am needed at home on urgent business matters, and my present plan is to sail for England within two or three days after the completion of these races." At 9 o'clock the Reliance had started out of the Hook in tow, and a few minutes later the Shamrock followed her for the starting line.

By this time the haze at sea had thickened and the breeze shifted to northwest had become a mere zephyr. The sea was a dead calm and there was no prospect, unless the wind increased, that there could be a finish race. To shore observers the yachts soon disappeared in the haze. They held their tows until they reached the lightship. The committee boat reached the starting point about the same time and made the usual preparations for starting a race.

But the wind was too soft and variable for the committee to decide on a course or the starting of a race, and thus the usual starting gun at 11 o'clock will be postponed until later in the day, in the hope that there will be an improvement in the conditions. The race, according to the rules, must be started before 1 o'clock, or the race declared off for the day.

CONFESSES CRIME

Former Employe Assisted In Murder of Street Car Men.

John Sleuder Tells Complete Story of the Chicago Hold-Up.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—With a confession implicating himself and naming Gustave Maletesta, an ex-convict, as leader in the raid, John Sleuder, a prisoner at the Englewood police station, is said by Capt. Shippy to have told a complete story of the $3000 robbery and double murder at the Chicago City railway's receiving office early Sunday morning.

"I told him (Maletesta) that at 2:56 Sunday morning the Owl car left the barns, and this would be the best time to attack the office," said Sleuder. "I posted him about the policeman on the beat and the barn watchman.

"I knew what time the barn watchman would be on the upper floors, pulling his clocks, and also at what time the employes about the place would be least likely to interrupt the job."

Sleuder, who is a former employe of the railway company, denied knowledge of the names of the other two men who participated in the crime, but the police believe he eventually may be brought to reveal their identity.



A WELL-DESERVED VACATION.

THE SULTAN REFUSES TO ALLOW HIS COMMANDERS TO CONTROL

Tells Foreign Ambassadors That He Prefers to Run Things From Constantinople—In Spite of Grave Situation Turks Are Optimistic.

Constantinople, Sept. 1.—Official reports say that 300 insurgents were killed or wounded during the fighting which occurred last week in the vilayet of Monastir. The porte has sent a memorandum to the Austrian and Russian ambassadors here, pointing out that at the recent mass meeting of Macedonians in Sofia, Bulgaria, it was decided to send fresh bands into Macedonia, and also calling attention to the fact that committees in Bulgaria were supplying the insurgents with arms and ammunition by means of ships which land their cargoes on the coast in the vicinity of Iniada.

Consular dispatches from Prishtina, near the Servian frontier, confirm the reports that nearly all the villages in the districts of Dibra, fifty-four miles from Monastir, and Cicevo have been pillaged and burned and that the inhabitants have fled. It is not stated whether Albanians or Bulgarians were the perpetrators of the outrages.

In spite of the apparent gravity of the general situation, optimism prevails in Turkish official circles. In the course of the audiences which the German ambassador, Baron Marschal Von Bieberstein, and the Russian ambassador, M. Zinovieff, have had with the sultan for the purpose of recommending more energetic action and entrusting to the Turkish commander-in-chief full direction for military operations, the sultan replied that he preferred to retain control at Constantinople.

The government has imposed a personal, or land, tax on the entire population of the empire over the age of 18. The tax is on different classes and ranges from about $6 cents to $300 each annually. This is regarded in some quarters as being in the nature of a provision for war.

BARBER SHOPS AS THEY SHOULD BE

New York, Sept. 1.—The new law regulating barber shops has become operative and begining today, any tonsorial artist in New York state caught shaving a customer without washing his hands in warm water and soap, or using a powder puff, or a towel on more than one person without its having been washed, will be subjected to imprisonment and fine. No alum or other astringent may be used in stick form to stop the flow of blood. The use of sponges is strictly prohibited. Mugs and shaving brushes must be thoroughly washed after use on each person. Combs, razors, clippers and scissors must be thoroughly cleansed by dipping in boiling water, or other germ destroyer after every separate use. Other provisions are made for the cleanliness of shops and every barber must have a certifiate procured by an examination before a state board.

A NEW DISEASE ALARMS CUBANS

New York, Sept. 1.—Menaced by a disease, which has baffled the best medical skill of the island, the health department officials of Cuba have appealed to the authorities of Columbia University and Jefferson Medical college of Philadelphia, for aid in determining the nature of the disease. The disease in many of its symptoms resembles bubonic plague, but it is said to be more swift in its progress and more deadly in its effects. It first appeared some months ago in the isolated town of Daiquiri, province of Santiago. Men employed in the iron mines in that locality were affected. The disease did not yield to treatment and the mortality was greater than in yellow fever or any kindred disease. The inhabitants become panic stricken, and an American Steel company with large interests there took up the matter.

LAUER HAD ONE TOO MANY WIVES

New York, Sept. 1.—Joseph Lauer, 29 years old, has astonished the Brooklyn police with a request that he be locked up. "I have got two wives," he explained. "Both are looking for me with a warrant, and I think I'd rather spend the night here than go home." The police readily accommodated him.

Lauer explained that he married his first wife, a girl of 18 last November. Later, he met one of 20 and also wedded her. Recently the two wives discovered Lauer's duplicity and went into court together where they procured warrants. While they were gazing from the court room window a man resembling the husband passed. An officer captured him, but he soon established his innocence. Lauer heard of this and made himself scarce until he appeared at the police station.

WAS TRYING TO STOP.

Witness Saw Motorman Struggling With Brakes.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 1.—The trial of the eleven directors and executive officers of the North Jersey Street Railway company, who are accused of manslaughter in connection with the grade crossing disaster of Feb. 19, was resumed today. Under cross-examination Witness Kay, a letter carrier, testified that a minute before the accident he had a good view of the motorman. The motorman appeared to be struggling hard at both brakes to stop the car. Witness thought the car was going at a medium rate of speed, but it appeared to be under control, considering the rate at which it was going. He was not sure whether or not the trolley car had come to a stop before the collision occurred.

BROKER INDICTED

For Assault and Battery on His Coachman.

Freehold, N. J., Sept. 1.—David M. Lamar, a New York broker, will have to appear for trial on Sept. 17, on two indictments found against him by the Monmouth grand jury in connection with the assault on his former coachman, James McMahon, at Long Branch, on July 9 last. Two bills against Lamar were handed down by the grand jury. One charges assault and battery with intend to kill, and the other charges conspiracy. After the indictments were returned Lamar pleaded not guilty to both charges and was held in $500 bail for his appearance on Sept. 17. Bail was furnished at once.

FATAL BENZINE EXPLOSION.

Pittsburg, Sept. 1.—While mixing paints in the shop of Joseph Mukloskey, at Homestead, Pa., today, a can of benzine exploded, killing Adam Louchey and fatally burning Silus Watley. Arlen Condusky, a mill man, was seriously burned while attempting to extinguish the flames. The building was destroyed. The cause of the explosion is not known.

REJECTION OF CANAL TREATY CAUSES REVOLT IN PANAMA

The Indians Have Risen and the Late Followers of Gen. Benjamin Herrera Are Rapidly Arming Themselves For an Organized Revolution.

New York, Sept. 1.—Travellers from Panama report the isthmus alight with fires of a new revolution, according to a Times dispatch from San Jose, Costa Rica. The Indians have risen and the late followers of Gen. Benjamin Herrera are mustering in the mountain villages preparatory to joining an organized revolt caused by the rejection of the Panama canal treaty. Hundreds of stacks of arms confiscated by the Colombian government at the close of the late revolution have reappeared from some mysterious sources. With the arms goes ammunition fresh from factories, showing the movement is not spasmodic, but carefully planned. Travelers from Panama to Puenta Arenas say that in Panama it is reported that Gen. Herrera has disappeared from his home near Bogota, and is presumed to be on his way to the isthmus. If this is true Herrera probably will again assume command of the revolutionary forces and cast his lot with the isthmian people, as was his intention had the late revolution terminated in favor of the liberal party.

Gen. Victoniano Lorenzo, who was banished to Coucau after the surrender of the liberal forces last December, has escaped and is presumed to be in the marshes making his way back to the isthmus. Lorenzo had 7000 Indians in his following, and it is believed he will have little difficulty in rallying the old forces if he succeeds in making his way back to San Carlos or to any contigous point.

From Chorrerra comes the report that he is in that locality mustering the Indians. At Boulouka Col. Arouca is in command of well mobilized forces.

AN ARROW HITS BOY IN THE EYE

St. Paul, Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Erwin, the 4-year-old son of Charles Alford, 198 Bates ayenue, was shot in the left eye by a playmate last evening with an arrow. The physicians say that the boy will lose the eye and probably the sight of both eyes. He was taken to the city hospital by his parents. Several children were playing near the Alford home and had a toy bow and arrow. It was dusk and the boys were shooting at all sorts of things for targets. During the fun Erwin Alford was hit in the left eye and fell to the ground crying. A physician was called and, after temporary relief had been given, the boy was taken to the city hospital by his parents.

THE PEOPLE OF ST. PAUL ARE VERY FOND OF SKIMMED MILK

While Their Consumption of Good Milk Is Much Smaller Than Other Cities, They Beat the Record In Use of Skimmed Variety.

St. Paul, Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The people of St. Paul consume the least milk per capita of the three largest cities of Minnesota, according to the report of the milk supply of 200 cities received by the state dairy and food commissioner yesterday, from H. E. Alvord, chief of the dairy division of the United States department of agriculture. The report shows that the average daily consumption of milk per capita is .59 pint. The average in Minneapolis is 1.11 pints, and in Duluth it is .90. St. Paul consumes 12,000 gallons of milk daily; Minneapolis 28,000 gallons, and Duluth 4000. The average consumption of milk by some of the other large cities, expressed in pints, is as follows: Boston, 1.17; Worcester, Mass., 1.11; Providence, R. I., 1.00; Kansas City, .93; Chicago, .08; Milwaukee, .70; St. Joe, Mo., .66; Denver, .65; Omaha, .45.

The people of St. Paul seem to be fond of skimmed milk. Mr. Alvord reports that 1500 gallons of skimmed milk are consumed in St. Paul daily, as compared with 335 in Minneapolis and 100 in Duluth. St. Paul consumes 1200 gallons of cream, Minneapolis 3536 and Duluth 225.

Officials of the state dairy and food commission attribute the small consumption of milk in St. Paul to the prevalence of foreigners, who are said to be more fond of wine and beer. The large consumption of Minneapolis is likewise attributed to the fact that fully 53 per cent of the population is Scandinavian. Less than 20 per cent of St. Paul's population is Scandinavian.

The report shows, however, that St. Paul is one of the few cities in the United States where wilk is pasteurized. In St. Paul 10 per cent of the milk is pasteurized, "and this treatment is increasing," says the report. Speaking of Minneapolis, the report reads: "The trade in pasteurized milk is as yet unimportant." No milk is pasteurized in Duluth. Only two other cities in the United States—Los Angeles, Cal., and Pittsburg, pasteurize to a greater extent than St. Paul.

NOTES OF HAY WERE OFFENSIVE

New York, Sept. 1.—Dispatches from a Bogota correspondent assert, says a Panama dispatch to the Herald, that the Panama canal treaty was rejected by the senate, because of the imperative nature of the notes received from Secretary of State Hay and United States Minister Beaupre. These notes, the correspondent declares were regarded as offensive.

The main question now discussed is whether the United States will be willing to enter into new negotiations, or will simply let the matter drop and take up the Nicaragua route.

Immediately after the treaty was rejected exchange went up to 12,000 per cent discount.

COMPANIES HAVE TOO MUCH COAL

New York, Sept. 1.—The decision of the coal companies in this vicinity to restrict the production of anthracite, and, as a consequence, to suspend work for a time, will result, says a dispatch from Pottsville, Pa., in the departure of thousands of miners to the South. One company has engaged 1000 for its operations at Thurber, Tex., and many other Southern concerns are following suit.

Shamokin, Pa., Sept. 1.—In accordance with orders issued last week, four collieries of the Union Coal company, employing 5000 men and boys, were closed down for an indefinite period today on account of the overstocked coal market.

PREPARE THE BOYS FOR SCHOOL!





The most complete line of wearing apparel for boys ever shown in Duluth. This week we start with a line of school specials.

Two-piece Knee Pant Suits—double breasted coat—the newest effects in mixtures, black and blue cheviots—priced from ----- **$1.75 to $5.00**

Norfolk Suits—splendid assortment of mixtures, black and blue cheviots—for this sale they are priced from ---------- **$2.50 to $6.00**

Three-piece Knee Pant Suits—a few strong lines—priced from-- **$3.50 to $7.00**

For the larger boys in long pants we show a line of elegantly tailored cheviots and tweeds —priced from---------- **$5.00 to $12.00**

Odd Knee Pants—in good all wool materials, also corduroy—well sewed taped seams—priced from, a pair---------- **50c, 75c, $1**





Shoes that wear like iron —per pair at from **$1.25, $1.50, $2.00**

A Complete Line of Furnishings, Hats and Caps!

KENNEY & ANKER

Men's and Boys' Outfitters,

409 and 411 West Superior St., Duluth

AT WEST DULUTH

An incident not included in the program narrowly escaped turning the wedding of Miss Emily Emard and B. C. Strongest into a tragedy yesterday. After the wedding yesterday morning Mr. and Mrs. Strongest went to the home of the bride, where an informal reception, and wedding luncheon had been prepared.

On leaving the house for the train, Mrs. Strongest and the maid of honor, Miss E. Shoevlen, entered one of the carriages to be driven to the depot.

The usual shower of rice was forthcoming, and the horses became frightened and dashed away down Seventy-second avenue and turned along Grand.

As they turned the corner the carriage collided with a telegraph pole and the horses broke loose, continuing their journey to Twenty-sixth avenue, where they were stopped.

The two ladies were found to be unhurt and were able to continue their way to the depot as soon as a second carriage had been summoned.

The guests, horrified at the results of their innocent action, were delighted to learn that no serious injuries had been sustained.

SERVICE CRIPPLED.

West Duluth Feels Street Car Trouble Keenly.

West Duluth is feeling keenly the crippled condition of the street car service.

This morning a 15-minute service was scheduled, but owing to the crowded condition of the cars, and the lack of power, which prevented them from making good time, the service was in reality much poorer than that.

Nearly every car on the line was from five to twenty minutes behind time, and it was next to impossible for the motormen to make up time, on account of the lack of power.

Even during the slack hours the cars were crowded to their fullest capacity, and during the rush hours in the morning and evening the service is entirely inadequate to accommodate the needs of the people. The restoration of the complete service will be very welcome to all residents of this part of the city, whose business calls them to Duluth.

LAUNDRE-McDONALD.

The wedding of Miss Blanche Laundre and John T. McDonald occurred this morning in West Duluth.

The ceremony took place in St. James Catholic church, Rev. Father Feehely performing the ceremony, which was accompanied by high mass.

The church was very prettily decorated for the occasion and a large number of the friends of the bride and groom were present.

Miss Irene Laundre, a sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, and James McDonald, a brother of the groom, was best man.

After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. McDonald left for a wedding trip, and on their return will make their home in West Duluth.

The bride is a well-known and popular West Duluth young lady. The groom is a member of the firm of Donald Brothers, and has a host of friends in West Duluth.

HUNTERS GO OUT.

Several parties of hunters left West Duluth this morning to take advantage of the opening of the hunting season.

The ducks are reported to be very plentiful up the St. Louis river, although it is very difficult to get within range, as they have grown wary, owing to the large number of hunters who frequent this locality.

Chickens are also said to be plentiful in the district immediately north of the city, and it is expected that a larger number of hunters than usual will participate in the sport this year.

OUTING PARTY HOME.

A party of well known West Duluth people has just returned from a very enjoyable outing. The party consisted of Lon Merritt, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Salter, B. N. Wheeler, James D'Arcy, H. Sharkey, and L. C. Merritt.

The members of the party went by canoe through the lakes and rivers of the northern part of the state to the Canadian border, and return.

They were absent about a week, and report a very delightful trip.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Patterson, Undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

George Brotherton came down from Tower this morning for a short visit with friends in West Duluth.

Samuel Atkinson will return this evening to his home in Buffalo, on the steamer North West, after a two-months' visit with his parents in West Duluth.

Mrs. J. J. Mix and family have returned from a short outing trip to Sturgeon lake, Minn.

James Brotherton left for Ely yesterday afternoon.

Joseph Wirtz has returned from a trip on the range.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson, of 5713 Wadena street.

Miss Emma Jacoby left yesterday for La Crosse to sped her vacation.

Otto Eckland will leave today for St. Paul to attend the state fair.

W. B. Getchell has returned from a trip to the Pacific coast.

Miss May Fisher has returned from Minneapolis after a month's visit with her brother.

Miss Alma Brotherton and Miss Jessie Noxon left today for the Twin Cities to attend the state fair.

Robert McKeevor, James Medland and W. A. Pond are among the West Duluth visitors at the state fair.

NOTICE!

TEMPORARY CAR SCHEDULES:

TODAY and until more cars can be run, LAKESIDE and EAST END CARS will run to THIRD AVENUE EAST only!

There will be a 30-minute service on the LAKESIDE LINE (small cars)—and a 30-minute service from Twenty-third avenue east, making a 15-minute service through the EAST END to THIRD AVENUE EAST.

LAKESIDE CARS will leave terminals at 5 and 35 minutes past each hour. EAST END CARS will leave Twenty-third Avenue East at 5 and 35 minutes, and Third Avenue East at 20 and 50 minutes past each hour.

WEST DULUTH CARS will run every fifteen minutes, leaving Sixty-second avenue west on the even quarters and meeting Lakeside and East End cars at Third Avenue East.

WOODLAND CARS will leave THIRD AVENUE WEST AND SECOND STREET at 5:27, and every 40 minutes thereafter: and Woodland at 6:07 and every 40 minutes thereafter.

We expect to get one of the damaged belts replaced so that the service may be improved by Wednesday, and the other one Thursday or Friday, when the regular service can be resumed.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR TRACTION CO.

There is no Rochelle Salts, Alum, Lime or Ammonia in food made with

Calumet Baking Powder

—NOT IN THE BAKING POWDER TRUST—

It makes pure food.

SENATOR KEARNS

Says Extra Session Will Convene In November.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—"I believe President Roosevelt will call an extra session of congress about the first week in November," said Senator Kearns, of Utah, yesterday, while in Chicago on his way home from an Eastern trip. "I gathered as much from a conversation with the president when I was at Oyster Bay.

Senator Kearns picks Senator Beveridge of Indiana, for vice president in 1904.

THE STAGE

"Trilby" was presented at the Metropolitan last evening and it was a pronounced success, the audience being large and delighted with the production and the players assuming the roles with fine ability and conception of the parts. Miss Marshall was Trilby and the characterization was one of the best things she has done. The role offers considerable opportunity for versatility, the moods being varied and changeable, and Miss Marshall took advantage of all that it offers. Mr. Forbes, as Svengali was strong and convincing, playing the difficult character role with a strength and brilliancy that astonished and delighted his friends. Miss Harcourt as Mme. Vahgard and Mr. Robinson as Zou Zou were fine. The cast throughout was good and the production was in every way a credit to the company and the house. The scenic display was especially fine, the different settings being in faithful accord with the scenes in which the play is laid.

This play will be given tonight and tomorrow night and tomorrow afternoon.

* * *

"Hunting For Hawkins" will be the attraction at the Lyceum Thursday evening. Mr. Fitzpatrick's impersonation of the character, Owen Touchen, a professional relative, is described as irresistibly laughable. His company is large and capable.

The military opera, "When Johnny Comes Marching Home," will play Friday and Saturday matinee and night.

TELEGRAPHERS GET ADVANCE.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Negotiations which have been pending since May 1 between the Illinois Central railroad and the telegraphers were concluded last night. The demands of the telegraphers, slightly modified, were granted and an annual increase in pay roll amounting to more than $100,000 is requested. The average increase in the salaries is 15 per cent.

BOY CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Houghton, Mich., Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The 4-year-old son of Medard Becotte, of Lake Linden, was crushed to death by a hay wagon yesterday.

Deadwood, S. D. and Return $31.65.

September 2nd to 6th inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Deadwood, S. D., at $31.65 for the round trip, good for return until and including Sept. 30th, 1903.

City Ticket Office, 405 West Superior Street.

MRS. HILLER'S LECTURES.

Opening of the Course at the Y. W. C. A. Rooms.

Tomorrow the course of lectures by Mrs. Elizabeth O. Hiller, of Chicago, under the direction of the Young Women's Christian association of this city, will begin. The work of Mrs. Hiller is known throughout the country as some of the best in the domestic science field. She began the work about twelve years ago and has been instrumental in starting the Chicago school of domestic science.



MRS. ELIZABETH O. HILLER.

The course that will be given here consists of eighteen lectures, each lecture illustrated with numerous demonstrations. The lecture will include mainly the cookery and serving of food and will be given in the gymnasium of the hall. The first lecture will be on "An Ideal Kitchen." The lectures will be in the afternoon at 2:30, and will continue each day excepting Saturday.

FIRE AT WALKER.

Logan's Restaurant Almost Totally Destroyed By Fire.

Walker, Minn., Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire early this morning almost entirely destroyed C. L. Logan's restaurant. The loss is fully covered by insurance. This is the second time this year that Logan has been burned out, he being proprietor of the Spalding hotel and restaurant, which was completely destroyed last spring.

ANOTHER RACE NECESSARY.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Another race has yet to be sailed before the possessor of the Lipton cup for 1903-4 is determined. The third race was contested yesterday afternoon, but the two principal boats—Spite and Larita—finishing third and first respectively, tied the percentages of the two for first place and necessitated the special race which will be sailed this afternoon.

ECZEMA, NO CURE NO PAY

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50 cents.

It's the quality of a Flour that tells when it comes to breadmaking. If

Zenota Flour

Is used you will always have sweet, light, nutritious bread and rolls.

TRY IT.

Made by Duluth-Superior Milling Co.

ALL GROCERS.

THE CHILD DIES

Foundling Left at St. Mary's Hospital Five Months Ago Dead.

Mother Left Him There and Never Returned—Is Not Known.

A baby boy, deserted five months ago by a well dressed woman, died today at St. Mary's hospital.

The St. Benedictine Sisters have taken the very best of care of the little foundling, and became much attached to him, but were unable to save his life.

Just about five months ago a woman, apparently comfortably fixed in the world, appeared at the hospital about 2 o'clock in the morning, saying her husband had driven her and her little baby out of the house and they desired to stay at St. Mary's for the night only.

The sisters took them in and made both woman and baby as comfortable as possible. In the morning the woman said she would go home and see to the welfare of another child and then return for the baby.

She left the hospital and did not return. Ever since the sisters have had the little stranger in their care. He was not a strong baby, and it is probable that he would not have lived as long as he did but for the expert care and nursing he received.

At the hospital he was named Francis. After his death the baby was removed to Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms, and from there it may have to be buried by the county, unless the unknown parents turn up or make some provision for the little stranger's interment.

The woman that left the baby did not have the general appearance of one suffering from a brutal husband, and many theories have arisen as to the motive in leaving the child at the hospital. One theory is that she was acting for another, and they concluded that the baby would have the best care and training if left with the St. Benedictine Sisters. Others believe the story of abuse at home, and are of the opinion that after spending a comfortable night in the hospital with her child, she concluded that the sisters would provide a better home for the baby boy than she possibly could at that time, and simply left him there.

MODERN WOODMEN!

of Imperial Camp, No. 2206,

TOMORROW EVE., SEPT 2nd,

at COLUMBIA HALL. Come without fail. It will pay you.

JURORS FOR COMING TERM

Those Summoned to Serve on Grand and Petit Bodies.

The following grand and petit jurors have been summoned to attend the September term of district court, which convenes tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock:

Grand jury—Reiner Hoch, Duluth; W. H. McQuade, Tower; Alfred J. Gibson; W. E. Close, Henry Eischen, Charles G. Elliott, Samuel Maghan, Henry E. Barchaldi, Ernest Lachlund, Duluth; Andrew N. Peterson, Eveleth; Irving A. Spear, August Fitger, Duluth; Julius Shaulding, Virginia; G. J. Ryan, Robert L. Cochrane, Hiram G. Inman, John W. Rowley, Robert Edwards, James L. Lynn, Duluth; Peter H. Nelson, Hibbing; Donald G. Gearhart, Duluth; George D. Cobb, Hibbing; Joseph Allord, Duluth.

Petit jury—Elmer Matthiason, Virginia; Harry J. Koors, Andrew E. Anderson, Duluth; T. G. Jewett, Hibbing; A. A. French, Hibbing; Henry Van Buskirk, Duluth; Richard R. Bailey, Virginia; Ed. Lahman, Hibbing; Arthur E. Brown, Duluth; J. A. McIntyre, Hibbing; William Hogan, Sparta; J. H. McGillivary, Duluth; James Mathewson, Eveleth; Wilho Tikander, Biwabik; Elbert H. Deerser, Duluth; J. Davis, Duluth; Alfred Riff, Eveleth; William J. Ashbeck, Duluth; Henry S. Burham, Proctorknott; Michael E. Fanning, Virginia; LeCourcey W. Niles, Duluth; Gustav Lang, Hermantown; James Wood, Edward Bradley, Duluth; Nels Anderson, Eveleth; George S. Barnes Jo; Edgar W. Prophet; Peter Isaacson, Alan A. Brackinreed, Walter A. Scott, Noble A. Beatty, Bert N. Wheeler, Napoleon Grignon, Duluth; Nels Paul; Floodwood; Harry E. Johnson, Coleman F. Naughton, Andrew Bloomquist, Isaac Deatheridge, John W. Becker, Edward Armstrong, Duluth.

The grand jurors are summoned to appear at 11 o'clock tomorrow morning and the petit jurors have been summoned to appear at 9:30 o'clock in the morning of Sept. 8.

"THE THREE HOLE MAN."

Name Applied to Professor Langley By Caddies.

Washington, Sept. 1.—"The three hole man" is what Prof. S. P. Langley is called by the caddies at the Washington Golf club, because, though they again and again prime themselves for a trip around the links, and offer bets on the endurance of the portly secretary of the Smithsonian institution, three holes seems to be his established limit. To be sure, the caddy has nothing against the secretary, as he gets paid for the trip around the links while he has but three holes to make, giving him an opportunity to work for some one else and double his fee. But these small darkies that infest all golf grounds about Washington take pride in encouraging good playing, and have antipathy for a man who tries but cannot play. While lolling about the clubhouse today and waiting for some transgressor to appear for the round of the links these pickaninny caddies fell to discussing Secretary Langley's flying machine. A visitor who professed to know said the aerodrome was expected to only fly 20 yards before striking the water, when one black fellow rolled over and said: "Den yo bet he gwiner hit de water blim fo she goes fifty feet, kase dat am jis de way Mr. Secretary plays golf."

"He sho would feel funny," ventured another, "hef dat flyin' machine got de right flop and jes went calahootin' down ribbah wid he clingin' ter her back."

When later they heard of the accident to Professor Langley's houseboat discussed, they all decided that "Hit's jess lak Mr. Sectary's playin' golf, he's boun to gib out fere he gits started."

COMMODORE NICHOLSON Of Our Navy

Recommends Pe-ru-na---Other Prominent Men Testify.

Commodore Somerville Nicholson of the United States Navy, in a letter from 1837 R Street, N. W., Washington, D. C., says:

"Your Peruna has been and is now used by so many of my friends and acquaintances as a sure cure for catarrh that I am convinced of its curative qualities and I unhesitatingly recommend it to all persons suffering from that complaint."—S. Nicholson.

United States Minister to Guatemala Endorses Pe-ru-na.

Dr. W. Godfrey Hunter, U. S. Minister to Guatemala, ex-member of Congress from Kentucky, in a letter from Washington, D. C., writes:

"I am fully satisfied that your Peruna is an efficacious remedy for catarrh, as I and many of my friends have been benefited by its use."—W. G. Hunter, M. D.

Member of Congress From Virginia Writes.

Hon. G. R. Brown, Martinville, Va., ex-member of Congress Fifth District, 50th Congress, writes:

"I cheerfully give my endorsement to your Peruna as a cure for catarrh. Its beneficial results have been so fully demonstrated that its use is essential to all persons suffering from that disease."—Hon. G. R. Brown.

The day was when men of prominence hesitated to give their testimonials to proprietary medicines for publication. This remains true today of most proprietary medicines. But Peruna has become so justly famous, its merits are known to so many people of high and low stations, that no one hesitates to see his name in print recommending Peruna.

The highest men in our nation have given Peruna a strong endorsement. Men representing all classes and stations are equally represented



If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

JILTED GIRL TRIES TO DIE

Girl Shoots Herself Because Her Fiance Is Indifferent.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Believing that with lost love had gone all the worth of a life, a young woman shot herself standing at the door of the house in which lived the man she put above life itself. A moment before she had handed to his sister a letter in which she made a last request of her former fiance—that he be a pallbearer at her funeral.

The young woman, Miss Clara Rosenquist, 75 East Seventieth street, just missed her heart when she fired and physicians who attended her said the wound would prove fatal.

For two years, it is said, Miss Rosenquist, who is 23 years old and of more than usual beauty, was engaged to marry Leroy Minchinton, 2505 One Hundred and Sixteenth street, Kensington. Recently, the girl's relatives say, he became indifferent to her and she wrote him a letter asking him whether he still loved her.

His reply, which reached her two days ago, is said to have been that he did not care to be bothered with her.

With tear dimmed eyes the girl wrote another letter—probably her last—and with it in her hand she went to Minchinton's home.

One of the women in the house answered the bell.

"I came to see Leroy," Miss Rosenquist announced.

When told that he was not at home the girl handed the woman the letter and asked her to give it to Minchinton on his return.

"Thank you," she said, then she pressed to her left breast a revolver and fired, falling across the doorway.

The police were called and the injured girl was taken to her home, while the letter which she wrote to her former lover was turned over to the police. It is addressed.

"To Him Only One I Have Loved."

"It is hard to die," it says, "but I would a thousand times rather die than live without you and know that you no longer care for me.

"I want you to go down and tell my sister what I have done. You can tell her better than any one else, and she is the only one who will care. And I want you to be one of my pall bearers.

"Some day you will meet some one that you really love, and I hope you will be loved then as I love you now. Yours to the last. CLARA."

BROKE HER SHAFT.

New York, Sept. 1.—The North German Lloyd steamer Kron Prinz Wilhelm which arrived today from Bremen, reported that on Aug. 30 in latitude 45.43, longitude 50.10, she signalled the company's steamer Barabarossa, from Bremen to New York, which reported that she had broken her starboard tail shaft and was proceeding with her port engine, but requested no assistance.

HAS NEW AIRSHIP.

Connecticut Man Will Try For Big Prize.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 1.—One of the contestants for the $100,000 cash prize offered by the managers of the St. Louis fair for the best demonstration of a dirigible balloon, airship or flying machine will be Gustave Whitehead, of this city, who has attracted attention because of his work on several flying machines.

Already he says he has made an engine which combines the minimum weight with the maximum power of any engine ever constructed. This he intends to use for the motive power of the machine which he will exhibit next year at the exposition. Langley's aeroplane, he says, is likely to be a success, as Langley has the right idea.

Mr. Whitehead's engine weighs only fifty-five pounds. It will develop twelve horse power at 2500 revolutions. Both cylinder heads are lighted with a small blow torch. A quick revolution of the shafting, given with the hands, raises an air pressure in the cylinder heads of about 180 pounds to the square inch, and into that pressure is forced automatically a spray of kerosene. The gas thus formed is ignited by the heat that has been applied from the outside, and the engine starts. The engine will run automatically, the only requisite being fuel and keeping the oil cups filled.

THE STEEL CORPORATION

Holders of Stocks Anxious About Bond Deal.

New York, Sept. 1.—Holders of all classes of the United States Steel corporation securities are beginning to take the liveliest interest in the operations of the syndicate. There never has been any official statement as to the exact nature of its action in the conversion of the $200,000,000 of preferred stock into bonds, and it is natural to expect some sort of a report to the stockholders shortly after Oct. 1. It is possible the syndicate will ask the directors for an extension of time in which to complete its operations.

A report to the effect that it had already applied for an extension is denied by banking interests identified with the company, which intimate that a report in one form or another may be expected some time in October. Opinion in the street differs as to the extent to which the syndicate has succeeded in converting the allotted portion of the preferred stock into bonds.

Minnesota State Fair.

The Great Northern Railway announces a special rate of one fare plus fifty cents for the round trip to St. Paul. Tickets on sale August 29 to Sept. 5th, inclusive. Final return limit Sept. 7th. Three trains a day from Duluth, offering service morning, noon and night. $4.80 round trip. Ticket office, 432 W. Superior, corner Spalding Hotel.

DIAMONDS!

The Best, the Choicest Gift of All—a Diamond.

Nowhere in the West is it possible for you to invest your money in Diamonds to so good an advantage as in this establishment. A Diamond expert will assist you in making your selection—you will be surprised at the remarkably low prices.

Diamond Rings	$25 to $1000
Diamond Brooches	$25 to $2000
Diamond Studs	$25 to $500
Diamond Necklaces	$200 to $5000
Diamond LaVallieres	$50 to $800
Diamond Ear Rings	$50 to $1000
Diamond Pendants	$50 to $1000
Diamond Lockets	$10 to $150
Diamond Cuff Links	$5 to $75
Diamond Scarf Pins	$5 to $150

F. D. DAY & CO.

Duluth's Fashionable Jewelers.

Write for Catalogue—Mailed Free.

GREATEST YEAR

Isle Royale's Patronage Has Been Largest In Its History.

All of Three Principal Resorts Have Had Good Crowds.

This has been Isle Royale's greatest year as a summer resort.

Travel to that delightful isle of the unsalted seas has been a matter of comparatively slow growth. There is no question that it is one of the greatest trips in the world, but it has been advertised very little, and knowledge of it has penetrated the outside world but slowly. Those who have gone once have gone again, and have induced others to go. That is about the only way it has been advertised, and while that method insures growth, it is a slow growth.

The three principal resorts on the big island this year have all had more patrons than they ever had before in any one season. Tobin's Harbor, Washington Harbor and Rock Harbor are the principal places where tourists can go and get accommodations, and all three places have been comfortably filled all during the summer season.

Accommodations in these three resorts are good, but, of course, they are not yet equal to the immense crowds that will come when the world generally gets a full knowledge of the delights of the island. The travel that way has been great enough this year to comfortably test the capacity of these accommodations. They could have stood a few more, but not very comfortably.

Everybody interested in the island sees a great future before it as a summer resort. Its scenic possibilities are unlimited, and from a standpoint of picturesqueness there is probably nothing on the American continent of its sort that can equal it. As a health resort it ranks equally high, as the air of Lake Superior is highly charged with ozone and life-giving principles. Hay fever in most cases vanishes before the breezes of Lake Superior, and ill bodies rally under the stimulus of the bracing air.

As a sporting resort the island is also immense. There is good fishing and good hunting, boating and bathing and other amusements that fill out a charming vacation period.

It has been simply a matter of getting the outside world acquainted with these delights in order to bring people there. Those who have become acquainted with them have gone there, and generally they have brought others with them. Each season has been an improvement on preceding ones, and this year's travel has eclipsed them all.

CASH FOR A LIFE.

Widow Seeks $5,000 For Her Husband's Death.

Ellen Tobin, administratrix of the estate of Thomas Tobin, deceased, has sued the Duluth & Northern Minnesota Railway company to recover $5000 for the death of her husband, who was a brakeman on the company's road, and who was crushed between logging cars Feb. 26, 1903, receiving injuries that caused his death the next day. Mrs. Tobin claims that he was engaged in coupling logging cars when he was caught between logs that protruded beyond the end of the cars. She alleges that the company was negligent in that it did not take proper precautions to have the logs properly placed on the cars. Corrigan & Rhinehart, of Minneapolis, represent the plaintiff.

SCHALLER-MERRITT.

Oneota Young People Are to Be Married.

The marriage of Miss Edith Catherine Schaller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Schaller, of 121 Thirty-second avenue west, to Harry Merritt, son of Mr. and Mrs. Leonidas Merritt, of Oneota, will be solemnized at high noon tomorrow, at the residence of the bride's parents, Dr. I. B. Gorby, pastor of the Second Presbyterian church, officiating. The wedding will be a quiet one and Mr. and Mrs. Merritt will leave on the Twilight limited for the Twin Cities, afterward going to their new home in Nebraska, where the groom is manager of a large ranch comprising 2500 acres. Both of the young people are well known in this city, where they have a host of friends. The bride, until recently, has been teaching in the public schools at Barron, Wis.

Miss McPherson has returned from her outing at Isle Royale and will be pleased to see her old customers, also new ones.

Going to the Woods.

Arthur E. Ely, of Chicago, will arrive in Duluth at 7 o'clock this evening. He will meet here Mrs. Ely and their son, Jay Morse Ely, who are registered at the St. Louis hotel, and with them will spend several weeks in the woods. Mr. Ely has engaged Indian guides who will have the party in tow for a month.

NO PAIN

and perfect satisfaction when we do your work.



Gold or porcelain crowns or bridge-work $5.00
Full set of Teeth ..... $5 to $8
Gold Fillings ..... $1.50 up
Silver Fillings ..... 50c up
Painless Extraction 50c

All work positively guaranteed.

Dr. FERGUSSON, Dentist
Columbus Bldg., 1st Ave. W., Superior St.

LABOR DAY PARADE

Line of March For Parade on Labor's Particular Holiday.

Thirty-Five Hundred Working Men Will Be In Line.

Thirty-five hundred working men will be in line next Monday morning when Duluth's Labor day procession gets under way.

Advices from fifty unions indicate that it will be about the longest and most interesting parade ever seen in this city.

The Labor day committee makes the following announcement:

LINE OF MARCH.

First Division—Forms on Fifth avenue west, north of First street.

Second division—Forms on Fourth avenue west north of First street.

Third division—Forms on Third avenue west north of First street.

Floats form on Second avenue west north of First street.

The parade will move east on First street to Third avenue east, south to Superior street, west to Eighth avenue, counter march to Third avenue east.

Chief Marshal, Henry Perrault.
Assistant Chief Marshal, C. M. Brandt.
Platoon of Police.
FIRST DIVISION.
First Deputy Marshal, Emil Nelson.
Delegates to the Federated Trades Assembly.
Delegates to the Building Trades Council.
Freight Handlers.
Machinists.
Electrical Workers.
West Duluth Barbers.
Cooks and Waiters.
Retail Clerks.
Steam Engineers.
Team Drivers.
Typographical Union.
SECOND DIVISION.
Lanners' Band.
Second Deputy Marshal Tim Timlin.
Licensed Tugmen.
Theatrical Stage Employes.
Barbers.
Painters.
Plumbers.
Lake Seamen.
Bakers and Confectioners.
Stone Cutters.
Cigarmakers.
Sheet Metal Workers.
Butchers.
Stationary Firemen.
Steamfitters.
Brewery Workers.
Plasterers.
Builders' Laborers.
THIRD DIVISION.
Paul's Band.
Third Deputy Marshal Henry Dworschak.
Leather Workers.
Lathers.
Iron Molders.
Hartenders.
Printing Pressmen.
Lumber Pilers.
Bridge and Structural Iron Workers.
Tailors.
Longshoremen.
Boilermakers.
UN-AFFILIATED UNIONS.
Order was decided by ballot:
Horseshoers' Union.
Carpenters' Union.
Grain Trimmers' Union.
Tug Firemen's Union.
Bricklayers' Union.
Bookbinders' Union.
Duluth Fire Department.
Floats.
Carriages.

The picnic will be held in Union Grove, which is situated on the lake shore at Thirty-sixth avenue east.

At this ground there will be a program of athletic events and other amusements that promise to make the day memorable.

INDIANS FIND

Body of a Murdered Man on Reservation.

St. Paul, Sept. 1.—A special from McLeod, N. W. T., to the Dispatch says: The police at the fort here were notified late Saturday night of the murder of a white man on Belly Buttes, Indian reserve. Two squaws, Kills Herself and Bett Walsh, while picking berries Saturday, discovered the leg of a man. Search in the sand and gravel in the banks of the wasnout by a police scout resulted in the finding of the made body of a man with both legs cut off. The body was that of a well-nourished man of about 55 years old.

EAGLES IN SESSION.

New York, Sept. 1.—The fifth annual convention of the Fraternal order of Eagles began today at Tammany hall, and will continue during this week. It is expected that 10,00 of the 150,000 members in the United States and Canada will be here before the day is over. Special trains from British Columbia, Boston, Baltimore and St. Louis brought delegations from the Pacific, New England, the South and Southwest.

BAER SPEAKS AT Y. W. C. A.

Williams Bay, Wis., Sept. 1.—John Willis Baer, of the Home Board of Missions of the Presbyterian church spoke at the midday service of the Young Women's Christian association today, on unanswered prayers. The city conference then took up the department of religious work. A conference of city board members was led by Mrs. F. S. Wattles, of Sioux City, Iowa and a conference of state and general secretaries followed.

WOMAN ASPHYXIATED.

Milwaukee, Sept. 1.—Anna Radke died from asphyxiation in a bedroom in the home of William Graf, 595 Second street, today. The barking of a dog, which was in the room with Miss Radke aroused the rest of the household and saved the lives of four others who were in close proximity of the leaky gas jet.

HANNA IS BETTER.

Cleveland, Sept. 1.—The condition of Senator Hanna today is reported as considerably improved. He expects to be able to resume his usual duties in two or three days.

PHOTO-PHONOGRAPH.

Berlin, Sept. 1.—Oskar Messter, who has invented an apparatus combining the phonograph and photograph machines, so as to produce a speaking phonograph, gave a private view of his invention today with satisfactory results.

PARKS RELEASED ON BAIL.

Ossining, N. Y., Sept. 1.—Samuel J. Parks, the New York walking delegate, convicted of extortion, was released from Sing Sing prison today on a certificate of reasonable doubt. He was taken to New York by a deputy sheriff.

THE ACTUARIES.

New York, Sept. 1.—At the second day's session of the fourth International Congress of Actuaries, David Carment, assistant actuary of the Australian Mutual Provident society, of Sydney, addressed the congress briefly. The first paper discussed was that by George King, one of the vice presidents of the institute of actuaries, on "Brief Notes on the British Office's Mortality Experiences, 1863-1866." Ralph P. Hardy, of London, a delegate, closed the discussion on Mr. King's paper.

At 4 p. m. daily, "The Twilight Limited." No other train like it. St. Paul, Minneapolis and the State Fair.

IT STANDS WELL

St. Louis County Stands High on State Tax Lists.

Leads All Counties In Area of Land Under Taxation.

The annual table of extracts from the tax lists of the state, published in the new legislative manual, affords some interesting comparisons between this county and others of the state.

In the number of acres of land, exclusive of town lots, under assessment and taxation, this county leads with 2,607,107 acres. The next county is Otter Tail, with 1,237,782 acres.

The value of this land, exclusive of town lots, shows St. Louis county in the lead with $43,439,407, Hennepin county is next with $12,412,305.

In average values per acre only the two principal counties of the state, with their lands all lying adjacent to the two largest cities, exceed St. Louis county. Hennepin county's average, $41.05 per acre, leads, with Ramsey's $32.75 second and St. Louis' $21.64 third. No other county of the state exceeds $16.

In the other items the three principal counties line up in proportion to the wealth of their cities, in personal property valuation Hennepin county leads with $24,891,571, Ramsey follows with $16,523,425, and St. Louis county is third with $6,892,875.

In total valuation of all property for purposes of taxation the difference is not so great. Hennepin leads with $132,545,519, Ramsey county is second with $93,535,970, and St. Louis is third with $71,865,953.

In total taxes levied Hennepin is $3,841,634.77, Ramsey is $2,900,945.09, and St. Louis is $1,714,797.10.

The difference is still less marked in the matter of state taxes. Hennepin county contributed $335,340.24, Ramsey $236,646.05, and St. Louis $181,820.86.

At the State Fair

Parties from Duluth will find Harry P. Thomas at the Court Chamber Cafe, opposite city and county court house, Fourth street and Fourth avenue south, Minneapolis, the finest furnished place of its kind in the Twin Cities. Buffet and German cellar in connection. Open until 1 a. m. Blue arc light in front. Harry P. Thomas, Proprietor. Formerly of Nichols & Thomas.

A DIVORCE DISPUTE

Wife Denies Desertion, Saying Husband Fired Her Out.

Philip Bosquet has begun an action in district court for a divorce from Bertha Bosquet, on the ground of desertion. They were married in Hudson, Minn., Aug. 26, 1894, and have one child, a daughter, 7 years old.

The defendant, through her attorney, N. B. Arnold, has filed an answer to the complaint, in which she denies the charge of desertion, and says that in June, 1899, her husband asked her to visit relatives in Madison, Wis., furnishing her a ticket and money to defray expenses, and that after a four-weeks' visit she was ready to return to her home, but he refused and neglected to send her money to defray the expenses. She claims that she went to the poor commissioner of Dane county, Wis., and procured a pauper's ticket with which to reach Hudson, and that she has notified her husband of her intention to return, and he left town, refusing to return and live with her, or to contribute anything toward the support of herself and child.

Mrs. Bosquet claims her daughter has been sick much of the time since the alleged desertion, and that she has had to pay for the medical attendance and nursing as well as provide the necessaries of life. She alleges that the plaintiff is an ablebodied man, a tailor by trade, and capable of earning $80 per month; that he receives an annuity from some place in Canada of $360 in two equal payments. She asks that the plaintiff do not take judgment and that she be given a sufficint allowance while the action is pending. The plaintiff is represented by Otto A. Poirier.

Going to the Fayal Mine.

The party of German government engineers who arrived here yesterday with L. Glassnapp, of New York, left this morning for Eveleth, where they will visit the Fayal mine. The party, which includes Geheimer Barut Ostreich, Baurat Dacner, Barut Prissmann and Baumeister Muller, of Essen, was met by Wilhelm Marcco, Albrecht Marcco and Carl Dresseh yesterday and the members were shown the shipping facilities of Duluth and Superior harbors. The visitors expressed themselves as favorably impressed with the modern equipments used at the local docks.

ALL LABOR UNIONS

Should place orders early for

BADGES and BANNERS

for

LABOR DAY.

You don't have to send out of town for them—we can furnish any design or size wanted.

Consolidated Stamp & Printing Company,
323 West First Street.
Ground Floor.
Zenith 'Phone 755. Duluth 'Phon e752-1

To Be Sure.....

Of Good Flour Everytime, Use

"COMMANDER"

Flour. Every package guaranteed. All the Grocers.

REPUBLICAN LOVE FEAST

Representatives of Three Illinois Districts Meet at Rockford.

Rockford, Ill., Sept. 1.—Several hundred Republicans attended the feast of the Eleventh, Twelfth and Thirteenth congressional districts, held here this afternoon. The morning trains brought large delegations from the surrounding counties. Every county in the three districts was represented. Col. Frank O. Lowden was the only prospective candidate for governor on the ground, but Deneen, Yates, Sherman, Hamlin and Warner were represented by friends. R. A. Lemon, of Clinton, Congressman Warner's law partner, looked after Warner's interests. Governor Yates was represented by a number of his friends, and E. D. Reynolds took care of Mr. Hamlin's interests. The Lowden and Yates forces were the most active among the assembled politicians.

Congressman C. E. Fuller arrived this morning from Europe and came at once to the meeting here. The love feast was held in the opera house, beginning at 1:30 o'clock. The program included an address of welcome by Mayor Jackson and speeches by prominent men from the different counties. Resolutions pledging the northern counties to stand together were adopted. A permanent organization was formed and an executive committee appointed.

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DEMOCRATIC HABITS

Of Several Members of the President's Cabinet.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Not to be outdone by the democratic habits of Secretary Cartelyou, who takes his 10-cent luncheon at a dairy lunch room, Secretary Shaw and Secretary Wilson live in a boarding house during the absence of their families from the city for the summer. To be sure, the boardinghouse is one of the best to be found in the vicinity of Thomas circle, but it always has been the custom of cabinet officers to either live at some fashionable hotel, their own homes or at one of the clubs.

Secretary Shaw and his son, however, began to take their meals at the boarding house as soon as Mrs. Shaw left Washington for her summer abroad, while Secretary Wilson pursued the same course after the departure of his daughter for the summer. They sit at the table with the other boarders. Both Secretary Shaw and Secretary Wilson enter into general conversation and take an interest in all topics and views of their table neighbors. They preserve the dignity of their high official positions without in the slightest measure holding themselves aloof from the regular boarders who live in the house.

Secretary Wilson is simple and economical in his habits and has always entertained a great dislike for hotels and restaurants, so before leaving town Miss Wilson investigated the matter and located her father and brother in a house near their Vermont avenue residence, and Secretary Shaw, who entertains a similar dislike for hotels and restaurants, took the advice of Secretary Wilson and joined him there.

THE LETTER CARRIERS.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 1.—The early session of the National Association of Letter Carriers' convention today was devoted to a spirited contest over the seating of the delegations from branches No. 36 of New York and No. 11 of Chicago. The convention will vote later. Minneapolis is out of the race for the next convention. It looks now as if Portland, Ore., will be the winner.

SILVER LAKE BANK ROBBED.

Glencoe, Minn., Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The State bank of Silver Lake was robbed last night of $2500 in cash and all notes and securities. The safe was completely destroyed. There is no clue.

CRUISER'S OFFICIAL TEST.

Portland, Me., Sept. 1.—The cruiser Cleveland, with the builders and government officials, left here today to make her official speed test over the Cape Ann course off the New England coast.

BLAST FURNACE WORKERS.

Youngstown, Ohio, Sept. 1.—The National Association of Blast Furnace Workers opened its annual convention today. Among the questions to be presented will be the adoption of an 8-hour work day in place of a 10-hour one.

KNIGHTS OF MALTA.

Mt. Vernon, N. Y., Sept. 1.—The twenty-eighth convocation of the chapter general of the Knights of St. John and Malta convened in this city today. Eight hundred delegates were present from all parts of the United States and Canada. The convention will remain in session until Friday.

WILL DISAGREE AND RETIRE.

London, Sept. 1.—The Westminster Gazette says it hears the duke of Devonshire, Liberal-Unionist, lord president of the council, will announce at the forthcoming cabinet meeting his disagreement with the fiscal proposals of Mr. Chamberlain and will then retire from the cabinet.

RACINE WILL NOT ENTER.

Racine, Wis., Sept. 1.—Racine will not enter a team in the Western Roller Polo league this year. This action was taken by the Herlick Athletic association, of this city today. However, they will retain their franchise and may enter next year.

"The Twilight Limited," with its exceptionally fine equipment and service is acknowledged by all the finest train in every appointment between Duluth and the Twin Cities of Minnesota. Leaves daily at 4 p. m. over the Northwestern line.

Home Visitors' Excursions.

"The North-Western Line" will sell "Home Visitors" excursion tickets, Sept. 1st, 8th and 15th and October 6th, to points in Indiana and Ohio, at one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets good for return passage 30 days from date of sale. For further information, call at 405 West Superior Street.

HONOR FOR NEGRO

Color Is No Bar to Favor at Cambridge, Mass.

Black Men Elected to the Legislature and Council.

Cambridge, Mass., Sept. 1.—Notwithstanding the fact that Cambridge is outranked by no city in the land in the culture and refinement of its inhabitants, certain it is that no American community has so honored the negro as have the people of the University city. Not only have they esteemed the black man as their equal, for a half century, but they are doing it today.

Twice has Cambridge been represented in the state legislature by negroes. In each instance the successful candidate resided in a section of the city where the vote of his race was relatively small.

Seven members of the common council have been of African descent.

A negro is now at the head of the city department of bacteriology.

Another is a member of the board of trustees that directs the conduct of the public library.

A black man has been a member of the board of aldermen.

Another has been chief of the fire department. He was the only man of his race then a member of the city's fire fighting force.

There is one negro policeman now in the service. He has been in the department for nineteen years.

A black man has been commander of a white Grand Army post.

A negress is principal of a grammar school in a fashionable section. Under her are six white teachers and several hundred white pupils.

Best known of all Cambridge negroes is William H. Lewis, recently appointed by President Roosevelt to be assistant United States district attorney for this section. Lewis first became especially prominent as a player on the Harvard football eleven. His work as center rush on the team in the early '90s has never been equalled by a Harvard man since.

Lewis was graduated from the university law school in 1895. Soon after he was admitted to the bar. Not long after that he married Miss Elizabeth Baker, of the class of 1898, Wellesley.

In the year 1899, 1900 and 1901 Lewis represented Ward five, Cambridge, in the city council. Then he went higher, his legislative district, the Fifth Middlesex, sending him as its representative to a seat in the lower house on Beacon hill. Lewis is a Republican, and the next year his city, normally sturdily Republican, went strongly Democratic, and Lewis, like about every one else in his party who was running for elective office, was defeated.

As an orator Lewis has few if any superiors in Massachusetts. He was born in Berkeley, Va., in 1868. He was the son of a Baptist clergyman. He has been president of the Amherst Alumni club and is a member of the Cambridge and Middlesex clubs.

Cambridge has few more proficient attorneys than Clement G. Morgan. For five years did he represent his ward in the Cambridge city council, for two in the lower body and the next three in the board of aldermen. He, too, is a Harvard man, from which university he was graduated with distinction in the class of 1890.

One of the honors that came to him upon the occasion of graduation was his election as class orator—a compliment never before accorded to one of his race at Cambridge.

When Morgan had completed his five years of service as a city father he aspired to a seat in the legislature. In this, however, he was not successful, political combinations in his district defeating his ambition. He is a native of the national capital.

A third negro whom everybody in Cambridge has heard of, and most of whom know, is Dr. William C. Lane. For many years Dr. Lane has been conspicuous as a leader among the voters of his race in the party that makes nonpartisanship in city politics its basis. In state and national politics he is a Republican.

Notwithstanding the fact that he opposed Mayor McNamee in his campaign last fall, the latter appointed him to the position that he now holds, that of chief bacteriologist in the board of health.

Dr. Lane is a capable physician, and his practice among the people of his color is a large and lucrative one. He was born in Elizabeth City, N. C., in 1854, and came to Boston in 1872, settling in Cambridge soon after. In 1883 and 1884 he was elected to the common council by the Republican party. He is a member of a half dozen secret societies and social organizations.

The Rev. J. Henry Duckery is at present a member of the board of trustees of the Cambridge public library. He was appointed to that position after having been defeated by the nonpartisans as a candidate, on the Democratic ticket, for the school board.

Mr. Duckrey had always been a Republican. Believing, however, that his race should be represented on the school board, he went to work and secured the Democratic nomination for that place. His new party and the mayor as well supported him almost unanimously, but the large number of women voters allied with the nonpartisan forces, which are often the dominant ones in Cambridge, defeated him. Mayor McNamee lost no time in placing the colored clergyman in a position which, if not the one most desired, still gave him a hand in shaping the education of the city's children, and as a library trustee the Rev. Mr. Duckrey is thoroughly esteemed by his colleagues.

Mr. Duckrey is just 40 years of age. He was born in Summit Bridge, Del., and received his earliest education in the Philadelphia schools. Later he was graduated at Lincoln university.

He left a prosperous pastorate in Delaware ten years ago to come to Cambridge. His success here has been remarkable. When he became the pastor of Mount Olive church the society was composed of twenty-five persons. Now the worshipers are many times that number; the church has purchased 10,000 feet of land, and has erected an edifice that cost $10,000. The Rev. Mr. Duckrey is personally well to do.

Cambridge sent the first black man to Beacon hill who ever sat as a member of the Massachusetts legislature. He was Joshua Bower Smith. He served for two years in that body, and served with distinction. He had earlier won the regard of Charles Sumner and other abolition leaders.

Smith was born in Pennsylvania. He married a white woman of education and refinement, and most of his associates were white. This did not in the least deter him from working constantly, in all ways, for the betterment of his race. He was made a Free Mason by St. Andrew's lodge, and was the first man of his color to sit as a member of the grand lodge of Massachusetts.

For his second term in the house Smith was nominated by acclimation; his Caucasian colleague went through the form of a ballot—evidence of the consideration which is accorded the negro in Cambridge.

Miss Maria L. Baldwin, of Afro-American origin, has been at the head of the Agassiz school since 1889. There is hardly a negro pupil among her hundreds of pupils, the majority of whom come from the best families in the city.

Patrick Henry Raymond was one of the best fire chiefs that ever directed the Cambridge department. He was a negro. The National association of Fire Chiefs elected him as its secretary.

MORE ARBITRATORS.

The Hague, Sept. 1.—Professor Lammasch, of Austria, has been appointed one of the arbitrators of the claims of the allied powers in the settlement with Venezuela. Dr. Zorn represents Germany before the arbitration court.

Minnesota State Fair.

For the Minnesota State Fair, to be be held at Hamline, Minn., Aug. 31 to Sept. 5th, 1903, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets, Aug. 29th to Sept. 5th, to St. Paul or Minneapolis at one fare for the round trip, plus 50 cents, which includes admission to Fair grounds. Tickets good for return until Sept. 7th, 1903.

City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

THREE MEN DROWNED IN A SEWER

Milwaukee, Sept. 1.—Three men were drowned in the North avenue sewer, near the Chicago & Northwestern tracks today. The names are:

R. J. HICKEY, sewer contractor.
SUPERINTENDENT SCHUTCK of the city water department.
Colored man, name unknown.

Contractor Hickey and his men were at work lowering the sewer in North avenue, under the newly depressed tracks, and were caught by a sudden and unexpected flood of water and drowned before they could get out. Several others had narrow escapes.

INTERESTING LIST OF BARGAINS

Thrifty Shoppers Will Be Repaid By Reading the Announcements In Today's Herald.

Panton & White Co. offer 1000 pieces of china at prices from one-third to one half less than regular.

French & Bassett quote very close prices on rockers and ranges.

Some very interesting store news is to be found in the Lightbody column.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. announce the arrival of many new things for autumn.

The most complete line of boys' wearing apparel ever shown in Duluth is the announcement made by Kenney & Anker.

A very interesting letter from Mr. Spicer, dated New York, is quoted in the Spicer-Fanning announcement.

F. D. Day & Co. make a magnificent display of diamonds.

King Arthur coffee, always fresh roasted, is exploited by the Carpenter, Love, Caldwell Co.

Charles L. Gray announces the opening of his new cloak and suit house at 20 West Superior street, tomorrow.

Primus Brand butter, churned every day, is the subject of the Bridgeman & Russell announcement.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS.

As A Savings Bank, we have unequaled facilities for the handling of

SAVINGS DEPOSITS

Books issued which will be found as the most convenient to those who wish to deposit for interest.

3%—Interest—3%

Compounded twice yearly, paid on all deposits of one dollar and upwards, by the

Duluth Savings Bank,
216 West Superior St. Open Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Beginning with Today, Sept. 1st, and Until Further Notice Our Store Will Close Again at the Regular Hour of 6 p. m.

New Autumn things are bobbing up throughout the store; Tailored Suits Costumes, Coats—and Furs Galore.

New Dress Trimmings. — Galoons, bands, braids and buttons and everything needed for the early autumn dress is here.

The New Autumn Neckwear — New Waists and Waistings, new Silks and new Dress Goods, some lines are but partly complete, but there's enough assortment to suit most anyone—and the styles are right up to the hour—it would not be the S. & B. Co. store if they were not.

Lots of changes have been made about the First floor—the silks have been moved directly opposite the dress goods—the laces and dress trimmings on the right aisle — left counter. The hosiery and underwear stock have been enlarged and combined. The perfumes are at the front left counter, the infants' hats and bonnets on cross aisle.

The store looks new and bright and is ready for Autumn—we welcome you.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

GERMAN ARTISTS KICK

To Emperor Against Rejection of Their Works.

Berlin, Sept. 1.—Twenty Berlin artists, led by Herr Holzbecher, have joined in a protest to Emperor William against the rejection of their works by the commission charged with hanging the pictures for the Royal academy exhibition. The artists complain that 2200 meritorious works were submitted, 650 of them by invitation, while only 450 of the total were selected. The emperor read the protest and ordered the commission to submit a reply.

ST. LOUIS NEXT.

Army of Philippines Will Meet There In 1904.

St. Paul, Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Today's session of the convention of the Army of the Philippines was devoted to hearing several lengthy reports on ritual and other routine business. St. Louis was selected as the place for holding the next convention.

NEW NATIONAL BANKS.

Washington, Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Applications to organize national banks in Minnesota were approved by the controller of the currency today as follows: The First National bank of Ulen, with a capital of $25,000, by C. J. Lofgren, of Ada; L. P. Herried, L. Lofgren, P. C. Heimark and A. L. Hanson; the First National bank of Winthrop, with $25,000 capital, by J. J. McGuire, of Lake Crystal; Jacob Klossner, Jr., C. A. Schilling, J. A. E. Johnson, William Klossner and O. Strickler.

RACE CALLED OFF.

Readville, Mass., Sept. 1.—It has been decided to call off the Neponset stake for 2:10 pacers, left over from the grand circuit meeting of last week. The purse of $3000 will be divided among the entries.

You Cannot Do Better Than Use

KING ARTHUR COFFEE

Imported, Roasted and Packed By

CARPENTER-LOVE-CALDWELL CO.,

The Only Coffee Roasters In Duluth.

TRAFFIC IS LARGER

Railroads Are Affected By the Favorable Crop Reports.

Northern Securities Roads Will Have Heavy Grain Tonnage.

New York, Sept. 1.—The private advices received here by railroad officials concerning crops in the Northwest, show such decided progress that the officials of the roads embraced by the Northern Securities company, now look for a considerably larger traffic oven than they anticipated a few weeks ago. The expectation is now generally held by them that corn will turn out a good crop and that the roads will have a very heavy tonnage of grain this year.

It is claimed that one of the most satisfactory recent developments is the alleged subsidence of opposition to the merger and the growing confidence as to the ability of the plan carried through by James J. Hill. It is asserted that some of the people who most bitterly assailed the combination no more than a few months ago, have assumed an entirely different attitude, and are now quite favorable disposed toward the Northern Securities company.

It is pointed out that evidence of the growing confidence, that notwithstanding the legal question overwhelming the form of combination which holds the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Burlington together in the Northern Securities company, and the belief that benefits conferred by the combination can be conserved, even though the form should be changed, is furnished by the fact that there has been for some time a satisfactory amount of investment buying of Northern Securities stock.

It is said that this has led to a considerable increase in the number of registered stockholders, while it is also asserted that some of the original ones have been taking on additional stock. The investment demand is said to have come from all sections of the country and from abroad. According to trustworthy information received here, this character of buying has been particularly noticeable in the last three weeks, and it is said that some of the names represent important new interests.

Pessimists have been accustomed to argue that an increase in the number of stockholders in corporations signifies conversely a reduction in the size of the large holdings and that in a way the position of the company is weakened thereby. It seems, however, that in the case of the Northern Securities company the selling practically all comes from the same source and does not reflect any change of sentiment on the part of leading interests. Everybody connected with the company here is confident, and this confidence is gradually being shared to an increasing extent by the general public.

MINNESOTA INVENTORS.

Washington, Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following patents have been issued: John A. Bystrom, of Carlton, tie plate and rail brace; Daniels Donaghy, of Duluth, position governing means for load retaining stakes; George Rupley, of Duluth, vending machine; Henry J. Wessinger, of Duluth, engine valve mechanism.

THERE'S ENOUGH TO GO 'ROUND

FITGER BEER

DULUTH, MINN.

DULUTH REFRIGERATOR LINE NO 171

CARLOAD SHIPMENTS A SPECIALTY

CARNEGIE TALKS

At Autumn Conference of the Iron and Steel Institute.

Draws a Contrast With Conditions Twenty-Nine Years Ago.

Barrow in Furness, Eng., Sept. 1.—The autumn conference of the iron and steel institute opened here today under the presidency of Andrew Carnegie.

Mr. Carnegie in opening said that the record in iron and steel of England, "the great little mother of nations," had not been equalled by any of her children, although her oldest and biggest seems to inherit his mother's indomitable spirit and the ability to work miracles. "In all matters of iron and steel, however," continued Mr. Carnegie, "the child has been borne upon the shoulders of the parent. If the Atlantic ocean had been prairie land, there would have been little left in the world but the conquering old lady and her family, all under one roof, under one flag, a self-sustaining empire under free trade with probably 200,000,000 of our English speaking race, and a home market so big as to give control of neutral markets. No question of protection or preferential tariffs then to disturb us; besides all this we should have been able to enforce peace among nations.

"Gentlemen, unfortunately an ocean exists where we would have preferred prairies, but it is traversed in about the same time as the three thousand miles of land between Montreal or New York on the Atlantic and San Francisco and Victoria on the Pacific. Who is so bold as to predict that never is our race to succeed in converting the ocean, hither to a barrier to your extension, into the pathway to reunion of the two once united branches. Not I! My faith is unshakable that one day this will be accomplished and that instead of being two small islands here alien to the European continent you will look across the sea to your own children in Canada and in the United States and become once more the mother member of the dominant power of the world."

Referring to a meeting of the institute held in Barrow twenty-nine years ago, Mr. Carnegie said:

"There was at that historical meeting a report, a remarkable production, submitted by David Forbes, foreign secretary to the institute, upon the progress of iron and steel industries in foreign countries. I naturally turned to see what he had to say about the United States. Several pages are given to the Pittsburg district, and what is there recorded carries me back to the days of youth apparently. In 1873 the Pennsylvania Steel company made 20,000 tons of steel rails. They make that amount in two weeks now. Bethlehem iron works were engaged in raising a loan of the enormous amount of £20,000 for the extension of their works, a paltry $100,000 Five millions would be comparatively less today. The great Cambria Iron works in Western Pennsylvania, near Pittsburg, were credited with having made no less than 1627½ tons of ingots in the week ending Sept. 26, the largest quantity ever made in a week—a day's work nowadays. Two new blast furnaces were being built in Ohio, the capital of the company being all Scotch, and it was proposed to call the iron Scotch-American pig. This isn't a 1903 brand—either of men or iron. It is noted that the total production of pig iron in the United States in 1872 was 2,397,000 net tons, and in 1873 just about the same; today it is approaching 29,000,000 tons per annum. The product of steel, nearly 15,000,000 tons, is greater than the rest of the world.

"The progress of Germany and Britain have also been great. Britain made 943,000 tons of steel in 1874, and last year 1,826,000 tons. Germany made 262,000 tons in 1874, last year 6,394,000. In 1874 Britain made 6,664,000 tons of pig iron, Germany 1,396,000 tons. Last year they made 8,518,000 and 8,403,000 tons respectively. In 1874 the world was producing nearly 14,000,000 tons of pig iron and 280,000,000 tons of coal. Now there is being produced 41,000,000 tons of pig iron and 780,000,000 tons of coal.

"Another item—Mr. Forbes is informed that for the last seven months natural gas has been utilized in Pittsburg in one of the mills. The largest output for a furnace then known was during the week ending September 7, 1874, 702,102 tons, 100 tons per day. When our Lucy furnace made 100 tons in one day, the world thought the limit was surely reached. Two new Carnegie furnaces have recently averaged 650 tons each per day for months at a time.

"The work of a week is now done in a day, but great as that contrast, here is one still greater. Ingots have been made and sold without loss hundreds of thousands of tons of 4-inch steel billets at three pounds for a penny. Surely, gentlemen, the limit has been reached here. I think it has, and it is doubtful if ever a lower price can be reached for steel. On the contrary, there is every indication that period after period the price of steel is to become dearer owing to the lack of raw materials. To make that three pounds of steel at least ten pounds of material were required—three pounds of coke, mined and transported forty miles to the furnace, one and a half pounds of lime, mined and transported 150 miles, and four and one-half pounds of iron stone, mined at Lake Superior, and transported 900 miles to Pittsburg, being transferred twice, once from cars into the ship, and again from the ship into the railway cars. How it was done, I cannot pretend to tell you, but I know the figures are correct. But every time I repeat them. I doubt their possibility. This was done during the day of depression, when everything was at the lowest. Costs are several dollars per ton higher today, during this period of boom in America.

"Gentlemen, such is the contrast between 1871 and 1903. What is it to be twenty-nine years hence? What changes are to come? I have tried to imagine some of its features. It is scarcely possible that this country can increase its product of iron and steel materially. Let us hope that the product will not be decreased. The vital element in the matter is, as we all know, the supply of iron ore. Many of you are conversant with the situation here. I only know what I learn from others, but undoubtedly the attention of the iron and steel manufacturers should be directed to this question—Where and how can they obtain a supply of iron ore?

"Nor is it a question which the manufacturer of America can neglect. It was because it forced itself so strongly upon us that we secured such an abundant supply of the best ore obtainable. For sixty years, I think, the United States Steel corporation is supplied at its present rate of consumption, but sixty years is as nothing compared to the life of a nation. It is upon future discoveries of iron ore that the future of cheap steel manufacturing, even in America, depends. There are immense deposits in now inaccessible parts. In Utah, for instance, and in Southern California large deposits have been found, so that steel will continue to be manufactured, but it would not surprise me if its cost was very greatly advanced in the future. It seems almost miraculous that such an article as steel could be produced and sold without loss at three pounds for a penny. I am convinced that this is a big thing of the past. It will be a question of increased cost and therefore of increased price, so that neither Britain nor America need fear that steel manufacture will be wholly lost; the world will gladly pay the increased price necessary to obtain it. During the next half century, it seems that America is to increase her output at a tremendous pace. The output of Britain will perhaps remain stationary or even increase somewhat if developments in Norway and Sweden prove satisfactory.

"Gentlemen, even if this Barrow meeting should fall to rank in importance historically with the first one, I am sure that in the warmth of welcome received, in the enjoyment of the occasion and in the meeting of one with another, the records will not fail to show that 1903 compared favorably even with its epoch-making predecessor."

SIR THOMAS AIDED HER.

Yachtsman Pays Passage of a Stranded Musician.

New York, Sept., 1.—Miss Reata Winfield has arrived in this country on the Philadelphia. Miss Winfield is a Southern girl of considerable talent as a violinist. She went to London February last expecting to play in a number of concerts, but engagements failed her and starvation was staring her in the face. Her last penny spent she was driven from the roof under which she found shelter because of lack of money to pay her rent.

"I took my little violin," said Miss Winfield, "and went out to play on the street corners, hoping to secure enough to keep life in my body. The first penny I received was given me by a colored man. You can imagine the feelings of a Southern girl under such humiliation. Finally I caught a severe cold and had an attack of typhoid fever. I was cared for at Charing Cross hospital.

"When I recovered I found work at $5 a week in a restaurant. A gentleman who heard my story called the attention of Sir Thomas Lipton to my plight. He came to my assistance, and through his kindness I am once more in my native land."

GERMANY'S EXHIBITS.

Berlin, Sept. 1.—German's exhibit at the St. Louis exposition is taking form. Some shipments have already been made. It will adequately represent Germany in all the lines where collective exhibits are made—that is, where examples of industry are grouped by the government commissioner. For instance, no manufacturers of porcelain are allowed to exhibit as individuals independent of the others, but they must submit to being grouped with others in the same class.

MARCONI HOPES

To Get Wireless System Greatly Simplified.

New York, Sept. 1.—A child will be able to operate the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy if experiment now being made prove successful. Signor Marconi himself so predicted.

"One of the principal difficulties with wireless telegraphy thus far," said Marconi to a reporter who saw him at the Holland house, "has been the fact that only the highest skillful operators could be employed at the instruments. But several details on which I am working now will so simplify the mystery, I hope, that any person of ordinary education, in fact even a child, can send or receive wireless messages. The employment of cheaper operators will, of course, lessen exnenses. This is one of the means by which wireles telegraphy can be made practical for commercial purposes."

Marconi had just then returned from Orange, N. J., where he had spent the day with Thomas A. Edison, who is the consulting engineer of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph company. They had discussed confidentially the new developments in the science of the wireless which Marconi has not yet made public.

FELL FROM WINDOW.

Old Resident of Minneapolis Loses His Life.

Minneapolis, Sept. 1.—Charles Bowen, an old resident of Minneapolis, fell from a second story window of a hotel at First avenue south and First street, early yesterday, and sustained a fracture at the base of the skull, which will prove fatal. It is believed that during the night he arose and in moving about the room fell through the window. He was found on the sidewalk by an officer, who sent him to a hospital. It was stated at the hospital that he could not recover. The injured man's companion was awakened when Bowen was found, but he claimed that he knew nothing of the affair. As the window through which the man fell was closed, the police at first thought he might have been thrown out. It is believed, however, that the window slipped down after he had fallen through, as there were no weights on it.

FURNITURE DEALERS

Are Holding Semi-Annual Meeting at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Nearly 200 members of the Northwestern Furniture Dealers' association are attending the regular semi-annual meeting of the organization in Minneapolis. A short social session was held yesterday morning, but no business was transacted, an early adjournment being taken in order to allow the delegates to attend the state fair.

There may be a business session later in the week, but at present there seems to be nothing on foot for the consideration of the convention. The delegates will remain in the city all week.

The delegates will attend a banquet at the Commercial club Wednesday night.

A BUNCH OF LETTERS FOUND

In New York Club Leads to a Divorce Suit.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Sidney C. Love has filed a suit for divorce against his wife on statutory grounds. Hugo R. Johnstone, who was recently sued for divorce by his wife, the daughter of S. W. Allerton, she charging him with being intimate with Nina Farrington, the New York actress, is named as co-respondent in the case.

Mr. and Mrs. Love separated two or three weeks ago. They left their apartments at 147 Lincoln Park boulevard, she going to the residence of Dr. and Mrs. Norval H. Pierce, who occupy apartments in the same building.

Mr. Love, it is said, learned of the things that led to the filing of his suit through a package of letters he found in a New York club, addressed to Johnstone in his wife's handwriting. A stormy interview between husband and wife followed.

Various attempts at a reconciliation were made, but Mr. Love turned a deaf ear to all the pleas of mutual friends. He was Johnstone's best friend, introducing him into social club life, and did much to put him in touch with business affairs He could not forgive her perfidy of the man he had helped.

Neither Mrs. Love nor her friends would discuss the case, but a man well acquainted with both Love and his wife stated that it was Mrs. Love's plan to file a cross bill denying all her husband's allegations and charging him with cruelty. Further than that those best acquainted with the Loves refused to talk of the matter.

Sidney C. Love, head of the stock exchange firm of Sidney C. Love & Co., has been in the brokerage business for himself in Chicago only a few years, but has built up a business that it among the largest in that line in the city. He divides his time between Chicago and New York, where he has a resident partner, Frederick Swift, and an office at 2 Wall street.

Mr. Love is an enthusiastic horseman. He is a member of many clubs, including the Chicago, the Union, the Chicago Athletic, and the Onwentsia and Chicago Golf clubs here, and the Metropolitan and Racquet clubs of New York. Recently he has disposed of nearly all his horses, it is stated, and leased his stable.

Mrs. Love has been married twice, a divorce separating her from her first husband.

JANAUSCHEK IN WANT.

Famous Actress Dying and Money Exhausted.

New York, Sept. 1.—Mme. Janauschek, famous for many years as an actress, but who for some time has suffered from paralysis, is said to be slowly dying at the home of Mrs. Aston at Saratoga, where she has been since December, 1900, under the care of Dr. James E. Kelley.

The fund of $5500 raised for her in 1901 has long since been expended and several weeks ago Mme. Janauschek was forced to sell the last of her diamonds for $850. This money, it is said, is nearly exhausted.

Mme. Janauschek's collection of costumes, books and trinkets, will be sold at auction to aid her.

FLEISCHMANN ILL.

Saratoga Plunger Is Suffering From Paralysis.

New York, Sept. 1.—William Fleischmann, of Cincinnati, the race track plunger, who left Saratoga during the recent race meeting there owing tthe bookmakers $35,000, is now in London. Since he reached London he has suffered from a stroke of paralysis.

Julius Fleischmann, mayor of Cincinnati, who is a cousin, and was the employer of William Fleischmann, was in communication with him yesterday, and several cablegrams passed between them. The stroke is said to be slight. Fleischmann was manager of the stable of race horses, but his betting operations, which brought him to grief, were entirely upon his own account.

SHAW AT ST. LOUIS.

Secretary of Treasury Looks Over Fair Site.

St. Louis, Sept. 1.—Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury, arrived in St. Louis this morning from Chicago, personally to inspect the progress made in the erection of buildings at the World's fair, preparatory to beginning the disbursement of the $5,000,000 appropriated by the federal government.

After breakfast Secretary Shaw, escorted by a committee of World's fair directors, was taken to the administration building on the fair site, where he was welcomed by President Francis. An inspection, that included every building and all parts of the grounds, then followed, the company being driven over the site in carriages. It is expected that Secretary Shaw, before leaving here, will appoint a disbursing agent to handle the $5,000,000 government fund.

McDERMOTT

SHORTHAND SCHOOL.

Fall Term Commences Sept. 2.

Students may enter at any time. Individual instruction. Positions secured for graduates

Top Floor, Palladio Bldg.

GOING TO SYRACUSE.

President Will Spend Labor Day In That City.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 1.—Arrangements practically have been completed for the president's trip to Syracuse to attend on Monday, Sept. 7—Labor day—the opening of the New York state fair. Accompanied by a small party, President Roosevelt will leave Oyster Bay on the night of the 6th, arriving at Syracuse Monday morning. At 10 o'clock he will review a great labor day parade. Shortly before noon he will be escorted to the state fair grounds, where he formally will open the fair and deliver his Labor day address. Returning to the city later in the afternoon, the president will review the parade of letter carriers. In the evening Former United States Senator Frank H. Hiscock will give a dinner in honor of the president. President Roosevelt's party will return directly to Oyster Bay, arriving here on the morning of the 8th.

COMPANIONS OF FORESTERS.

Philadelphia, Sept. 1.—The eleventh bi-ennial convention of the Companions of the Foresters of America began today. There were present about 450 delegates, representing 749 circles throughout the United States. This order is the women's branch of the Foresters of America and was organized in Detroit in June, 1883.

FEW NEW CORPORATIONS.

New York, Sept. 1.—Few new corporations with a capital of $1,000,000 or more filed papers in the Eastern states in August, which month furnished the small total capitalization of $72,950,000. With the exception of the same month in 1901, when the total was $57,400,000, this is the lowest monthly record for a series of years.

TO PURCHASE COFFEE

New York, Sept. 1.—The Journal De Commercio announces, says a Herald dispatch from Rio Janeiro, that a syndicate of American capitalists is about to purchase the whole stock of Brazilian coffee.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

Our Prices are Dwarfs Our Values are Giants Come See!



Rockers--$1.75.

Made of solid hardwood, golden finish, cobbler seat, braced arms and legs, neatly carved backs. A most comfortable and serviceable Rocker. The ordinary store would ask $4.00 for an equal value—we sell them for

$1.75

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

Buck's Steel Cook Stoves

$21.75.



Lower in price than a steel range yet preserving essential features, a novelty which heats up quickly and will do the work of a high-grade steel range.

The entire body is made of one piece of cold rolled Buck's steel, has cast top and base. Duplex grate which can be removed without disturbing the fire box linings. The oven is made of 14-gauge cold rolled steel, with cast flue strips which are riveted to oven bottom to press out its warping—size of oven 16x16.

Terms—$5.00 cash, $1.00 a week.

We Furnish Homes Complete

On the following easy terms of payment.

$5.00 a month on a $25.00 purchase.
$6.00 a month on a $35.00 purchase.
$7.00 a month on a $50.00 purchase.
$8.00 a month on a $60.00 purchase.
$9.00 a month on a $75.00 purchase.
$10.00 a month on a $100 purchase.

SAVINGS

Select a secure place for your surplus savings.

First National Bank OF DULUTH.

Savings Department

Established February 1901.

Capital $500,000
Surplus and Profits .. $600,000

Commercial Accounts, large or small, received in general banking department.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

The Last of the Puzzles

Instructions in full. Read carefully.

There have been 30 puzzles in—all—each puzzle represents some article for sale in this store. To the little girl under 14 years of age who guesses these all correctly and gives the 5 BEST REASONS WHY HER MOTHER SHOULD USE A BUCK'S STOVE OR RANGE, WE will give the little Range in our cornor window.

Number each answer as the puzzle was numbered in the paper. Write only on one side of paper and give the 5 reasons at the bottom or on last sheet. DO NOT put your name on the paper. We will get that when you bring your answers in. DO NOT bring your answers in until the morning of SEPTEMBER 5. Out of town girls kindly put name, address and age on separate slip.



No. 25



No. 28



No. 26



No. 29



No. 27



No. 30

Dysentery

This is a dangerous disease but can be cured. There is a remedy that never fails. It has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery with perfect success. It is called

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

It is equally valuable for children and when reduced with water and sweetened, is pleasant to take. 25 and 50 cts.

Another of those *unusual* acts which put the Glass Block store on a plane with the largest and best stores in the largest and best cities, was the purchase by our chinaware buyer of the entire line of factory samples of beautiful hand decorated Bavarian china tableware, which has given a world-wide fame to the potteries of **Erdmann Schlegelmilch,** at the town of *Suhl,* Bavarian Prussia. This purchase enables us to offer—

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

A feast of fine china, no two pieces or sets alike, at prices from a third to a half less than regular



Nearly 1000 pieces are included in the purchase. They are all perfect in every respect, if anything better than the pottery run, for they are the samples from which duplicates are sold. The celebrated *Schlegelmilch* pottery is famous for producing the best, showiest, shapeliest and most beautiful color work and designs. We have marked every piece at its regular price and over this have marked again (in blue) the sample sale price. *Look for the blue mark* and you'll see a bargain in every case. Sale will begin Wednesday on Bargain Counter No. 1, main floor. If you appreciate fine china bargains you'll be on hand.





You've never bought bright, new, dainty china at any such prices as govern in this sale of samples.

Fruit and bread and butter plates— Beautiful decorated samples, actually worth up to 25c each. In order to give as many as possible a chance we limit 12 of these plates to a customer at, each------ **5c** **5c**

Pin trays, bon bons, ash receivers, card trays and small bric-a-brac pieces—all beautifully decorated and all artistic pieces worth up to 75c each—big lot—will go at, each **25c** **25c**

Every peice 1/3 to 1/2 less than regular value

SALAD BOWLS—dozens of shapes and colors, every one different—**25c, 33c, 39c, 48c, 59c to $1.95**

THREE PIECE SETS—Tea pot, sugar and cream sets—dainty thin china, rich decorations—**59c, 69c, 75c, 98c, $119, $1.25, $1.39, $1.59 to $2.95**

BREAKFAST SETS—Four pieces, sugar, cream, spooner and covered butter—**$1.00, $1.25, $1.39, $1.59, $1.75, $1.95, $2.25 to $2.95**

SAUCERS—Ice cream, berry and oat meal—**10c, 15c, 19c, 25c to 48c**

SUGARS AND CREAMERS—Every conceivable shape and color, **39c, 48, 59c, 69c, 75c, 89c, 98c to $1.95**

CHOCOLATE POTS—Go at—**69c, 89c, 98c, $1.19, $1.25, $1.39 up to $2.75**

CRACKER JARS—High or long patterns—**59c, 69c, 75c, 89c, 98c, $1.19 to $1.95**

CAKE PLATES—at—**39c, 48c, 59c, 69c, 75c, 89c, 98c to $1.59**

SYRUP PITCHERS AND PLATES—at—**59c, 69c, 75c, 89c, 98c, $1.10, $1.19 to $1.59**

FANCY PLATES—at—**19c, 25c, 39c, 48c, 59c, 69c, 75c to $1.39**

SHAVING MUGS—at—**10c, 15c, 19c, 25c, 33c, 39c, 45c, 59c to 75c**

TETE-A-TETE SETS—Tea pot, sugar, cream and two small cups—all on tray at—**$1.00, $1.25, $1.39, $1.59**

Celeries, spoon holders, etc., etc.

JUGS OR PITCHERS—all sizes, shapes and colors—**10c, 15c, 19c, 25c, 33c, 39c, 48c, 59c, up to $1.75**

MUSH AND MILK SETS—Pitcher, bowl and plate—**59c, 48c, 59c, 69c, 75c, 89c, 98c, to $1.39.**

SOLITAIRE SETS—Tray, teapot, sugar and cream and one cup, **98c, $1.19, $1.25, $1.39, $1.59, to $2.39**

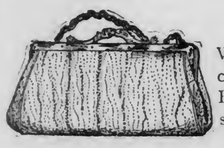
FERN DISHES, BUREAU SETS, SHAVING SETS.

1500 fine wrist bags in the biggest sale of leather goods ever in Duluth



The manufacturer who makes our high-class lines of leather chatelaines and pocketbooks had a surplus lot of wrist bags frames, such as he uses on his best bags. He combined these with a surplus lot of black and colored imitation walrus leather, the combination resulting in 125 dozen beautiful wrist bags we secured at fully a third less than the regular prices.

There are small, medium and large bags — black, grey, brown and tan colored bags — bags with gold, silver and gun metal frames and chains, bags lined with moire and with leather — bags with extra inside clasp pockets and bags with extra coin purses. All are real leather and made as well as bags costing two or three times the prices of these.



We offer the entire lot at reductions from regular prices fully as great as those secured in making the purchase. We could put them into our regular stock and get more money for them, but that isn't the "Glass Block way." We give you every advantage the bigness of this store gives us. That's why we're growing still bigger. These wrist bags will be **on sale Wednesday on bargain counter No. 3, main floor.**

25c for wrist bags worth up to 50c, moire lining with side pocket, black and colors.

39c for wrist bags worth up to 65c, moire lining with side pocket, black and colors.

49c for wrist bags worth up to 85c, extra inside pocket with clasp, leather lined.

69c for wrist bags worth up to $1.00, extra coin purse to match, in inside pocket.

89c for wrist bags worth up to $1.50, large size, gusset bottom and extra coin purse.

MISS HAM'S SUIT

Breach of Promise Action Creates Much Stir In Dubuque.

Deputy Sheriff Tells of Agreement Withdrawing Former Suit.

The breach of promise case of Sara Ham, of Dubuque, Ia., against G. A. Potter, the Duluth lumberman, has created much interest in the home of the plaintiff.

A dispatch from that city contains some interesting matter relative to the case, as follows:

"Miss Sara Ham of Dubuque has brought suit against George Potter, a millionaire lumberman of Duluth for $100,000 damages for breach of promise. Potter had visited Miss Ham numerous times the past twenty years and the latter alleges he had promised to marry her.

"The Ham family, which at one time was the wealthiest in Dubuque, was never prominent in society here, and when Mr. Ham died the palatial residence in the northern part of the city came into the hands of the two daughters. The Ham sisters were very exclusive and whenever they appeared on the streets it was in a pretentious turnout.

"In her petition, which has been filed at Duluth, Miss Ham refers to the signing of an agreement here last February in which Potter pledged himself to pay an annuity of $420 on condition that she abandon her proposed action against him for breach of promise. The circumstances are well remembered by Deputy Sheriff Dillon of Dubuque, who was one of the witnesses to the signing of the agreement, and pledged himself to keep the matter a secret so long as Potter observed it.

"It was a dark and stormy night in February. Deputy Dillon was at his home when the telephone range. He was requested to come down town immediately and meet a member of the law firm of Henderson, Hurd, Linchan & Kiesel of Dubuque. The two boarded a car and when they alighted after a long ride it was in front of the Ham residence. A knock brought Miss Ham to the door and the two were admitted. The attorney was closeted with the woman for half an hour, while the deputy sheriff was wondering what it was all about. When the attorney and Miss Ham emerged the deputy sheriff was shown a paper which was an original notice in which Miss Ham was plaintiff in an action for breach of promise against a man named Potter.

"Presently there was a knock at the door. Mr. Dillon responded and from out of the darkness a small man shambled into the areaway. The deputy asked him his name. "Potter," he muttered, and then moved into the sitting room with a stride of familiarity with the premises. The attorney appeared a moment later and observing Potter, motioned him into the next room, where Miss Ham was in waiting. What went on in that room will probably come out in the trial, if the case gets that far. In short, the attorney and the two who were suspected to be lovers, came to an agreement by which the breach of promise suit then to be started would be dropped and the two were to have no more to do with each other.

"Miss Ham's attorney has in his possession a paper which Potter signed, in which he pledged himself to pay the woman an annuity. After the meeting the deputy sheriff was instructed to tear up the original notice and pledged himself never to reveal what transpired at the Ham residence that night unless the case should come up for trial. Potter was particularly anxious that nothing should be said about the signing of the papers.

"A month ago Miss Ham complained to her attorney that Potter was not observing te agreement and instructed him to communicate with Potter and notify the Duluth lumberman that unless he paid the annuity the case would be pushed against him."

Hints To Advertisers

In a booklet containing samples of expert advertising, recently issued by the Page-Davis company, an ad written and designed by H. K. Brearley, advertising manager for French & Bassett, and which appeared originally in The Herald, was reproduced.

Jed Scarboro: Every man has his weak points, but he ought to have gumption enough to keep them out of his advertising.

White's Sayings: Advertising, like salt, is used to make business savory. There should be but one cook and he should manage the salt.

The number of people who each evening may be seen walking along the street perusing The Herald want ads is sufficient proof of their efficacy.

Mail Order Journal: One can never acquire enough experience. The more of it that is secured in business shows the necessity for the still more of it that is needed.

The seeds must be planted before the harvest can be gathered. See that your fall announcements appear before the rush of the season begins.

Chicago Tribune: Rivers—The play that's been running so long at the All-around theater doesn't draw worth a cent, yet they keep on heading their advertisements, "Crowds Turned Away!"

Brooks—That's no lie. The crowds have turned away from it ever since it opened.

Mahin's Magazine: Have you ever tried to look at your store as though it belonged to someone else? To do this properly, it is well for you to first spend a day or so visiting a few stores outside of your own town. Inspect them critically, although not offensively. Let every detail strike your eye. Note the arrangement of the goods on the shelves, the manner in which the clerks take down and replace them, the general neatness of the store, the window display; note especially if the merchant is allowing any space to be wasted that in your opinion he could profitably utilize; then having thus schooled yourself a little in criticism, go home and apply the same spirit, only in a more strenuous manner, to your own store.

LAYING THE BRICK.

Work Begins on East Superior Street Improvement.

The laying of brick in the work of paving Superior street, between Third and Eighth avenues east, has begun and is progressing rapidly. It began on the lower side of the street and between the rails of the car tracks yesterday from Eighth avenue east, and up to this noon the brick had been placed for a block on the lower side of the street.

The curbs are being reset on the upper side of the street, and will be followed immediately by the placing of new concrete foundations and sand.

Contractor P. McDonnell is personally superintending the paving work, and says that it will be pushed along as fast as practicable.

LOGGING OF EARLY DAYS

Interesting Exhibit to Be Made at St. Louis Exposition.

In view of the passing of the old time lumber camps and logging operations, due to the advent of the newer and more practical methods, machinery to take the place of men and teams and various other improvements which have made the old time lumberjack seek other occupations, the announcement that one of the novel exhibits at the St. Louis exposition will be a representation of life in the lumber camp, as it was years ago, will be of special interest to the logging and lumber interests of the Northwest.

The plan is now being worked out, according to local lumbermen, by a Munising, Mich., man, who has obtained concessions at the exposition and will run the lumber camp scene in connection with a "midway."

The exhibit will show a logging camp manned by a crew of the typical lumberjacks of a number of years ago, in full operation. At stated times the men will be seen at play, among their sports being the lumberjack's favorite pastime of log rolling. It is claimed that the designer of the exhibition has been working for a long time to make the arrangements of actual life in the pineries as realistic as possible and the idea is likely to prove not only of interest to those people in the country who have never known anything of the workings of a lumber camp, but of interest to those who have been in the business for many years and to whom the old time methods of operation are now almost a memory.

A CRUEL DECEPTION.

Chicago Lady Victim of Joke on North West.

The enthusiasm of a Chicago lady over what she termed the long distance telephone service on the steamer North West has been the cause of a little investigation on the part of some of her friends, and these have discovered that she was the victim of a practical joke. The lady in question boarded the big white lake liner at Buffalo for a trip up the lakes to Duluth. She had noted the telephone service on the boat, every stateroom having a full complement of instruments, and the 'phones connecting with an "exchange" in the office of the boat.

When the steamer reached Lake Superior the fair passenger took the notion that she would like to talk with some of her Chicago friends and tell them of the delights of the trip, so she called up "central," and asked if she could be given long distance connections with Chicago. The request rather took the clerk by surprise, but he was determined to be as accommodating as possible and responded, "Certainly."

He then called one of the other clerks to the 'phone and, after telling him that he was supposed to be at the Chicago end of the long distance 'phone from the boat, the "connections" were made and for some thirty minutes the delightful trip on old Lake Superior was told into a sympathizing ear, supposedly at Chicago.

When she had completed her visit the Chicago lady hung up the receiver with the feeling that she had done her duty, and pleased with the excellent telephone service accorded by the management of the big boat line. She never learned of the deception that was practiced on her by the accommodating telephone clerk all the rest of the time she spent on the trip, and does not know of it yet unless her friends have informed her.

Libbey Cut Glass
The World's Best

In no other cut glass is found such crystal clearness, perfection of cutting, beauty of design and brilliance.

The name Libbey on every piece.

F. B. DAY & CO.
Exclusive Duluth Agents,
315 West Superior Street.

DISAGREE OVER COUNTY ROAD

Canosia Farmers Not United Over Location—May Develop Fight.

The farmers in Canosia township are at loggerheads over the location of a new road and there is every indication that there will be a warm time at the next meeting of the board of county commissioners when the petition and counter petition for a road comes up for discussion.

The fact that there was a fight on for the road developed at the last meeting of the commissioners and, after the discussion had taken several warm turns the commissioners postponed any action for another month until the committee could investigate and report and the farmers be given time to come to some sort of an agreement, if possible.

It is said to be possible that the committee's efforts for an adjustment of the various claims may result in a compromise petition which will give every farmer interested, but one, an opening from his farm.

The road cannot be built this year as the season is now too well advanced. The new road, if constructed, will cost in the neighborhood of $1200 per mile.

SOCIAL SESSION FOR THE LADIES

Elks to Entertain Fair Friends With a Fine Program.

The local lodge of Elks will entertain its friends this evening with one of its popular social sessions and arrangements are being made to care for a large attendance. This occasion will be a "ladies' social session," in view of the repeated requests of the ladies that they be included among the guests of the Elks' entertainments, and the program for this evening will be specially arranged for their pleasure.

Dancing will occupy the first part of the evening and later W. S. McCormick, the silvery-tongued orator of the local lodge, will propose a toast popular among "the best people on earth." After the toast there will be an entertainment given by the vaudeville artists from the Metropolitan company and a number of the local people will render musical selections, stories and recitations.

The arrangements are in the hands of a committee comprised of Frederick Bradbury, Dr. F. J. Patton and A. J. Lyle.

New York & Return, $25.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th, inclusive; good for return until Sept. 30.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

MONDAY'S RACE WAS A FLUKE

Yachts Again Failed to Finish Within Time Limit.

New York, Sept. 1.—Again yesterday the beautiful cup defender Reliance failed to register her third victory over Lipton's challenger because the wind died to nothing and the time limit of five and a half hours expired before she could reach the finish line.

Her margin was approximately the same as on Thursday last. She was less than half a mile from the finish when the gun sounded.

The Shamrock III was a faint blur on the horizon, fully two and a half miles astern. Reliance's failure to score the race was the more exasperating because her ultimate triumph is now conceded, even by Sir Thomas himself, to be simply a formality. The superiority of the Herreshoff boat in any kind of weather is acknowledged by the yachting critics of both sides of the Atlantic and yesterday's fluke only prolongs the agony of the contest that has already been decided.

R. C. DUNN FOR GOVERNOR.

Sherburne County Star-News: Things political in state matters have been shaping quite rapidly for the past two weeks and the wise ones are confident they can see how things are going to line up next year, especially on the gubernatorial proposition. A scurrilous article in a St. Paul evening paper, known as the organ of the street railway companies and close to the Van Sant administration, has precipitated action that was due several months hence, and it looks now as though there was to be a long drawn-out campaign for the gubernatorial nomination. Frank Eddy has announced his candidacy some two weeks since, but it hardly created a ripple on the troubled waters. Hon. R. C. Dunn, of Princeton, is due to make an announcement this week, and Van Sant has been a receptive candidate all summer. The onslaught on Bob Dunn in the newspaper above referred to has had a contrary effect than what was intended, and it is not stretching matters at all to say that his star is in the ascendency. Dunn has friends in every county in the state who have every confidence in his integrity of purpose, and he is the logical man for the place, not wholly because of his popularity, but mostly for his service to the state and the common people thereof. He is a Minnesota Roosevelt in strenuosity, aggressive and outspoken with his opinions, is under no obligations to corporations, railroads or interests inimical to those of the common people. Dunn's record is an open book to every resident of the state. No promises are needed from him as to what he would do in this or that case; his record answers all questions that can be sprung, and the assurance is made that he will live up to his record. He has never failed the people when it came to a question of their rights in the past, and this of itself is sufficient guarantee that he would not do so in the future. Some of his friends are so sanguine as to predict that the preliminary contest will be all over before January, and that all opposition to his nomination will have been abandoned and that he will be the unanimous choice of the Republicans for governor; and while this is putting it pretty strong, it seems quite safe at this time to predict that he will win out in the contest with flying colors. Mr. Dunn is a comparatively poor man and will have to make a poor man's campaign, but the people are with him, and that is much better than a big barrel of boodle.

"We Patronize Those That Patronize Us"
ought to be your motto.

We devote a show case to Duluth-made

Cigars.

Kugler
Your Druggist,
108 West Superior Street.

FOREIGNERS IN FRANCE.

The following figures show how attractive France is to foreigners and how few Frenchmen live abroad. There are 1,230,211 strangers living in France and only 520,000 Frenchmen live away from their own country, says the Brooklyn Eagle. In France there are 468,300 Belgians, and 52,500 French in Belgium. The Belgians come to do the menial labor; most of the street sweepers, stone cutters on the roads, women servants and builders come from Belgium. They, like the Swiss, are willing to live in France because they speak the language, and they earn about twice as much as they do in their own country. The majority of them do not think of returning to their own country; they marry French natives and many become naturalized. There are 287,942 Italians in France and 11,050 French in Italy. They do not come to stay, but to make enough money to go home and live; it takes next to nothing for an Italian to live at home. it costs a little more than that to live in France. The Italian, contrary to the Belgian, will not stoop to do menial work; he does the rough work in art and makes and sells plaster casts—reproductions of the celebrated statues and busts; Italians are engaged as overseers in art schools; both sexes are engaged as models; keepers of fruit stands and itinerant musicians are all Italians The deplorable Italian custom of bringing children to Paris to beg, to sell flowers and plaster statues in the streets is beginning to be a thing of the past, for not only has the French government interfered, but also the Italian government. The cruel way in which children were treated by their keepers, who compelled them to bring home a certain sum or go to bed supperless, after having been soundly whipped, has been seen into and the practice stopped.

Before the war there were a greater number of Germans in France than there are now. Today statistics tell us that there are about 84,000 in France and 24,000 French in Germany. The Germans belong principally to the merchant class; they buy novelties in Paris and send them to their own country to be manufactured cheap. There are but few families settled here, for they do not like French ways, besides, they imagine that their children can learn French in Germany and in Switzerland as well as they can in France. There are but few German servants, and the few prefer to be in foreign families; the French will now tolerate Germans in their cities but not in their homes.

In Russia there are 5000 French and 15,300 Russians in France. The Russians never come to seek work; the expense of the journey is too great for them to take on the probability of finding work. The majority of the Russians who live in Paris are students they come in squads to enter the College de France, to attend the lectures at the Sorbonne and to enter the schools of law and medicine. They have wonderful mental discipline, tenacity, and apitude and generally pass the best examinations. The women's capacity for learning is equal to that of American women, and Russian students of either sex live on next to nothing. They reside in the same quarter and most of them, on an average, do not spend more than a franc a day to live. They live ten or twelve together, take turns in doing the housework, go to market and do the cooking, while the others study and go to lectures for from twelve to fourteen hours a day. They all go back to Russia, when once they have obtained their degrees and work to educate their nation; they all have a mission and are tenacious in pursuing their ideal. Judging from the mental strength of the Russians who come to Paris to stuay, and from the physical strength they display in their own country, one may infer that the world will one day belong to the Russians, as well as Americans.

There are 77,000 Spaniards in France, and 25,600 French in Spain. It is strange, but true, that many of the Spaniards in Paris are coachmen, and all of them have so few pronounced national characteristics that you cannot tell them from Frenchmen.

Constipation

Headache, billiousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

The Famous

PRIMUS BUTTER

Sweet as a Nut, Perfectly Pure, Always Fresh.

Your Grocer Keeps It or Will Get It For You.

TAKE NO OTHER.

THE BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO.,
16 West 1st St. 15 E. Sup. St.
BOTH PHONES 352.

THE EVENING HERALD

An Independent Newspaper.

Published at Herald Building, First Street,
(Opposite Postoffice Square.)
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
Telephone Calls: { Counting Room: 324 / Editorial Rooms: 1126

10 CENTS A WEEK

EVERY EVENING—Delivered by Carrier.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

A FORTUNE FOR SOME ONE.

Uncle Sam wants a better mail bag and attachments for use in handling the mails and will provide a fortune for some bright young man or men who can improve on the present forms. An advertisement will soon be issued inviting those of an inventive turn of mind to give their attention to a study of the mail bag and its fastenings, in order that improvements may be suggested. This will be done, not because the present bag is unsatisfactory, but merely in following out the general policy of making improvements in the service wherever possible. At stated periods an advertisement of this kind is issued, in order to stimulate the interest of those who are given to the making of inventions. As the government now has in use more than 1,000,000 mail pouches and bags, it will be readily seen that a profit of a few cents on an attachment adopted in the service would net a respectable fortune. There is room for improvement in the lock that is used in closing the bag, while the fastener is also far from perfect. The label holder, which incloses the slip of paper telling the destination of each bag, is susceptible of betterment, and the bag itself may be improved. The postoffice department now employs a canvas mail pouch, fitted with a stiff leather bottom and soft leather head, this being superior to the all-leather bag.

There have been no improvements in this line for many years, and an opportunity is offered for a genius to benefit himself and his country as well.

A REMEDY REQUIRED.

After years of desultory investigation, the country in the meantime rapidly filling up with objectionable immigrants, the heads of the immigration department of the United States have come to the conclusion that something must be done by the next congress to remedy the present condition of affairs. The conclusion has been reached that a bold and firm policy must be inaugurated, and new restrictions and qualifications will be asked that will make the entry of seriously objectionable foreigners much more difficult, if not an impossibility. Steps have already been taken to protect the general public of this country from two loathsome diseases with which thousands of the lower classes of Europe are afflicted. The diseases are trachoma, which attacks the eye, the favus, which shows itself in the form of sores in the scalp. Hundreds of aliens are turned away from our shores every year because they have one or the other of these diseases. Both are highly contagious and are easily transferred from one to another.

Medical officers of the United States marine hospital service are on guard at every port of entry in the United States, ready to single out foreigners afflicted with either trachoma or favus, and send them back to their homes. But this plan has many drawbacks, chief of which is that during the passage over to the United States the diseases are communicated to others, and this fact is not discovered until those thus infected have been admitted to our ports and released. It is believed that hundreds of persons with incipient cases of trachoma and favus in their systems are thus turned loose on the public every month.

Secretary Hay is in communication with several foreign governments to obtain permission to station United States medical officials at ports of departure to examine the emigrants and thus save the non-infected from the dangers of the disease while en route to this country.

The report of Special Traveling Immigration Agent Braun reveals a condition of affairs in Europe that should also be corrected. He learned that practically every one of the large steamship companies plying between European ports and the United States is violating the local laws which prohibit the encouragement of emigration. Each of the big companies has a small army of agents who scour the agricultural districts, working up sentiment favorable to emigration to the United States. Handbills and circulars containing highly colored statements of advantages to the poor in this country and the opportunities for making fortunes, are distributed everywhere. All of this is prohibited by the laws of Germany, Switzerland and other continental countries. Braun gives the names of many steamship companies that have agents in the field engaged in enterprises of this sort.

This matter should be called to the attention of the different countries where the laws are being violated, with a request for a stricter enforcement. This immigration question is getting to be a serious one and it is hoped that congress will throw off the influence of steamship and railway companies, which has largely stifled legislation, and enact laws that will at once remedy the great evil which exists today.

The United States Investor is authority for the statement that the gross earnings of forty-one roads for the second week in August were $8,589,910, against $7,706,863 for the second week of August, 1902, an increase of $874,047.

The opposition papers have Tom Johnson defeated already, but would it not be better to wait until all the returns are in?

Shamrock III is certain to get second money. No one can take that away from her.

Mr. Munsey might profitably take a course in the Pulitzer school of journalism.

A confetti-thrower was arrested in Oregon and examined as to his sanity. But why examine him?

A RIVAL IN CORN.

A few years ago wheat dealers and producers in the United States paid considerable attention to the wheat crop of the Argentine Republic. The increase in the wheat yield of Argentina was looked upon as a serious danger to the American farmers, because of the effect it had upon prices in the Liverpool market. But in more recent years the Argentine crop has become a minor consideration alongside the large and steadily growing production of wheat in the Canadian Northwest. The Canadian wheat is dumped into the Liverpool market and sold at prices that practically drive both the American shipper and the American miller out of the market.

But while Argentina has been supplanted by Canada as a rival in wheat production, the South American country is looming up as a serious rival in corn growing. Heretofore the United States has had pretty nearly a monopoly of corn growing, but Argentina has made wonderful strides in that line. Only two-fifths as large as the United States, and with only one-fifteenth as great a population, Argentina has a very fertile soil and genial climate, and is growing in population at a rapid rate. It is also becoming a great producer of corn, for which crop its soil and climate seem to be particularly well suited. The last year's crop of corn is reported to have covered 4,300,000 acres and to have measured 130,600,000 bushels. That is, of course, very much less than our 94,000,000 acres and 2,523,000,000 bushels. Yet proportionately to the population of the country, it is a creditable showing. Moreover, it is to be observed that the Argentines get more than thirty bushels from an acre, and get $1 of their currency, or 44 cents gold, a bushel for it, making a yield of $13.20 an acre, while corn raisers in the United States are content with 27 bushels to the acre, which, at 40 cents a bushel, means a yield of only $10.80 an acre. There may be no reason to be scared by the prospect of Argentine competition in the corn market, yet Argentina is destined to be a large producer of that grain.

SILVER COINAGE.

It is possible that the coinage of the big silver dollar of current circulation may be stopped in a few months, and its resumption will be a question to be decided by congress. This is due to the fact that the stock of silver bullion in the hands of the government is running low, and there is no present provision for renewing it. There are now on hand at the treasury and at the various mints only about 15,000,000 fine ounces of silver available for coinage into the cumbersome dollars. The law requires that the mints shall turn out 1,500,000 of these dollars every month of the year.

Owing to the work of getting out coins for the Philippines the output has not kept up to the monthly requirements, but it is estimated that by the first of the year all the bullion on hand will have been moulded into silver dollars. This will shut off this particular form of money and the treasury department will have to find a substitute. The greatest demand for currency is for notes of the $1 and $2-denominations, and it will be necessary for the department to find a substitute for the silver dollars. Owing to the cumbersome nature of these coins very few of them are actually put into circulation, but the public gets the full benefit of their coinage through the issuance of silver certificates in their stead. For each silver dollar that is coined a silver certificate worth one dollar, is issued, and the coin is held in the treasury to redeem the paper, when it outlives its usefulness or is presented for redemption. In this manner the piling up of silver dollars in the treasury vaults has continued until there are now more than 550,000,000 of them. Of the dollars actually in circulation there are comparatively few, numbering only 72,000,000. There are 454,000,000 one dollar silver certificates in circulation, however, and for each of these certificates there is a silver dollar in the treasury waiting to go out when the note is sent in for redemption.

The coinage of silver dollars has afforded a much-needed and popular form of circulating medium in the shape of the one dollar bills or silver certificates. The cutting off of this supply with the exhaustion of the stock of bullion in the course of the next few months, will bring up the question of whether or not congress is to continue the coinage of silver dolars by the purchase of further bullion. In the light of past experiences it is believed that this will never be done, at least, not in the immediate future. Congress was driven to the passage of the silver-purchasing act by the pressure from the free silverites back in 1890, although there was at that time a law requiring the treasury department to buy a certain amount of bullion every month.

It would seem that some substitute should be provided for the bulky dollar and a measure enacted by congress by which the large number on hand could be recoined into subsidiary pieces of which there is a great scarcity.

THE TROUBLES IN TURKEY.

The New York Sun points out the fact that the great troubles in Turkey arise largely from the dissensions among the Christian subjects themselves. The Christians of the Ottoman empire alone of all people seem not to have understood the axiom that in union is strength. Bulgarian, Greek, Servian, Armenian and Syrian Christians have been consumed by the Mussulmans through heir inextinguishable hatreds of each other. They hated each other because of differences of race and faith; the Gregorians, Eastern Orthodox, and Catholics of the different races, and even of the same race, persecuted and betrayed each other to the Turk. The Greek, Bulgarian and Servian, though belonging to the same religious rite, heartily detest each other, and at this moment we have the unlovely spectacle of the Greeks openly taking sides with their own and Bulgaria's enemies against their brothers in faith because of race; while those of the Catholic rite among them hate their brothers in race because of their difference in faith. Among the Armenians the condition has been even worse. Catholic Armenians have betrayed their brothers in race to the Turk, while the Protestants among them hold aloof with haughty superiority from the two other creeds.

Religious prejudice and racial obstinacy have been the bane of the Christians of European Turkey. These differences prepared the way for the Ottoman conquest and made the separated races an easy prey. By playing artfully upon these weaknesses the Turk has kept them in subjection with the aid of England and France in the now admittedly unjust war of 1854. With Christian unity the different peoples of the Balkans might all have had political freedom; but they willed otherwise, and the ratpit in Macedonia is the outcome.

It is evident, however, that a change is to occur. Turkey has shown that she cannot control these warring sects, and the patience of the powers is completely exhausted. Some plan will now be formulated whereby peace will be assured even to the annihilation of the offenders as a sect or party.

Yacht racing is the sport of millionaires, but even millionaires cannot buy a breeze.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"I owe all I have, and I posses at least $2.60, to a newspaper man, and I am always sorry when I cannot turn a reporter against a good story," said George A. Davidson, a promoter who is heavily interested in Indiana and Texas oil fields, last evening as he blew a cloud of cigar smoke at an imaginary mosquito on the roof of the Spalding.

Accepting and lighting a block perfecto offered him the reporter listened while Mr. Davidson swung idly back and forth in his rocker and continued:

"Years ago I had made a few thousand dollars in getting in on a timber deal down in Illinois but, like most young fellows, I failed to realize that good things do not always last and after the money stopped flowing in I kept up the pace that I had adopted when a $20 bill looked like a tip to a waiter I suppose nearly everybody has had a taste of the consequences of this sort of thing so I need hardly say that within a couple of yars I was not only where I had started from but was deeply in debt I, in sheer desperation, continued to pile up the indebtedness while I vainly plunged around endeavoring to make a strike of some kind before my debts gave me a knockout blow.

"Then my creditors began to bother me and I was afraid that they would shut myself and family off from obtaining the necessities of life. I still had sense enough to see that the end could not be far off and I decided to run over to St. Louis and see if an old friend could not put me on the track of something good. I found my friend in bad shape and he told me that I could do him a favor by holding in trust for him some valuable Louisiana timber lands which he was afraid his creditors would get for a song should he be sold out through the bankruptcy courts.

"About this stage of the game I would have stopped at nothing short of murder and readily agreed to become the owner of the property. The bills of sale were properly made out and in due course of time I became the owner of several thousands of acres of land. My St. Louis friend had an office boy whose brother was a reporter and when I arrived at the hotel that evening I found the reporter waiting for me. Meanwhile my Louisiana possessions had grown to enormous value in the transfer of information through the office boy, telephone, city editor and reporter and about the first question I was asked was whether or not I had paid some hundreds of thousands of dollars for the land. In order to protect my friend I acknowledged that I had done so and to back up the first lie gave figures to prove it.

"The next morning my name was at the head of a column and a half of information which made me a millionaire, at least in type. I went home the next day to get away from persons in St. Louis who might be too inquisitive. The news of my 'purchase' had preceeded me and when I arrived my creditors met me with the glad hand and showed that they wanted to keep me on their books. Along about this time one of the bankers in the town discovered traces of oil on property he owned in Indiana and he asked me to get in on the ground floor, but I held aloof as I did not want people to learn that I was worse than a bankrupt. Seeing that I would not put money into the thing, but, wanting my name for stock selling purposes, they selected me president of the company and gave me a bunch of stock.

"They raised a few thousand dollars and the officials visited the fields and made contracts for having a well driven. We then returned home. The drillers did not strike oil but they struck natural gas. In two days my stock was worth $250,000. I sold out, paid my debts and still have some of the $250,000 left, although I lost part of it by going into Texas and California oil speculation. The good part of this is that I went to find the reporter who gave me my boost and found that he had entered the ministry. I recently bought him a mission somewhere out in Nebraska."

* * *

Ex-Mayor C. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding enroute from his camp on the Brule river, where he has been staying for the last month, to his home. In speaking of fishing, Mr. O'Brien said: "Rod sport has been very poor this summer, owing to the high water which has prevailed on all of the rivers and lakes. The Brule river is at least six inches higher than I have ever seen it and the water has been muddy all during the month of August."

Mr. O'Brien is still a political worker of no mean ability and never lets a chance go by to put in a word for his party. When introduced to a person, who has just made his residence in this state, Mr. O'Brien said: "For heaven's sake, vote the Democratic ticket. There are already too many Republicans here."

* * *

He was one of those Teutons with an amber-colored beard and a physique that showed the effects of rigid military training in the fatherland. He stepped to the cigar counter in the Spalding with a stride that belied his years. With a pair of immense field glasses hanging idly on his hip and with his forefinger raised commandingly in the air he addressed the fair attendant:

"I vant—I—I—vish—I—I—vanta—a Daloot."

"I beg your pardon," sweetly replied the clerk, "what did you ask for?"

"A Daloot—on—paper—a Daloot, a vat you call it? I don't know. You possible know—a Daloot."

"Oh, a paper. Certainly, here is one," was the rply as she placed a paper on the show case.

"No—nono. You get me a—a—a, what you call it, gide?"

"Oh, no. I would not get you guyed around here for anything," was the earnest response. Then pensively said: "I wish I could do something to help you out."

"Ach, you do not alreadty understand yet. Why vouldn't I English talk? I vant a guide—a mip—a mep—a map! Ah, yes, a map, dot's it, a map. Yes, yes, a map. Ah, thank you. Many much obliged to you."

And the sale of a map of the city of Duluth was consumated.

* * *

M. P. Munger, whose father is one of the leading business men of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, accompanied by Miss Elsie Munger, Miss Eva M. Arnold, L. E. Richardson and H. C. Richardson, all of Cedar Rapids, stopped at the St. Louis today enroute to the Munger camp at Cass lake.

* * *

The Misses Conmee, daughters of James Conmee, member of parliament of the Algoma district, accompanied by their sister, Mrs. James Whalen and John A. Whalen, of Port Arthur, are guests at the St. Louis.

* * *

The Rev. A. E. Driscoll, of St. Paul, pastor at large of the Presbyterian church, is staying at the McKay.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: Arthur Blue, T. F. Luger, Fargo; O. Silleaman, St. Paul; C. H. Gould, Minneapolis; H. O. B. Harding, George S. Eddy, Minneapolis; Mrs. B. A. Wheeler, Grand Rapids; O. D. O'Brien, St. Paul; W. C. Cargill, Cleveland; B. J. Clergue, Sault Ste. Marie; Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Strong, Fairbault; Fred C. Simms, Minneapolis; Jacob Megerth, Calumet, Mich.; James Robinson, Hibbing; D. McEachin, Hibbing; Dr. A. W. Shaw, Buhl; A. Blacklurn, Nashwauk; N. B. Whitenere, St. Paul; T. J. Janny, Miss E. L. Anderson, Miss Grace M. Wood, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Newton, Mountain Iron.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: Samuel Cleveland, H. D. Powers, St. Paul; James Anderson, Winnipeg; M. P. Munger, Eva M. Arnold, Miss Elsie Munger, L. E. Richardson, H. C. Richardson, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; O. P. Stehn, J. W. Sargent, Minneapolis; Mrs. A. G. Habbegger, Miss Hilda Nelson, Wrenshall, John A. Whalen, Mrs. James Whalen, the Misses Conmee, Port Arthur; G. E. Safford, Cutkin; H. V. Peartman, Minneapolis; E. W. Smith, Hibbing; J. W. Nelson, Taylor's Falls.

At the Hotel McKay: H. H. James, Iron River; William M. Brunell, Nelson, B. C.; A. R. Miller, N. N. Ronning, Minneapolis; A. E. Driscoll, St. Paul; J. R. Henderson, Minneapolis; G. E. Pickard, Two Harbors; Fred Moorvill, Tower; Charles C. Neale, Minneapolis; F. C. Burgess, Tower; Alex MacDougall, J. A. Cummings, Two Harbors; William J. Palen, Grand Rapids; Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Laud, Skibo; F. G. Johnston, E. J. Murphy, St. Paul.

They Don't Know In Georgia.

Atlanta Journal: Senator Hanna, of Ohio, doubtless went to see the trial yacht races merely to satisfy his curiosity as to what is a yacht, anyhow.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Tuesday, Sept. 1.—Showers or thunderstorms occurred during Monday or last night over Saskatchewan, Manitoba, the eastern lake region, Ohio valley, south Atlantic states, eastern Texas, and New Mexico. Barometric depressions overlie Manitoba, south Atlantic states, and southern California, while pressures are high over the central valleys and far Northwest. It is warmer over Minnesota and cooler in the far West and Northwest with temperatures slightly below 40 degrees from Alberta northward. The winds in the lake region are light to fresh and variable with showery weather on eastern Lake Erie and threatening conditions on western Superior.

Maxiumum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	81	Medicine Hat	72
Battleford	66	Memphis	74
Bismarck	88	Miles City	84
Boston	64	Milwaukee	70
Buffalo	74	Minnedosa	80
Calgary	65	Modena	90
Charleston	86	Montgomery	84
Chicago	64	Moorhead	78
Cincinnati	70	New Orleans	84
Davenport	74	New York	70
Denver	90	North Platte	84
Detroit	68	Oklahoma	82
Dodge City	96	Omaha	76
Duluth	74	Omaha	76
Edmonton	60	Pittsburg	74
El Paso	90	Portland	78
Escanaba	70	Prince Albert	68
Galveston	70	Qu Appelle	74
Galveston	86	Rapid City	94
Green Bay	72	San Francisco	76
Havre	80	Santa Fe	78
Helena	80	Shreveport	86
Houghton	70	Spokane	74
Huron	84	St. Louis	70
Jacksonville	90	St. Paul	70
Kamloops	58	Sault Ste. Marie	62
Kansas City	74	Swift Current	72
Knoxville	74	Washington	68
La Crosse	74	Williston	84
Landor	88	Winnemucca	90
Los Angeles	80	Winnipeg	76
Marquette	64		

Forecasts for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m., (local time), Wednesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Probably local showers this afternoon or tonight. Generally fair Wednesday. Cooler. Fresh and possibly brisk westerly to northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Cleago, Sept. 1.—Forecast till 7 p. m., Wednesday: Wisconsin—Generally fair and cool tonight and Wednesday.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday except possibly showers in northwest portion this afternoon or tonight. Cooler tonight.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Cooler tonight.

Upper Lakes—Light to fresh variable winds, mostly west to southwest. Generally fair tonight and Wednesday.

INVINCIBLE CUPID

By M. F. Rittenhouse.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"You're not very brave, Joan," remarked Marion Fleming, surveying her friend with mingled contempt and pity.

"No," agreed Joan meekly. "I am not, but it isn't altogether my fault, I've had to obey my aunt ever since I can remember. It's not so easy to assert yourself when you've been ruled all your life. I don't believe you would have the courage to make a stand against Aunt Amanda."

Marion's eyes flashed. "Forty Aunt Amanda's couldn't make me give up the man I loved," she declared, "and marry old Jay Spencer."

"He is horrid. I don't want to marry him," quavered Joan, "but what can I do?"

"Have you written to Neil about it?" demanded Marion.

Joan shook her head. "Aunt Amanda said not, and I just didn't dare," she answered.

"Oh, why didn't you tell me this before?" cried Marion, impatiently. "The wedding day is only a week away, and it will be at least eight days before Neil can get a letter and then come on here."

"But I don't dare write to him," cried Joan. "Aunt Amanda said not. You needn't scold or look at me like that, Marion, for I can't help it."

"Girls," called the harsh, rasping voice of Miss Amanda Weathers, and the girls sprang to their feet and presented themselves to that worthy lady, with surprising promptness.

Miss Amanda, spare of form and stern of feature, at once noted Joan's red eyes. "You girls have been talking nonsense about that young Graves, and I want it stopped," she said severely. "Marion Fleming, I hired you to do plain sewing, not to talk gentle lovesick nonsense to this silly girl."

"Now, I want you to understand Joan will marry Jay Spencer, this day week. She'll never have another chance like him. Steady, well-to-do, reliable men don't grow on every bush. There's not a girl in the whole settlement that wouldn't jump at him," and Miss Amanda eyed Marion meaningly.

"She'll marry him because I wish her to. Isn't that sufficient reason? Isn't she my niece? Haven't I fed and clothed and shaved for her ever since she was a little red, ugly baby, that nobody else marry the man I've chosen for her?

"And where would you be if Jay Spencer hadn't given you the Ford school last winter?" she demanded, fiercly of Marion. "Where's your gratitude? Pah! You idle young fools make me sick. Go back to your work, and don't let me know of your talking nonsense again, do you hear?"

"Yes, ma'am," said Joan, meekly, and they went back to their sewing with tingling ears.

That night, with Joan slumbering peacefully by her side, Marion pondered over the problem of preventing the marriage until the arrival of Neil Graves.

True to her promise to Joan that afternoon, she had written him the true state of affairs. "You must come prepared to take Joan away with you," she told him, "for nothing else will prevent her aunt marrying her to Mr. Spencer."

"He will marry her and take her away; I'll never see either of them again," thought Marion, bitterly. Yes, Neil would marry Joan—Joan who would love anyone who petted and made much of her; who would even be happy with Jay Spencer, if he were kind to her, while she—here poor Marion shoked back the rising sob; for had she not loved Neil ever since childhood? Those happy days when the three, Neil, Joan and Marion, were inseparable.

When Neil nearer manhood he began to lavish the affections hitherto equally divided between the two girls, upon Joan.

Perhaps as he grew older and wiser, he realized the difference in the social status of the two girls, for Marion's people were all poor, and many of them disreputable, while the Spencers, Graves, and Weathers were the aristocrats of the settlement, and nowhere are the "400" more exclusive in their matrimonial alliances than in a sparsely settled New England neighborhood.

Perhaps he had always cared more for Joan. At any rate, when he came home from college, prepared to leave for the "Middle West," where he was to engage in business with an uncle, he and Joan told Marion of their engagement, and she, bravely hiding her love and wounded pride, listened to their plans for the future, with a smiling face.

At the time, Miss Amanda made no objections to the engagement; for Neil was quite a promising young man, but when six months later, Jay Spencer, a bald, uncomely gentleman of fifty, sued for Joan's hand, Miss Amanda promptly ordered her to accept him.

He was by far the wealthiest person in the whole community, and virtually controlled the postoffice, school, and public offices by reason of his influence over the people, who were chiefly his tenants, and stood much in awe of him.

Miss Amanda at once began preparations for the wedding. She commanded Joan to stop writing to "that young Graves," and not to "chatter nonsense about not wanting to marry Mr. Spencer."

Poor, timid Joan told no one of her distaste for her elderly lover, until marlon, employed by Miss Amanda to sew on the trousseau, taxed her with unfaithfulness. Then Joan told the whole miserable truth, and tearfully appealed to Marion for aid.

And now, Marion tossed restlessly on her pillow, scheming desperately to save Joan for the man she herself loved.

"Let the marriage go on," whispered jealousy. "Why do you interfere? Neil used to love you best. If Joan was only out of the way, who knows what might happen—"

"Neil shall marry Joan," cried Marion's better self. "She is more fit to be his wife than I. He would always be ashamed of my people. Oh, Neil! Neil! I love you too well to be a drag upon you, dear."

All week Marion racked her brain for some means of postponing the marriage until Neil's arrival, but all in vain. The Graves family were away for the summer, and the rest of the neighborhood rented their small farms of either Miss Amanda, or Mr. Spencer, and would never dare brave the combined wrath of the lover and the aunt, by aiding her in any way.

Joan was too cowardly to run away, and if she were to attempt to do so, would surely be captured by her resolute aunt. Matters looked very black for Joan.

Finally, two days before the one set for the wedding, Marion, gloomily beating eggs in the kitchen, cast her eyes upward in despairing meditation, and her glance alighted on a haven of refuge for Joan.

Suspended by a chain from the high kitchen ceiling, hung Miss Amanda's mammoth copper kettle, used only once or twice each year for apple butter making and kindred pursuits, and more than large enough to conceal Joan. She could sit in it in comparative comfort.

That night she unfolded her plan to Joan, whose enthusiasm was so great that she proposed retiring into the kettle at once.

"That would make four whole days and nights that you'd be in it," reasoned Marion, "for Neil can't possibly get here before the morning after the day set for the wedding."

Early on the wedding morning Marion roused Joan, who hastily dressed, and with the aid of the kitchen table, settled herself in her hiding place.

Soon afterward, Miss Amanda arose, and after dressing, entered the girls' room, where she found Marion apparently in sound slumber, while Joan's place beside her was empty.

"Where is Joan?" she cried, giving Marion a shake.

"Isn't she here?" inquired Marion, sleepily.

After calling her a few times and making a short search over the premises Miss Amanda roused the hired man, and sent them in pursuit of the truant bride.

In justice to Miss Amanda, I must record that the roadways and the neighbor's buildings were secured and ransacked with a thoroughness worthy of a Pinkerton, and her own premises she searched not at all.

During the day Marion, at every opportunity dumped provisions into the kettle till Joan implored her to stop.

The day was spent in fruitless search and at nightfall, upon some one suggesting that they drag the pond, the stern Miss Amanda was melted to tears.

"If I only had her here, she should marry whom she pleased," she said, as she sat weeping 'reath the kettle.

At this Joan's head appeared above the kettle, but a severe frown from Marion caused it to vanish.

A few hours later, Joan, and Marion who was hovering near, heard Mr. Spencer attempt to console the disconsolate spinster. "Come, come," he said, "you'll worry yourself sick. Don't be afraid she's made away with herself. She and yeung Graves are married by this time."

"It would be scandalous of her to serve you that way," murmured she. "I don't see how she could do it."

Mr. Spencer cleared his throat. "Miss Amanda," he said, "I've been doing some serious thinking the last day. What does a man my age want with a silly young chit for a wife? Why wouldn't a sensible woman your age be more of a companion for me?"

Miss Amanda sighed.

"I've just been thinking," he continued persuasively, "what a suitable match you and I would make. I own a good house, and six hundred acres of the best land in the state. I don't owe a dollar, and I'd be a good husband to you."

Again Miss Amanda sighed gently.

"And you're well fixed, too," went on Mr. Spencer. "There must be a hundred and sixty acres here."

"A hundred and sixty-two," said Miss Amanda, softly. "You forget the hill lot."

"That's so," said Mr. Spencer. "Well, I've just been thinking what a joke it would be on those youngsters for us to be married tomorrow. We'd have the laugh on them then, wouldn't we?"

"I'm afraid it wouldn't look well, seeing that we don't know where Joan is," hesitated she.

"Oh, she's all right," Mr. Spencer assured her airily. "You may depend upon it. She's Mrs. Graves by this time. If you'll just say the word, Amanda, I'll have the parson and the license here by 9 o'clock in the morning. Just say the word, Amanda."

Miss Amanda reflected hurriedly. Here was a piece of unprecedented good fortune. Her first and probably her last matrimonial offer. A golden opportunity not to be missed and Miss Amanda, like the wise virgin she was—"said the word."

The next morning found the weary Joan still in hiding, when Mr. Spencer arrived with the preacher. She had begged Marion to allow her to present herself, but that young lady was firm.

"You don't stir out of the kettle till they are safely married," she said.

"Do you think Aunt might change her mind?" faltered the captive.

"Well, Mr. Spencer might," was the reply.

Just as the ceremony was about to be performed, Marion, pale as death, yet smiling triumphantly, entered the room. "Suppose we have a double wedding," she said, and then Neil Graves appeared in the doorway.

At the sight of him, unaccompanied by Joan, Miss Amanda wept aloud. "The poor dear is in the pond," she wailed.

"Where is Joan?" cried Neil sternly, and Joan, from the kettle, piped weakly "here I am."

"You wicked, disobedient girl!" cried Miss Amanda. "You deserve to be slapped."

That afternoon as they watched Neil and Joan depart for their western home, Mrs. Jay Spencer turned to Marion and said: "Well, the young fools are married at last, and it's all your work."

Marion smiled wearily. "Yes," she said, "all my work."

Mrs. Jay Spencer eyed her sharply, then suddenly the keen eyes divined something of the truth. With unusual tenderness she stooped and kissed Marion's pale cheek.

"You shall have the school just the same," she declared.

But Marion was straining her eyes for one last glimpse of the lovers, and they heeded her not.

Infatuation.

Lippincott's: "Who, pray, are you?" queried Love, touching the stranger inquiringly, for Love is blind.

"Infatuation is my name," replied the other.

"Indeed, and might I know who taught you my arts?" Love asked severely.

"I have often watched you practice with the bow, and——"

"And so masqueraded in my name!" interrupted Love angrily.

"Heaven forbid! I am no blasphemer," ejaculated Infatuation piously. "It foolish mortals call me Love in spite of warnings, that I cannot help."

"True," answered Love thoughtfully, "I see that I have misclassed you with one other."

"The Base Born?"

"Aye, he who cajoles weak women in the holy name of Eros."

"I know him well," nodded Infatuation, "his mother is Greed——"

"And his sire is Satan," finished Love, turning his ear attentively towards the murmuring city, which was, as usual, calling him.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Some men are not fit even for themselves to associate with.

It would be a terrible temptation to take out insurance on one's mother-in-law.

It takes a widow to act as if she were puzzled to death over what being married is like.

You can always tell by how ripe a woman's lips are how much a man would like to see if any of it will come off.

After a woman makes up her mind that a thing isn't so terrible as she thought it was before she knew all about it, generally she begins to look for something else that is.

Singers and Public Speakers will find Piso's Cure for Consumption an effectual cure for hoarseness.

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS.

Tuesday, September 1st, 1903.

Newest shapes in small furs. Boas, collars, muffs and sets. For ladies, misses and babies. Nearly every desirable style and all the fashionable furs. Because they are samples we secured them at a great discount. You can do the same. You'll save from a quarter to a third, and the season has hardly begun. Muffs 75 cents to $20. Collars and boas, $1 to $45. Sets, $1 to $12.

A late freight shipment carried the new velvet. Velvet is to be a favorite fabric this fall. We have to be content with less than our usual profit to give the values we do at 75c and $1. The $1 ones are both plain and corded and in all the new shades. Metal print velvet and figured velveteens are to be much used. They are rich and elegant. Blue and white; black and white; green and black. 75 cents a yard.

Read's silk warp crepe de chine at $1 and Landsdowne at $1.25 have an established reputation. All the new colors.

Wednesday and Thursday are children's days. Free embroidery lessons given to every girl who buys a stamped doily and the silk to work it with. 8-inch stamped doilies, 1 cent each.

Stamped linen turnover collars in pink, blue, green and red, 2 for 5 cents.

Interstate cars take you to our store.

S. W. Lightbody & Co.,
11th Street and Tower Avenue,
Superior.

SMILING REMARKS.

Philadelphia Ledger: Graphit—My dear old uncle, Mr. Richman, is very ill and likely to die at any moment.

Sharpe—Sorry, old man, but I can't lend you a cent.

Youth's Companion: Mamma—What is Willie crying about?

Maid—Shure, ma'am, he wanted to go across the street to Jimmy Brown's.

Mamma—Well, why don't you let him go?

Maid—They were havin' charades over there, he said, ma'am, and I wasn't sure as he'd had 'em yet.

Philadelphia Press: "After all, the old saying, 'There's always room at the top,' doesn't mean anything."

"Unless it means," replied the traveling man, "that the lower berths in a sleeper are usually taken before you get there."

Kansas City Journal: "Do yez believe thirteen is an unlucky number, Dugan?"

"Thot Oi do, Maginnis. Oi made money all lasht year fr'm beginnin' till th' ind. It wor a mighty lucky year, and why? It had but twelve months in it."

Brooklyn Life: Gas Man—I came (hic) to see yr gas meter.

Lady of the House—But you've been drinking.

"Orders of the company. Now I see double."

"Don't you think that you are deficient in sentiment toward your country?"

"No, sir," answered Senator Sorghum, with emphasis. "But there is a time for everything. I'm as patriotic as anybody every Fourth of July. The rest of the year it's business."

Philadelphia Press: "Doctor," said the sweet young thing, "I've been told that eating cucumbers will remove freckles."

"So it will, under one condition," replied Dr. Gruff.

"And what is that?"

"That the freckles are on the cucumbers."

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A FORTUNE FOR SOME ONE.

Uncle Sam wants a better mail bag and attachments for use in handling the mails and will provide a fortune for some bright young man or men who can improve on the present forms. An advertisement will soon be issued inviting those of an inventive turn of mind to give their attention to a study of the mail bag and its fastenings, in order that improvements may be suggested. This will be done, not because the present bag is unsatisfactory, but merely in following out the general policy of making improvements in the service wherever possible. At stated periods an advertisement of this kind is issued, in order to stimulate the interest of those who are given to the making of inventions. As the government now has in use more than 1,000,000 mail pouches and bags, it will be readily seen that a profit of a few cents on an attachment adopted in the service would net a respectable fortune. There is room for improvement in the lock that is used in closing the bag, while the fastener is also far from perfect. The label holder, which incloses the slip of paper telling the destination of each bag, is susceptible of betterment, and the bag itself may be improved. The postoffice department now employs a canvas mail pouch, fitted with a stiff leather bottom and soft leather head, this being superior to the all-leather bag.

There have been no improvements in this line for many years, and an opportunity is offered for a genius to benefit himself and his country as well.

A REMEDY REQUIRED.

After years of desultory investigation, the country in the meantime rapidly filling up with objectionable immigrants, the heads of the immigration department of the United States have come to the conclusion that something must be done by the next congress to remedy the present condition of affairs. The conclusion has been reached that a bold and firm policy must be inaugurated, and new restrictions and qualifications will be asked that will make the entry of seriously objectionable foreigners much more difficult, if not an impossibility. Steps have already been taken to protect the general public of this country from two loathsome diseases with which thousands of the lower classes of Europe are afflicted. The diseases are trachoma, which attacks the eye, the favus, which shows itself in the form of sores in the scalp. Hundreds of aliens are turned away from our shores every year because they have one or the other of these diseases. Both are highly contagious and are easily transferred from one to another.

Medical officers of the United States marine hospital service are on guard at every port of entry in the United States, ready to single out foreigners afflicted with either trachoma or favus, and send them back to their homes. But this plan has many drawbacks, chief of which is that during the passage over to the United States the diseases are communicated to others, and this fact is not discovered until those thus infected have been admitted to our ports and released. It is believed that hundreds of persons with incipient cases of trachoma and favus in their systems are thus turned loose on the public every month.

Secretary Hay is in communication with several foreign governments to obtain permission to station United States medical officials at ports of departure to examine the emigrants and thus save the non-infected from the dangers of the disease while en route to this country.

The report of Special Traveling Immigration Agent Braun reveals a condition of affairs in Europe that should also be corrected. He learned that practically every one of the large steamship companies plying between European ports and the United States is violating the local laws which prohibit the encouragement of emigration. Each of the big companies has a small army of agents who scour the agricultural districts, working up sentiment favorable to emigration to the United States. Handbills and circulars containing highly colored statements of advantages to the poor in this country and the opportunities for making fortunes, are distributed everywhere. All of this is prohibited by the laws of Germany, Switzerland and other continental countries. Braun gives the names of many steamship companies that have agents in the field engaged in enterprises of this sort.

This matter should be called to the attention of the different countries where the laws are being violated, with a request for a stricter enforcement. This immigration question is getting to be a serious one and it is hoped that congress will throw off the influence of steamship and railway companies, which has largely stifled legislation, and enact laws that will at once remedy the great evil which exists today.

The United States Investor is authority for the statement that the gross earnings of forty-one roads for the second week in August were $8,589,910, against $7,706,863 for the second week of August, 1902, an increase of $874,047.

The opposition papers have Tom Johnson defeated already, but would it not be better to wait until all the returns are in?

Shamrock III is certain to get second money. No one can take that away from her.

Mr. Munsey might profitably take a course in the Pulitzer school of journalism.

A confetti-thrower was arrested in Oregon and examined as to his sanity. But why examine him?

A RIVAL IN CORN.

A few years ago wheat dealers and producers in the United States paid considerable attention to the wheat crop of the Argentine Republic. The increase in the wheat yield of Argentina was looked upon as a serious danger to the American farmers, because of the effect it had upon prices in the Liverpool market. But in more recent years the Argentine crop has become a minor consideration alongside the large and steadily growing production of wheat in the Canadian Northwest. The Canadian wheat is dumped into the Liverpool market and sold at prices that practically drive both the American shipper and the American miller out of the market.

But while Argentina has been supplanted by Canada as a rival in wheat production, the South American country is looming up as a serious rival in corn growing. Heretofore the United States has had pretty nearly a monopoly of corn growing, but Argentina has made wonderful strides in that line. Only two-fifths as large as the United States, and with only one-fifteenth as great a population, Argentina has a very fertile soil and genial climate, and is growing in population at a rapid rate. It is also becoming a great producer of corn, for which crop its soil and climate seem to be particularly well suited. The last year's crop of corn is reported to have covered 4,300,000 acres and to have measured 130,600,000 bushels. That is, of course, very much less than our 94,000,000 acres and 2,523,000,000 bushels. Yet proportionately to the population of the country, it is a creditable showing. Moreover, it is to be observed that the Argentines get more than thirty bushels from an acre, and get $1 of their currency, or 44 cents gold, a bushel for it, making a yield of $13.20 an acre, while corn raisers in the United States are content with 27 bushels to the acre, which, at 40 cents a bushel, means a yield of only $10.80 an acre. There may be no reason to be scared by the prospect of Argentine competition in the corn market, yet Argentina is destined to be a large producer of that grain.

SILVER COINAGE.

It is possible that the coinage of the big silver dollar of current circulation may be stopped in a few months, and its resumption will be a question to be decided by congress. This is due to the fact that the stock of silver bullion in the hands of the government is running low, and there is no present provision for renewing it. There are now on hand at the treasury and at the various mints only about 15,000,000 fine ounces of silver available for coinage into the cumbersome dollars. The law requires that the mints shall turn out 1,500,000 of these dollars every month of the year.

Owing to the work of getting out coins for the Philippines the output has not kept up to the monthly requirements, but it is estimated that by the first of the year all the bullion on hand will have been moulded into silver dollars. This will shut off this particular form of money and the treasury department will have to find a substitute. The greatest demand for currency is for notes of the $1 and $2-denominations, and it will be necessary for the department to find a substitute for the silver dollars. Owing to the cumbersome nature of these coins very few of them are actually put into circulation, but the public gets the full benefit of their coinage through the issuance of silver certificates in their stead. For each silver dollar that is coined a silver certificate worth one dollar, is issued, and the coin is held in the treasury to redeem the paper, when it outlives its usefulness or is presented for redemption. In this manner the piling up of silver dollars in the treasury vaults has continued until there are now more than 550,000,000 of them. Of the dollars actually in circulation there are comparatively few, numbering only 72,000,000. There are 454,000,000 one dollar silver certificates in circulation, however, and for each of these certificates there is a silver dollar in the treasury waiting to go out when the note is sent in for redemption.

The coinage of silver dollars has afforded a much-needed and popular form of circulating medium in the shape of the one dollar bills or silver certificates. The cutting off of this supply with the exhaustion of the stock of bullion in the course of the next few months, will bring up the question of whether or not congress is to continue the coinage of silver dolars by the purchase of further bullion. In the light of past experiences it is believed that this will never be done, at least, not in the immediate future. Congress was driven to the passage of the silver-purchasing act by the pressure from the free silverites back in 1890, although there was at that time a law requiring the treasury department to buy a certain amount of bullion every month.

It would seem that some substitute should be provided for the bulky dollar and a measure enacted by congress by which the large number on hand could be recoined into subsidiary pieces of which there is a great scarcity.

THE TROUBLES IN TURKEY.

The New York Sun points out the fact that the great troubles in Turkey arise largely from the dissensions among the Christian subjects themselves. The Christians of the Ottoman empire alone of all people seem not to have understood the axiom that in union is strength. Bulgarian, Greek, Servian, Armenian and Syrian Christians have been consumed by the Mussulmans through heir inextinguishable hatreds of each other. They hated each other because of differences of race and faith; the Gregorians, Eastern Orthodox, and Catholics of the different races, and even of the same race, persecuted and betrayed each other to the Turk. The Greek, Bulgarian and Servian, though belonging to the same religious rite, heartily detest each other, and at this moment we have the unlovely spectacle of the Greeks openly taking sides with their own and Bulgaria's enemies against their brothers in faith because of race; while those of the Catholic rite among them hate their brothers in race because of their difference in faith. Among the Armenians the condition has been even worse. Catholic Armenians have betrayed their brothers in race to the Turk, while the Protestants among them hold aloof with haughty superiority from the two other creeds.

Religious prejudice and racial obstinacy have been the bane of the Christians of European Turkey. These differences prepared the way for the Ottoman conquest and made the separated races an easy prey. By playing artfully upon these weaknesses the Turk has kept them in subjection with the aid of England and France in the now admittedly unjust war of 1854. With Christian unity the different peoples of the Balkans might all have had political freedom; but they willed otherwise, and the ratpit in Macedonia is the outcome.

It is evident, however, that a change is to occur. Turkey has shown that she cannot control these warring sects, and the patience of the powers is completely exhausted. Some plan will now be formulated whereby peace will be assured even to the annihilation of the offenders as a sect or party.

Yacht racing is the sport of millionaires, but even millionaires cannot buy a breeze.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"I owe all I have, and I posses at least $2.60, to a newspaper man, and I am always sorry when I cannot turn a reporter against a good story," said George A. Davidson, a promoter who is heavily interested in Indiana and Texas oil fields, last evening as he blew a cloud of cigar smoke at an imaginary mosquito on the roof of the Spalding.

Accepting and lighting a block perfecto offered him the reporter listened while Mr. Davidson swung idly back and forth in his rocker and continued:

"Years ago I had made a few thousand dollars in getting in on a timber deal down in Illinois but, like most young fellows, I failed to realize that good things do not always last and after the money stopped flowing in I kept up the pace that I had adopted when a $20 bill looked like a tip to a waiter I supposo nearly everybody has had a taste of the consequences of this sort of thing so I need hardly say that within a couple of years I was not only where I had started from but was deeply in debt I, in sheer desperation, continued to pile up the indebtedness while I vainly plunged around endeavoring to make a strike of some kind before my debts gave me a knockout blow.

"Then my creditors began to bother me and I was afraid that they would shut myself and family off from obtaining the necessities of life. I still had sense enough to see that the end could not be far off and I decided to run over to St. Louis and see if an old friend could not put me on the track of something good. I found my friend in bad shape and he told me that I could do him a favor by holding in trust for him some valuable Louisiana timber lands which he was afraid his creditors would get for a song should he be sold out through the bankruptcy courts.

"About this stage of the game I would have stopped at nothing short of murder and readily agreed to become the owner of the property. The bills of sale were properly made out and in due course of time I became the owner of several thousands of acres of land. My St. Louis friend had an office boy whose brother was a reporter and when I arrived at the hotel that evening I found the reporter waiting for me. Meanwhile my Louisiana possessions had grown to enormous value in the transfer of information through the office boy, telephone, city editor and reporter and about the first question I was asked was whether or not I had paid some hundreds of thousands of dollars for the land. In order to protect my friend I acknowledged that I had done so and to back up the first lie gave figures to prove it.

"The next morning my name was at the head of a column and a half of information which made me a millionaire, at least in type. I went home the next day to get away from persons in St. Louis who might be too inquisitive. The news of my 'purchase' had preceeded me and when I arrived my creditors met me with the glad hand and showed that they wanted to keep me on their books. Along about this time one of the bankers in the town discovered traces of oil on property he owned in Indiana and he asked me to get in on the ground floor, but I held aloof as I did not want people to learn that I was worse than a bankrupt. Seeing that I would not put money into the thing, but, wanting my name for stock selling purposes, they selected me president of the company and gave me a bunch of stock.

"They raised a few thousand dollars and the officials visited the fields and made contracts for having a well driven. We then returned home. The drillers did not strike oil but they struck natural gas! In two days my stock was worth $250,000. I sold out, paid my debts and still have some of the $250,000 left, although I lost part of it by going into Texas and California oil speculation. The good part of this is that I went to find the reporter who gave me my boost and found that he had entered the ministry. I recently bought him a mission somewhere out in Nebraska."

Ex-Mayor C. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding enroute from his camp on the Brule river, where he has been staying for the last month, to his home. In speaking of fishing, Mr. O'Brien said:

"Rod sport has been very poor this summer, owing to the high water which has prevailed on all of the rivers and lakes. The Brule river is at least six inches higher than I have ever seen it and the water has been muddy all during the month of August."

Mr. O'Brien is still a political worker of no mean ability and never lets a chance slip by to put in a word for his party. When introduced to a person, who has just made his residence in this state, Mr. O'Brien said: "For heaven's sake, vote the Democratic ticket. There are already too many Republicans here."

* * *

He was one of those Teutons with an amber-colored beard and a physique that showed the effects of rigid military training in the fatherland. He stepped to the cigar counter in the Spalding with a stride that hold his years. With a pair of immense field glasses hanging idly on his hip and with his forefinger raised commandingly in the air he addressed the fair attendant:

"I vant—I—I—vish—I—I—vanta—a Daloot."

"I beg your pardon," sweetly replied the clerk, "what did you ask for?"

"A Daloot—on—paper—a Daloot, a vat you call it? I don't know. You possible know—a Daloot.'"

"Oh, a paper. Certainly, here is one," was the reply as she placed a paper on the show case.

"No—nono. You get me a—a—a, what you call it, gide?"

"Oh, no. I would not get you guyed around here for anything," was the earnest response. Then pensively said: "I wish I could do something to help you out."

"Ach, you do not already understand yet. Why vouldn't I English talk? I vant a guide—a mip—a mep—a map! Ah, yes, a man, dot's it, a map. Yes, yes, a map. Ah, thank you. Many much obliged to you."

And the sale of a map of the city of Duluth was consumated.

* * *

M. P. Munger, whose father is one of the leading business men of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, accompanied by Miss Elsie Munger, Miss Eva M. Arnold, L. E. Richardson and H. C. Richardson, all of Cedar Rapids, stopped at the St. Louis today enroute to the Munger camp at Cass lake.

* * *

The Misses Conmee, daughters of James Conmee, member of parliament of the Algoma district, accompanied by their sister, Mrs. James Whalen and John A. Whalen, of Port Arthur, are guests at the St. Louis.

* * *

The Rev. A. E. Driscoll, of St. Paul, pastor at large of the Presbyterian church, is staying at the McKay.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: Arthur Blue, T. F. Luger, Fargo; O. Silleaman, St. Paul; C. H. Gould, Minneapolis; H. O. B. Harding, George S. Eddy, Minneapolis; Mrs. E. A. Wheeler, Grand Rapids; O. D. O'Brien, St. Paul; W. C. Cargill, Cleveland; B. J. Clergue, Sault Ste. Marie; Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Strong, Faribault; Fred C. Samuls, Minneapolis; Jacob Megerth, Calumet, Mich.; James Robinson, Hibbing; D. McEachin, Hibbing; Dr. A. W. Shaw, Buhl; A. Blackburn, Nashwauk; N. B. Whitecere, St. Paul; T. J. Janny, Miss E. L. Anderson, Miss Grace M. Wood, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Newton, Mountain Iron.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: Samuel Cleveland, H. D. Powers, St. Paul; James Anderson, Winnipeg; M. P. Munger, Eva M. Arnold, Miss Elsie Munger, L. E. Richardson, H. C. Richardson, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; O. P. Stehn, J. W. Sargent, Minneapolis; Mrs. A. G. Habbegger, Miss Hilda Nelson, Wrenshall, John A. Whalen, Mrs. James Whalen, the Misses Conmee, Port Arthur; G. E. Safford, Cutkin; H. V. Peartman, Minneapolis; E. W. Smith, Hibbing; J. W. Nelson, Taylor's Falls.

At the Hotel McKay: H. H. James, Iron River; William M. Brunell, Nelson, B. C.; A. R. Miller, N. N. Ronning, Minneapolis; A. E. Driscoll, St. Paul; J. H. Henderson, Minneapolis; G. E. Pickard, Two Harbors; Fred Moorvill, Tower; Charles C. Neale, Minneapolis; J. C. Burgess, Tower; Alex MacDougall, J. A. Cummings, Two Harbors; William J. Palen, Grand Rapids; Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Laud, Skibo; F. G. Johnston, E. J. Murphy, St. Paul.

They Don't Know In Georgia.

Atlanta Journal: Senator Hanna, of Ohio, doubtless went to see the trial yacht races merely to satisfy his curiosity as to what is a yacht, anyhow.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Tuesday, Sept. 1.—Showers or thunderstorms occurred during Monday or last night over Saskatchewan, Manitoba, the eastern lake region, Ohio valley, south Atlantic states, eastern Texas, and New Mexico. Barometric depressions overile Manitoba, south Atlantic states, and southern California, while pressures are high over the central valleys and far Northwest. It is warmer over Minnesota and cooler in the far West and Northwest with temperatures slightly below 40 degrees from Alberta northward. The winds in the lake region are light to fresh and variable with showery weather on eastern Lake Erie and threatening conditions on western Superior.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	81	Medicine Hat	72
Battleford	66	Memphis	74
Bismarck	68	Miles City	84
Boston	64	Milwaukee	70
Buffalo	74	Minnedosa	80
Calgary	65	Modena	90
Charleston	86	Montgomery	84
Chicago	64	Moorhead	78
Cincinnati	70	New Orleans	84
Davenport	74	New York	70
Denver	90	North Platte	84
Detroit	66	Oklahoma	82
Dodge City	86	Omaha	76
Duluth	74	Omaha	76
Edmonton	60	Pittsburg	74
El Paso	90	Portland	78
Escanaba	70	Prince Albert	68
Galveston	70	Qu Appelle	74
Galveston	86	Rapid City	94
Green Bay	72	San Francisco	76
Havre	80	Santa Fe	78
Helena	80	Shreveport	86
Houghton	70	Spokane	74
Huron	84	St. Louis	70
Jacksonville	90	St. Paul	70
Kamloops	68	Sault Ste Marie	62
Kansas City	74	Swift Current	72
Knoxville	74	Washington	68
La Crosse	74	Williston	84
Landon	84	Winnemucca	90
Los Angeles	80	Winnipeg	76
Marquette	64		

Forecasts for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m., (local time), Wednesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Probably local showers this afternoon or tonight. Generally fair Wednesday. Cooler. Fresh and possibly brisk westerly to northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Cicago, Sept. 1.—Forecast till 7 p. m., Wednesday: Wisconsin—Generally fair and cool tonight and Wednesday.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday except possibly showers in northwest portion this afternoon or tonight. Cooler tonight.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday. Cooler tonight.

Upper Lakes—Light to fresh variable winds, mostly west to southwest. Generally fair tonight and Wednesday.

INVINCIBLE CUPID

By M. F. Rittenhouse.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"You're not very brave, Joan," remarked Marion Fleming, surveying her friend with mingled contempt and pity.

"No," agreed Joan meekly, "I am not, but it isn't altogether my fault, I've had to obey my aunt ever since I can remember. It's not so easy to assert yourself when you've been ruled all your life. I don't believe you would have the courage to make a stand against Aunt Amanda."

Marion's eyes flashed. "Forty Aunt Amanda's couldn't make me give up the man I loved," she declared, "and marry old Jay Spencer."

"It is horrid. I don't want to marry him," quavered Joan, "but what can I do?"

"Have you written to Neil about it?" demanded Marion.

Joan shook her head. "Aunt Amanda said not, and I just didn't dare," she answered.

"Oh, why didn't you tell me this before?" cried Marion, impatiently. "The wedding day only a week away, and it will be at least eight days before Neil can get a letter and then come on here."

"But I don't dare write to him," cried Joan. "Aunt Amanda said not. You needn't scold or look at me like that, Marion, for I can't help it."

"Girls," called the harsh, rasping voice of Miss Amanda Weathers, and the girls sprang to their feet and presented themselves to that worthy lady, with surprising promptness.

Miss Amanda, spare of form and stern of feature, at once noted Joan's red eyes. "You girls have been talking nonsense about that young Graves, and I want it stopped," she said severely. "Marion Fleming, I hired you to do plain sewing, not to talk gentle lovesick nonsense to this silly girl."

"Now, I want you to understand Joan will marry Mr. Spencer this day week. She'll never have another chance like him. Steady, well-to-do, reliable men don't grow on every bush. There's not a girl in the whole settlement that wouldn't jump at him," and Miss Amanda eyed Marion meaningly.

"She'll marry him because I wish her to. Isn't that sufficient reason? Isn't she my niece? Haven't I fed and clothed and slaved for her ever since she was a little red, ugly baby, that nobody else marry the man I've chosen for her?

"And where would you be if Jay Spencer hadn't given you the Ford school last winter?" she demanded, fiercly of Marion. "Where's your gratitude? Pah! You idle young fools make me sick. Go back to your work, and don't let me know of your talking nonsense again, do you hear."

"Yes, ma'am," said Joan, meekly, and they went back to their sewing with tingling ears.

That night, with Joan slumbering peacefully by her side, Marion pondered over the problem of preventing the marriage until the arrival of Neil Graves.

True to her promise to Joan that afternoon, she had written him the true state of affairs. "You must come prepared to take Joan away with you," she told him, "for nothing else will prevent her aunt marrying her to Mr. Spencer."

"He will marry her and take her away, I'll never see either of them again," thought Marion, bitterly. Yes, Neil would marry Joan—Joan who would love anyone who petted and made much of her; who would even be happy with Jay Spencer, if he were kind to her, while she—here poor Marion shoked back the rising sob; for had she not loved Neil ever since childhood? Those happy days when the three, Neil, Joan and Marion, were inseparable.

When Neil nearer manhood he began to lavish the affections hitherto equally divided between the two girls, upon Joan.

Perhaps as he grew older and wiser, he realized the difference in the social status of the two girls, for Marion's people were all poor, and many of them disreputable, while the Spencers, Graves, and Weathers were the aristocrats of the settlement, and nowhere are the "400" more exclusive in their matrimonial alliances than in a sparsely settled New England neighborhood.

Perhaps he had always cared more for Joan. At any rate, when he came home from college, prepared to leave for the "Middle West," where he was to engage in business with an uncle, he and Joan told Marion of their engagement, and she, bravely hiding her love and wounded pride, listened to their plans for the future, with a smiling face.

At the time, Miss Amanda made no objections to the engagement; for Neil was quite a promising young man, but when six months later, Jay Spencer, a bald, uncomely gentleman of fifty, sued for Joan's hand, Miss Amanda promptly ordered her to accept him.

He was by far the wealthiest person in the whole community, and virtually controlled the postoffice, school, and public offices by reason of his influence over the people, who were chiefly his tenants, and stood much in awe of him.

Miss Amanda at once began preparations for the wedding. She commanded Joan to stop writing to "that young Graves," and not to "chatter nonsense about not wanting to marry Mr. Spencer."

Poor, timid Joan told no one of her distaste for her elderly lover, until marion, employed by Miss Amanda to sew on the trousseau, taxed her with unfaithfulness. Then Joan told the whole, miserable truth, and tearfully appealed to Marion for aid.

And now, Marion tossed restlessly on her pillow, scheming desperately to save Joan for the man she herself loved.

"Let the marriage go on," whispered jealousy. "Why do you interfere? Neil used to love you best. If Joan was only out of the way, who knows what might happen—"

"Neil shall marry Joan," cried Marion's better self. "She is more fit to be his wife than I. He would always be ashamed of my people. Oh, Neil! Neil! I love you too well to be a drag upon you, dear."

All week Marion racked her brain for some means of postponing the marriage until Neil's arrival, but all in vain. The Graves family were away for the summer, and the rest of the neighborhood rented their small farms of either Miss Amanda, or Mr. Spencer, and would never dare brave the combined wrath of the lover and the aunt, by aiding her in any way.

Joan was too cowardly to run away, and if she were to attempt to do so, would surely be captured by her resolute aunt. Matters looked very black for Joan.

Finally, two days before the one set for the wedding, Marion, gloomily beating eggs in the kitchen, cast her eyes upward in despairing meditation, and her glance alighted on a haven of refuge for Joan.

Suspended by a chain from the high kitchen ceiling, hung Miss Amanda's mammoth copper kettle, used only once or twice each year for apple butter making and kindred pursuits, and more than large enough to conceal Joan. She could sit in it in comparative comfort.

That night she unfolded her plan to Joan, whose enthusiasm was so great that she proposed retiring into the kettle at once.

"That would make four whole days and nights that you'd be in it," reasoned Marion, "for Neil can't possibly get here before the morning after the day set for the wedding."

Early on the wedding morning Marion roused Joan, who hastily dressed, and with the aid of the kitchen table, settled herself in her hiding place.

Soon afterward, Miss Amanda arose, and after dressing, entered the girls' room, where she found Marion apparently in sound slumber, while Joan's place beside her was empty.

"Where is Joan?" she cried, giving Marion a shake.

"Isn't she here?" inquired Marion, sleepily.

After calling her a few times and making a short search over the premises Miss Amanda roused the hired men, and sent them in pursuit of the truant bride.

In justice to Miss Amanda, I must record that the roadways and the neighbor's buildings were scoured and ransacked with a thoroughness worthy of a Pinkerton, and her own premises she searched not at all.

During the day Marion, at every opportunity dumped provisions into the kettle till Joan implored her to stop.

The day was spent in fruitless search and at nightfall, upon some one suggesting that they drag the pond, the stern Miss Amanda was melted to tears.

"If I only had her here, she should marry whom she pleased," she said, as she sat weeping 'neath the kettle.

At this Joan's head appeared above the kettle, but a severe frown from Marion caused it to vanish.

A few hours later, Joan, and Marion who was hovering near, heard Mr. Spencer attempt to console the disconsolate spinster. "Come, come," he said, "you'll worry yourself sick. Don't be afraid she's made away with herself. She and young Graves are married by this time."

"I would be scandalous of her to serve you that way," murmured she. "I don't see how she could do it."

Mr. Spencer cleared his throat. "Miss Amanda," he said, "I've been doing some serious thinking the last day. What does a man my age want with a silly young chit for a wife? Why wouldn't a sensible woman your age be more of a companion for me?"

Miss Amanda sighed.

"I've just been thinking," he continued persuasively, "what a suitable match you and I would make. I own a good house, and six hundred acres of the best land in the state. I don't owe a dollar, and I'd be a good husband to you."

Again Miss Amanda sighed gently.

"And you're well fixed, too," went on Mr. Spencer. "There must be a hundred and sixty acres here."

"I'm afraid it wouldn't look well, seeing that we don't know where Joan is," hesitated she.

"Oh, she's all right," Mr. Spencer assured her airily. "You may depend upon it. She's Mrs. Graves by this time. If you'll just say the word, Amanda, I'll have the parson and the license here by 8 o'clock in the morning. Just say the word, Amanda."

Miss Amanda reflected hurriedly. Here was a piece of unprecedented good fortune. Her first and probably her last matrimonial offer. A golden opportunity not to be missed, and Miss Amanda, like the wise virgin she was—"said the word."

The next morning found the weary Joan still in hiding, when Mr. Spencer arrived with the preacher. She had begged Marion to allow her to present herself, but that young lady was firm.

"You don't stir out of the kettle till they are safely married," she said.

"Do you think Amanda might change her mind?" faltered the captive.

"Well, Mr. Spencer might," was the reply.

Just as the ceremony was about to be performed, Marion, pale as death, yet smiling triumphantly, entered the room. "Suppose me have a double wedding," she said, and then Neil Graves appeared in the doorway.

At the sight of him, unaccompanied by Joan, Miss Amanda wept aloud. "The poor dear is in the pond," she wailed.

"Where is Joan?" cried Neil sternly, and Joan, from the kettle, piped weakly "here I am."

"You wicked, disobedient girl!" cried Miss Amanda. "You deserve to be slapped."

That afternoon as they watched Neil and Joan depart for their western home, Mrs. Jay Spencer turned to Marion and said: "Well, the young fools are married at last, and it's all your work."

Marion smiled wearily. "Yes," she said, "all my work."

Mrs. Jay Spencer eyed her sharply, then suddenly the keen eyes divined something of the truth. With unusual tenderness she stooped and kissed Marion's pale cheek.

"You shall have the school just the same," she declared.

But Marion was straining her eyes for one last glimpse of the lovers, and they heeded her not.

Infatuation.

Lippincott's: "Who, pray, are you?" queried Love, touching the stranger inquiringly, for Love is blind.

"Infatuation is my name," replied the other.

"Indeed, and might I know who taught you my arts?" Love asked severely.

"I have often watched you practice with the bow, and——"

"And so masqueraded in my name!" interrupted Love angrily.

"Heaven forbid! I am no blasphemer," ejaculated Infatuation piously. "If foolish mortals call me Love in spite of warnings, that I cannot help."

"True," answered Love thoughtfully, "I see that I have misclassed you with one other."

"The Base Born?"

"Aye, he who cajoles weak women in the holy name of Eros."

"I know him well," nodded Infatuation, "his mother is Greed——"

"And his sire is Satan," finished Love, turning his ear attentively towards the murmuring city, which was, as usual, calling him.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Some men are not fit even for themselves to associate with.

It would be a terrible temptation to take out insurance on one's mother-in-law.

It takes a widow to act as if she were puzzled to death over what being married is like.

You can always tell by how ripe a woman's lips are how much a man would like to see if any of it will come off.

After a woman makes up her mind that a thing isn't so terrible as she thought it was before she knew all about it, generally she begins to look for something else that is.

Singers and Public Speakers will find Piso's Cure for Consumption an effectual cure for hoarseness.

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS.

Tuesday, September 1st, 1903.

Newest shapes in small furs. Boas, collars, muffs and sets. For ladies, misses and babies. Nearly every desirable style and all the fashionable furs. Because they are samples we secured them at a great discount. You can do the same. You'll save from a quarter to a third, and the season has hardly begun. Muffs 75 cents to $20. Collars and boas, $1 to $45. Sets, $1 to $12.

A late freight shipment carried the new velvet. Velvet is to be a favorite fabric this fall. We have to be content with less than our usual profit to give the values we do at 75c and $1. The $1 ones are both plain and corded and in all the new shades. Metal print velvet and figured velveteens are to be much used. They are rich and elegant. Blue and white; black and white; green and black. 75 cents a yard.

Read's silk warp crepe de chine at $1 and Landsdowne at $1.25 have an established reputation. All the new colors.

Wednesday and Thursday are children's days. Free embroidery lessons given to every girl who buys a stamped doily and the silk to work it with. 8-inch stamped doilies, 1 cent each.

Stamped linen turnover collars in pink, blue, green and red, 2 for 5 cents.

Interstate cars take you to our store.

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11th Street and Tower Avenue,
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SMILING REMARKS.

Philadelphia Ledger: Grapht—My dear old uncle, Mr. Richman, is very ill and likely to die at any moment.

Sharpe—Sorry, old man, but I can't lend you a cent.

Youth's Companion: Mamma—What is Willie crying about?

Maid—Shure, ma'am, he wanted to go across the street to Tommy Brown's.

Mamma—Well, why don't you let him go?

Maid—They were havin' charades over there, he said, ma'am, and I wasn't sure as he'd had 'em yet.

Philadelphia Press: "After all, the old saying, 'There's always room at the top,' doesn't mean anything."

"Unless it means," replied the traveling man, "that the lower berths in a sleeper are usually taken before you get there."

Kansas City Journal: "Do yez believe thimtane is an unlucky number, Dugan?"

"That Oi do, Maginnis. Oi made money all lasht year fr' th' beginnin' till th' lind. It wor a moighty lucky year, and why? It had but twelve months in it."

Brooklyn Life: Gas Man—I came (hic) to see y'r gas meter.

Lady of the House—But you've been drinking.

"Orders of the company. Now I see double."

"Don't you think that you are deficient in sentiment toward your country?"

"No, sir," answered Senator Sorghum, with emphasis, "but there is a time for everything. I'm as patriotic as anybody every Fourth of July. The rest of the year it's business."

Philadelphia Press: "Doctor," said the sweet young thing, "I've been told that eating cucumbers will remove freckles."

"So it will, under one condition," replied Dr. Gruff.

"And what is that?"

"That the freckles are on the cucumbers."

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FAMILY IN SLAVERY

Aged White Man and Ten Children Kept In Servitude.

Their Persecutors Finally Brought Before the Grand Jury.

Montgomery, Ala., Sept. 1.—Marion Prestwood, a wealthy turpentine operator of Troy, Ala., his son, Noah Prestwood, a merchant and justice of the peace, and Will Goodson, a bailiff, have been bound over to the United States court under bonds of $500 each on the charge of holding Bob English, an aged white man, and his family of ten children in involuntary servitude.

According to the testimony, Prestwood had a contract with the man English in last by which he was to furnish English and his family with rations in consideration of the family working sixty acres on shares with Prestwood. When the crop was nearly made, Prestwood ceased to furnish rations, the family was in most destitute circumstances, and Prestwood took possession of the entire crop. English undertook to get work for himself and boys in the neighborhood to support his family. One of the children was sick nigh unto death.

Prestwood tried to prevent the old man from getting work, and proceeded to have him and his boys arrested by making affidavit before Noah Prestwood, his son and justice of the peace, charging the Englishes with burning some of his turpentine boxes. This charge the defendant admitted on the stand was absolutely groundless, and gave as an excuse that the old man refused to help put out the fire.

Goodson made the arrest, and carried English and his family before Noah Prestwood, where they were informed that the case was not bailable and that they would have to go to jail, or at least that was the testimony. The testimony further showed that the justice had not placed any case on the docket and that the warrants had not been returned to any court by the bailiff.

When English was being carried to the jail he decided to accept the compromise offered by the defendant, which was that he and the whole family should work until 1905 in order to pay the damage done the turpentine or boxes alleged to have been burned.

TROUBLES OF CHINA.

Famine In the Interior and Financial Crisis.

New York, Sept. 1.—C. F. Gammon, superintendent of the America Bible society for North China, thus writes to the society concerning the distress in that country, caused by the recurrence of a dire famine in that region.

"All through the winter and thus far in the summer there has been no moisture. No snow, no rain, no dew. The spring crops have failed and famine is already upon some districts. Wives, sons and daughters are being sold to those who can afford to buy, at a few dollars, in some districts being sold by the pound, the price being less than that of rice.

"The emperor has been offering special prayers for rain, the minor officials have called upon the people to pray likewise, and the gods of many famous temples have been pleaded with in vain. As a last resort the emperor has ordered the governor of Pekin to proceed 300 miles south to escort from a sacred well the iron tablet that is suspended there, and which is supposed to bring the needed rain when all lother prayers have failed. The tablet will be worshipped by the masses all along the route to Pekin, and then will follow services to it in the great temples of the capital.

"Another serious matter is the great financial crisis in Tien Tsin and Pekin. Over 70 of the most reliable native banks in the north have smashed, and in Tien Tsin the troops are ordered out to prevent rioting.

"If cholera visits us this year, what, with the trade stagnant, famine and money out of circulation, this part of the Chinese empire will be too horrible to describe. And yet cholera is already beginning to appear."

ROBERTS NOT COMING.

Will Not Visit United States This Autumn.

London, Sept. 1.—Although Field Marshal Lord Roberts is still booked to sail for Boston on the Mayflower, Sept. 23, it can now be definitely stated that he is not going to the United States this autumn. The alteration in his plans was necessitated by the postponement of the British army manœuvers until the middle of September, because of the bad weather, which has retarded the harvesting of the crops, and the situation in Somaliland, the war office not wanting Lord Roberts to be absent while the new East African campaign is in preparation.

IDOLS ARE HIS PETS.

Queer Character Whose Companions Are Wooden Gods.

Grand Rapids, Wis., Sept. 1.—Near the eastern boundary of this city stands one of the smallest dwellings in the county. It is surrounded by a rich growth of tall pines and oaks. Within hailing distance is located the Forest Hill cemetery. Among the trees are huge curious images and pictures of heathen gods. On the door is fastened the head of a Chinese dragon, whose eyes, made of compound lenses, have a fierce expression when the sun's rays beat upon them.

The scene presented on a dark and stormy night is even more mystical. The grove is lighted with many colored lights, issuing from the eyes of the gods and dragons. Curious sounds are heard. An old man, carrying a lantern and humming a solemn dirge, walks about, caressing now this god, now that. From time to time he enters the house to read an old worn book, as if to gain inspiration for some future work.

Many children from the city visit the grove during the day, but only the most brave attempt to solve the mysterious gloom that surrounds the place at night.

This is the home of Joseph Corson, the sailor, the traveler, the pirate, the hermit, the idol worshiper.

Corson served as a sailor on one of the warships in the civil war. In 1868 he was captured by a pirate vessel off the coast of Africa and then became converted to that mode of life for two years. "The excitement of this life soon became monotonous and I escaped," says Corson. He made his way to China and India and remained there ten years. Here he labored for heathen priests until he himself, according to his own testimony, was converted. When he left China he took with him a number of idols, and these he now daily worships.

Corson does not mingle very much with the people of the city. He prefers solitude, although he is very kind to all who come to visit him.

He seems to be sincere in the worship of the idols. He tolerates no mockery on the part of those who do not believe as he does.

It is rumored that Corson is very rich. At times thieves have broken into the cabin, but their search for wealth has apparently been unsuccessful. If Corson has money he certainly knows how to hide it.

IRELAND PROSPEROUS.

So Says Former Lord Mayor of Dublin.

New York, Sept. 1.—Valentine Dillon, ex-lord mayor of Dublin, who arrived on the Arabic yesterday, has this to say of the political situation in Ireland today:

"Ireland has not been more prosperous in three decades than she now is. While the landlord problem is far from being settled finally, the situation is exceedingly comfortable now. One happy circumstance is that the land bill has at least, for the present, pleased both sides.

"There is no great poverty in Ireland today. Neither is there great wealth—such as is to be found in America or in England. But the dire suffering which was felt there a few years ago is not known now. The visit of the king, his democratic ways, his attitude toward the church, and his respect for the death of its temporal head, have all won for him a loyalty and love unprecedented.

"I believe that immigration from Ireland will rapidly decrease and that is an undeniable evidence of growing prosperity. Ireland has been flooded with tourists this year, a large number of whom were Americans or Irish-Americans."

FALL TERM

Will begin at the Duluth Business University, for day and evening classes on Monday, Sept. 7. College office open from 8 a. m. until 8 p. m. each week day until the opening. All intending to enroll for this opening are requested to call and make final arrangements. Location, 105-7 West Superior street.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Ironwood Miner Terribly Injured By Premature Blast.

Ironwood—Ben Carnow, a Cornish miner employed at the Norrie mine, was terribly injured by a premature blast at No. 7 shaft. He will lose his eyesight.

Bessemer—Undersheriff Rowett has been appointed game warden for this county.

The Oliver Mining company has just completed a short line railroad of its own from Green's siding, on the Chicago & Northwestern road, to its timber camps south.

The Rev. T. J. Joslin, for the last four years pastor of the Methodist church at Essexville, has removed to Adrian, Mich., where he retires on the superannuated list of the church. He has spent fifty years in its ministry, and also is one of the few living Michigan men who helped organize for the abolition of slavery "under the oaks at Jackson" in 1854.

Iron River—While Gilbert Williams, driver of a delivery wagon at Iron River, was near the depot his horse became frightened, ran away and threw the boy onto the track directly in front of an approaching train. The engine tender and mail car passed over his body before the train was stopped. Spectators of the accident rushed to the spot expecting to pick up a corpse, but instead, although he was severely injured, the boy was still living. A leg was broken, caused by his fall, and aside from some bad bruises the lad had also sustained a fracture of the skull. He was removed to a hospital, where he is already on the road to recovery. Young Williams lays his escape from death to the fact that he was thrown in between two ties and squeezed himself into the smallest space possible.

Wakefield—Castile mine, formerly Joliet and Meteor, is putting in new machinery. A lodge of the United Workmen, with twenty-two charter members, was instituted last week.

Iron Mountain—William Fisher has been arrested at Iron Mountain on a warrant sworn out by Mrs. William Lund, charging him with attempted criminal assault. He is confined in the county jail awaiting examination, being unable to furnish $2000 bonds. Fisher came to Iron Mountain about two months ago from St. Paul. He claimed he was a detective and called on the chief of police, informing that officer that he "was on a big lay" and would probably need his assistance shortly. The same day the chief arrested Fisher on suspicion of being wanted in Wisconsin for robbing a postoffice, his description fitting that sent out by the Wisconsin officers. Later he was released. He has been doing upholstering in the city since then.

THEY MAKE IT FIVE

White Sox Again Win From the Superior Ball Tossers.

Twelve Innings to Settle It—Fargo Shuts Out Winnipeg.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Winnipeg	60	25	.698
Grand Forks	53	34	.609
Crookston	51	36	.586
Duluth	38	47	.447
Fargo	34	57	.374
Superior	24	68	.293

In a twelve inning game of considerable hard hitting and many errors the White Sox made it five straight from Superior yesterday.

Noldin had an off-day and his wildness together with a couple of errors in the first gave Superior five runs. In the second Duluth got two on Wilkes' double and Crippen's timely single. In the fifth Duluth drove the ball in all directions scoring seven runs. In the seventh Superior scored two more and in the eighth ties the score.

Duluth got in with the winning run in the twelfth with two men out. Kennally reached first on an error by McGuire and was sacrificed around to third scoring on another of Prof. Crippen's timely swats. The score:

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Quillan, 3b	6	1	2	2	2	1
Shepard, ss	6	1	2	2	4	0
Lagger, cf	6	0	1	0	0	0
Kennally, 1b, c	6	2	1	12	0	0
Brockway, 2b	5	2	0	5	2	2
Wilkes, lf	6	2	1	1	0	0
Crippen, c	4	0	1	6	2	1
Gehring, 1b	5	0	1	4	1	0
Shaw, rf, p	5	0	1	2	0	1
Nolden, p, rf	5	1	1	3	2	1
Totals	51	10	11	36	14	6

SUPERIOR.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
McGuire, ss	5	2	2	2	3	3
Cassiboine, 2b	5	1	1	1	3	0
Foster, cf	6	1	0	2	0	1
Page, 3b	5	1	2	0	4	1
Spellicey, lf	6	1	1	0	1	0
Hutter, rf	6	1	1	2	0	1
Hule, 1b	5	0	0	15	0	0
Howard, c	5	0	1	12	1	0
Doll, p	5	1	0	2	1	1
Totals	49	9	10	*35	12	6

*Two out when winning run was scored.

	R	H	E
Duluth	0 2 0 0 7 0 0 0 0 0 1—10	11	6
Superior	5 0 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 0— 9	10	6

Summary: Three-base hits, Cassibone; two-base hits, Wilkes, Hutter, Kennally, Shephard. Sacrifice hits, Brockway. Bases on balls, by Nolden, 3; by Shaw, 1; by Doll, 1. Struck out, by Nolden, 4; by Shaw, 3; by Doll, 10. Stolen bases, Quillan, Shaw, Page, Doll. Left on bases, Superior, 6; Duluth, 7. Innings pitched, by Doll, 12; by Noldin, 9; by Shaw, 3. Attendance, 600. Umpire, McCallum.

• • •

Poor Crookston's second place ambition is getting bumped hard. In a pitchers' battle between Slette and Martin the Montana curve promoter was given better support than the lean man of crossfire fame and Grand Forks won in the tenth. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Grand Forks	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—2	5	2
Crookston	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1	5	4

Batteries—Grand Forks, Slette and Mullane; Crookston, Martin and Edwards.

• • •

Fargo played great ball yesterday and succeeded in shutting out Winnipeg. Burns pitched rings all around Bartos and was given perfect support. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Fargo	0 0 0 2 0 1 1 0 x—4	8	2
Winnipeg	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	4	0

Batteries—Fargo, Burns and Bonthorn; Winnipeg, Bartos and Cameron.

• • •

King, the Superior short stop, recently injured in Winnipeg, will probably have some of the skull bones removed. He is still in bad condition. King was a married man, his wife living at Bloomington, Ill.

• • •

Cameron, the utility man of the Winnipeg team has been engaged as football coach by the East Side Minneapolis high school.

• • •

Winnipeg and St. Paul are figuring on championship-pennant-winning-bar ea r championship – pennant – winning-barnstorming series at the close of the season.

• • •

The Independent Bismarck team which defeated St. Cloud in a queer game recently bumped up against Northern league company on Sunday and lost to Fargo by a score of 14 to 0.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 4; Philadelphia, 1. Second game—New York, 9; Philadelphia, 2.
At Chicago—Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 2.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 14; Boston, 4.
At St. Louis—Pittsburg, 9; St. Louis, 6.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Washington—Washington, 2; Boston, 1. Second game—Boston, 5; Washington, 2.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 8; Cleveland, 2. Second game—St. Louis, 6; Cleveland, 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Columbus—Columbus, 6; Milwaukee, 4.
At Louisville—St. Paul, 6; Louisville, 3.
At Toledo—Toledo, 8; Kansas City, 8.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	77	33	.700
New York	69	46	.600
Chicago	67	46	.593
Cincinnati	60	51	.541
Brooklyn	55	55	.500
Boston	46	62	.426
St. Louis	38	73	.328
Philadelphia	35	68	.339

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	72	49	.646
Cleveland	68	50	.553
Philadelphia	60	52	.536
Detroit	55	54	.509
New York	55	52	.508
Chicago	52	60	.464
St. Louis	52	59	.469
Washington	36	76	.321

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	77	38	.669
Louisville	69	47	.595
Milwaukee	67	48	.582
Indianapolis	61	55	.526
Kansas City	57	56	.504
Columbus	50	69	.420
Minneapolis	43	74	.367
Toledo	39	77	.336

Never give up! Not while you can buy Ayer's Sarsaparilla. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

BUSY MEN

Should Weigh This Question and Profit By a Duluth Citizen's Experience.

Kidney ills develop quickly.

Only a little backache at first.

Neglect the ache, other troubles follow—

Urinary disorders, diabetes, Bright's disease.

Doan's Kidney Pills save many lives.

Cure kidney ills before too late.

Duluth people endorse them.

Mr. W. W. Scott, telegraph operator on the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, living at Sixty-sixth avenue west, corner of Raleigh street, says: "I was troubled with dull, aching pains through my loins and kidneys, caused, I think, from constant sitting when at work. At times my back was so lame and sore that I could scarcely straighten. The kidney secretions were irregular and unnatural in appearance and I was also troubled a great deal with dull, persistent headaches. I was induced to go to W. A. Abbett's drug store and get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills from seeing them so highly recommended. It did not take them long before I felt better, and less than one box sufficied to remove the trouble. Doan's Kidyeny Pills are a splendid remedy and well worth a trial by anyone in need of such a prescription."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

John Carlson of Gwinner Killed By Maddened Bull.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Forman—John Carlson, a farmer, residing near the town of Gwinner, was killed by a maddened bull. The animal charged him so fiercely and unexpectedly that he had no opportunity to escape or defend himself. His wife saw him killed. He had many relatives and a large circle of friends.

Several years ago creameries were built at Forman and Milnor. The Forman creamery was operated by a business firm here and has proven a financial success. The Milnor creamery was built and run by farmers and has never been successful, being advertised for sale on a mortgage.

Cannon Ball—The quartermaster at Fort Yates has disposed of the government property there prior to the final abandonment of the post. A large amount of stuff was sold at auction at fairly good prices. The troops will evacuate the post in about ten days, crossing the river and going on a ten-days' practice march to Long lake before going to Fort Lincoln.

The telegraph line from Fort Yates to Bismarck will probably be turned over to the Indian authorities. No disposition has been made of the buildings and they will be left in the care of a custodian.

Many persons were present at the funeral of Louis Primeau. The Indians furnished the casket and will erect a handsome monument in his memory.

Fargo—Thomas Campbell, an old offender against the government, has finally been arrested. He lived near the Canadian boundary, and when he was indicted by the United States grand jury he made it a point to cross over the line. He got into disrepute on the other side, and between the officials of this country and Canada he was rounded up and brought to Fargo. He will be confined in jail until the October term of court unless he pleads guilty.

Jamestown—Deputy Sheriff Eddy has returned from Courtenay where he made a fruitless search for Frank Swanson, a barber, charged with blindpigging. Swanson heard that officers were after him and made his escape.

John Ottonger, who was killed at Hudson, Wis., while boarding a freight train, left Jamestown a week before to go to Duluth. He had many relatives near this city.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Miller—By furnishing sheep to farmers on shares, originally placing about 100 to the man, which plan he has followed since earning by school teaching money enough to buy the first 100, Senator Frank Saltmarsh has become independently rich, while scores of the men who have taken the sheep on shares have also become wealthy.

One instance of one of these men rising from poverty to wealth and influence in Dowie's Zion because of Mr. Saltmarsh and his sheep scheme of making men rich is interesting.

Byrd Gilbert left the state heavily in debt, intending to make the money and cancel his obligations. Failing to make more than a bare living in Missouri, he wrote to Mr. Saltmarsh to see if he would start him on a ranch with a few sheep.

Arrangements were made and he began twenty miles south of here. Last year, after a nine years' experience, he sold all his stock and earthly possessions, clearing up several thousand dollars after paying his debts, made by starting with sheep on shares, and with his family departed for Zion City, where he still lives.

The main 3000-foot sewer here is about tiled, cement sidewalks have been started, the telephone exchange is being greatly enlarged, and Stephen Pauly is about to put in electric street lights.

Redfield—Much complaint has been made concerning the violationes of the liquor license law by druggists in this county. The law is very strict as to sales of liquor by pharmacists, and one druggist from Mellette was convicted on two counts at the last term. At Northville, the neighboring town to Mellette, complaint was made against Clarence Fylpaa, and he has been held to answer to the same charge.

Under the old prohibition law it was difficult to get sufficient evidence to convict druggists, but under the license system the most zealous supporters of the law are the saloonkeepers themselves, and druggists are held to strict accountability. A druggist convicted of this charge has his certificate canceled as soon as he is found guilty by a jury.

Egan—George Pettigrew, of Flandreau, for fifteen years secretary of the Masonic order, is moving to Sioux Falls to reside. His business interests there demand his constant presence. It took just 500 boxes to pack all of his books and other literature for shipment.

The man who sold the Indian, Tom Lovejoy, intoxicating liquor at Flandreau last week is sorry. He was taken to Sioux Falls, where he had his hearing, and is now held over to the United States court at Deadwood, where he will be tried.

Central City—The North-Western Railway company has ben asked to extend its passenger service to this town. The train comes within half a mile of Central City on its way to Lead from Deadwood. A special train could easily run to this place over the Bald Mountain ore track.

Huron—Fire destroyed the large barn on the Farham farm, northeast of Wolsey. Five head of horses, 1000 bushels of wheat, wagons, buggy, harness and farm machinery were consumed.

Spearfish—Two million trout will be planted this fall by the government fish hatchery of this place in Black Hills streams. All of the streams in the Hills will be restocked.

Deadwood—The preliminary hearing of Strickland, Coy and Tufts, the moonshiners, resulted in binding them over under $750 each to the United States grand jury.

Pierre—James Cavanaugh, a young Rough Rider, was drowned in the Cheyene river near Leslie.

Oatka Tonight.

Dancing in the auditorium. Music by La Brosse. Extra car service.

IN PRISON FOR LIFE.

Rhode Island Man Unable to Pay Poll Tax.

Pawtucket, R. I., Sept. 1.—Unless some special action not covered by the satutes is taken John A. Bardon, committed to jail on July 5 because he did not pay his poll tax, will remain there for the rest of his natural life.

The city officials have urged Gov. Garvin to come to Barden's assistance by asking the supreme court to make a ruling on the peculiar points of law involved. This the governor has agreed to do.

In Rhode Island the statutes provide that a delinquent taxpayer shall remain imprisoned until he has paid the tax and all costs, and officers are careful whom they send down for this offense, seldom arresting any but those who they believe can raise the money if threatened with imprisonment. Sometimes delinquents spend a week or two at the jail, but the money for their release is usually forthcoming in that time.

Bardon has been in jail twelve weeks and his friends say they cannot raise the $59 to pay his fine and board, which is necessary to get him released, as there is no provision in law for him to get out in any other way.

The Following News

From a letter from Mr. Spicer, dated New York, Aug. 26, is of decided interest to all women who like to read about the styles

"I am very glad that I did not come down earlier on account of the change in styles during the last week. Had I come earlier, I might have made the same mistake made by every one else who came early — bought styles that were shown then, but which have since been discarded by the leading makers.

As it is, we will be able to make a scoop on everyone else and show an entirely different line of styles than any other house in Duluth or Superior just as we did last season.

Don't worry if the goods are a little late in arriving—they will be right when they come in and and we be able to show a complete line of new and different styles.

We have never offered our customers the wrong thing yet and it will be well to advise them of the change in styles so that they will not make the mistake of buying now and regretting later."

No comment on the above is necessary—it is the plain unvarnished truth—it will be of great weight to all women who have learned to look to us for correct styles.

Read the letter once—then read it again—believe it—we stake our business reputation on its truth.

(Signed)

Spicer-Fanning Company

Superior, Wis.

Sifter Stove Polish

5c AND 10c A BOX.

Always ready and always of the same uniform excellence. Saves work, time, money. No danger no dirt, no odor, and fireproof.

Simply sprinkle on damp cloth and apply.

Polish with brush or dry cloth. **It's done in a minute.**

One box will polish more stoves than will three times its cost in any other stove polish.

Won't rub off nor burn off—and think of the cleanliness and convenience in using.

SIFTER STOVE POLISH CO., Saginaw, Mich., U. S. A.

Cholera Infantum

There is no danger whatever from this disease when taken in time and properly treated. All that is necessary is to give

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.



530

CALLER—Dear old Jack, I just read in the paper about your being sunstruck, and rushed right over. I'm awfully glad you're as well as you are. You're lucky. Now, old man, I don't want to work the old "I told you so" gag on you, but the way to prevent sunstroke is to keep the bowels clean and cool, and the blood from being over-heated, by taking a CASCARET Candy Cathartic at bed-time. They work while you sleep, and keep you safe and comfortable all day.

COPPER IS FIRM

Prices Unchanged But Walker Finds Market In Strong Position.

Copper Share Market Improving Though Sentiment Is Bearish.

George L. Walker, in his last letter with reference to the copper metal market, says:

"Copper prices are unchanged from last week. Lake is selling at 13¾ cents, and electrolytic is 13⅝ to 13¾ cents. At the end of last week prices rallied, and there were sales of considerable lots at 13⅞ cents; but adverse stock market conditions later caused buyers to hesitate, with the result that prices became a trifle easier. London prices have reached £1 5s, equivalent to a quarter cent per pound from the highest. The volume of foreign buying, however, has been fairly large.

"All of the surplus supplies of copper, which had begun to accumulate at Lake Superior docks and in New York, have been sold, and the producing interests are now in a very strong position. One of the largest interests is understood to be holding out for 14 cents per pound. The metal market is extremely sensitive, being now largely controlled by the fluctuations of the stock market. Whenever securities advance, consumers appear in the market and buy; but as soon as stocks begin to sag, they withdraw.

"Here is a statement of the copper metal situation, made exclusively for this letter, by one who is in a position to know as much about it as any man in the trade: 'I believe that the consumption of copper at the present time exceeds production. As is admitted by everyone in the trade, we started a year ago last January with a surplus of 200,000,000 pounds of copper in the hands of producers and others. Since that time consumption has been sufficiently in excess of production to reduce the amount of copper in sight to about 62,000 tons; for I believe this estimate of supplies, recently made by a New York publication after a careful investigation, to be approximately correct.

"There are now being made in this country approximately 500,000,000 pounds of electrolytic copper annually. From the time the copper so refined comes from the smelter until it is ready for the consumer, is about two months. This means that fully 90,000,000 pounds, or 45,000 tons, are in the electrolytic vats all the time. Thus all but 17,000 tons of copper above ground is accounted for, and the latter amount, or very nearly as much, as in transit between the Lake and other mines and the consumers of Lake and casting copper. Otherwise state, practically all supplies of copper have been exhausted and consumption is now crowding production.

"'There is little prospect of an increase in the production of copper during the remainder of this year. At the best the 1903 output will not exceed that of last year by as much as 10 per cent. The record of consumption, established during the past nineteen months, makes it quite certain that such an increase will easily be taken care of.

"'Here is an important fact that should be kept in mind. The Wasnoe smelter, which had reached a production of 13,500,000 pounds monthly, has already been closed down for two months, and it is uncertain when it will resume. The last of the product of this smelter, which treats the output of the Anaconda, Parrot and Washoe mines, has within a few days reached the consumers, the two months having been occupied in treating electrolytically and delivering what was smelted during the last two months of its operations. Therefore the reduction in production, caused by the closing of this great smelter, has not until now begun to be felt; but it will continue to be felt until two months after the smelter resumes, so much time being required to convert its product into electrolytic copper. If the smelter does not resume until Oct. 1, therefore, consumers will not receive any more copper from it until the first of December.

"The strike of the building laborers in New York caused a temporary reduction in the demand for copper, and the slump in the stock market, by unsettling banking confidence and making it difficult to raise money for new works, is now causing some curtailment in consumption. There is, of course, a possibility that this condition of things will correct itself. In spite of it, however, I am satisfied that consumption of copper is exceeding production, and I believe that the market price will soon reach 14 cents per pound. Foreign consumers have been recent buyers of our copper. A great many producers are now sold out up to the end of September, and the trade is in a very healthy state. I consider 14 cents about the normal price of copper. It is always too low when it is selling below that price."

COPPER SHARES.

"The tone of the copper share market continues to show gradual improvement. When the present rise began there were a comparatively large number of weak speculative accounts carrying coppers, and the gradual liquidation of these have supplied the steadily increasing demand for this class of stocks. It is coming to be recognized by shrewd traders that the floating supply of coppers, available around the present level of prices, is gradually reaching the vanishing point. Continuing good news will cause the buying demand to grow sufficiently to carry prices considerably higher.

"Speculative sentiment as a whole is undeniably bearish. There is a very large short interest in the general stock market, and prices are raided almost every day in an attempt to start a general selling movement. These raids are decreasingly successful, and when the bears have finally been put to rout they will naturally turn their attention to the bull side of the market in the hope of recovering their losses. The coppers must prove attractive to such traders because of the fact that the copper situation is the strongest spot in the entire industrial field."



HIS SECRET SAFE.

An Ex-Convict Whose Name Is a Mystery.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 1.—Nearly seven years ago the Shelby county authorities sent to the penitentiary a convicted thief who gave the name of Frank Jones. He had been detected in a burglary, and because he refused to give his true name or tell of his antecedents, the court imposed a sentence of ten years at hard labor, remarking that he believed the prisoner to be a confirmed criminal.

That opinion is not shared by the penitentiary officials, who on Saturday permitted him to go free, his sentence having expired. They believe that he is of good parentage, but rather than tell of his family he has preferred to suffer in silence. No word has ever come to him from the outside, nor has he sent out a scrap of paper. Nothing that he has said or done has tended to betray his identity.

His secret is safe, and the prison authorities will make no further efforts to penetrate it.

SHOOT EACH OTHER.

St. Louis Police Officers Make Serious Blunder.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 1.—Unable to persuade his wife, Nora, to leave St. Louis, William Schlicker shot her three times and then fired a bullet into his own brain. The woman is seriously wounded. Schlicker is dead.

While hunting for Schlicker, Officers Conner and White fired on each other, under the impression that each was firing at the fugitive. Conner is severely wounded, while White was shot three times by his companion, it is believed seriously.

New York & Return, $25.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th, inclusive; good for return until Sept. 30.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

MUST WAIT A YEAR

Provision Is Made For Fire Protection For Two Suburbs.

Completion of the Jenswold Subway Is Recommended.

The council last evening:

Recommended $6000 for suburban fire protection.

Resolved to accept $95 per lot for paving assessments between Main and Gosnold streets, on Central avenue.

Referred final estimate of Barber Asphalt company to city attorney.

Recommended $16,000 for the completion of Jenswold street subway.

Gave first reading to the sewer ordinance.

Accepted invitation to join in Labor day parade.

* * *

An extra expenditure of $6000 was recommended by the council last evening for fire protection at Woodland Park and Duluth Heights.

The resolution calling for the purchase of a chemical engine was returned by the mayor without his endorsement, and an attempt to pass it over the veto was defeated. Mayor Hugo gave as his reason for the veto the fact that the council had no authority in the matter, and that the appropriation should come from the fire department fund, instead of from the general fund.

The council then decided to recommend to the conference committee, which meets today, the above expenditures for fire protection. Of this amount $3500 is for Woodland Park and $2500 for Duluth Heights.

A resolution was also passed requesting the fire department to place an unused chemical engine, which it has in its possession, on the Heights for the use of the volunteer fire department.

* * *

On a motion of Alderman Barnes the council recommended to the conference committee the expenditure of a sufficient amount to complete the Jenswold street subway, so that it may be used by teams. The amount required, according to the estimate of the city engineer, will be about $16,000.

This action was taken after the recommendation of the committee of streets, alleys and sidewalks that crushed rock be placed between the tracks, through the subway, was turned down.

* * *

Further recommendations to the conference committee were expenditures of $2000 for conduits for the wires of the police and fire departments, and $2500 for an overflow sewer at Twenty-first avenue west.

* * *

The discussion on the new ordinance on cess pools and sewer connections was laid over for one week. The ordinance provides for the establishment of sewer districts, in order that the council may control sewer connections. The health commissioner will then be able to report any nuisance of this kind to the council, and the council may order the connections made and the cost assessed against the lot. Where a property holder would be financially embarrassed by such an assessment, however, the council has the power of holding up the improvement, on condition the property holder does not jeopardize the health of the citizens.

* * *

The council authorized the receipt of $95 per lot for payment in full of the assessment against the property holders on Central avenue, between Main and Gosnold streets, for the new pavement. The assessment must be paid this week.

This amount will doubtless cover the cost of the pavement, and any surplus which is left will be returned to the property holders. The assessment of $143 per lot against the property holders between Gosnold and Cody streets remains the same, however, and today is the last day for payment.

* * *

The final estimate of the Barber Asphalt company for the paving of Superior street between Eighth and Sixteenth avenues east was referred to the city attorney, to determine whether the company could not be held for the penalty for delay in completion of the work.

Under the contract the company should forfeit $15 per day for non-completion of the work. This would bring the forfeiture up to $4545, for the time between Oct. 15 and Aug. 15.

In the final estimate, however, the board of public works deducted only $540.

* * *

Peter Anderson wants the city to pay a doctor's bill of $150 for injuries which he claims to have sustained as the result of defective pavement on Superior street. The matter was referred to the committee on claims.

The committee on the smoke ordinance did not report.

No action was taken in the matter of the invitation to send representatives to the meeting of the League of American Municipalities.

Alderman Moore introduced a motion asking the board of public works to look up the incandescent lights in Hunter's Park, many of which, he claims, are burned out and need replacing. The city is paying for the full number, and many of them are useless.

* * *

The council pledged itself to appropriate $1000 for the construction and repair of a new road from Second street and Twenty-sixth avenue east to Lester river, by way of Colbyville. The total cost of the road is to be $800, of which amount the county will contribute $750 and the remainder will be made up by private individuals.

The August pay rolls were passed, and a warrant ordered for the sum of $172 in payment for the inspection of 500 tons of material for the aerial bridge.

Thomas Perry wants $150 from the city for the flooding of his lot on Duluth Heights, which he claims resulted from the wrongful construction of a sewer across his property. The matter was referred to the board of public works.

M. Delaney, asks for $5000 damages for injuries claimed to have been sustained from an alleged defective sidewalk on Fifth avenue west between Third and Fourth streets.

The council passed the final estimate of P. McDonnell for $1166.75, for the paving of Second avenue west, and J. W. Preston, for $3818.32, for the paving of Second avenue east.

The city attorney submitted a form of resolution for the vacation of a portion of Rice's Point. It was referred to the committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks.

Notice was given of a meeting, to be held Wednesday evening in the council chamber, to discuss the proposed changes in the rules governing the Zenith Telephone company.

Action was postponed in the matter of appropriating $6500 for the improvement of London road.

An invitation was received requesting the council to participate in the Labor day celebration and join in the parade. It was accepted, and the city fathers will, as usual, occupy a prominent position in the line of march.

"Workmanship and value"

—Cymbeline

No two words could better sum up the distinguishing feature of

Gorham Silver

Consummate workmanship exercised on a material, the value of which is beyond question, describes every piece of Gorham silverware from the least important to the most elaborate. Design, workmanship, quality of material are in all of one standard, and that the highest. Yet the price is always moderate.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep it

CARTER WOULD NOT LEAVE

Until His Time at the Penitentiary Was Up.

Fort Lavenworth, Kan., Sept. 1.—In three months, Nov. 28, Oberlin M. Carter, ex-captain of engineers, will be released from the federal penitentiary. Carter was under a five years' sentence, but gained time by good conduct. He is now a hospital clerk and gardener.

As his liberty draws near Carter is manifesting high spirits. He seems undecided what he will do when he is discharged. One of the first matters to receive Carter's attention will be the suit pending in the United States circuit court at Chicago, wherein $723,000 is at stake. If he wins the suit he expects to devote most of his time to mining, engineering and the development of his mining properties. Of late he has been studying mine engineering.

When brought to the penitentiary Carter talked much of his anxiety for a civil trial. Of late Carter has not been making any of this talk. It is said, however, that he is very bitter against Greene and Gaynor, and would willingly appear in court and testify against them.

Carter is now a trusty, or first grade prisoner. Trusty prisoners are permitted to go outside the walls on errands, but Carter does not desire this privilege. On the contrary, he would not go outside the prison walls unless forced to. He would run the risk of meeting military officers whom he knew when he was in the service. An army officer is forbidden to recognize or speak to Carter under penalty of dismissal from the service. Carter's sentence included this order.

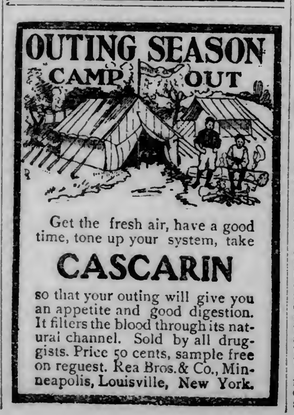
LEAVES THE AUDITOR.

Charles Rakowsky Decides to Enter Insurance Business.

Charles L. Rokowsky, who for some years has filled the office of deputy county auditor, has resigned to accept the position of manager of the insurance department of R. B. Knox & Company of this city. Mr. Rakowsky assumed his new duties today.

Joseph C. Helm, who has been connected with the county auditor's office for the past four years, having previously been a county commissioner, will succeed Mr. Rakowsky and there will be several changes in the work of the clerical department of the office to meet the needs. No new clerks will be added at this time to the county auditor's force as the taxes are well paid up and additional help will not be necessary until the rush work is on again.

Mr. Rakowsky has a host of friends not only in the county offices but all over the county who are wishing him success in his new position.



Get the fresh air, have a good time, tone up your system, take

CASCARIN

so that your outing will give you an appetite and good digestion. It filters the blood through its natural channel. Sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents, sample free on reguest. Rea Bros. & Co., Minneapolis, Louisville, New York.

A SHORTER SEASON

Need For Earlier Close of Trout Season Is Again Discussed.

Fish Caught Late In August Nearly All Have Spawn.

The close of the brook trout season in Minnesota brings up again the well-known need of a change in the open season on this delicate and lively species of the salmon family.

For several years Duluth sportsmen have been agitating the need of a shorter trout season. The north shore trout begin to spawn in August, and fish caught during the latter half of the month are full of spawn as a rule.

This is why Duluth sportsmen have been insisting that the season ought to end Aug. 15 instead of Aug. 31. It makes no difference how early the season is opened in the spring, so long as the fish are given a chance to spawn in peace.

Some anglers oppose the change, on the ground that August is the finest season of the year for fishing, and on the further ground that fish with spawn in them can be caught all during the summer. Both of these statements are true. Trout are a bit irregular about their spawning season, but the vast majority of them spawn in August and September, and as a rule six or seven out of ten fish caught on the north shore on Aug. 15 are full of spawn.

"It is too bad that something cannot be done to preserve the trout supply of Northern Minnesota," said an angler yesterday afternoon. "Not only is the open season so that the fish are disturbed in their spawning season, but gross violations of the game laws proceed uninterruptedly on the north shore streams. I have heard this season of instances where parties have camped on streams in Cook county and caught and killed fish by the hundreds that they had no chance of keeping. They caught them merely for the sake of catching them. They ate what they wanted to, which is a small part of the number they had on hand, and they had to let the rest spoil.

"Not only that, but they were not particular about the size of the fish they caught. The law requires trout under six inches in length to be put back in the stream, but these vandals would chuck them in their creels in order to swell the numbers of their catch.

"I am glad to say that in my north shore trip, I heard no such stories about Duluth anglers. The parties about whom these tales were told were all Twin City people, and it would have given me a great deal of pleasure to have had them arrested and punished to the fullest extent of the law if I could have found out who they were. The result of such work during one season has been that most of the Cook county streams are comparatively fished out. Last year they were nearly all splendid streams. This year the fishing was only ordinary, at best."

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

REALIZES HIS CRIME

Superior Youth Begins to See Enormity of His Act.

The coroner's jury, in Superior, yesterday, found that Howard C. Gilbert, manager of the dining room at the Euclid hotel, came to his death from bullet wounds from a revolver held in the hands of Arthur Sherman.

Sherman was arraigned in municipal court in Superior yesterday afternoon, his hearing being postponed until today.

Although the boy declared immediately after the shooting that he had for several hours been thinking about killing Gilbert he now realizes somewhat the seriousness of his position and admits that he is in a bad fix.

Previous to his employment at the Euclid hotel young Sherman worked for two years at Merrill's pharmacy in Old Superior. He has lived in Old Superior for twelve years and has never had the reputation of a bad boy, although it was known he had a very quick temper.

Mrs. Gilbert is prostrated with grief over the untimely ending of her husband's life.

Milwaukee and Return $11.30.

September 5th to 11th, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Milwaukee, Wis., at $11.30 for the round trip. Limit for return passage Sept. 12th, 1903. City Ticket office, 405 West Superior Street.

A GUARANTEE CURE

For All Poisons of the BLOOD!

Contagious blood poison is a cruel and imperious master; it heeds not the cry of mercy or the voice of prayer. You may have just contracted Blood Poison, or its lingering taint is still in the blood. You are not cured. The old symptoms return. There is only one cure in the world for Blood Poison in any stage—MEDERINE. It searches out the impurities, cleanses and purifies the system, invigorates the whole constitution, beautifies the complexion, renders the skin soft and velvety.

Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing testimonials of cures mailed free.

Price $1.00 per bottle—6 bottles for $5.00. Sent express paid if your druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock.

Mederine Ointment The new treatment for Eczema, Salt-Rheum, Old and Running Sores, Boils and Ulcers. 50c a box.

Mederine Soap For toilet, bath and nursery, vitalizes the skin; a complexion beautifier, a perfect cure for dandruff and all scalp and skin diseases. Price 25c.

Mederine Remedies are sold and guaranteed by All Druggists in Duluth and Iron Ranges.

WHY GIVE UP HOPE WHEN NERVO-TABLETS

Renew Wasted Brain and Nerve-Cells—bring sunshine and happiness into the lives of Weak Men and Women. They make new blood, strengthen the whole system, from the soles of your feet to the crown of your head. Nervo-Tablets are sent prepaid in plain wrapper 50c. a box or 5 for $2, with guarantee cure or money refunded. Write for illustrated book, "Man's Most Priceless Jewel of Happiness," mailed in sealed wrapper free. Sandham Medicine Co., Duluth, Minn., P. O. box 237. Write today and be Cured. Nervo-Tablets are for sale and guaranteed Only by LYCEUM PHARMACY, DULUTH.



Another club woman, Mrs. Haule, of Edgerton, Wis., tells how she was cured of irregularities and uterine trouble, terrible pains and backache, by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—A while ago my health began to fail because of female troubles. The doctor did not help me. I remembered that my mother had used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound on many occasions for irregularities and uterine troubles, and I felt sure that it could not harm me at any rate to give it a trial.

"I was certainly glad to find that within a week I felt much better, the terrible pains in the back and side were beginning to cease, and at the time of menstruation I did not have nearly as serious a time as heretofore, so I continued its use for two months, and at the end of that time I was like a new woman. I really have never felt better in my life, have not had a sick headache since, and weigh 20 pounds more than I ever did, so I unhesitatingly recommend your medicine."—MRS. MAY HAULE, Edgerton, Wis., Pres. Household Economics Club.

When women are troubled with irregularities, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, indigestion, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, inflammation of the ovaries, general debility, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.



Frances Cook, Box 670, Kane, Pa., says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for ten years with leucorrhœa, but am glad to say that through the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and her Sanative Wash I am cured, for which I am very thankful."

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO WOMEN.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham. She will understand your case perfectly, and will treat you with kindness. Her advice is free, and the address is Lynn, Mass. No woman ever regretted having written her, and she has helped thousands.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

PATCH GOES IN TWO MINUTES

Famous Pacer Fails to Beat Record—Other Races.

St. Paul, Sept. 1.—Six thousand people saw Dan Patch unsuccessfully attempt to lower his world's record at the state fair grounds yesterday. Despite the fact that the great pacer had gone against time on last Friday at Readville, Mass., and had been almost continuously on the cars until yesterday, he went a mile in two minutes flat. The day was ideal, being warm, with scarcely a breeze stirring, and the track was in first-class condition. After being sent a warming up mile in 2:10¾, Dan Patch, accompanied by his running mate, Old Mike, appeared for his trial against time. At the second scoring, McHenry nodded for the word, and the stallion was off, covering the ground in long easy strides. The first quarter was gone in 30 seconds, the next in 29¾, making the time for the half mile 59¾. Around the far turn, the runner slackened his speed a trifle and Patch did the quarter in 30¾. Coming into the stretch, Patch showed a magnificent burst of speed, and with McHenry fairly lifting him along, the last quarter was done in 29½, and the mile in 2:00.

Two good races were carded for the opening day, the 2:12 trot and the 2:40 pace. The results:

2:12 trot, purse $1000—Klondike won second, third and fourth heats and race; time, 2:13; 2:12½ and 2:12¼. Maggie V won first heat in 2:14. Gold Dust, Brash and Eyeline also started.

2:40 pace, purse $1000—Joe Interest won in straight heats. Time, 2:11½; 2:12¾; 2:13¼. Foxy Curd, Pontiff Girl, Axtella Wilkes, Pat M., and Natallia Brown also started.

PRIESTS FOR PHILIPPINES.

Party of Six on Their Way to Manila.

San Francisco, Sept. 1.—Bishop D. P. Dougherty, of Philadelphia, accompanied by secular priests, J. Carroll, E. Cook and D. Gerke and Professors J. McClosky and J. McGinley, have arrived in San Francisco, pending their departure next Thursday on the steamship Korea for Manila.

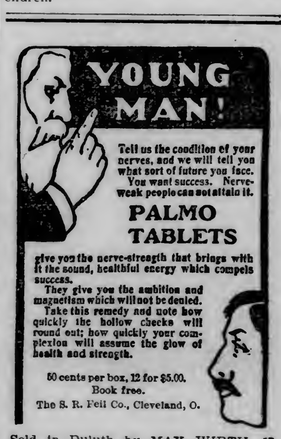
These six clergymen comprise an important American delegation of Catholic priests bound for the Philippines to restore the institutions and importance of the church in Northeastern Luzon, which has been partly neglected since the outbreak of the insurrection and the necessary evacuation of the district by the original Spanish priests.

Bishop Dougherty will be at the secular head of the region and have his headquarters at Vignan, a city about 200 miles north of Manila. In addition to the revival of the work of the Catholic church he will re-establish the seminary at Vignan.

DIED IN THE PULPIT.

Sudden Demise of a Long Island Clergyman.

New York, Sept. 1.—While reciting a prayer in the pulpit of St. Paul's church at Inwood, L. I., Rev. Gilbert Combs stopped in the middle of a sentence. One of the congregation, hastening to his side, found the minister, who was 79 years old, dead from heart failure. For a moment the congregation was almost panic-stricken. Quiet was soon restored and the worshippers slowly left the church.



Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. } ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the IDEAL BEER HALL.

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Our 52nd Anniversary Book on Patents, containing illustrations of nearly 100 mechanical movements, FREE.

We have no representative in Duluth.

INCREASED COST

To Keep the America's Cup From Going to England.

Sir Thomas Lipton's Experiments In Sport Cost $2,100,000.

New York, Sept. 1.—The Herald prints the following in regard to the cost of cup defense:

In most cases the figures are rather too liberal, especialy in regard to the price paid for some of the cup defenders. Since 1886, when the Yankee yacht Mayflower easily defeated the cutter Galatea in two races, it has cost the United States nearly $2,500,000 to keep the cup on this side of the water. Sir Thomas Lipton alone has spent $2,000,000 in his attempts to lift the cup, but of course the challenger is usually under much heavier expense than the defender, and, furthermore, the cost increases with each succeeding race.

The estimated cost of building the Mayflower and all necessary accessories was $100,000; of the Volunteer, in 1887, also about $100,000. The Vigilant, which defended the cup in 1893, cost $200,000, including building, rigging, maintenance, etc.

In 1895 the figures rose to $400,000, when the Defender was the victor. The cost of the Columbia, in 1899, was also about $400,000. In 1901 it was about $300,000 for the same boat, including tender, trial horses, etc., and the cost to date for the Reliance is put by wise salts at nearly $600,000.

The Reliance was built by a syndicate composed of ten men. They are C. Oliver Iselin, who has full charge of the boat; former Judge Elbert H. Gary, Clement A. Griscom, James J. Hill, William H. Leeds, William Rockefeller, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Henry Walters, P. A. B. Widener and Norman B. Ream. Mr. Herreshoff, it is said, received $350,000 for this boat. There are seven complete suits of sails for the Reliance, which would add another $100,000 to the cost of the yacht. The wages of officers and crew can be put down at $20,000, and the rations, maintenance, etc., at $10,000.

The dry docking expenses must also be considered, and, with new rigging, adds another $12,000 to the cost. In addition, there is another expensive thing, the tender, which was bought outright, and, with the crew, cost about $75,000 alone.

This sum does not include the heavy expenses of the trial horses, the Columbia and the Constitution, which have been put in commission for the occasion.

Sir Thomas Lipton estimates his expenses for the present yacht race at $700,000. This year his expenses have been more than in former years, as he keeps two racing yachts in commission. The Shamrock III probably cost about $200,000 to build. She has five suits of sails, costing about $20,000 each, so that the sails alone cost $100,000. Extra spars have been needed from time to time, more rigging has been found necessary, and this, with other expenses, brings the amount to $450,000.

The crews on the Shamrock I and the Shamrock III number ninety men. The captains' salaries are $4500 each, and that of the officers $3000. The men composing the crew draw about $30 a month. They are engaged for six months, making the total cost for salaries of officers and crew $21,000. In addition to their wages they have been promised each $75 by Sir Thomas for coming to this side, which is in lieu of prize money. Of course this would be increased in case the Shamrock was the victor.

Then there is the expense of the Erin to consider.

It is said the food bill alone for this boat is $18,000, to say nothing of wages of the crew. Furthermore, as both the Shamrocks have been in dry dock 22 days at a cost of $300, this brings the total cost of Sir Thomas' attempt to lift the cup this season to nearly $700,000, and, for the three races in which he has competed, something like $2,100,000.

And yet Sir Thomas says he does not think of the cost. The cost, therefore, to British challengers since 1886, when the Galatea came to this country, down to the Shamrock III, is about $3,500,000, and the United States $2,500,000, or $6,000,000 in all for both sides.

SHANGHAIING IS PREVALENT

Illegitimate Means Used to Secure Sailors on Ocean.

New York, Sept. 1.—The recent attempt to shanghai a boy on a French sailing bark bound for Japan and China and his rescue by a revenue cutter, has directed attention to sailors' boarding houses and the prevalence of the practice of shanghaiing men and boys for service in deep water ships.

At this season, when there is an unusual demand for seamen on yachts and from the great lakes, it is difficult at times for vessels bound on long voyages to get crews by legitimate means. The board of health has determined to take a more active part in supervising the sailors' boarding houses and all of them in New York and Brooklyn have been notified by Corporation Counsel Rives that action is brought against them by the health department to recover a penalty of $50 for violation of the sanitary code.

The department says they have no right to be lodging houses. The law requires that each man shipping on a foreign vessel at an American port must go before the consul representing the nation under whose flag the ship sails and sign articles. Captains needing men evade this law by picking up a dummy crew from the battery benches, and for the promise of a small sum march them to the consul's office, where they sign fictitious names upon the log. They are given slips of paper with a name on, which they are to copy upon the book. The ship's articles are then read to them, and after swearing to obey and accept them, they go back to their benches. The captain is now through with the custom house and the consulate. Theoretically his crew is signed; practically he had not a man.

The men actually shipped may never go near the consulate, but be hustled aboard a tug and brought to the ship. Through one means or another men are often hustled aboard who have no desire to go. A few drinks at the expense of the shipping master may leave the sailor irresponsible, and once out in the stream he realizes what he has done and leaps overboard. But the captain can get out of the charge of shanghaiing—he points to the list of perjured names and says: "There are my men. With this man off, who claims he was shanghaied, I am now one short, as you can see by counting."

At one shipping office they tell of a captain who took too much before sailing. He got to the wrong ship and in his stupid condition signed as able seaman. Next morning, with his senses returned, he found himself out at sea—a deserter from his own ship. He wanted to drown himself.

FOR RENT.

Eight-room house, all modern conveniences, large grounds; will rent furnished or unfurnished. Possession given at once.

WM. PRINDLE & CO.

CONSTABLE'S WIFE

Was Curious and He "Showed" Her.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 1.—Henry Lauerman, constable of the Thirty-first ward, in order to show his wife how handcuffs worked, put them around her wrists. The cuffs snapped together, and Lauerman had no key to unlock them. There was nothing to do but go down to the police station.

Mrs. Lauerman did not want to march through the streets handcuffed, so they decided to wait until dark. Mrs. Lauerman had to eat her supper with the handcuffs on, and afterward they went down to the South Side police station, where Capt. Fredericks unlocked the imprisoned wife.



SANDWICH MEN

Wrecks Used In New York For Advertising Purposes.

Poor Old Men Carry Signs Through Street Crowds.

New York, Sept. 1.—Above the man's head swayed a sign, kept in its aerial position by two bands of iron passing around a pair of stooped shoulders. It bore a legend: "Elegant table d'hote dinners, 6 to 8, at the famous White Horse restaurant, 40 cents, with wine."

The sign itself was the only refreshing thing about the bearer. His clothes were frayed by wear, discolored by the weather and spotted beyond comparison. Their wearer was in even worse state.

He was a typical sandwich man. Keep your eyes open in the busiest thoroughfares of a big city and you will see other men like him—scores of them, hundreds of them. All day long they drift in the current of commerce.

"D'ye think," said one, "I'd be makin' a sign board of meself if I could help it? D'ye think I'd stand bein' jeered at by dago bootblacks if I could help it? D'ye think, sir, I'd stand lettin' my friends in the lodgin' house shake me when they see me tramplin' up and down if I could help it? Damn me, sir, I can't help it; neither can the rest."

It is drink that creates sandwich men. The face among them that does not show the handiwork of the black bottle is the exception. Not infrequently the wreck has been a big one. Consider the story of a derelict who has drifted up and down New York's shopping center for years. He told it after his thirst had been appeased at no cost to himself and his tale was verified later by others of his class, to whom in their months of intercourse a sort of pathetic comradery prevails among them—he had related snatches of his life of letter days.

He began with the words of a well-read man:

"I horse no 'self-flattering words of delusions,' to quote Watts. I can't. I catch too many glimpses of myself in the course of a day in bar room mirrors, and my brain has plenty of time to think for my shoulders bear the brunt of my struggle for bread. A little Madeira would serve to awaken memories more fully. I was once a connoisseur along that line. Thanks.

"Well, twenty odd years ago I came to this town—no matter where I came from. I came with a father's financial reputation behing me and a check in my pocket with which to start up for myself. I chose to become a broker, and for four years I won out. Then I began drinking. I had never tasted a drop of anything intoxicating before. But once the taste of liquor got on my tongue I craved for more and more and more. My father was a teetotaler, but he had never harangued against drink; and I cannot account for its getting hold of me. But it did—and you know what always happens."

But low as this man has fallen he still retains one custom of his former estate—he religiously buys a newspaper every morning, and as he drifts along reads first the stock reports and then the general news of the world. He is thoroughly posted on all happenings; his fellows know it, and they depend upon him to inform them of anything that might interest them. He is especially in demand the morning after a prize fight, for to the average sandwich man a contest in "the manly sport" is the acme of mundane events. But he himself is not of a brawling disposition.

"No, sir, we're peaceable," protested one of them, and the keeper of a lodging house near the Bowery in New York, which is recognized as headquarters for sandwich men in the city, agreed. "Even 'Sojer Mike' is tame," he said, "and Mike's fought all 'round the world."

Sojer Mike is a six-foot specimen of wrecked manhood, who still has clinging to him some of the marks of long and varied military service. A merry boy, he began his army experiences in the civil war, and because of bravery at Antietam was made a sergeant. This rank he held until the war's close, and then, the martial fever hot in his veins, he set out on his career as a soldier of fortune. He fought with the French in '71. Upon his release from a German prison he became a Tommy Atkins, and saw fighting in India and under Gordon, and was at the famous charge of Tel-El-Keber. After that he went hither and yon over the world, seeking battle and often finding it in out-of-the-way places—serving almost under any flag that offered itself.

Finally he wound up in South Africa with the outbreak of the Boer war and threw in his lot with Kruger's men. For the second time in his life he became a prisoner of war, and was shipped off by the English to the Bermudas. There he remained till the end of the war and then he came back to New York, whence he had sailed in the late '60s on his world-wide fighting expedition.

He landed without money; he landed without friends; he knew nothing of the ways of trade; there was no fighting to be done and he was too old to enlist in the American service. Gradually the nerve that had sustained him in a hundred conflicts left him, he drank, and one day when he got a chance to carry around on his neck a sign extolling the virtues of a certain patent medicine, he took it rather than starve. And beneath the advertisement there rests on his breast, as he drifts, two bronze medals—one won at Tel-El-Keber, the other of the G. A. R.

WAITERS' STRIKE A FAILURE.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—The attempt of President Callahan of the Hotel and Restaurant Employes International alliance to cause a walk-out of all members of the alliance, who are working in the restaurants of Chicago, has met with failure. A few men left their places, but the great majority refused. President Callahan announced Saturday that all members of the union who refused to leave work by Monday night would be expelled. If his threat is carried out the local organization will be left with a comparatively meagre membership.

New York & Return, $25.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th, inclusive; good for return until Sept. 30.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

Blatz Beer

MILWAUKEE.

In the hot "old summer time" the utmost care should be exercized in the selection of beverages—that's for health!

Honest barley-malt and hops, cleanliness, aging and methods peculiarly original and scientifically perfected, are the composite factors in the brewing of Blatz—the logical summer beverage.

—Always the Same Good Old Blatz.

VAL. BLATZ BRWG. CO. Milwaukee

Duluth Branch—Lake Ave. and Railroad St., Telephone 62.

NEW YORK'S NEWSIES TO GO

Boys Under Ten and Girls Under Sixteen Cannot Sell.

New York, Sept. 1.—With the coming of September there will pass from the streets of New York the picturesque urchin of tender years who sells newspapers for a living and whose fame has gone abroad the land for many years. That is, the small "newsie" will pass, if the law, which goes into effect Sept. 1, is rigidly enforced and the officers upon whom devolve its enforcement, declare it will be.

The law provides that no male child under 10 years and no girl under 16 years of age shall, in any city of the first class, sell or expose or offer for sale newspapers in any street or public place. No boy "actually or apparently under 14 years of age shall sell or expose for sale any newspaper unless a permit and badge have been issued by the district superintendent of the board of education on the application of the parent, guardian or other person having the custody of the boy desiring such permit.

The district superintendent is required to examine, approve and place on file satisfactory proof that such is 10 years of age, or upward. If the proof is satisfactory, the district superintendent may then issue a permit and badge. The permit will contain a full description of the boy to whom it is issued—the color of his hair and eyes, his height and weight, and any distinguishing facial characteristic. The badge must be worn conspicuously at all times while the boy is at work.

The badge is to be numbered corresponding to the number on the permit, and shall have on its face the name of the boy and his signature on the reverse side. Any boy between the age of 10 and 14, selling newspapers without a permit and badge, "must be arrested and brought before a court or magistrate having jurisdiction to commit a child to an incorporated charitable institution and be dealt with according to law."

The wit and readiness at repartee of the New York newsboy has long been a proverb throughout the country and in many instances his fame in this respect is well deserved. As a rule he is bright and up to date, given to slang, sometimes profanity, and as a crap-shooter he has few superiors. Many of the most successful of these small news merchants are under the prescribed law and they form no unimportant part in the bread winning economy of many a household in the poorer quarters of the city. Now these youngsters must go to school and learn to become good Americans in a different way. In school time it is probable the board of education will be chary of issuing licenses to boys under 14. It is a notable fact that when a newsboy reaches the "long pants" stage of existence he more frequently than otherwise ceases to be witty and cute and becomes more or less of a nuisance.

SPECIAL POLICE OFFICER

At Pasadena Is Mrs. Robert J. Burdette.

Pasadena, Cal., Sept. 1.—Mrs. Robert J. Burdette, wife of the famous humorist, has been appointed a special police officer in and for the city of Pasadena, where she resides. She has been adorned with a police badge, the number of which is 36. She is the first woman to receive such an appointment in this state.

Mrs. Burdette is a member of the newly organized Pasadena Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. The appointment is at her request, it being her determination to rescue dogs, cats, horses and other animals from abuse and persecution at the hands of thoughtless and mischievous boys, and from their cruel and inconsiderate masters.

Her husband, the inimitable "Bob," is a member of the police commission. "I have been telling her," said he, "that although she is a special policeman, I am a police commissioner, and that it is the duty of a policeman to always salute a commissioner when she sees him. But all I have been able to get her to do thus far," and his voice took a sorrowful cadence, "has been to make faces at me."



During the past five years thousands of former sufferers have, through Orangeine, found

Quick, Lasting Relief

which they could not find at any Hay Fever resort.

Note—Orangeine Powders are sold by all progressive druggists, 10c (2 powders); 25c (6 powders); 50c (15 powders); $1 (35 powders). Write us for sample, full information, composition, and far-reaching human results.

Address: "ORANGEINE, CHICAGO."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Andrew Geddes, for some years chief clerk of the department of agriculture at Washington has been relieved of office on charges of a personal nature and S. R. Burch, chief clerk of the bureau of animal industry has been appointed to succeed him.

Major C. J. S. Miller, an intimate friend of Vice Consul Magelssen, on Saturday cabled to the vice consul as to his condition after escaping assassination and received the following cable despatch from Beirut: "Fit as a fiddle."

A deputy United States marshal was sent to Gloucester from Boston Monday and arrested two of the crew of the schooner Golden Rod on charges of mutiny. It is alleged that while at Burgeo, N. F., several members of the crew refused to perform their duties, destroyed some of the vessel's fittings and threatened the life of Capt. Arsenaut.

The deer shooting season opened in New York Tuesday and northern trains are carrying many hunters to the Adirondacks. Campers from the mountains say deer are very plentiful this year especially in the vicinity of Whittaker lake, in Hamilton county.

Marshal Rider of Donnellson, Ia., shot and instantly killed David Blackburn, formerly marshal of Donnellson. They quarreled in a saloon and Blackburn defied the marshal to arrest him. The marshal made the attempt and when Blackburn resisted, drew a revolver and shot Blackburn four times. Rider surrendered and is now in jail.

Rev. E. F. Arthur, who has been pastor of Centenary Methodist church at San Francisco for some time past, has sued for $500 libel. The defendants are Methodist clergymen. Rev. E. Moore, presiding elder of the district; Rev. J. A. Waites, Rev. W. E. Vaughan, Rev. O. Wagner, Rev. J. N. Kennedy. The alleged libel is declared to have been contained in a circular issued by the defendants in which the plaintiff is alleged to have been accused of immorality.

Martin Duffy, of Chicago, welterweight champion of the world, and Gus. Gardner of Philadelphia champion at 135 pounds, fought ten rounds to a drew at Saginaw, Mich., Monday night. Gardner was outweighed by Duffy nearly fifteen pounds and considering the discrepancy in weight, fought like a demon. Duffy tried hard to put him out but could not hit hard enough.

Justice Sewell of the supreme court has signed an order granting a certificate of reasonable doubt in the case of Samuel Parks, the walking delegate, who is now in Sing Sing, having been convicted on a charge of extortion, pending appeal proceedings and ordered his release in $10,000 bail.

A live stock train northbound on the Shenandoah division of the Norfolk & Western railway, crashed into the rear end of a through freight going in the same direction Sunday evening between Elkton and Shenandoah. Engineers E. J. Moore and T. W. Nicholas and Firemen T. W. Jones and H. H. Hartfield, all of Roanoke, were seriously cut and bruised. Three cars on the front train and two engines of the rear train were badly wrecked. The tracks were blocked eight hours.

L. Plainving, a negro educator, was killed from ambush Sunday night near Oscar, La. He was principal of the Pointe Coupee industrial college, and institution for the education of negroes.

Three men named Johnson, Powers and Hobart, were arrested at Malta, Mont., by Great Northern detectives and charged with conspiring to hold up a train. With George Baker, who was arrested on the same charge by Inspector Hall, they were taken to Glasgow.

MARSHAL IN CONTEMPT.

Oshkosh, Wis., Sept. 1.—As a result of a clash between the federal and state courts, United States Marshal Thomas B. Reid, of Milwaukee, was adjudged in contempt by Court Commissioner W. W. Waterhouse, of Winnebago county and will be ordered to appear before Judge Burnell, of the circuit court in this district, and show cause why he should not be punished. Harry Devitt, alias Harry Howard, was bound over in the United States court on the charge of having robbed a postoffice in Kansas. While confined in the Milwaukee county jail a writ of habeas corpus was sued out here and the federal authorities were ordered to present the prisoner for that hearing yesterday. Instead, they ignored the writ and Devitt has been forwarded to Kansas.

Excursion To All Eastern Points.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway: Albany, N. Y., and return, $25; Boston, Mass., and return, $33; Montreal, Quebec, and return, $25; Quebec, Quebec, and return, $30; Toronto, Ont., and return, $25; New York, N. Y., and return, $25; Buffalo, N. Y., and return, $25. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th inclusive, and valid for return passage up to and including September 30th, 1903. City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

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And no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Crowns (22K) $7.00
Porcelain Crowns....$5.00
Gold Fillings up from $1.50
Silver Fillings up from 75c
Painless Extracting.....50c

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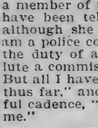
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NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.



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Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the excessive use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

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CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

MOMENTO FOR LIPTON.

The Initial Step Taking Toward Securing One.

New York, Sept. 1.—The initial step toward the presentation to Sir Thomas Lipton of a memento from the American people, probably in the form of a silver service, was taken yesterday when the following resolution was adopted at a meeting held at the Waldorf.

"The undersigned committee, named to arrange a memento for Sir Thomas Lipton, feel assured that they represent a universal sentiment of appreciation among all classes of Americans who love sport and admire a sportsman, and, acting on this assurance, they suggest to the general public a popular subscription to meet the end in view. The Western National bank of New York, has consented to receive subscriptions. It is desired that these be national in character since there is not state or section where the pluck, liberality and good temper of our late antagonist, ever our friend and now our guest, have not won all hearts." General Joseph Wheeler, chairman; Col. Henry Watterson, Louisville; Patrick Collins, mayor of Boston; Thomas F. Walsh, Washington, D. C.; George T. Wilson, New York; Com. Robert C. Todd, New York; Valentine P. Snyder, New York; Lindsay Russell, New York; Senator Kearns, Utah; Timothy D. Woodruff, New York.

THOMPSON, SR., ENDS HIS LIFE.

New York, Sept. 1.—Christopher Thompson, 52 years old father of Hugh Thompson, the boy who was rescued last Thursday from the French bark Marechal De Gontaut, four miles east of Sandy Hook, committed suicide some time Sunday at his home in Brooklyn. He drank carbolic acid. The man's treatment of his son was being investigated by the federal authorities and this with violent quarrels with his wife, who was much angered because of the treatment her boy received, are believed to have caused Thompson to take his own life.

FASHION SHOW OPENS.

New York, Sept. 1.—The Fashion show opened last night at Madison Square garden for a run of two weeks with a great crowd in attendance. The floor space and first balcony were given over to exhibitions of women's wearing apparel from all over this country and Europe. The show which was the first of its kind ever given in this country, was formally opened by Charles H. Fournes, president of the board of aldermen. Secretary G. B. Cortelyou, of the department of commerce and labor and Senator Depew were expected to be present, but both sent regrets.

ITALIAN BANKER SHOT.

Philadelphia, Sept. 1.—Vincenzo Tilli, proprietor of a bank at 29 South Eighth street, was shot and killed last night by Giovanni Viola. As Viola ran from the bank he was pursued by a crowd. He turned and fired his revolver at his pursuers. One bullet struck Policeman Conley in the breast and severely wounded him. Viola was captured after a struggle. The police have been unable to learn Viola's motive.

For Only $85.

The Northern Pacific will sell a special ticket for a tour of the Yellowstone Park, including railway and Pullman fares and meals in dining car, St. Paul to Gardiner and return, stage coach transportation through the park, and board and lodging at the park hotels for the regular tour of five and a half days. Tickets sold so that passengers can leave St. Paul or Minneapolis on park train of Sept. 3 only.

If necessary, a special train of Pullman, dining and observation cars will be run. Apply to any Northern Pacific railroad agent for information and reservations, or write to Charles S. Fee, general passenger agent, St. Paul, Minn.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, August 17th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Andrew Matson, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Matt Matson of the county of Lake, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Andrew Matson, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1903, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county of St. Louis and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Matt Matson, granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 14th day of September, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 17th day of August, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 18-25, Sept. 1, 1903.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh Judicial District, and county of St. Louis, on the twenty-sixth day of June, 1903, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county, on the 13th day of October, 1902, in an action therein, wherein Samuel Bingham is plaintiff and Frank C. Palmer and Clara B. Palmer are defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of seventy-six and 44-100ths dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis county, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county of St. Louis, on Saturday, the 12th day of September, 1903, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that Frank C. Palmer and Clara B. Palmer, the above-named judgment debtors, had on the 13th day of October, 1902, or which they have since acquired in and to the following described property, to-wit: Lot number two (2) in block number thirty-seven (37), in Endion division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., the 22nd day of July, 1903.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff St. Louis county, Minn.
By S. L. PIERCE, Deputy.

J. H. WHITELY,
Attorney for judgment creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald—July 28, August 4-11-18-25, September 2, 1903.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, August 25, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Anna Stang, deceased;

On reading and filing the petition of Charles H. Stang, administrator of the estate of Anna Stang, deceased, representing, among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on Monday, the 21st day of September, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 25th day of August, 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 25, Sept. 1-8, 1903.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Trayner Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.



Every Woman

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MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It cleanses instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room Times Bldg., New York.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS



For 30 years a Reliable Monthly Regulator. Never Fails, and Relieves in 3 days. SAFE and Harmless. Have been used by over 100,000 women with remarkable success. Send 4 cents in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Woman's Safe Guard" sealed.

WILCOX MEDICAL CO.
329 N. 15th STREET, - PHILA., Pa.



MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at E. F. Boyce, druggist, 325 West Superior st., Duluth.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., St. PAUL, MINN.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of Mother's Friend so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Mother's Friend

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

BULGE IN WHEAT

Markct Has Good Advance With Northwestern Markets Leading.

Receipts Continue Light Owing to Weather—Flax Changes Little.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 1.—The wheat market was a dull affair today so far as the volume of trading was concerned, but it was strong and prices closed with an advance equal to about the loss of yesterday. The weather in the Northwest was showery but the predictions are for clearing. Receipts continue small at all primary points. In the Northwest they are not as large as they should be and the wet weather is the cause of the slowness of the grain to come to market. The wheat received at Duluth is grading well. Out of 165 cars posted today, 3 graded No. 1 hard, 113 No. 1 northern and 30 No. 2 northern. Export sales are rather light, the seaboard today reporting only twelve loads. Some sales of wheat for eastern shipment are being made but the amount is small owing to the light receipts.

Minneapolis was the strong market today, and it was the September option that led, the advance in that being 1⅜c to ½c for the latr. Duluth was up ⅝c on September and ⅜c on the other. In Chicago the advance in September was ¼c and in December ⅜-½c. In St. Louis it for September and ½c for December, in New York ⅝c for the September and ½c for December and in Kansas City unchanged for September and ¼-⅝c up for December.

The Liverpool market closed ⅛-¼d lower and Antwerp unchanged.

Primary receipts of wheat were 911,000 bus., last year 2,111,000 bus. Shipments 406,000 bus., last year 1,013,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 184,000 bus. Bradstreet reported an increase of 906,000 bus. in the world's visible supply.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 345 cars, and at Chicago 136, a total of 481 cars, against 342 last week and 1525 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged to ½d higher. In the Chicago market December corn was ⅜-½c higher and December oats 1¼c. Primary receipts of corn were 726,000 bus., last year 305,000 bus. Shipments 533,000 bus., last year 138,000 bus. Clearances were 79,000 bus. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 426,000 bus. in the world's visible supply.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth market was dull. December opened ⅜c up at 79½c, sold at 79¾c at 9:31, fell to 78⅝c at 9:45 and rallied to 79⅝c at 10:13 and held steady there, advancing again later and closing at 79⅝c. September opened unchanged at 81½c, sold to 81⅝c, fell back to 81⅜c and then buiged to 82⅜c and closed there.

Cash sales were light, aggregating only about 25,000 bushels. Old No. 1 northern declined from 8c over September to 3c over. No. 1 northern new sold at 1c over for to arrive by September 10 and September price for on track wheat.

Flax was fairly active but narrow in range. October and December fell ¼c while November was off ⅛c.

Rye advanced ½c and oats ⅛c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Old, in store, No. 1 hard, 85⅜c; No. 1 northern, 85¾c; new, to arrive, No. 1 hard, 83⅝c; No. 1 northern, 82⅜c; No. 2 northern, 80⅝c; new, to arrive, September 10, 1 northern, 82½c; No. 2 81⅝c; macaroni, No. 1, 69c; No. 2, 55c; September, 82⅝c; December, 79⅞c; May, 83⅛c. Flax, in store, 99c; to arrive, 99c; on track, 99c; September, 99c; October, 99½c; November, 99⅝c; December, 99¾c; May, $1.03. Oats, to arrive, 35¼c; on track, 35¼c to arrive in September, 35¼c. Rye, on track, 53c; to arrive, 52c; to arrive in September, 52c. Barley, 49@57c.

Cars Inspected—Wheat, 165; last year, 373; oats, 9; rye, 11; barley, 114; flax, 22; last year, 47.

Receipts—Wheat, 89,473; oats, 2566; rye, 9242; barley, 47,688; flax, 6046.

Shipments—Wheat, 60,464; oats, 3000; barley, 25,000; flax, 12,088.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Northwestern Nat. Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern, 5000 bus. to arrive	$0.82¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	82¾
No. 1 northern, 1000 bus. to arrive..	83¼
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	83½
No. 1 northern, 3000 bus	82½
Oats, 1000 bus	35¼
Rye, car	53
Rye, 8 cars	52¾
Barley, 2 cars	51
Barley, 1 car	52
Barley, 1 car	54
Flax, 2000 bus, to arrive	99

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Slightly Lower But Soon Advanced.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—On continued favorable weather conditions in the Northwest and an easier tone in cables, September wheat opened ⅛@¼c to ¼@⅜c lower at 79⅞c to 80c, and December 1⅛@¼c lower at 81¾c. There was a fair scattered demand and prices advanced ¼@⅜c early. Duluth and Minneapolis reported receipts of 345 cars, which, with local receipts of 136 cars, 11 of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 481 cars, against 342 last week and 1525 a year ago.

The advance was well maintained, although trade was small in volume. September sold up to 83½c, closing firm at a net gain of ⅛c at 80⅝@⅞c. December was up ⅜@¾c, closing at the top, 81⅝c.

Corn started about unchanged, with December at 50⅜c to 50⅞c and September a little higher at 50⅝c to 50¾c. While weather is a little more favorable it is still cool in the corn belt, and with a good cash demand both months went to 51⅛c. Receipts 587 cars, 105 of contract grade.

The feature in the corn pit was covering by shorts in September, which resulted in an advance in that option to ¼c over December, the closing being at 51½c, ⅛c under yesterday's close, with December up ⅝@¾c at 51¼c. Both options ruled strong on predictions of cold weather in the corn belt.

Oats started steady and featureless, September at 34⅝c to 34¾c and December at 26¼c. There was very little of this grain on the market during the early session and prices went up ⅛c, with local sellers doing very little. Receipts 225 cars.

There was a fair demand for hog products, with better prices on what looked to be outside buying. September pork started at $12.27½, lard at $8.45 and ribs at $7.45.

Close: Wheat—September, 80⅝@⅞c, old 80⅝-⅛c; December, new and old, 81⅞c; May, 83⅞c. Corn—September, 51½c; December, 51¼c; May, 51¼c. Oats—September, 34½c; December, 26⅝c; May, 33½@⅝c. Pork—September, $11.20; October, $12.30; May, $13.07½. Lard—September, $8.57½; October, $7.57½@7.70; December, $7.15; January, $7.05. Ribs—September, $7.35; October, $7.40@7.07½; January, $6.67½. Rye—September, 53¾c; December, 55¼c. Flax—Cash N. W., 99c; S. W., 94c; September, 94c; October, 95c. Timothy—Cash, $2.85@3.10; September, $3.15; October, $3.10; January, $3.20. Clover—October, $9.50. Barley—Cash, 45@55c. Cash wheat—2 red, 81½@82c; 3 red, 81@¼c; 2 hard winter, 81c; 3 hard winter, 80c; 1 northern spring, 92c; 2 northern spring, 88c; 3 spring, 85c. Corn—2, 51½@52c; 3, 51¼@¾c. Oats—2, 33@⅞; 3, 32¾@33c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 1.—Close: Wheat—Spot No. 2 red Western winter, new, steady, 6s 3½d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 10d; futures, quiet, September, 6s 5¾d; October, 6s 6d; December, 6s 6¾d. Corn, spot rican mixed, quiet, 4s 6¼d; futures, steady; September, 4s 5¾d; October, 4s 4¾d. The following are the stocks of breadstuffs in Liverpool: Flour, 28,000; wheat, 1,841,000; corn, 514,000 centals.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 1.—Close: Wheat—December, 87⅞c; May, 88½c. Corn—May, 57½c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 1.—Wheat: December, 80c; May, 82⅝c. On track, 1 hard, 87½c; 1 northern, 86½c; 2 northern, 84½c; 3 northern, 80@83c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
September—				
Open	81¾B	81⅜	80R	86¼
High	82⅜	82⅛	80¼	87⅛
Low	81½	81⅛-⅜	79⅜-⅞	86⅜
Close	82⅜	82½	80⅜-½	87⅛A
Close, Aug. 31st	81½	81⅛	80⅛-¼	86¾
December—				
Open	79½B	79¾	81¼	86¾
High	79⅞	80	81⅞	87¼-⅜
Low	79⅜	79⅝	81¼	86⅜
Close	79⅝B	80	81⅞A	87⅜A
Close, Aug. 31st	79½	79½	81¾-½	86⅞
	September— Close.		December— Close.	Close.
	Sept. 1.	Aug. 31.	Sept. 1.	Aug. 31.
St. Louis	82	81	85⅝	85¼
Kansas City	70⅛	70⅛	71-⅛	70¾

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Sept.
Open	30⅛	50¾@50⅞	$12.47
High	30⅜-½	51⅜	12.32
Low	30⅛	50¾	12.27
Close	30⅜	51¼B	12.27

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market closed fractionally higher. In a speculative way it was not very active, although there was some reinstating of lines of long wheat by local operators, who sold out last week. Deliveries on September contracts were holdlers. More than the usual percentage of deliveries, however, is being paid for, we think, by commission houses. With cash wheat at a premium in all the other markets, this would look like a natural and wise proceeding. Weather throughout the West was fair, and traders still in doubt about the Northwest movement. Foreign markets are steady. Export business for the day, so far as reported, was not large. All the markets that are receiving new wheat freely, however, have reported a good cash demand with cash premiums well maintained. Present prices will not, we think, decrease the consumption. The pressure from liquidation should be pretty well over and if the cash conditions remain unchanged, we are inclined to think the market will do better.

Corn—The market firm and higher. The weather remains cold over the corn belt. Local speculative conditions seem to be strong. Cash corn is well held with evidently some short interest in the September and the latter selling at a premium. No matter what present conditions are, warmer weather should encourage selling. The outlook is not very hopeful. Think we would rather take our chances in buying it on the weak spots.

Oats—Higher; strength in corn and a continued good cash demand made the price.

* * *

Buda Pesth: The annual estimate of the world's grain crop issued by the minister of agriculture sets the wheat crop in Hungary at 41,226,500 metercenters (a metercenter equals 440.92 pounds) compared with 46,500,000 last year. The deficiency in the other cereals is about the same percentage. The report strikes a balance between the requirements of importing countries and the available exporting surplus of the other state, indicating a deficiency amounting to 13,270,000 metercenters in the world's grain crop.

Chicago Record-Herald: "It does not look as if it would be a year for carrying charges in wheat," says Frederick B. Wells of F. H. Peavey & Co. "At Minneapolis we are expecting less wheat than we had last year. There has been 450 stations through the Northwest and Southwest wheat belts, but we have nothing that would controvert the estimate that Jones as to the probable spring wheat supply. We expect it will be a year something like last, when the wheat handler will need to make his money by merchandising rather than from carrying charge. There is only one possibility that might make the situation different. It is possible wheat holders in the country may be affected by the attitude of the banks. The money rates may get high enough to force a marketing that will pile up stocks. There is a different prospect for the flaxseed. With the large decrease of seed and oil, if the present crop prospect is fulfilled, we should get a large movement, good supplies at terminal points and carrying charges. The seed situation is always a good deal dependent upon the building position. The largest use of oil is in the painting of structural iron. Any general letting up in the building over the country will more than anything else curtail the oil consumption and most affect the flaxseed position."

"The northwestern rains for the week have cost us ten days in the spring wheat movement," says P. B. Smith, president of the St. Anthony Elevator company of Minneapolis. "The rains have taken from something off the quality of the grain, and I think have somewhat lessened the quantity. The storms came at just a critical time. There was a general heavy rain over the spring wheat territory last Sunday after the harvesting had been under way about two days, and there was another heavy rain Wednesday. The experience not only means delay in the movement, but it also means delay in the availability of the wheat. There will be damp and tough wheat, something that cannot be used without mixing and drying. These rains milled the berry somewhat where the wheat was exposed, burst the covering, and more or less grain will be lost. In that way there will be some lessening of the quantity of wheat. It has been a very serious week for the grain people in the Northwest, and has more or less changed the entire prospect."

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. 75th meridian time, Tuesday, Sept. 1, 1903:

Stations—	State of weather	Temperature	Rainfall—Inches and Hundredths	
		Max*	Min**	
Alexandria..	..P't cly	74	46	T
Campbell..	Clear	78	54	0
Crookston..	Clear	76	54	0
Detroit City..	Clear	76	52	.01
Grand Meadow..	P't cly	76	54	0
Minneapolis..	Clear	72	50	0
Montevideo..	Clear	78	54	0
New Ulm..	P't cly	76	48	0
Park Rapids..	Cloudy	74	44	0
Winnebago City	Clear	72	54	0
Devils Lake, N. D.	Clear	84	46	.44
Larimore, N. D.	Clear	83	50	.04
Lisbon, N. D.	Clear	82	48	0
Pembina, N. D.	Clear	80	48	1.20
Aberdeen, S. D.	Clear	86	56	0
Millbank, S. D.	Clear	82	56	0
Mitchell, S. D.	Clear	80	60	0
Bismarck, N. D.	Clear	80	52	0
Duluth, Minn..	Cloudy	74	58	T
Huron, S. D.	P't cly	84	60	0
La Crosse, Wis.	Foggy	74	50	0
Moorhead, Minn.	Clear	78	52	0
Pierre, S. D.	P't cly	92	64	0
St. Paul, Minn.	Clear	76	56	0
Winnipeg, Man..	Clear	76	48	.01

Scattered showers fell over the Columbus and Minneapolis districts. It is somewhat warmer in the latter district, but temperatures are cooler in the Northwest.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 1.—The cotton market opened weak at a decline of 6 to 11 points under the lower cables and heavy realizing which seemed to be based to no small extent on the better character of crop accounts. In addition to this the weather map was favorable on the average. After the opening there was considerable bull support in September and prices recovered part of their loss, but were again pressed as out of town selling orders reached the ring and the market ruled irregular around the opening level.

Cotton spot closed steady; middling uplands 12.75; middling gulf, 13.00; sales, 2206 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady: September, 11.52; October, 10.51; November, 10.32; December, 10.21; January, 10.17; February and March, 10.13.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 1.—Close: Money on call, steady, at 1¾@2½ per cent, closing 1¾; time money, dull and nominal; 60 days, 4¾@5 per cent; 90 days, 5@5¼ per cent; 6 months, 5½@6. Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½. Sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers' bills, at $4.85.15@4.87 for demand, and $4.83.40 for 60-day bills; posted rates, $4.84@4½ and $4.86¾@4.87; commercial bills, $4.83¼. Bar silver, 57¾c. Mexican dollars, 45¼c. Government bonds, firm; railroad bonds irregular.

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We charge you no interest for carrying long stocks. If you are paying interest to others you are throwing money away

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Capital and Surplus, $300,000.

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Bought and sold for cash or on margin for future delivery.

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If you have an account with us, you can trade upon it in any of our 130 branch offices. We refer to 150 state and national banks, which are our depositories.

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Local Office—220 West Superior Street.
H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

TRADING IN STOCKS

Was Very Dull and the Late Fluctuations Unimportant.

Sagging Tendency During Early Part of the Session.

New York, Sept. 1.—The majority of stocks was a shade higher for opening prices, but there were a few important exceptions. Metropolitan Street Railway dropped 1½ and the Securities company 2½ on a revised view of the transfer of the underwriting syndicate holdings announced yesterday. Southern Pacific also showed a loss.

Pressure developed against the general run of active stocks on moderate offerings. Metropolitan Street Railway declined 3¼ and Amalgamated Copper, Brooklyn Transit, Reading and Wabash 1@1½. Sharp declines were also made by the Western stocks and a few others of less prominence.

There was a momentary rally later, but renewed selling of the specialties forced the market downward again at 11 o'clock.

The market sagged quite steadily during the second hour and there was a more general display of weakness in the standard stocks. Declines of a point or more in such leaders as St. Paul, Missouri Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio, New York Central, Rock Island and Manhattan exerted a depressing effect on the entire list. Realizing sales and the failure to follow up yesterday's rise checked any important demand. Metropolitan Street Railway declined to 113½. Amalgamated Copper broke 4. M. & St. L. 3, and the Alton stocks, Erie second preferred, Kansas & Texas preferred and Tennessee Coal 1 to 1¾. Bonds were irregular at noon.

Dealing fell to almost nothing and the market steadied. There was no appreciable recoveries.

There was scarcely any movement to the market late in the day. But few of the active stocks were dealt in and their fluctuations were unimportant. Metropolitan securities fell 3 in all, North American 2¾ and Iowa Central 1¼.

The market was neglected and idle for the rest of the day. Pennsylvania, Southern Pacific, Rock Island preferred, St. Louis & San Francisco second preferred and Pressed Steel Car got a point under last night. Kansas City Southern preferred 1¾. Consolidated Coal 2¾ and Sloss-Sheffield Steel preferred 3. Colorado Southern first preferred and Woolen preferred advanced a point. Lackawanna fell 12 points on one sale. The closing was lifeless and heavy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	50	48⅜	48⅜
American Sugar	116⅞	116⅛	116½
Anaconda	83	80⅝	83
Atchison Top. & S. Fe.	64½	63⅜	63⅜
do pfd	96½	96	96⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	83⅝	82⅜	82½
Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	47¼	45½	45½
Canadian Pacific	125	123⅞	124⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	34	33¾	33⅞
Chicago & Alton	23¼	22	22½
Chicago Great Western	17	16⅞	16⅞
Chi. Mil. & St. P.	143¾	142¼	142⅝
Chi. Rock Island & P.	157⅝	157	157
Rock Island pfd	66¾	65⅞	65⅞
Erie Common	30⅝	29⅝	30⅛
General Electric	164	164	164
Louisville & Nashville	106¼	104¾	105¾
Manhattan Elevated	135⅜	134¼	134¾
Metropolitan St. Ry.	116½	113½	114½
Mexican Central	14	13⅝	13⅞
Mi. St. P. & S. S.	58	57	57
Missouri Pacific	95	93¾	93⅞
New York Central	122½	122	122
Norfolk & Western	63¾	63½	63¼
Pennsylvania	125	123⅞	124¼
People's Gas	95¼	95¼	95¼
Reading	55⅝	54⅝	55
Republic Steel and Iron	11½	11⅛	11¼
Southern Pacific	45⅞	45⅝	45½
Southern Railway	23	22⅛	22⅛
Tennessee Coal and Iron	43¼	42	43
Union Pacific	76⅜	75⅜	75⅝
United States Leather	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
United States Steel	22¼	22⅛	22¾
do pfd	71⅜	70⅝	70⅞
Wabash	21½	21⅛	21⅛
Wisconsin Central	19⅝	19⅛	19⅛
do pfd	40½	40¼	40¼
Northern Securities, 89⅝ bid; 89¾ asked.			

The total sales were 233,400 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: In financial circles tonight sentiment continues bullish and conservative brokers advise purchase of standard stocks on all recessions. It is admitted that the market remains very narrow and that dealings are largely professional, but as prices improve it is believed that public interest will increase and that upward movement will develop which will not culminate until daily transactions reach the million share mark. There has been considerable covering on the recent rally the volume of short contracts is still very large. There is no urgent pressure to sell for stocks which are controlled by important interests to greater extent than for many months. Anxiety over the monetary situation and possible effects of heavy withdrawals of currency to move the crops is much lessened if not entirely removed, by the apparently well grounded belief that the secretary of the treasury will release $40,000,000 of government funds is the event of tight money during the harvest period. The better monetary outlook is also responsible, their followers say, for the more optimistic feeling which has recently developed in high financial quarters regarding the speculative outlook. Expectations of encouraging reports from the corn and cotton belts during the next few weeks explain the current buying of Pembina, like Missouri Pacific, Atchison, Union Pacific and R. I., and it is confidently predicted that with a favorable turn in the weather these issues would make good gains. It is argued that with fair crops the net earnings of the granger roads will equal if they do not exceed those of the last fiscal year. That prospect in view of the low level of prices is considered a strong incentive to both present holders and intending buyers and it is expected to prove especially favorable in the case of Atchison and U. P., in which a heavy interest is outstanding.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: John D. has the campaign laid out for months ahead. In fact, he had it all arranged weeks ago. If we could only know exactly what he intends we would not need to consider anything else. * * * do now something of his methods of manipulation, however, and thus have been able to call almost the exact tops and bottoms of every move the past three weeks. Monday's letter covers the situation from my point of view without adding anything thereto. I look for a sneaking upward market all this week with very little reaction until we get two or three days of steadily advancing quotations. However, do not get too confident. Stand pat on stocks that you bought at lower prices, but do not buy any more.

* * *

Hutten to Paine, Webber & Co.: Every thing continues favorable for an upward swing of prices. After a steady decline from Jan. 1, for eight months it is natural for a bull market of moderate proportions though the great downward swing since May 9, 1901, is not yet over, but will likely culminate in 1904. If the excellent condition at present remains for sixty days more we will see higher prices by 8 to 10 points throughout the list.

Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.: A dull market today. Metropolitan and Metropolitan Securities declined several points upon offerings of a few hundred shares. The general list sagged, prices yielding on the average nearly 1 per cent, although there was at no time any great pressure. Commission houses did little or nothing. The little trading done being almost entirely of a professional character. The close was dull and featureless.

* * *

New York to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is a little easier. It is a dull market and bear traders are selling it. It seems to have reached Wall street that the corn crop is three weeks late and is exciting some comment. Everybody outside of Wall street has known it for three months. After a while Wall street will find out that the West is not going to pull al the money out of the New York banks to move the crop. Then maybe someone will want to buy some stocks. In the meantime there is little pressure by the bear contingent, and that is rather feeble.

* * *

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked
Amalgamated	48¾	48⅞
Anaconda	20	21
Adventure	6	6¼
Atlantic	8½	9½
Allouez	5½	6
Arcadian	1½	2
Elm River	2⅞	3
Bingham	26	26¼
Copper Range	65	65½
Centennial	20¼	20⅝
Calumet and Hecla	465	480
Calumet and Arizona	105	125
Calumet and Pittsburg	..	100
Lake Sup. and Pittsburg	..	60
Isle Royale	7	7¾
Mass	5	5½
Michigan	8½	9
Mohawk	43	44
Mayflower	1	1 1-16
Mercur Con	1⅜	1½
National	..	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	10	10¼
Osceola	67	67¼
Phoenix	5	5½
Parrott	20¾	24
Quincy	90	92
Rhode Island	1½	2
Santa Fe	1¼	2
Franklin	8⅝	9
Tecumseh	50c	1
Tamarack	..	100
Tri-Mountain	75	77
Trinity	7⅝	7⅝
Tennessee Copper	28	29
Utah	27¾	28¾
U. S. Mining	16⅜	16⅝
U. S. Oil	11¼	11½
Victoria	3¾	4
Wolverine	72½	73½
Wyandot	1	1¼
Winona	8¼	9
Daly-West	40	40½
Greene Cons	18⅞	19½
Calumet and Bisbee	..	5
Pittsburg and Duluth	..	50
Union Land	3¼	3½
Higgins	5	8
Junction	15	..
Ariz. C. M. M. Co.	60c	..
Bisbee Queen	5	6

COPPER GOSSIP.

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Holders of copper stocks in Boston may have some reason to congratulate themselves over the turn of affairs in Copper Range. The Amalgamated people have now a large interest in the Boston copper market. The private interests in Boston coppers have been speculative deals under which they took control of things and made their profits out of speculation. Now they must make their profits out of an improvement in the situation. Where Amalgamated people could sell Amalgamated at above 100 and be out of stock while they made demand and threatened over-capitalization, now the Amalgamated people are in with their money and where they cannot sell out without losing. The writer knows the following facts:

First, Amalgamated people did not depress their stock below $40. They bought out very large Boston interests publicly and privately at $35 and expected to put stock higher and sell at profit.

Second, the market went against them and they had to buy Amalgamated down to 38¾.

Third, it is estimated in Wall street that so-called Standard-Amalgamated people were more Amalgamated people today than ever before in the history of the company.

Fourth, the copper situation is legitimately stronger and Amalgamated people are in a situation to strengthen it further.

Fifth, stated briefly, the directors are now under the copper load and they must devote their energies, money and dipomacy in maintenance of fair conditions for copper producing and copper consuming world.

Sixth, trade conditions are in good shape because thee is no surplus of copper anywhere.

* * *

Paine, Webber & Co.: The output from the Osceola was 985 tons; Tri-mountain, 440; Wolverine, 518; Royal, 175; Tamarack, 500; Mass, 135; Calumet & Hecla, 3200; Winona, 60; Adventure, 145; Champion, 738.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Today's statement of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $223,456,711; gold, $163,202,877; silver, $28,524,318; United States notes, $11,393,108; treasury notes of 1890, $19,746; national bank notes, $19,268,666; total receipts this day, $1,319,824; total receipts, this month, $1,318,824; total receipts this year, $99,784,071; total expenditures this day and month, $1,120,000; total expenditures this year, $106,506,733; deposits in national banks, $155,768,878.

CONDITION OF CROPS

As Shown By Weather Bureau's Weekly Summary.

Washington, Sept. 1.—The weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions is as follows: In the northern districts eastward of the Rockies the week ending Aug. 31 was abnormally cool with excessive rainfall, except over a few limited areas. In the southern states and over the southern portions of the central valleys and middle Atlantic states, the temperature averaged about the normal and was generally favorable for the advancement of crops, although portions of the South Atlantic and East Gulf districts suffered from excessive heat. Portions of the South Atlantic and East Gulf states, and of Tennessee, Southern Missouri, Arkansas and Western Texas are in need of rain, while heavy rains in the Missouri valley and lake region have delayed work, causing injury to grain in shock, and retarded the maturity of crops. Showers in the North Pacific coast states have been highly beneficial. Light frosts, causing no serious damage, were of general occurrence in the middle and northern Rocky mountain districts on the 27th and 28th. Over the northern portion of the northern belt, cool, wet weather has been very unfavorable for the advancement of corn, which is urgently in need of warm, dry weather. More favorable conditions prevailed over the southern portion of the northern belt, where the crop has made good progress. The outlook in the upper Ohio valley, where corn has suffered seriously from drought, has been greatly improved by recent rains. Cutting is in progress in the southern portions of Kansas and Missouri. Harvest of spring wheat is finished, except in the northern Rockies and on the north Pacific coast, where rains have delayed its completion. In the Dakotas, Nebraska, Minnesota and Wisconsin, stacking and threshing have been seriously interrupted and considerable damage caused by excessive moisture.

12 Per Cent. Yearly Assured

6,000,000 Natural Rubber Trees on the Para Rubber Plantation; 300,000 pounds of "pure and fine" Para, the highest-priced rubber in the world, made this season.

Para Costs 35 Cents Per Pound.

It Sells at $1 Per Pound To-day.

Before investing your surplus, write for full information regarding this stock. It will pay you.

STOCK (all common) HAS ALWAYS SOLD FOR PAR ($10.00).

Absolutely unaffected by the Stock Market. Secure as a Government Bond.

MARCUS W. BATES,
4 Exchange Bldg., Duluth.

IN MARINE CIRCLES

Passenger Boats Get Bunched at the End of Lakes.

Capt. Jacob Mann, Fined $500, Carries His Case Up.

The North West, which will arrive in the harbor this evening, will be the fourth of the large passenger vessels which run between Duluth and the lower lake ports to report in the harbor during the past twenty-four hours.

The Tionesta arrived yesterday with a large cargo of merchandise, and a long passenger list, and will clear this afternoon.

The Monarch brought up a large crowd of Canadian excursionists this morning, and will clear tomorrow for Sarnia.

The China, of the Anchor line, arrived in port last evening from Buffalo, carrying a heavy cargo of merchandise and a number of passengers, and the North West will arrive this evening, and take out one of the largest lists of passengers of the season.

Freight handlers have been working overtime, as in addition to these freight and passenger vessels, a number of boats carrying merchandise exclusively, have arrived during the day.

CAPT. MANN ANSWERS.

Carries His Case to Washington Authorities.

Captain Jacob Mann of the steamer Mary Mann, who was recently fined $500 for running his boat after the expiration of his license, has filed an answer in the case, and the matter will be considered by the officials at Washington, to whom the papers have been forwarded.

Captain Mann claims that on the Saturday preceding the day on which he made the trip that cost him the fine, the inspectors visited his boat, and proceeded to test the boiler with cold water. The pump used was not strong enough to raise the pressure to 150 pounds, tailing five pounds short of it.

"Let us out on 145 pounds," Captain Mann claims to have said, and states that the inspectors made no reply, and he understood that it was satisfactory to them.

He denies that there was any danger of an explosion on the following day, when a mild panic was created among the passengers, by the failure of the inspirator to work.

The inspectors claimed that the boat was without a licensed engineer, and contrary to their orders.

The matter will be decided by the Washington officials.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Hill and whalebacks, 10 last night; Philip Minch, Lindsay, Colgate Heyt and whaleback, 11:30; Sheldon, Adriatic, 12; Runnels, 2:40 a. m.; Kirby, Hartnell, 3:40; Leuty, Bottsford, Gardner, Edward Smith, Iron City, 4:30; Brumada, Rockefeller and whaleback, 10:40. Down: Langell, Interlaken, Moore, Amaranth, Stephenson, 9:30 last night; Warren, Keith, Cahoon, 10:30; Anna Minch, Adams, 12:20 Tuesday morning Iron King, Iron Queen, 1:40; Oregon, Foster, Stone, D. C. Whitney, 2; Bangor, 3; George King, Teutonia, Gawn, 3:30; Castalia, 8:20; Rees, Angeline, 9; Buffalo, Corralia, Brazil, 10.

Up yesterday: Crosthwaite, Verona, Albright, 11:20; Flint, Arenac, noon; Reis, 1220 p. m.; Ranney, oil barge, 1; Harvard, 2; Massachusetts, Bacon, Caledonia, Inland, 3:20; Neptune, Muncy, 5; Curry, 5:20; new Gratwick, 6; North West, Wallula, 8:30. Down: Sinola, 11; Athabasca, noon; Fulton, Krupp, 1:40 p. m.; Regent, Jeanette, Rensselaer, 2; Kalkaski, Freyer, Oak Leaf, 2:30; Pioneer, Chattanooga, 3; Ottawa, Nimick, Rhoda Emily, Hattie, 3:30; Cartagena, Montezuma, Siberia, Princeton, Columbia, Cofinberry, Angus Smith, Bloom, Case, 5; Christopher, 6:40; Frank Peavey, Rochester, 7:40; Hines, Marvin, Wayne, Blanchard, Kelley, 9.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Toledo — Departed, coal: Nottingham, Eachem, Owen, Barnes, Duluth. Light, Chictaw, Marquette.

Erie — Cleared, coal: Helena, Superior.

Sheboygan & Cleared: Panay, Duluth. Ashland — Arrived: Alcona, Alta. Westcott, Wyman, Owen. Cleared, ore: Centurion, Pretoria, Olympia, Lake Erie. Marquette — Arrived: Empire City, 11; Penland, Grammer. Cleared: Brazil, Falcon, Buffalo; Kalyiuga, Toledo.

Two Harbors — Arrived: 202. Cleared: Sharpless, Martha, Lake Erie; Manila, Lake Michigan.

Buffalo — Coal charters: Aztec, Meztic. For William, private terms.

Buffalo — Cleared, coal: Gilchrist, Duluth. Light: Amazonas, Duluth.

Fort William — Arrived: Plummer. Cleared: Midland Queen, Meaford; Watson, Superior.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Choctaw, 10 last night; Major, Egan, Tacoma, 1:40 this morning; Vail, Baltic, 4; Turret Court, 4:40; Minnesota, 5; Leonard, 6:15; Siemens, Bell, 6:50; Sachem and consorts, 7:30; Spencer, Holland, 9:30; Colgate, Queen City and whaleback, 9:30; W. H. Mack, 10. Down: McWilliams, 9 last night; Alfred Mitchell, 9:10; Armour, 9:40; Murphy and whaleback, 10; Maryland,



The only first-class Warehouse for storing household goods in the city.
Special Room for Pianos.

Warehouse: 510, 512, 514 East Superior St. Office: 210 West Superior St.

BEAT LAST YEAR

Ore Shipments For August and the Season Larger.

Great Northern Road Fell Down a Bit Last Month.

Although shipments of iron ore from the head of the lakes during August were not so great as shippers and steel corporation officials expected the revised figures as given out today show that the totals for the year up to Sept. 1 and for the month of August made an appreciable gain over the shipments during the same periods last year.

During the last month the Great Northern has fallen down in comparison with its shipments in 1902 by 46,552 tons, but this decrease is more than made up by the large shipments by the Duluth, Missabe & Northern and Iron Range roads. During the month the total shipments from the head of the lakes were 2,457,281 tons, against 2,401,250 tons for 1902. The shipments up to date this year have been 10,177,772 tons, against 9,704,361 for last year. The Duluth, Missabe & Northern, as was predicted by the Steel corporation officials, passed the 1,000,000 ton mark for August. Comparative figures for 1902 and 1903 follow:

	To Sept. 1, 1903.	To Sept. 1, 1902.
Dul., Missabe & Nor..	2,799,020	2,508,931
Dul. & Iron Range....	3,725,005	3,587,342
Great Northern	2,653,747	2,508,288
Totals	10,177,772	9,704,361
Increase	473,311	

August tonnage of 1902 and 1903 follows:

	Aug. 1903.	Aug. 1902.
Dul., Missabe & Nor..	1,029,185	974,938
Dul. & Iron Range....	871,315	776,443
Great Northern	692,754	649,704
Totals	2,457,284	2,401,250
Increase	96,034	

GET A CHANCE.

Duluth Jobbers Get Favorable Freight Tariffs.

With the issuance of a joint merchandise and commodity freight tariff by the Northern Pacific and Soo roads, which has just become effective, Duluth merchants have their first chance to compete with Minneapolis and St. Paul houses on a comparatively fair basis to points on the Minnesota division of the Soo road via Dald Eagle Junction. For some time jobbers of Duluth and Superior have complained of the rates in effect between Duluth and Minnesota points on the Soo road, saying that they gave Minneapolis and St. Paul shippers an undue advantage of several cents per 100 pounds. This practically put local shippers out of the running on goods where the prices had to be shaved to the limit. According to the local representatives of the Northern Pacific road the new tariff should result in increased business for Duluth and Superior shippers who wish to go after the Minnesota business.

OMAHA EXCURSION.

Commercial Club Will Prepare For the Guests.

The Commercial club is getting ready to look after the next excursion into the city, which will arrive over the Omaha road, from points in Wisconsin, Friday, Sept. 11. The railway company has made a special rate of $3.50 for the round trip and will run a special train. Tickets will be good returning Saturday and Monday evenings following.

The excursion will reach into a well-settled part of Wisconsin and it is expected that the special train will bring a large crowd. Among the towns that will have advantage of the special rate will be Baraboo, North Freedom, Ablemans, Reedsburg, LaValle, Nonewoc, Union Center.

SPEAKING OF BEVERAGES.



Here's to the friend of the thirsty. The best and most refreshing drink you can obtain is a good, honest, always-the-same beer. It's only mildly exhilarating, promotes cordiality, and has no after-clap of insomnia, headaches or nausea—provided, of course, you get a pure, unadulterated beer. "Moose BRAND BEER" meets all the specifications enumerated above.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.
Either Phone, 241. Duluth, Minn.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

McLaughlin Electric Co., contractors and chandelier manufacturers, 305-7 W. Mich. and 406 Sup. St. Both 'phones.

A quiet wedding ceremony took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bruno Eyforth, in the Buffalo flats, last evening, the bride being their daughter, Miss Meta Eyforth, and the groom William B. Ayres. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Harry White, pastor of the First Unitarian church, of this city. Both of the young people are in the theatrical profession.

The marriage of Miss Anna Anderson, formerly chief operator for the People's Telephone company of Superior, Wis., to George Alton Lindsay, an electrical lineman in the employ of the Duluth General Electric company, will take place at 8 o'clock this evening at the residence of the bride's brother, Albert Anderson, of West Duluth. Mr. and Mrs. Lindsay will make their home in this city.

Dance at Lester, Thursday night.

Bids will be opened Sept. 8 at the office of Capt. Charles L. Potter, United States engineer, for 3850 lineal feet of wire rope to be used in the construction work of the new south pier at Superior entry. The material is to be delivered by Sept. 25.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 205 E. Sup. St.

Parlor theater—New vaudeville program.

C. M. Mauseau, assistant general manager of the Duluth Telephone company, returned this morning from a few days' outing on the north shore in the vicinity of Grand Marais. Mr. Mauseau was a member of a fishing party, but he reports small catches, though all had a good time. Mr. Mauseau has some thrilling Indian stories to relate to his friends.

A meeting of the committee on domestic science will meet in the Normal school Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock. A full attendance is desired.

William Stane, formerly a subject of the czar of Russia, took out second citizenship papers in district court this morning.

Parlor theater—Fun starts 8:30 tonight. Get your furnace repaired now. Don't wait until the frost comes. L. R. Helbing, 119 West First street. Both 'phones.

Col. Robert Bates, of Sault Ste. Marie, administrator for the estate of his brother, the late Dr. Stuart Bates, of Virginia, has filed his final report in probate court, together with an inventory of the estate and the special administrator's expenses. The expenses were $362.76.

Volland, practical hatter, 14 First avenue east.

PURELY PERSONAL

A. M. Marshall left today for a hunting trip in the vicinity of Staples.

Hon. John G. Nelson, of Parker's Prairie, Ottertail county, is in the city, and is the guest of E. G. Swanstrom.

Mrs. Charles F. Macdonald, of 225 Fifteenth avenue east, has returned from a week's visit at Minneapolis and Lake Minnetonka.

H. F. Williamson, Jr., and H. H. Myers have gone to Ottertail county for a hunting trip.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. LaVaque, of 1430 East First street, left today for Minneapolis to be away a week.

Dr. and Mrs. T. J. Pierce and son are visiting in the Twin Cities and Mankato for one week.

Miss Alice Jones, who has been visiting friends in Minneapolis for the last ten days, has returned home.

Mrs. George R. Truckey and son Russell, of Marquette, Mich., are visiting Mrs. P. Taillon and Mrs. A. Gratto, of this city.

J. Deo will leave tonight over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Dalhousie, N. S.

E. H. Stevens, of the Patrick company, will leave tonight over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for New York.

W. O. Root will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Chicago.

G. G. Hartley will leave this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for St. Paul, to attend the state fair.

Morton Miller left today over the Northern Pacific for Gary, Minn., on a hunting trip.

Warden Russell, of the Michigan state prison, and his two daughters, will return to their home in Marquette this evening, after a short visit in Duluth.

J. L. McCullough, northwestern passenger agent of the Southern railway, is in the city today.

Miss Mayme Carroll of the judge of probate's office, left today for an outing at Sbion Springs, Wis., with some Superior friends.

Mrs. M. Mogler and daughter, Miss Lydia, left this morning for a visit at the state fair at Hamline.

Miss Effie McDonald, for several years a teacher in the public schools of Duluth, who is now engaged in the newspaper business in the West, is spending a few days with friends in the city.

Judge and Mrs. J. B. Middlecoff left this morning for the Twin Cities, to take in the sights at the state fair.

A. E. Davis and Miss Maude Davis, of New York, are visiting their sister, Mrs. A. L. McDermid, of Lakeside.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Lyder, Jr., and child have returned from a two weeks' outing at Lake Minnetonka.

Thomas Dowse, of Chicago, who for years has been interested in mining on the ranges, returned yesterday from the ranges. He is staying at the St. Louis hotel for a day or two before returning to Chicago. Mr. Dowse says that a few nights ago water which was left exposed over night was frozen.

A. M. Miller and daughter, Mrs. E. J. Fellows, will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Utica, N. Y.

Mrs. E. A. Shores and Mrs. A. E. Walker will leave this evening over the Northern Pacific for Ashland.

Miss Louise Johnson will leave for Chicago this afternoon, over the Omaha.

M. M. Gasser will leave tonight for the Twin Cities over the Northern Pacific, to attend the state fair.

City Engineer Patton will leave over the Northern Pacific this evening to attend the state fair in St. Paul.

F. G. Bradbury left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Hecla, S. D.

George B Allen, assistant general passenger agent of the Southern railway, is in the city today.

ENGINEERS IN CONVENTION.

Evansville, Ind., Sept. 1.—Twelve hundred stationary engineers are here in national convention, representing the organization in every state in the Union. The business sessions begin tomorrow.

WILL VISIT DULUTH

Senator and Mrs. Fairbanks Coming to the Zenith City.

Mrs. Fairbanks to Be Guest at Luncheon By Mrs. Morris.

Senator Charles W. Fairbanks of Indiana, who yesterday made the opening address at the state fair at St. Paul, will arrive in Duluth this evening on the Twilight limited over the Omaha road. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Fairbanks, who will be the guest of honor at a luncheon to be given by Mrs. Page Morris tomorrow. Mrs. Fairbanks is president general of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The senator's visit to Duluth at this time has no political significance, and he is merely coming to spend a day or two while Mrs. Fairbanks meets fellow-members of the society of which she is president. Senator Fairbanks was a prominent presidential possibility up to the time of President McKinley's death. Since that time, however, he and his friends have seen the uselessness of attempting a boom and have done all in their power to assist President Roosevelt.

It is said that President Roosevelt has spoken of Senator Fairbanks as a running mate for 1904, but it is thought that the senator from Indiana would not accept the nomination were it tendered him.

Should Senator and Mrs. Fairbanks remain in Duluth over Thursday, Mrs. Morris will hold a reception in her honor at 3 o'clock Thursday, to which all members of the Duluth chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution will be invited.

RECEIPTS OF LAND OFFICE

The August Total Is Considerably Below That of July.

The August report of the local land office is being prepared by the officials.

It has not yet been completed, but a rough estimate of the cash receipts shows a large decrease from the heavy receipts of last month.

July receipts amounted to about $45,000, but the total of August receipts will probably fall below the $20,000 mark.

The falling off is largely the result of the transfer of a large section of the district to the Cass Lake office, which is just beginning to make itself felt. A number of stone and timber claims, which had been filed previous to the notice of the transfer, have been proved up since the transfer, and this has tended to keep the receipts up to the mark established before the change. The majority of these have now been received, however, and the effect of the transfer is now being felt.

The September receipts will probably be again up to the mark, as a new township is to be thrown open to settlement on Sept. 8, and the officials are expecting a rush of stone and timber and homestead entries. A large number of settlers are already on the land, and will appear to claim prior right of entry, according to the rules of the office.

The detailed report for August will not be completed before the end of the week.

OBJECT TO NEW CURVE

Third Avenue West Track Is Subject of Some Complaint.

Merchants and business men in the vicinity of Third avenue West and Superior street, are complaining of the new curve which the Duluth-Superior Traction company is installing at that point.

The new tracks come within a few inches of the sidewalk, at the northwest corner of Third avenue and Superior street, and are so close that the cars will project over the sidewalk in making the turn.

"Accidents are going to result from that switch," said a prominent local physician today, in speaking of the new tracks. "People standing on the corner may easily be hit by cars making the turn, and if the track is allowed to be laid, it will prove a constant menace to citizens.

"That corner is one of the busiest in the city, and and as it is in addition, the chief transfer point of the railway, there is constantly a crowd of people on the corner waiting for cars.

"People are accustomed to feeling safe from cars when on the sidewalk, and the result will be damage suits against the railway, and possibly against the city, for accidents are certain to result."

If large cars are placed on the hill routes, the condition of affairs will be aggravated, as the edge of the cars will then project some little distance over the curbstone.

R. T. DAVIS COMPANY FAILS.

St. Joseph, Mo., Sept. 1.—The R. T. Davis Mill and Manufacturing company, with a branch house at Kansas City, was declared bankrupt today, and Charles F. Enright was made receiver by R. J. Swords, referee in bankruptcy. The officers of the company say it sustained heavy losses in the Kansas City flood, the branch there having been submerged.

SCHOOL FOR DANCING!

Assembly hall, Masonic Temple. Regina Smith, member of American National Association of Masters of Dancing, will reopen her classes Thursday, Sept. 17. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Private lessons by appointment. Pupils may enter at any time. Term begins with first lesson. Address REGINA SMITH, 53-54 Board Trade, Superior, Wis. Z. phone 4351.

The Greatest Skill—
The most experience—
14 years.
We grind our own lenses.



C. D. TROTT,
OPTICIAN,
8 West Superior St.

Have You a Business Partner?

WHAT ARE HIS CAPITAL AND SERVICES WORTH TO YOUR BUSINESS?

Would their sudden withdrawal make money matters tight for you?

Would you have to ask your bank or friends to help you out?

Why ask your bank or friends for favors when you can avoid it through—

Partnership Life Insurance in
The Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Co.
of Philadelphia.

Call or Write for Particulars.

GEO. H. PRUDDEN, Mngr.
310 LYCEUM.

HARVEST RATE IS WITHDRAWN

Regular Must Be Paid Hereafter By Laborers Going West.

The harvest rate to the Western wheat fields went out of effect last evening and from now on all the men that seek employment in the Western part of this state or in North Dakota will have to pay the regular fare. When the harvest rate one way tickets were issued the railway companies advertised a low return fare for purchasers of tickets, but it is understood that the conditions imposed caused very few of the ticket buyers to sign the contracts that were presented them and there will be few, if they return, that do not pay the full fare.

The conditions provided that the purchaser of a harvest rate ticket should sign a contract with the local ticket official of the road, this it signed by the agent of the place where the holder left the train and countersigned by the farmer for whom the holder of the ticket worked thirty days. Most of the men buying tickets regarded this as too much red tape and they passed up the contracts which might have insured them reduced rates on the return.

Had Poor Fishing.

Charles L. Kennedy, commercial agent of the St. Paul road, returned yesterday from a two weeks' outing near Grand Marais. While tanned his face showed more the effects of attacks by flies. He says that fishing is and has been poor for some weeks on account of low water. "While the water to the south has been high, we found it just the reverse," said Mr. Kennedy, "and every fish that caught cost us over $2. On our return we were unable to secure comfortable accommodations, and from all appearances the boat lines must be doing more business than ever before."

GOLF AT GLENCOVE.

Thirty-Four Players Start For the Championship.

Glencove, L. I., Sept. 1.—The thirty-four players drawn in the preliminary round of play for the amateur golf championship of the United States began play today on the links of the Nassau Country club. The course was in excellent condition despite the heavy rain of last week.

Under the changed conditions by which every round is at match play, only thirty-four competitors are required to play in the preliminary round, but nearly all of the 145 who entered in the tournament were on the ground. George Wiliet, of the Oakley club, Boston, and H. McSweeny, of Oil City, Pa., had the honor of opening the game, McSweeny driving first.

Four competitors failed to appear, and their partners won by default. Frederick L. Hawthorne won from R. H. Connelly, of Austin, Tex.; E. C. Jennings, of Garden City, won from Calvin Truesdale, of Fairfield county; W. Poultney Smith, of Philadelphia, won from Augustus R. Fish, of the Hillside Tennis and Golf club, and William Walter, of Chicago, won from H. L. Tweedle, of the Belmont club, Ill. The largest gallery of the day followed the Douglas-Alexander match, and at the sixth green Douglas was six up, Alexander failing to win a hole. Bruce Smith led George Thorne by five holes on the same green and Willet was two up on McSweeny.

KILLED HIS DAUGHTER.

Unfortunate Accident on Farm at Otsego, Mich.

Otsego, Mich., Sept. 1.—Duncan Swan, a well-known farmer residing north of this village, accidentally shot his daughter, Mary, yesterday, and she died last night from the wound. Swan had been troubled with crows in his corn. Yesterday he saw the stalks moving and thinking crows were in the patch again, discharged his shot gun at the moving corn. To his horror his daughter screamed, and he found that he had shot her in the breast. She was gathering corn for dinner and her father did not know it. Swan is nearly crazed.

CRACK PISTOL SHOTS.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Crack pistol shots of the army in the cavalry and infantry branches of the service competed this morning in the pistol shoot at Fort Sheridan. The firing was both rapid and slow. Sergt. Howe of the Eighth cavalry made a total of 274 points out of a possible 300, and Sergt. Whitworth of the First infantry totaled 271 points. The competition is open to the officers and men of the army.

A SHAFT TO GOSNOLD.

Gosnold, Mass., Sept. 1.—A shaft of native boulders erected on the islet in Cuttyhunk pond to mark the spot where in 1602 Bartholomew Gosnold landed with his twenty-two men and founded the first English settlement in New England, and the second in America, was dedicated today.

TO SWIM THE CHANNEL.

Dover, Eng., Sept. 1.—Montagu Holbern started this evening to swim the channel. The weather and water conditions were favorable. He had made three unsuccessful attempts to swim the channel. He left Dover on a tug. He will go ashore at South Foreland, and will enter the water at about 8 o'clock this evening.

STRICTURE

"I cure Stricture without cutting or dilating, thus avoiding the horrors of surgery."



The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

HAVE YOU ANY OR ALL OF THESE SYMPTOMS?

Tenderness in urethra, at times accompanied by dull or shooting pains; frequent desire to pass urine, but not able to empty the bladder; voiding the urine at frequent intervals during the night; a gradual decline of virility, resulting eventually in complete loss of power. The physical suffering is equalled only by the accompanying mental distress, which generally takes the form of gloomy forebodings, and feelings of impending disaster.

OUR ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT

Will promptly correct this serious trouble. It acts immediately and directly upon the stricture, dislodging and completely removing all diseased tissue, allaying all irritation and inflammation; restores the sexual powers completely, and leaves the urinary canal entirely free from obstruction, and in a healthy and sound condition.

We do not treat all diseases, but we cure all we treat; we treat men only and cure them to stay cured. We cure to stay cured Varicocele, Stricture, Lost Manhood, Atrophied or Shrunken Organs, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Nerve Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney, Urinary Diseases, and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men, and to which countless tongues gladly testify? If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 1 W. Superior St. Cor. Lake Ave. Duluth, Minn.

References—Best banks and leading business men of the city. Consultation Free and Confidential Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

THE RIFLE SCORES

Guardsmen of Third Regiment Shooting on the Range In Duluth.

Men Somewhat Handicapped By Change In Target—The Scores.

Fine weather promises to favor the Third regiment marksmen now in this city shooting for positions on the regimental team, practicing for the shoot that will determine the team to represent Minnesota in the interstate shoot at Lake City on Sept. 21.

The shooting began on the local range at Thirteenth avenue west and Thirteenth street this afternoon. At 3 o'clock the men were pretty well through with the 200-yard shooting. Musician E. E. Price of Company B, Anoka, made the highest score, getting 43 out of a possible 50. The Britton brothers, of Brainerd, were tied for second honors, each securing 42. The Duluth marksmen were shooting somewhat off color on the 200-yard range, but they will probably steady down and do better at greater distances.

The men are al handicapped, some in the change of target prescribed in competition for the Washburn trophy. This target has a bullseye round and six inches in diameter, while the target the Guardsmen have been using is shaped like a man and the bullseye is six by eight inches.

The shoot will continue until Saturday and by that time it will be pretty well known who will represent the Third in the regimental shoot and who will stand a show of making the state team for interstate competition.

The shooting, at 200 yards this afternoon, resulted in the following scores:

COMPANY A—DULUTH.

Lieut. H. Whitaker	31
Sergeant W. Dash	34

COMPANY B—ANOKA.

Sergeant C. Bird	28
Sergeant J. Coldwell	25
Sergeant B. Hunter	34
Corporal F. Hunter	40
Musician E. E. Pierce	43

COMPANY G—PRINCETON.

Sergeant A. H. Johnson	37
Sergeant E. Selbborn	37
Private J. Mahoney	29
Private C. W. Taylor	27

COMPANY F. BRAINERD.

Corp. J. Seibert	38
Corp. F. Britton	42
Private F. Britton	42

COMPANY H. OLIVIA.

Sergt. A. L. Wigstrom	35
Corp. L. H. Wilson	39
Private R. Wolfe	39

REGIMENTAL BAND, DULUTH.

Musician Edward Simpson	37

COMPANY C, DULUTH.

Sergt. Carl Anderson	37

EDWARDS TO APPEAR.

Must Testify as to Ernest Johnson's Transactions.

The St. Paul Daily News states that A. H. Edwards, of that city, head of the firm of Edwards, Wood & Co., has been cited to appear before the grand jury, in session in Duluth, together with the books and records of his company, to show the transaction of Elmer E. Johnson, the alleged defaulting bookkeeper of the Commercial Banking company, with his company.

This subpoena is for appearance before the grand jury, whose proceedings are secret. If the firm should be called upon to disclose in the trial what Mr. Johnson's transations were, it would throw interesting light upon some things that have been much discussed, but of which nothing definite has been known.

TWO KILLED

In Collision on Milwaukee Road Near Minoqua, Wis.

Milwaukee, Sept. 1.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Minoqua, Wis., says a collision on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, between a work train and a logging train, near Star Lake, resulted in the death of Engineer Charles Blair and Fireman Thomas Close, who failed to jump. The men were pinned in the engine close to the boiler and roasted to death.

STRIKE AT NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, Sept. 1.—About 550 members of the Freight Handlers' union and the members of the International Electrical Workers' union struck today for higher wages.

GENERAL INSURRECTION

Proclaimed In Turkish Districts Across From Bulgaria.

Sofia, Sept. 1.—A local newspaper announced this afternoon that a general insurrection was proclaimed today in news districts of Turkey across the southern frontier of Bulgaria. The rising is headed by the famous Macedonian leaders, Gen. Zontcheff, president of the Macedonian committee, and Col. Jankoff.

A strong force of Turkish infantry, cavalry and artillery recently attacked the village of Stollovo northward of Malkotarnovo, which had been occupied by insurgents. The latter retired after which the Turks entered the place, massacred the entire population and destroyed the village. Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, has arrived at Euximograde, Bulgaria, where he has been joined by Premier Petroff. The prince is expected to remain there for some time.

VIOLATE AGREEMENT.

Six Hundred Coal Miners Refuse to Work.

Kansas City, Sept. 1.—Six hundred coal miners in the Novinger district in northeastern Missouri refused to go to work today, violating the agreement made between the operators and John Mitchell, national president of the miners' union at Chicago last week, that the men remain at work until the end of the Kansas City conference to meet here on Sept. 10. The conference is to discuss differences affecting the 10,000 miners in Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas and the Indian territory.

CROWNED QUEEN OF TURF.

Cleveland, Sept. 1.—Lou Dillon, 2:00, was crowned queen of the turf this afternoon in the presence of 5000 persons at the inter-city matinee. A floral blanket, bearing appropriate inscriptions, was placed on the new champion trotter.

THE COTTON CROP.

New Orleans, Sept. 1.—H. G. Hestock, secretary of the New Orleans cotton exchange, announced this morning at the ring in the cotton exchange that the American crop for the season of 1902-03 amounted to 10,727,559 bales against 10,650,680 last year, 10,383,422 the year before and 9,436,416 in the season of 1899—1900.

STRIKE FOR EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Telluride, Col., Sept. 1.—In pursuance of the call of the miners' union, all union mill men in this district struck today for an 8-hour day. About 100 men quit work and six mills are closed.

BIRTHS.

HOOD—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. C. LeRoy Hood, of 17 Fifteenth avenue west.

SCHULZE—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William Schulze, of 2224 East Third street.

TREADWAY—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Treadway, of 1213 East Superior street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

William B. Ayes and Meta Eyferth.

George Alton Lindsay and Anna Josephine Anderson, of Douglas county, Wis.

Pete Dudy and Lizzie Falk.

John T. McDonald and Blanche Laundre.

Olof Berglund and Augusta Tjeder.

Harry Merritt and Edith Catherine Schaller.

DEATHS.

JEPSON—The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Jepson, of 720 West Fifth street, died Aug. 31.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER. MUST be rapid and accurate. One experienced in railroad work preferred. Address, C. P., Herald.

WANTED — A SURPLUS FOR OLD age. Deposit in savings department, First National bank. Interest credited January and July.

A BAD COMPLEXION never gets better of itself. Doctor with Satin-Skin Cream, gaining healthy, satin skin.

FARM LANDS

35,000 acres of selected farming lands for sale, in large or small tracts, in well settled communities, at low figures and easy terms. Enough hardwood timber to pay for land.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 333.

4½% MONEY To Loan 5%
Any Amount—All privileges—No Delay.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

CALIFORNIA TIMBER CLAIMS.
Will run three to five million feet. Same parties located myself. Cheap rates. Go now. Apply to JOSEPH W. COOK, 808—9 Torrey Building.

STEAMSHIPS.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE ROUTE.
Fast Passenger and Freight Service — Leave Mondays & Thursdays for Two Harbors, Split Rock, C'd Marais, Isle Royale and Pt Arthur 9:30 a.m.
Leave Sundays at 4 and Wednesdays for Hancock, Houghton, Isle Royale and Port Arthur, at 4:00 p.m.
Sundays boat via Ashland and Ontonagon.
All boats arrive at and leave from Singer's dock, Lake Ave. S.
Uptown office—No. 2 Lyceum Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv.... Duluth ....Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv.... Proctor ....Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
....	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	....	12:20
7:27	10:35	Ar.... Virginia .. Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:03	10:29	Ar.... Eveleth .. Lv.	7:42	12:57
....	10:56	Ar.... Sparta .... Lv.	....	12:34
....	11:20	Ar.... Biwabik ... Lv.	....	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar.... Hibbing ... Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range RR

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.... Duluth ....Ar.	12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.... Virginia ....Lv.	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar.... Eveleth .... Lv.	8:00	2:45
12:20	7:55	Ar.... Ely ....Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive
† 1:25 p.m	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m	
† 11:15 p.m		† 6:20 a.m	
† 6:20 a.m		† 9:20 p.m	
* 9:30 a.m	Montana and Coast.	* 6:43 p.m	
* 8:30 p.m	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg.	* 7:10 a.m	
† 2:20 p.m	Hibbing, Virginia	* †2:20 p.m	
† 6:20 a.m	Wilmar, Soo City, St. Cloud.	† 9:20 p.m	

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spalding Hous

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44.
All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p.m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a.m.
All points East.
†8:15 a.m. Lv..... LOCAL .....Ar. 17:15 p.m.
Marquette and Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:25 a m
b 8:00 a m	"	b 6:55 p m
a 9:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
a 9:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m
b 11:55 p m		b 3:10 p m
a 11:00 p m		b 7:05 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	†3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

DULUTH'S LEADING HOTELS

THE SPALDING
Duluth's Leading Hotel.
FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST
Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.
Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL
JAS. A. BUTCHART, Manager.
320 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.
Beautiful Rooms with Baths two blocks from Depots and Steamboat Landings.
RATES MODERATE.

New Building. New Equipment.
RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.
Hotel McKay
Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

New Building. Modern in every particular.
210-212 W. Superior St.
Cook's European Hotel S. J. Cook, Manager.

Midland Hotel,
H. W. HARGREAVES, Prop.
RATES $1.00 PER DAY.
210 West Second St., Duluth, Minn.

The Hunting Season Opens Today!

The advertising season is open all year around. People are hunting through our columns every day in the year for that which they wish to buy. We have yet to hear of one who has not found satisfaction for his wants.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

$3800 buys new modern eight-room brick residence, East End. Monthly payment plan.

$1500 buys lot 50x140, West First street. All improvements.

$1000 buys one of the finest lots, 80x266, on Woodland avenue. City water and sewer. No cash payment required if purchaser will build.

$1100 buys a fine corner, 100x140, on London road. A bargain.

$1500 buys half a block, eight lots, 50x140 each, Lakeside. No finer lots in Lakeside and only four blocks from street railway.

$9000 buys 240 feet frontage on St. Croix avenue by 300 feet deep to dock line. Fine site for manufacturing or wholesale business.

$2500 buys a seven-room house and lot, 40x100, on St. Croix avenue.

$2500 buys lot 40x100 on Lake avenue. This price includes new sandstone pavement.

5% MONEY TO LOAN 5%

Julius D. Howard & Co.

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

BARGAINS EVERY ONE

$2300 Splendid eight-room house, water up and down stairs, for two families or one, in fine condition. Second street, near Twentieth avenue west.

$1800 Seven rooms, city water, in perfect condition. Fronting Lincoln Park.

$1700 Eleven rooms, 50-foot corner lot. Twenty-seventh avenue west and Helm street. This is a bargain.

$1500 New seven-room house, hardwood floors, city water, all street improvements done. Near Twenty-eighth avenue west.

$1650 Eight rooms, city water up and down stairs. Street graded. This property is in perfect condition. Will rent for $22 per month.

I have many choice lots from Eighteenth to Thirty-second avenue west that can be bought cheap.

T. G. VAUGHAN.
Phone 789. 401 LONSDALE BLDG.

FOR SALE
EAST END DWELLINGS.

MODERN SEVEN ROOM HOUSE, with all conveniences, hard wood finish, furnace heat, fire place and bath room—Near Thirteenth avenue East..... **$3,750**

HANDSOME EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE, same conveniences, well built same neighborhood..... **$4,775**

MODERN NINE-ROOM HOUSE, ALL conveniences, nice hard wood finish. Lot 50x140 feet in area, near 16th avenue East. Upper side of street. Possession can be given at once. Price..... **$5,250**

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

$600

Will buy one of the best double corners in West Duluth—on 54th Avenue—with water and sewer and new sidewalks, if taken at once.

D. W. Scott,
10 MESABA BLOCK.

Money to Loan
At Lowest Current Rates.

PENN. MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, Agent.
Providence Building.

4½ PER and 5 CENT MONEY TO LOAN. "On or Before"
R. M. NEWPORT,
302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. SALTER, Agent.

DERRIG & GUNNISS
401-2 Torrey Building. Both Phones. DULUTH, MINN.
Mines and Mining Stock.
—SPECIALTIES—
Echo Mining Co.
Crooked River M. & M. Co.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HIGHLAND PARK

This property is increasing in value more rapidly than any property in the city. We are offering five 50-foot lots, well located, at $350 for corners and $300 for inside lots. They should double in value within a reasonable time. Call now if you want one or more.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

FOR SALE.

A most excellent double dwelling house, stone foundation, nine rooms in each house, furnace heat, gas and electric light, in the best part of the East End, within half a block of the street cars, for sale at $8000. This is an exceptional bargain, as it would cost more than this sum to build the house.

R. B. KNOX & CO.
No. 1 Exchange Building.

$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. $300 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x150, in good neighborhood.

$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS $5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Baars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

$2000 Takes 50 feet on First street, near Twentieth avenue east.
$2600 Takes 50-foot corner on Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street. A bargain.

Fine residence site upper side of East First street, near Twenty-second avenue. Make us an offer.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

CHINESE RESTAURANT.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT—Lodging and furnished apartments. 525 W. Sup. St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 307-5.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NO 17 FIRST AVENUE west, between Superior and First streets. Mendenhall & Hoopes.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

MEDICAL.

NEW, quick, permanent and guaranteed cure for diseases and weaknesses of men. Electro Medical Institute, over Abbett's drug store, corner Second avenue West.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1611 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4351

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

CABINET WORK, office, store fixtures; house repairing and jobbing. Wickstrom & Hartz, shop 17 Fifth Avenue west. New phone 1142.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—SIX OR SEVEN-room flat, centrally located; heat, lights, bath. Jack Franey, 210 West Superior street.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE MODERN rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Duluth or Superior. Address H 97, Herald.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

FOR SALE Eight-room house, East End, below Second street, in perfect repair; hardwood floors, hot water heat, porcelain bath; price, $5000; easy terms.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309 Exchange Building. Duluth, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1040 Fine six-room house; newly painted and papered throughout; $200 cash, balance $14 per month, without interest.

$1100 Very well built 7-room house on Third avenue west.

$1200 Seven-room house on corner lot, in West End; $200 cash, $12 and interest monthly.

$2250 Fine corner in Lakeside, lot 100x140 with seven-room house.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

Climax Building and Loan Association.

Has six parties who wish to borrow sums amounting to $5950, during the present month, to be secured by houses and lots valued at $19,650, with the buildings insured for $10,300.

You can invest any sum, from $1 up, at any time and be assured of a 5 per cent dividend-paying investment.

Office No. 100 Torrey Bldg.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $3600. T 49, Herald.

FOR SALE — 50 BY 140-FOOT LOT ON Third street, between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth avenue west. Inquire 716 Lake avenue south.

FOR SALE—A FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, furnished or unfurnished at Seventeenth street, Park Point. Inquire 212 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 50-foot lot one block from Lincoln park. Inqure 2101 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE — HOUSE AND LOT ON Fourth street, near Twenty-seventh avenue west. Address by letter, H 89, Herald.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
321-323 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 936; Bell 65-5.

LOANS——LOANS——LOANS
To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with or before privilege of thus stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 10 years insures honorable dealings to all.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New phone 883.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?
On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in the city. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 430 Manhattan building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and re-payment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio building. Zenith phone 761.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO., THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

TELEGRAPHY.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS WANTED—Big money paid by railroad companies. Will teach you telegraphy evenings for five dollars ($5) per month and assist you to a position of not less than $60 per month. Start at once and you will be capable of holding a position by April 1. Address or apply 513 First avenue East.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—ON NINTH AVENUE EAST OR a Lakeside car going east last Friday, a Roman gold crescent brooch, with three enamelled clover leaves. Liberal reward if returned to 206 Lonsdale building.

LOST — POCKETBOOK CONTAINING $10, about 10 a. m. Monday in toilet room of Hotel McKay. Reward if returned to E. F. Baldwin, Hotel McKay.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — TO BUY—SOUND HORSE suitable for family use. Weight over 1200. Also desire light wagon. Address L 36, Herald.

WANTED — TO BUY — SECOND-HAND safe, give size and price. Address Y 23, Herald.

NOTICE.

For sale, one bay mare, on the fifth day of September, at pound, Second district of Duluth, at 10 a. m.
CHRIST OTTINGER,
Poundmaster.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

UPRIGHT PIANO FOR SALE AT A great sacrifice; party leaving city; piano full mahogany case; Student pedal, and up-to-date; bought within five months, and without a mar. If taken by Thursday, will sell for $150. A rare opportunity to get a fine piano. Call at 219 Fifth avenue west.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD FRESH milch cows and springers, just received. 718 Fifth avenue east.

FOR SALE—CARY SAFE, 34½x44½ INside measurement. Also one black horse, anybody any drive. Duluth Brewing Co. Twenty-ninth avenue West and Helm street.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

$1.00 FOR PIANO BOXES. THEY MAKE good coal bins. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—FINE UPRIGHT PIANO, full size and up-to-date; will sell for $150. This piano must be seen to be appreciated. Call 219 West Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE—MEAT MARKET. A FIRST-class opening, particularly for a Finnish, (Finlander) butcher. Call or address C. L. Eaton, Sandstone, Minn.

FOR SALE—PIANO, $100. VALLEY GEM upright piano; can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $35 up. Edmont, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—PARLOR SET. CALL EVEnings. 223½ East Fifth street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP — HOUSE, LOT, barn and chicken coop. Enquire of C. A. Dubois, 1428 West First street.

FOR SALE—BAKERY, HOME ESTABlished. Doing good business. 208 Lowell building.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive Saturday, Aug. 29, for sale at 718 Fifth avenue East.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2008 Helm street.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 633 Manhattan building.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

FOR SALE — YOUNG FOXES TO BE imported from Canada, two silver, four cross, and two red. Good for raising. E. Angermeier, No. 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2020 West Third street. New phone 1448.

MILLINERY.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S. Humes.

LINCOLN PARK.

A Prize Waltz will be given at Lincoln Park Pavilion Dance Hall beginning July 28, for eight consecutive Tuesday nights, a prize of $5.00 will be given for the best couple waltzing each Tuesday night until eight couples are chosen. The couple winning will have their names registered by Mr. Stevenson, the floor manager. On the ninth Tuesday, September 22, $5.00 in gold will be given to the best couple out of the eight prize winners. The final contest to come off behind closed doors and windows. Everyone welcome. J. MOORE, Proprietor.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WELL-EDUCATED MAN WITH EXcellent recommendations, desires position of trust in good house. Outside work preferred. Good collector. Address T 42, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS HOUSE CLEANING or any kind of housework, 107 West First street.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. 726 East Third street; upstairs.

WANTED — SET OF BOOKS TO CARE for after supper. Address H 86, Herald.

WANTED — CARPETS TAKEN UP, beaten and laid; any work around house. Drop postal, 705 South Twenty-third avenue east.

WANTED—POSITION—AS BOOKKEEPer or general office work, by young man, age 25; four years' experience as general bookkeeper; city references; moderate salary. Address T. 41, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG Swedish girl, to work in private family. Call 2414 West Seventh street.

YOUNG MAN, STENOGRAPHER, NOT afraid of work, wishes a position. Address, J. 100, Herald.

WANTED SITUATION—BY MIDDLEaged lady as housekeeper; no objection to leaving city. L. 96, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPEtent experienced, thoroughly reliable manager general store, as manager, assistant or bookkeeper. Correspondence solicited with parties contemplating opening branch store. Address W. G., Herald.

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE married woman, 45 years old, place to go out nursing by the day or week. Address room 8, 204 West First street.

WOMAN WANTS TO GO OUT WASHing by the day. Address 720 East Third street. Basement.

WANTED — SEWING BY THE DAY OR week by experienced dressmaker. Please address Mrs. M. O. Howell, West Duluth.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — A SMART GIRL WHO HAS some knowledge of cooking. Apply 1632 East First street.

WANTED—THREE LADY CANVASsers for Duluth, good wages. Inquire St. Louis hotel office for G. A. German. Call as soon as possible.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A COMPETENT assistant bookkeeper and stenographer. Permanent position. Address, with references, A, Herald office.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST at housework. Apply at 522 East Third street, City.

WANTED—TWO DININGROOM GIRLS at once. Apply E. McNeil, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR DINING room work. 925 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRLS. DULUTH CIGAR Box company, 30 First avenue west.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply 1317 East Second street.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN to make her home with us. Call 928 Sixth avenue east, corner of Tenth street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Also small girl to care two year old child. Apply at No. 5, Twelfth avenue East.

WANTED—GOOD KITCHEN GIRL. 112 East Third Street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR HOUSEwork. 801 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF child and do light work. $2 per week. 230 West Second street.

WANTED — EVERYBODY WANTS their surplus money to earn interest. Try savings department First National bank.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY COMPEtent stenographer. Apply 522 Lyceum.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 412 Second avenue west.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

SIX EXPERIENCED KITCHEN GIRLS want places at once. Apply Mrs. Siebold, 215 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 211 West Second street.

WANTED — SECOND GIRL. 222 FIFTH avenue east.

WANTED—WOMAN TO TAKE CARE of furnished rooms. 208 West Superior street.

WANTED—THE LADIES OF DULUTH to participate in great sacrifice music sale now on at Haakonsen & Westgaard's.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience. Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

A FIRST-CLASS ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper and stenographer can obtain a permanent position by addressing, with references, 17, Evening Herald office.

WANTED—GOOD BOOKKEEPER; PERmanent position; one who is familiar with the lumber business preferred. Address, A. B., Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS ASSISTant bookkeeper in mercantile business. Apply in writing, with reference. W. S. care of Herald.

WANTED—MAN TO FIX UP LAWN. Call after 6:30 p. m. at 2126 East Fifth street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DELIveryman for groceries. 333 West Superior street.

WANTED—DELIVERY CLERK. 1831 East Superior street.

WANTED—MAN TO WORK ON DAIRY farm. Woodland dairy.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—NIGHT COOK AT HALEY'S restaurant.

$20 WEEKLY AND TRAVELING EXpenses paid salesman to sell goods to grocery dealers; experience unnecessary. Purity Co., Chicago.

ENGINEERS WANTED — WE WANT two engineers who have had experience in operating steam road rollers. No others need apply. Call in person. Room 403 Hammond block, Superior, Wis.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN FOR OFfice work. North Land Coal company, 328 West Superior street.

WANTED — PORTER AND CHAMBERmaid. Call evenings or afternoons. 211 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED — WOOD PILERS. HUBbard & Vincent.

HARDWOOD FINISHERS. TWENTYfirst avenue east and Superior street, George H. Crosby's new residence.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—SALESPEOPLE FOR RIBbons, notions, art wares and other departments. Good and permanent positions for experienced and competent young women. Apply to superintendent, Panton & White Co.

$20 WEEKLY AND TRAVELING EXpenses paid salesmen to sell goods to grocery dealers; experience unnecessary. Purity Co., Chicago.

SOLICITORS for the city to write Health and Accident insurance; salary and commission to hustlers. Address Union Mutual Insurance Co., 306 Palladio, Duluth.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED COTtage on Park Point for September. Address R. X, Herald.

FOR RENT—MODERN NINE-ROOM house, hot water heat, East Superior street, $50 per month, or for sale on easy terms. Immediate possession. "Owner," Herald.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park terrace. 206 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED ROOM; steam heat. 206 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 213 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room for gentleman. 1431 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite. Board if desired. Gentlemen preferred. 218 Fourth avenue West.

FOR RENT—PARLOR AND BEDROOM, furnished, modern with fire place, for two ladies or gentlemen. Also single room 224 Third avenue east.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE FURNISHED front room, near Cathedral. 207 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms; one of best locations in city, single or en suite; gentlemen preferred. K. 11 Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Apply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room for two gentlemen. 120 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. HOT water heat, electric light and bath. $8 per month. 706½ West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED AND UNfurnished rooms, 325 East First street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 1401 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room for one or two gentlemen. 628 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR GENTLEmen. Modern conveniences. 510 East First street.

ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN CAN SEcure very cheery front room with bath, very centrally located, at 202 East Third street, very reasonable.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 old Herald bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — COMFORTABLE FLAT of four rooms, $8. 312 Palladio.

BOARD OFFERED.

THE TECUMSEH, 320 WEST SECOND; board and rooms for man and wife or gentlemen.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily. Modern conveniences. 807 East First street.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your Druggis Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

WEALTHY AMERICAN GIRL, DEsires immediately honest, intelligent husband. Box 43, Back Bay, Boston, Mass.

MINES AND MINING.

STAR PETROLEUM, 8c; ALASKA CENtral, $4.00; Cataract, 25c. All others cheap. Higbee, Germania Life building, St. Paul. Phone.

SURVEYOR.

Andrew Anderson, surveyor, 22 Vernon St.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St., New phone 318; old, 705-5.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots on new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 633 Manhattan building.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

SHOE SHINING PARLORS.

SHINE 5c. SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, 10c; special chairs for ladies. 210 W. Superior street.

TIMBER CLAIMS.

CAN LOCATE YOU ON VALUABLE claims in California. Have located forty from Duluth and vicinity. N. Gilman, Thirtieth street, Park Point, Duluth, Minn.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES.—Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Breinholm, 1609 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

A GRANQVIST, MASSAGE TREATment. Only cure for rheumatism. 108 West Superior street. Room 411, New Jersey building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1063-2; new, 1303.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 660; res. 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR SWITCHES; FIRST quality, natural color, Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street, corner First avenue west. Both 'phones.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. 'Phones, old, 544; new, 851.

HAIRDRESSING.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c., CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT, Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom, 415 W. Mich. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Aug. 31, 1903. Work, first degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work —. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 1. Work, Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Important business Sept. 3. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. Class night Aug. 27. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Wednesday, Aug. 26, in regard to degree work. Harry Milnes, commander, city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 31 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 25.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Sept. 1st. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September, 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2206.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.
HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shenherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Notice — Meeting called Tuesday, Sept. 1st, at 7 o'clock, on account of excursion given by Lakeside lodge.

MACHINISTS.

ALL MEMBERS OF THE MACHINISTS' union are requested to meet in front of the AXA building, No. 221 West Superior street, Labor day, Sept. 7, at 8 o'clock in the morning. Labor day parade starts at 8:30 sharp.

12 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 PAGES

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

LUNATIC DEMANDS TO SEE THE PRESIDENT

Was Placed Under Arrest By Secret Service Men.

He Had a Loaded Revolver In His Possession.

Turns Out to Be the Son of Respected Family.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 2.—A man giving his name as Henry Weilbronner was arrested at Sagamore Hill late last night while making a persistent demand to see President Roosevelt. The man was armed with a revolver, fully loaded. He was taken to the village and placed in the town prison.

Shortly after 10 o'clock last night Weilbronner drove to Sagamore Hill in a phaeton. He was stopped by the secret service operative on duty. Weilbronner said he had a personal engagement with the president and desired to see him. As it was long after the hours when visitors are received, the officer declined to permit him to go to the house. The man insisted, but the officer turned him away.

Soon afterward Weilbronner returned and again insisted that he be allowed to see the president, if only for a minute. This time he was ordered away and warned not to return.

Just before 11 o'clock the man returned a third time and demanded of the officer that he should be permitted to see the president at once. The officer's response was to take the man from his buggy and put him in the stables, where he was placed under the guard of two stablemen. A revolver was found in the buggy. Later Weilbronner was brought to the village and locked up. He is 5 feet 8 inches high, 28 years old, has a medium-sized, dark mustache, black eyes and evidently is of German descent. He resides in Sioset, about five miles inland from Oyster Bay. He was well dressed in a suit of dark material and wore an old-fashioned derby hat. It is thought by the officers that Weilbronner was accompanied by two other men, as their footprints were found in the mud alongside of the buggy tracks. In view of this fact the officer on duty telephoned to the village for assistance, and was soon joined by other two secret service men.

While Weilbronner talked rationally to the officers last night it seems evident from his conversation today that he is demented. He said that he had received a telegraphic communication from the president directing him to call at Sagamore Hill. Weilbronner's buggy was taken to a local livery barn. When asked what had become of the rig, Weilbronner replied:

"Oh, the president has taken care of it. That's all right."

Weilbronner is regarded by those who had seen him to be a dangerous lunatic.

At Sioset it is learned that the man is the son of a truck farmer and is one of three brothers. He has two sisters. The family is respectable and is held in general esteem.

Weilbrenner several years ago had a nervous attack which rendered him mentally helpless for a day or two, but his family supposed that he had been quite restored by the medical treatment he received at that time. Since then he had manifested no symptoms of mental aberration. He had no socialistic or anarchistic tendencies, so far as known, never having been involved in any questions of that kind. He was employed daily on his father's farm.

Weilbrenner was arraigned today before Justice Franklin on complaint of the secret service operatives who placed him under arrest. Weilbrenner's brother William was present at the examination. Justice Franklin questioned the prisoner about his movements last night. His replies were made in a quiet tone of voice, but they indicated apparently beyond a doubt that the man is crazy. Asked why he went to Sagamore Hill, he replied:

"I went to see the president about his daughter Alice."

"Had you an engagement with the president?"

"Yes."

"How was that engagement made?"

"I talked with the president last night," replied Weilbrenner.

"How did you talk with him?"

"Oh, I just talked."

"A sort of wireless talk, was it?"

"Yes, that is it; a wireless talk."

"Why did you want to see the president about Miss Alice."

"I wanted to marry her."

"Did you ever see Miss Roosevelt?"

"Yes, I saw her night before last."

"Where did you see her?"

"At my house."

"Did she go over there?"

"Yes, she came in a red automobile."

"Who accompanied her?"

"Her brother, Theodore."

Justice Franklin after the examination concluded he would hold Weilbrenner until an inquiry of lunacy could be held upon his case.

The examination then was postponed until 5 o'clock this afternoon, when physicians who hold certificates entitling them to make inquiries into the sanity of persons could be present.

MERELY DRUNKEN VAGARY.

Detroit, Sept. 2.—Charles Misch, who walked into the Central police station early today and anonunced that he was the murderer of little 4-year-old Alphonse Wilmes, for whom he police are searching, was released this forenoon after being examined by Capt. McDonnell. Misch was intoxicated last night and his confession was a drunken vagary. He left the station promising to drink no more.

NEW MINISTRY FOR CHILE.

Santiago, Chile, Sept. 2.—After a fortnight's work President Relsco has formed a new ministry, headed by Ricardo Matteperez. It is of the same political composition as the late ministry.

CITY OF ADRIANOPLE REPORTED BURNING

Rumors From the Seat of Insurrection Are of Alarming Nature.

Col. Jankoff Entrusted With Task of Destroying Bridges.

Belgrade, Sept. 2.—An unconfirmed report is again published here that Adrianople is in flames.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 2.—The Bulgarian agent at Uskub reports that notwithstanding the porte's promises on the occasion of the Russian demonstration in Iniada bay to dismiss twenty-four officials accused of malpractices by the Russian and Austrian consuls, only nine of them have been dismissed, while some of the others have been given higher posts.

Constantinople, Sept. 2.—According to government advices, Col. Jankoff, the insurgent leader, who, with a strong following, is operating southwards of Demotyka, has been entrusted with the task of destroying the larger bridges of the railroad running from Dedeagatch, on the south coast, to Kuleli-Burgas, over the Maritza and Arda rivers, so as to cut off communication with Adrianople from the South and delay the troops who are on their way to the threatened city. The government believes it has taken measures which will bring about a speedy and it is hoped decisive battle with the insurgent forces commanded by Col. Jankoff. The palace officials were in constant communication with the authorities at Adrianople throughout Monday formulating plans to master the situation in the vilayet.

The crowds which witnessed last night's illuminations here in honor of the anniversary of the accession of the sultan were not so large as usual.

The police recently have been exercising great severity toward the Mussulmans suspected of inciting trouble in the disturbed vilayets, and have arrested and banished large numbers. While the Russian squadron was in Inada bay no less than 142 Mussulmans were expelled on account of their unconcealed hostility to Russia.

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS ARRAIGN THE REPUBLICANS

Platform Adopted at the State Convention Calls Attention to the Persistent Disregard of Party In Power to Fulfill Pledges.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 2.—The Democratis state convention was called to order by State Chairman Hall at 12:20 today. Following the reading of the formal call for the convention, Chairman Hall announced that William J. Brennan, of Pittsburg, had been selected temporary chairman by the executive committee. Mr. Brennan accepted the position in a brief speech.

After the contests in Luzene and Westmorelanus counties had been referred to the credentials committee, the standing committees were announced.

The following is an abstract of the platform adopted:

"The organized Democracy of Pennsylvania addressing Pennsylvanians of all political parties again calls upon them to unite with it in a supreme effort to rid our commonwealth of that selfish, corrupt, extravagant and debasing rule which still controls its affairs. We repeat the charges elaborated in the platform of our last state convention and reaffirm that to the pledges and to the candidates of the Democratic party alone can the people of our state turn for deliverance from the evils under which they suffer. Not one pledge made by the Republican machine as a condition of its continuance in power has been kept. Today we witness the astonishing spectacle of almost the entire Republican press of the state and country denouncing the governor for his approval of the Grady-Salus libel law, the product as they declare, of the worst motives and purposes of the Republican machine. This law they charge was deliberately intended by its authors and promoters as an assault upon the freedom of the press.

"To the repeal of this measure the state can safely count upon the vote and effort of every Democratic member of the next legislature. To the defeat of the candidate who stands for the purposes behind it and the methods of its adoption, we pledge the best efforts of our party and invite the aid of Republican voters.

"We denounce the Republican organization for its repeated and persistent disregard of its pledges to give the state a fair ballot law and on behalf of the people of the state we demand the enactment of a ballot law which shall provide for personal registration of voters in the cities of the state, insure a free, equal, secret ballot, and the opening of ballot boxes obligatory when demanded by citizens to detect frauds.

"We express the hope that through concession, moderation and fair dealing, early adjustments of labor troubles may be reached. While we concede to capital and to employers the utmost protection guaranteed by the constitution and the laws, we also declare it to be our conviction that labor has the right to that protection which comes through organization and union."

The platform opposes the present system of taxation and favors the repeal of all mercantile license taxes and a return into the local city, county and borough treasuries of all other license taxes collected therein.

ONCE WEALTHY WOMAN SUICIDES

New York, Sept. 2.—Mrs. Mary Lang, once wealthy, is dead from carbolic acid poisoning at a Brooklyn hospital. Several years ago her husband died, leaving her a fortune and a handsome home in Williamsburg. She began to give help to all sorts of families, and as the appeals for aid multiplied, her fortune disappeared. Her home was lost through the foreclosure of a mortgage, and finally she was driven to seek assistance from folks she had helped. Most of these persons are said to have turned her away, and as she was too old to procure employment she committed suicide.

WE MUST HAVE NAVY, SAYS DEWEY

New York, Sept. 2.—Admiral Dewey has contributed an article to the current issue of a navy periodical, in which he gives the strength of the fleets that Great Britain, France and Germany could assemble for the summer maneuvers as compared with our small fleet assembled at Bar Harbor. "Our immense coast line and our rapidly increasing world trade," says the admiral, "demands a navy. We must have it for our own protection; and it rests with the navy league to instill this idea into the minds of all classes of citizens until the pressure of public opinion gives us such a navy as is needed for the country's prestige or safety."

DEPUTY SHERIFF KILLS ROBBER

Baldwin, L. I., Sept. 2.—Deputy Sheriff Louis J. Cook early today shot and killed one burglar, probably fatally wounded a second and captured two others. He discovered them trying to break into a vacant house at Baldwin's Park, near here, and a desperate fight followed, but Cook escaped injury. The men are supposed to have belonged to a gang which has been active for several weeks in this section and the deputy had been on the watch for them. The man who was killed had attacked Cook with a corn knife, but after a struggle the deputy managed to draw his revolver and fire, the ball piercing the man's side, killing him instantly. After shooting the second man, Cook was aided by Charles Crowley, a resident, and they soon captured the two fleeing men.

NO MORE ANTICS IN BALL ROOM

New York, Sept. 2.—Football tactics on the ball room floor must stop. No more "Yale glides" or "Harvard dips" or distorted attempt to tread a measure in two-four time when the music calls for three beats in a bar. Such is the ultimatum of the American Society of Professors of Dancing, now in session here. War has been declared by the professors on what they call the invasion of their special field by college students. The dancing of the two-step to waltz time and the grotesque positions assumed by the dancers are evils attributed to the college fads that have vitiated the public taste.

WON MANY RACES

Suspended Trainer Has Taken Seventy-Nine In Few Months.

Success of Keene's Horses Has Been Sensation of Russia.

St. Petersburg, Saturday, Aug. 22.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—John Oliver Keene, of Lexington, Ky., trainer for the racing stable of M. Lizarev, who has been suspended for a year, dating from Aug. 20, for the alleged use of some unknown drug, has won seventy-nine races with his stable and over $100,000 during the last four or five months. Keene and his friends say that is the only reason for the ruling against him.

Keene was trainer last year for Henry De Bloch, the millionaire, of Warsaw, and won $54,000 with a single horse, named Sirdar. He has already exceeded this, though the season is not yet over, with M. Lizarev's Irish Lad, a horse which has won $56,500 and now holds all 3-year-old records for Russia. The success of the stables handled by Keene has been the sensation of Russian sporting circles for a year or more, and he has been accused of ruining horse racing in this country, since everybody bet on his entries. When the present season opened Keene selected Irish Lad, a 3-year-old sired by Galtomore, an English horse, purchased at a great expense by the imperial stud, for the great racing events, and Irish Lad won the Moscow and the Warsaw, beside other valuable prizes.

Keene's success was attributed by the leading sporting journal of St. Petersburg to wise training and good riding. The rival stables, however, were unwilling to acknowledge that Keene had won by superior training alone, and had for months been trying to prove a case of "doping" against him, and eventually procured Keene's suspension for a year.

A detective one day watched the Lizarev horses for eight hours at Warsaw. On the day referred to they won four out of five races in which they were entered, and the fifth race was only lost by a head.

At Moscow an order was issued requiring all entries to stand in the paddock for hours before every race. The Lizarev horses, notwithstanding this, still won, and the order was eventually abandoned, because all the owners protested against it as being cruel to animals.

When the St. Petersburg season opened the technical committee of the racing club began collecting foam from the Lizarev horses' mouths at the end of every race. They gathered it on cotton and put it in bottles. It was afterwards examined by a chemist named Peri, who claimed to find traces in it of some form of morphine. Keene was then summoned before the board of stewards and he swore that he had used no chemicals. Two stable boys claimed they had seen Keene give some medcine to one or two horses, and M. De Bloch wrote a letter stating that he had discharged Keene for "doping." Keene did not deny that he had dctored the horses when they were sick, and demanded that he be confronted with M. De Bloch, but the board of stewards denied this request.

It is claimed for Keene that "admitting the honesty of the tests, a trace of morphine might be due to the use of a certain leg wash composed of a small amount of laudanum, spirit extract of arnica, saltpeter and sugar of lead dissolved in a large body of alcohol." It is asserted that quantities of this mixture are frequently employed with a quart of water and that no objection has been made to this leg wash by the racing authorities. Keene will appeal to the Grand Duke Dimitri Constantinovich, who is protector of Russian racing.

Other Americans engaged in racing here also have been in trouble. J. C. Mitchell, M. Lizarev's rider has been fined $400 for an alleged foul, which all the Americans deny, and has been forbidden to ride for anybody, except M. Lizarev.

Trainer Frank Stars was ruled off for having a bottle of "speed elixir" in a valise, but the penalty was afterwards reduced to nine months' suspension. He claimed he employed it only after a race, to help his entries cool off properly.

William Caywood, a rider, has been dismissed by his employer with the offer of $2000 instead of $3500 due him on his contract. The employer said he did not like Caywood's riding. Another American named Slattery, had previously been dismissed by the owner of the same stable, his contract being cancelled and his earnings withheld.

THE STUMBLING BLOCKS.

Why Colombia Would Not Ratify the Canal Treaty.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Three stumbling blocks are in the way of ratification of the Panama canal treaty by the Colombian congress, according to an official dispatch to Minister Herran, which he has submitted to the state department. These are, as stated by Senor Rico, Colombia's secretary of state:

First—The granting of the proposed rights over the canal zone is a conveyance of sovereignty, and is prohibited by the Colombian constitution.

Second—The concession of the Panama Canal company provides that it must obtain the consent of Colombia before it can transfer its rights to any foreign power, and this consent has not been given.

Third—The attitude of the American minister. Mr. Baupre, in insisting that the treaty shall be ratified without any amendment whatever, and whose officious interference in the deliberations at Bogota have become intolerable and have antagonized some of the best friends of the treaty.

Mr. Baupre informed the Colombian government that any amendment to the treaty would be met with disapproval in this country. This was the cause of a decided change in the standing of the treaty when it was disapproved and referred to a committee.

The Colombian senate regarded the insistence of the United States minister upon the ratification of the treaty as an attempt to dictate, and even friends of the treaty became indignant and voted against it. The question of the payment of more money, according to Colombian advices, has become a minor point.

SENSATIONAL TRAGEDY IN A NEW YORK FAMILY

The Son of Former Mayor Edson Kills Married Woman.

Shot Her Because She Refused to Elope With Him.

Murderer Turned Revolver on Himself With Fatal Results.

New York, Sept. 2.—Henry F. Edson, 30 years old, shot and killed Mrs. Fannie Pullen, 33 years old, today and then shot and killed himself. The double tragedy occurred at Edson's residence.

The murderer and suicide was Henry Townsend Edson, aged 39 years, a son of former Mayor Franklin Edson, and a brother of Dr. Cyrus Edson. Edson is said to have been insanely jealous of the woman and wanted her to go away. The shooting occurred in the presence of Dr. David O. Edson, the suicide's brother, his wife, Mrs. Henry L. Edson and a baggage mover, Thomas Wood.

The families of Henry Townsend Edson and Dr. Edson have lived together in their house on Ninety-second street for a number of years. Today Henry T. Edson was to vacate and leave the city for a short time.

Acording to the police and Woods, the furniture man, Edson had begged Mrs. Pullen to elope with him. Dr. Edson told his brother that he should be ashamed to make such a proposal in the presence of his wife. Townsend Edson became widly exicited and could not be calmed. He kept entreating Mrs. Pullen to leave the house with him and go to anoather state, but she refused. When Woods entered the house, he says, he saw Townsend point his revolver toward Mrs. Pullen and heard him say to her: "You must go with me. If you don't elope with me, I'll see that you go with me, anyway."

Then Townsend fired two shots in quick succession. The first struck Mrs. Pullen in the forehead, and the second in the cheek. Mrs. Pullen ran a few steps when she fell. Edson then turned the weapon on himself, firing two shots. The first went through the head, the second entered the left breast near the heart. He dropped to the floor, his head falling across the woman's feet. Both died almost instantly.

Recently Henry Townsend Edson had quarreled with his wife and finally decided that he would leave her. He had sent for Mrs. Pullen, who was a friend of the family, and she came to the house, not knowing what was wanted. Mrs. Pullen and Dr. Edson were seated about the dining room table. Edson is said to have told his wife he could not live with her any longer and said that it would be better if they separated. This request was refused by Mrs. Edson and the approaching trouble was quieted for the time. Suddenly, it is said, Edson turned to Mrs. Pullen, in the presence of his wife and his brother, and asked her to go away with him to some other state, where they could be happy. Mrs. Pullen indignantly refused the proposal and turned away from Edson. Mr. Edson severely reprimanded his brother for making any such remarks, and then left the room with Mrs. Edson. Almost immediately afterwards the shooting occurred.

THE LACK OF WIND PREVENTS A RACE

Yachts Go to Starting Point Only to Return Without Contest.

Added to Annoyance of No Wind There Was a Heavy Fog.

New York, Sept. 2.—Today's attempt to sail the third race of the America's cup series was but a repetition of yesterday and the ssupense is prolonged still another day. Under far less favorable conditions than prevailed yesterday morning the yachts today went out to the starting line under tow. Added to the annoyance of no wind was a heavy fog. The yachts hung about the lightship. They did not drop their tows and their sails hung limp from the rigging. Like yesterday the boats waited until 11:30 and then the race was declared off. The yachts were then towed back to the Hook, and the few excursionists returned to the city. There will be a race tomorrow.

New York, Sept. 2.—(By Marconi, 10:53 a. m.)—A heavy fog hangs over the course about the lightship. There is scarcely any wind and the sea is a dead calm. There is little prospect of a race.

11:23 a. m.—Both boats are at the starting line but have not dropped their tows. A start has been postponed because of fog and calm.

New York, Sept. 2.—There seems less chance at dawn today for a race between the Reliance and the Shamrock III than on any day since the yachts first met off Sandy Hook two weeks ago tomorrow. The air was absolutely without life and a dull haze overshadowed the course. Nevertheless, the crews of the boats began to prepare the boats for a possible fray, should there suddenly emerge from the gray of the morning a breeze fit for racing.

Towards 9 o'clock the sun cleared away enough of the mist to give the observers on shore a view of the yachts half a male away. At the same hour there was a slight increase in the wind and a slight shift. It got over to the north and then moved slightly east to a point from which the hurricane came the other day. It increased to three miles, but blew fitfully and not steadily enough to clear the atmosphere. The Shamrock raised her mainsail and sent up her club topsail and was fully ready to take her tow, while the Reliance followed suit a few minutes afterwards. Both the boat owners expressed themselves as skeptical of any results during the day, but Mr. Iselin pointed out that they had until 1 o'clock to wait for a breeze. The racers were all ready at 9:10 to take a tow out to the starting line, but did not begin to move, waiting to see if the committee boat would stop on its way down.

Shortly after 9 o'clock, with no committee boat in sight, the Reliance took a line from her tender and started out of the Hook for the lightship. She was under mainsail and club topsail and with jib and staysail in stops. The Shamrock took a line from the Cruiser a few minutes later and started after her rival. Ten minutes after the two yachts rounded the point of the Hook they were lost to view in the mist.

New York, Sept. 2.—Sir Thomas Lipton today emphatically denied persistent rumors that he had made these two assertions:

First, that if there was any chance for Shamrock III to win he would depose Capt. Wringe and put the yacht under control of Mate Bevis; and, second, that Shamrock was found too long after her speed trials, and in bringing her up to the proper measurement she had been stripped so much as to lose her speed. Sir Thomas declared that he had perfect faith in his designer, his captain and his crew. All had done, and were still doing, their best.

PLANS FOR IMPROVEMENTS AT FORT SNELLING APPROVED

Changes and Additions to Cost $400,000 Will Soon Be Commenced at the Historic Old Fortification on the Mississippi River.

St. Paul, Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Congressman F. C. Stevens yesterday received a telegram from Col. George E. Pond, formerly chief quartermaster of the department of Dakota, stating that the war department has approved the plans which he made for remodeling the old post at Fort Snelling. The improvements will cost $400,000. Bids will be received in ten days, and it is expected that the contracts will be awarded in from thirty to forty days. The post will have barracks for four troops of cavalry and quarters for officers and noncommissioned officers. The old tower will be made into an office building, with apartments for the officer in charge of the post and the adjutant on the ground floor. The officers' quarters will be remodeled and renovated. An arcade will be built along the front and an addition will be constructed, a vestibule hall on the first floor will lead to a double parlor, a dining room, a kitchen, a butler's room and a linen closet. A laundry room and a store room will be in the basement.

The old office buildings, which were once the headquarters of the department of Dakota, will be converted into barracks for the cavalry. An arcade will be built along the facade and another story will be added. The quarters of the officer of the day, mess room and kitchen will be on the first floor and o nthe second floor will be rooms for the non-commissioned officers, an armory and a tailor and barber shop.

The external appearance of the buildings when completed will be scarcely changed. The old fort will retain its venerable aspect. The walls will be stuccoed after the style of Spanish architecture, and sufficient external repairs will be made to make the buildings durable. Minnesota limestone will be used in additions.

CHICAGO DEAF MUTE SHOOTS WIFE

Chicago, Sept. 2.—William Sipes, a deaf mute, had a quarrel in a written conversation with his wife last night and at its climax shot her five times, inflicting wounds from which she probably will die. When the police arrived Sipes attempted to escape, and while climbing on the roof of his house was dragged back by detectives. He pointed the revolver in their faces and pulled the trigger, but all the bullets had been discharged at his wife. In the house the police found roughly written notes which had made up the conversation of the deaf man and his wife, and which apparently led to the attempted murder.

ROME GREATLY INTERESTED

In the Venezuelan Question at The Hague.

Rome, Sept 2.—Great interest is taken here in the Venezuelan question before The Hague arbitration court, especially as Wayne MacVeagh, senior counsel for the United States, was the first American ambassador to Italy, where he left the most pleasant remembrances for his tact and cleverness. Germany tried to obtain perference over England in the payment of claims against England, but Italy refused to support her ally and, therefore, the three blockading powers stand on exactly the same footing in making their demands for preferential treatment. Senator Priento, professor of international law, counsel of Italy at The Hague, will support the Italian claims, according to the Roman code, which confers special rights on persons who through risks, expenses, etc., obtain redress, such rights also being of advantage to other claimants, as they share in them.

FIRE AT CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, Sept. 2.—Fire in the buildings at 204 to 208 Walnut street today caused a loss and the serious injury of Charles Regan, a fireman. It started from spontaneous combustion on the third floor of the Schoellkof, Hartford & Hanny company, chemicals and dye stuffs, whose loss was $15,000. Among the other losses were the J. C. Cullough Seed company, $50,000; Herrlinger Paper company, $5000; Selbert, Wust & Co., $60,000; C. B. Foote, on building, $15,000. Several persons were slightly hurt.

SOLDIERS CONFESS.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—The sergeant and six privates who were recently arrested for treason at Metz, have confessed that they stole two bombs, with the new secret fuses attached, for an agent of France.

WINTER PLANS FOR THE NAVY

A Scheme For Maneuvers In the South Is Arranged.

Washington, Sept. 2.—A tentative plan for the winter maneuvers of all the squadrons in the Atlantic ocean has been adopted by the general board of the navy, of which Admiral Dewey is president. The movements will extend from Nov. 30, when ships will begin assembling at Hampton Roads until April 7, when they will disperse.

They will be under the command of the senior squadron commander, except during the months of February and March, when Admiral Dewey will again hoist his four-starred pennant and assume direction of the competition in which records are to be made in target firing and fleet evolutions.

The month of March will be devoted to target practice in the vicinity of Florida bay. The coast and Caribbean squadrons will assemble at Hampton Roads, Nov. 30. The battleship and Caribbean squadrons will redezvous at Culebra, on Jan. 5, where they will make ready for evolution to begin Jan. 12. The European squadron will assemble at St. Vincent's, Cape Verde islands, and arrive at Culebra about Jan. 9. The South Atlantic squadron will assemble at Para and reach Culebra not later than Jan. 9.

Chief among these exercises will be the campaign of an expeditionary force of 400 from the Dixie, which will be ordered to establish a base on the coast of Porto Rico to provide for its defense, and to engeg in operations leading up to some adequate objective point, probably the capture of one of the island municipalities. This expedition will be away from the ships fifteen or twenty days. The men, therefore, will have to transport all their supplies and ammunition of war as in an actual campaign.

SEIDMAIER WILL HANG.

Helena, Mont., Sept. 2.—Governor Toole has notified attorneys for Martin Seidmaier that he will not interfere with the death sentence imposed by the Park county district court and Seidmaier will be hanged at Livingston on Friday next. Seidmaier was convicted of the murder of William Reeder.

SOME OF THE MANY STYLES OF

BURROWS' HATS, FALL 1903



A Few of the Many Styles of The Burrows Hat Shown for Autumn, 1903. The Best **$3.50** Hat In the World.

Burrows' Imperial Hats **$1.90**

The Just Wright Hat **$2.50**

A Complete Hat Store with every desirable style in Stiff and Soft Hats. The Burrows—the best **$3.50 Hat** in the world

Burrows' union made Hats **$1.90**

The Just Wright Hat **$2.50**

Youngs' New York Hats, $3 Knox World-Renowned Hats, $5 to $10

The Favorite With Young Men—All Styles. Silk—Fedora—Derby—Crush.

M. S. BURROWS,

The Leading Hatter and Clothier.

ANOTHER OF THE GANG.

Havre, Mont., Sept. 2.—Sheriff Cosner passed here last night with a prisoner who is supposed to be one of the gang of alleged train robbers who planned to hold up the flyer at Malta on Sunday morning. The prisoner's name is Rathbone and he was arrested at Big Sandy.

SHOOTING TOURNEY OPENS.

Seagirt, N. J., Sept. 2.—The most elaborate shooting tournament employing the rifle, revolver, carbine and pistol this country has ever known, opened here today. All the big states are well represented as are the army, navy and the marine corps. The results will not be known until the close of the meet. The conditions for shooting are by no means favorable because of haze that partly obscures the targets.

TO DISSOLVE CORPORATION.

New York, Sept. 2.—The stockholders of the New England Cotton Yarn company met today in Jersey City and voted to dissolve the corporation. Albert Wall president, said the action of the stockholders gave the directors the right to sell the assets of the company.

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When you are at a loss what to get in furnishings, give us a call and see our many lines in:—

Hats

Dunlap & Co., H. Heath, London, Stetson, Roelofs.

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Traveling, Yachting, Outing.

A large assortment in fall shirts, $1 to $8.

Neckwear 50c up.

Neckwear, Hosiery, Canes Umbrellas, Mackintosches, Etc.

A.B. Siewert & Co.

Hatters and Furnishers.

CLOCK LOST HOUR OF TIME

High School Time Piece Causes Embarrassment to Many People.

Not a few clerks and business men who time their rising by the clock in the tower of the High school, were behind time this morning.

The hour hand of the clock, in some manner, dropped back one hour, and those who arose at 6:30 o'clock in order to be at their work at 8, looked out to see that they still had time for another nap, according to the story told by the usually reliable clock in the school tower.

The majority of them were not slow to take advantage of this opportunity, and with a suspicious glance at the height to which the sun had attained, crept back into bed for another hour.

About 8:30 the condition of affairs was noticed, and the clerks who were just getting down to their work experienced the fastest time of their lives, as they saw the hands shoved ahead from 7:30 to 8:30.

In nearly all of the wholesale houses and offices some of the clerks walked in at about 8:45, to meet the icy glance of their employer, and his welcoming "good-afternoon."

BASE BALL

TOMORROW!

Duluth vs. Grand Forks

at Athletic Park. Game Called at 4:00

DUE TO LUMBERMEN.

E. L. Warren Comments on Reports of Indian Uprising.

E. L. Warren, chief government timber estimator and who has charge of estimating the timber on the Chippewa reservation, arrived at the St. Louis last night from Cass lake and denied the reports that came from Walker of a threatened Indian outbreak. Mr. Warren said:

"The reports of disaffection among the Indians around Cass lake were started by Minneapolis lumbermen who have and are doing their utmost to get the pine upon their own terms. Major Scott, the agent at the reservation, is one of the best friends the Indians ever had and because he cannot be bought by the Minneapolis crowd he has been the object of several attacks upon his character which were started by emissaries of the lumbermen. The Indians will get all that is coming to them and will have the privilege of having one of their own men act as scaler."

MAY SOLVE A HARD PROBLEM

Extensive Deposits of Coal Found In Northwestern Alaska.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 2.—Information has been received here, on the authority of the Nome Nugget, of the discovery of extensive deposits of high-grade coal in Northwestern Alaska, about 300 miles from Nome, across Kotzebue sound.

Six men were left at Cape Lisburne in the fall of 1902, with plenty of provisions and the promise that they would be called for by the first boat in the spring. They were employes of the Lisburne-Alaska Coal company, engaged in prospecting for coal. They kept up their work during the winter months and were rewarded by the discovery of a vein seven feet thick and 25 feet in length. The extent of the deposit is not yet known, but it is believed to be very large.

For some reason the officers of the Lisburne company did not return for their prospectors in the spring, and, provisions becoming short, the men undertook to flag the Thetis on her way to Point Barrow, whither she went in August with Senator Dietrich of Nebraska. They did not succeed on her northward passage, however, but on her return they signaled her off Point Hope, were taken aboard and brought to Nome.

The discovery is regarded as a very important one, inasmuch as the fuel question in Northwestern Alaska is a hard one to solve. This is the first discovery of coal in Northwestern Alaska which promises to produce anything worth while in quantity or quality. Cheap coal would mean much to the development of that part of Alaska, where machinery must be employed extensively in profitable mining.

NATIVES LOVE DOG MEAT.

Igorrotes of Philippines Think It a Great Delicacy.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Broiled dog, fried dog and sundry other forms of dog are considered delicacies by the Igorrotes of the northern provinces in the Philippines. According to advices just received here, Col. E. C. Carter, Manila, commissioner of public health, has received a gentle hint from Provincial Gov. William G. Pack, at Bagulo, Benguet, not to waste this "God-given delicacy."

His appeal is coupled in the following terms: "I know that some of the departments under your charge are killing dogs and throwing them away to get rid of them. Now, my people, you know, consider dog a God-given luxury. Will it not be possible in one way or another for you to send me 100, 200 or 500 dogs that you want to get rid of, to San Bernando, where I will have Igorrotes waiting to bring them over the trail to me here in Bagulo?

"The feast subsequent to such a feat would make gods and men wonder. Now, see if we cannot make such an arrangement."

It is the understanding that the relief will be given by Col. Carter. Manila is full of stray dogs, and he would give something handsome to get rid of them. The natives and Europeans there don't seem to consider them gastronomic luxuries.

SEVERE STORM.

Mankato, Minn., Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—A severe storm visited a section north of Mankato last night and four miles of corn was cut down or shredded by hail. No damage was done in this city, but along the Northwestern road as far as Nicollet much corn was destroyed.

THE LETTER CARRIERS.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 2.—The National Association of Letter Carriers, after two days spent in considering the contests over the number of delegates allowed to a number of large cities, today adopted the report of the committee on credentials in favor of the entire delegations upon the roll. Additional reports of officers were received and are being considered in executive session.

LADRONES CAUSE ANNOYANCE.

Manila, Sept. 2.—A party of ladrones have assembled in Laguna and have caused much annoyance to the peaceably-disposed inhabitants by their depredations. The provincial constabulary are, according to reports, keeping in close touch with the marauders.

HIS RELIABLE WATCH.

"It's an heirloom," he said, as he took out of his pocket a watch as big as an ordinary $2 alarm clock and shook it to hear the works rattle, says the Brooklyn Eagle. "My great grandfather carried it."

"What—with a truck?" asked his friend.

"Oh, that's all right," responded the man with the watch. "Have all the fun you want; but you couldn't duplicate it today for $200."

"I suppose not. How much do you think the freight charges on it would be from here to New York?"

"I know it's big, but I tell you it is priceless. It's old-fashioned, but it's all there."

"Yes, with some additions and bay-windows. But, really, is it reliable?"

"I can tell the time to a half minute by it and swear to it. I'll bet I can come closer to the exact time than you, now."

"I'll go you." He pulled out a handsome little stem-winder, glanced at it, and said: "It's 12:33. Now get a crowbar and open your old safety-deposit vault and see what time you make it."

"Let me see. This is Saturday, and I set it last Thursday evening at 6 o'clock. That is a trifle over forty-two and one-half hours ago. At a half a minute an hour the total loss would be twenty-one and one-fourth minutes. I now make it 12:14½. Adding twenty-one and one-fourth to that would make the corrected time 12:35¾, and I'm willing to leave it to any chronometer in town. Talk about your reliable watches! Why, you can bet on this old heirloom and win every time. I'l lost half a minute an hour for sixty-three years. All you've got to do is to remember when you set it and you can figure the time down almost to quarter seconds."

MAYOR LOW REVIEWS EAGLES.

New York, Sept. 2.—The fraternal Order of Eagles had their parade today before going into session to continue their convention at Tammany hall. Mayor Low reviewed the parade. There were more than 2000 members in the various lodges which formed the procession.

New York & Return, $25.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th, inclusive; good for return until Sept. 30.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

"A Short Talk on a Good Thing"—

"COMMANDER" FLOUR.

That's all.

Ask your grocer for it.

CANNOT DO ALL

Other Bodies Must Prune to Get Thirty Mill Rate.

County Has Cut One Mill—Up to School Board Now.

It will take more action than that of the city conference committee yesterday to cut the total tax rate of the city of Duluth down from 34.4 mills last year's rate, to 3 per cent, which is the goal that it is desirable to reach.

The city's estimated levy for city purposes as a result of the conference is 14.95 mills as against 17.6 mills last year. This is a reduction of 2.65 mills, and would bring the tax rate down to 31.75 mills, nearly 2 mills above the 3 per cent mark.

However, the city has probably done its share in the reduction, and the remainder of the necessary cut of 4.4 mills can be made up elsewhere without any great squeezing.

The county has already cut its rate 1 mill below last year's, from 4.77 mills to 3.77 mills, which brings the total rate down to 30.75 mills, leaving the independent school district of Duluth less than 1 mill as its share of the cut. Last year it had a pretty liberal rate, 9.5 mills, the largest in the list except the city, and it is very likely that it will be more than able to make the additional reduction needed.

The 1901 tax rate, therefore, will not be more than 3 per cent, which is a decently fair rate and compares very favorably with the rates in other cities of the country.

Two years ago the rate was 29.9 mills, a shade under 3 per cent, and if the taxing officers get a bit ambitious, and all combine in an effort to screw things down to the lowest notch consistent with good and efficient management of public affairs, it is declared to be quite possible to do even a little better than this.

In any event, the 1904 rate can hardly be above 3 per cent, which is a rate not to be ashamed of and one that will not have the effect of scaring out capital that may be seeking investment here. Valuations are not high, so that although some of them think differently, taxpayers will not get a very bad deal with a tax rate of 3 per cent.

$500,000 IN PRIZES of $5.00 each to be given to the School Children of America

School Children's Competitive Advertising Contest No. 30



There was a jolly miller
Lived on the river Dee:
He worked and sang from morn
till night,
No lark so blithe as he
And this the burden of his song
Forever used to be—
I care for nothing—no! not I,
Nothing but

This sketch was made by Janet Boss, aged 9, McKinley School, Keokuk, Iowa.

We give cash prizes of $5.00 for any drawing of this character which we accept and use. **All school children can compete. Full instructions will be found on inside of each package of Egg-O-See, telling what to do get the prize and how to make the drawings.**

No step so important has ever been undertaken in the food business as the introduction of Egg-O-See, a full sized package of absolutely the best flaked wheat food, and yet it

RETAILS AT 10 CENTS.

This step has made Egg-O-See the standard as a flaked wheat product. The largest and best food mill in the world enables us to manufacture this superior article, in full weight packages at a lower price than has ever before been attempted with a first class product.

EGG-O-SEE

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THE GREEN PACKAGE.

If your grocer does not keep it, send us his name and 10c and we will send you a package prepaid

Address all communications to Battle Creek Breakfast Food Co., Quincy, Ill.

Made by the BATTLE CREEK BREAKFAST FOOD CO. Battle Creek, Mich. Quincy, Ill.

WILL BE NO HIGHER

Hard Coal Prices Thought to Be at the Top.

Last Advance Went In Sept. 1—No shortage Likely.

Anthracite coal is now up to the top notch in price for the season, and it is not likely that it will go higher during the winter.

It is now selling for $7.75 the ton, which is an advance of 50 cents since April 1. It has been advanced 10 cents a month each month up to and including Sept. 1, when the last advance went on.

Of course, if there should be a shortage of coal, and it should be necessary to bring some in by rail, the price would advance to pay the extra freight charges, but that is a very remote possibility, according to well-informed local coal men.

Nobody knows just how much hard coal there is on the docks at the present time, but there is not a great deal, as it has been consumed about as fast as it came in. However, there are three months more in which coal can be brought in, so there is no danger of a shortage if enough can be had in the East. Reports from the mines are that a number of them are shutting down, which would indicate that they have mined about all the coal they could find a market for. If that is the case, there should be no trouble in supplying the Northwest with all it needs.

Up to this year it has been possible to tell nearly all of the time just about how much coal there was on the docks. It used to be so that coal men who wanted to know how much there was on hand had to send men around to guess at the contents of their competitors' piles. Then it was decided that this was rather a clumsey method, so the Duluth coal men all got together and agreed to report their stocks to one man, who should give out the totals. This year, however, some of the coal dealers thought this was too much like giving up their business secrets to others, so the deal was declared off, and now it is purely a matter of guess again.

But the opinion of coal men who keep rather close track of the situation is there is not a great surplus on hand, but that the apparent ease of getting coal in the East, together with the length of time that remains in the Northwest during the coming winter. Unless there is a shortage there is little prospect of any further advance in price, and there is little prospect of a shortage, so the situation looks comfortable to the consumer.

Soft coal continues to come in in a volume that is fairly free, and there is much of it on the docks at the head of the lakes. Of course, there is not yet enough of it to last through the winter, but there is plenty of time in which to bring the stocks up to the utmost needs of the district supplied through Duluth.

Coal men note a steady and rapid growth in coal consumption in the Northwest as the country settles up and business expands. This year's receipts of soft coal and, perhaps, of hard coal as well will be the greatest in the history of the head of the lakes. Last year's receipts would have eclipsed all records if the coal could have been secured.

"I have not yet had a chance to look it up and make comparisons," said one prominent coal man this morning, "but I have no hesitancy in stating a belief that more soft coal had been received this season up to Sept. 1 than in any previous full season in the history of the port."

TRIAL OF RAILROAD OFFICIALS

Newark, N. J., Sept. 2.—At the trial of officials of the North Jersey Street Railway company, accused of manslaughter in connection with the Clifton avenue grade crossing accident, Frederick Evans, former secretary of Vice President Hobart and now secretary of the Public Service corporation, was called upon to produce the books containing the by-laws of the North Jersey Street Railway company. From this the prosecutor read selected sections on the duties of directors and officers, showing how the various duties are delegated from one to another, but they are all responsible for the carrying out of the rules of the company.

After Prosecutor Riker had finished reading extracts from the by-laws of the company's books for the year preceding the date of the accident, and telling who were present at the several meetings of the executive committee of the board of directors, an investigation of the books showed that the members under indictment were at nearly all the meetings. The books were admitted in evidence.

SPECIAL ITEMS FOR TOMORROW'S CHOOSING

Where the Best Bargains May Be Obtained In Seasonable Merchandise.

Some special department sales and the announcement of a new ladies' tailoring department is the Freimuth bill of fare.

Panton & White continue the sale of hand-decorated china samples, and offer close bargains in waists and skirts.

Fall wash materials displayed in great variety at Gray-Tallant company's.

M. S. Burrows shows a wide range of newest styles of fall hats, including the celebrated Youngs and Knox.

Silberstein & Bondy company shows a fine assortment of imported dress stuffs for fall, and continue special selling of bedding.

Hats, caps and neckwear are the leading features of the fall display at A. B. Siewert & Co.'s.

Bayha & Co. offer special values in chamber suites and Morris chairs.

Duluth Music company explains the superior merits of the Emerson piano.

Northern Hardware company makes a specialty of up-to-date kitchen utensils.

Lightbody's news column describes the beauty of their new dress trimmings.

High-grade teas and coffees at Malcomson Tea store.

An appetizing list of eatables at cut prcies at D. O'Leary's.

THE BUM'S REWARD.

"I should like," said the tramp as he approached a citizen in front of the city hall the other evening, according to the Detroit Free Press, "I should like to take a suburban street car and ride far, far into the country and see the lambkins frolic."

"Don't you know that lambkins never frolic after sundown?" replied the citizen.

"Is that so? Then I might see the calves gamboling about."

"The calves have retired for the night by this time, and they won't gambol for your benefit."

"That's too bad. I might go out, however, and hear the whippoorwills sing. Their songs would remind me of bygone and happier days."

"You won't be reminded. There isn't a whippoorwill within fifty miles of Detroit. There was one around last year, I believe, but he was shot for a snipe."

"But I could at least go out, if I had the money to pay for my fare," insisted the tramp, "and hear the lowing of the kine."

"Sorry to disappoint you again," replied the citizen, "but this is Monday evening. The kine low on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings. On the off nights they get their breath back."

"Well, you won't dispute that I could go out and sit in the gloaming, will you?"

"I will have to. They used to have plenty of gloaming all around here, but it has become a scarce article and the farmers are demanding a high price for it. No, there is no gloaming for you. Anything else you want to speak about before I take that car?"

"Well—er—well, if I had a nickel, you know—"

"You'd buy beer with it?"

"I would."

"Then take it and buy. You might as well have had it ten minutes ago. Yes, buy beer with it and sleep on the grass somewhere all night, and don't go bothering your head about frolicking lambs, gamboling pigs, lowing kine and the gloaming. There's nothing in it, while there is 4 per cent of alcohol in good, cold beer."

Are You Going to the State Fair?

Are you going on "The Twilight Limited?" If not, why not? You want the best of everything at the same price, and the "Twilight" furnishes it. Coaches, club cars, parlor cars, observation cars, dining cars—no other train like it.

Have You a Room For Rent?

List it in the Want Columns of The Herald. Now that the holidays are over there are a great many people looking for rooms or rooms and board. A little ad. will fill up those vacant rooms or those chairs around the table.

SECTION VALID

Taxpayers May Appeal From City's Allowance of Claims.

Judge Cant Decides Barber Asphalt Company's Mandamus Case.

Section 80, of the city charter, is held by the district court to be valid.

This morning Judge Cant filed an order in the case of the state of Minnesota ex rel the Barber Asphalt company against the city of Duluth, City Comptroller W. S. McCormick and City Clerk Cheadle, denying the motion of the relator for a peremptory writ of mandamus compelling the city clerk to issue a warrant and the city comptroller to pay the claim of the asphalt company against the city, amounting to $25,500. The court also denies the motion of the relators to strike paragraphs 6, 9 and 10 from the answer of the respondents.

The order of the court practically means that section 80, of the city charter, which provides that seven or more taxpayers may appeal from the assessment for any improvement ordered by the council, and that claimants cannot enforce payment of their claims for the improvement appealed from while the appeal is pending, but the order is not to be construed as effecting the validity of the claim in any way.

In his memorandum the court says: "I rest the determination of the matter mainly on the provisions of section 80, of the city charter, which in my opinion should be upheld.

"A provision substantially the same with respect to claims against the county has long since been in force in this state. This, and the fact that similar provisions are found in other states, constitute something of an argument in its favor, although the question here raised has, apparently, never been presented to the supreme court of this state.

"Going deeper, however, it should, in my opinion, be held as an original proposition that section 80 is valid, prescribing as it does, certain reasonable and wholesome routine regulations, all of which must be complied with before the defendant officers are authorized to make or deliver orders upon the funds of the city.

"Presumably it was in contemplation of both parties, when the contract was entered into. That, however, would not make valid what would otherwise be invalid.

"The main reason alleged as rendering section 80 invalid is that it does not provide for notice of the appeal being given to the person from the allowance of whose claim such appeal has been taken; that, therefore, a judgment might be rendered which would not be due process of law. It would be the duty of the court to see, in such case, that such notice was given before a hearing was had, and if the court failed in its duty in this respect, the result would be without due process of law; but the failure of this section to prescribe what it would be the duty and province of the court to supply should not lead us hastily to conclude that it is for that reason invalid."

In the matter of the appeal of the city of Duluth from the action of the mayor and common council in allowing the claim of the Barber Asphalt company in the sum of $25,500, by resolution of the council passed Aug. 3 and approved Aug. 5, the court this morning issued an order directing the asphalt company to appear Sept. 3, at 9:30 a. m., and show cause, if cause there be, why an order should not issue directing the pleadings to be made up, as in civil actions, between the city and the company; also to show cause, if there be any, why the issues raised by such pleadings should not be tried in this general term of district court.

THE ELKS ENTERTAIN.

Will Have Social Session For the Women.

The local lodge of Elks will give a "ladies' social" at Elks' hall tonight, and a very merry time is expected. There will be a dance until 11 o'clock, when in accordance with the usual custom, a toast will be drunk to the absent brethren. This will be made by City Comptroller W. S. McCormick. A lunch will follow, after which there will be a program by local, amateur and professional talent. The Metropolitan Stock company and orchestra have been donated by the management of the theater. The Gardner children and Baby Rhea will be among the attractions, and Jane Everington, Charles Applehagen, Thomas Collins and Eddy Collins will take part.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains the linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it, or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, and a book that tells all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing be sure to mention that you read this generous offer in the Duluth Evening Herald. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

THE RUSH CONTINUES

State Fair Rush on the Railroads Is Still On.

The rush on the railroads towards St. Paul and Minneapolis on account of the cheap state fair rates, which will prevail until Saturday, has not abated and each train out of Duluth is loaded to the guards. In many cases passengers have been compelled to stand up all the way to the Twin Cities, notwithstanding that the roads have put every available car in commission. Many union labor men have purchased tickets from Duluth to Minneapolis and return and will go to that city Saturday to participate in the Labor day celebration Monday.

Russell Promoted.

W. A. Russell, former general passenger agent of the St. Paul & Duluth road, who since leaving that position has been connected with the Illinois Central, has been appointed assistant general passenger agent of the Louisville & Nashville railroad.

Compromise Offered.

The grand officers of the engineers and firemen's brotherhoods have returned to St. Paul from Chicago and are now considering a compromise agreement offered by the Great Northern road. Negotiations between the men and General Superintendent G. T. Slade are now progressing and it is thought that all differences will be amicably adjusted.

A Great Train.

A company is being formed in Chicago, with $1,000,000 capital, which purposes to run every ten days between New York and San Francisco a train that will have all the appointments of the finest hotels in the country, including a laundry and palm garden. The patrons will be booked only for the best hotels along the route.

LAND AGENTS MEET.

Buffalo, Sept. 2.—A special meeting of the Southeastern Railroads' Land and Industrial Agents' association was held here today. While considerable time was devoted to an interchange of views upon the various papers read, it is understood that the chief importance attaching to the meeting is in connection with the immigration movement, having for its object work in the East, middle West and in the Canadian provinces.

CRUELTY INQUIRY ENDED.

Manila, Sept. 2.—The board of inquiry into the charges of cruelty formulated against Maj. Herbert L. Howse through Maj. Hunter has finished hearing testimany and adjourned. It will consider the arguments offered on both sides of the case, at the close of which the records will be sent to Washington for final adjudication.

AGUINALDO GIVES ADVICE.

Manila, Sept. 2.—Aguinaldo, the ex-revolutionary leader, but now a pronounced supporter of the policy maintained by the United States in the islands, has just addressed a letter of advice to his countrymen. In this he urges them to forsake their besetting sin—gambling, to improve their methods of agriculture, and to attend the public schools so generously provided to furnish them educational facilities.

COURT IS OPEN

Grand Jury Is Charged and Gets at Its Work.

Twenty-Eight Divorce Cases Are on For This Term.

The September general term of district court opened this morning with Judge Ensign in charge of the calendar.

Twenty of the grand jurors summoned to appear at this term of court were present when the jury was called at 11 o'clock. After the jurymen were excused the remaining eighteen were sworn in and charged by Judge Cant. The court, as is customary, read those portions of the statutes outlining the duty of the grand jurors and entailing secrecy on them as to what takes place in the jury room. He explained the wide scope of investigation possible for the grand jury, and remarked that the jury had the authority also to investigate all suspected cases of selling liquor to Indians and trespassers on state lands. The jurors might consider themselves the guardians of the lands belonging to the state.

Judge Cant urged fearless and impartial action on the part of the grand jurors, and pointed out that it was their duty to investigate alleged violations of the state laws wherever they came to their attention, no matter what the personal opinion of each juror might be on the merits of the law. It is the duty of the grand jury to see that the laws are carried out as they are, not as the jurors may believe they should be.

John W. Rowley was appointed foreman by the court and the grand jury retired to organize, elect a clerk and begin the investigation of cases that may come before them. As it was nearly noon when the jurors retired, no witnesses were called until this afternoon's session.

The grand jury has a large amount of work before it, but County Attorney McClintock thinks that with dispatch all the work may possibly be cleaned up in ten days.

Tomorrow morning the three district judges will take up the divorce cases, of which there are twenty-eight, for this term of district court. Twenty-six of the cases are on call for tomorrow, one for Friday and one for Saturday.

The trial of jury cases will begin Monday.

RECRUITING IN THE NAVY

Commander Wadhams, U. S. N., Will Be In Duluth Sept 11.

Commander Wadhams, U. S. N., of Chicago, will be here with a navy recruiting detail Sept. 11, a week from Friday, and his stay here will depend upon the amount of business that comes before him.

Capt. Frank Henrich, the local hydrographic officer, who has charge of applications for enlistments between the visits of the recruiting detail, expects to see a considerable number of applicants for berths in the navy, and if there are enough to warrant it Commander Wadhams will remain here Sept. 12, 14 and 15.

Apprentices are not being recruited now, because the naval training station is under quarantine, and none can be received until the quarantine is off. A large proportion of the applicants here are usually boys of 15 to 17 who want to enter as apprentices.

THE OHIO CAMPAIGN.

Columbus, O., Sept. 2.—The state committee has decided that the Republican campaign in Ohio will be opened in Chillicothe on Sept. 19. Addresses will be made by Senators Foraker and Hanna, Myron T. Herrick and Warren G. Harding.

TRUNKMAKERS' STRIKE.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—A strike of 700 trunkmakers followed by a lockout has tied up seven manufactories of trunks, satchels and dress suit cases, practically crippling the industry in Chicago. Nearly 1000 men are idle.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPN'Y

The Important Dress Stuffs For Fall.

(Dress Goods Section.)

It is a quiet year in dress goods this season—Never were designs so staple in character; never were colors more quiet and restful and subdued; nor materials more harmonious.

Today we are able to give you the first idea of the stuffs that will be worn.

There are three distinct classes of new fall dress goods:

(1) Nubby, knotty, roughish stuffs for the tailored gown.

(2) Fine satiny broadcloth for formal calling and dinner gowns.

(3) Veiles, etamines, crepe de chine, and other stuffs that flow and cling, with laces, trimmings and buttons, for elaborate gowns.

But we shall tell you more about styles later on.

Most of the dress stuffs on exhibition this morning belong to the first class—for tailor-built gowns. Among them these:

IMPORTED TWEED SUITINGS—Mixtures, the predominant colors being black, brown or navy, with silk nubs of red, green and white, very choice and scarce, at $1.50 the yard.

TWEED ZIBELINES—Stylish and durable fabrics for street costumes, combining the style of the Zibeline with the wearing qualities of the tweed. Melange effects, in navy, green, brown and wine—$1.50 the yard.

CHEVIOTS AND BROAD CLOTHS are in demand for genteel street suits. Our stock of these fabrics in foreign and domestic makes is very complete at prices ranging from 50c to $3.75 the yard.

WOOL WAISTINGS—Several very handsome lines of fine wool waistings are being shown. Special attention is called to an imported Imperial Serge, with multi-colored stripes—at $1.00 the yard.

ALL-WOOL SUITINGS AT 50c—Especially adapted for children's school dresses and every-day waists. A very large assortment, including plain and fancy Granites, Tweeds, Zibelines, Serges and bright Plaids—all at 50c the yard.

SPECIAL NOTICE — We have installed the famous DUPLEX, the Spotless Steam Sponger, which gives the goods a double sponging in the one operation at a cost of Only 5 Cents a Yard. And thus you may be sure of the style that stays, for Duplex gives new life to the goods and leaves the fabric with that rich mellow surface so admired. Not a fraction of shrinkage will ever occur in the wearing.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

WIND TOO HEAVY

Interferes With the Work of National Guard Marksmen.

Musician Price Has High Score—Maj. Resche Leads Duluthians.

A high wind today handicapped the Third regiment marksmen in their practice shoot.

The scores were generally lower than yesterday with Musician Price of Company B leading up to the skirmish work.

Of the Duluth men entered, Maj. Resche has made the best showing thus far.

The men fear that today's wind means a three-day blow and if it does the practice shoot will be virtually spoiled. However, they are trusting that they will get sufficient practice to go to Lake City in good shape and say that considering the conditions the scores this far have not been disappointing.

The scores this morning were as follows:

	200 Yds.	300 Yds.	500 Yds.	Total.
Wolff, Co. H	28	36	26	91
Simpson, band	35	34	36	105
Hanter, Co. B	34	37	31	102
Mergel, Co. G	22	18	23	63
Mahoney, Co. G	36	34	29	99
Wilson, Co. H	29	29	33	91
Britton, Co. F	39	40	43	102
Bird, Co. B	39	41	34	114
Whittaker, Co. A	26	36	32	94
Britton, Co. F	40	40	42	122
Vickstrom, Co. H	33	37	29	99
Selhorn, Co. G	22	36	30	88
Price, Co. B	43	40	40	123
Seibert, Co. F	33	37	35	104
Johnson, Co. G	24	28	27	79
Resche, staff	39	36	36	111
Dash, Co. A	23	32	37	92
Colwell, Co. B	38	37	31	106
Taylor, Co. G	31	23	26	80
Hunter, Co. B	37	42	36	115
Bruner, Co. I	..	..	7	..
Akerlund, Co. I	..	..	26	..

Yesterday Corp. Britton of Company F who was second, in today's shooting won first honors, beating three others by only 1 point. The complete scores of yesterday were as follows:

	200 yds.	300 yds.	500 yds.	600 yds.	Total.
Whitaker, Co. A	31	25	30	10	106
Simpson, band	37	37	35	11	120
Dash, Co. A	24	..	..	..	58
Bird, Co. B	38	37	30	17	122
Colwell, Co. B	35	38	46	27	146
Hunter, Co. B	34	35	29	29	127
Cor. Hunter, Co. B	40	37	31	32	140
Price, Co. B	43	38	39	26	146
Seibert, Co. F	38	39	29	19	125
Britton, Co. F	42	34	34	36	146
Sgt. Britton, Co. F	42	37	34	34	147
Johnson, Co. G	37	32	21	16	56
Mahoney, Co. G	36	31	41	17	125
Taylor, Co. G	27	33	21	..	80
Wiskstrom, Co. H	35	37	34	..	106
Wilson, Co. H	30	38	27	..	95
Wolf, Co. H	39	36	33	19	127

EXPELLED FROM FINLAND.

Helsingfors, Finland, Sept. 2.—M. Soederbjelln, the prefect of police of Viborg; M. Akerson, the former prefect of police of the same place, and Lieut. Col. Aminoff have been expelled from Finland.

HE MAKES A REPLY

Mr. Potter Answers Miss Ham's Breach of Promise Case.

He Claims a Settlement and Denies Marriage Deal.

More sizzle.

Mr. Potter resists Miss Ham's attempt to mulct him in damages.

The defendant in the breach of promise action of Miss Sara Ham, of Dubuque, Ia., against George A. Potter, the local lumberman, has filed his answer to the complaint, which was filed a few days ago.

After making a general denial to each and every allegation, matter and thing in the complaint, Mr. Potter goes on more specifically to deny that he is worth $500,000 and asserts that he is worth $150,000 and no more.

He alleges that Miss Ham has been for many years a woman of immoral character, and that his relations with her have been those that men might have with women of her character.

Mr. Potter denies that he ever at any time or place asked Miss Ham to become his bride or that he ever made any promises to marry her. On the other hand he asserts that since the death of his wife Miss Ham has repeatedly solicited the defendant to marry her but he has always refused.

As to the matter of an agreement not to bring an action for breach of promise, Potter alleges that in the early part of 1902 Miss Ham started an action similar to this one in the court at Dubuque, Ia., and that he, while denying the allegations as to any promises of marriage, rather than have the matter aired in the courts entered into a contract of settlement in which Miss Ham for a pecuniary consideration agreed to drop the case and never again to start a similar action against him.

Mr. Potter claims that he has at all times lived up to his agreement and pleads it in full defense to the action without waiving any other defense.

The case comes on for trial during the present term of district court.

NO DECISION MADE.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The administration has come to no decision regarding the disposition to be made of the American warships which are now sailing to Beirut. Whether the Brooklyn and San Francisco remain in Turkish waters will depend upon the report which Minister Leishman makes concerning the situation in Turkey and the necessity which exists for warships to protect American interests.

COTTON AT LAGOS.

Lagos, British West Africa, Sept. 2.—The developmetn of the cotton trade in the interior is so great that the railroad officials have been obliged to run extra trains in order to bring down the large supplies to the coast. There is every prospect of a further increase in the cultivation of cotton.

"It's the Same Old Story!"

And 'twill be the same old story. Every store—no matter how inferior their stocks may be,—announce in bold black type —"The largest and best stock!", "The finest ever shown!" and "About half what other stores are asking!" You'll see the it in print nearly every time you pick up the paper and we're preparing you for it.

Sale of—
Blankets,
Bedspreads,
Sheets and
Pillow Cases.
New Showing of—
Walking Skirts,
Cravenette Coats
and
Traveling Coats,
In plain and fancy materials.

It will be the same old story of using your own judgment—of comparing —and finding that while our wares are up to the highest notch—and while our ready to wear things are the best that can be had—that our prices are no higher —in most instances lower than at less particular stores.

The arrival of new things are so fast and so many that we can hardly keep you posted through the newspaper columns—best way is to visit the store often—the more often you come the better we are pleased—visit all of the different departments and particularly those that are of most style importance —such as the new Dress Goods and Silks, Waistings and Flannels—the new Tailored Suits and Costumes — and Beautiful Furs—then there's the new Blankets and Comforts; and—well, come and see!

We're willing—and you ought to be.

More new arrivals in Tailored Suits and Coats today. Come in and get posted on the new styles—you'll not be able to see them elsewhere!

Final Clean-up of Women's Neckwear!

50c to $2.00 Values Tomorrow—Choice, 10c.

The line composes stock ties, plain stocks, four-in-hands, bows and fancy effects—everyone this season's style. Come tomorrow.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.



ANOTHER GRAND SPECIAL
FOR THIS WEEK ONLY.

Only 24 of these Chamber Suites left, we will therefore not sell any of them to dealers and ONLY ONE TO A CUSTOMER.

This beautiful all hardwood Chamber Suite—French bevel plate glass, large size, well made, nicely finished, and, remember these are no trash goods, but well made, and are worth double what we ask for them—our price only---------- $13.50

We also have fifteen more of these handsome all hardwood, best velour Cushion Morris Chairs, therefore must refuse to sell any of these to dealers. Our price only---------- $4.50

Also special low prices upon our entire line of Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Crockery, Baby Cabs, Stoves and Ranges. Our goods are sold either for cash or on credit. Come let us serve—we are the people to save you money—to give you credit and make terms to suit—$10.00 per month upon $100.00 worth of goods.

BAYHA & CO.,

Lowest Priced House Furnishers at the Head of this Great Lake,

News-Tribune Building---24--26 East Superior Street.

BOARDERS DISTURBED.

"I thought I heard a strange noise in the hall last night," said the timid boarder at the breakfast table, according to the Brooklyn Eagle. "Do any of you know what it was?"

"Strange noise!" echoed the cheerful cynic. "Humph, strange noises aren't in it with the strange sight that I saw."

"I want to know! What did it look like?" The timid boarder was one of those human interrogation points who are in such a chronic state of wanting to know that they habitually speak with a rising inflection.

"Oh, it was fearfully and wonderfully made. At first I took it to be a spook. I wasn't quite awake, you see, and the hour was that witching one when graves are supposed to yawn and similar cheering things to happen. On second thoughts I decided that the fearsome aparition was one of the boarders gone clean daft. There was a bright light burning in the hall, and under it stood a tall thin figure clad in a night gown. Its head was covered with a grotesque looking cap made from a newspaper. In its hands was a broom upon which it leaned, staring blankly into space, in a man-with-the-hoe attitude. It was the creepiest looking thing I ever saw. Then it turned and said in a hoarse whisper:

"'Thank heaven, you're awake! I called and called to you, and was just wondering what I should do next.'

"The figure came toward me. It was Miss Billings. This is about the conversation that followed:

"'Of all things! Is that you, Miss Billings?' I said, 'and why in the world are you decked out in that extraordinary headgear?'

"'It's bats!' she cried tragically; 'don't you know they get in your hair?'

"'But where are they?'

"'There's only one, and it's in the hall, and it's a dreadful big creature, big as a bird. I couldn't let you go on sleeping with your door wide open.'

"'Nonsense. I don't care. Turn out the light and go to bed.'

"'Do you mean to tell me that you can calmly go to sleep with a whole colony of bats flying about your head?'

"'Oh, I thought you said there was only one.'

"'Well, it might just as well have been a dozen; it looked like it, the way it's been flopping around. It was in my room at first. I woke up hearing it fly about and thought it was the wind. Just as I shut the window a second one tried to get in. I never knew they went in pairs. Oh, what shall we do?'

"'Tell me, please, why you armed yourself with that whisk broom and duster bag beside the big broom?'

"'Why, the bag is to catch him in. Don't you think you could bang him with the broom, just enough to stun him, and then I'll sweep him into the bag?'

"'If you think I'm going on a bat hunt at this time of the night you're mistaken, and I wish you'd let me go to sleep,' I said crossly. Then she got up on her dignity, as much dignity, that is, as was possible with such a costume.

"'I thought you'd appreciate being warned of the danger you were in, but I see I was mistaken,' she said stiffly, and went off, leaving the bat to his own devices and me to my fate."

There were various inquiries when the cheerful cynic had finished her tale as to what became of the bat, to which she replied that for all she knew it might be there yet.

"I shall certainly close my blinds tonight," declared the timid boarder. "And to think that they fly in pairs, dear me." Then turning to the biological student, she asked, "Do bats really get in your hair?"

"So they say," gravely replied the devotee of science.

TEACHERS PLACED

Assignments Are Made For Coming School Year.

Difficult Thing to Arrange and Still Subject to Revision.

Superintendent Denfeld has completed the task of assigning the teachers to the various schools in the city.

The list is liable to change in one or two cases, but is, for the most part, correct.

The list comprises 242 names, many of which appear for the first time.

The task of compiling the list is always a very difficult one, as many of the teachers resign at the last moment, and leave vacancies which must be filled. This year three of the young ladies who entered the bonds of matrimony, from the ranks of the teachers, did not give notice of their resignation until within the last few days and substitutes had to be found on very short notice.

The list of applicants this year was very large, although there was a large percentage of them ineligible for the position. The increased length of the school year is an added inducement to good teachers to accept positions in the city schools, and the corps of teachers was never more efficient than his year.

The following is the complete list, subject to one or two changes:

ADDAMS SCHOOL.

Principal, Miss Anna M. Hicken; kindergarten, Annie Milne; B first, Myrtle Harding; B and T first, Bertha Randall; first and second, Laura Welch; second, Hughina McKay; second, Minnie Malloy; third, Mary Tschumperlin; third, Mary W. Carter; fourth, Emily P. Robinson; fourth, Carolyn Sundt; fifth, May Hammill; sixth, Ella Grane; sixth, Lissa Buckingham; seventh, Anna Cary; eighth, Maude Breneman.

BRYANT SCHOOL.

Principal, Ella Grieser; B first, Adah Booher; B first, Fannie Bowers; A first and second, Jessie L. Crocker; B second, Ella Heiser; A second, Anna M. Fuller; B third, Edna Lappin; A third, Rose Grettum; fourth, Alberta Stevens; fifth, Jennie M. Robertson; B sixth, Alice E. Day; B seventh, Lillian M. DoDwns; seventh and eighth, Adelaide Kliehli.

EMERSON SCHOOL.

Principal, Eleanor M. Thomson; B first, Alice B. Van Auken; B and A first, Florence K. Lautenschlager; second, Katherine M. Pierce; B third, Nellie L. Gates; A third, Sybil Benight; fourth, C. Hortense Larsen; fifth, Bertha Howard; sixth, Catherine Stephans; seventh, Kate Schornhals; eighth, Luella Brittain; kindergarten, Lilitia Nesbitt.

ENDION SCHOOL.

Principal, Eleanor C. Torrey; first, Lulla Tyler; first, Esther Bowen; second, Fanny H. Catlverley; second, Elizabeth Field; third, Jessie W. Nichols; third, Eva G. Chandler; fourth, Irene M. Sinclair; fifth, Alice R. Kulns; fifth, Estelle Philleo; sixth, Mrs. Bochner; seventh, Alice C. Britts; seventh, Anne Reinert; eighth, Lucy Severance.

FAIRMOUNT SCHOOL.

Principal, Katherine A. King; B first, Laura F. Hollinshead; A first and second, Louise Bingham; second, May Mallough; third, Gertrude L. Wood; fourth, Clara Kenny; fourth and fifth, Judith Stewart; fifth, Meta Pietsch; sixth, Harriet Hoover; sixth and seventh, Cecelia Meighan.

FRANKLIN SCHOOL.

Principal, Adelle Cleveland; kindergarten, Florence Williams; B first, Genevieve Mechelke; A first, Ethelyn Abbott; B second, Mary Bates; A second, Susan L. Washburn; B third, Alice Ebmer; A third, Willena M. Marshall; fourth, Alice Cooley; fifth, Mary L. Cary; sixth, Helen G. Parish; sixth and seventh, Imogene Austin; seventh and eighth, Martha Sjoberg.

GLEN AVON SCHOOL.

Principal, seventh and eighth, Pearl Bell; first, Evelyn Mickelson; second, Jennie B. Patterson; third and fourth, Norma Deming; fifth and sixth, Mary L. Fink.

IRVING SCHOOL.

Principal, Laura Kennedy; kindergarten, Jessie Priest; B first, Mary E. Buswell; B first, Alta McLatchy; A first, Lucy Carey; second, Josephine McMahon; second, Lillian Kenny; second, Mrs. N. W. Kimball; third, Eva Emendorfer; third, Jennie D. Young; third, Edna J. Ash; fourth, Nellie Ryan; fourth, Sara M. Wood; fifth, Helen Meighan; fifth, Annie M. Devaney; fifth, Agnes Cary; sixth, Minnie F. Perkins; sixth, Adele Abbott; sixth and seventh, M. Aurille Wood; seventh, Laura Lauman; eighth, Susan B. House.

JACKSON SCHOOL.

Principal, Georgina McIntosh; kindergarten, Margaret Quillard; B first, Mildred Allen; B first, Edith Scoville; A first, Mary I. Orbison; B second, Margaret Cargill; second, Clara W. Murphy; third, Julia A. Carter; third and fourth, Emma M. Whitney; fourth, Clara M. Lemleux; fourth and fifth, Maud B. Hudd; A fifth, Thelma Shaleen; A fifth and B sixth, Gertrude Enton; sixth, N. Jane Cargill; seventh, Jeanette F. Hooverson; eighth, Eva Porter.

JEFFERSON SCHOOL.

Principal, Belle F. Calverley; kindergarten, Maud Nichols; kindergarten, Victorian Ericson; B first, Grace D. Ely; B first, Mary E. Murdoch; first, Bessie Bunting; second, Mary Gardner; second, Bertha Wavring; second, Clara Ames; third, Ada E. LeRicheux; third, Mary Kranbiehl; fourth, Cornelia Prosser; fourth, Kate Welch; fourth, Jennie Crowley; fifth, Bessie Mars; fifth, Mrs. Mary T. Sparks; fifth, Ida Hibbard; sixth, Anna Walla; seventh, Margaret Murphy; seventh, Evelyn Colby; eighth, Alice M. Bechtel.

LAKESIDE SCHOOL.

Principal, seventh and eighth, LeVange Brooks; kindergarten, Alta Owens; first, Agnes Young; second, Anna Rudolph; third, Florence Halling; fourth, Bessie Hart; fifth and sixth, Lena Brown.

LESTER PARK SCHOOL.

Principal, Grace A. Sharpe; kindergarten, Alta Owens; first, Lucinda Washburn; second and third, Martha Carey; fourth, Georgia Everest.

LINCOLN SCHOOL.

Principal, Franc A. Ensign; B first, Emelia Meinhardt; B first, Florence Ely; A first, Emma Longstreet; second, Gertrude Longstreet; third, Rosa A. O'Brien; third, Anna Olsen; fourth, Agnesse Meagher; fifth, Fannie E. Deringer; fifth, Mamie Doell; sixth, Anna Nelson; sixth, Anna W. Meinhardt; seventh and eighth, Cecilia M. Vaughn; eighth, Effe White.

LONGFELLOW SCHOOL.

Principal, Laura McArthur; B first, Jennie B. Crosby; B first, Nellie E. Jones; A first, Macy Fiebiger; second and first, Julia M. Sears; second, Lillian Meinhardt; B third, Edith M. Emery; A third, Martha A. Taylor; third and fourth, Ethel Brown; fourth and fifth, Ella Hadlow; fifth, Mabel A. Sherin; fifth and sixth, Josephine M. Roche; sixth and seventh, Mary McCall; seventh and eighth, Ella Shields.

LOWELL SCHOOL.

Head teacher and sixth, seventh and eighth, Sarah H. Sharpe; first, Bertha Clark; second and third, Minnie Yager; fourth and fifth, Rose Meinhardt.

MADISON SCHOOL.

Principal, Clare Heiwig; kindergarten, Agnes Buchanan; first, Gertrude Harding; second, Aurella T. Calhoun; third, Eva E. Sorenson; fourth, Helen C. Marshall; fifth and sixth, Edith M. Sturm; seventh and eighth, Jennie F. Grattan.

MANN SCHOOL.

Head teacher and fourth, Adella McCollum; first, Dorothy S. Tvedt; second, Mabel Cox; third, Berga Magnussson.

MONROE SCHOOL.

Principal and A and B fifth, Minnie Milne; kindergarten, Minnie A. Leopold; B first, Harriet Raw; A first, Grace Braithwaite; second, Jessie Sheridan; third, Marion Metcalfe; fourth, Esther Levy.

ONEOTA SCHOOL.

Head teacher and sixth and seventh, Ella R. M. Stringer; first and second, Elizabeth Smith; second and third, Marjorie Emerson; fourth and fifth, Nellie B. Pakes.

STOWE SCHOOL.

Principal, sixth, seventh and eighth, Sarah A. Smith; first and second, Maude Miller; third, fourth and fifth, Constance Wilner.

WHITTIER SCHOOL.

Principal and seventh and eighth, Edith Pattison; first and second, Catherine Shearer; third and fourth, Edith M. Ritz.

WASHINGTON SCHOOL.

Principal, Mary L. Olds; kindergarten, Alice Drew; B first, Margaret Collins; A first, Belle Richard; second, Theo. Alexander; second, Julia Casperley; third, Marie E. Betson; third, Meta Lautenschlager; fourth, Alice Lautenschlager; fourth, Eva Anschutz; fifth, Mary M. Miller; sixth, Mrs. Helen Drake; sixth and seventh, Jennie Richardson; seventh, Florence Mikelson; seventh and eighth, Katherine McCourt; eighth and ninth, Frances Malthaner.

WEBSTER SCHOOL.

Principal, sixth and seventh, Luella E. Murphy; first, Anna Maddock; second and third, Emma Maddock.

Colbyville, Alys Dolan.

Kenwood, George A. Kreager.

Smithville, Blanche Narveson.

Smithville, Maud Dardis.

Fond du Lac, Cecilia J. Durfee, primary.

Fond du Lac, Hilma Peterson, upper.

Bay View Heights, Belle Bishop.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills makes a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

SECOND DAY'S RACING AT FAIR

Over Thirty Thousand People See Some Excellent Events.

St. Paul, Sept. 2.—The second day's race at the state fair grounds attracted a crowd of about 30,000 and the weather and track conditions were ideal. The feature event of the day was the Minneapolis stake of $5000 for 2:21 class trotters, and a field of twelve horses faced the starter. Robert Mack was picked to win, but Kenit had no trouble in disposing of his field.

In the free-for-all pace for Minnesota horses, owners to drive, for which the prize was a silver cup, Goshen Jim paced the fastest mile ever done in the state with an amateur driver, reducing his record three seconds to 2:08¾.

Summaries: 2:21 class trotting, purse $500; Kent won in straight heats. Time, 2:16¼, 2:14½ and 2:13¾. Red Arthur, Anna Dillon, Henry L., Robert Mack, Angeola, Stephen L, Countess Alice, Miss Leonosa, Lady Sedan, Bell Rose and Hambert also started.

2:24 pace, purse $1000; Annabel C won in straight heats. Time, 2:18¾, 2:19 and 2:18¾. Ora Maps, Glory Quayle, Sidney, P. Billy S and Allen F also started.

Free-for-all pacing, Minnesota horse, owners to drive, for silver cup, best two i nthree: Goshen Jim won in straight heats. Time, 2:14½ and 2:08¼. Angus Oh So, Prince Stevens and Red Strath also started.

FEARFUL ODDS AGAINST HIM.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such, in brief was the condition of an old soldier by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, Ohio. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies, "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for Liver and Kidney troubles and all forms of Stomach and Bowel Complaints. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed at all druggists.

Cholera Infantum

There is no danger whatever from this disease when taken in time and properly treated. All that is necessary is to give

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.

LABOR DAY SPORTS

Large List of Contests Arranged For the Big Picnic.

Three Winnings Is the Limit—Fine List of Prizes.

Labor day athletics will be unusually popular and attractive this year.

The committee has secured a fine lot of prizes and so arranged matters that all will have an opportunity of winning. When any one person has won three events he is not eligible to enter any others, thus giving all a chance to win, whereas, ordinarily, a couple of good athletes could go in and take everything. The games will be pulled off at Union park and the program and prizes are announced as follows:

Game of baseball—Cigarmakers vs. Brewery Workers, prize, gallon wine donated by L. Wolfrom, box Single Binder cigars and bottle of whiskey, by S. Levin.

Committeemen's race, 50 yards—First prize, camera by Zimmerman Bros.; second, fishing pole, by Northern Hardware Co.; third, 100 cigars by Al Wagner; fourth, box of Duluth Fashion, by Mulligan & Co.; fifth, sack of flour, by Gronseth & Olsen; sixth, bottle of Hunters Rye, by J. B. Campbell; seventh, a hat by John Hillard.

Smoking race for men—First prize, box La Linda cigars, donated by St. Louis hotel; second, pair union men's shoes, by Suffel & Co.; third, two admission tickets to Lyceum theater for Sept. 8th, by C. A. Marshall; fourth, razor, by A. B. Johnson; fifth, bottle Petree Mont brandy, by Oscar Fleer; sixth, bottle wine by S. Jernberg.

Swimming race, open to all—First prize, box La Linda cigars, by Hunter & La Vaque; second, case beer, by J. L. Travers; third, 49-lb. sack Universal flour, by Ed Bush; fourth, ham by Cox Bros.; fifth, can of coffee by R. H. Rathbun; sixth, bottle of whiskey, by Manhattan Wine House.

Boys (under 12 years) race—First prize, bushel apples by Fitzsimmons-Derrig Co.; second, 5-lb. box bon bons; third, can of fish balls by Osby & Strom; fourth, pair bicycle pants, by M. S. Burrows.

Boys' quick-dressing race—First prize, 5 boxes bon bons, by John Wahl; second, two boxes of toilet soap, by A. Qually; third, bottle perfume, by A. Prelmuth; fourth, two packages crackers, by A. Fokerts; fifth, large cake, by J. B. Cade.

Girls (under 12 years) race—First prize, silver set, by Leonard Hardware Co.; second, $2 doll, by N. O. Nelson; third, box bon bons, by J. G. Seecamp; fourth, small wringer, by Chas. Gustafson; fifth, box mixed candy, by Tellegrins & Eslica.

Hundred yards dash, open to all—First prize, umbrella, by Flom & Leveroos; second, hat, value $2.50, by Hub Clothing Co.; third, lawn tennis shoes, by Famous Shoe store; fourth, two bottle wine, by Peter Beschinoseed; fifth, two lbs. coffee, by Strom & Carlson.

Fifty yards dash, open to all—First prize, box Red Seal cigars, by Jas. Foley; second, bottle of wine, by Jas. A. Peterson; third, jackknife, by L. K. Daugherty; fourth, pound snuff, by Victor Benda; fifth, set of glasses, by Ten-Cent store; sixth, bottle of whiskey, by J. Shanaron.

Union men's race—First prize, box Mayflower cigars, by H. Selvers; second, tobacco jar, by C. Schiller; third, umbrella, by Stack & Co.; fourth, bushel of potatoes, by Joe Plutinski; fifth, cleaning and pressing suit of clothes, J. Mueller; sixth, bottle whiskey (Skina-Skinah), by Sterling Wine House.

Running high jump—First prize, pair shoes, by Albert Johnson; second, six watermelons, by Fendel & Swope; third, beef roast, by George Hassinger; fourth, bottle of whiskey, by Hanson & Lee.

Running broad jump—First prize, ham by N. Witt; second, box Yon Yonson cigars, by F. W. Ericson; third prize, pair cuff buttons, by W. W. Goldstein; fourth, smoking set by Mrs. Chabot; fifth, bottle wine, by G. Krause.

Trades Assembly delegates race—First prize, pair $5 pants, by D. L. LaBarr; second, six bottles wine, by L. S. Lovejoy; third, bushel of apples, by Meden & Morton; fourth, two lbs. coffee, by H. H. Christiansen; fifth, 1 lb. snuff, by C. Christianson; sixth, 40-inch necktie, by Kenny & Anker.

Building Trades Council delegates race—First prize, jar of butter by Duluth Grain and Produce company; second, cow's tongue, by T. R. Hancock & Co.; third, leg of lamb, by T. R. Tobin; fourth, 49 lbs. flour, by M. M. Gasser Co.; fifth, bottle whisky, by C. Berg; Leonard; sixth, scarf pin, by M. M. Berg.

Fat man's race—200 lbs. or over—First prize, 25 lbs. boiling beef, by Phoenix Meat Market; second, razor, by Forward & Co.; third, 49 lbs flour, by H. M. Johnson & Son; fourth, two bottles wine, by California Wine House; fifth, one year's subscription to Commercial News.

Sack race—First, football suit, by Wieland & Wade; second, pair cuff buttons, Anderson & Johnson; third, four packages of oatmeal, by Zenith Jewelry Co.; fourth, gallon of wine, by John Gonska; fifth, bottle of 6 Rye whisky, by J. Anderson.

Union men's wives race—First, rocker, by French & Bassett; second, 10 lb. pail lard, by J. W. McCauley & Co.; third, knitted skirt, by Nelson Knitting Works; fifth, 5 lbs. coffee, by Moir & Walker; fifth, 49 lbs. flour, by Nelson & Peterson.

Hop, skip and jump—First prize, one grame bag, by J. W. Nelson; second, live rooster, by Mr. Poterick; third, bottle of wine, by Gus Levin; fourth, one pipe, by S. B. Shire.

Potato race—First, three bottles of wine, by J. Lindahl; second, gent's ring, by Keystone Loan and Mercantile company; third, pound of tea, by Oppel & Son.

Married woman's race—First, ladies' hand bag, by Silbestein & Bondy Co.; second, $1 worth coffee by Melbin & Co.; third, $1 worth sugar, by Berg & Solderblom; fourth, dardenier stand, by C. O. Nelson; fifth, whisk broom and cover, by White Swan Drug Co.

Young woman's (under 12) race—First, silk parasol, by Gray-Tallant Co.; second, photatake camera, by R. C. Kruschke; third, ladies' fall hat, by Johnson & Mce; fourth, bottle of perfume, by Fred Kugler; fifth, box stationery, by Duluth Paper Co.

Girls' race (under 16)—First prize, box perfume, by Max Wirth; second, bon bons, by Smith & Markus; third, box of soap, by Fred Kugler; fourth, pound of tea, by C. B. Nunan; fifth, bottle of toilet water, by Fred Scott.

Union man with largest family on the grounds—First prize, case of peaches, by T. Provinski and bunch of home made Weinerwurst, by Paul Sobrobski.

Committee men's swimming race—First prize, Swedish razor, by Lundberg & Stone; second, sweater, by Charles Ericson; third, hunting coat, by Charles Benson; fourth, fountain pen, by G. Hulberg; fifth, meal ticket, by New England cafe; sixth, box of cigars, by Tom Reed Cigar Co.

Ladies' throwing contest—First prize, ladies' gold ring, by Cook's Loan bank; second, fruit dish, by Zenith Jewelry Co.; third, purse, by L. LeRicheux; fourth, box plums, by O. Tamlin.

Ladies' nail driving contest—First prize, 5 lbs. Primus butter; second, bushel of apples; third, sack of flour, Theo. Bartholdi; fourth, side of bacon, by C. K. Anderson.

Three-legged race—First prize, box Reporter cigars, by J. H. Hafferman; second, 1 pair of golf pants by Big Duluth clothing house; third, fountain pen, by Manhattan Cigar store; fourth, 2 lbs. coffee, by Grand Union Tea Co.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

Freimuth's

FREE COOKING LESSONS by our expert culinary expert—9 to 11 —2 to 5 in the Daylight Basement.

NEMO CORSETS fit any figure without alteration. Fall styles now ready.

Freimuth's

A New Ladies' Tailoring Dept.

In Connection With Our Spacious Cloak and Suit Room is Now at Your Service.

In introducing this department to our patrons we do so feeling that it will be appreciated, for we know that we are filling a long felt want. The new department will be in charge of an expert man-tailor, Mr. S. Goldberg. Mr. Goldberg comes highly recommended as a first-class tailor in every respect, and one capable of creating styles that will meet with ready acceptance from the most discriminating and critical followers of fashion.

The importance of adding such a splendid feature to our Cloak and Suit room is apparent to every well dressed woman. We are now in a position to make cloaks, suits or skirts to your order from the material you wish, the style you wish, at a very nominal price.

The alteration room will also come under the direct supervision of Mr. Goldberg, thus insuring you the best possible results—a guaranteed fit in every instance, and the elimination of all tedious delays. We will spare no pains in our endeavor to make this department meet with your every requirement.

Toilet Soap.

Witch Hazel Soap—antiseptic—medicated—put up 3 cakes in a box—regular price 15c—special sale price Thursday, per box ---------- 8c

Wool Venetian.

40-inch all wool venetian—10 pieces to choose from—just right for school dresses—shades of gray, blue, tan also black—regular price 89c 65c

French Flannels.

A splendid assortment of new Persian and Dresden designs—36-inch wide—just the thing for Kimonas dressing sacques and house dresses — regular price 18c—sale price Thursday ---------- 12½c

Thursday News in the Shoe Store.

Our new fall lasts are being rapidly displayed and are winning approval from all who appreciate good footwear. This is especially true of the new Volga lasts. The 32 styles offer practically an unlimited selection. This shoe is built with a purpose. (The desire to make the best value possible at the smallest cost to the consumers. The result is a real $5.00 value for ---------- $3.50

Another line of shoes to which we call particular attention is our $5.00 Dress Shoe—for beauty of lines and excellence of finish they are unrivaled even by the best $6 shoes in the market—critical followers of fashion in footwear will find this shoe the acme of perfection. Full Dress and Blutcher—cut with hand turned welt, Louis XIV and Cuban heels. See these at ---------- $5.00

Bargain Leaders Thursday.

$2.00 to $3.00 Sample Shoes at $1.25—about 50 pairs in this lot, but in sizes 3, 3½ and 4 only—all styles and leathers —were $2 to $3 values—on sale Thursday at, per pair ---------- $1.25

Children's Strong School Shoes—sizes 6 to 8—regular price 75c—sale price Thursday ---------- 50c

Women's House Slippers—broken lines of several styles that sold regularly at $1.00—Thursday we sell them at HALF PRICE—per pair ---------- 50c

Shirt Waists Last Call

Choice of all our white and colored shirtwaists in the summer styles—about 10 dozen left—regular $1.50, $1.75, $2 and $2.50 values -- 75c

Kimonas.

Women's Kimonas—Short Kimonas, of Persian and Dresden Lawns and dotted Dimities—dark, light and medium colorings—regular $1.25 value, special price Thursday, each ---------- 59c

Women's Capes.

Women's Capes—Light weight capes for fall—of black silk and broadcloth — have good full sweep, silk rouching and long streamers—regular price $6.00, special for Thursday—each ---------- $4.98

A BUILDING FOR JUNIORS

New Y. M. C. A. Quarters For Younger Members Formally Opened.

Two hundred enthusiastic youths crowded the old Sixth Avenue theater last evening, excitedly pointing out to their parents the delights of the new quarters that have been fitted up for the junior members of the Y. M. C. A.

The building has been thoroughly refitted and refurnished. A modern gymnasium has been fitted up in the basement of the building, and the auditorium is turned into a game room and lecture room. There are bowling alleys and locker rooms, and baths have been installed.

Duluth is the second city in the country to provide a separate building for the junior members, and the excellent equipment of the new building is a source of no little pride to those who have worked for its accomplishment.

The junior department now has 241 members. The membership has been increasing so rapidly during the past year that the association was compelled to engage a junior secretary, and Norman D. MacLeod was brought from Ottawa, Can., last winter. In June negotiations were completed for the new building, and the work of fitting it up commenced at once.

The formal opening reception for the members and their friends was held last evening and the building was decorated for the occasion.

The reception committee consisted of John Miller, president of the Y. M. C. A., and Mrs. Miller, Oscar Mitchell, chairman of the boys' department, and Mrs. Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. McGonagle, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Maxwell, Mr. and Mrs. Phil Bevis, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Gilbert and Norman D. MacLeod.

The Y. M. C. A. orchestra furnished a choice program of twelve selections during the evening, and the boys tested the new apparatus in the gymnasium, while their parents inspected the new quarters.

Norman D. MacLeod, the junior secretary, will be in charge of the new quarters, and Frank Maxwell will have charge of the gymnasium and physical training of the boys.

The new building is large enough to accommodate a membership of from two to three times the present size, and the junior department will have plenty of room for growth for several years to come.

The transfer of the junior department to the new quarters will also relieve the cramped condition of the senior members, in the building on Superior street.

Oatka Tonight.

Dancing in the auditorium. Music by La Brosse. Extra car service.

"New Fall Woolens Now Ready"

J. Frank Burrows

24 Third Ave. W. Up-to-date Tailor.

DAMAGED BY WET WEATHER

Crops of Northwestern States Undoubtedly Injured Last Week.

The wet weather has undoubtedly damaged the grain crop of the Northwest. Grain men have conceded that the crop reports of the Northwestern states for the last week bring out the fact. The North Dakota report says:

"The past week has been cool and wet. Heavy rains fell in all parts of the state and lasted the most of the week, with cloudy weather when it was not raining. The temperature was quite decidedly below the normal for the greater portion of the week, which was very favorable.

"Grain of all kinds, except late flax and some oats, is mostly all cut, and a good part of it in the shock; not much has been stacked, except in the southern portion. The rains of the past week have wet the shocks through, and undoubtedly considerable damage has been done. Some wheat is reported as moulding in the shock, and considerable is said to be sprouting; the cool weather was favorable for grain that remained uncut, preventing it from shelling.

'A large amount of hay has been damaged by the rains, especially that stacked by machinery, the most of the small stacks having been wet through.

"Thrashing that was just beginning to be general was stopped by the rains, and will not be resumed until the shocks are dried out again, but stack thrashing is expected to be resumed today.

"The rains benefited corn and grass, but corn now needs warm weather, and if frost holds off for a couple of weeks longer, the crop will be safe."

The Minnesota report says:

"Rain fell in some parts of the state every day in the week up to and including the 28th. The lightest rains were in the middle western, central and middle eastern portions, and the heaviest were in the southern tier of counties. The temperatures were low for the season. Some thrashing from the shock and stacking was done early in the week in the extreme north, in central, western and southwestern portions, but in southern and southeastern portions all work in the grain was stopped entirely.

"Much grain in shock is in bad condition, because of the rains and damp weather, and in some places the grain in shock is sprouting, the most serious reports coming from southern counties; it is said that many oat stacks are injured.

"There is still some late flax to cut, and in northern portions a little late wheat is still uncut. The week's weather has been too cool, cloudy and wet for the corn to make much growth; corn from native seed is about ripe, but later varieties are now in the milk stage and unless there is much warmer weather for at least ten days a great deal of the crop will be in danger of being frosted.

"Timothy seed seems to be generally good, but there is not much seed in the second crop of clover. Potato vines are affected by blight, and where the soil has been too wet for a long time the potato rot has set in. The low lands of the south are flooded so that the cutting of wild hay is stopped, and in many fields the soil is too soft for the moving of thrashing machines; in places it is too soft for plowing."

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. A. J. Grant and family left on Tuesday to attend the state fair at Minneapolis.

Mr. Bywater, cashier of the Cloquet bank, moved his household goods to Duluth this week.

James Laisel and son, S. M., went to Minneapolis Sunday to spend a few days at the fair.

Miss Anna Davis is on the sick list this week.

Freddie Loisel, who has been quite ill of late, is now convalescing.

Walter Case returned on Tuesday after spending a few days at the fair.

C. L. Dixon made a business trip to St. Paul this week.

Jim Redman and son left on Tuesday for Dakota harvest field.

Miss Dolly Knowels of Duluth is visiting Miss Rose McCoubrey this week.

Mrs. L. McCullough returned on Sunday after a few days' visit with friends in Superior.

Mrs. Ali. Simons left on Saturday for an extended visit at her old home in Homesdale, Pa.

Mrs. McClenon was a Duluth caller Saturday.

Mrs. G. Genier returned on Saturday from an exteded visit with her daughter Mrs. H. Devillers, of Minot, S. D.

Thomas Ryan spent Sunday with his family in Cloquet.

E. A. Cooper left on Moday for an extended visit at his old home in Harrison, Mich.

Mrs. Melville and daughter, Jennie, left for the Twin Cities Monday to select her fall and winter stock of millinery goods and also to take in the sights of the state fair at Minneapolis.

Mrs. Rubenstein of Manitoba spent Sunday with Mrs. B. J. Summerfield.

Mrs. William McKinnon of Carlton was calling on Cloquet friends Monday.

Mrs. J. P. O'Brien and son left on Monday to attend the state fair at Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. James Duff and daughter, Sadie, left for Cass Lake on Monday. Mr. Duff has accepted a position with the Great Northern at that place.

Jay Peacha returned on Monday from his western trip.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray left on Monday for a few days' visit with their daughter, Mrs. J. Murphy, in Minneapolis.

J. P. O'Brien left this week to look after his logging interests at Hibbing.

Miss Nellie McKinney has resigned her position at the First National bank and left yesterday for Denver, Col., where she was accepted a position.

The Messrs. William Phaelon and Pete Dimpsy came down from the Cloquet dam yesterday.

Mrs. A. Cox and daughter left on Monday to attend the fair at Minneapolis.

John D. Peters is in Minneapolis this week.

The 7-months' old child of Joseph Buesslewez passed away on Monday, after a brief illness. Interment took place in the Catholic cemetery.

Miss Bertha Fortin was shopping in Cloquet Monday.

Mrs. C. D. Harrington of Scanlon was a Cloquet caller this week.

Mrs. William Wilson and children returned on Sunday after spending the summer months on their claim in Cour De Leine, Idaho.

R. H. Cowhrane is spending a few days in Minneapolis.

Messrs. Tom Gown and Mike Lacy of Mountain Iron made a business trip to Cloquet yesterday.

Miss Ella Cox left yesterday to attend the state university at Minneapolis.

Miss May Brotherton is visiting friends at Carlton this week.

No need to fear sudden attacks of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea, summer complaint of any sort if you have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the medicine chest.

NOVEL ALLIGATOR.

A three-foot alligator found in a mud pond near the Wabash Railroad in Columbia, Mo., a few days ago is puzzling the Zoological association of Missouri University, says the Pioneer Press. The alligator was discovered by Fred Dawson, of Columbia, in a small pond formed by recent rains. The reptile reared its head near the bank and Dawson shot it with a revolver. He secured the specimen and gave it to the Zoological Laboratory of the Missouri University.

The story was not believed at first, as it was thought that an alligator could not have survived the climate in a region so far north as Missouri, but when the curiosity was exhibited at the State University all doubts were removed. It has been found that the reptile is of abnormal anatomy, it has strangely developed vertebrae, entirely too large and out of proportion with the fleshy parts of the body, and is deformed in other ways, though to all outward appearances it does not differ from other reptiles of the kind. There is no doubt as to the species, but the reptile is so peculiarly formed that the university authorities are of the opinion that they have a rare curiosity of unusual scientific importance. A number of offers have been received from curiosity seekers, but the specimen will be retained as the property of the university.

Do Witt is the name. The pure unadulterated Witch Hazel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles. Beware of counterfeits. Sold by all druggists.

New York & Return, $25.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th, inclusive; good for return until Sept. 30.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

High-Grade Goods Are Trade Builders

Something for nothing is a fallacy. We win under our motto:

"Excellence Commands Success."

Watch Us Grow.

MALCOMSON TEA STORE

110 W. Superior St.

BOTH 'PHONES.

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and all matters concerning the procuring or litigation thereof

JAMES T. WATSON,

P. O. Box 573, or PALLADIO BUILDING, Duluth, Minn. Allowance guaranteed after favorable report on preliminary examination.

Call or send for information.

Contracts. Licenses. Designs.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

That china sale of hand decorated samples

drew one of the most interested and interesting crowds yesterday. Women who love pretty things in their china closets and on their tables, went into raptures not only over the beauty of these odd prices, but over the low prices as well.

On bargain counter No. 1, main floor, this sale continues tomorrow. As there were over 1000 pieces in the lot plenty remains for all.

Buy at this sale, similar pieces for the holidays will cost you from ⅓ to ½ more.

5c to $5.00, but every piece ⅓ to ½ less than regular

"When Johnny Comes Marching Home."

"My Own United States"
"I Could Waltz On Forever"
"Fairyland"
"Who Knows?"—Duet
"While You're Thinking"
"My Honeysuckle Girl"
"Sir Frog and Mistress Toad"
"Spring, Sweet Spring"
"Katie, My Southern Rose"
"Years Touch Not the Heart"
"I Was Quite Upset"
"What's In a Name?"
"Ariel a"
"But He Didn't"

27c Published at 60c, our price only **27c**

75c pieces for 35c. Complete score $2.00.

Your eyes tested free of charge.

Cost you nothing to have our expert refractionist examine your eyes with the latest appliances, to determine the kind and strength of glasses needed to give best satisfaction and insure preservation of your eyesight.

Spectacles and eye glasses in our optical department at about half the prices charged by opticians. You get as good service here, but you pay only half the price.

Fine glove values —kid and silk.

The value for your glove money is always a little more at the Glass Block.

New kid, two-clasp gloves, with one row of embroidery in colors or black—Gloves are black, white, red, brown, grey and tans, and the best value on earth for 69c

Ireland Bros.' famous Mocha gloves—latest styles just in; one clasp and raris embroidery gloves, in all colors—per pair $1.00

CASHMERETTE GLOVES — A good, warm glove when sheer silk or lace would be warm enough; two-clasp style in all colors 25c

TWO-CLASP SILK GLOVES — Black and white, all sizes; also lisle thread in all colors—per pair 50c

Half price for baby go-carts.

Every reed and rattan baby go-cart and baby buggy in the house is now going at half. You do all the saving.

$ 9.50 buggies for ..... $ 4.75
$12.00 go-carts for ..... $ 5.95
$15.00 go-carts for ..... $ 7.50
$18.00 go-carts for ..... $ 9.00
$21.00 go-carts for $10.50

We are here with new styles for those who want to be first

And every day we are selling a number of our fall pedestrian or instep suits—also the new waists of silk and mohair. This season is bound to more firmly establish our style supremacy, as well as our low price leadership. To buy without seeing our display is to miss the best styles and best values:

BUT: it's a far call to fall and winter weather, and there is plenty of time to get your money's worth in wear out of these splendid offerings.

"Last call" waist, skirt and negligee bargains

Geisha Waists Half Price.

We have about 50 fine Geisha waists in white lawn and butchers' linen, some all white, some embroidered in colors, some tucked, some lace and insertion trimmed. Thursday we offer every one of these fine waists at half price as follows:

$6.50 Geisha Mexican Drawn for $3.25.
$5.00 Geisha Waists for $2.50.
$4.25 Geisha Waists for $2.13.
$3.98 Geisha Waists for $1.99.



$12.50 dress skirts $3.98.

Really a remarkable bargain. In no other city or store would as great a sacrifice be made as we make. They are blue and black etamine and voile skirts with three flounces and beautifully trimmed. They are actual $12.50 skirts, and it's marvellous to get them at ---- **$3.98**

Any linen or deinm wash skirt in the house, values to $4.50, choice ---------- 89c

WHITE DUCK SKIRTS—with lace and embroidery inserting and trimming. Very pretty and very good. All at ---------- **½ price**

Kimonos—Special sale 98c

The entire stock of long and short kimonos, white and colored, all sizes and hitherto selling up to $2.98—Thursday you may have any kimono in the lot for **98c**

"Last call" millinery 75c

About 3 dozen trimmed hats and duck hats remain. The prices were from $2.50 up to $6.50—you can get lots of wear out of them this season, and they will do splendidly next season—yet you can have any of these hats Thursday for **75c**

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

The wrist bag sale on bargain counter 2

is making a wonderful hit. This is the largest single purchase of leather goods ever brought to Duluth, and it is so big nothing but our low purchase price could justify it.

Yesterday we had a crowd about the counter all day, but there are 1500 bags in this lot and it will take many days of big crowds before all will be gone.

Be one of the wise ones tomorrow!

25c for 50c values. **39c** for 65c values. **49c** for 85c values. **69c** for $1 values. **89c** for $1.50 values.

Seasonable vests and drawers.

You'll lose the best bargain of the year in underwear if you fail to get a supply of these ladies' white Swiss ribbed lisle thread vests with long sleeves—just the thing for early fall.

Ladies' white Swiss-ribbed lisle thread umbrella drawers—regular price of each of these is 25c a garment—Thursday you may have 2 for..... 25c

Outing flannels at 5c the yard.

Not the ordinary 5c kind, but the kind that are selling all over the country at 7c and 8c a yard. We were lucky in getting a big lot of these before the recent advances in price. If you want a good 7c outing flannel come to the Glass Block Store and get it at—per yard 5c

Indian and seed beads and looms.

for the popular bead work everybody's so interested in at the present time. Our prices are lowest, our beads are finest, and our looms are best.

Generous pricing in ladies shoes.

200 pairs of ladies' fine shoes—$4.00 and $4.50 goods, in patent kid or vici stock; hand turns or welted soles; low heels, military heels or rFench heels; all sizes and widths; latest fall shapes; only one pair to a customer, Thursday at only..... $2.98

200 pairs of ladies' shoes, worth up to $3.00; all sizes, from 2½ to 8; light or heavy weights; lace or button, wide or narrow toes—Thursday at $1.50

Two extra good stocking bargains.

The phenomenal stocking business we are doing keeps us constantly with a number of broken lines. We'll give them to you as a special bargain tomorrow—

One large lot of women's and children's stockings, including several styles, worth up to 25c a pair. Some black openwork lace, some vertical stripes in fancy colors, some with black boots and colored tops—choice, 10c a pair; or three for 25c

FAST BLACK best imported lace lisle fast black hose, fine wearing quality and 50c value—Thursday, per pair 39c

LOSES THE SIXTH

Poor Old Superior Cannot Get a Game From Duluth.

Must Content Itself With Having Duluth Players Arrested.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Winnipeg	61	26	.701
Grand Forks	54	34	.614
Crookston	51	37	.579
Duluth	39	47	.454
Fargo	34	58	.369
Superior	24	59	.290

* * *

Six straight from poor old Superior!

The White Shins hammered out a magnificent victory over across the sad sea waves yesterday.

Gehring twirled great curves for the Sox and was given fast support. Morris also pitched fine ball with the exception of the fifth inning when four terrific swats and an error let in four runs.

Shepard distinguished himself with a pretty triple and the contest was full of fielding features. The score:

SUPERIOR.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Williams, ss	4	0		0	1	1
Cassiboine, 2b	4	1	1	2	2	0
Foster, cf	4	0	0	2	0	1
Page, 3b	4	0	2	1	2	0
Spelliey, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Hutter, lf	4	0	0	1	1	0
Hule, 1b	3	0	0	8	0	0
Howard, c	3	0	1	11	1	0
Morris, p	3	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	33	1	5	27	10	2

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Quillan, 3b	5	1	1	0	2	0
Shepard, ss	4	1	1	2	3	0
Lagger, cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Kennally, 1b	3	1	2	14	0	0
Brockway, 2b	3	0	0	2	4	1
Wilkes, lf	4	0	2	0	0	0
Gerrard, c	4	0	0	5	0	0
Gehring, p	4	0	0	1	5	1
Shaw, rf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Totals	36	4	7	27	14	2

Superior ..... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Duluth ..... 0 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0—4

Summary: Stolen bases—Williams, Cassiboine, Page, Spelliey, Howard, Quillan, Kennally. Two base hits—Cassiboine. Three-base hits—Shepard. Hit by pitched ball—Wilkes. Bases on balls—By Morris, 1. Double plays—Williams to Cassiboine to Hule; Gehring to Gerrard to Kennally. Struck out—By Morris, 9; by Gehring, 5. Umpire—McCallum.

* * *

If the Sox had only hit this stride about May 20 there would have been something doing around the top.

* * *

Grand Forks tomorrow for the closing series of the season. It should be a memorable engagement.

* * *

Superior papers and the Superior correspondent of a local paper are apparently endeavoring to make Quillan appear as a rowdy. The clever third baseman was arrested over in Superior yesterday charged with committing an assault on Thomas O'Neil. The assault is said to have occurred on Aug. 16 during a game between Duluth and Crookston at Superior.

As a matter of fact Quillan did not have much choice in the matter. Superior sports acting on advice of Umpire McLaughlin bet quite heavily on Crookston. With the score 4 to 1 in favor of Duluth in the ninth several of these sports got along the side lines in a crowd that overflowed the field and began throwing stones at Quillan every time a ball was hit toward third and frequently when there was nothing doing. Quillan finally got his eye on a man in the act of throwing and warned him to quit. The stone came at him on the next fielding chance and Quillan jumped into the crowd and thrashed Thomas O'Neil. It is now claimed he got the wrong man.

It was on this memorable occasion that Officer Williams of the Superior police force urged the crowd to go after Quillan saying that he would not interfere in view of the fact that the player was from Duluth. The whole incident is much to be regretted, but at that Quillan is not the tough that certain papers would make him out to be.

* * *

McCoy will finish the season with Grand Forks. His ambition to put blow holes in team discipline has caused Manager Van Praagh to give him up as a hopeless case.

* * *

Crookston did not have the appearance of a winning team yesterday. Grand Forks hammered out a victory to the tune of 21 to 3. It is the worst in the league this season. Bradish was injured by a batted ball in the third and Shields, Hoffman and Quigley took a turn at pitching. The score:

	R	H	E
Grand Forks 1 2 0 0 13 2 3 0 0—21	19	0	
Crookston ....1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—3	8	7	

* * *

Winnipeg beat Fargo yesterday without much trouble. The score:

	R	H	E
Winnipeg ....1 0 3 0 0 0 2 0 0—7	8	1	
Fargo ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0—2	6	4	

Pitchers—Bemiss and Melhl.

* * *

Well! Well. Well! Umpire Braig has been released and yet an alleged umpire named McLaughlin is still holding the job. Some person must be on the daffy wagon.

* * *

The Grand Forks team will disband in this city next Tuesday and it will be a good opportunity to strengthen up a bit for the post-season series with St. Paul and Winnipeg. Perry Sessions and Mullane playing in the Duluth uniform would draw crowds. Scharnweber might also strengthen up the infield a bit.

* * *

"I know it is a sin
For me to sit and grin
At him here;
But the old three-cornered hat
And the breeches and all that
Are so queer."
—Oliver Wendell Holmes.

NO thing provokes ridicule so surely as an out-of-date piece of hat gear.

No thing so dresses a man as a hat that has style.

GORDON hats have style.

GORDON hats cost $3 and their quality is $5 full value.

GORDON excellence in every hat sold under the name of GORDON.

Incidentally while strengthening up for the post-season exhibitions it should be remembered that Hoffmeister of Crookston would materially strengthen the outfield since McCoy has been released.

* * *

Then if the strengthening up process is to be carried to the extreme there is a youthful pitcher down in Wilmington, Delaware, twirling for an amateur team that has beaten several national league teams this season. His name is Faulkner and not a run has been scored against him in the last seventy-seven innings.

* * *

Several good players will be thrown on the market for next season when the New Orleans team disbands in a few days. The club will break up owing to discontent with the management.

Manager Van Praagh is arranging for a series of good post-season attractions. Calumet the strongest team in Upper Michigan will play here. St. Cloud, the independent champions of the state, will also come for an engagement. Winnipeg will be here for a series and it is the ambition of the local management and players to take a series from the St. Paul pennant winners.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Chicago—Cincinnati, 3; Chicago, 0.
At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 8; Boston, 3.
Second game—Brooklyn, 5; Boston, 0.
At New York—New York, 7; Philadelphia, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Philadelphia—New York, 5; Philadelphia, 1. Second game—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 1.
At Washington—Boston, 2; Washington, 1.
At St. Louis—Cleveland, 4; St. Louis 0.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At Louisville—Louisville, 7; St. Paul, 0.
At Columbus—Milwaukee, 5; Columbus 3.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 10; Minneapolis, 2. Second game—Indianapolis, 4; Minneapolis 1.
At Toledo—Kansas City, 7; Toledo, 6.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	73	33	.703
New York	70	46	.603
Chicago	67	47	.587
Cincinnati	61	51	.544
Brooklyn	57	55	.508
Boston	46	64	.418
St. Louis	38	28	.328
Philadelphia	35	69	.336

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	74	40	.649
Cleveland	63	50	.557
Philadelphia	60	53	.530
Detroit	55	54	.509
New York	54	52	.509
Chicago	52	60	.464
St. Louis	52	60	.464
Washington	36	77	.318

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	77	39	.726
Louisville	70	47	.588
Milwaukee	68	48	.586
Indianapolis	61	55	.533
Kansas City	58	56	.508
Columbus	50	70	.417
Minneapolis	43	76	.361
Toledo	39	78	.333

Excursion To All Eastern Points.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway: Albany, N. Y., and return, $25; Boston, Mass., and return, $33; Montreal, Quebec, and return, $25; Quebec, Quebec, and return, $30; Toronto, Ont., and return, $25; New York, N. Y., and return, $25; Buffalo, N. Y., and return, $25. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th inclusive, and valid for return passage up to and including September 30th, 1903. City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

POLITICS IS BARRED

Senator Fairbanks Eliminates It Entirely From Conversation.

Talks on State Fair and Bright Prospect of Duluth.

Senator and Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indianapolis, Ind., are today staying at the Spalding preparatory to taking a trip down the lakes tonight. They arrived last night on the Twilight limited and both are apparently enjoying their trip through the Northwest. Senator Fairbanks this morning declared himself closed to every discussion bearing on political questions, and during the interview sidetracked the subject whenever it was broached. He was asked:

"What do you think of the general outlook regarding national political questions?"

"I know nothing about politics," replied the senator slowly, a smile playing around the corners of his mouth. Then he cast one quick glance around the hotel lobby and said: "This hotel lobby has been changed since I was here in 1902, while returning from the convention at Minneapolis."

"Yes, sir, it has. Who do you think will be Roosevelt's running mate?"

Again the senator smiled and replied:

"It is really too early to discuss politics. As nearly as I can figure out every politician has been doing his best during the last two months to forget that there ever were such things as primaries, caucuses and conventions. We will have to wait until they get together down in Washington and then there will be some live news."

In speaking of the state fair, at which he made the opening address, Senator Fairbanks said: "You have the best fair in the country. The exhibits shown are the best I have ever seen and the men who are at the head of the enterprise have shown that they thoroughly know their business. At most state fairs the exhibits are rerely ready until the last day, and then like as not it rains. The Minnesota fair was ready on the opening day and none of those who are attending it will be disappointed.

"As for Duluth, her progress will never be barred. In a geographic position, which alone would give her advantages over other cities, the people in this section of the country are the kind that go after things and get what they want. No, there is no stopping Duluth. Mrs. Fairbanks and myself merely came this way to take advantage of the lake trip and hope to get away tonight."

Mrs. Fairbanks, who is president general of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, was the guest of honor today at a luncheon given by Mrs. Page Morris.

No formal plans for entertaining Senator Fairbanks had been made and during the day he was driven around Duluth and Superior as the guest of George Spencer, of Spencer, Moore & Co.

Karo
CORN SYRUP
the new table delicacy pleases the palate and satisfies the stomach. Delicious and nutritious. At all grocers, 10c, 25c and 50c.
CORN PRODUCTS CO., New York and Chicago.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Lightning Plays Queer Freaks During Storm at Escanaba.

Escanaba—During a storm at Escanaba lightning struck a couple of telephone poles on Michigan avenue, one of them in front of the residence of Judge White and the other about one hundred feet distant. Mr. White was seated in his window and was a witness to the occurrence. The bolt seemed to have struck the wire between the two poles and followed the wire each way to the poles, which were both splintered from top to bottom. The sight was an interesting yet terrifying spectacle. It was only a short time before that the Meade residence in the same locality was struck.

Gladstone—According to the Gladstone Delta, the cow ordinance recently adopted in that city seems to have acted much like the hooppole that the bad boy thrusts into the wasps' nest; the cow is more prevalent now on the street than she was before she was prohibited by law. She is a mighty tough proposition for a common council to go against, and she wears the belt. The aldermen must try her another round.

Ontonagon—The Ontonagon Lumber and Cedar company is making arrangements for a big cut of logs the coming season. A contract has been awarded to James Norton, of Ewen, for cutting and banking 10,000,000 feet of pine on the Baltimore. Mr. Norton has commenced the erection of the necessary camps and the other preliminary work in order to successfully handle a job of this magnitude. These logs will be driven down the Ontonagon river. The work upon the company's new sawmill plant at Ontonagon is being pushed vigorously.

John Buck is in jail awaiting trial on the charge of having criminally assaulted a Swedish woman near Mass City several days ago.

Trimountain—Rev. C. M. Thompson, presiding elder of the Methodist church fo rthe Marquette district, will preside at the laying of the corner stone of the new Methodist church, Sept. 7.

Houghton—The wholesale dealers of the copper country have entered into an agreement to close their stores at 4 p. m. from now until Jan. 1 and at 1 p. m. after that date.

A proposal to bond the village for $100,000 for improvements and extensions to the water system carried at a special election.

Munising—Frank Howard, of Munising, has closed a deal with a carnival company which will result in making a device he has designed one of the attractions at the coming World's fair at St. Louis. By this device, which Mr. Howard has spent years of hard work in perfecting, a most interesting phase of the life in the rank and file of one of the greatest industrial armies in the world will be brought vividly before the people. The novel exhibition will depict life in the lumber woods, showing how pine is cut and handled in the upper peninsula. Other features will show the lumberjack at play and will make it possible to give excellent imitations of his favorite sport, log rolling.

THE STAGE

"Hunting for Hawkins" will be the attraction at the Lyceum tomorrow evening by Stephen Fitzpatrick and a capable company. It is a comedy that is said to be very funny.

Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday afternoon, "When Johnny Comes Marching Home" will be presented by the Whitney Opera company.

* * *

"Trilby" will be given at the Metropolitan one more night than had been originally intended, running Thursday night also instead of being taken from the boards tonight. The play has made a strong hit and the demand for another production than the four announced has been general.

* * *

The production of "Alexander the Great" next Monday and Tuesday evenings by Frederick Warde and Louis James will be on a lavish scale and these two artists are said to find in it roles that are most congenial.

M'KINLEY STATUE

Will Be Unveiled at Toledo on Sept. 14.

New York, Sept. 2.—A bronze statue of President McKinley, which was successfully cast here a few days ago, will be shipped today to Ohio. It will be unveiled at Toledo Sept. 14, the anniversary of President McKinley's death, and will stand in a park in front of the court house. The statute, which is ten feet high, represents Mr. McKinley standing in a characteristic attitude, and his left arm behind his back and his right hand holding a manuscript, waiting for the applause to cease. The amount subscribed for the statue, $15,000, was raised by citizens of Toledo the week after President McKinley's death.

Wire to the Ranges.

Mr. and Mrs. John Bryner, of Chicago, are in the city, stopping at the Spalding. Mr. Bryner is the personal representative of W. H. Laikey & Co., commission merchants, and he is here to arrange for the construction of a private wire to the iron ranges. As soon as it is completed his firm will establish branch offices in Hibbing, Virginia and Eveleth. The growth of the firm's business on the ranges has been such that it is deemed necessary to instal the private wire and establish these new offices. Mr. Bryner is one of the best known commission men in the Northwest, having been for years on the Chicago board of trade.

New York & Return, $25.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th, inclusive; good for return until Sept. 30.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

CLOSED FOR REPAIRS.

One Thousand Men Idle at Clairton Plant.

Pittsburg, Sept. 2.—With the exception of the blast furnaces, the Clairton steel plant has closed down for four weeks for annual repairs, the taking of stock and scarcity of orders.

Approximately 1000 men are idle for the first time since the big works began operating. The blast furnaces will continue running as they have all the year round. The officials hold a most pronounced optimistic view of the iron market. The slowness of the pig iron trade at this time is not regarded as anything permanent and a brightening of the trade is looked for by the time the entire works resume.

The plant is jointly owned by the Crucible Steel company and the United States Steel corporation.

DULUTH DANCING ACADEMY

Prof. Ourat will reopen for the season Monday, Sept. 14, at 8, for adults; Saturday afternoon, Sept. 19, at 2:30, for juveniles. Private lessons by appointment. For information address 123 West Superior St. Office hours at hall from 3 to 5 Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, after Sept. 1.

Low Rates South and Southeast

On September 15th and October 20th THE LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R. will sell Round Trip Tickets from St. Louis, Evansville, Louisville and Cincinnati to the following points at the lowest rates ever named. Tickets will be good returning for twenty-one (21) days from date of sale, and stopovers will be permitted on going trip at points south of Kentucky-Tennessee state line:

FROM ST. LOUIS TO
New Orleans, $12 — Atlanta, $13
Mobile, $12 — Montgomery, $12
Birmingham, $12 — Pensacola, $14.60

FROM CHICAGO TO
New Orleans, $16 — Atlanta, $15
Mobile, $16.00 — Montgomery, $16
Birmingham, $15 — Pensacola, $18

FROM LOUISVILLE TO
New Orleans, $14 — Atlanta, $11
Mobile, $14 — Montgomery, $14
Birmingham, $11 — Pensacola, $14

FROM CINCINNATI TO
New Orleans, $14 — Atlanta, $11
Mobile, $14 — Montgomery, $14
Birmingham, $11 — Pensacola, $14

Rates to Intermediate Points to be the same

Proportionately low rates to points west of New Orleans as far as Houston. To Jacksonville, Fla., and intermediate points, $3.00 higher than rate to Atlanta.

Take advantage of these very low rates to make a trip through the South to investigate its wonderful resources and opportunities.

Time tables, folders, maps and descriptive literature relative to lands, truck and stock farming along the line of the

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

will be sent upon application to C. L. Stone, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky.

THE EVENING HERALD

An Independent Newspaper.

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(Opposite Postoffice Square.)
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

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10 CENTS A WEEK

EVERY EVENING—Delivered by Carrier.

Single copy, daily	$ .02
One month	.45
Three months (in advance)	1.30
Six months (in advance)	2.60
One year (in advance)	5.00

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

WEEKLY HERALD.

Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.

TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

THE FLAT WHEEL CAR.

The people of Baltimore are up against about the same conditions as prevail in Duluth, judging from the following which recently appearel in the News: "Bang, bang, bang goes the flat car wheel on the car track. And 'nearer, clearer, deadlier than before' sounds the thump, thump, thump of the car with the flat wheel in our streets at all hours of the day and night. Sometimes it seems that the car without at least one flat wheel is the infrequent exception rather than the rule. Pasengers of the cars find it difficult to keep their seats because of the tremendous jerk when the flat part of the wheel hits the track. It has a tendency to make some persons seasick. Residents along the routes of the car lines are kept awake at nights. Judging from the outward effects, the wear and tear on the cars themselves must be something tremendous. It is as if someone should be continually pounding the car trucks with a heavy sledge hammer. Perhaps it pays to keep them on and perhaps it doesn't—the company ought to know. At any rate, it is awfully disagreeable and nerve-racking. Cannot something be done to get rid of them?"

That is what the people of Duluth would also like to know. If Baltimore can get rid of the nerve-racking flat wheel car, Duluth will be glad to learn how to do it.

PROHIBITION OR LOCAL OPTION.

In a recent article on "How Prohibition Works In Kansas," by C. H. Matson, his final statement, that prohibition "is only another form of local option after all" hits the nail squarely on the head. He says practically that where public opinion is back of the law, it is enforced with more or less effectiveness. To be sure, but what is the difference between this and a high license system. "In three or four of the larger cities," says Mr. Matson, "prohibition has never been thoroughly enforced. During recent years this number has increased, and today there are probably not less than thirty towns in which illegal saloons, or 'joints,' as they are termed, are operated openly. In these towns a system of monthly fines, which amounts to a license system, is in vogue, so that Kansas now practically has local option. These towns are now governed entirely by local sentiment. Outside of two or three of the larger cities in which the saloons are recognized as a permanent institution, every municipal campaign in many Kansas towns coresponds to the local option fights in the towns of other states. The mayoralty campaigns are usually only a contest between the 'wet' and 'dry' elements."

But, while resembling local option outwardly, prohibition brings in its train certain grave evils which are not present under a local option regime. These are contempt for law, hypocrisy, coruption, and perjury. Regarding the first evil Mr. Matson writes:

"The contempt which unenforced prohibition breeds for the dignity of the law is its worst feature. There are towns in Kansas—a very few—in which it is almost impossible to convict a lawbreaker of selling liquor. No matter how strong the proof of his guilt, at least one man of the twelve on the jury will stand out for his acquittal. The saloon breeds lawlessness, and the contempt for the prohibitary law inevitably spreads to other laws. Kansas has a law against gambling which makes the offense a felony punishable by a term in the penitentiary, yet this is as persistently violated as is the law against liquor selling. Other statutes are viewed in the same manner by those who have come to regard the violation of the prohibitory law as an evidence of smartness."

Perjury is of frequent occurrence in trials of liquor cases. Where the law is unpopular it is almost impossible to secure convictions for illegal selling. Mr. Matson states: "In communities where the law is openly violated and the sentiment is for the saloon, men who regard themselves as fairly good citizens will perjure themselves as jurors and return a false verdict in order to protect an illegal traffic."

The same condition exists in Maine and other alleged prohibition states as in Kansas. The prohibitory law is a farce from beginning to end and the quicker these states adopt local option the better off the people will be. Different cities and villages can then decide for themselves and all the evils bred by so-called prohibition will be done away with.

A very good illustration of the injustice of race prejudice occurred in New York a few days ago, when a crowd attacked a negro because he had knocked down a white pickpocket who had snatched his watch. Of course, the crowd did not know. It only knew that a negro had attacked a white man and it appeared to be ready to "kill the nigger" without asking questions. It will be observed, also, that this did not happen in a Southern state.

One of the matters pressing for attention in Rome because there is a new pope is the well-known ambition of the Polish Roman Catholics in this country to have a bishop or two of their own in the hierarchy of America. The application seems to be favorably received by the cardinals so far approached, but if it be granted it will be against the protests of the great majority of the American bishops and archbishops.

Tramps will carefully avoid the scientist who says he has discovered a germicide for the microbe of laziness.

Tom Johnson's "red devil wagon" will make some new records in Ohio this fall.

CANADIAN RECIPROCITY.

Although from outward appearances it might seem that the prospects were good for the resumption of the sessions of the joint high commission for the purpose of arranging closer trade relations between the United States and Canada, the real prospects of reciprocity are said to be very small. The main obstacle in the way of the early reconvening of the commission is the strong demand throughout the Dominion for an election this fall. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, is having considerable trouble in managing the legislative program of the Liberal party in the Canadian parliament, and it is thought very probable that an appeal will soon be made for a new election. Sir Wilfrid is now understood to be in favor of reciprocity with the United States; in fact, it is said that he has taken the matter up as a hobby. Should an appeal be issued there would be no chance for the treaty negotiations, for the Canadian premier and his associates would be fully engaged in handling the election campaign. The recent session of the Canadian parliament has been prolonged far beyond the usual time, and will probably not be prorogued until well into September. Then will come the question of the election. There will be three issues in the appeal, as follows, Laurier's personal popularity, his Grand Trunk Pacific bill, and the reapportionment bill for the house of commons.

Liberal members of the Canadian parliament so it is said, are entirely willing that a treaty be made and will place no obstacles in its way. The disposition of the Liberal leaders to ask for a reconvening of the commission this fall, their desire to have the meetings held in Washington instead of Ottawa, and their endeavors to shape matters so as to permit Sir Wilfrid to reopen correspondence with Senator Fairbanks, the chairman of the American representatives on the joint high commission, show in a general way the attitude of the Liberal party. Of course, there is strong opposition in Canada to any sort of trade treaty with the United States. This is made up largely of manufacturers who look with jealous eyes on the efforts of the United States to control the trade of the Dominion, especially in the Northwest. At present these interests are behind a propaganda intended to convince the Canadian public that if Canada keeps up her tariff wall, and builds it even higher, American capital will be compelled to invest in that country, thus hastening developments. Lower the tariff they say, either directly or through a reciprocity treaty, and American manufacturing concerns will not establish branch houses in Canada, but will have the goods made in the United States and sold on the other side of the boundary. It is also argued that it is useless to frame a trade treaty on account of the hostility of the United States senate to such instruments, for it is believed that no treaty of importance could get through that body.

This argument will hardly hold good for it seems almost certain that additional reciprocal legislation is bound to come, and that soon, and Canada should really be the country first considered after taking care of Cuba. Reciprocity will be an issue in case the next congress does not act promptly on the matter.

THE CURRENCY SYSTEM.

It grows more and more evident that unless there is a decided change in public sentiment, little will come of the widely anticipated financial legislation for which a special session of congress is to be called. The prevailing note of the senators and representatives who are now interviewed on the question is that it is not "good policy" to do anthing on the eve of a presidential contest which is liable to partisan misconstruction. This was a view which Senator Quay expressed a few days ago, and he only reflected the general Republican sentiment. The country's demand for currency reform is not sufficiently strong to offset the politician's inertia, for the currency, of all subjects, is most beclouded with misapprehensions, and so most dangerous to approach. The assertion which now most befogs the situation is that because the West is so rich that it needs to borrow little or nothing from the East, there is no need of better bank-note facilities. The fact seems entirely overlooked that it makes no difference at the crop-moving season whether the West borrows money from the East or lowers its own deposits in the East, so far as setting a movement of currency into motion is concerned. So long as Western money in the dull season gravitates to New York, where it always earns a low rate of interest, there must be the movement back during the autumn months, and it is then that the painful inelasticity of our present system most shows itself.

The truth seems to be lost sight of that, under the present system, bank notes are a form of capital and not an instrument of credit. As a close student of Western affairs explained in discussing the matter: "Suppose a bank in a town in Nebraska wants $100,000 to lend to the farmers at the time they buy in their young cattle, called 'stockers,' and it decides to issue circulation to that amount. It must send money to New York to buy government bonds at a premium, with the result that it can have less money to lend as an outcome of the purchase that it had before. It is not so well equipped to serve its own community as it was before. Circulation is not profitable when interest rates are high, but becomes so when they are low, thus reversing the conditions which would be most beneficial."

It is evident that the inelasticity of the currency is the one great failing of the present financial system and it is just as evident that nothing will be done at the extra session of congress.

Ex-President Cleveland says of the public press: "I do not believe I exaggerate when I say that the high standard and conscientious conduct of the public press is one of the most important agencies for the preservation of the best elements of our national character and one of the surest guarantees of our national integrity and perpetuity." Mr. Cleveland has had considerable experience with the newspapers and consquently his tribute to the press is valuable.

A woman has been fined $15 in Bloomington, Ill., for prodding a fat man eight times with a hatpin because he would not move over and make more room for her in a crowded street car. Evidently "sticking hogs" is against the law of Bloomington.

Professor Goldwin Smith offered good advice at the commercial congress at Montreal when he urged that Canada should "throw off Chamberlain, bid farewell to the colonial office and be wholly independent."

It is said that within a few weeks sleeping cars will be running regularly on electric railroads between Columbus and Indianapolis. The trolley sleeper is bound to become popular.

The man who found a purse with money in it in a Chicago street and left it at a police station to be returned to the owner, was undoubtedly a stranger on a visit to the Windy City.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Col. J. W. Lloyd, of Cleveland, was among the guests of the Jenks Lumber company, who came and went on the steamer North West last night and he spent an hour at the St. Louis telling stories with a few old friends. One of the members of the party had unwittingly attempted to pass a bogus half dollar on the barkeeper and as the "money" was returned Col. Lloyd told the following story:

"As what I am going to tell you happened quite recently and as there are even now persons who might get mixed up with government officials should the exact facts come to light, I must keep the real names of the persons interested in the dark. I only wish to show what a little too much indulgence in the cup that cheers may bring when mixed up with counterfeit money.

"At the time my story begins, I was located at a lake port and did considerable business with government officials and incidentally with the police department. One of my acquaintances was a young fellow that would never intentionally do an unlawful act and he was one of those good natured fellows that are resignated as 'princes.'

"He traveled with a pretty swift crowd and once in a while he would show up at the government building, where his duties carried him, with about as heavy a cargo of intoxicants as he could stand. It was in this condition that he appeared one day in the office of the United States district attorney.

"Now the district attorney had been prosecuting counterfeiters for some months back and had secured their conviction. Among the articles which he offered in evidence were the plates with which the counterfeiters had made their money and a good-sized wad of the money itself. According to law this money should have been destroyed immediately after the makers were sent to prison, but the district attorney had kept it in the drawer of his desk. My young friend whom we shall call Love knew that the money was there and he had many times threatened to take the roll and spend it. On the day that he appeared at the office he found no one in and immediately saw a good chance to carry out his threat.

"He went to the drawer and put a roll of tens and twenties in his pocket and began his cruise. Picking up a couple of fellows that were in a condition similar to his own Love began a systematic tour of the saloons in the worst quarter of town and the only thing he could think of ordering was wine. Each time he ordered a quart he would present one of his ten or twenty dollar counterfeits and receive good money in change.

"In this manner he found no difficulty in getting rid of considerable of his ill-gotten 'queer' and acquiring in the meantime a jag such as few men have ever carried. No one has ever found out where he slept, but when he was walking on one of the main streets of the city. He felt in his pockets and found a bunch of bills which were counterfeit and a good round sum in good money. It was for the first time there flashed through his brain a realization of what he had done.

"Jumping into a hack he drove to a bath and took a trip through the vapor. This took him about forty minutes and from there he went to a cafe and drank two or three cups of hot coffee. All the time his brain was on fire and he debated with himself as to whether he should stand and face the music or get out under cover of night. He, fortunately, decided to take his medicine. Jumping again into the cab he drove to the government building and went straight to the district attorney. The attorney had not yet learned of his loss and Love went straight to put the point and told of what he had done, or rather as much of it as he remembered.

"As he told his story the attorney became white as a sheet and he also saw himself getting in serious difficulty with the government for failing to destroy the bogus money. After a hasty consultation the pair entered the hack and called on the chief of police. That official was a good fellow and within a few minutes two detectives were making the rounds of the disreputable joints getting a line on where the money had been spent. As ten and twenty dollar bills are not handed out in change very often the trio had the good fortune to locate all of the green paper.

"Then came another question. 'How was Love to redeem the money.' They came to me and as I saw it was a question of keeping the boy out of serious trouble I let him have $90, which with the good money he had received in change would redeem the bad stuff.

"All went well for a few days and then some newspaper man got hold of the story and, probably not thinking of the consequences, printed it. That story went to Washington and in four days Chief Wilkie of the secret service and two of his men jumped into town. Without saying anything they went to work on the case and secured from one or two resort keepers admissions that confirmed the story. They then confronted the district attorney.

"He pleaded ignorance of the whole affair and the chief of police was called. He also told Chief Wilkie that there was no truth in the story and bluntly told the great secret service man that he had been 'bunked.' The chief then detailed two detectives to go with the secret service men and disprove the story. As the party left the chief's office the chief called up on the 'phone all places where the money had been passed and threatened to put the proprietors out of business if they did not deny all knowledge of the affair.

"The result was that the secret service men were 'thrown in the air' and after laying around town for a day or two they got out. Since then Love has reformed a trifle and when anyone mentions counterfeit money he looks around to see if an officer is behind him with a pair of manacles. I do not know whether or not there is any moral to this story but if there is I suppose that it would be: 'When drinking more than is good for you, buy everything on credit.'"

* * *

"There are few prettier sights than that of Duluth harbor at night," said W. C. Merrill of New York last night as he stood on the sun parlor balcony at the Spalding looking at the steamer North West which was plowing up deep furrows of foam in the harbor, "and if I could only stay here a few days I should like very much to take pictures of the harbor at night from this elevation. The view which takes in all the lights of Superior and those on the vessels, bridges, etc., make it a scene well worth photographing. There are few like it in the United States."

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: W. H. Merrill, St. Paul; G. A. Whiteman, Eveleth; C. R. Halverson, St. Paul; A. M. Harris, St Paul; Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, Indianapolis; Lidle Harrold, Damascus; C. M. Brewster, Chagrin Falls; George Maul, Port Clinton; J. E. Baldwin, Ashland; A. F. Maitland, Negaunee, Mich.; H. V. Pearlman, Minneapolis; R. D. O'Brien, Mrs. Libbie Adair, St. Paul; N. H. McIntosh, Minneapolis; W. S. Way and daughter, St. Paul; D. D. Randall, Ishpeming; Mrs. J. D. Jewett, Hibbing; Ray Desmond, Hibbing.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: R. K. Kemp, Marquette; Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Moran, Grand Rapids; Edward Finch, Virginia; H. D. Danbury, Manhattan; A. C. Bruce, Minneapolis; W. A. Sparrow, Karron; A. L. Munle, Minneapolis; R. S. McDonald, Grand Rapids; Charles Brown, Minneapolis; N. Cowling, P. Sheridan, Ely; H. A. Hansen, Minneapolis; W. D. Campbell, Cass Lake; James McKenzie, St. Paul; S. A. Houck, Marquette, Mich.; A. J. Thomas, Ely; E. L. Tranen, Cass Lake; J. L. Forbes, Fergus Falls; Mrs. William Carmichael, Mrs. F. S. Calvin, Biwabik; Charles J. Johnson, Grand Marais; J. J. Stuart, Hibbing.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Albrant, Bemidji; A. A. Harper, Cass Lake; Thomas Cowling, Ely; L. Ferris, St. Paul; J. H. Henderson, Minneapolis; J. F. Siglah, St. Cloud; Q. R. Dodsorn, Nashwauk; C. H. Dewitt, Minneapolis; J. M. Partridge, Grand Rapids; Mr. and Mrs. T. Beaudette, Bemidji; Ira J. Mandigo, Thomas W. Barnes, St. Paul; K. N. O. Melby, Ashby; Erbin Hall, Cloquet; T. A. Bartlett, E. E. Bernie, Minneapolis; W. W. Brown, Biwabik; J. R. Wright, Hills; W. Johnson, Eveleth; Mr. and Mrs. H. H. James, Iron River.

Effect of Good Credit.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: Philippine bonds now command a premium in the world's money market. Under Spanish dominion they could not have been floated as waste paper.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Wednesday, Sept. 2.—The barometer is low over South Dakota, southern California, Florida, and New England; and high over the Ohio and lower Mississippi valleys and the far Northwest. It is warmer in the upper Mississippi and lower Mississippi valleys and cooler in the Red River valley. Cloudy weather prevails in the Northwest. Light and scattered showers fell over South Dakota in eastern portions, and over Wisconsin, Utah, New Mexico, South Carolina and Eastern New York. The winds in the lake region are light to fresh westerly except northeasterly on western Superior; partly cloudy weather is the rule.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	88	Memphis	78
Bismarck	72	Miles City	82
Boston	76	Milwaukee	76
Buffalo	70	Minnedosa	62
Charleston	86	Modena	66
Chicago	70	Montgomery	80
Chicinnati	74	Moorhead	76
Davenport	78	New Orleans	82
Denver	90	New York	70
Detroit	70	North Platte	92
Dodge City	92	Oklahoma	86
Duluth	80	Omaha	82
El Paso	90	Pittsburg	74
Galveston	84	Portland	78
Green Bay	76	Prince Albert	62
Havre	76	Rapid City	76
Helena	82	San Francisco	76
Houghton	76	Santa Fe	80
Huron	82	Shreveport	82
Jacksonville	88	Spokane	78
Kamloops	68	St. Louis	76
Kansas City	84	St. Paul	84
Knoxville	78	St. Ste. Marie	72
La Crosse	78	Swift Current	64
Landor	98	Washington	74
Los Angeles	78	Williston	68
Marquette	76	Winnemucca	90
Medicine Hat	72	Winnipeg	66

Forecasts for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (local time) Thursday.
Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday with probably local showers. Cooler tonight. Fresh and brisk northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—Forecast till 7p .m., Thursday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy and warm tonight and Thursday with probably occasional light showers.

Minnesota: Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday with possibly an occasional light local shower

The Dakotas: Generally fair tonight and Thursday Moderate temperature.

Upper Lakes: Light to fresh variable winds, mostly southwest except probably northeast on western Superior. Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday.

WHAT THE KING SAID.

Brooklyn Eagle: The following paragraph regarding an incident that occurred in Buckingham Palace during the entertainment there of the American naval officers by King Edward last month, has been going the rounds of the newspapers:

"What the governor of North Carolina said to the governor of South Carolina may henceforth be given a well merited rest, for if reports are true, as they frequently are not, a very good up-to-date substitute has been found for the Governor's observation. The cable brings the information that at the dinner at Buckingham Palace, while Commander McCrea was sitting talking to some of the other guests, the king came up. All arose, 'Don't discommode yourself, gentlemen,' said he. 'Mr. McCrea,' he continued, putting his hand on that officer's shoulder, 'don't you think it's about time for a whisky and soda?'"

As a matter of fact, this narrative is correct in every detail save one. The king did not put his hand on Commander McCrea's shoulder but did appeal to that officer's judgment to determine whether it was an opportune time to indulge in the favorite British drink. It may be interesting to add that Commander McCrea heartily indorsed the suggestion. One of Comimander McCrea's poetical friends has described the international incident in verse, as follows:

WHAT THE KING SAID TO CAP'N McCREA.

On such an occasion
We need no persuasion
The bottle to pass and our glasses to clink,
We need no diviner
From North Carolina
To tell us how long since we had the last drink.
So here's to our heartles,
The visiting parties,
They know they're as welcome as the flowers in May!
No time we'll be wasting
In ladylike tasting,
But say what the king said to Cap'n McCrea.

Refrain.

Then ho! for a bumper!
A regular thumper!
Of something adapted to our thirst to allay!
Come on and we'll load a
Big whisky and soda!
For that's what the king said to Cap'n McCrea.

'Twas true hospitality,
Right from regality,
So when the king made his motion that day,
"I'll go you," says Mack,
"If I never come back!"
And that to the king, from bold Cap'n McCrea.

And that is a sample
Of naval example:
Your duty perform when it comes in your way:
So there's nothing to do
But to see the thing through
When we say what the king said to Cap'n McCrea.

Perplexities of Wealth.

New York Press: It is recorded of Cornelius Vanderbilt that before he died he said to a friend: "I don't see what good it does me—all this money that you say is mine. I can't eat it. I can't spend it—in fact, I never saw it, and never had it in my hands for a moment. I dress no better than my private secretary and cannot eat as much as my coachman. I live in a big servants' boarding house, am bothered to death by beggars, have dyspepsia, cannot drink champagne, and most of my money is in the hands of others, who use it mainly for their own benefit."

Quaint Quaker Notion.

Philadelphia Press: Vermont has an anti-treating law similar to that of Nebraska, and, as it is new, it will probably be better enforced. It is fortunate that the custom of "treating," or inviting others to drink at the expense of the man extending the invitation, is gradually declining. It means that all of those participating must "treat" before the drinking is ended and is pernicious to a high degree. If made illegal in every state and enforced the nation would be the better.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Nobody is modest enough not to be vain about it.

The length of a woman's shoestring tells its own story.

The way not to quarrel with your wife is not to have one.

A woman can learn to love most any man if he jingles loud enough.

Usually a woman drives a horse as naturally as a man sews on buttons.

Now Will You Be Good?

St. Paul Pioneer Press: We are repeatedly assured by Eastern journals that the West shall have money to move the crops Small thanks to the East! The money which will come West for crop moving is that of Western men, temporarily loaned to "help out" the ever-needy East. The obligation of the West in the case is that of the depositor to the bank which honors his checks—a thing it must do or "bust."

Tragedy of a Strike.

Springfield Republican: Another tragedy growing out of the Philadelphia strike of textile workers is reported—the attempt of a mother to kell herself and four children, which succeeded in the case of two children. The head of the family was on strike and out of money, and there was no food to be had, while shelter was about to be taken away. This will be written down by the labor movement as one of the necessary sacrifices for the triumph of the cause. But is there no better way of forwarding it?

THE MAJOR'S VISION

By Diwiddie Jones.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

The conference was over and the major had demonstrated his power as he never had before. It was the culmination of his long years of patient planning and execution. Never before had he permitted any visible manifestation of his influence; always had he worked quietly, unobtrusively, without ostentation, but always effectively. This time, however, he had not hesitated to show the iron hand beneath the velvet glove. This time he had surprised friend and foe by making an open and spectacular demonstration of his dominance, and apparently without reason, except for the keen enjoyment of the situation.

It came as a shock to the assembled politicians, but they accepted his mastery without a murmur.

"He had it coming, if he wanted it," was the gist of the comment.

But followed immediately in every one of the trained minds the thought: "There's the Achilles heel in his armor—there's his weak spot," and the thought was duly pigeon-holed for future use.

"Horace Campbell shall not be the nominee for congress," he had announced with determination. "He has fought me for five years with every weapon his ingenuity could suggest. Now I propose to turn him down in the ambition of his life."

The great majority of those present were for Campbell for one reason or another—principally because he was popular with the people and stood high in every way, and would make a popular candidate, and one easy to win with; a candidate who would reflect credit on the "organization," and the "organization" was sadly in need of credit and approval with the people.

But the major was firm, and it was decided finally to throw the nomination to Rufus Bascom. That settled it, as the twelve men present controlled a great majority of the delegates. The word went out that Bascom was the man, and the major's room in the hotel was besieged by friends of Campbell, who coaxed, cajoled, plead and threatened. The major met all their arguments and pleading with the placid immovability for which he was noted.

It had been determined by a conference of the leaders, he replied, that Mr. Bascom was the most available candidate. Of course, the convention would decide tomorrow, and the delegates would register the will of the people. But the party leaders would advise the nomination of Bascom. Of course, the Campbell men understood that the conference settled it, and that the "bosses" controlled enough delegates who would do their bidding regardless of their own inclination, to nominate Bascom.

Forsooth, the major was exceedingly well satisfied with himself that evening as he sat in his apartment at the hotel and reflected upon the events of the day. His time had come. He felt the solid rock beneath his feet, the reins of power tight in his grasp. Now he would show his traducers that they had barked up the wrong tree. He had been patient, and had eliminated every atom of personality from his work and his campaigns, keeping only in sight the star of success. And now he had won.

Now let the men whose abuse he had taken so silently, beware. Not a sentence of their condemnation but was burned into his memory, not a blow they had given ever forgotten.

And, first of all, this Campbell would feel the strength of his retaliation. For years he had writhed inwardly, under the caustic eloquence of this young lawyer, who deemed himself better than the "machine," and who had attempted to block every step in the building of the splendid organization which now controlled the party, and of which he was the head and matter. He knew well Campbell's overpowering ambition. He knew it was the dream of the lawyer's life to sit in the halls of congress. By a combination of circumstances all things had conspired this year to make his nomination possible. It was due the county and he was the most conspicuous figure.

Yes, indeed, this was the major's opportunity for revenge, and he sat grim and complacent, when a card was handed him which forced an expression of surprise to his usually immovable face. It read:

"Mrs. Horace Campbell."

There was no trace of the perplexity he felt as the lady was shown in. As she entered, however, he started, despite his self-control, from an entirely different cause. There was something in the soft blue eyes and the low, broad forehead that carried him back 30 years—something that conjured visions of a rippling river in the soft moonlight—something that made him feel the embrace of white arms about his neck and the pressure of red lips against his.

His brow contracted again in this new perplexity, and an onlooker would have marveled at the similarity of expression in the contraction of the lady's brow.

In the meantime the formalities had been exchanged, and our visitor was seated across the table from the major.

"You, doubtless, are surprised to see me," she began. "I have come to ask you, sir, to withdraw your opposition to my husband's nomination."

The unflinching gaze from her wide-open eyes was remarkably similar to him as he returned it. He knew in an instant that he had a trying interview before him, and attempted to rally that splendid self-possession which always served him so well. But for the first time in his political career it failed him, partially. He could not get the swish of the water out of his ears, and the woman before him seemed enveloped in moonlight, and she seemed to be rocking in a boat upon the river. He was possessed of a nameless fear.

"Of course, my husband does not know I am here," she went on, presently. "He would rather cut off his right arm than to send you any emissary—and particularly me. But I know the situation. I know everything is ripe for his nomination, excepting your aid, that your lone influence will defeat him. It is the cherished ambition of his life to go to congress, and this is his opportunity. If it eludes him it may never return. I do not know the reason for your opposition, but I want you to state it, and see if the matter can not be arranged. I ask you in the name of a woman for whom her husband has done everything, and who seeks to aid him in his hour of need."

The tension on the major's nerves grew as the woman talked.

"In Heaven's name, who are you?" he cried, when she paused.

"I am a woman without a father and without a name until my husband gave me his," she replied, two bright spots appearing in her cheeks. "I was brought up in a foundling's home, but learned eventually, who my mother was. She killed herself soon after my birth. My father left her to bear the burden alone. Knowing all this, Horace Campbell married me, and gave me the name my father's cowardice and selfishness deprived me of. Do you wonder that I want to help him, at any cost?"

The major sat rigid, holding on to the arms of his chair with a grip like a vice.

"And your mother lived—where, may I ask?" he demanded, hoarsely.

She named the town and state. He gave a quick gasp, rose suddenly and walked to the window, which he threw wide open. He stood with his back toward his visitor, his face working convulsively. By the utmost exertion he recovered a part of his self-possession and returned to the table.

"Madam," he said, in a voice which trembled despite his utmost exertion, "your husband will be the nominee of the convention tomorrow, if any influence of mine can accomplish it.

"But I do not understand—" she began, the wrinkles of perplexity reappearing in her brow.

"You do not need to," he interrupted. "I beg of you to accept the assurances—and go—please go, madam," he ended, brokenly.

As she left the room he said: "I do this wholly for you, madam, if that knowledge is any comfort to you. No influence of his could have moved me."

All night long the major sat at the table, his head buried in his arms. In the morning there was a hastily summoned conference, at which the decision of the previous day was reversed, and that afternoon Horace Campbell was nominated for congress.

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS.

Wednesday, September 2nd, 1903.

For once the store reporter is beaten. He has no words to describe the beauty or the elegance of the new dress trimmings that have found their way into the store. It would take a good sized booklet to do it and then he could not do his subject justice. The Persian bands and embroidered chiffon appliques display the delicate and rich colorings, the exquisite designs of painted pictures. Not so striking perhaps but fully as elegant are the laces, the gimps, the stole collars, the garnitures and the ornaments which are shown in great profusion and variety. Many of these trimmings are real hand work and most of them are imported goods. Yard trimmings, 12½ cents to $5. Ornaments, 10 cents to $2 each. Collars 75 cents to $14 each.

S. W. Lightbody & Co.,
11th Street and Tower Avenue,
Superior.

SCHOOLS.

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THE AMERICAN RUGBY
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AMUSEMENTS.

New 'Phone 50. LYCEUM Old 'Phone 56.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 3
"Hunting for Hawkins"
Prices, 15c, 25c, 35c 50c, 75c.

Friday, Saturday Matinee and Night, The Military Opera—
"When Johnny Comes Marching Home"
Sale Opens Thursday Morning.

Coming—Sept. 7 and 8 — James and Warde, in "Alexander the Great."

Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 7-8
LOUIS JAMES AND FRED'K WARDE
In a Stupendous Scenic Production of
ALEXANDER THE GREAT.
Seats on Sale Saturday 9 a. m.

"MEET ME AT THE MET."
METROPOLITAN STOCK COMPANY,
Including Mr. GUS A. FORBES, in
First Half of week "TRILBY."
"THE MYSTERIOUS MR. JONES"
Last half of week.
Gardiner Trio In Specialties.
Prices—Night, 10c, 25c, 50c; Matinee, 10c, 25c.

FINE AND EXQUISITE FLAVOR IN YOUR PASTRY & BAKING ARE OBTAINED BY USING HUNT'S PERFECT BAKING POWDER A PURE PHOSPHATE POWDER



25¢ A FULL POUND

"THIS ONE THING I DO"

The Apostle Paul's Words Adapted to Modern Thought.

Famous Physicians Devote Their Attention to Special Diseases and Effect Wonderful Cures.

Specialism is the idea of the day. Not that every physician can be a specialist, nor would it be justifiable in every doctor becoming one, but there are advantages which can be derived only by a special practice.

The physician that treats both chronic and acute diseases, making no special study of one kind of ailments more than another, can not be as successful as the doctor who makes a specialty of a certain line of diseases and devotes his whole time and attention to the study and practice of that specialty. The practice of medicine (general practice) is too broad a field for one to become proficient. Medical science has advanced wonderfully in the past fifteen years, as you all know, which is largely due to centralizing its study. The specialists are the physicians that we must give credit largely for enlightening the medical world.

We cite, for instance, that of Dr. Rea, a specialist of Louisville, Ky., who now has one of his offices in Minneapolis and has had for the last four years, where he has made many cures and has succeeded in building up a reputation and practice among those whom he has cured that would be hard to get away from him. Dr. Rea is a gentleman from the new school. His experience and training has been that of many years' practice and vast experience. He confines himself to the treatment of chronic, lingering and deep-seated ailments. He pretends to cure only such diseases as he has had sufficient experience with in handling, and does not go into that class of incurable diseases which in many instances are useless to bother with.

As a result of long experience, Dr. Rea is thoroughly familiar with his specialties. In the treatment of cancer, consumption, heart disease, nervousness and female diseases there are very few specialists better qualified to treat them than Dr. Rea. Some of his cures seem almost like miracles. It is claimed by Dr. Rea's friends that he can diagnose a disease without a question. This being the case, he is not liable to doctor his patient for the wrong ailment, which is many times done by physicians of inexperience. Dr. Rea does not treat typhoid fever, whooping cough, measles, and those acute diseases for which the local home physician is called upon to treat. It is not his desire to antagonize nor to take from the home physician that part of the business which really belongs to him. Many times Dr. Rea is called in consultation with the home physician, and the kindliest feelings should exist between them.

Dr. Rea is charitable. In many instances where people are devoid of funds to pay for their services he charges in such cases for the medicine only, and no person, no matter how humble, has he ever turned away without seeking to give them relief.

By permission we are pleased to publish a few of some of the cures he has made throughout the state of Minnesota and the Dakotas. These are only a few, time and space will not permit us to publish more:

J. J. Donahue, Red Lake Falls, Minn., cured of gastric ulcer of the stomach and heart trouble.

Gilbert Hove, Thief River Falls, Minn., cured of blood and skin trouble.

Mrs. Carrie Hunter, Drayton, N. D., cured of heart, nervous and stomach troubles. Had been given up to die.

Mrs. Ole S. Marud, Lengby, Minn, cured of gastric ulcer of the stomach, constipation and liver trouble.

Harry Franks, Emerson, Man., cured of gastric ulcer of the stomach after all other doctors had failed.

L. S. Dreasler, Cando, N. D., cured of chronic diarrhoea and piles of long standing after other doctors had given him up.

Clara Erickson, Thief River Falls, Minn., cured of nervous and stomach troubles.

James Casson, Dominion City, Man., cured of stomach and kidney trouble.

Mrs. F. E. Neuman, 99 Canal street, Grand Rapids, Mich., cured of an ulcerated cancerous growth on the eyelid. Dr. Rea was called to Chicago and treated her one time only. She is completely cured after having been given up to die by the doctors.

Gotlieb Passbrig, Great Bend, N. D., cured of chronic catarrh of the stomach, constipation and bad blood.

G. J. Erickson, Mountain, N. D., cured of rheumatism, blood poison and stiffness of the joints.

Albert Berg, Adrian, Minn., cured of stomach troubles and epilepsy.

Mrs. E. O. Evans, Mt. Claire Sta., Chicago, Ill., writes: "Dr. Rea: I have heard of your wonderful cancer cure. This is a great field for cancers and I would like to open a branch office here in Chicago with an assistant physician to treat patients. I am a nurse and understand hypodermic injections. I know your cancer cure cures."

Miss Nellie Dragsdale, Minn., cured of rheumatism and catarrh quickly when other doctors told her it was no use to doctor.

Miss Lydia Buck, Wheatland, N. D., cured of early consumption and bronchial troubles.

Mrs. P. G. Rognile, Halstead, Minn., cured of tumor of the breast. No cutting.

Little daughter of John Reese, Jr., St. Vincent, Minn., cured of skin and blood troubles.

Mrs. A. Richel, Red Lake Falls, Minn., cured of tumor. Dr. Rea's treatment was used, although she was treated by another physician.

Frank Freeman, Verona, N. D., cured of cancer.

Miss Emma Geving, McIntosh, Minn., writes: "Dr. Rea, you are curing me of consumption. My cough is all gone."

Arthur Miller, Mora, Minn., cured of cancer of the nose in three treatments.

Mrs. A. J. Bill, Hartley, Iowa, writes: "Dr. Rea: You cured a friend of mine of catarrh. I want to take your treatment."

H. C. Myers, New Prague, Minn., cured of heart disease and stomach troubles. Had been pronounced incurable by other physicians.

A. W. Martin, Mora, Minn., cured of eating cancer of the face without an operation by Dr. Rea's injection plan. The most complete and sure cancer cure known in medical history.

John H. Grote, Grove City, Minn., cured of kidney, bladder and stomach troubles.

Mrs. T. S. Bergin, Abbottsford, Wis., cured of cancerous tumor of the breast. No cutting. Done by injection plan.

Mrs. Gilbert Johnson, Colfax, N. D., cured of chronic eye trouble and catarrh.

Birdie Vorys, Litchfield, Minn., cured o fasthma.

Thomas Hanley, Emerado, N. D., cured of diabetes and chronic inflammation of the bladder.

Mrs. Henry Theis, Lamour, N. D., cured of chronic female troubles.

Oscar Friswold, Dwight, N. D., cured of what other doctors called an incurable disease.

Dan Morrison, Larimore, N. D., cured of nervous debility and general weakness and almost had consumption. Gained flesh at the rate of eight pounds a month under Dr. Rea's treatment.

Persons afflicted with chronic ailments are advised to consult Dr. Rea. His charge for consultation and examination is $1. Prof. Alex. C. Moore.

Louisville, Ky., (Special to The Duluth Herald)—Dr. Rea, the noted specialist, has arranged to make his next visit to the Northwest and will be in Duluth at the Spalding Hotel, Saturday, Sept. 5th.

MYSTERIOUS MURDERS.

In Coal Regions Are Alarming the Inhabitants.

New York, Sept. 2.—Continued criminality in the anthracite coal fields of Northern Pennsylvania has not only aroused a feeling of insecurity among the residents of the poorly protected mountain districts, but the authorities are becoming very much puzzled over the mystery surrounding the numerous murders committed here, according to special dispatches from Tamaqua.

It is believed that some oath-bound organization is responsible for the crimes. The police of Columbia county have already arrested several suspects.

PRESIDENT'S VISITORS.

Senator Beveridge and Others at Oyster Bay.

Oyster Bay, Sept. 2.—President Roosevelt had as guests at luncheon today Senator Beveridge of Indiana and one of the latter's constituents, a Mr. Pettit, and Dr. J. H. Finley, who is soon to be installed as president of the college of the city of New York. Senator Beveridge came to see the president about some federal appointments in Indiana, and to talk with him about the work of the approaching session of congress. Dr. Finley's call was social.

Later the president received I. N. Stevens, a newspaper editor of Colorado Springs, Col., and Frank Mead, both of whom desired to discuss with him some Western matters at Mr. Mead's mission relating particularly to some Indian affairs.

It's the quality of a Flour that tells when it comes to breadmaking. If

Zenota Flour

is used you will always have sweet, light, nutritious bread and rolls.

TRY IT.

Made by Duluth-Superior Milling Co.
ALL GROCERS.

RURAL MAIL ROUTES.

Two Ordered For Delano, In Wright County.

Washington, Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Two additional rural free delivery routes will be established Oct. 1. at Delano, Wright county, with carriers. The routes cover an area of thirty-five square miles, containing a populaton of 981. Samuel Hammerbeck, and Jesse S. Peterson were appointed regulars, and John Flygare and Peter Olsen substitute rural carriers, at Little Falls.

STRUCK BY TRAIN.

St. Paul Man Received Probably Fatal Injuries.

St. Paul, Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles Hagen, residing at 95 Phalen street was struck by a Northern Pacific train at 11:15 last night, and received injuries which may be fatal. His skull is fractured and he has several deep scalp wounds. He was returning to his home last night and in crossing the railroad yards became confused and got in front of a train. He was picked up unconscious and carried to his home, where he was attended by a physician. Hagen is 45 years old and has a wife and four children. He is employed as a machinist at the Minnesota Harvester works.

At 4 p. m. daily, "The Twilight Limited." No other train like it. St. Paul, Minneapolis and the State Fair.

CITY TAX LEVY

Conference Committee Fixes Maximum Amounts to Be Raised.

Mean Rate For City Purposes of About 14.95 Mills.

A tax rate for city purposes equivalent to 14.95 mills has been fixed by the municipal conference committee.

The council can lower this rate, but cannot raise it. There is every indication that it will stand.

On an assessed valuation of $27,750,000 this will raise $414,570 by direct taxation.

It is estimated that $965,145 will be required for municipal purposes during the year of 1904 and it is proposed to secure $218,017 from other sources of revenue, which added to balances aggregating $32,558 that will be in the various funds on Jan. 1 will give the requisite amount.

The problem of suburbian fire protection is not definitely settled. The suburbanites took it up with the council. The aldermen shifted it to the conference committee and now the conference committee shifts it to the board of fire commissioners.

With the appropriation alloted the fire department the board of fire commissioners will certainly have a problem to work out sufficient money to pay current operating expenses and at the same time install suburban fire systems at Woodland and Duluth Heights. The general belief of those interested is, that unless something further is done Woodland fire protection will not materialize for at least another year.

Chief Black and Commissioner Fitzsimmons made a hard fight for a higher fire department appropriation, but other members of the committee held closely to the policy of retrenchment.

The rate for city purposes this year will be nearly 3 mills lower than last. The table of amounts to be raised by taxation and otherwise for the various departments is given in the following table:

Fund—	Total Appropriation	To Be Transferred From Balance in General Fund.	Estimated Balance in Fund Jan. 1, 1904.	To Be Raised by Taxation	Mill Rate on Estimated Valuation of $27,750,000
Interest	$117,000			$117,000	4.22
Sinking	27,750			27,750	1.00
Fire department	100,000			100,000	3.60
Police department	27,750			27,750	1.00
Water	41,000			41,000	1.48
Public works	129,000			129,000	4.65
Health	13,500			13,500	.49
Municipal court	35,000			35,000	1.26
Salaries	10,965			10,965	.39
Printing and supplies	13,875			13,875	.50
Library	13,875			13,875	.50
Water and light plant	10,000			10,000	.36
Perm. Improvem't	13,875			13,875	.50
General Fund	95,000			95,000	3.42
Totals	$965,145			$414,570	14.95
Interest	$90,350	$26,650	$4,000	$59,700	2.15
Sinking	35,800	8,950		26,850	.97
Fire department	40,000			40,000	1.44
Police department					
Water					
Public works		18,500	4,333	14,167	.51
Health		21,167	2,800	18,367	.66
Municipal court					
Salaries					
Printing and supplies					
Library		13,700		13,700	.49
Water and light plant					
Perm. Improvem't					
General Fund					
Totals	$238,150	$88,967	$11,133	$138,053	4.96
Interest	$27,750			$27,750	1.00
Sinking	13,875			13,875	.50
Fire department	41,000		1,000	40,000	1.44
Police department	100,000		10,000	90,000	3.24
Water	41,000		2,250	38,750	1.39
Public works	129,000		6,750	122,250	4.40
Health	13,500			13,500	.49
Municipal court	35,000			35,000	1.26
Salaries	10,965			10,965	.39
Printing and supplies	13,875			13,875	.50
Library	13,875			13,875	.50
Water and light plant	10,000			10,000	.36
Perm. Improvem't	13,875			13,875	.50
General Fund	95,000			95,000	3.42
Totals	$553,715		$20,000	$533,715	19.23

STATE BOARD

Of Equalization Meets and Organizes at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state board of equalization assembled at the office of State Auditor Iverson yesterday and organized for the purpose of equalizing personal property assessments as returned by the counties.

The following officers were elected: President, C. M. Sprague, Sauk Center; secretary, J. E. Cooley, Duluth; reading clerk, I. L. Philley, Louisberg.

President Sprague was authorized to appoint committees on goods and merchandise, logs and lumber, banks and credits, freight line companies and public corporations. All of the members were present except N. S. Gordon, of Crookston, and G. C. Thorpe, of Hancock.

KNAPP MUST DIE.

Hamilton, Ohio, Sept. 2.—Judge Belden today refused a new trial for Alfred Knapp, the self-confessed murderer of two of his wives and three other victims. The court fixed Dec. 12 for the execution. Knapp took the decision with indifference and made no statement. He will be taken to Columbus for electrocution.

SIGNED WITH CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—"Jack" McCarthy, who was released by the Cleveland American league team recently, has signed with the Chicago National league. He will be placed in left field.

SCALED MT. SORATA.

Albuquerque, N. M., Sept. 2.—Miss Annie Peck, of New York, who has achieved fame as a mountain climber, accompanied by Dr. W. G. Tight, president of the university of New Mexico, and two Swiss guides, has successfully ascended Mt. Sorata, in Bolivia, the highest peak in the Andes. This is the first time the summit has been scaled.

Dissolution Notice.

The co-partnership heretofore existing between C. G. Firoved and George Robinson, engaged in the barber business, is by mutual agreement this day dissolved. C. G. Firoved will continue the business and collect and pay all bills.

C. G. FIROVED.
GEORGE ROBINSON.

Sept. 1, 1903.

Low One Way Rates West.

Commencing Sept. 15 the Northern Pacific railway will resume sale of colonist tickets to Montana and points west, including Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and Ashland, Ore., for $25. For full information and tickets call at city office, 332 West Superior street.

AT WEST DULUTH

Prospects are good for the opening of West Duluth's new bank within a short time.

Negotiations are under way for the building occupied by the Mechanics' State bank, which was to have been opened by C. F. Hartman, at 5413 Ramsey street.

The majority of the West Duluth merchants have been interviewed by the projecters, Messrs. McGuire and Barnes, and a part of the capital required has been subscribed.

The projectors will retain a controlling interest in the stock, subscribing $13,000 of the $25,000 required.

Five of the seven directors will be chosen from West Duluth subscribers. Mr. Barnes and Mr. McGuire will complete the list, and the latter will probably be appointed cashier.

SCHALLER-MERRITT.

Pretty Wedding Celebrated at Bride's Home.

The third West Duluth wedding in as many days occurred at noon today when Miss Edith Catharine Schaller and Harry Merritt were married by Rev. I. B. Gorby, of the Second Presbyterian church.

The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Schaller, of 121 Thirty-second avenue west, and the groom is a son of Leonidas Merritt, of Oneota.

The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Edna Schaller, and the groom was assisted by his brother, Lucien Merritt.

The ceremony was a quiet one, and was performed at the home of the bride. A few of the friends and relatives of the young people were present.

Both of the young people were graduates of the Duluth Central High school in the class of '02.

Since graduation Mr. Merritt has been engaged in the ranching business in Nebraska, and has met with no little success. His ranch is one of the largest in the vicinity of Lexington, Neb., and is some 2500 acres in extent.

Miss Schaller has, until recently, been employed in the public schools of Barron.

After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Merritt left for their future home in Lexington.

SERVICE RESTORED.

The regular service on the West Duluth and East End car line has been restored and the cars are again running on scheduled time.

West Duluth will have but one line to the city for some days to come, however, as the West Third street line will not again be used until the repairs to the track on Third avenue west have been completed. This work will occupy some little time, but when it is completed the full service on both of the West Duluth lines will be restored.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Patterson, Undertaker. 'Phone 3079.

Fred Tenner left this morning for Minneapolis to attend the state fair.

W. K. Brown, of Minneapolis, is in the city on a business trip and is registered at the Phillips hotel.

Ernest Pearson and Claus Pearson left this morning for St. Paul to attend the state fair.

C. D. Williams, of Hampton, Iowa, is in the city on a business trip.

Alfred Oettel left yesterday for St. Paul to attend the state fair, where some of his work is on exhibition.

Gust Olson left this morning for Minneapolis to take in the state fair.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Fisher and son, of Escanaba, Mich.; W. P. Fisher, of Superior; Mrs. J. W. Depew and son, Ransom, of Munising; Mrs. W. D. Reaney and family, of Marquette, are the guests of their mother, Mrs. Maria Fisher, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Willesen, 617 Fifty-seventh avenue west. The gathering is for the purpose of a family reunion.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Hazelwood Park church will give a dime social Friday evening.

The first meeting of the West Duluth W. C. T. U., for the coming year will be held Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the home of Mrs. B. H. Smith, Fifty-third avenue west and Main street.

Mrs. M. Hubbell, who has been visiting with her sister, Mrs. E. Kindy, left for Buffalo last evening on the steamer North West.

Harry Hansen, son of Peter Hansen, of Sixty-third avenue west, is recovering from an attack of pendicitis.

J. J. Ross will leave today for Minneapolis to attend he state fair.

M. Neville, who has been visiting his parents on Fifty-seventh avenue west, left yesterday to attend the Ontario college of pharmacy.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Murray left last evening for a visit with relatives in Lisbon, N. D.

William Pettes is spending a few days at Deerwood on a fishing trip.

At the State Fair

Parties from Duluth will find Harry P. Thomas at the Court Chamber Cafe, opposite city and county court house, Fourth street and Fourth avenue south, Minneapolis, the finest furnished place of its kind in the Twin Cities. Buffet and German cellar in connection. Open until 1 a. m. Blue arc light in front. Harry P. Thomas, Proprietor. Formerly of Nichols & Thomas.

MEN RETURN TO WORK.

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 2.—The differences between the miners at the Fraterville mine and the Coal Creek Coal company have been adjustd and the 200 men will return to work at once.

STATE AID FOR FAIRS.

St. Paul, Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herold.)—State Auditor S. G. Iverson yesterday distributed $14,000 aid authorized by law among fifty-one county agricultural societies which held fairs last fall. Each society receives $274. Fifty-one exthose at Hallock and St. Vincent in Kittcept those at Hallock and St. Vincent in Kittson county, which get $137.25 each, being situated in the same county. Among fairs receiving aid is Duluth, which gets $199.

A CORNER ON RAISINS.

Fresno, Cal., Sept. 2.—The California Raisin Growers' association has signed up 90.99 per cent of the acreage. This exceeds the expectation of the most sanguine and the association will conduct business and maintain prices for the coming year. The directors, after a protracted meeting made the following prices on raisins: Two-crown, 6½ cents; three-crown, 6½ cents; four-crown, 7 cents. These are the highest prices ever named on raisins.

$27.50 to Winnipeg & Return

The Great Northern railway will sell every day up to and including Sept. 20 round-trip tickets to Winnipeg at $27.50, good until Sept. 30. These tickets offer an elegant tourist circuit, going directly via Grand Forks and returning via Canadian Pacific to Port Arthur, thence Booth line, White line or Northwest Transportation company through Lake Superior to Duluth. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

Gray-Tallant Co



Fall Wash Materials

Never have so many Wash Fabrics been shown for fall. Cotton Waistings have entirely supplanted silk and wool. Why shouldn't they? The new mercerized effects are charming in the extreme, they are less expensive, and what woman is there that would not much rather wear a fine Wash Waist than either silk or wool? There is everything in their favor, and though you be skeptical, you will also favor them when you see our new line.

New Vestings—such a line—the extreme heavy ones for those favoring that kind as well as the medium and lighter weights—no piece of silk was ever made daintier—see our large line of patterns displayed Thursday—the yard 50c, 69c, 75c ... **$1.00**

New Flannelettes — hundreds of pieces of the newest patterns both light and dark—it seems almost incredible until the line is seen that such pretty styles can be had in Flannelettes—many patterns for waists and many for dresses—10c, 12½c and ... **15c**

For Dressing Sacques—a great pile of them to select from—patterns "just the right kind"—qualities beyond question at 12½c, 17½c ... **20c**

New Eiderdowns—you may wish to begin your sewing a little early and as for a matter of selecting materials you may begin now. Ours are all in, yard wide, 45c, 50c, 65c ... **79c**

Scotch Flannels—nothing makes so satisfactory a night dress for the child—many new patterns to select from, and the price for Thursday is only ... **50c**

Outing Flannels—Our excellent line you saw last year nowhere compares with the splendid assortments and values we are offering at 8⅓ and ... **10c**

School Ginghams—Very pretty, neat effects, for early fall wear—light and dark—at 10c and ... **12½c**

Dress Percales—Another line of materials for school dresses—30 and 36 inches wide, light and dark, 10c and **12½c**

The Linen Sale will continue throughout the week—all prices made in Sunday's and Monday's papers will be met—many have taken advantage of these exceptional offerings and are supplying themselves for months to come.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Fields of Dakotas Are Fairly Alive With Birds.

Fargo—There was a general exodus of the sports from Fargo for the hunting fields, as the open season for ducks and prairie chickens began Tuesday. The advance hunters report the largest crop of chickens ever known. There was dry weather during the hatching season and the young birds got a good start before the rains came. There has been little hail to kill the chickens off and the wheat fields are said to be literally alive with them. Reports from all parts of the state show that the birds were never so plentiful, and those that have been around the most popular shooting grounds say that good sport is assured for everybody who makes the necessary journey. The weather has been just right for hatching the eggs, and the growth of the young birds with plenty of food. The vigilance of the authorities has prevented illegal shooting. The common complaint that those living in the neighborhood shoot off the birds before the "city chaps" arrive has nothing behind it this year, and the birds have not been rendered too wild by constant running.

Dickinson—A boy with a Colorado immigrant party was drowned in the Little Gissani river. The body was not recovered. The bodies of Gary and Christian Kacelek, who were drowned in the Heart river, were found Tuesday.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Mitchell—William Koch has just finished a flat building which is occupied by six families. The scarcity of houses and the many applicants for places to live have started a building movement along this line. I. W. Seaman contemplates the erection of a large flat, and O. E. Cassem, a wealthy farmer, also expects to erect a flat yet this season.

A farmer living fifteen miles northeast was hurried to town with a swift team to have a physician repair a dislocated shoulder. The farmer said he was pitching wheat bundles to a threshing machine and the bundles were so heavy that his shoulder went out of place. Later it was ascertained that heavy wheat bundles had nothing to do with the dislocation of the farmer's shoulder, but that he had an altercation with his wife, who, proving the "man of the house," knocked her husband into a corner and dislocated his shoulder. A good real estate agricultural blow was spoiled by a family quarrel.

Canton—The apple crop in this vicinity will be the finest this year ever known. The weather conditions have been particularly favorable. There are about 100 good bearing orchards scattered over this county, and many of them will produce from 500 to 1000 bushels each. H. N. Cooper, former county auditor, has a fine orchard near Fairview that will fall very little short of 2000 bushels. The apples all find a ready market in the towns and villages.

J. A. Redfield, formerly a merchant at Harrisburg, was arrested for shooting wild ducks, but when the time came for his informers to appear against him they were not on hand and Mr. Redfield was discharged. He is considering an action for malicious prosecution.

Huron—Up to this time officers have been unable to find Rev. Dawson Burgess, the absconding preacher, of Wessington. Sheriff Kerr has received several letters to the effect that Burgess is wanted eleswhere; a communication from A. J. Ikemire, of Louisville, Ill., sheriff of Clay county, says Burgess was indicted there a year or more since for forgery, and has a wife living there, who has just learned of the marriage of Burgess to a girl in Washington.

From all accounts the alleged preacher is a smooth scamp, and is giving officers no little trouble, to say nothing of the disgrace brought by him upon the Christian denomination he professes to represent. It is understood he continues to go by the name of Bert Dawson, rather than by his true name, Dawson Burgess.

Jamestown—A cook named Thompson, employed in W. J. Brown's restaurant, is missing and with him is money and a watch belonging to his employer.

After giving bail for his appearance to answer to a charge of attempt to kill and assault with a deadly weapon, James B. Rice, of Kensal, was arrested on a charge of selling liquor illegally. He furnished an additional bond of $800 and was released.

Pierre—The melon raisers of Chapelle creek are harvesting an immense crop of fine melons, but are having trouble to get them to market on account of the condition of the roads from late rains, which have washed out bridges and damaged the trails. One got in with a supply Friday by chartering a gasoline boat and bringing 500 melons up the river. He finds this method easier and cheaper than attempting to bring them by wagon, and will use this means of transportation for his whole crop.

Governor Herreid has reappointed J. A. Keith, of DeSmet, to succeed himself as a member of the state board of pharmacy.

The board of examiners who are in the city marking the papers of teachers, who took the examination this month, had a vacation Saturday afternoon, with a picnic boat ride up the river to the Philip buffalo pasture, as guests of the Commercial club.

Salem—Rev. J. C. Harvey started for Spokane to attend the meeting of the Columbia river conference, preparatory to being appointed to a new charge in that district.

W. G. Sanderson left for International Falls, Minn., with a car of goods and will engage in the mercantile and lumber business.

Sioux Falls—The circuit court has granted a new trial in a suit in which E. R. Munger was awarded $4000 damages aaginst Olavius Olson for the loss of his daughter's affections. Olson married Mungers' daughter, aged 23, and this is alleged to have caused a big loss to the father by reason of his losing the services of his daughter.

Ipswich—In the last year scores of artesian wells have been sunk in this county, which now has eighty-three such wells. All of them are of medium size and furnish an abundance of water for farm and stock purposes.

Armour—Ed Henater was accidentally shot in the hip while hunting, the whole charge of the gun, wads, shot and all, entering his body. There is no hope for his recovery.

Chancellor—The town council has entered into a contract for the sinking of t three-inch well to furnish water for fire protection and domestic purposes.

Bristol—The town council has engaged the services of competent men to prepare plans and specifications for the construction of a system of waterworks.

CONTROVERSY ENDED.

Father Murphy Has Resigned From Paulist Order.

New York, Sept. 2.—The Rev. Patrick J. Murphy, C. S. P., has resigned from the Paulist order in this city. Father Murphy has affiliated with the Davenport, Iowa, diocese, and Bishop Cosgrove of the see has appointed him professor of history in his diocese. Father Murphy's resignation is the culmination of a controversy which has lasted more than a year. It is said to have been brought about finally by the part Father Murphy took in the Jane Morris' will case.

John Hughes, a nephew of the Rev. John Hughes, assistant superior of the Paulist order, was alleged to have influenced the woman in the matter of willing $4000 to the order and Father Murphy is said to have been accused of urging the woman's relatives to bring a suit to recover the property.

"The Twilight Limited," with its exceptionally fine equipment and service is acknowledged by all the finest train in every appointment between Duluth and the Twin Cities of Minnesota. Leaves daily at 4 p. m. over the Northwestern line.

FORTY-THIRD CONVENTION

Of Michigan Sunday School Association Opens at Hancock.

Houghton, Mich., Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The forty-third annual convention of the Michigan Sunday School association opened in the Kerredge theater, Hancock, yesterday afternoon, with 30 delegates from Michigan and other states in attendance. Nothing of note marked the opening, except the arrival of delegates and assigning them to their quarters. The formalities began last night, when E. L. Wright, the president, welcomed the visitors. He was responded to by Rev. D. F. Barnes, of Charlotte. Rev. S. M. Johnson, of Chicago, gave a stereopticon lecture on "Nineteen Centuries of Christian Conquest." Bishop G. Mott Williams, of Marquette, will be present. The business sessions began this morning and will continue until Thursday. It is the largest gathering in the history of the association.

MAY GOELET ENGAGED.

London, Sept. 2.—The engagement is announced of Miss May Goelet to the duke of Roxburghe.

The duke of Roxburghe is now the guest of Mrs. Ogden Goelet, mother of Miss May Goelet, at Newport, R. I.

FAILS TO SWIM CHANNEL.

Dover, Eng., Sept. 2.—Montagu Holbein, the English swimmer, who left the South Foreland yesterday evening in his fourth attempt to swim the English channel, has failed again. He left the water eight miles from Calais, France, after swimming seventeen hours and twenty minutes.

NEW STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

New York, Sept. 2.—A new steamship company has been organized to engage in coastwise trade between this country and Panama, under the Peruvian flag, says a cable dispatch to the Herald from Lima, Peru.

Minnesota State Fair.

For the Minnesota State Fair, to be be held at Hamline, Minn., Aug. 31 to Sept. 5th, 1903, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets, Aug. 29th to Sept. 5th, to St. Paul or Minneapolis at one fare for the round trip, plus 50 cents, which includes admission to Fair grounds. Tickets good for return until Sept. 7th, 1903.

City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

Emerson Pianos

IF anyone offers you a "just as good" Piano at a lower price than an EMERSON costs, you had better buy it—but make sure it is "just as good." A reputation for reliable goods is better than a reputation for low prices. Our prices, however, must be right or there would not be today over 76,000 Emerson Pianos in use!

Write for illustrated catalogue and our easy payment plan.

DULUTH MUSIC CO.
Lake Avenue and Superior St.

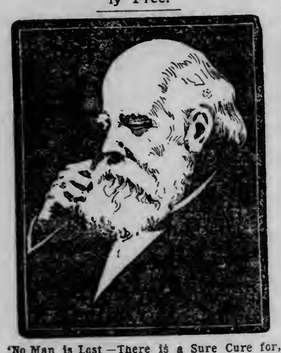
F. H. GUTHRIE, Manager.

I SAVE WEAK MEN

I Have Discovered the Marvelous Secret of Perpetual Youth and Undying Manly Vigor and I Give It to You Free.

My Mysterious Compound Startles the World With Its Wonderful Cures—With This Marvelous Secret No Man Can Grow Old and It Is My Mission on Earth Henceforth to Bring All Jaded, Worn-out Men to This Fountain of Youth.

Send No Money—Simply Send Your Name and Address and This Marvelous Compound Will Be Sent You By Return Mail, Prepaid and Absolutely Free.



'No Man is Lost—There is a Sure Cure for, Every Weak Man."—Dr. Ferris.

I have discovered the marvelous secret of perpetual life and vigor in men. To me it has been given to bring to the fallen, weary, worn-out brothers the knowledge of this priceless boon, and even to the uttermost ends of the earth I send my message of love and peace and hope and help. Unbelievers may scoff and cry "fake" but I heed them not. My work has just begun and I am saving men.

The secret of this mighty healing power this vital life spark, this marvelous patriarchs of Bible times. With this mysterious compound no weak man will ever again be troubled with impotency, vital losses, nightly emissions, spermatorrhea, varicocele, prematurity, defective power or lack of vital energy.

Send me no money. It is my duty, guided by an Unseen Hand—it is my mission on earth—my life work—to lift up the fallen, heal the weak and cure the maimed or undeveloped; and to every man who has lost his vital power or finds it waning, I send my message of love and peace and health. I can save him and I will save him and restore him to many years of happiness and the impetuous vitality and vigorous manhood of perfect health and youth.

Remember, it matters not how old you are; it matters not how you lost your manhood, or when you lost it. It matters not what doctors or scoffers say. This is no ordinary drug or stimulating method of treatment, but it is the vital spark of life itself, and it matters not how many remedies and doctors have failed. I have repeatedly and instantly renewed the youth of old men. My secret compound never fails. I have often instilled into jaded men new vitality, health and strength. For worn-out men I have oft kindled, in an instant, and to stay, the sparkling vitality of youth. My private address is Dr. C. Sargent Ferris, 91 Strawn building, Cleveland, Ohio, and I urge every weak man to come to me for I will give him undying strength, the supreme joy and happiness of perfect manliness. My wondrous discovery has startled the world by its miraculous effects, yet I seek not fame nor glory. It suffices me if I may be the humble instrument in my hands to bring all men into the enjoyment of bringing al men into the enjoyment of their true manliness and I do it free. In the time allotted to me here on earth I shall do all that in my power lies to give my fellowmen the benefit of this great secret and my reward shall be in the knowledge that I have done unto others as I would that others should do unto me.

INSANITY TO BE DEFENSE

Young Sherman of Superior Will Have That Plea Made.

Arthur Sherman, the 16-year-old boy who shot and killed H. C. Gilbert, of the Euclid hotel in Superior, was arraigned in municipal court at Superior yesterday on the charge of murder. He waived examination and was bound over to the next term of superior court.

Young Sherman is facing his trouble very coolly, even joking and laughing in the court room with the officers.

Senator George Hudnall, of Superior, will defend him. Mr. Hudnall says that he has not definitely outlined his defense, but it is understood that a plea of temporary insanity will be made for him. It is claimed that Sherman's mother was twice examined for insanity, and at one time was sent to the hospital for treatment.

The funeral of Howard C. Gilbert, the boy's victim, took place from the Methodist church in Old Superior this afternoon.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

NOT EASY TO DO

Superior Butchers Find It Difficult to Fight Packers.

No Twin City House Inclined to Enter the Fight.

The retail meat dealers of Superior have been working quietly for some time on a project to circumvent the branch packing houses doing business in that city and who, a few weeks ago pulled off all their free delivery wagons. Just how far they have succeeded in their plan is not definitely known, as they are very reticent relative to the matter.

It is rumored that the scheme is to induce some independent packing house to come to Superior and, in return for the free delivery of meat to the retailers, it is to receive the entire patronage of the Superior dealers. It is known that the butchers sent a representative to the Twin Cities some days ago in their interests, and the supposition was that he went with the idea of negotiating for the establishment of an independent branch packing house in Superior, but as nothing has as yet developed from the visit, and the representative has returned, it is generally believed that he met with no success. So far as can be learned there is not a packing concern in the Twin Cities that is anxious to enter the Superior field under the present conditions.

Another rumor was current that the butchers were negotiating with Chicago parties to start in business across the bay with the promise of the meat trade of the retailers, providing a free delivery wagon were put on, but this lacks confirmation.

The retail meat men of Superior have just about made the rounds in boycotting the branch packing houses there, with the end in view of finding one that would break the agreement relative to the taking off of the delivery wagons, but every wholesale concern has held out firmly.

Although the big packing concerns do not regard Superior as a most favorable field, under any circumstances, owing to the comparatively small local meat trade and no outside trade whatever, it is not doubted for a moment but that they would make it exceedingly hot for an independent packing concern that should enter the territory, with the view of driving it out of business as soon as possible and then practically compelling the Superior butchers to buy their meat in Duluth and ship it to Superior.

GIRL DRINKS CARBOLIC ACID

Says Lover Deserted Her After Getting Her to St. Paul.

St. Paul, Sept. 2.—A pitiful suicide was disclosed late yesterday afternoon, when a curious chambermaid at the Maple Leaf hotel discovered a young woman dead in her bed.

The woman, or rather girl, for she was not more than 18 years of age, proved to be Catherine Rourke, of Elroy, Wis., and the means used to procure a surcease from her sorrows was shown by a half emptied phial of carbolic acid standing on the dresser in the room.

She had evidently long premeditated her rash act, for a number of letters left showed that it was the result of a carefully laid plan. The letters, three in number, were addressed to Richard Perre, said to have been her sweetheart, to her parents and to the public. Her letter to Perre was full of upbraidings for treatment she alleged she had received at his hands, and bitterly reproached him for having coaxed her to this city, only to desert her.

To her parents she wrote a last farewell asking them to pray for her, and stating that she "had always lived a dog's life, and would now die like a dog."

Her letters to the public detailed her reasons for taking her life, repeating her allegations that Pierre had coaxed her to come to St. Paul and had then refused to keep promises he made her.

The girl, according to Pierre, who is being held at police headquarters pending an investigation, formerly was employed at a hotel in South St. Paul, where he became acquainted with her. He denied that he had coaxed or persuaded the girl to come to this city, but admitted that he had told her that she could do better in St. Paul than in the stock yards suburb. He saw her last on Sunday, when she had called at his boarding house. They took a ride on the street cars, and, as he told it, their parting had been with the pleasantest feelings.

The girl, however, after leaving Perre evidently went at once to the hotel at which she was stopping, entered and locked her room. Then she proceeded to carry out her plan of self destruction, writing her letters and leaving them carefully upon the bureau. She then attired herself for the night and, placing the poison-containing phial to her lips, drank deeply of its contents.

This, at least, is the supposition, for not a sound was heard from her after she entered her room on Sunday night until late this afternoon when her body was discovered.

The coroner has taken charge of the remains and will hold an autopsy.

A Novel Composition in a Novel Form

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

The result of years of experiment

Cleans gold, silver and cut glass

All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

QUESTIONS FOR PARRY

Labor Leader Asks Him to Explain His Position.

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 2.—President Barry of the Central Labor union of Indianapolis yesterday submitted the following to D. M. Parry, president of the National Manufacturers' association, and asked for a formal answer:

"What is your idea of the legitimate purpose of a labor union?"

"Would you permit the formation of a 'perfect' union in your plant?"

"Is your plant conducted along political lines?"

"Do you believe that our laws are such as to foster special privileges and restrict the opportunity to labor?"

"Is it not a fact that wages are higher in communities using union labor, and the community thereby benefited?"

"Ought the welfare of the many to be placed in the hands of the few?"

"Ought not the laborer to be on an equal footing with the employer when it comes to a question of wages?"

"Is it within the power of law to suppress labor unions?"

"Have you not adopted an institution similar in scope and nature to the boycott?"

"It is necessary to have laws regulating child labor?"

"What actuates your opposition to labor organizations?"

President Parry, in a statement last night, says:

"Barring one or two things in which there is a touch of animosity to my personality, I think Mr. Barry's questions open to a fair answer.

"The real issue is whether an organization, labor or otherwise, can perform acts which its members individually, legitimately cannot do. No one has the right to prevent or divert labor as he sees it, neither has an organization the right. The unions say, however, that a man must take an oath of allegiance to its objects, and abide by its government, or else be denied the chance of employment in those industries which it controls. This is as much a usurpation of the inherent rights of liberty as it would be to compel a man to join a certain church or a certain lodge. I have stated that unionism aims to establish a condition of affairs similar to that of feudalism and serfdom of former centuries when the right of disposing of one's labor was denied to the individual. If the labor leaders had their way they would in time enslave the human race.

"Again, in order to enforce their illegal purpose the members of unions habitually resort in times of strikes to physical mob violence. They gather in crowds about the place of their former employment with the intent of inspiring fear in the minds of men who might be disposed to work, and all too frequently they terrorize the women folks of so-called "scabs" and commit acts of violence.

"Even murder has been known to have been committed in the sacred name of organized labor. I wish to bring out the point that any organization that has lawful purposes and conducts itself lawfully, has a perfect right to exist, and that if organized labor would eliminate that which is hateful to its code and would act strictly within the law in its practices there would be no cause for agitation against it. If unionism is lawful it must be correct to assume that those who have been lawless in the past are in favor of destroying the unions, otherwise it is untrue."

SUIT IS SETTLED.

American Bridge Company and the City Agree.

The suit of the American Bridge company against the city of Duluth has been settled out of court.

The company brought suit in the United States district court to recover the sum of $3175, which was withheld by the city from the amount due in payment for the construction of the Tenth avenue foot bridge on the ground that the work was not completed within scheduled time.

According to the contract a fine of $15 per day was to be paid for non-completion of the work. The work was delayed for several months, and the city withheld the above amount.

The company declared the fine was illegally assessed and brought suit to recover the sum.

According to the judgment filed on stipulation of both parties, the city will pay the sum of $2234.36 in full settlement of the account.

Through to California Without Change of Cars.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will operate two weekly tourist car lines to California this season.

VIA THE "SCENIC LINE."

The first car will leave St. Paul, Thursday, Sept. 10th, at 8:00 p. m., continuing each Thursday thereafter, and will run via Omaha, Denver, "The Scenic Route," through Colorado, Ogden, Salt Lake City and Southern Pacific, arriving San Francisco, 4:25 p. m. following Monday, and Los Angeles, 1:00 p. m. Tuesday.

VIA THE "SANTA FE ROUTE."

The second car will leave St. Paul, Wednesday, Oct. 21st. Train No. 2 at 9:00 a. m., continuing each Wednesday thereafter, and will run via M. & St. L., Iowa Central, Wabash to Kansas City; thence the popular Santa Fe system, through New Mexico and Arizona, arriving Los Angeles, 8:00 a. m. following Sunday.

The rate for double lower berth through to the coast is $6.00 from St. Paul and Minneapolis. For full information as to rates and berth reservations, apply to agents, or address A. B. CUTTS, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

A 25 cent bottle of Kickapoo Indian Oil in a household is sure to prove to be worth its weight in gold during the trying times of summer. It is an established cure for cramps, colic, and diarrhoea, and it soothes sunburn, prickly heat, and bites of insects. A bottle at hand often saves a doctor's bill. Try it.

Kickapoo Oil

SAVES MANY A DOCTOR'S BILL

MURDERER LAPSES

Into Increasing State of Wickedness After Escaping Detection.

First Crime Followed By Multiplicity of Sinister Deeds.

New York, Sept. 2.—A London letter says: It is rarely indeed that a criminal who has escaped with impunity the consequence of a first crime, even the awful crime of murder, does not try his fortune again in the same sinister lottery. Sometimes the relapse into criminality is almost involuntary; the weight of the old sin drags the wretched man deeper down into the abyss, and each fresh crime precipitates his perdition. These cases, however, are exceptional; for the most part the excitement comes from impunity and profit enjoyed, and the man who has put himself outside the pale of humanity sees no reason for any future deference to its laws. And again there is the old saying to counsel him that a man may as well be hanged for a sheep as a lamb, and all the more so for a whole flock of sheep.

I think that of all habitual criminals of this class the man Dauga was about the worst that I have heard of, for when I speak of 'multiple massacres" I mean a sum total of solitary murders, committed by one man, and not the acts of a Fieschi an, Emile Henry, or that extraordinary vindictive watchmaker of Senlis. This man, the watchmaker—the event took place in the pretty forest town in the first years of the last century—had been forced to resign his commission in the local National Guard—and to revenge himself for this slight he transformed his house on the market place, so to speak, into a gigantic infernal machine. This machine he set in motion one day when the regiment of National Guards was passing on its way to a review. Bullets poured from every window and many officers and soldiers were killed, and when at last their infuriated comrades had broken into the strongly barricaded house a mine exploded, burying scores of victims under its smoking ruins. The man was a monster, no doubt, but equally, no doubt, he was insane, with the insanity of revenge. Dauga, on the other hand, had no other motive than that of robbery, and to satisfy his cupidity during twenty years he strewed his path with no less than twenty corpses. He was a retired gendarme, and as such was in receipt of a small but sufficient pension The scene of his later operations was at Pont-a-Mousson, which, during the years 1888 and 1889 was thrown into a state of panic by a series of horrible murders. Night patrols were carried out by the terror-stricken citizens, and none was more zealous in the performance of this public duty than Jean Dauga, the ex-gendarme. It afterward ocurred to people that he had, perhaps, shown himself over-zealous, but, this was only afterward.

The man was cunning, and as rapid in the execution of his crimes as he was ferocious in their conception. Indeed, in courtly of dispatch, he shows superior even to Philippe, the killer of women, of whom I have written. He may be commended to a new De Quincey for a second 'Murder as a Fine Art'.' The way in which he was betrayed at last into the hands of justice was in this wise. One evening he was sitting in his favorite cafe, having a game of cards with some friends. While the manlie was in progress the talk ran on the mysterious horrors of the town. The stakes were not high, but Dauga was in ill luck, and a moment came when he had to declare himself bankrupt. "However, that doesn't matter," he cried. "I have got some money at home, and I'll just run round and fetch it. I shan't be more than five minutes, so you fellows might wait until I come back." Within six or seven minutes he was back again at his cards. Next morning, Pont-a-Mousson awoke to hear that another murder had been committed. On old woman who lived alone, and who was known to have a hoard in her house, had been killed and robbed. From the investigation which followed it transpired that in her small treasure were a certain number of gold pieces of considerable age. Now it happened that on settling his score on the night of the murder Jean Dauga had changed just such a gold coin. From the medical evidence it was established that the murder must have taken place just about the time when the ex-gendarme "ran home to get some money." Suspicion was aroused, inquiries followed and Dauga was laid by his heels. He was afterward convicted of ten separate murders, and was executed on Jan. 23, 1890. On the night of the card party he had run round to the old woman's house, murdered and robbed her, and had got back to his friends in six or seven minutes by the cafe clock.

Then the mad watchmaker of Senlis, the watchmaker of Montreuil, Pel was his name, was undoubtedly a more wicked man. He also has multiple massacres on his conscience, how many he only knows. Of scientific turn of mind, he used to poison his servant girls by slow poison, then cut them up and burn the bodies in a small stove. He was thus able to satisfy his curiosity on the questions of toxicology, anatomical dissection and cremation. His monstrous guilt was fully brought hom to him, and if ever a man deserved the guillotine Pel was he. But he was sentenced under the presidency of Monsieur Grevy, who had a personal horror of the death penalty—indeed, Grevy was known among the French criminal classes as Papa Gratias (Papa Pardon)—and so the watchmaker of Montreuil was reprieved. He was transported to New Caledonia in 1885 and is there still, at the head of a prosperous business, married and the father of a family.

Servant girls again were the selected victims of the dreadful Dumollard, who during seven years (from 1855 to 1862) carried on a sanguinary business which oen can hardly recall without a shudder. Although it is now over forty years since his head fell on the scaffold at Montleul references to his career of crime, his methods and his defense are still frequent in the French press. He was the type of the human brute, cruel, callous and blunted. During his last interview with his wife, who was his accomplice, the day before he was executed, he spoke of nothing but his miserable money affairs, rating her soundly for having accepted a certain sum, which he considered too small, for their cow. His defense was that he had only acted as the agent of some "bearded gentlemen,' and he stuck to these bearded gentlemen to the end, just as did Pranzini to the "dark little man" whom he accused of the triple murder in the Rue Montaigne.

Dumollard used to operate in the Lyons district, at Lyons first, and then at Montleul, Neuville, Meximieux and Bourg. He was convicted of three murders and nine attempts at murder, that is to say, the jury at the assizes held at Bourg declared his life forfeit twelve times, for you are to remember that in France attempted murder is a capital offense. I have seen men guillotined for it. How many time sin fact his life was a forfeit to the law Dumollard himself, and, poissibly the 'bearded gentlemen" also, alone could have declared.

Treat your scalp for dandruff, not your coat! Ayer's Hair Vigor. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

RESORTS ON ARCTIC COAST

New Field For Sightseers Opened In Far North.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 2.—The Arctic ocean as a summer resort may seem a far cry and may now only have an attractive sound, pleasing to contemplate when the mercury is ascending to the nineties in the shade. Nevertheless, it is a proposition that is rapidly shaping itself as a decided probability for a section of the tourist class of this continent.

How near missionaries and traders are bringing the Arctic circle to the confines of civilization and the world's commerce, the trend of population northward plainly shows. At the annual exhibition, about to be held at Edmonton, N. W. T., there will be present merchants from the Great Slave lake and Mackenzie river, at points varying from 1000 to 2000 miles away. It is at this exhibition that the annual sale of the fur output of the vast northern territory will take place. The merchants and traders of Edmonton dominate a commercial field unique in the whole world. They began the mail-order system before it was known in the East, and it was applied by them to buyers on the rim of the continent. Instead of sending their goods out in wagons, the merchandise is deposited at customers' doors by special steamer. Although the number of customers is not large at present, yet it is sufficient to produce, in furs alone, over $400,000 annually.

It is itneresting to note the steady growth of traffic into Edmonton and the persistency with which the farmer and settler has followed in the track of the roving trader. Until very recently Edmonton was regarded as a remote northern point, and the limit to business centers of the northern region, but the distance of 350 miles from the international boundary is beginning to lose its significance in the consideration of 2000 miles further north and subsidiary to it. The new Grand Trunk Pacific railway and all the northern newly-projected lines are tracing more clearly the true center of the country. The gradual but steady shifting of the center of the grain-growing area of the North American continent seems to be making good the claim that Edmonton, far from being the northern outpost of the agricultural and commercial interests of the West, is the real gateway to a region of surpassing productiveness and natural wealth, reaching far beyond what, a few years ago, was considered the climatic limit of wheat production. At Fort Vermillion, 350 miles north of Edmonton, and 700 miles from the border, there is a fifty-barrel roller mill now in operation grinding the wheat of the surrounding district.

Between Edmonton and the salt water in the far north there is a perfectly organized system of transportation. During the present summer, it is stated, there were many sightseers who took this river route, for recreation alone, to visit the Arctic ocean. Sooner or later the American tourist, in search of fresh fields for travel and healthful recreation, will turn his eyes northward. The attractions which a trip to the Arctic ocean presents is sure to become popular with a certain class of pleasure seekers, with the increase of population and transportation facilities in the Canadian Northwest. The time at present required to make a return trip is from fourteen to sixteen weeks. The distance at present covered from Edmonton to Fort Macpherson, near the mouth of the Mackenzie river, and return is about 4000 miles, and the cost of such a trip is given at $400, without luxuries. A detail of mounted police recently left Edmonton with orders to put an end to the illicit trade which is being carried on between United States whalers and the Indians on the Arctic coast in whisky and furs. This will establish the most northerly police post in America.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Lou Dillon broke her former record to wagon Tuesday afternoon at Cleveland, going a mile in 2:04½. Her former record was 2:04¾.

The jury in the case of Charles Jackson, the negro, accused of the murder of Charles W. Roxbury, in River avenue, the Bronx, in July, returned a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

Fernandio Venezucia, for whose capture dead or alive, a large reward was offered, has been shot and killed by Mexican rurales at Santa Cruz, Sonora. He was accused of having committed half a dozen murders along the border within a few months, the latest being that of Natchez Rotches, a trader.

Announcement was made at Birmingham, Ala., on the apparent good authority, that Mike Finn, manager of the Little Rock baseball team, would next year manage Minneapolis American Association team.

Uncle Andy Montgomery, 117 years of age, the only negro ever owned by the state of Georgia, died at Atlanta Tuesday. He is said to have been born in South Carolina, in 1786. There are many evidences to establish his great age. He was well known to many newspaper men in the North and East, who he visited several times on lecturing tours.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents, at all druggists.

BUDWEISER

The Standard of Excellence holds *first place* and has for 28 years. In that period

1,310,000,000 BOTTLES have been sold.

More than all other beers combined.

It has rightly earned the title

"King of Bottled Beers."

Wholesale Paper, Stationery and Notions. Leading Commercial Stationers.

WE ARE

Leading Commercial Stationers

Wrapping Paper and Printers' Stock. DULUTH PAPER AND STATIONERY CO "SUPERB" Pencils are Best.

WEDDING AND OFFICE STATIONERY

Artistically and Promptly Executed.

MERRITT & HECTOR, Printers and Binders.

32 West First Street. Both Phones.

SAYS IT WAS FALSE.

Sleuder Denies Story He Told of Murder.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—John W. Sleuder, an employe of the Chicago Railway company, who on Monday night gave the police an alleged confession of the circumstances surrounding the murderous raid on the company's barns last Sunday morning, informed Chief O'Neill, in the presence of a number of newspaper men last night, that all his startling yarns about the tragedy were false.

"That was all a lie, chief. I don't know why I told it, but I was not there at all when the shooting took place."

The chief declared that Sleuder's denial was no surprise to him, as ever since the young man had been arrested he had been telling one story and contradicting it in the next breath. The strange thing about Sleuder now seems to be, as the police view it, his familiarity with every move made by the robbers, details which Henry Biehl, one of the clerks of the office, alone was supposed to know, excepting the robbers themselves.

FALL TERM

Will begin at the Duluth Business University, for day and evening classes on Monday, Sept. 7. College office open from 8 a. m. until 8 p. m. each week day until the opening. All intending to enroll for this opening are requested to call and make final arrangements. Location, 105-7 West Superior street.

TURKEY'S EXPLANATION

Of the Alleged Shooting at Consul Magelssen.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Chekib Bey, the Turkish minister, has received from the minister of foreign affairs at Constantinople a dispatch giving the Turkish version of the attempt on the life of Vice Consul Magelssen at Beirut. It was dated Aug. 30 and originally was sent to the minister's summer home at Sayville, L. I. After declaring that the report of of the assassination of Mr. Magelssen was absolutely false, the dispatch gives a version of the affair practically the same as has been told before in the dispatches from Turkey. It says that the pistol was fired by a man returning from a marriage fete. The shot was fired in the air, but it happened just as Mr. Magelssen was passing in his carriage. This, the dispatch says, led the vice consul to believe that an attempt had been made against his life. The man who did the shooting has already been delivered to the judicial authorities. Chekib Bey's dispatch also asserts that order and tranquility prevail at Beirut.

The information contained in the cablegram has been furnished to Minister Leishman at Constantinople by the Turkish minister here.

LA RITA AGAIN WINS CUP.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—The Chicago Yacht club will retain possession of the Sir Thomas Lipton cup for another year, in the special race yesterday between La Rita and Sprite, which was necessary to decide the winner, the series having ended Monday with both boats tied for first place, La Rita won by three minutes. Today's race was sailed over a triangular course six miles in length, two miles to the leg. La Rita won the cup last year and another victory will give her permanent possession of the trophy.

BROKE INTO JAIL.

Indianola, Neb., Sept. 2.—Four masked men before daylight yesterday morning broke into the county jail here and attempted to blow off the locks of the steel cage occupied by Charles McMillan and Lee Jones, awaiting trial for murder. They succeeded in knocking in two of the locks, but the noise aroused the jailer and the men fled. The identity of the men is known and whether their purpose was to harm or liberate McMillan is unknown.

Eat all you want. Persons troubled with indigestion or dyspepsia can eat all they want if they take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat and gives health and strength. Sold by all druggists.

WRECK ON BURLINGTON.

Hastings, Iowa, Sept. 2.—Passenger train No. 3 on the Burlington was wrecked here last night in a head end collision with a freight engine and three cars. The passengers were thrown from their seats and about forty were injured more or less severely, but none fatally. The trains did not leave the track, although both engines were wrecked. As soon as a new engine could be secured, the passenger train proceeded to this city.

A BOY'S WILD RIDE FOR LIFE.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, eighteen miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and Grip prove its matchless merit for all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free, at all druggists.

$11.15—Detroit, Minn., and Return—$11.15.

Mondays and Fridays of each week during August and September the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to Detroit, Minn., and return for $11.15. This ticket is good for return four days from date of sale, and includes round transportation, both ways, nine meals, three nights' lodging at Hotel Minnesota, and a boat ride on the lake. For tickets and full information, call at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union Depot.



Begin the day's work right; with a good, easily digested breakfast that suits the stomach. The wheat, corn and rye combination of

Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour

produces pancakes, gems, waffles and the like that can be prepared in a moment, and are a substantial but easily digested food. Any physician will tell you that a wheat, corn and rye food like this is ideal. Try our

Muffins

Two cups of Shannon & Mott Company's Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour, one cup milk, one heeping tablespoonful butter, one tablespoonful sugar, two eggs; mix the ingredients thoroughly before adding the pancake flour. If richer muffins are wanted, add more eggs. Use no salt, yeast or baking powder.

Falcon Pancake Flour at the Best Grocers'

SHANNON & MOTT COMPANY, Millers of Falcon Pure Foods. Des Moines, Ia.



Duplicates another Cremo. It never varies in quality, aroma or price.

Cremo is a cigar of invariable goodness that is sold in every town and at the *one price* of 5 cents. Any one that sells it for less does so with the endeavor to reflect on Cremo quality at the cost of profit.

The Largest Selling Brand of Cigars in the World.

The Band is the Smoker's Protection.

OUTRAGES BY TURKS

At Beirut Told About By Native of That City.

Fanatic Turk Obeys the Command of the Koran.

Cincinnati, Sept. 2.—There is but one man in Cincinnati who claims as his home Beirut, the seat of the present Turkish outrages. He is Hassib Moikel, a Syrian cabinetmaker, who came to this country four years ago. Moikel says he has sometimes regretted leaving the sunny land of his fathers, but at the present time his feelings are akin to joy. Moikel is a devout Greek Catholic, but in the eyes of the Turk is an infidel, who, according to the Koran, has no business on this earth. In Syria Moikel held a high social position, and was connected with a large dry goods concern. In order that he might breathe more freely, he says, he came to this country, where he took up the trade of cabinetmaking.

Moikel says that the Christians outnumber the Mohammedans two to one in Beirut. The Mohammedans, however, hold all the government positions, so that the numerical strength of the Christians is counterbalanced by the power of the Mohammedans vested in them by the sultan. Said Moikel: "The Christians are rich, the Turk has the governmental power; the Turk's government is vitally bound up with the Turk's religion; the Koran is expounded by the sultan, and his priests are the supreme legal authority, against whose merciless enactment the power which wealth quite often possesses in Oriental countries as a universal panacea is weak.

The Koran commands the destruction of all infidels, the cutting off of the finger tips of Christian women. The fanatic Turk obeys these commands to the letter. The heads of Christian women and the finger tips of their children are cut off, as witness the recent outrages. The government connives in these outrages. The Koran is supreme as authority, legal and religious.

Moikel stated that outrages similar to those which have been occurring in the interior are not likely to occur at Beirut, as that city has a large foreign population, and, being situated on the sea coast, is easy of access. All acts of murder, he said, must necessarily be covert, as was the assassination of the two Russian consuls and the attempted assassination of the American vice consul, William T. Magelsson, whom, says Moikel, the Turks dislike because he is a Christian, and not because he is an American.

Speaking of the American colony in Beirut, Moikel said there were about twenty American families, mostly engaged in the dry goods business, teaching and missionary work. Moikel is acquainted with most of the American families in Beirut, and in his youth attended the American school. The Americans residing in Syria have been there a long time and speak the language of the country fluently. Of all the missionaries the Americans are those mostly looked to for advice by the Christian Syrians, in whose hearts, by their kindly ministrations, they have secured for themselves a warm place.

But for this very reason, above all foreigners, the Americans, and particularly the American missionaries, are disliked by the Mohammedans. For the Americans stand in direct opposition to the Turk in his efforts at the conversion of the "infidel" or his utter annihilation. As Christian teachers the Americans are quite as successful in this Greek Catholic country as the Greek priests.

It is for this reason that Moikel thinks that the man who attempted the assassination of the vice consul vented his wrath against Magelsson, the Christian, and not Magelsson, the American.

Moikel says he has often seen Magelsson, but has never spoken to him. He is, however, a friend of the consul's interpreter, Constantin Couce, with whom he is in constant correspondence. He describes Magelsson as a short, thickset man, apparently 35, and of a genial disposition from all accounts. He is an exceedingly busy man, as, on account of the troubles constantly arising between the American and the Turk, the position of consul at Beirut is far from being a sinecure. Magelsson is constantly at the court looking after the interests of members of the American colony. Moikel describes the American consul's service at Beirut as eminently successful.

Speaking of the Mohammedans, Moikel stated that most of them are in the government service, and but few are engaged in business. The extent of the practice of polygamy on the part of the individual depends upon the amount contained in his purse. Some are so poor that they can afford only one wife, but the Mohammedan is rare who has no wives at all. The vali or mayor of Beirut is said to possess ten wives, but Moikel says that's only hearsay, and it is believed that his wives number at least one score. They never appear in public. The event of each day, however, is the procession escorting the vali from the court house to his harem. Preceded by outsiders and surrounded on all sides by splendidly mounted horsemen, the vali drives in his grand equipage, clad in the full regalia of his office, through the principal streets of the city, the inhabitants salaaming until the carriage passes out of view.

LACK OF AN EXECUTIONER

Causes Condemned Men In Greek Prison to Survive.

Athens, Sept. 2.—A curious incident has occurred to prevent the execution of half a dozen prisoners who have been now in expectation for many years of capital punishment at the prison of Palamidi fort, at Nauplia.

No one seemed to have any special desire to proceed with the sentence, and the delay met with no protest from the prisoners.

The minister of justice issued an order the other day to the authority of Nauplia ordering them to carry out at once the decision of the criminal courts providing for the execution of six prisoners.

Everything was ready, and the people of Nauplia with justifiable emotion were waiting to witness the event, when early on the morning of the appointed day the executioner, one Dekiaris, died from heart disease. The execution, therefore, was postponed till the appointment of the new executioner. But it is the time-honored custom of Greece to appoint executioners from the ranks of those condemned to death, and up to the present all six condemned men decline the office, pleading humanitarian reasons. They were willing to be executed, if it were considered necessary, but no single one had the heart to kill his comrades.

The perplexity, therefore, of the authorities is great. They wish to apply the law, but can find no means of doing so.

Curiously enough, a volunteer has come forward in the shape of a French noncommissioned officer, but popular, as well as official feeling in Nauplia is against employing a foreigner to cut off Greek heads.

SOCIETY GIRL

Went to Work When Father Lost Fortune.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 2.—A leader in the highest circles of Toledo society, a message clerk in a telegraph office in Atlanta, and then a social leader again. These are the epochs in the life of Miss Helen Tuelle, who, until recently, was clerk in the office of the Postal Telegraph company here.

Three years ago Miss Tuelle came to Atlanta with her father, who was a contractor of Toledo, Ohio. Fortune failed him. He lost nearly all his possessions. He decided to go back to Ohio and begin anew. Having left there rich, Miss Tuelle did not desire to go back among her old friends poor, so when her father announced his intention of returning to Ohio she outlined her plan of remaining in the South and working for her living.

She would listen to no persuasion from her parents and, obtaining a position with the Postal company, she began to work.

Recently a letter came from her father, stating that on one of his places near Toledo he had struck an oil well and once more was wealthy. He implored her to return home to her relatives and friends, and she did.

Miss Tulle told her friends of the change of fortune and resigned her position as message clerk. She has left for Toledo to resume her place as society leader.

PRESIDENT PREPARING

For Return to White House With His Family.

Washington, Sept. 2.—President Roosevelt and his family will return to Washington September 26, if nothing occurs to interfere with the present arrangements. The summer home at Oyster Bay will be closed at that time and again Washington will be the home of the president. With the president will come Private Secretary Loeb and the clerks who were transferred early in the summer to Oyster Bay.

The presidency is the only office which follows the incumbent. During the absence of a cabinet official from Washington some one is left to act in his stead. However, wherever the president goes there goes the executive of the nation, and enough clerks must be taken along to transact the business coming before him.

During the summer many minor improvements have been made at the White House. All of these must be finished by September 15 and the place in order for the homecoming. Nearly the entire interior has been repainted. At present the White House is closed to the public to allow the paint to dry. The executive offices, in the western terrace, have been touched up with a little fresh paint, and on one wall a pretty painting relieves the monotony. The cut glass chandeliers of the East room, with Mrs. Roosevelt and Col. Symons, superintendent of public buildings and grounds concluded were too large and out of proportion with the room, were taken down early in the summer, sent to New York, and are now again in place, much diminished in size. But for these elaborate ornaments the East room would be entirely barren, a white coat of paint just having been spread upon the interior. Additional hat and cloak racks have been erected in the eastern terrace for the accommodation of guests at the large receptions.

By steady work on the part of the landscape gardener, the colonial gardens to the south of the mansion have been laid out and are near completion. It is hoped to have them completed as far as possible before the arrival of Mrs. Roosevelt.

Before coming to Washington President Roosevelt will take a trip through several points in New Jersey on his way to Syracuse, where he is to speak on Labor Day, September 7. Ten days later he has promised to be present at Antietam, Md., on the anniversary of the battle fought forty-one years ago. He will then return to Oyster Bay to come to Washington on Saturday, September 26.

IN HER SLEEP

Beautiful Girl Cut Off Her Silken Tresses.

Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 2.—Miss Blanche Pacetti, a society girl of this place, is in hysterics over the loss of her hair, which was said to be the most magnificent in the state.

While in a somnambulistic trance last night Miss Pacetti sheared away her beautiful tresses. Her hair reached to her feet, and was of fine color and silky texture. It was a "joy forever" to her and her parents. Last night she retired in perfect health. She is not somnambulistic, and she knows no reason why she should have arisen in the night. But she did, and while asleep she walked to a table on which her scissors laid, and, picking them up, cut off her hair close to the scalp, leaving the coil on the table. The scissors she took back to the bed and placed them on the floor by the bedside.

This morning, when Miss Pacetti awoke, she noticed a strange lightness about her head. She raised her hands and was horrified to disscover she had lost her hair. She screamed, and when her mother came both were overcome.

LITTLE BOY

May Be Hanged In Virginia For Murder.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 2.—Thirteen-year-old Johnny Dey must answer for the crime of murder. There is little possibility under the Virginia law of his paying the extreme penalty for his diabolical act.

The mayor, to whom his father turned the child over, has in turn placed him in the custody of the police. In his confession to Mayor Riddick, the child stated that he gave a fatal draught to his stepmother, who drank it in his presence. He did not care, he said, whether it killed her or her sister, for whom he prepared it. The Dey family have left the city for the present, being completely crushed by the child's fearful crime.

Dysentery

This is a dangerous disease but can be cured. There is a remedy that never fails. It has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery with perfect success. It is called

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

It is equally valuable for children and when reduced with water and sweetened, is pleasant to take. 25 and 50 cts.

Music Lessons Free.

The Bradbury School of Music is offering fifteen free and partial scholarships. This means that you have a chance to get music lessons absolutely free. For particulars apply at the office of the school, No. 10 Columbus building, Duluth.

TO CORNER MILK

Local Concern Said to Have Scheme Working That Way.

Second Attempt In Two Years—Milk Dealers Are Wary.

According to the reports of local milk dealers, an attempt is now in progress by one of the local concerns dealing largely in dairy products to buy up all the other milk dealers in the city and secure complete control of the milk trade.

This is the second attempt that has been made along that line within the past two years. About two years ago two men from Indianapolis came to Duluth and for several weeks worked among the milkmen on a project to buy up all the local dairies, secure control of the milk output, sterilize the milk and then sell it at advanced prices. The local milkmen were to take stock in the company in part payment.

When the promoters left the city it was the understanding that they had about completed the deal, but for some reason, probably because certain of the local dealers refused to join the combine, it never materialized.

It is claimed that the new project backed by a local dairy firm is along a little different line, the plan being to buy the business of each dealer outright. So far as can be learned, success has not yet crowned the project, some of the milk dealers refusing point blank to give up their business, and unless they can be brought into line to sell, there is little chance of the deal going through.

One of the local milkmen said yesterday that he had been approached with a proposition to sell out his business, and was told that the people who wished to buy intended buying up every other dairy concern in the city. He claims that he refused positively to sell out, having a well-established business of his own and being content to let well enough alone.

This milkman stated that he knew of other dealers who feel as he does in the matter, and that ever since the first attempt to form a local combine in the milk milk output in Duluth the milkmen have not taken kindly to the proposition, and prefer to remain independent.

The milk dealer stated further that he understood that the plan of the people back of the enterprise was to boost the price of milk, cream and other dairy products if they could secure complete control of the output here.

SENSATION AT ST. CLOUD

Woman With a Revolver Gives Police a Lively Turn.

St. Cloud, Minn., Sept. 1.—Katie Schmidt shy her reason and her clothing, gave the police and a large number of neighbors a bad hour. The woman has lived for the past five years with one John Nolden, a peddler, in a house west of the Osseo railway tracks. She and the man have not gotten on well together of late and she had commenced an action for divorce from the common law marriage which united them. It is now pending. It appears that Mrs. Nolden has on two different occasions before been insane and has been a patient at one of the state hospitals for the insane.

Sunday morning the police were summoned to the house by a report that Mrs. Nolden had become crazy and was threatening the lives of her children and of the neighbors. Chief Quinlivan and Officer Welmann went at once to the scene of the trouble and found the woman in the second-story window of her home. She had a revolver in her hand and was shooting it at random about the place and at everything in range. Naturally, the officers exercised some caution in getting within the range of the gun. For a matter of almost two hours the game of hide and seek continued, the woman continuing to shoot at everything in sight except her two young children.

Finally, she leaned out of the window and dropped the revolver at the feet of Chief Quinlivan, who, with others, had stood in a niche out of range while persuading her to give up the revolver and when Mrs. Nolden yielded to the strenuous excitement of the hour and dropped listlessly still on the window sill from exhaustion, he got on a big dry goods box beneath the window and seized her hand and held her while Officer Weimann made his way through the building and grappled with her from behind. The two officers found her nude, but covering her with clothing as best they could and in a hack took her to jail. Her children, crying not to be separated from their mother, were with difficulty taken away from her at the jail, and placed with Mrs. Nolden's brother, John Schmidt, while the woman was held for an examination as to her sanity.

The case is a very sad one. Mrs. Nolden as a girl worked in St. Cloud, but drifted away and her family was notified of her mental derangement. Her last commitment to a hospital for the insane was from Duluth seven years ago. It appears she married Nolden at Mankato. They came to St. Cloud two years ago. The children are both girls and are, respectively, three and four years old.

Indigestion

is caused by trying to compel the stomach to keep too rapid a pace. It is

the bane of

the present age and is wrecking lives by the wholesale — a little assistance is needed by the digestive organs of

half the world.

That distressed feeling can be removed speedily by using Beecham's Pills and can positively be

cured by

taking a course of this excellent medicine. Your stomach will be kept sweet and clean and your general health will be perfect if you will use

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere.

In boxes, 10c. and 25c.

THE JUBILEE TREASURES

At Canadian Exhibition By Permission of King Edward.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 2.—The priceless collection of Queen Victoria's jubilee treasures, consisting of magnificent gifts from all quarters of the globe in commemoration of the completion of the fiftieth year of her reign, June 10, 1887, is the feature of the great Canadian exhibition here.

St. Louis is also to have the treasures within her portals. King Edward having consented to their exhibition at the mammoth world's exposition in the Missouri metropolis next year.

The magnificent gifts are exhibited in twenty-five cases in a spacious room under the grand stand, and are in charge of Thomas Carlisle of the Victoria and Albert institute, London, and an armed guard from the royal Canadian regiment of infantry.

As there are 357 presents diplayed, it is of course, impossible to do more than mention a few of the more prominent articles in the display. It is said that 100 different languages are represented by the addresses in the various cakets.

Just to the left of the entrance there is to be seen an ivory chair of state and footstool, the gift of the maharajah of Travancore. The carving is a revelation of the possibilities of art. The feet are in the form of lions' paws, the arms terminate in lions' heads. The back is in the form of a shell supported by elephants, rampant. The seat is of alabaster, and the chair has a gold and silver tissue drapery around the underside of the frame, finished with tassels and richly chased ormolu ornaments. The cushions are of green velvet, embroidered in gold and silver thread. Every outside part of the chair is covered with delicate carved figures of men and animals.

But this maharajah, not satified with this truly princely gift, presented also to her majesty two immense pairs of elephant's tusks. The official description of these are as follows:

Pair of elephants' tusks, mounted on a buffalo's head, carved in bony, which is supported on four griffins. The tusks are supported higher up by a crosbar of ebony and resting on the heads of four figures representing some of the incarnations of Vishnu.

Rushing from the projecting ends of the crosbar to the tusks are two griffins with two elephants under them, linking their trunks. On the center of the bar is a sixteen-handed figure of Shiva, standing on the prostrate form of an Ahamaram, or fiend. All the figures are ebony.

Pair of elephant's tusks, mounted as flower vases on a stand of rosewood, covered with ivory. The tusks are mounted with gold and are entwined by a pepper vine in fruit, worked in gold. The vases are supported on two elephants' heads carved in ebony, and rising from out of a base of rock and jungle worked in ivory and elephants' teeth. The trunks of the elephants support a lotus of ivory, on which is seated a golden image of Lukshine, the goddess of prosperity.

CIVIL WAR VETERANS

Members of Minnesota Regiments Are Meeting at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 2.—The veterans of the Minnesota regiments that served in the civil war are holding their annual meeting during state fair week. The survivors of the Seventh regiment opened the series of meetings yesterday by a short session in room 108 at the state capitol. Fully 100 former members of the regiment answered to the roll call.

Former Mayor A. A. Ames of Minneapolis was present, and in a brief address he referred feelingly to the war time and the friendships that held together the members of the old Seventh. Thomas Kelly offered a resolution deploring the failure of the legislature to provide for a Minnesota monument at Vicksburg, and the meeting passed it with a rush. New officers elected were:

President, H. L. Mills, St. Paul; vice president, A. A. Bates, Minneapolis; secretary, E. S. Lightbourne, St. Paul.

The idea of merging or federating the regimental associations into a single state body will be one of the important matters discussed tomorrow in every one of the veteran associations. The project of union among the ex-soldiers is already an old one. It was brought out several years ago, when the lessening numbers of those who attended each annual reunion showed that the regimental survivors were dwindling. The Minnesota Veterans' association was founded at that time as a nominal association which it was hoped would be the nucleus for a general merger.

In spite of earnest efforts, however, the plan has had to face strong opposition in some quarters. Those regiments which are weak in the annual assemblies are disposed to pool under the broad organization of a state body, but in the other bodies a feeling of separateness is too strong to yield. There is a fear that the old soldier who comes to the annual meeting to see his old comrades will find himself lost in a mass of men from other regiments.

Promoters of the merger plan have met this feeling with a plan of federation by which each regiment will meet separately, though at the same time with the other Minnesota bodies. In spite of this, however, there is suspicion present, and the chances are that the veterans in session now will give rather a cold welcome to the proposed merger. James Hunter, of Faribault, is president of the new organization, and will be on hand to urge its claims.

Save the children. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is just as good for children as it is for adults. Mrs. Henry Carter, 705 Central street, Nashville, Tenn., says: "My little boy now three years old and has been suffering from indigestion ever since he was born. After using one bottle of Kodol he is a well baby. I recommend it to all sufferers." Sold by all druggists.

SCROFULA

A DISEASE WE INHERIT.

Scrofula manifests itself in many ways. Swelling of the glands of the neck and throat, Catarrh, weak eyes, white swelling, offensive sores and abscesses, skin eruptions, loss of strength and weakness in muscles and joints.

It is a miserable disease and traceable in almost every instance to some family blood taint.

Scrofula is bred in the bone, is transmitted from parent to child, the seeds are planted in infancy and unless the blood is purged and purified and every atom of the taint removed Scrofula is sure to develop at some period in your life.



Scrofula appeared on the head of my little grandchild when only 18 months old, and spread rapidly over her body. The disease next attacked the eyes and we feared she would lose her sight. Eminent physicians were consulted, but could do nothing to relieve the little innocent. It was then that we decided to try S. S. S. That medicine at once made a speedy and complete cure. She is now a young lady, and has never had a sign of the disease to return.

MRS. RUTH BERKLY,
150 South 5th Street. Salina, Kan.

No remedy equals S. S. S. as a cure for Scrofula. It cleanses and builds up the blood, makes it rich and pure, and under the tonic effects of this great Blood Remedy, the general health improves, the digestive organs are strengthened, and there is a gradual but sure return to health. The deposit of tubercular matter in the joints and glands is carried off as soon as the blood is restored to a normal condition, and the sores, eruptions, and other symptoms of Scrofula disappear.

SSS

S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable and harmless; an ideal blood purifier and tonic that removes all blood taint and builds up weak constitutions. Our physicians will advise without charge, all who write us about their case. Book mailed free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



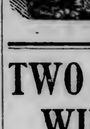
MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** Stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.,** P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS



They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are **"LIFE SAVERS"** to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. **$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists.** DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

TWO ALLEGED WIDOWS MEET

Each Claims to Be Widow of William Pollock.

Anderson, Ind., Sept. 2.—One woman asserting that she is Mrs. Orma Pollock, of Somerset, Ky., and another that she is Mrs. Laura Pollock, 2630 Delaware street, this city, met at police headquarters and both claimed the late William H. Pollock, of this city, as their husband.

The women had a fierce quarrel in the presence of the police officers, a lawyer and a brewing company representative. Finally a 7-year-old boy admitted that he knew the Somerset woman as his mother, and he went with her. They hurried to an electric car and headed for Somerset before Mrs. Pollock No. 2 of this city, could take legal action to hold them. Later the woman living here said she allowed the lad to make his choice of the women.

Mrs. Pollock No. 1 asserted that Pollock had never been divorced from her after leaving her at Somerset and then going to Louisville, thence to Wabash, Ind., and finally to this city. She declared Mrs. Pollock, of this city, is not the wife of the dead man, but that she is Mrs. Laura Johnson, wife of a former policeman at Louisville.

Mrs. Pollock No. 2 produced papers that she said were copies of her decree of divorce from William Johnson, of Louisville, and that she and Pollock were married in Louisville and that she took him at his word that he was divorced. The controversy now is over possession of the boy and Pollock's estate. He was killed last Saturday, Ind., last winter by projecting timbers from a beer storage house, while working with a Big Four railway crew. The Norton Brewing company and the Big Four railway recently effected a compromise with Mrs. Pollock, of this city, for $800, which she received on oath that she is the widow of the dead man.

Mrs. Pollock, of Somerset, said she would return and institute suit against Mrs. Pollock, of this city. The woman here said that she was only slightly acquainted with the Somerset woman, who she said belongs to a family of the name of Rainwaters, of Somerset. Mrs. Pollock No. 2 said she will communicate with Judge Morrow, in Sommerset.

$500 REWARD

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Silver's Little Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 250 boxes contain 100 Pills, 500 boxes contain 275 Pills, 50 boxes contain 16 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. JOHN C. WEST & CO., Chicago. Sold by leading druggists.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.
335 W. Superior Street. Duluth, Minn.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

BROU'S INJECTION CURES GONORRHOEA AND GLEET WITHOUT OTHER TREATMENT. Sold by all Druggists.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANO great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contains Ergot. Tansy, Pennyroyal: not a single failure in ladies, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

(5190.)

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

To A. M. Kilgore, et al.:

Take notice, that the following described piece or parcel of land situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit: Lot one hundred thirty-five (135), Seventh street, Fond du Lac, according to the recorded plat thereof, was on the fourth day of May, 1895, bid in for the state for the sum of eighty cents ($0.80), pursuant to real estate tax judgment entered in the district court in and for the said county of St. Louis, on the 21st day of March, 1898, in proceedings to enforce payment of taxes upon real estate remaining delinquent on the first Monday in January, 1898, for the said county of St. Louis, and was on the 17th day of July, 1903, sold and conveyed by the state of Minnesota for three dollars and fifty-six cents ($3.56).

That the amount required to redeem said land from such sale exclusive of the costs to accrue upon this notice, is the said sum of three dollars and fifty-six cents ($3.56), with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from said July 17th, 1903, to the time of such redemption, and the time within which said land can be redeemed from said sale will expire sixty (60) days after service of this notice, and proof thereof has been filed in the office of the county auditor in and for said St. Louis county, Minnesota, in manner prescribed by law.

The amount required to redeem said land from said sale at the time of the issuance of this notice, and before any costs have accrued thereon is the sum of three dollars and fifty-eight cents ($3.58).

Dated Duluth, Minn., this 8th day of August, 1903.

O. HALDEN.
Auditor of St. Louis County, Minnesota.
By L. A. MARVIN, Deputy.

(Seal County Auditor, St. Louis County, Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 26, Sept. 2-9, 1903.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, August 24th, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Jennie A. Antrobus, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Jennie A. Antrobus, deceased, late of the county of Wayne, state of Michigan, being granted to Frank W. Hemmick;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 30th day of November, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 24th day of August, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 26, Sept. 2-8, 1903.

ORDER TO HEAR PETITION FOR LICENSE TO SELL LAND OF MINOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, Aug. 25, 1903.

In the mater of the guardianship of Vivian Sang, Minor.

On reading and filing the petition of Harriett J. Lees, guardian of said minor, representing, among other things, that the said Ward, seized of certain real estate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and that for the benefit of said Ward the same should be sold, and praying for license to sell the same; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, from said Petition, that for the benefit of said Ward said real estate should be sold;

It is ordered, That all persons interested in said estate, appear before this Court, on Monday, the 21st day of September A. D. 1903 at ten o'clock A. M., at the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County, then and there to show cause (if any may be), why license should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, according to the prayer of said Petition.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 25th day of August, A. D. 1903.

J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co. Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 26, Sept. 2-9, 1903.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh Judicial District, and county of St. Louis, on the twenty-sixth day of June, 1903, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county, on the 13th day of October, 1902, in an action therein, wherein Samuel Bingham is plaintiff and Frank C. Palmer and Clara B. Palmer are defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of seventy-six and 44-100ths dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis county, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county of St. Louis, on Saturday, the 12th day of September, 1903, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that Frank C. Palmer and Clara B. Palmer, the above-named judgment debtors, had on the 13th day of October, 1902, or which they have since acquired in and to the following described property, to-wit: Lot number two (2) in block number thirty-seven (37), in Endion division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., the 22nd day of July, 1903.

W. W. BUTCHART,
Sheriff St. Louis county, Minn.
By S. L. PIERCE, Deputy.

J. H. WHITELY,
Attorney for judgment creditor.

Duluth Evening Herald—July 28, August 4-11-18-25, September 2, 1903.

WHEAT IS STRONG

Runaway Market During First Hour Under Lead of Minneapolis.

Duluth Follows Advance Closer Than Others—Flax Is Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 2.—The wheat market this morning was a runaway affair for the first hour or so, and even after its big spurt then it held strong. There was the natural reaction after so sharp a bulge, but it again turned strong and advanced. The closing was somewhat below the high point, however. Minneapolis furnished the bull inspiration and alarm over the September wheat situation was, apparently, the cause. Reports of damage are coming in and the receipts do not pick up very much. The weather conditions now are fairly good, although there was some rain last night. Cables were higher, the Liverpool market closing 5/6@¾d higher and Paris 1c to 1¼c higher. The weather in England is bad. The higher cables aided the advance here, but the foreigners do not seem disposed to take very much stock in the American advance.

Duluth followed Minneapolis closer than other markets, but did not make as heavy an advance. The bulge in September here was 1⅝c and in December 1¼c, while in Minneapolis it was 2½c in the former and 1⅝c in the latter. In Chicago September advanced 1c and December 1-⅛c; in St. Louis September was up 1c and December ¼-⅜c; in Kansas City 1¼c for September and 1c for December was the rise, and in New York the advance was 1½c for September and 1c for December.

Primary receipts of wheat were 744,000 bus, last year 1,329,000 bus. Shipments 394,000 bus, last year 867,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 369,000 bus.

Receipts by cars at Duluth were 14 cars, against 129 last year; and at Minneapolis 174, against 285, making Northwestern receipts 191 cars, against 414 last year. Chicago received 137 cars, against 531 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed ¾d higher. In the Chicago market December corn closed ⅜c higher and December oats ⅝-½c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 626,000 bus, last year 145,000 bus. Shipments 402,000 bus, last year 268,000 bus. Clearances were 7000 bus.

Trading in the Duluth market was active. September opened ½c up at 82½c, and went up with a rush, selling at 83¼c at 9:48 and 84¾c at 10:17. It reacted to 84c at 10:27, sold at 84¼c at 10:48, and fell again to 84c at 10:55. At 11:45 it sold at 84¾c, dropped to 84c at 12:10 and then advanced to 84¾c at 12:40. It again reacted and the close was at 84c, an advance of 1⅝c. December opened ⅝c up to 80½c and sold up to 81⅝-¾c, closing at 81¾c, which was 1¼c above yesterday.

Cash prices continued at 3c over September for old No. 1 northern, 1c over for new No. 1 northern to arrive by September 10 and September price for to arrive in fourteen days. Sales were 35,000 bushels.

Flax was quiet and steady with an inclination toward weakness. The early prices were about ¼c below yesterday's closing but it rallied about that much and closed unchanged for October, ⅛c off for November and ¼c off for December.

Rye was up ⅜c and there was an advance in oats of ½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat old in store No. 1 hard, 87; No. 1 northern, 87c; New to arrive. No. 1 hard 85c; No. 1 northern, 84c; No. 2 northern, 82c, new on track, No. 1 northern, 86c; No. 2, 82c. Macaroni No. 1, 69c; No. 2, 65c; September, 81c; December, 81½c; May, 84¾c. Flax in store, 99c; to arrive, 99c; on track, 99c; September, 99c; October, 99¼c; November, 99½c; December, 99½c; May $1.03¼. Oats to arrive, 35¼c; on track, 35½c; to arrive in September, 35½c. Rye on track, 53½c; to arrive, 52½c; to arrive in September, 53½c. Barley, 46@55c.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 14; last year, 129; corn, 1; oats, 2; rye, 3; barley, 34; flax, 4; last year, 31.

Receipts: Wheat, 95,167; oats, 2891; rye, 6004; barley, 57,083; flax, 5753.

Shipments: Wheat, 121,240; flax, 42,687.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Northwestern Nat. Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 3 cars, to arrive	$0.82½
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus, to arrive	82½
No. 1 northern, 3000 bus, to arrive	
Sept. 15	85½
No. 1 northern, 1 car	83½
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	84¾
No. 1 northern, 1200 bus, to arrive	85½
No. 1 northern, 2 cars, old	86½
No. 1 northern, 2 cars, old	87¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	82
No. 2 northern, 1 car, old	85
Rejected, 1 car	80
No grade, 1 car	83½
Barley, 1 car	44
Barley, 1 car	53
Flax, 4 cars, in store	99

THE CHICAGO MARKET

Wheat Stronger and Higher on Better Cables.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—On better cables wheat opened strong and higher with prices up 1@⅜c to ⅝@¾c. September being quoted at 80⅝@80¾c and December at 82@82¼c. With smaller receipts and a good general demand prices continued to climb. September going to 8c and December to 82½c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 191 cars, which with local receipts of 137 cars, 5 contract, made total receipts for the three points of 328 cars, against 424 last week and 945 a year ago.

The news was all bullish, the Northwest reporting wheat coming in out of condition, and liberal receipts in the immediate future improbable. Foreign markets were higher and there was some foreign buying. After a temperary easing off early, prices continued to advance, September reaching 82c, and closing with a net gain of 1c, at 81⅝@¾c. December sold up to 83¼c and closed 1@1¼c up, at 82⅝@83c. Both options were strong at the advance.

Corn was strong in foreign markets, and with a good demand locally the market was strong with prices up 1@1½c. September starting at 51⅝@52c and December at 51⅝@51½c. Commission houses and shorts were good buyers, particularly of September, which advanced to 52⅞c, but later dropped to 52¼@⅝c. December went to 51⅞c on the bulge. Receipts 303 cars, 22 contract.

The strength held throughout the session although some of the September advance was lost at the close on profit-taking. Final figures were ⅜c higher for September, at 52⅜c.

Oats were strong and ⅛c higher in sympathy with the other grains and opening quotations were 35c for September and 35⅜c for December. Offerings were small and the feeling bullish, the latter going to 35⅝c. Receipts, 96 cars.

Small offerings and a fair scattered demand caused a firmness in pork and lard at the opening, both being up a shade. September quotations for the former being $12.27½@12.30 and $8.57½@8.60 for the latter. Ribs were off a little, starting at $7.52½.

Close: Wheat—September, 81⅝@¾c; old, 81c; December, 82⅝@83c; old, 83c; May, 84⅝@85c. Corn—September, 52¼c; December, 51½c; May, 51¾@¾c. Oats—September, 35½c; December, 36¾@⅞c; May, 38¾@⅞c. Pork—September, $12.35; October, $12.62½; January, $13.00; May, $13.17½. Lard—September, $8.60; October, $7.78; December, $7.20; January, $7.12½. Ribs—September, $6.75; January, $6.77½. Rye—September, 54¼c; December, 56¼c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, 96c; Southwestern, 94c; September, 94c; October, 95c. Timothy—Cash, $9.50; October, $9.00. Barley—cash, 45@53c. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 82¼@83c; No. 3 red, 82¼c; No. 2 hard winter, 81@82c; No. 3 hard winter, 80@81c; No. 1 northern spring, 82c; No. 2 northern spring, 80c; No. 3 spring, 75c. Corn—No. 2, 52¼@52¾c; No. 3, 52¼@52¾c. Oats—No. 2, 36¼@⅞c; No. 3, 36c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 2.—Close: Wheat—December, 88⅝c; May, 89⅜c. Corn—December, 58⅞c; May, 57⅞c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 2.—Close: Wheat—December, 81⅛@⅝c; May, 83⅞c. On track —No. 1 hard, 87¼c; No. 1 northern, 86¾c; No. 2 northern, 86c; No. 3 northern, 80@83c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Crop reports:

Morris, Minn.—Began threshing Monday morning and it was too damp as shown by the grading and prices at the elevators. No wheat delivered went better than No. 2 and much of it went No. 3 since last week, have not held out as well as expected.

Bathgate, N. D.—The past week has been very discouraging to the farmers, damp rainy weather and no threshing.

Albert Lee—The first of September finds little threshing done in this county owing to large amount of rain. The returns of threshing machines is not the most of the factory, barley being about the only really good crop.

Sioux Falls, S. D.—It has rained here almost daily during the past week and while corn and oats is not ruined it is getting precarious.

Pierre, S. D.—The cloudy and misty weather which has prevailed here the past week is very discouraging. Four inches of rain has fallen during August and nine inches since July 1.

* * *

J. A. Patten, Chicago: The news we get from Great Britain both by cable and by mail states that the conditions existing there are certainly in a most deplorable state. The news also from the Northwest is very bad. Perhaps wheat may have a little set back from this but I feel confident that we are going to see very much higher prices for wheat inside of a few months and any one buying it at present prices is not liable to see much of a loss in it, and if it did break I certainly should advise buying more.

* * *

Bartlett, Frazier & Co.: Our Liverpool house cables the weather in England is bad and harvest prospects continue to get worse. France and Germany conditions are satisfactory for harvesting. The wheat and corn futures reflected the advance in Chicago market and were very firm on account of the small contract stocks. Wheat was affected by the bad weather reports.

* * *

Des Moines wires: After making examinations in different parts of the state by going into fields, I find corn in very poor condition. The very best of our corn is only in roasting ears and find it with a very heavy husk, large butts, tapering off to about as big around as your finger for an ear, with only about half to two-thirds full."

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market is about one cent higher. It is an active market, with a good general trade a strong tone. There are no indications of any letup in the cash demand. Primary receipts still materiall below last year. The trade is gradually coming to the conclusion that the northwest movement of Northwest wheat is likely to be small. Foreign markets are firm and exporters bidding for wheat and getting but little. The situation seems to us to be growing acute on wheat. The demand for flour is god and millers are having difficulty in securing wheat enough to supply it. The continued bad weather on the other side must have placed their crop in poor condition for immediate use. Their surplus is very small. How they can escape being urgent buyers of wheat for immediate use is not apparent. Should the export demand for wheat for immediate shipment become peremptory it is difficult to see how it could be supplied. We are not alarmists but the immediate conditions and outlook in wheat seems to us very strong. Any great loss to the buyer of wheat at current prices does not seem at all probable.

Corn—Market is active and higher. Local speculative conditions firm, the cash corn being in strong hands and there being a considerable short interest for September delivery. Receipts do not increase materially and the demand is fair and stocks decreasing. The hopes of the bears on the crop are gradually waning. Weather continues cold throughout the corn belt. The outlook as a whole is for a very low average yield even with the most favorable conditions and late frosts.

Oats—Market is firm and higher. Primarily a good cash demand is the cause but the strength in corn and liberal buying by Patton crowd, has much to do with strength in oats.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. 75th meridian time, Tuesday, Sept. 1, 1903:

Stations—	State of weather	Tempera're Max°	Tempera're Min°	Rainfall—Inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Pt cldy	76	58	.0
Campbell	Cloudy	76	50	.6
Coukston	Cloudy	72	48	.0
Detroit City	Cloudy	74	52	.0
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	78	52	.32
Minneapolis	Cloudy	80	58	.08
Montevideo	Cloudy	82	56	.0
New Ulm	Clear	82	50	.02
Park Rapids	Cloudy	74	50	.0
Winnebago City	Pt cldy	74	50	T
Devils Lake	Cloudy	74	46	.0
Langdon	Clear	66	46	.0
Larimore	Clear	72	40	.0
Lisbon	Cloudy	80	48	.0
Pembina	Cloudy	72	48	.0
Aberdeen	Cloudy	82	56	.0
Millbank	Pt cldy	82	54	.0
Mitchell	Clear	80	54	.0
Redfield	Cloudy	82	56	.0
Bismarck	Cloudy	72	46	.0
Duluth	Pt cldy	80	56	.0
Huron	Cloudy	82	58	.01
La Crosse	Pt cldy	78	52	.10
Moorhead	Cloudy	76	48	.0
St. Paul	Cloudy	84	64	T
Winnipeg	Pt cldy	66	42	.0

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Wednesday, Sept. 2, 1903:

Alexandria	Pt cldy	76	58	.0
Campbell	Cloudy	76	50	.6
Coukston	Cloudy	72	48	.0
Detroit City	Cloudy	74	52	.0
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	78	52	.32
Minneapolis	Cloudy	80	58	.08
Montevideo	Cloudy	82	56	.0
New Ulm	Clear	82	50	.02
Park Rapids	Cloudy	74	50	T
Winnebago City	Pt cldy	74	50	T
Devils Lake	Cloudy	74	46	.0
Langdon	Clear	66	46	.0
Larimore	Clear	72	40	.0
Lisbon	Cloudy	80	48	.0
Pembina	Cloudy	72	48	.0
Aberdeen	Cloudy	82	56	.0
Millbank	Pt cldy	82	54	.0
Mitchell	Clear	80	54	.0
Redfield	Cloudy	82	56	.0
Bismarck	Cloudy	72	46	.0
Duluth	Pt cldy	80	56	.0
Huron	Cloudy	82	58	.01
La Crosse	Pt cldy	78	52	.10
Moorhead	Cloudy	76	48	.0
St. Paul	Cloudy	84	64	T
Winnipeg	Pt cldy	66	42	.0

Light and scattered showers fell over the Des Moines and Minneapolis sections. It is cooler in the Red River valley and warmer in the Upper Mississippi valley.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
September—				
Open	82¾	80⅞	80⅜	87¾
High	84¾	85½	82	88⅜
Low	82¾	82⅞	80½	87⅜
Close	84B	85	81⅜-½	85⅝A
Close, Sept. 1	82¾	82½	80⅜-½	87⅛
December—				
Open	80¼B	80⅜	82¾	87½
High	83⅜-½	83⅜-¾	83¼	88⅝-⅞A
Low	80¼B	80½-⅝	82	87½
Close	81⅛B	81⅝	82⅞-83	88¾B
Close, Sept. 1	79¾	80	81⅞	87⅜

	September—Close. Sept. 2.	Sept. 1.	December—Close. Sept. 2.	Sept. 1.
St. Louis	83	82	86⅞-87	86⅝
Kas. City	71⅜	70⅛	72-¼	71-⅛

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Sept.
Open	36½	51⅜@51½	$12.27
High	37	51⅞	$12.37
Low	36½	51⅜	$12.27
Close	36⅜-⅝	51⅝	$12.35

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 2.—Close: Wheat—Spot 2 red western winter, steady, 6s 3½d; 1 northern spring, strong, 6s 10d; futures steady. September 6s 6¾d; October 6s 6¾d; December 6s 7d. Corn spot American mixed steady 4s 6½d. Futures firm; September 4s 6½d; October 4s 6½d.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 2.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 4 points on October to a decline of 7 points. Right after the call the cliques were aggressive bidders for the spot month and ran the price of cotton up from 11.45, the opening to 11.62 thend bid 11.68 for 10,000 bales without receiving offers. The balance of the list sympathized, also showed firmness, reaching a level about 2 to 5 points higher. Then came a renewal of the selling by local interests noted yesterday and commission houses also turned heavy sellers, driving prices back. At 11 o'clock the market ruled feverishly active and unsettled.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 12.75; middling gulf, 13.00; sales, 2527 bales. Cotton futures closed steady: September, 11.53; October, 10.46; November, 10.34; December, 10.12; January, 10.10; February, 10.06; March, 10.05.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—Cattle receipts, 22,000. Steady to strong. Good to prime steers, $5.35@5.10; poor to medium, $4.10@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.30; cows, $1.50@4.50; heifers, $2@5; canners, $1.50@2.60; bulls, $2@4.50; calves, $3@7; Texas fed steers, $3.25@4.50; western steers, $3.25@4.25. Hogs receipts, 25,000; tomorrow, 28,000. Steady. Mixed and butchers, $5.20@5.85; good to choice heavy, $5.35@5.70; rough heavy, $5@5.30; light, $5.10@5.05; bulk of sales, $5.20@5.60. Sheep receipts, 30,000. Sheep easier; lambs steady; good to choice wethers, $3.10@3.85; fair to choice mixed, $2.25@3; western sheep, $2.75@4.10; native lambs, $3.50@5; western lambs, $4@5.10.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street.
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If you have an account with us, you can trade upon it in any of our 130 branch offices. We refer to 150 state and national banks, which are our depositories.

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H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

TRADING IN STOCKS

Dull at Opening With a Downward Tendency.

Subsequent Tradings Were Better and Slight Losses Recovered.

New York, Sept. 2.—Opening prices showed slight declines on a small volume of business. St. Paul opened off ⅝ and then rallied ½ and Pacific Hall and Chicago Terminal preferred were down a point. A rise of a ¾ in United States Steel was the only important exception to the downward tendency.

The opening declines measured the extent of the selling movement. Subsequent dealings developed a better tone for the active stocks and the slight losses were recovered. Weakness prevailed in a number of minor tocks, Colorado Fuel losing 2 and Smelting, Consolidated Gas, Pressed Steel Car preferred and Grass Twine a point.

The general movement of prices was quite important. There was a slight rise which did not hold. Atchison preferred and Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis gained 1. General Electric lost 1. People's Gas 1¾ and Consolidated Gas 3. Bonds were irregular at noon.

Railroad stocks held well despite the neglect and additional sharp declines in the specialties. Anaconda declined 3 points, Metropolitan street railway 3½, People's Gas 2½, General Electric, 2, and St. Paul and Omaha 1½. North American advanced 2 and New York, Chicago & St. Louis second pfd 6.

Large buying orders appeared in Atchison and the stock advanced 1½. The general market hardly made any response to the rise outside of Rock Island which gained a good fraction. Metropolitan street railway recovered 1¼.

Atchison's further advance to 2½ over last night spread some strength to the other grangers. St. Paul, Rock Island, Missouri Pacific and Iowa Central rose 1 to 1¼. People's Gas rallied a point and Consolidated Gas 2¼. The rise otherwise was fractional. American Hide preferred lost 2 and Delaware & Hudson 1. Prices eased off slightly all around. The closing was dull and unsteady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	49⅛	48	48⅞
American Sugar	117	116½	117
Anaconda	80¼	80	80¼
Atch., Top. & S. Fe	65⅞	63⅜	65½
do pfd	91½	90⅜	91¾
Baltimore & Ohio	82⅜	82¼	82⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	46¼	44⅞	46
Canadian Pacific	124⅜	123⅞	124
Chesapeake & Ohio	33¼	33¼	33¾
Chicago & Alton	23⅜	23½	23⅜
Chicago Great Western	17⅜	17	17⅜
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	143⅜	141½	142⅞
Chi. Rock Island & P	29½	28	29½
Rock Island pfd	69¼	69	69¼
Colorado Fuel and Iron	51⅜	51	51
Erie com	30½	29⅝	30¼
General Electric	163	162	162
Illinois Central	133½	133½	133½
Iowa Central	21	20	21
Louisville & Nashville	105¾	105½	105⅝
Manhattan Elevated	135½	135⅜	135¼
Metropolitan St. Ry.	114¼	111⅜	113⅝
Mexican Central	13⅞	13¾	13⅞
Missouri Pacific	94¾	93¾	94½
N. Y. Central	122½	121½	122¼
Norfolk & Western	63	63	63
Pennsylvania	124⅜	123¾	124⅜
People's Gas	95	93	94⅝
Reading	55¼	54¼	55
Republic Steel and Iron	11¼	11¼	11¼
Southern Pacific	46¼	45¼	46⅛
Southern Railway	29⅜	28⅝	29⅜
Tennessee Coal and Iron	42½	42	42½
Union Pacific	76¼	75⅞	76
United States Leather	8	8	8
U. S. Steel	29¾	29¾	29¾
do pfd	70⅞	70⅝	70⅞
Wisconsin Central	19¼	18⅜	19
do pfd	40⅜	40¼	40⅛

Northern Securities, 87⅝ bid; 90 asked.

Total sales, 306,400.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: The weekly weather crop bulletin showing that warmth is needed in the corn belt and that cotton has deteriorated is a reminder that the crop question is still a factor in the market and there is a disposition tonight to make it the basis of conservative comment. The latter suggests dullness and narrowness until the government crop report on Sept. 10 gives a definite state of the crop, and in the meantime a fair trading market in which the grangers and coalers will be a purchase on soft spots. On account of the favorable progress of the crop in Southern portions of the belt and improvement in the Ohio valley there is increased confidence in a large corn crop despite its backwardness elsewhere. There is also talk of a coming break in cotton in anticipation of heavy receipts so that the crop situation, as a whole, may after all prove a bull factor. The prediction is reiterated that when activity returns to the stock market, Reading and Erie shares will advance. The vast output of coal in July was due to empty bins and empty yards everywhere, the sequel to the strike. It is predicted that earnings on Reading will show on common stock not less than 6 per cent for the current fiscal year.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The market is very disappointing. I thought last Friday we were in for quite a rise. But, there seems to be nothing doing at the moment on either side. Some time this fall stocks should get up. Sentiment was getting bullish Monday and insiders threw a little stock on the market to keep down enthusiasm. Today most of the street is bearish again. It may be John's intention to keep things quiet for a while. If so, a scale system, taking moderate profits would pay best. I do not see that prices are likely to go down more than a point or two. It may be noted that Tuesday is reaction day in a bull market and that stocks got very dull on decline yesterday. If this theory holds good now stocks should advance from this afternoon until near the close Friday.

* * *

Grier to B. E. Baker: There has been a very heavy interest in Atchison bought by the Pennsylvania railway, whether control or not, cannot yet be told, but as the present management does not absolutely own a majority of the stock the Pennsylvania holdings will undoubtedly predominate. This puts Pennsylvania on an equality with the Rock Island Frisco seaboard combination, and also the Northern Securities and New York Central-Gould system for transcontinental business.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The bears took another little whirl at the market this morning, but did not dislodge any of the stocks. It turned strong later and closed better than yesterday. There was particular activity in Atchison common. The street is all at sea to account for it. The banks continue to report the demand for money from the interior to move the crops this fall. Planters will get most satisfactory prices the current year for everything they have to sell. We think stocks are worth the money and will sell higher.

* * *

Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.: The opening was dull and lower. A traders' market prevailed until late in the day when the purchase of several thousand shares of Atchison supposed to be large shorts covering, that stock advanced over two points. The close was steady at but little below the best figures of the day. There was no news of special importance. It is significant that the market rallies very easily upon slight encouragement and we are inclined to the opinion that stocks can be bought to advantage for a turn at least upon any recession.

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6,000,000 Natural Rubber Trees on the Para Rubber Plantation; 300,000 pounds of "pure and fine" Para, the highest-priced rubber in the world, made this season.

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STOCK (all common) HAS ALWAYS SOLD FOR PAR ($10.00).

Absolutely unaffected by the Stock Market. Secure as a Government Bond.

MARCUS W. BATES,
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THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street:

Stock—	Bid.	Asked
Amalgamated	48¾	49
Anaconda	20	21
Adventure	5½	6
Atlantic	8½	9½
Allouez	5½	6
Arcadian	1½	1¾
Elm River	2¾	3
Bingham	26	26½
Copper Range	65¾	66
Centennial	20½	21
Calumet & Hecla	475	485
Calumet & Arizona	105	120
Calumet & Pittsburg	....	100
L. S. & Pittsburg	....	60
Isle Royale	7	7½
Mass	5	5½
Michigan	8½	9
Mohawk	42½	43
Mayflower	1	1 1-16
Mercur Con	1½	1¾
National	....	1
Old Colony	1	1¼
Old Dominion	10½	11
Osceola	59¾	60½
Phoenix	5	5½
Parrott	20	21
Quincy	90	92
Rhode Island	1½	2
Santa Fe	1¾	17⅝
Franklin	8½	9
Tecumseh	50	1
Tamarack	109	115
Tri-Mountain	75	78
Trinity	7¼	7½
Tennessee Copper	28	31
Utah	27¾	28¼
U. S. Mining	20¾	20¾
U. S. Oil	11	11¼
Victoria	3¾	4
Wolverine	73½	74
Wyandot	1¼	1½
Winona	8¼	8¾
Dominion Coal	84	86
Dominion Coal pfd	107	113
Dominion Steel	9¼	9¼
Daly-West	39¾	40¼
Greene Cons	19	19¼
Calumet & Bisbee	....	5
Pittsburg & Duluth	....	8
Union Land	3½	3½
Higgins	....	8
Junction	....	15
Bisbee Queen	5	6
Zenith St. Sp.	....	130

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: John Stanton says: "If you tell me what is going to happen in Wall street during the next few months, I will tell you what to expect in the refined copper market. There is no doubt that business men have become alarmed at the recent liquidation in Wall street and until it is certain that this is over confidence will not be restored. No lake copper is offered below 13⅜c and 5⅝c is freely bid for large amounts. Most of the large agencies are well sold up and at least two of them are offering no copper at any price. There is no large surplus of copper in this country and no copped pressing for sale. As soon as the country is convinced that there is to be no serious contraction of business I feel certain that buyers will enter the market freely and will contract ahead. For the past few months all the buying has been in a hand to mouth character. I expect to see lake copper sell at 14 cents within a month or so and 1 feel positive it will sell at 14⅛ cents before it goes to 13 cents."

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The output for the Atlantic mine in August was 299 tons; Mohawk, 353; Baltic, 667.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Continued heaviness in Amalgamated and a fifteen shilling decline in the London copper market caused Boston coppers to sag today. Mohawk sold down one three quarters but recovered all but the fraction. Some of the lower priced coppers were also off fractionally. Late in the afternoon the tone of the market was firmer. Calumet & Hecla, Tamarack, Copper Range, Old Dominion and Amalgamated all showed improved buying and were quick to recover. Coppers are acting decidedly well and we think prices will be higher.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 2.—Money on call, easy, at 1¾@2¼ per cent; closing, bid, 1½, offered at 2. Time money, nominal; sixty days, 4@4½ per cent; ninety days, 5@5½; six months, 5½@6 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent; sterling exchange, easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85.30@4.85.40 for demand, and $4.83.30@4.83.35 for sixty days. Posted rates, $4.84@4½ and $4.86½@4.87. Commercial bills, $4.83¼@4. Bar silver, 57⅝c. Mexican dollars, 46½c. Government bonds, irregular; railroad bonds, irregular.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Today's statement of the treasury: Available cash balance, $223,746,087; gold, $103,665,469; silver, $27,990,672; United States notes, $11,449,655 Treasury notes of 1890, $112,627; national bank notes, $19,235,883; total receipts this day, $1,886,660; total receipts this month, $3,206,844; total receipts this year, $101,670,337; total expenditures this day, $1,730,000; total expenditures this month, $2,840,000; total expenditures this year, $102,252,733; deposits in national banks, $155,200,392.

HYPNOTISM BARRED.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—The minister of the interior has reissued the old decree forbidding public exhibitions of hypnotism, on the ground that such proceedings are injurious to the subjects hypnotized.

ELEVATOR NOTICES.

Office of Consolidated Elevator Co., Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31, 1903.

On all grain and flaxseed received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, the charge for elevating and storage will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel; storage for each succeeding thirty days or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

CONSOLIDATED ELEVATOR CO.,
By M. J. FORBES,
President.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

Office of Globe Elevator Co., Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31st, 1903.

On all grain and flaxseed, received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, at the Peavey Duluth Terminal Elevator, the Globe Elevator, and the Belt Line Elevator, the charge for elevating and storing will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel, storage for each succeeding 30 days, or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

GLOBE ELEVATOR CO.,
By E. N. BRADLEY,
Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

Great Northern Railway Co., Great Northern Elevators, Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31, 1903:

On all grain and flaxseed received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, the charge for elevating and storage will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel; storage for each succeeding thirty days or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
By H. T. SWART,
Elevator Agent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

ROW OVER BILLS

Steamer Swain Is Repaired But Idle Through Dispute.

Steamer Malietoa Fined Because It Ran Too Rapidly.

The repairs on the steamer V. Swain of the Gilchrist fleet, which sank recently at Two Harbors, have been completed, and the steamer has been launched from the dry dock of the Superior Shipbuilding company, where she has been for the past few weeks.

She is now in condition to go into commission again, but she still remains tied up at the dock. It is claimed that there is a dispute between the underwriters and the owners of the boat in regard to the payment of certain bills in connection with the repairs, and until this is settled the vessel will remain at the shipyard.

The Canadian steamer Calvin, which was brought down from the north shore for repairs, is still in the dock. The damage done was considerable, being somewhat greater than was at first expected. All of the buckets were broken from her propelior, the shoe was torn from her keel, and she was leaking considerably.

MALIETOA FINED.

She Ran to Fast In St. Marys' River.

The steamer Malietoa has been reported to the local customs officials for violating the rules and regulations governing the navigation of vessels in the St. Mary's river.

The information came from Captain Davis of the revenue cutter Morrill, who claims that the vessel, with the whaleback 111 in tow, failed to check down sufficiently when going through the river.

She met the steamer James B. Eads, and in passing without checking down the tow swung over and fouled a scow which was working alongside a dredge in the channel.

The scow was injured by the impact, and the steamer will be assessed $200 by the local authorities for the violation of the rules. She is the third vessel belonging to the Pittsburg steamship company to be fined within the past month.

FIREMAN SCALDED.

Buffalo, Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The stoke hole of the tug Babcock of the Trust fleet was the scene of a tragedy this morning, when Wm. Mc-Kenna, a fireman at work on the vessel, was scalded to death.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Beatty, 12:15; Carnegie, Huron 1:40; American Eagle and barges, 2; Pellat, 3; Bulgaria and consort, Davidson (new) 3:40; Woodruff, 4; Cades, 4:20; W. L. Brown, Turret Chief, 5:20; Auburn, Frontenac, Conemaugh, 6:40; Pontiac, Embury and consorts, 7:30; Steinbrenner, 9:40; Hurlbut, Clint, May Richards, 10:40; Dolbwin, Delaware and Colonial, Nimick 10 last night; Princeton, 11; Case 2 a. m.; Averill, 3; Ralph and consorts 6:30; Marquette, Columbia, Iosco, J

SUICIDE'S GIFT

Administrator Sueing to Get It For the State.

Donald McDonald Handed Over $456 and Committed Suicide.

Peter Grant, administrator of the estate of Donald McDonald, who committed suicide by shooting himself, July 14, 1902, has brought an action in district court to recover from Belle McDonald $456, which Donald McDonald is alleged to have given her five minutes previous to his death.

A hearing on the claim of the administrator was held before the judge of probate some weeks ago, when it was determined that the merits of the case called for a civil action in district court.

In his complaint, filed this morning, the administrator alleges that for some time previous to his death, Donald McDonald was suffering from a mental disorder and was rendered incapable of attention to his affairs; that while he was in this condition the defendant exercised undue control over him and so wrought on his mind and feelings as to induce in him delusions with respect to his relations with her and by means of which she unlawfully obtained possession of $456 from him a few minutes before he killed himself.

Grant asks judgment for the amount, with interest from July 14, 1902, alleging that the defendant has refused to give up the money or any part of it.

From the testimony taken in probate court it appeared that McDonald after planning to commit suicide walked past Belle McDonald and handed her a roll of bills amounting to the sum mentioned in the complaint, with the remark that it was meant for her.

The defendant set forth that the money was in the nature of a gift and as such she meant to keep it.

HEAVY FINE IS IMPOSED

Lee Quillan's Defense Against Superior Rowdies Expensive.

Lee Quillan, the popular third baseman of the White Stockings, was fined $50 by the municipal court judge of Superior today for an assault committed on Thomas O'Neil, of that city, during the Duluth-Crookston game on Aug. 16.

During that game Superior fans were betting carelessly and rooting fiercely for Crookston. It was "anything to beat Duluth," and when the White Sox had the game 4 to 1 in the ninth inning, persons in the crowd that surged over the field began throwing stones and mud at Quillan.

He thought he saw one of the men that did it and went after him. It proved to be the unfortunate Mr. O'Neil. This morning in the Superior municipal court O'Neil testified that he had given Quillan an opportunity to apologize last Sunday, and the third baseman still insisted that he was the man that threw the rocks. O'Neil then swore out a complaint, which was served on Quillan yesterday during the Duluth-Superior game.

Witnesses whom O'Neil produced in court testified that it was a man back of O'Neil that threw the stones and mud, and Judge Hailey found Quillan guilty of assault.

He fined the player $50 and costs, and when Quillan said he did not have the money handy gave him the alternative of forty days in jail. Superior players and others interceded and the court modified the sentence to a fine of $25 and seven days in jail. Quillan's friends still argued the matter with the court, and the case was finally adjusted by the ball player paying a fine of $50.

There seems to be an impression in Superior that the assault was made in the spirit of rowdyism. The rowdyism, however, was purely with the spectators on the side lines, and the local third baseman considered that he was acting in self-defense when he charged the crowd in order to get after those that were trying to make him lose the game.

DIRECTORS RE-ELECTED.

New York, Sept. 2.—Stockholders of the American Hide & Leather company met in Jersey City today. The old board of directors was re-elected with the exception of Thomas Kiernan, Chas. P. Hall being elected to succeed him. The statement of the treasurer on the income account showed a deficit of $79,934. On June 30, 1902, there was a surplus of $855,-554. After deducting from this amount the deficit of this year it leaves a surplus account of $775,881.

Duluth's representative Grocery.

D. O'Leary's Cash Grocery,

15 E. Superior Street.

Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention

Bananas, 2 dozen----------25c
Bananas, bunch----------$1.25
California Peaches, per case--$1.10
California Plums, per case--$1.10
Choice Apples, per bushel---$1.10
Concord Grapes, per basket---20c
Oranges—extra large, per doz-40c
Pure Leaf Lard per lb---------10c
O'Leary Creamery Butter, per lb. 22c
O'Leary Java and Mocha Coffee, best in town—3 lb. can-----85c
Home Grown Carrots, Beets and Rutabagas, per peck-------10c

Use Our Phone 199.

GUNBOAT IN COLLISION.

The Scorpion Has Hole Stove In Her Bow.

New York, Sept. 2.—The Metropolitan Line steamer Whitney bound for Boston, was in collision in the East river today with the gunboat Scorpion.

The Scorpion struck the Whitney on the starboard bow and drove two holes in the vessel, one about seven feet above the water line and the other about two feet above. The Whitney put back to her pier, where she discharged her freight and passengers.

The Scorpion had a large hole stove in her bow. She proceeded to the navy yard, where she was pumped out and laid up for repairs.

Entertained at Luncheon.

Senator Fairbanks was entertained at luncheon at the Kitchi Gammi club this noon by a number of business men. Covers were laid for fifteen. It was an informal affair and was given during an intermission in the senator's sight seeing tour of the city.

When asked regarding the prospective doing of the join high reciprocity commission of the United States and Canada Senator Fairbanks said that a meeting of the commission had been delayed owing to the long session of the Canadian parliament and that he thought there would be a meeting called this fall. He said that he had been assured by members of the Minnesota committee that it would be represented at the meeting.

United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, Union 361.

You are hereby notified to meet at Kalamazoo hall at 8 a. m. **LABOR DAY TO PARADE.** ED. LOWE, President.
W. H. APPLEBY, Sec.

THE PRICE OF TELEPHONES

Public Meeting In Council Chamber to Consider Raise.

There will will a public meeting in the council chamber this evening to discuss the request of the Zenith City Telephone company for permission to raise telephone rates.

It is likely to be a meeting of considerable interest as much opposition has developed to give the company any power over rates other than what appears in the present franchise.

There is a disposition on the part of the city to grant an increase of $8 a year on business telephones making the charge $48 instead of $20 but the telephone people desire the rates on both residence and business lines to be put on an adjustable scale claiming that it costs more to operate a telephone system with many subscribers than it does to operate it with a few.

$27.50 to Winnipeg and Return.

The Great Northern railway will sell every day up to and including Sept. 20 round-trip tickets to Winnipeg at $27.50, good until Sept. 30. These tickets offer an elegant tourist circuit, going directly via Grand Forks and returning via Canadian Pacific to Port Arthur, thence Booth line, White line or Northwest Transportation company, through Lake Superior to Duluth. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

KITCHEN UTENSILS

The finest and most complete assortment we have ever had at exceptionally close prices.

White Enameled Ware in Great Variety.

NORTHERN HARDWARE Co

WALLACE WELLS. R. D. ANNIS.

WIN FIRST ROUND

Lakesiders Get Decision In Marshall-Wells Powder House Case.

Fire Commissioners Had No Authority to Permit Storage of Explosives.

The Lakesiders score in the first round of the contest against the Marshall-Wells Hardware company's big powder house.

Judge Dibell in district court, holds that the storage of gunpowder and other explosives within the city limits comes under the jurisdiction of the common council, that the council's authority in the matter is legislative, and it cannot delegate to any person or board the authority to consider applications or issue permits for the building of houses within the city limits for the storage of explosives in excess of twenty-five pounds.

This ruling of the court came out this morning in the case of Frederick Peterson et al against the Marshall-Wells Hardware company and Harry Annis, in which case the plaintiffs sought a temporary injunction restraining the defendants from building and operating a powder storage house at Lakeside until the court shall have decided on the merits of the case to be tried in general term of district court.

Judge Dibell has ordered that if the plaintiffs file a bond in the amount of $1000, duly approved by the court, conditioned as required by the statutes, a writ of injunction shall issue from the district court, restraining and enjoining the defendants from keeping or storing in a building at Lakeside, gunpowder or any other explosive in excess of twenty-five pounds, until the court shall have reached final determination in the matter.

In his memorandum Judge Dibell refers to section 70 of the city charter, which provides that any building within the city limits in which is stored explosives in excess of twenty-five pounds, shall be deemed a public nuisance.

He also points out that section 64 of the city charter gives the city council authority to regulate or prohibit by ordinance was passed under the old city charter and which is in part effective under the new city charter, that makes it unlawful to store explosives within the city limits without the permission of the board of fire commissioners, the application for the permission to be made in writting.

The plaintiff, says the court, claimed the hardware company did not sufficiently comply with the terms of the ordinance. The court finds it true that the company did not make formal application, alto that the board of fire commissioners did not seem aware of the ordinance covering its act, and states that the board and the hardware company seem to have dealt with the matter substantially as one of private negotiation, with plenary powers resting with the board.

The court further states that if the board was endeavoring to follow the ordinance, either in its proceeding relative to the granting of a permit, or in the actual issuance of a permit, it could scarcely have chosen unhappier language, but that the proceedings of the board should be held to amount to the issuance of a permit in accordance with the ordinance.

Relative to the claim of the plaintiff that the ordinance is invalid in so far as it delegates authority to the board of fire commissioners to issue permits, the court holds that under Section 64 the council has unquestionably the right to determine the limits within which explosives can be stored and the persons that should be permitted to store them; that it is a legislative power of the council and that body cannot delegate its authority in the matter to any person or board.

The court holds the ordinance is invalid in so far as it delegates this authority of the council to the board of fire commissioners, and says that, if he is right as to the invalidity of the ordinance, the defendants should be restrained from storing any explosives in their building so far as such storage is made a public nuisance under Section 70.

THE REPORT OF MAJOR SCOTT

Contains Several Recommendations For the Leach Lake Indians.

Washington, Sept. 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The commissioner of Indian affairs today received the annual report of Maj. Scott relative to affairs on Leech Lake reservation. The report is quite voluminous. Maj. Scott recommends that some provision should be made to pay Indians for 5 per cent of the timber which is to be left standing, after 95 per cent has been cut, under the provisions of the Morris law. He also recommends that some provision should be made for cutting timber on allotted lands at the same time the cutting is progressing on the unallotted and in the vicinity of allotted tracts. Maj. Scott says that notwithstanding his struggle to stamp out the illicit sales of liquor, he has not been entirely successful. There has been a noticeable decrease, however, in drunkenness among Indians in some portions of the reservations. In other portions crimes against the regulations respecting the sale of whisky are just as prevalent.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED.

New York, Sept. 2.—The Rev. Dr. James Leonard Corning, the celebrated pulpit orator and historian and diplomat, is dead in Munich, according to a private dispatch just received here. He was at one time American consul at Munich. He was an intimate friend of President Lincoln, Gen. U. S. Grant and Henry Ward Beecher.

Kalamazoo, Sept. 2.—Arthur H. Dingley, son of the late Congressman Nelson Dingley, of Maine, and one of the owners of the Kalamazoo Evening Telegraph, died in Denver last night, aged 38. He went west three years ago in search of health.

Kansas City, Sept. 2.—A special to the Star from Garnett, Kan., says: Col. W. A. Johnson died at his home in this city today of Bright's disease. He had been prominent in Kansas politics for forty years; had held several state positions, and in 1888, was a delegate to the Republican national convention. He was active in the border warfare troubles as a member of the free state colony, and served through the civil war, part of the time on the staff of Gen. James H. Lane.

The NEW ERA BUSINESS COLLEGE

ACTUAL BUSINESS DEPARTMENT





Uses REMINGTON and SMITH-PREMIER Typewriters.
The best Machines made.

Special Offer to Students Attending This School.

Advantages of This School.

The incomparable advantages of the New Era Business College of Superior, are so many and varied in their special features that they command the thoughtful and serious consideration of every young man and young woman contemplating attending a commercial school.

The location being at the head of the Great Lakes, the growing and grand commercial center and seaport where deep lake going vessels touch and leave, the arteries of those great waters affords more openings to finished students than the school can possibly supply. Students are engaged and spoken for before they have finished the commercial course. This is true. The climate at the head of the lakes is very salubrious. Never oppressively hot, but of a cool, bracing temperature even in mid-summer, while the winters are not more severe than at any other point in the boundary of this Northwest. It is the climate to study in, it imports ambition, cheers and gives hope, nerves one to the task that lies before him, invigorates the mind and stimulates it to action, enabling the student to do the best work with little effort, thus making rapid progress in his or her studies.

No other school can claim so full and thorough a business training as this college offers in the grand scope of its commercial training for the student. Perfect fitness for all of the many and varied duties at business, that the student out in the world may be called upon to discharge has earned for this college a high standing in the business world. The fact that a student is a graduate of this school is all the recommendation required by any business man. The high standing of the college is imparted to the student and is at once a passport into the best paying positions. Many of these, the finished students, of this college, are now holding all over the Northwest, to whom it is always a source of gratification of the school to refer.

A valued feature of this school is the individual instruction by insight that each student receives in all of the departments of the college, thus enabling them to more fully and thoroughly understand and to make the most rapid progress in their work. While class recitation is had, each member of the different classes are forcefully impressed and given a clear and distinct understanding of the subject matter in hand. Thoroughness on the part of the student, is the prime subject of the preceptors. Special training and continuous drill, is the proper equipment of the student.

This school, with its varied departments presents to the student a miniature world of the practical business. Theories do not attain. The young man or the young woman on taking the first position after through school is confronted with the urgent demands of practical business requirements, and not fine spun theories. To meet these requirements under the most urgent demands is the special fitness of the students of this school.

The cheapness of good board and a comfortable room while attending school is an attractive feature while there are many opportunities to work before and after school hours to pay one's way, this reducing the current expenses to a matter of small change for spending or pin money, amounting to less than one dollar a week. Where there is a will, circumstances always provides a way. The ambitious young man or young woman who is determined to acquire a business education cannot be deterred from doing so. Every obstacle will be surmounted and the desire attained. Some of the brightest students and most successful business men in this country today "worked their way through business college" by doing chores before and after school hours. Poverty is no disgrace, if you do not hug poverty. To be poor is only a disgrace when one makes it so by staying forever poor. Will, determination, ambition and industry will shake poverty off quickly.

Special Offer to Our Students.

Those who take a full course, the school will furnish each student for use out of school hours, in their homes or rooms, a Remington or Smith Premior typewriter, free, during the entire term of six months. This is done to more amply facilitate the students' work and that the student may the sooner become an expert operator on the machine, which in their daily duties is a necessary requirement not only in school, but after taking a position. A rapid and accurate operator on the typewriter, who does nice, clean wok, is within itself a recommendation to a good position. No other commercial school in the country furnishes each student with an extra typewriter free, for use out of school hours. A charge of $3.50 a month, rental, is made by other colleges, to their students for use of machine out of school hours.

The Sightless Touch.

This school teaches the sightless touch system in operating on the machine. The keyboard or letters on the machine are never seen. The mind learns the location of each letter, and the operating becomes an independent action of the mind rather than the dependence on the sight. The fingers instinctively touches the desired key on which the required letter is located in the spelling of words, and after diligent practice the fingers fly over the keys with incredible rapidity, never making an error, or touching the wrong letter. The assured accuracy of this system in operating, when nicely mastered, is certainly a wonder. It is this remarkable proficiency and expert operating on the machine that is demanded in the business world, together with neatness and eavenness of work. To achieve this dexterity on the part of students is why this school makes this rare and special offer to all who shall take a full course.

Full Information to Those Interested.

If you are thinkig of attending a commercial school or if you have a relative or friend who is thinking of doing so, then the New Era Business College, of Superior, Wisconsin, claims your first and serious consideration as the school of all others in this entire Northwest.

A peronal visit to the school is always preferred, as then a much better idea can be formed and a much better impression made of the school ad its work, than could possibly be had by correspondence. Still if you live at a distance, then write for full detailed information free and it will be cheerfully sent. Address J. P. Simon, General Manager, New Era Business College, Superior, Wis.

WILL FALL BEHIND

Ore Shipments Almost Certain to Be Below Last Year.

Lack of Facilities on Lower Lakes Principal Cause Assigned.

Whether or not ore shipments from upper lake ports will this season equal the record of nearly 25,000,000 tons shipped during 192 is question that is now interesting Steel corporation officials and those interested generally in mining and marine circles. It is the general opinion that last year's figures will not be reached, but what the discrepancy will be no one has yet attempted to estimate.

The cause for this year's shipments not beating those of 1902, if such proves to be the case, will not be the fault of the shippers at the head of the lakes. The entire blame is placed upon the lack of proper facilities on lower lake ports and conditions are not liable to improve there for some time to come.

There is a slight difference of opinion as to why shipments this year should not equal those of last, some mining men contending that the coal the coal strike of last year caused a reduction in the demand for ore. During the coal strike a local mining man says a great shortage of pig iron for immediate delivery was caused by a shortage in coke. This forced those who had contracts that had to be filled to buy pig iron in foreign markets and, it is claimed, the quantities bought were sufficient to keep the mills going far into the present season.

It is admitted, however, by those who advance this reason that Eastern steel mills will probably be able to take care of all the ore shipped to them before navigation closes, and that the facilities on Lake Erie are unable to properly care for the cargoes consigned there.

A FREE TYPEWRITER, REMINGTON OR SMITH-PREMIER.

The New Era Business college of Superior, Wis., makes an unusual offer. That school will furnish absolutely free a Remington or Smith Premier typewriter in the home or room of every student entering the school for a six months' course, for the student's use out of school hours, during the whole term. Other schools charge $3.50 a month rental, for the use of each machine so used. This is certainly a taking offer for it gives the student a big advantage.

Fall Top Coats

Now on sale, $10 to $35. M. S. Burrows.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

McLaughlin Electric Co., contractors and chandelier manufacturers, 305-7 W. Mich. and 406 Sup. St. Both 'phones.

Dance at Lester tomorrow night.

Silver Bros., townsites and pine lands, formerly located at 633 Manhattan Bldg., have moved their office to suite 313-315 Torrey Bldg.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 205 E. Sup. St.

Parlor theater—New vaudeville program.

George Neff was brutally assaulted last night by an unknown man. Mr. Neff is in St. Mary's hospital with a badly cut head. He was walking along Michigan street near Eleventh avenue west about 10 o'clock at night when he met an Italian. The men had some words, and apparently had encountered each other earlier in the evening. Neff was knocked down and kicked in the face. The blow was so severe that it split his eye-lid. The unknown then disappeared and has not since been seen.

A party of three Finlanders appeared before Capt. P. H. Prescott, clerk of the United States court this morning to secure their first citizenship papers, in order to have the privilege of taking up homesteads in the northern part of the state. The names of the men were: Apraim Kaskie, Abel Hynan and Henry Carlson.

The detailed report of the local land office for August has been completed. For the first time this year the monthly receipts show a decrease from the corresponding month of last year. The sum of $22,514.14 was received from the sale of 9928 acres of public lands, and the sum of $3248.53 from fees and commissions disposing of 20,145 acres of land to homesteaders. The total receipts were thus $25,062.13, as compared with the sum of $36,138.27 for August of last year. The total amount of land disposed of during the month was 32,073 acres.

Parlor theater—Fun starts 8:30 tonight.

Get your furnace repaired now. Don't wait until the frost comes. L. R. Helbing, 119 West First street. Both 'phones.

Some beginnings—those dishes that precede dinners, lunches and teas will be the subject of Mrs. Hiller's lectures at the Young Women's Christian Association tomorrow.

Percy Keon, six-year-old nephew of R. C. Kruschke of Twentieth avenue east and Dingwall street, narrowly escaped serious injury last evening. He was playing at Nineteenth avenue east and Superior street and was hit by a street car. The motorman dropped the fender but he was caught between it and the rail. However, it saved him from going under the wheels. He was badly cut and bruised and rendered unconscious, but is not seriously injured.

Prof. Dooley left yesterday for Minneapolis to meet the Norman teacher of dancing. He will learn all the latest dances and on his return will teach them to his pupils.

The ladies of the First M. E. church will serve dinner in the church parlors, Thursday, Sept. 3, from 5 to 7:15.

Hanan Shoes—Fall Styles

Now ready. M. S. Burrows.

PURELY PERSONAL

C. A. Congdon left this afternoon over the Omaha road for Chicago.

W. A. Steiner left this morning over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, for Rapid City, Mich.

William M. Jeffrey left this afternoon over the Omaha for Chicago.

Charles Campbell left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for St. Paul, to attend the state fair.

Mrs. J. S. Jacka, who has been visiting Mrs. J. H. MacFadzean, of East Superior street, has returned to her home in Crystal Falls.

S. J. Bigelow will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Sault Ste. Marie.

A. R. MacFarlane left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for St. Paul.

Mrs. J. H. MacFadzean will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Marquette.

Malcolm McDonald returned today from Cleveland, where he represented Clan Stewart at the Scottish Clans of America annual convention. Mr McDonald was one of the leaders in the effort to hold the next convention in Winnipeg, but the large number of eastern delegates favored New York City, which was finally unanimously chosen.

Arthur Ely, of Chicago, arrived in Duluth this afternoon and joined his wife and son at the St. Louis hotel. With them he will spend a month in the woods, accompanied by Indian guides.

Miss May Murphy left last evening for a trip down the lakes. She will be absent for about ten days.

Miss Florence Wallin, of Bay City, Mich., is a guest of Miss Agnes Callahan, of Twenty-seventh avenue West.

Mrs. Scott and Miss Louise Scott, of Buffalo, who hase been the guests of Mrs. Rigby and Miss Scott, of 506 East Fourth street, left for Buffalo yesterday.

George N. Holland has been called away by the sudden illness and death of his father, D. G. Holland, of Saginaw, Mich.

H. Petersberber, of the Great Eastern, is spending his vacation in Chicago.

Miss Frances Benjamin Johnston, of Washington, D. C., is in the city today. Miss Johnston is a professional photographer, and makes a specialty of photographs for magazine, newspaper and other work. Some of the most familiar pictures of men and women prominent in the political and social life of the country are her work.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Campbell and son Harold, of 221 West Fifth street, have gone to Minneapolis for a visit.

Miss Anna Flood left yesterday afternoon for a two weeks' visit with friends and relatives at St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Boys' Clothes For School

Now on sale. M. S. Burrows.

NEW ERA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Opens New Term With Most Students Ever.

The fall opening of the New Era Business college this year eclipses anything ever known before. In the growth, development, popularity and prosperity of commercial colleges in America, the growth of this school has simply been phenomenal. With leaps and bounds it has taken first place in the great chain of commercial colleges west of New York city. In the development of its plans for thorough work, it has set the example that many other schools are today emulating.

The thorough training and equipment of its finished students has broadened and deepened its popularity with the business men all over this country. The prosperity of this school cannot be measured by the rule of other schools, for it has outstripped most in point of numbers of enrollment. In this enrollment is a large number of teachers who have tired of the drudgery of the school-room and its under pay, who will now fit themselves for a higher position in the business world.

There are also a large number of normal and university students, who see their way clear to pave for themselves a road into the business world that will be easier traveled and that has a greater compensation for services rendered.

And still the demand for finished students from this school far exceeds the supply every month in the years. Its students are spoken for and engaged before their school course is finished.

Yesterday morning found every roll top desk occupied and tables necessary to take care of the overflow. A special order for more desks was sent in about ten days ago in anticipation of a large opening and it is expected that an installment of this order will be received tomorrow. Preparations are already under way to fit up the room which it was expected would be used in the English course, for the benefit of the commercial department.

BIRTHS.

COSTELLO—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. David H. Costello, of No. 5 Adams flats.

CULLEN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cullen, of 212 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

STABENFELDT—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter H. Stabenfeldt, of 534 South Fifty-ninth avenue west.

CARLSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Carlson, of 6213 Olney street.

MOBERG—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Moberg, of 20 Sixty-first avenue west.

BADE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Bade, of 201 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

TORWICK—Twin sons have been born to Mr. and Mrs. I. O. Torwick, of 106 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

HAZEL—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hazel, of 212 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

TRANBERG—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Tranberg, of 603 Sixtieth avenue west.

GUDDECK—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Guddeck, of 2 South Main street.

SCHULTE—Twin daughters have been born to Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Schulte, of Sixty-third avenue west.

ANDERSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Anderson, of 6207 Green street.

OLSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. B. Olson, of 111 Sixty-fifth avenue west.

HANSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Hanson, of 591 Polk street.

SCHABERT—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schabert, of 5909 Cody street.

KEATING—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Keating, of 608 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

LINANDER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Emil Lenander, of 5614 Polk street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

W. E. Stevenson and Gertrude Moffatt.

DEATHS.

LARSON—Mrs. Cecil Larson died at an early hour this morning at her home, 917 East Eighth street. She was 79 years of age. A short funeral service will be held in Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. Interment in Augusta, Wis.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WANTED — A SURPLUS FOR OLD age. Deposit in savings department, First National bank. Interest credited January and July.

ALL SAY SATIN-SKIN Complexion Powder is best because adhesive, harmless, invisible. Flesh, white or brunet.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECURITIES. Reasonable rates and easy terms. Room 715 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BAKERY, confectionery and soda water stand in a live town of 5000 inhabitants. Business of $15,000 a year and increasing all the time. For particulars address, A. C., care Evening Herald.

MADAM QUINN TELLS YOUR WHOLE life. Call 1207 Tower avenue, West Superior.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1109 East Third St.

IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING

TO RENT, SELL OR EXCHANGE, OR IF YOU WISH TO PURCHASE ANYTHING, LIST IT IN THE WANT COLUMNS OF THE EVENING HERALD. WE ARE IN DAILY TOUCH WITH PEOPLE WHO ARE LOOKING FOR HOMES AND WHO ARE WAITING TO SEE A GOOD PLACE TO INVEST THEIR SURPLUS CASH.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

$1850 Two houses and lot on East Sixth street. One house has six rooms, water, sewer and closet. Rent, $15. One house has five rooms. Rent, $7.

$3300 House and lot, very central, on upper side Fourth street. House has city water, is in good condition. Rents at $45 a month.

$4200 House and 50-foot lot on East Third street, west of Twelfth avenue. House has stone foundation, water, sewer, bath, furnace, barn. Rents for $44.

$5250 House and 50-foot lot, very central, on upper side of Fourth street. House of nine rooms, stone foundation, cement cellar, hot water heat, hardwood finish. Beautiful lawn and trees.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE OR RENT!

House No. 221 E. Fourth St.

Nine rooms—It will pay you to inquire of

Geo. R. Laybourn
24 Phoenix Block.

SECURE FARM AND TIMBERED LANDS
BY GUARANTEED RAILROAD RESERVE

H. W. COFFIN, Manhattan Building.

119½ 10th Ave. East

7-room, modern flat, steam heat and janitor service.

Per Month, - $33.50

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
208 First National Bank Building.

Saved As He Went.

The man who saved as he went had a home of his own while the fellow who never made the start never had a home. We have homes in all parts of the city and we can make you terms that you can meet. Now is the time to start. Come and let us help you.

$1900 For an excellent home of seven rooms and large lot in Lester Park, close to car line. Terms easy.

$1600 For a 7-room house, stone foundation, furnace heat, fine floors, pine finish, fireplace and sewer. All cash. Big bargain.

$2500 For 75 feet on upper side of Second street, right where the best people are building.

$600 Buys 40 acres near Howard's mill, worth much more, but must be sold to settle an estate.

$700 For good house on Eighth street. Very easy terms.

$1000 For 7-room house on Eighth street, near Lake avenue, on very easy terms.

FOR RENT: Two good rooms over Smith & Smith's Drug Store, $17 a mo.

LITTLE & NOLTE REAL ESTATE DULUTH, MINN.

Investments Paying Well!

$7000 For 2-story brick building on upper side Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue west. Store on first floor; seven-room flat on second story. City water, sewer, etc. Rentals $65.00 per month; mortgage $3000 on property at 5 per cent. Pays over 10 per cent net on cash payment.

Two neat five-room brick flats, centrally located, at a bargain; large lot; always in demand and will pay 10 per cent net on investment. Call and get particulars.

$1300 For twelve-room house and 25-foot lot on West Second street; city water. Rents for $19.00 per month.

$3200 For two-story and basement flat building on Fifth street, East End. City water, bath, etc. Stone foundation. Rentals, $42 per month. Pays big.

$3000 For two flats of 5 rooms each; bath, enameled tub, gas. Stone foundation, good cellar. Rentals, $38.00 per month.

$6800 For 40x100 feet on Third avenue east below Fourth street; two houses; very desirable; rentals $78.00 per month. Mortgaged for $2500 at 5 per cent. Will pay 15 per cent on cash above mortgage.

Above only samples.

Money to loan—lowest rates.

See our list of houses and lots at West Duluth.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

FARM LANDS

35,000 acres of selected farming lands for sale, in large or small tracts, in well settled communities, at low figures and easy terms. Enough hardwood timber to pay for land.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 338.



You can rent, sell or trade your house advantageously through **Herald Wants**

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HIGHLAND PARK

This property is increasing in value more rapidly than any property in the city. We are offering five 50-foot lots, well located, at $350 for corners and $300 for inside lots. They should double in value within a reasonable time. Call now if you want one or more.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. $200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x150, in good neighborhood.

$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS $5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Baars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

$2000 Takes 50 feet on First street, near Twentieth avenue east.
$2600 Takes 50-foot corner on Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street. A bargain.

Fine residence site upper side of East First street, near Twenty-second avenue. Make us an offer.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

CHINESE RESTAURANT.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT—Lodging and furnished apartments, 525 W. Sup. St.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 307-5.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

MEDICAL.

NEW, quick, permanent and guaranteed cure for diseases and weaknesses of men. Electro Medical Institute, over Abbett's drug store, corner Second avenue West.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1014 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4551.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

CABINET WORK, office, store fixtures; house repairing and jobbing. Wickstrom & Hartz, shop 17 Fifth Avenue west, New phone 1142.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

MINES AND MINING.

STAR PETROLEUM, 8c; ALASKA CENtral, $4.00; Cataract, 25c. All others cheap. Higbee, Germania Life building, St. Paul. Phone.

SURVEYOR.

Andrew Anderson, surveyor, 22 Vernon St.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St., New phone 318; old, 765-5.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency, X 313, Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

SHOE SHINING PARLORS.

SHINE 5c. SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, 10c; special chairs for ladies. 210 W. Superior street.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1040 Fine six-room house; newly painted and papered throughout; $200 cash, balance $14 per month, without interest.

$1100 Very well built 7-room house on Third avenue west.

$1200 Seven-room house on corner lot, in West End; $200 cash, $12 and interest monthly.

$2250 Fine corner in Lakeside, lot 100x140 with seven-room house.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $3600. T 48, Herald.

FOR SALE—A FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, furnished or unfurnished at Seventeenth street, Park Point. Inquire 212 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 50-foot lot one block from Lincoln park. Inquire 2401 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE — HOUSE AND LOT ON Fourth street, near Twenty-seventh avenue west. Address by letter, H 89, Herald.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
521-518 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 966; Bell 65-5.

LOANS——LOANS——LOANS
To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with on or before privilege, thus stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 10 years insures honorable dealings to all.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New phone 883.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?
On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in the city. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 430 Manhattan building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 10 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and re-payment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 201 Palladio building. Zenith phone 761.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO., THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

TELEGRAPHY.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS WANTED—Big money paid by railroad companies. Will teach you telegraphy evenings for five dollars per month and assist you to a position of not less than $60 per month. Start at once and you will be capable of holding a position by April 1. Address or apply 513 First avenue East.

NOTICE.

For sale, one bay mare, on the fifth day of September, at pound, Second district of Duluth, at 10 a. m.
CHRIST OTTINGER,
Poundmaster.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES —Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Breinholm, 1009 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your Druggis Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.

LADY VISITING HERE FOR A MONTH would like to meet middle-aged gentleman; object pleasure. H. 85, Herald.

THE
CITY NATIONAL BANK,
CITY NATIONAL BANK,
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CITY NATIONAL BANK,
OF DULUTH,
HAS EXCEPTIONAL FACILITIES FOR SERVING YOU ALONG ANY OF THE LINES OF MODERN BANKING.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—REMINGTON TYPEWRITer. 21 First avenue West.

FOR SALE—25,000 SHARES OF PARRY Sound copper stock. Address J 98, Herald.

FOR SALE — BUSINESS, CONSISTING of fruit, cigars, tobacco and groceries, reason for selling, party in poor health. Address 1715 Piedmont avenue.

FOR SALE—VIOLIN—CHEAP. ADdress, J. 99, Herald.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD FRESH milch cows and springers, just received. 718 Fifth avenue east.

FOR SALE—CARY SAFE, 34½x44½ INside measurement. Also one black horse, anybody any drive. Duluth Brewing Co. Twenty-ninth avenue West and Helm street.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

$1.00 FOR PIANO BOXES. THEY MAKE good coal bins. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—PIANO, $100. VALLEY GEM upright piano; can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $25 up. Edmont, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2038 Helm street.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

FOR SALE — YOUNG FOXES TO BE imported from Canada, two silver, four cross, and two red. Good for raising. E. Angermeier, No. 319 First avenue east, Duluth, Minn.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2920 West Third street. New phone 1448.

MILLINERY.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S, Humes.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION, BY A YOUNG GIRL—CALL or address, 118 Park avenue West.

YOUNG MAN CONVERSANT WITH OFfice duties, wishes position; salary no object; references. H 81, Herald.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW, WASHING to take home. Mrs. McKinzie, 1126 West Third street.

POSITION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN place to work for board and attend school. H. 83, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS lady stenographer, with several years' experience. All references. Will leave town. Address, J. 97, Herald.

WANTED—PLACES TO GO OUT cleaning, by the day. Work guaranteed. 17½ Tenth avenue east.

WELL-EDUCATED MAN WITH EXcellent recommendations, desires position of trust in good house. Outside work preferred. Good collector. Address T 42, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS HOUSE CLEANING or any kind of housework, 107 West First street.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. 726 East Third street; upstairs.

WANTED — SET OF BOOKS TO CARE for after supper. Address H 86, Herald.

WANTED — CARPETS TAKEN UP, beaten and laid; any work around house. Drop postal, 706 South Twenty-third avenue east.

WANTED—POSITION—AS BOOKKEEPer or general office work, by young man, age 25; four years' experience as general bookkeeper; city references; moderate salary. Address T. 41, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, STENOGRAPHER, NOT afraid of work, wishes a position. Address, J. 100, Herald.

WANTED SITUATION—BY MIDDLEaged lady as housekeeper; no objection to leaving city. L. 96, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPEtent experienced, thoroughly reliable manager general store, as manager, assistant or bookkeeper. Correspondence solicited with parties contemplating opening branch store. Address W. G., Herald.

WANTED — BY A RESPECTABLE married woman, 45 years old, place to go out nursing by the day or week. Address room 8, 204 West First street.

WOMAN WANTS TO GO OUT WASHing by the day. Address 720 East Third street. Basement.

WANTED — SEWING BY THE DAY OR week by experienced dressmaker. Please address Mrs. M. O. Howell, West Duluth.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

Minnesota State Fair.

The Great Northern Railway announces a special rate of one fare plus fifty cents for the round trip to St. Paul. Tickets on sale August 29 to Sept. 5th, inclusive. Final return limit Sept. 7th. Three trains a day from Duluth, offering service morning, noon and night. $4.80 round trip. Ticket office, 432 W. Superior, corner Spalding Hotel.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GIRLS WITH EXPERIENCE to sew jackets. 925½ West Michigan St.

WOMAN WANTED TO SELL A NECessity to mothers. $12.00 a week clear. Dept. M, Box 78, Philadelphia.

WANTED—LADIES TO CANVASS something new; good wages. Address, E. M. B., Herald office.

WANTED — GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. 1221 East Superior street.

WANTED—APPRENTICE GIRLS FOR millinery. 12 West Superior street.

WANTED—SALESPEOPLE FOR RIBbons, notions, art wares and other departments. Good and permanent positions for experienced and competent young women. Apply to superintendent, Panton & White Co.

WANTED — A SMART GIRL WHO HAS some knowledge of cooking. Apply 1632 East First street.

WANTED— COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST at housework. Apply at 522 East Third street, City.

WANTED—TWO DININGROOM GIRLS at once. Apply E. McNeil, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply 1317 East Second street.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN to make her home with us. Call 928 Sixth avenue east, corner of Tenth street.

WANTED—GOOD KITCHEN GIRL. 112 East Third Street.

WANTED—GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF child and do light work. $2 per week. 230 West Second street.

WANTED — EVERYBODY WANTS their surplus money to earn interest. Try savings department First National bank.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

SIX EXPERIENCED KITCHEN GIRLS want places at once. Apply Mrs. Siebold, 215 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 211 West Second street.

WANTED — SECOND GIRL. 222 FIFTH avenue east.

WANTED—THE LADIES OF DULUTH to participate in great sacrifice music sale now on at Haakonsen & Westguard's.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience, Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

DAKOTA HARVEST TICKETS—
500 men and teams wanted for Minnesota, Wisconsin, Dakota, Michigan and Montana. Free fare. Men for mills, farms, mines, city, etc. National Employment Co., 431 West Michigan St. Also Minneapolis and Chicago. Telephone 376. Est. 1882.

WANTED—NIGHT JANITOR. LONSdale building. Inquire, W. M. Prindle & Co.

WANTED—ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; permanent and growing position. Give age, where employed, salary and references. Address, X. Y., care Herald.

WANTED, AT ONCE—A COMPETENT assistant bookkeeper and stenographer. Permanent position. Address, with references, I. T., Herald.

A FIRST-CLASS ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper and stenographer can obtain a permanent position by addressing, with references, S. O., Herald.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER. MUST be rapid and accurate. One experienced in railroad work preferred. Address, C. P., Herald.

WANTED—GOOD BOOKKEEPER; PERmanent position; one who is familiar with the lumber business preferred. Address, A. B., Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS ASSISTant bookkeeper in mercantile business. Apply in writing, with reference. W. S. care of Herald.

WANTED—MAN TO FIX UP LAWN. Call after 6:30 p. m. at 2126 East Fifth street.

WANTED—DELIVERY CLERK. 1831 East Superior street.

WANTED—MAN TO WORK ON DAIRY farm. Woodland dairy.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—NIGHT COOK AT HALEY'S restaurant.

ENGINEERS WANTED — WE WANT two engineers who have had experience in operating steam road rollers. No others need apply. Call in person, Room 403 Hammond block, Superior, Wis.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN FOR OFfice work. North Land Coal company, 328 West Superior street.

WANTED—Experienced salesmen for dress goods, silks, flannels, blankets and comforters; good salaries and steady positions for experienced men. Apply personally or by letter; all communications confidential; also special delivery boys. Silberstein & Bondy Co.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED-- CONTINUED.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

HUSTLER—TO DISTRIBUTE SAMPLES and collect; salary $18 weekly; expenses advanced; old house, good route; chance for advancement. Enclose addressed envelope. Advertising dept., Star building, Chicago.

AGENTS WANTED.

SOLICITORS for the city to write Health and Accident insurance; salary and commission to hustlers. Address Union Mutual Insurance Co., 306 Palladio, Duluth.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 20 West Seventh street.

FOR RENT—TWO AND THREE ROOMS —1021 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND alcove. 210 East Third street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FRONT ROOM in private family, suitable for two gentlemen; modern conveniences; reasonable rates. One block from postoffice. Address G. A., Herald.

FURNISHED ROOMS — $2.00, $2.50. 19 First avenue West.

ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN SUITE—GAS, electric light, hot water heat, pleasant location, near High school; few minutes walk from Superior street; gentlemen preferred. H 82, Herald.

FOR RENT—A LARGE FURNISHED room. 130 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS AT 312 EAST Ninth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; private family; bath, electric light. Rate very reasonable to permanent tenant. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED ROOM; steam heat. 206 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 212 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room for gentleman. 1431 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite. Board if desired. Gentlemen preferred. 218 Fourth avenue West.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE FURNISHED front room, near Cathedral. 207 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. APply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room for two gentlemen. 120 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, HOT water heat, electric light and bath. $8 per month. 706½ West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 1401 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room for one or two gentlemen. 628 West Second street.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR GENTLEmen. Modern conveniences. 510 East First street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 old Herald bldg.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, SECOND floor, No. 520 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—NO. 17 FIRST AVENUE west, between Superior and First streets. Mendenhall & Hoopes, or J. H. O'Leary & Co., 732 East Third.

WANTED--TO RENT.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR UNFURnished rooms, small flat, or house. Address with full particulars, H. 84, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT—SIX OR SEVENroom flat, centrally located; heat, lights, bath. Jack Franey, 210 West Superior street.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE MODERN rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Duluth or Superior. Address H 97, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

THE TECUMSEH, 320 WEST SECOND; board and rooms for man and wife or gentlemen.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily. Modern conveniences. 807 East First street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM, BY single man. Not to exceed $20 or $25 per month. Address, T. 37, Herald.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—FIVE DOLLAR BILL, BETWEEN Twelfth and Twenty-third avenues East, on Fourth street. Finder will be rewarded if returned to 1121 East Fourth street.

LOST—SALESMAN'S PRICE BOOK, between Garfield and Twenty-eighth avenues west. Finder please 'phone C. N. Erickson, 950 Zenith 'phone.

LOST—ON THE STREET CROSSING where the car stops opposite Hunter's Park grocery store, a large cameo belt-pin with twisted gold setting. Finder please return to L. W. Kline, 1212 East Third street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — TO BUY—SOUND HORSE suitable for family use. Weight over 1200. Also desire light wagon. Address L 86, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

A. GRANQVIST, MASSAGE TREATment. Only cure for rheumatism. 108 West Superior street. Room 411, New Jersey building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1526 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1003-2; new, 1303.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 660; res. 1213.

HAIRDRESSING.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR SWITCHES; FIRST quality, natural color, Knauf Sisters, 201 West Superior street, corner First avenue west. Both 'phones.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. DUluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. 'Phones, old, 544; new, 831.

HAIRDRESSING.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c., CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT, Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom, 415 W. Mich. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 21st, 1903. Work, second degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 1. Work, Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Important business Sept. 3. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. Class night Aug. 27. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, Re corder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Wednesday, Aug. 26, in regard to degree work. Harry Milnes, commander, city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 31 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Sept. 1st. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September; 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2206.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.
HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shenherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder. Notice — Meeting called Tuesday, Sept. 1st, at 7 o'clock, on account of excursion given by Lakeside lodge.

MACHINISTS.

ALL MEMBERS OF THE MACHINISTS' union are requested to meet in front of the AXA building, No. 221 West Superior street, Labor day, Sept. 7, at 8 o'clock in the morning. Labor day parade starts at 8:30 sharp.

12 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 PAGES

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

YACHTS LIKELY TO HAVE A FINISH RACE

Ninety-Footers Get Away With Good Breeze.

The Reliance As Usual at Once Takes Lead.

TOLD BY BULLETINS.

New York, Sept. 3, 1 p. m.—Starting gun fired. Both yachts heading for the line, with Reliance slightly in lead. Starting time, unofficial: Reliance, 1:01:10; Shamrock, 1:01:40.

1:14 p. m.—Reliance in the first quarter hour worked into a position an eighth of a mile to windward.

1:21 p. m.—The yachts are still holding for the Jersey shore. Reliance seems to be making her usual gains. Wind light and they have sailed scarcely a mile of the course.

1:25 p. m.—The wind seems to be increasing off shore and the boats are beginning to increase their speed.

1:44 p. m.—Wind has freshened to about eight knots and has worked around until it is a little east of south.

1:55 p. m.—Reliance has a lead of half a mile and is well to windward. Official time start: Rellonce, 1:01:56; Shamrock, 1:02:00.

2 p. m.—Yachts have covered half distance to the outer mark. Wind has freshened to nine miles. Reliance maintains her lead and is outpointing Shamrock.

New York, 2:17 p. m.—Reliance is still increasing her lead and is outpointing the Shamrock by three-quarters of a point. Both yachts heeling well over to the freshening breeze.

2:30 p. m.—Reliance is slowly eating her way to windward and now leads by fully three-quarters of a mile.

At 2:30 the indications were that the boats would turn the outer mark within another hour, which would give them three hours within which to make the run home.

Off Long Branch—Reliance is leading by a mile.

THE DETAILED STORY.

New York, Sept. 3.—With a fog heavier than on any previous morning and but a five or six-mile wind from the northward, the conditions early this morning for the fourth attempt this week to sail the third of the series of the international races were far from ideal. The wind at the Hook, at 8:35, was reported officially at five miles. The sun, too, began to break through the mist, and it then began to clear rapidly. Soon it was possible to see half a mile or more, blue skies were in evidence and the prospects of a race were more encouraging than on any previous day this week.

When the boats reached the lightship the wind had hauled around to the southeast and was blowing about five miles an hour. It was clearing gradually but the fog was still so heavy that at 10:35 the committee boat Navigator signalled a postponement of the start until later in the day.

As in yesterday's proceedings, there was nothing for the boats to do but manouver about the start in hope for some wind. By 11:45 o'clock the sun came out warm and bright. It continued to burn away the fog, and by noon it was comparatively clear. The wind had increased at that time to six miles an hour according to the official observer at Sandy Hook and showed some signs of becoming strong enough to make a race.

As the weather was gradually growing clearer the committee decided to wait until 1 p. m., the latest hour under the rules, before starting the race.

At this time the wind had increased to seven miles and as it was from the southeast, the course was undoubtedly a 15-mile beat in that direction and a run home.

They manouvered about the starting line until that time and at 1 p. m., when the starting gun was fired, both yachts headed for the line with Reliance slightly leading. Both boats went over the line on the starboard tack, but moved slowly. They had sheets well flattened for the beat to windward. Immediately after crossing the line the boats apparently went about on the port tack and headed for the Jersey shore.

The preparatory gun was fired at 12:45 and the warning gun ten minutes later. The American boat crossed about a minute after the starting gun was fired, followed about 30 seconds later by Shamrock.

The boats had not sailed many minutes before the wind began to strengthen. Reliance continued to gain, beating out to windward of Shamrock, although the latter seemed to foot almost as fast. At 1:32 both yachts were about 4 miles off the Jersey coast.

UNITED STATES PUTS UP A STRONG CASE ON BOUNDARY

The Alaskan Commission Hold First Meeting.

The Oral Arguments Will Begin on Sept. 15.

London, Sept. 3.—The Alsakan boundary commissioners held their first meeting today in the conference room of the foreign office.

Prior to the formal assembling, the commissioners met in their private conference room and selected Reginald T. Tower, of the British diplomatic service, formerly attached to the legation at Washington, and recently minister to Siam, to be secretary of the commission. J. R. Carter, second secretary of the United States, and Mr. Pope, a representative of the Canadian government, were appointed assistant secretaries. Lord Chief Justice Alverstone was subsequently chosen chairman of the commission.

It was announced that oral arguments commence Sept. 15 and Lord Alverstone expressed the hope that they would be finished by Oct. 9.

Lord Alverstone, after formally announcing that the convention was in session, stating that he had been selected as president, an honor which he highly appreciated, asked counsel when they desired to begin the oral arguments. Sir Robert B. Finlay, the attorney general, in behalf of the British counsel, suggested that at least two weeks would be required for preparation to which Judge John M. Dickinson, representing the American counsel, assented, though he said the American counsel would be ready in a week.

Lord Alverstone asked when the oral arguments would be finished and Attorney General Finlay suggested Oct. 15, but his lordship remarked that he thought a shorter period was advisable, and Oct. 9 was fixed upon. The commission decided to sit five days per week, beginning Sept. 15, and excluding Saturday's an dto be in session from 11 a. m. to 4 p. m. daily and granted permission for a limited number of representatives of the press to attend the sittings.

In order that the presentation of cases may be exhaustive, it has been arranged that three of the council of each government shall make arguments, the British opening and being followed alternately by Americans and British, the former securing the advantage of delivering the closing argument.

The commission then reviewed the objection of secrecy on all documents thereto exchanged and the sitting was adjourned, the commissioners, agents and counsel proceeding to the Quadrangle, where they were photographed.

The conference room of the foreign office, where the commissioners met, is the choicest apartment in the British public buildings. Elihu Root and Lord Alverstone sat in the center and separate tables were provided for counsel.

A few minutes after 11 o'clock the commission took their seats, Senator Turner on the extreme right, then Professor Sir Louis Jette, formerlyof the superior court of Quebec, lieutenant governor of the province of Quebec and Professor of civil law; Mr. Root, Lord Alverstone, Senator Lodge, A. B. Aylesworth, who succeeded the late Justic Armour, of Canada, on the commission; Mr. Foster and Clifton Sifton, Canadian minister of the interior. The agents of the respective governments sat at desks on the extreme right and left of the commission, while counsel and the stenographers ocupied desks facing the commissioners.

The documents covering the American presentation of the case are comprised in three volumes, making a total of about 1100 pages. In addition there are also two volumes of maps. The largest of the volumes of text contains the original statement by the American commissioners, while one of the smaller volumes presents the American counter-case in rejoinder to the British case and the other the arguments of the American commissioners.

In the first volume the questions at issue, namely, what is intended to be the point of commencement of the line of demarkation between the United States and Canada; what is the Portland canal; what course the line should take to the entrance of that channel; to what point of the fifty-sixth parallel the line should be drawn from the head of Portland canal, and other familiar questions are discussed. There also is extensive discussion of the extent of the strip of territory along the coast on the mainland that Russia conveyed to the United States by the treaty of 1867. It appears from the document that Great Britain concedes that the line begins at Cape Muzon.

The United States contends that it was the intention of the powers who signed the treaty of 1825 to confirm in full sovereignty to Russia a continuous strip or lisiers along the continental shores of the northwest coast of America extending from Portland canal to 141st meridian of longitude west of Greenwich, and that such strip was to be ten marine leagues measured from the heads of all gulfs and other arms of the sea, unless there was within that distance a range of mountains. The contention is further made that there is no such mountain range. It also is urged that the United States has occupied this strip of territory ever since its acquisition from Russia, and that Russia had controlled it since the treaty of 1825 until ceded to the United States in 1867.

In its counter-statement the American commission makes rejoinder to points covered in the presentation of the British side of the case, which, it appears, contains twenty or more documents which heretofore have not been given to the public.

The additional evidence referred to bears upon the negotiations which took place between Great Britain and Russia during the years 1823 to 1825, and it is contended that the new evidence in no way alters any material contention made in the original allegation, but that on the contrary "it confirms and strengthens the position of the United States."

These documents consist largely of statements made and letters written by Mr. Peliy, who was at that time deputy governor of the Hudson Bay company, and it is contended that his letters fully sustain the assertion that in fixing a line of demarkation the British government acted solely in the interests of that company.

The commissioners discuss at some length the claim made by their opponents that many protests have been filed by British officials against the American claim in reference to the boundary line. They admit that from time to time there have been informal representations, but these, they assert, were in the main without sufficient data to justify serious consideration. Indeed, they say that never until after the Klondike gold discoveries were made in 1896 did the British government take up the question seriously. They admit that in 1898 attention was called to the claim of the British government that the ten-league strip extended only from the main waters of the ocean, but they say that this contention was not made absolutely clear until the British case was delivered to the present tribunal on the 2d of May last.

In support of the American contention that the strip should measure from tide water and from the heads of bays and inlets, a number of depositions are produced in connection with the counter case, going to show the occupation of this strip by settlers from the United States since 1880. Especial effort is directed toward showing the control of the country about the head of Lynn canal, including the sites of the towns of Dyea, Skagway, White Pass and Lake Bonnet. It also is stated that numerous documents have been preserved which had been given to chiefs and others by officials of the United States, showing the presence in the Lynn canal inlets of naval and other authorities of the United States annually for twenty years after the United States acquired the territory. It is contended that this occupation and control were known to the Canadian government and its people. Discussing the boundaries proposed by Great Britain, the commission makes reference to the instability of the Canadian contention on this point, and concludes that "the United States has from the time of the cession of Alaska to the present day maintained but one interpretation of the treaty of 1825. Its position has been open and known to the world. It is the same which was presented to the tribunal in its case, and which it now reiterates in this counter case."

Considerable space is devoted to the part played by the Klondike gold discoveries in arousing Great Britain's interest in the controversy, and in this connection notice is taken of an assertion made by the British commissioners that the towns of Dyea and Skagway owed their existence to the migration to the Klondike.

Strong exception also is taken to the contention that there was a reservation on the part of England when the United States volunteered to create a port of entry into Dyea. The agreement asserts that whatever reservation there was, was made by a commissioner of customs, and that he had no authority in the premises.



THE WEST: We will take that money we loaned you last spring, thank you. We need it in our business.

ISTHMIAN REBELS

Said to Control the Canal Situation at Panama.

Preparations For Rebellion Against the Government Continue.

Panama, Sept. 3.—The spirit of revolution is rife and gaining in force in the isthmus, as the result of the rejection of the canal treaty by the Colombian congress at Bogota. Only vigorous action on the part of the government can prevent an outbreak, and it is doubtful whether such action is possible.

Gen. Vasquez Cobos, secretary of war, who resigned his post under the criticism that followed a recent orgie, and who was stationed at this point mainly because of the fact that this is the Colombian naval rendezvous, is practically sulking in his tent, and although report has it that the government has refused to accept his resignation, it is doubtful if he can be induced in his present mood to do aught to stem the tide of revolutionary feeling that pervades all classes.

Gen. Huertes, commandant at Fort Chuiriqui, and virtually commander of all the government forces in and around Panama, one of the bravest and best soldiers in the Colombian army, is at this time the only officer to whom the government may look with any hope of checking the revolutionary spirit, and even Huertes has no heart in the government's position, being a warm sympathizer of the canal project. It is regarded as extremely unlikely that he would turn the guns of Chuiriquita on the people of the city, who are almost a unit for a declaration of independence that would separate the isthmus from the mainland and make easy a treaty with the United States that would insure the building of the canal and the establishment of commercial and agricultural prosperity in this province.

As for the naval fleet, it is practically controlled by Americans or pro-American Englishmen. They form the gunning, navigating and engineering forces of the fleet, and it has long been known that they would be only too glad of the opportunity to slip the yoke of the Columbian government and espouse any cause that would afford the isthmus a free and independent government.

The batteries of the Bogota, Chuiquita, Padilila and the Panama are practically under the control of Col. Fred Lawson and Col. George Cross, who have repeatedly asserted favor for a revolutionary movement, and more freely, because even the government forces here are almost a unit for such a departure. Their attitude has been regarded as significant because of the friendship that exists between them and Gen. Huertes, with whom they were closely identified during the late revolution, when Gen. Huertes had command of the Chuiquita.

The engineering forces of the navy are practically at the mercy of Joseph P. Furtado of Providence, R. I., who has also expressed the wish that the isthmus would pass into the control of the United States.

All the foreign residents ashore are secretly, if not openly, friends of the revolutionary party. Bankers and merchants have for years looked forward to the completion of the canal by the United States as the salvation of the depression that came as the result of three years of civil war, and it is openly stated that they will contribute liberally to any movement tending to free the isthmus from the rule of the authorities at Bogota. The leading banker of Panama recently said that he would give $10,000 to any revolutionary party that would undertake the annexation of the isthmus to the United States. And the banker is not an American.

In Panama are many veterans of the late revolution, who are avowedly hostile to the Bogota government. Gen. Jeffries, the American, who, with Gov. Alban, in the late civil war, repelled the rebel attack on Colon; Gen. Estubon A. Morales, secretary of finance of the late revolutionary government, and a score more of men noted for their fighting qualities, are ready to take up arms the moment the signal is given.

In the interior the spirit of revolution never quite suppressed, is burning with greater intensity than it is in the seaport towns of Panama and Colon. Indians are massing in numbers at Chorerra and San Carlos. At the latter point and at Boujouka are several hundred of the followers of Gen. Victoriano Lorenzo, the chief of 7000 braves who followed the fortunes of Gen. Herarra, in the late revolution. The Boujouka forces await the arrival of Col. Lewis, a New York newspaper man, who should be with them in the course of the coming week. Col. Lewis was in the Colombian secret service during the late revolution. He was captured at Chorerra by some of Lorenzo's men and escaped from the government house while the court martial convened to try him as a spy, was in session. When he returned to Panama with full information as to the disposition of the rebel forces along the line of the Panama railroad, Gov. Salazar, under some pretense, refused to pay him the sum agreed upon for the successful accomplishment of his mission. Lewis vowed vengeance. As matters stand now, he is in a fair way to get it. He left San Francisco for Puenta Arenas, Costa Rica, over two weeks ago. Thence he will make his way to Agua Dulce, and from there to Boujouka by schooner.

The revolutionary feeling here is not of late growth. It has been fomenting since some time before the Columbian congress was convened at Bogota. Despite the optimistic cable dispatches that were received here from the United States concerning the canal matter, it was never for a moment in Panama supposed that the treaty would be ratified. The power of money in a Colombian congress is too thoroughly understood in this country, and when it was known that the transcontinental railroads of the United States were opposed to the ratification of the treaty, it was taken for granted that the treaty would be defeated. It was calculated that the defeat of the treaty would make no big deficiency in the treasury of the transcontinental railroad interests.

So far as the question of the success of the revolutionary movement is concerned, there can be only one conclusion. The position of the isthmus is unassailable. It is not approachable overland by great bodies of troops and can only be attacked through the ports of Colon and Panama. With the naval forces in control of the revolutionists such attack would be practically impossible.

SULTAN EXPRESSES SORROW FOR OUTRAGES IN HIS EMPIRE

The Ruler of Turkey, Contrary to All Precedent, Makes a Lengthy Speech to Audience Received By Him on His Anniversary.

Constantinople, Sept. 3.—On the anniversary of his accession Tuesday the sultan received in audience at the palace the heads of the religious communities and the ecumenical patriarch made a speech of congratulations. In reply thereto, after thanking the patriarch and the others present for their good wishes, the sultan, contrary to precedent, spoke at some length, as follows:

All my desire is for the welfare of the population, without distinction of race or religion. As to the detestable and regretable deeds to which the patriarch alluded, I am convinced that the movement does not proceed spontaneously from the population, but is instigated from abroad. I hope the measures taken will insure tranquility. I call God to witness the sincerity of my declaration and that all my aspirations and work are for the welfare and prosperity of all my subjects."

Turning then to the Bulgarian patriarch, the sultan bade him communicate his words to his flock.

Next, addressing the Greek patriarch, the sultan said he regretted that the Greek population had also suffered from the recent troubles and declared he would be pleased to contribute to the subscriptions being raised in the patriarchate in behalf of the sufferers.

The sultan further remarked that he was very sorry that some of the soldiers had been guilty of acts contrary to his orders and desires.

The sultan personally assured Mgr. Ormanian, the Armenian patriarch, that his words applied to the Armenians as well as to the people of other nationalities.

The porte's note of warning to the embassies and legations informing them that, according to police information, the Bulgarian agitators were projecting outrages against the embassies, legations and public buildings in Constantinople, saying the Ottoman government had taken precautions and requesting the heads of the foreign missions to do likewise, was issued in consequence of the reports at the Russian embassy of an anonymous letter threatening outrages at the winter residences of the Russian ambassador and consul general.

GEN. C. C. ANDREWS TELLS WHY MONUMENT SHOULD BE BUILT

Minneapolis, Sept. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Gen. C. C. Andrews, formerly colonel of the Third Minnesota veteran regiment, made the following remarks in regard to the monument at Vicksburg, at the reunion of his regiment in Morgan Post hall today. The last legislature failed to make an appropriation for a monument:

"Why should Minnesota erect a monument at Vicksburg? Because she had three regiments and one light battery of troops there and because the results of the operations, opening as they did the Mississippi, were the most decisive and glorious of the war. Besides, there were 517 Minnesota soldiers who died in the battle, from wounds, or from disease in the Lower Mississippi country, and the monument will in som esort be a memorial to them.

"Congress has established a national military park," including the battlefield of Vicksburg, and states which had Confederate as well as Union troops may build monuments. The war department lays the foundation of any monument, the inscription must be approved by the secretary of war, and is not permitted to contain certain words of praise or blame.

"Minnesota is distinguished for her monuments at Gettysburg and Chickamagua, and any monument she may erect at Vicksburg should be fitting to the deeds commemorated and to her own character now and hereafter.

WAS STRYCHNINE IN HIS COFFEE

St. Paul, Sept. 3.—A special to the Dispatch from Helena, Mont., says: E. McKelvey, a clerk in a local dry goods store, died suddenly at his home yesterday after drinking a sup of coffee. A coroner's jury was summoned to inquire into the manner of his death, and a decided sensation was caused by the testimony of Dr. W. C. Riddel, who attended the man, and who announced that McKelvey had died from strychnine poison. Dr. Riddel said that during one of his lucid spells just before he died McKelvey denied that he had taken anything. The man is known to have had $20 in his pockets when he left the store, but at the time of death only 50 cents was found on his person.

BRYAN GIVES HIS REASONS FOR SUPPORTING CLARKE

Cleveland Man Is Not Exactly His Choice But He Thinks If He Is Elected Senator He Can Be Trusted.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 3.—W. J. Bryan was the guest yesterday of the Ohio state board of agriculture, and yesterday afternoon delivered a non-partisan address at the state fair grounds. John H. Clarke, Cleveland, indorsed by the Democratic state convention for United States senator, spoke from the same platform.

Mr. Bryan left late in the afternoon for Marion, Ohio, where he addressed a DDemocratic meeting last night.

While in Columbus Mr. Bryan gave out a statement relative to the indorsement of John H. Clarke for United States senator. It says in part:

"I should have preferred the nomination of some one who had been active and earnest in the support of all the planks of our platform, but the delegates who indorsed the Kansas City platform also indorsed Mr. Clarke, and after talking with him and listening to his speech last night I am satisfied that his sympathies are with the people in their fight against organized wealth, and that if elected senator he can be trusted to stand for the reform for which the Democratic party is contending.

He has long advocated the election of senators by a direct vote, a reform without which other reforms are impossible. He is opposed to governments by injunction, and this question is a good test of his sympathies. He is in favor of an income tax, another proof that he is not the representative of the plutocracy. His views on imperialism and the tariff are sound and in line with Democratic principles. His one difference is one phase of the money question, namely, metallic money. And on this question I believe he was grievously in error in 1896.

"But since that time the quantity of money has been established and the arguments made in favor of a larger volume have been vindicated.

"On the more acute phases of the money question I believe he will be found in entire harmony with the Kansas City platform Democrats. I cannot conceive of his supporting an asset currency or the Aldrich bill, neither do I believe that he would support the Republican measures that provide for branch banks and for making the silver dollar redeemable in gold.

"While we might prefer some other Democrat to him we certainly must prefer him to a Republican who is against us on all questions, and the legislature that will elect him, will also give the people home rule, cheaper railroad fares and more equitable taxation. To oppose him because of his action in 1896 in spite of the fact that he helped us heartily in 1900, in spite of the fact that he has supported Johnson in all his reforms, in spite of the fact that he has and is now helping us in everything except one phase of one question, and in spite of the fact that on that question I believe his sympathies will lead him to our side when he thoroughly understands the subject, to oppose him, I say, in spite of these things, would be unreasonable and unjust."

UNKNOWN SUICIDES AT LOS ANGELES

Cincinnati, Sept. 3.—Dispatches received here say that a man supposed to be Charles N. Blake, of Cincinnati, shot himself near Los Angeles last night, and that the name of Helen West, of Covington, Ky., appeared on papers in his pockets. No such name as Charles H. Blake appears in the directories of Cincinnati or Covington or adjacent towns. It is thought the victim might be Benjamin J. West, formerly principal of schools at Newport, Ky., who has been traveling in Southern California, and that Helen West is his wife, but she is not now in this locality, and all efforts to identify the parties have failed.

GOVERNMENT ENDORSES BEAUPRE

Washington, Sept. 3.—Additional instructions have been cabled Mr. Beaupre, the American minister at Bogota, reiterating the position of this government regarding the canal treaty. The state department assumes entire responsibility for every representation of Mr. Beaupre to the Bogota government concerning the treaty and his activity in this direction is heartily endorsed by the president and Secretary Hay. Minister Beaupre's latest instructions advise him that President Roosevelt will not enter into any engagement with the Columbian government which will hamper his scope of action under the canal law. This government will not indicate what its course of action will be in the event the treaty is rejected.

THE BIG CAMP AT FORT RILEY WILL BE MOST SPECTACULAR

Fourteen Thousand Troops Will Be Encamped on the River Flats Near Junction City In the Form of a Gigantic Fan.

Junction City, Kas., Sept. 3.—The plans for the big camp at Fort Riley during the manouveres show that the camp will be one of the most spectacular ever planned. The 14,000 troops which are to participate will be encamped on the Republican river flats just north of Junction City in the form of a gigantic fan, which will have its apex near the bluffs a half mile further north of the town. At the apex of the camp will be the headquarters of the commanding general and his staff.

On the ribs of the fan will be encamped, in regimental formation, the various regiments and battalions of cavalry, infantry, engineers and signal corps and batteries of artillery composing the division of manouver.

An extensive line of water pipes will be laid at the site before the arrival of the troops.

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DULUTH, MINN.

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

Our Prices Are Low
Our Goods Are New
Come See.



Rockers, $1.75

Made of solid hardwood, golden finish, cobbler seat, braced arms and legs, neatly carved backs. A most comfortable and serviceable Rocker. The ordinary store would ask $4.00 for an equal value—we sell them for—

$1.75

Leather Seated Dining Chairs



Made of solid quarter sawed oak, rich golden finish, hand polished, box seat, well and substantially made. Other dealers would ask $4.00 for an equal value. We sell them for—

$2.25

New Fall Carpetings

Carpet time again! To those in need of any description of floor covering we would say that we were never before so well prepared to supply your every want.

As a special inducement we offer the following exceptional values for this week's buyers—

Specially Priced This Week

All our 9x12 Wilton Velvet Rugs, a large and choice selection, regular $25 to $30 values, for this week only—

$19.50

Smyrna Rugs, size 18x36-in., regular $1.00 value—for..... 65c

Smyrna Rugs, size 21x45-in., regular $1.50 value—for..... 85c

Smyrna Rugs, size 26x54-in., regular $2.25 value—for..... $1.25

Good Coal Bins, $1.00.

We refer to piano boxes which must be disposed of, and we offer them at the above low price, provided you have them carted away.

This piano business has grown so large that it is impossible to dispose of all the boxes in the usual way, so we take this means of doing it.

Special Sale Jardiniers

The fall season—the time for potting plants—will soon be here. Do you need a new jardinier or two? If so, this is your opportunity. The values offered below are great:

LOT 1—6, 7 and 8-inch Jardinieres—large assortment—for—

15 cents

LOT 2—7 and 8-inch Jardinieres in assorted colors—new shapes and rich colorings, for—

28 cents

LOT 3—7, 8 and 9-inch Jardinieres—a large assortment of beautiful effects, for—

88 cents

LOT 4—7, 8 and 9-inch Jardinieres — more elaborate than Lot 3, for—

98 cents

A large and beautiful line of Jardinieres in the Rookwood effects—8-inch size, **68¢**—9-inch size **98¢** — 10-inch size **$1.68.**

All Goods Sold on Monthly Payments.

FIVE BILLS FOUND

Grand Jury Returns Result of Its First Day's Work.

Three Indictments For Forgery Against One Man—One Release.

The grand jury, in district court, this morning, returned the results of its first day's work during the present term of court. Five true bills, of which three were against one man, were returned. Against one individual no bill was found. The grand jury then went into session again and no other returns are expected to be made before tomorrow morning.

George Rentschler is under three indictments, each charging forgery in the second degree. The information against him is that last spring he attempted to pass some counterfeit time checks against the Scott-Graff Lumber company, of this city, in amounts varying from $17 to $63, one on Martin Nicholson, another on I. Lieberman, and the third on a man whose name the grand jury did not state.

Andrew Anderson is indicted for assault in the second degree, the information against him being that in the village of Biwabik, July 27 last, he struck one Peter Johnson on the head, face and hands with a large heavy club that was capable of doing great bodily injury.

Charles Rossiter, a West Duluth man, is indicted for attempting to rape one Katherine Mueller, an elderly woman, the crime being alleged to have occurred in that part of the city June 10 last.

No bill was returned against William P. Harris, who has been in the county jail over two months past, bound over to the grand jury on the charge of adultery. Harris has been released and discharged from custody.

THE ELKS' SOCIAL.

They Show Their Guests a Good Time.

Elks' hall was the liveliest place in town last night, except at the fire in the Alworth building, and 400 Elks and their friends gathered thre to enjoy the "ladies' social session" which had been prepared for the occasion. It was one of the most interesting and enjoyable events of the year, and the vote of everybody there might be summed up in the words of the alleged society editor: "a good time was had."

There was music and dancing up to 11 o'clock, the former furnished by a local orchestra. At 11 o'clock City Comptroller W. S. McCormick gave the toast to "Our Absent Brethren" in a very eloquent manner. An excellent lunch followed, and then came the program. Members of the Metropolitan stock company arrived from the theater, and took part in the program, which was a most enjoyable one. Charles Applehagen, James Hester, W. A. Coughlin, William Robinson, the Gardner children and Baby Rhea gave charming bits that were loudly applauded. Then the crowd resumed dancing, which lasted until rather late.

QUEER PENSION FUND.

It seems to be the universal opinion in this country at any rate, that in bright, up-to-date advertising methods, the United States leads the world, says the Brooklyn Eagle. There are some advertising dodges, however, in England, which in ingenuity and in results quite come up to any that we have evolved. A letter from that country recently received shows that a poor widow is receiving a weekly pension of ten shillings from a tea company located at Louth, England. The only thing the woman did to earn the pension was to buy a half pound of tea every week for one year previous to the time of her husband's death, from the firm, which has agents all over the country. The pension will last as long as the woman lives and the company has deposited many thousand pounds with the government as a guarantee fund, in order that even if the firm failed the promise to pay the pensions would still hold good.

Of course, the woman might have gone on buying tea for years and years, her husband living to enjoy it with her, but it was only necessary that she should have been a buyer one year prior to his death. This is a case where the firm, beside reaping a large benefit for itself by its unique advertising method may feel that it is doing a charitable act as well, for the ten shillings a week is all that stands between its recipient and poverty, and it is probable that this is only one of many similar cases which have been placed on the unique pension fund.

The firm advertises extensively in the newspapers and magazines its pension ofer and its patronage is large and steadily growing.

New York & Return, $25.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th, inclusive; good for return until Sept. 30.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

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AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK,
DULUTH, - MINN.

Capital ---------- $500,000
Surplus and Profits $250,000

Incorporated 1879.
Oldest Bank at Head of the Lakes.

Deposit Your SAVINGS in our Interest Deposit Department

Books given and interest paid on Deposits of $1.00 and upwards.

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FIRE OR NO FIRE!

NO DELAY OR INCONVENIENCE TO OUR PATRONS.

CAPITAL — CITY NATIONAL BANK of DULUTH. — $500,000

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J. H. UPHAM, - - - President
A. R. MACFARLANE, - Vice-President
WM. I. PRINCE, - - - Cashier
GEO. E. GIBSON, - - Asst. Cashier
WM. L. McLENNAN, - - Accountant

DIRECTORS:

Albert H. Comstock, Albert S. Chase, Archibald M. Chisholm, Geo. G. Barnum, Robert F. Fitzgerald, John F. Killorin, Capt. Alex McDougall, John Panton, J. H. Upham, A. R. Macfarlane, Wm. I. Prince.

OFFICES AS USUAL, IN THE ALWORTH OR TRUST BUILDING, NEAR THE CORNER OF THIRD AVENUE WEST AND SUPERIOR STREET.

Although the fire last night spoiled a little of the plaster and discolored the walls somewhat, besides breaking one or two lights of glass, no other damage was done, and the bank officers will be pleased to welcome all its old and new friends in both the commercial and savings departments as usual. Banking hours, 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. Savings department open during regular banking hours and on Saturday evenings from 6 to 8 p. m.

DIVORCE MILL

District Court Is Passing on Alleged Matrimonial Misfits.

Twenty-Six Plaintiffs Ask For Release From Hated Ties.

Three district court judges today listened to the tales of woe of the plaintiffs in a number of divorce cases.

Twenty-six of these actions were called for trial today, but it is hardly likely that all will be disposed of by this evening.

Ten cases were tried in court this morning, the defendant appearing in but one out of the ten and in this case there is still a warm contest on in Judge Dibell's room this afternoon.

The first case called in Judge Ensign's room this morning was that of Emma Schmitz against John N. Schmitz, the grounds being desertion. At the conclusion of the testimony the court took the matter under advisement. The particularly interesting feature of the testimony in this action was a letter of the defendant's which the plaintiff introduced in evidence and which, reproduced literally, reads as follows:

"Neel Olner—I wish you tel Amma sche should huriep up wit her Divorse paper so i can got miret agan. i got the best pick here i saun in moy live, the pudies girls ever, rich and pure old and young. i got one her wat is 19 years old and got a nice home boy her seift wort 2000 dauler wort. i can got her as soone as i wont, but i wate fore moy paper from moy old Fule Amma, sche wont me to merie her now wit out papers but i wont due that. i wont to be frea From amma. i never wil live wit her no more as long as i live. i gave her a good ofer to com to me but the other man is better than i. is all rite to. i wil close close fore this time next time i rite i sent moy wife and moy seift to you and sea wat a nice women itsganer is old one. sche aunt got no long nose as amma has and twise as good lucken. sche is no big cow and such fule. yours truley J. N. Schmitz Kern Sity California."

The case of Jennie Hannah against Eugene Hannah on the grounds of bad treatment was partially submitted. The defendant, who is known as the "Minnesota Chicken," did not appear. The plaintiff testified that she was subjected to ill-treatment until she had to quit her husband, and that he was formerly a prize fighter, and got drunk and abused her.

The court found for the plaintiff in the case of Mary Kwiatkowske against Joseph Kwiatkowske, the grounds being desertion.

The case of Ellen Swanson against Charles O. Swanson was taken under advisement. The defendant in the action was sent to state's prison from Duluth about two years ago.

In Judge Cant's room the court found for the plaintiff in the case of Isaac Tift against Rose Tift. The case of George L. Patterson, against Willmar Patterson, was partially submitted and the court took under advisement the application of Josephine Miner against Ernest Miner.

In Judge Dibell's room the court granted a divorce to Girta Snider from Frank Snider, on the ground of desertion.

The action brought by Hilda Oberg, against Sakris Oberg, was on trial the greater part of the morning and was expected to be completed this afternoon. This was the only divorce action in which a defense was interposed and there was quite a large crowd of the friends of the two parties present.

The couple were married 17 years ago, and until about a year ago lived at Virginia, where the wife kept boarders. She claims that she furnished the money to set her husband up in business, but that he wasted his money gambling and hanging around saloons. She states that she finally told him she intended moving to Duluth and that he drew up articles of separation, which she signed. She claims further that he was glad to get rid of her and that he accused her of intimacy with other men. She was very voluable and had to be stepped many times to allow the court stenographer to catch up. An interpreter was necessary to secure the testimony of some of the witnesses.

DENIED BY SHAW.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—The published report that government deposits in national banks are to be materially increased is declared by Secretary of the Treasury Shaw to be unfounded.

HOTEL DE KATE
CAFE

Your day's outing at Park Point is incomplete without a meal at this popular Cafe. Best Meals Obtainable. Splendid Service.

FELIX HERZOG, Prop.,
104 E. Fourth St. 'Phone 136-3

ROOT AS A FOOL-KILLER.

Secretary Root will always be remembered for witty replies to foolish questions asked by those who are seeking to have him tell something that he does not wish to make public, says the Washington Post. All manner of questions have been asked of the war secretary at times in order to get him to "give up," but never with success. He would say just as much as he thought ought to be made public, and no more. During the Chinese campaign he had a lot of "fencing" with the newspaper men who were anxious to have the latest information.

"Is it true, Mr. Secretary," he was asked one day, "that Minister Conger has been instructed to demand the execution of Prince Taun?"

"No, that is not true," responded Mr. Root, "but General Chaffee has been instructed to send the 'poison cup' to the empress dowager."

On the day the insular cases were decided by the supreme court there was a great deal of speculation as to what the court meant. Secretary Root had attended the session of the court and listened to the opinions. Soon after his return to the war department a large delegation of newspaper men called on him to interpret the decision. The secretary protested that it was impossible for him, after hearing the opinions read once, to come to a conclusion. He was asked many questions about different phases of the opinions, but returned the same answer. Finally one man said:

"Mr. Secretary tell us this much: Under these decisions, does the constitution follow the flag?"

The secretary considered a moment, and with the peculiar expression that comes over his face when he sees a good thing, replied:

"As near as I can make out from hearing the different opinions read, I think the constitution does follow the flag—but it doesn't catch up with it."

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

HOW TO MANAGE A HUSBAND.

"Why is it," asked the young wife, according to the Brooklyn Eagle, "that a man will never take his wife's advice?"

"He will," said the more experienced wife.

"Mine won't," replied the other. "I advised him yesterday to give up the house and take a smaller and less expensive one, in which, with the servants we are able to keep, we could be more comfortable, and he just looked at me over the top of his paper and said he guessed he knew what he could afford to do and what he couldn't. But I know he is running behind."

"Suppose," said the elderly matron, "you had drawn your chair up beside his and said, as sweetly as you could: 'George can you spare me a moment?' What would he have done?"

"Why, he'd have laid aside his paper and said, 'Certainly, my dear, what is it?'"

"Exactly. Now, suppose you had told him that his judgment was always so true that you wanted to ask his advice about something. What would he have done?"

"I think he would have kissed me and asked me what worried me. He is always considerate when I'm troubled."

"Quite right. Next suppose you had asked his advice about letthg one of the servants go. What then?"

"W-e-l-l, I think he'd have asked if I could run the house with only one servant."

"Then suppose you had said, 'Well, the house is pretty large and it would be pretty hard, but if you advise it I'll try. When I picked out the house I did not think—'"

"But I didn't pick out the house."

"Of course not, but suppose you had made the error of judgment yours, nevertheless, and said that you hadn't realized how hard it would be to run it in proper style. Would he have suggested a smaller house?"

"He might have. Yes, I think he would. He's grumbled once about getting lost in it. He'd probably have asked if I could manage with one servant in a smaller house."

"And then suppose you had clapped your hands and exclaimed, 'Just the thing! How clever of you to think of it. Why, we can afford to keep both servants in a smaller house, too, and we can be as comfortable as with six here.' Then suppose you had kissed him and said that he always did know just what to do. What would have happened next?"

"Why, we'd be looking for another house now."

"On his advice or yours?"

"His, I suppose."

"Really?"

"Well, I don't know. He'd think so, anyway."

"Precisely, my dear, precisely. Your idea, his advice. Always let him put the advice in words. There's nothing like understanding man. Now run home, dear, and let him advise you what to do."

WORN OUT, DRAGGED OUT,

Are Most Women in Summer. —Pe-ru-na is a Tonic of Efficiency.



JOSEPHINE MORRIS, 236 Carroll St., Brooklyn, N. Y., writes:

"Peruna is a fine medicine to take any time of the year, but I have found it especially helpful to withstand the wear and tear of the hot weather. I have taken it now for two summers and feel that it has kept my system free from malaria, and also kept me from having that worn-out, dragged out look which so many women have.

"I therefore have no hesitancy in saying that I think it is the finest tonic in the world."—Josephine Morris.

Peruna is frequently used as a mitigation of the effects of hot weather. What a bath is to the skin, Peruna is to the mucous membranes. Bathing keeps the skin healthy. Peruna makes the mucous membranes clean and healthy. With the skin and mucous membranes in good working order, hot weather can be withstood with very little suffering.

Frequent bathing with an occasional use of Peruna is sure to mitigate the horrors of hot weather. Many ladies have discovered that the depression of hot weather and the rigors they have been in the habit of attributing to malaria, quickly disappear when they use Peruna. This is why Peruna is so popular with them. Peruna provides clean mucous membranes, and the clean mucous membranes do the rest.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Mrs. Tressie Nelson, 422 Broad St., Nashville, Tenn., writes:

"As Peruna has done me a world of good, I feel in duty bound to tell of it, in hopes that it may meet the eye of some woman who has suffered as I have.

"For five years I really did not know what a perfectly well day was, and if I did not have headache, I had backache or a pain somewhere, and really life was not worth the effort I made to keep going.

"A good friend advised me to use Peruna and I was glad to try anything, and I am very pleased to say that six bottles made a new woman of me and I have no more pains and life looks bright again."—Mrs. Tressie Nelson.



FRIDAY BARGAINS IN THE LEADING STORES

Where the Best Things of the Season Can Be Had at Closest Prices.

R. R. Forward & Co. give special reductions on ranges, folding beds and parlor suites.

Gray-Tallant Company offer extra inducements in the little things for dress and home.

Lowney's chocolates fresh at Kugler's.

The Big Duluth shows a big range of fall overcoats and suits.

King Arthur coffee always fresh. Do you use it?

Basement and other bargains at Freimuth's tomorrow.

Lightbody's news column deals with underwear, walking skirts and small furs.

H. G. Gross announces the display of original designs of high grade furs.

Special basement bargains at Panton & White's.

Jardinieres, rockers and dining chairs are the specially priced offerings at French & Bassett's.

A final clean-up on jewelry novelties and the arrival of new rain coats is announced by the Silberstein & Bondy company.

H. A. Hall & Co. make a fine showing of pictures.

WHITE OUT OF TOWN

Employment Agent Not Yet Before the Grand Jury.

In Canada But Is Expected Back In Few Days.

Thomas G. White, the employment agent that preferred charges of bribery soliciting against Alderman George Tischer a few months ago, has not appeared before the grand jury as yet with the threatened sensation regarding municipal corruption.

Mr. White is not in the city at present and it is learned that he has been over in Canada for several days—probably in Port Arthur. At the office of the White Employment agency it is said that he will be back in a day or so—probably tomorrow.

After the investigation of the charges against Alderman Tischer and the publication of a report exonerating the alderman from the charges made, it was rumored that Mr. White had declared his intention of appearing before the grand jury and furnishing that body with enough incriminating evidence to shake the foundations of municipal government.

These reports seemed to come from such a reliable source that the council passed a resolution requesting the county attorney to subpoena Thomas G. White before the grand jury and compel him to tell of all municipal corruption he knew anything about.

Mr. White came back at the council with an advertisement soliciting evidence of crookedness against any or all the officers saying that all information would be treated strictly confidential by him until such time as the grand jury should meet.

The grand jury is now in session and Mr. White is in Canada. City officers say the trip across the border is rather significant, but Mr. White's friends are of the opinion that the trip at such a critical time was made necessary by urgent business and say that he will be back in the city long before the grand jury adjourns.

As to whether or not he can give any incriminating evidence his friends are not prepared to say but they believe that he will appear before the grand jury as requested.

MEETING A FAILURE.

Fire Takes Interest From Telephone Conference.

The public meeting called last evening to discuss the proposed ordinance permitting a raise in Zenith City Telephone rates failed to materialize.

Several city officers and one or two citizens representing the Zenith company went to the city hall but the fire in the Alworth building proved the stronger attraction and the general public preferred watching the fight against flame.

It was virtually agreed by the city officers and Zenith company representatives present that the meeting should be held next Wednesday night.

THE HEALTH REPORT.

Month of August Shows Deaths Numbering Seventy-Two.

Fifty-six deaths occurred in this city during the month of August. Sixteen others were brought here from other places for burial or came from outside the city to Duluth hospitals and died, making the total record on the health office books, seventy-two deaths.

It was a hard month for babies, twenty-two dying during August. Nine of these died of cholera infantum. Physicians say the worst part of the year for babies is now past, however, and predict a decrease in the mortality list of infants from now on.

BOILER EXPLODED.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 3.—A boiler in the chemical establishment of the Hansen Van Kinkle company exploded this afternoon, demolishing the building. Five men were injured by the shock of the explosion or by being buried beneath debris.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

SAY!
YOUNG MAN!
If you want your sweetheart to love you real hard, sweeten her with
Lowney's Chocolates
Kugler
Your Druggist,
108 W. Superior St.

SHOWS BIG GAIN

Cars Handled In August Far Ahead of Year Ago.

Assistant Freight Agent Comments on Business Conditions.

Chairman James Kelly of the Lake Superior Car Service association has compiled his report of the number of cars tracked at Duluth and Superior during the month of August.

It shows that 23,446 cars were handled against 17,924 cars in the same month last year, an increase of 5522 cars, and 22,526 cars in July, an increase of 920 cars.

The principal commodity handled during August was coal, which filled 11,905 of the cars that were handled, or a trifle more than half. Next were lumber and forest products, of which 4584 cars were handled, and third was grain, of which 1522 cars were handled. The other commodities are as follows: Machinery, 744; stone and sand, 623; cement, lime and clay, 587; syrup, sugar and salt, 343; meat and live stock, 340, fruit and vegetables, 335; groceries and merchandise, 334; flour, feed and bran, 331; hay and straw, 307; brick, tile and sewer pipe, barrels and barrel stuffs, 204; beer, 199; oil, 198; wood, 115; ice, 181; wool, 144; furniture, 66; paper, 66; wagons, 10; wind mills, 6.

ARE CONSERVATIVE.

Merchants Not Buying as Heavily as Usual.

Assistant General Freight Agent H. E. Still of the Northern Pacific road is in Duluth today on one of his periodical trips. In speaking of the present conditions in the freight traffic world, Mr. Still said:

"While the current volume of business is perhaps not what it should be, still we cannot complain. We have been doing a good business and we cannot expect that every month will show an increase. We have found, however, that merchants are not buying as heavily as in former years at this time, and there appears to be a feeling of uncertainty among them regarding prices of different classes of merchandise. They offer the excuse that they are afraid to place large orders, as they are afraid that prices will decline and leave them with a high-priced stock on hand and at the mercy of competitors who are now buying cautiously. As the feeling is quite general, I think the amount of goods ordered is all that we can reasonably expect.

"There have been no important changes in freight rates lately, with the exception of the joint tariff issued by our road and the Soo. I have already received from Duluth shippers assurances that the tariff will result in increased business from this point, as they are placed on a basis where the rates compare favorably with those from Minneapolis and St. Paul."

Cut Out Passes.

Stockmen's transportation privileges will be discontinued on all Western lines after Jan. 1. It was found that scalpers were dealing largely in return stockmen's passes to the West, and this caused concerted action by the executive officers of the interested roads.

NEW TERRITORY.

Milwaukee Road Gives It to Duluth.

C. L. Kennedy, commercial agent of the Milwaukee road, yesterday notified local shippers that the line which has been in the course of construction between Farmington and Mankato is now open, and that a tariff which will put Duluth in close touch with Mankato and intermediate points has been issued. The first-class rate is given at 35 cents per 100 pounds to Mankato as against local rates of 35 cents to St. Paul and 30 cents beyond, which formerly prevailed. The opening of the Farmington-Mankato line gives the St. Paul road the shortest cut to Mankato from Duluth and the Twin Cities. In addition to the benefit to be directly derived by Duluth shippers, the completion of the road will, Mr. Kennedy says, divert a great deal of the grain now being shipped to Milwaukee and Chicago from Southwestern Minnesota points to Duluth. The territory west of Mankato is a great feeder for the railroads, and it is thought that rates will prevail which will send a good portion of the crops and other freight by way of this city.

Finest Showing of Pictures and the Newest Austrian Pottery
Something you should see. Original water colors by Bartolinni, Olivetti, Simonetti, Krouse and 50 other prominent artists, at
H. A. HALL & CO.'S,
16 E. Superior Street.

Monday Next, Labor Day, the stores will be closed. Do your buying of Labor Day Necessities on Sat'rday

New Sleeper Pays.

The additional sleeping car which the Omaha road put on Monday has been booked to its capacity each trip this week, and from indications it is a permanent improvement in the service. Not only is every berth occupied going out, but the incoming traffic is fully as great. It is thought that the time will be short before the company finds it profitable to add even another sleeper.

DULUTH IS BEST.

Archie Kenney Describes the Coast Cities.

Archie B. Kenney, of Kenney & Anker, returned this morning from a six-weeks' trip to the Pacific coast, combining business with pleasure.

Mr. Kenney, in speaking of the Western cities, said: "They are booming, but a great deal is of the mushroom kind.

"San Francisco is one of the busiest spots I ever saw. The streets, the stores, the hotels and the parks are full of people all the time. The people never seem to think of rest, but keep moving twenty-four hours every day or at least it seemed that way to me.

"In Portland I met Duluthians at every step and some of them were among the most prosperous people in the city. Portland, I believe, is the most substantial city on the coast and every one seems satisfied. Seattle has a great future, but seems overdone with mercantile institutions. The most contented and prosperous man I saw there was W. J. Johnson, formerly of this city and now doing the largest shoe business on the coast. His health has greatly improved and he has purchased a fine residence and will remain there.

"I would not advise any one to leave Duluth with the hope of bettering themselves on the coast as I believe Duluth beats them all."

I. FREIMUTH HOME.

Patrons of the Store Will Find Good Things This Season.

I. Freimuth returned home yesterday after a month's absence in the Eastern markets, where he was accompanied by the firm's various department managers on a fall purchasing trip. New York, Chicago, Buffalo and Philadelphia were among the principal cities visited.

Mr. Freimuth says that all kinds of first-class merchandise have advanced, notably cotton goods, which are 20 to 30 per cent higher than last year.

"This condition is due," said Mr. Freimuth, "more to inflation from speculation than to the requirements of the law of supply and demand."

Mr. Freimuth and his buyers were kept very busy during their entire absence, and were fortunate in making some excellent purchases. The goods are arriving daily, and will keep the entire force very busy in arranging them in the various departments before the annual fall opening takes place.

KNAPP TAKEN TO COLUMBUS.

Hamilton, O., Sept. 3.—Alfred A. Knapp, known as the strangler, was taken to Columbus today by Sheriff Bisdorf, to wait execution in the electric chair December 12.

Oatka Tonight.

Dancing in the auditorium. Music by La Brosse. Extra car service.

MAY NOT BE READY

Bill of Exceptions In Mueller Case May Be Delayed.

Attorney Hislop Doubtful As to Having Time to Prepare Them.

Sept. 12 is the date set by Judge Cant for Mrs. Kathrina Mueller, the appellant in the famous Johan Mueller case, to present her bill of exceptions to the court. This means that the entire transcribed testimony taken in the trial of the action which lasted over several terms of the district court must be ready by that time.

The testimony will comprise about 5000 typewritten pages, said to be the largest amount of testimony ever transcribed in a case in this state. Attorney Hislop who now represents the Mueller interests, says that it will be a big task and one which seems at the present time almost impossible to prepare the bill of exceptions on time, as not all the testimony is yet transcribed and the entire 5000 pages must be gone over carefully and compared and the bill of exceptions prepared, all this to be done in the next nine days.

Court Stenographers Farrington and Hewitt have been working early and late for some time past on the stenographic notes and these are said to be just about transcribed.

Mr. Hislop says that he expects to work night and day in going over the transcribed testimony and getting up his bill of exceptions, but does not now see how it will be possible to be ready for the court by Sept. 12. He believes that an extension of the time of the order will be necessary.

AFTER STENOGRAPHERS

Government Needs Them—Civil Service Examination.

Sept. 26 an examination will be held in Duluth for typewriters and stenographers for the civil service.

Typewriters and stenographers are needed for both the government offices in the United States and in the Philippine islands. Applicants for such positions are required to be able to write 35 words per minute on the typewriter and have a speed of 80 words per minute in stenography. The applicants for the home service must be over 20 years of age, while those for the Philippine service must be between 18 and 40 years of age.

Salaries of from $840 to $1200 per year are paid for the home positions, while the Philippine service pays from $1200 to $1400 per year.

The examination in Duluth will be held in the federal building, under the supervision of government officials, and the vacant positions will be filled from the candidates taking the highest standing in the examination. The majority of the successful applicants for the home service will be placed in the government offices at Washington, although some will be placed in other cities of the country.

Several applications for permission to write have already been received from Duluth young men, and it is likely that the number will be largely increased before the date arrives.

CONTRABAND MONEY.

"It is surprising to consider the amount of contraband stuff our men capture during a year, through the ignorance, generally, of the public regarding the law prohibiting imitation of United States currency, remarked W. H. Moran, acting chief of the secret service, to the Washington correspondent of the Brooklyn Eagle. "Last year we were required to seize a large number of facsimiles of Confederate states notes that were being used for advertising purposes. One half of the notes were taken up by an 'ad' of some kind, while the other would be a representation of the money used by the Confederate states. Law officers throughout the country have given it as their opinion that the Confederate states notes in part resemble United States currency. The counterfeiting statutes prohibit not only counterfeiting of United States notes in their entirety, but any part of them. Consequently we have authority for confiscating Confederate currency or imitations of it.

"The same thing applies to Tennessee state warrants and the Missouri defense bonds. There was quite a quarrel at the time these were first issued because of their close resemblance to United States notes. They were finally withdrawn because of this objection, and when our men find any of them in circulation they take them up. Many business colleges have a custom of printing fake currency for use in teaching the principals banking. Frequently the imitation comes so near the genuine article that we are required to seize it.

"Last year our men took up a lot of leather pocketbooks, memorandum books and cigar cases bearing facsimiles of postage stamps. In most instances we content ourselves with merely seizing such material, for as a rule they are manufactured and circulated with no idea of violating the law and with no malicious intent."

Deadwood, S. D. and Return $31 65.

September 2nd to 6th inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Deadwood, S. D., at $31.05 for the round trip, good for return until and including Sept. 30th, 1903.

City Ticket Office, 405 West Superior Street.

3% PAID ON Saving Deposits
Interest Commences first of each month.
Duluth Savings Bank,
216 W. Superior Street.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.
New Rain Coats.
Of Cravenette or Rain-Shine Cloth—tan, grey, brown and various Scotch mixtures—$15, $18, $25 for the smartest styles we've ever shown.
New Cloth Storm Coats.
Of Homespuns and Scotch mixtures, with cape and belt—just in—$18 to $35.
Silberstein & Bondy Company

PATTERED IN BARE FEET

Across the Hotel Corridor to the Clerk's Desk.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—To miss a husband is a misfortune; to miss a train is an annoyance; to miss one's footgear is a calamity, but to miss all three is a tragedy, believes pretty little Mrs. James Dressler, of Indianapolis, Ind., who, with her pink feet, shoeless and stockingless, tripped over the tile floor of the Stratford Hotel lobby seeking her husband and her shoes.

The Dresslers were on their honeymoon journey. Yesterday afternoon they were to return home, and trunks were prepared and everything was in readiness to catch a train at 3:50 o'clock. At exactly 3:20 Dressler rushed into their room accompanied by a porter. The trunk, packed, stood in the center of the room. Beside it on the floor lay a pair of demure open-work hose and the tiniest French-heeled Oxfords.

With one fell swoop the hurrying husband swept the footwear into the trunk, and out went the trunk, trundled by the sturdy porter. Three minutes afterward Mrs. Dressler emerged from an adjoining room of the bridal suit. She looked about her. Everything was gone. Husband, trunk, shoes and stockings had disappeared. Then the drummers who patronize the Stratford were astounded at the picture of a stylishly gowned young woman walking from the elevator to the desk of the hotel, showing beneath the flounce of a rustling skirt, a pair of brown feet.

The clerk explained to the young woman that he did not think her husband had deserted her. Ten minutes later the bridegroom came dashing to the hotel in a carriage. He rushed to the room which had been his home for two weeks. He found his wife. The trunk had been checked aboard the train and the train was on the way to Indianapolis. The husband went out. He returned shortly. Under his arm he carried a package. And the package ended the agony.

LOOP THE LOOP CLAIMS VICTIM

Second Accident at Side Show at State Fair.

St. Paul, Sept. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The "loop the loop" side show at the fair ground claimed its second victim this afternoon.

J. Hussfan, the latest man to try the dangerous experiment, was injured in an accident and may die.

The operator curls himself inside a large ball, which rolls down a long chute and around the loop.

Hussman is a green hand at the business, and in some way he did not arrange himself right.

When the ball started it did not roll down the chute, but jumped along in bounds.

However, it struck the loope all right and went half way round, when it fell.

It struck the iron rafters at the bottom and burst open.

Hussman was taken out in an unconscious condition and hurried to the field hospital. The doctors fear that he has concussion of the brain.

On Tuesday a young girl who tried the trick was badly injured.

The regular "expert" will be here today and no further accidents are expected.

STREET CAR MEN MEET.

Seattle, Sept. 3.—The meeting of the Street Car Men's union and the advisory board, consisting of one representative from each of sixty-five other unions, convened this morning. It is understood that the majority of the street car men are urging immediate action in regard to a strike. A preponderance of sentiment among the other union men prior to the meeting was in favor of delay and not indefinite postponement. There is no change in the teamsters' strike situation.

TWO BURNED TO DEATH.

Cincinnati, Sept. 3.—Mrs. John Henderson and Mrs. William Shaffer were burned to death and their children narrowly escaped at Blue Ash, Ohio. The boiling over of coffee extinguished the fire and the gasoline flowed unnoticed. An explosion followed the lighting of a match.

Who's your tailor? We would like to be. W. L. BERRY, Opposite Postoffice.

INJURED BY GAS EXPLOSION.

Des Moines, Sept. 3.—A gas explosion last night caused serious injury to Conductor Lewis Sawyer and wife. The explosion wrecked their apartments. Sawyer has been a conductor on the Northwestern road for twenty-five years. He may not recover.

TROOPS CALLED FOR.

Denver, Sept. 3.—Governor Peabody has received telegrams from the mayor of Victor and others demanding that troops be sent to the Cripple Creek district for the purpose of protecting life and property. He says that he will call out the troops today. No violence has been reported since Tuesday night.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.
Final Clean-up of Jewelry Novelties
Belt Buckles, Neckchains, Brooches, Bag Tops, Fobs, Etc.
Any of them about as good as you'll see at any time this season—but they are broken lots—one of this, two of that, and so on—any of them worth from two to three times what we are willing to clean them up for now.
35c for 75c values.
Belt Buckles, Neckchains, Bracelets, Bag Tops, Brooches and Fobs, that sold at 75c—choice 35c.
50c for $1 and $1.25 values.
Very fine Novelties in Belt Buckles, Neckchains, Bracelets, Bag Tops and Brooches, which have sold at $1.00 and $1.25.
75c for $1.50 and $2 values.
$1 for $2.50 and $3 values.
In this lot some superb pieces can be found, high grade reliable jewelry, which has sold at $2.50 and $3.00—choice $1.
$4 and $5 values, choice $1.50
—the highest grade in our stock—nothing better—$1.50
35c Ribbons 19c yard.
White, cream, pink and blue—corded effects—that can be used for a dozen and one purposes—50 width.
Ribbon Remnants at a Song
Widths running from 1 to 5 inches—almost every shade and very pretty patterns as well as plain colors—at half and less regular cost—1 yard to 1½ yard lengths.
Silberstein & Bondy Company

LOSS OF FINGER

Evidently Caused Robbers to Desist at Clear Lake.

St. Paul, Sept. 3.—Word was received here today that an attempt was made last night to rob the safe of the bank at Clear Lake, Minn. The robbers evidently met with an accident, as a human finger and splotches of blood were found on the floor, together with a bottle of nitro-glycerine. The crackswomen had succeeded in drilling through the outer door and were well into the inned wall when the accident caused them to desist. Nothing was taken.

WOMAN KILLS WOMAN.

Denver, Sept. 3. — Mrs. Theodore Kruse, wife of a bookbinder, was shot and killed today at her home, 950 West avenue, by Mrs. Kate Bernardine. The woman was arrested. She declinned to make any statement. The cause of the shooting is supposed to be jealousy.

Steel Ceilings
ARE THE CHEAPEST IN THE LONG RUN.
We make them and carry a large stock. Call and see the handsome patterns or write for our ceiling catalogue.
Steel, brick, stone, weatherboard siding, corrugated iron, steel roofing, etc. Painted and galvanized.
Cornices, skylights and sheet metal work of all kinds. Pitch and gravel roofing. Call or write for prices.
Duluth Corrugating & Roofing Co.,
126-28 E. Superior St., Duluth.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

The Greatest Skill—The most experience—14 years.
We grind our own lenses.
C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN,
8 West Superior St.

KITCHEN UTENSILS

The finest and most complete assortment we have ever had at exceptionally close prices.

White Enameled Ware in Great Variety.

NORTHERN HARDWARE Co

WALLACE WELLS. R. D. ANNIS.

ATBRIDGE'S EDGE

Motorman Stopped Car, Saving Over One Hundred Lives.

A Panic Occurred When the Situation Was Realized.

St. Louis, Sept. 3.—The presence of mind of Motorman Ed Phelps saved a crowded street car from plunging off the Eads bridge to the water's edge, 120 feet below. The car, west-bound, jumped the track on the St. Louis approach, and when brought to a stop was touching the hand rail just over the lower edge of the levee, without a single person being hurt.

There were 100 passengers on board, most of them theater-goers, and for the few seconds before the car was brought to a stop the air was filled with the screams of those who thought they were doomed to be crushed to death on the stone of the levee or drowned in the Mississippi river.

There was a wild scramble for every window, and many of those who escaped found themselves penned between the car and the railing of the bridge, in as great danger as ever.

Throughout all the panic Motorman Phelps stuck to his post and, throwing off the power, tugged again and again at the brakes in his effort to retard the motion of the car as much as possible. He realized that a few turns more or less of the wheels might make all the difference between life and death for scores. He could easily have jumped and saved himself, but instead he braced himself against those who were struggling to get past him, and by his exertions prevented a terrible catastrophe.

As soon as it was seen that the danger was over, the men among the passengers turned their attention to the women and children, fearing that some might have been injured in the panic. Several had fainted from fright, but none had been hurt, and all continued on their way to St. Louis.

The accident occurred at 7:15 p. m. It was caused, it is claimed by witnesses, to a defect in the track, as there was nothing damaged about the car, even after the accident. The bridge is paved with wooden blocks, and one sometimes works up above the others. It is thought that such a block caused the accident. As is always the case, the car was running down the rather sharp incline at a good speed, and when the wheels left the track it jumped over the heavy triangular iron guard rail which separates the footway from the wagon road.

The hand rail which keeps foot passengers from walking into the river is of light iron construction and would have offered no resistance to the heavy car. This rail was bent, where the front platform struck it, but the blow was so light that it was not torn down. The car was No. 28, of the East St. Louis and Suburban railway, and was in charge of Motorman Phelps and Conductor M. Taylor.

PIONEERS AT THE FAIR

Hold Great Reunion at the Historical Society's Building.

St. Paul, Sept. 3.—This was territorial pioneers' day at the state afir and despite the moist condition of the atmosphere, the attendance was very good, being estimated at 30,000. Many territorial pioneers were present and a great reunion was held in the Historical Society building.

Yesterday's races were marred by a nasty accident in the second heat of the 2:30 pace. Pontiff Girl, who had won the first heat, was well in the lead, rounding the curve into home stretch, when she stumbled and fell. Sulphume, following closely, swerved into the wreck, throwing the driver, C. Fisher, into the track. Natalia Brown, coming fast, ran down the prostrate man and he was seriously, if not fatally injured.

The track was somewhat heavy and though the races were well contested, no records were broken. Results:

2:30 pace—Bobolink, won second, third and fourth heats and the race; time, 2:19¼, 2:18¾, 2:16¾. Pontiff Girl won the first heat in 2:18¾. Sulphume, Grace A. and Natalia Brown also started.

2:35 trot—Pat Ford, won first, second and fourth heats and race in 2:18¾, 2:15¼, 2:23¾. Parmelia won third heat in 2:20¾. Declare, Normandelle, Hambert, Clifford, Grocery Maid, Calva, Mont P and Patchwood also started.

FALL TERM

Will begin at the Duluth Business University, for day and evening classes on Monday, Sept. 7. College office open from 8 a. m. until 8 p. m. each week day until the opening. All intending to enroll for this opening are requested to call and make final arrangements. Location, 105-7 West Superior street.

OLD CASE ADJUSTED.

Ruling In Land Contest of Long Standing.

Litigation which has been in progress since 1895, was settled yesterday afternoon by a letter which was received from the Washington land office by the officials of the local office.

The land in dispute is in section 52-13, and four different claimants have been conducting a four-cornered fight for its possession.

The final decision gives the claim, which is a valuable one, to John C. Ferguson on a stone and timber entry, and should he withdraw or in any way fail to carry out his agreement, the second chance for the land falls to Bergsvend O. Loe on a homestead entry.

The claim of John Caverly, one of the four contestants, is overruled, and the fourth claimant has disappeared since the litigation was commenced.

The case was appealed from the local authorities to the Washington office, and from there to the secretary of the interior, both of the higher authorities upholding the local officials.

The land is some of the tract relinquished by the Northern Pacific as indemnity land.

PARRY NOT ALARMED

By the Numerous Threats Made Against Him.

Indianapolis, Sept. 3.—When asked last night as to the rumor that he was receiving threatening letters, warning him that if he did not cease his attacks on organized labor, he would be attacked and his children kidnaped, President D. M. Parry, of the National Manufacturers' association, said: "All I have to say is the man or men who enter my premises to abduct any of my children will leave the place dead, for that is the order given the men at my home.

"I get letters almost daily which make some sort of threat against me, but I pay no attention to them and ordinarily I throw them into the waste basket as soon as I read them.

"The men who write them are cowards and a coward is not a serious consideration with me.

"Still, as I say, there is no telling what some fool may do, so I have taken precautions to place myself on equal terms with them in case of them breaks loose."

HARD TO GET JURY.

Danville Men Do Not Want to Try Rioters.

Danville, Ill., Sept. 3.—The jury problem in connection with the trials of the alleged rioters is becoming serious. All of the 600 names deposited in the jury box by the board of supervisors have been drawn out, and still the jury is not completed, and there are three more trials to come.

The nature of the trials and the large number of peremptory challenges allowed is responsible. Yesterday saw the exhaustion of an entire venire of sixty without the selection of a single quorum. Another venire was then ordered. Only eight jurors so far have been chosen.

Judge Thompson last night appointed L. D. Gass, cashier of the First National bank, deputy sheriff to bring in jurors. But this movement did not prove any more successful.

Cholera Infantum

There is no danger whatever from this disease when taken in time and properly treated. All that is necessary is to give

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.

FINALLY WINS

Superior Takes a 2 to 1 Game From the White Sox.

Errors By Duluth Are Responsible For Superior's Scores.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Winnipeg	61	27	.697
Grand Forks	55	34	.618
Crookston	52	38	.578
Duluth	39	48	.448
Fargo	35	53	.398
Superior	25	59	.302

Duluth lost a queer game to Superior yesterday.

It was a singular mixture of ragged and spectacular work, but taking it all in all the spectators got their money's worth.

Shepard's home run was worth the price of admission, to say nothing of Wilkes' great catch of Williams' drive in third; Quillan's one-hand stop of a sure two-bagger, Lagger's sensational fielding stunt when he pulled down Page's drive in the sixth, and Kennally's effort to steal second.

The last mentioned stunt was probably in to bat for Grand ancmfwyp vbgk vo fans that saw the big first baseman hitting daintily toward second are anxious to back him in a one-mile speed contest with either Lou Dillon or Dan Patch.

Had Shaw received even fair support the contest would have belonged to the Sox by a score of 1 to 0. Superior only got three scattered hits off the "Demon," and the White Shins found Houle safely on eight occasions for a total of twelve bases. The Big Injun, however, pitched a steady game and won it for himself.

Superior scored in the second. Spellicey drove a hot one to Quillan. It had the general appearance of a full-sized two-bagger, but Quillan cut it down to a single with a pretty one-handed stop. A sacrifice, an error and a passed ball let Spellicey in. Duluth tied the score in the fourth when Shepard stepped up and smashed the ball over the right field fence. With one out in the ninth Houle singled, stole second and got around on two glaring errors by Brockway. Duluth had a chance to win out in the ninth, Kennally reaching first on a base on balls. He tried to steal second and was thrown out, Brockway singled and Wilkes smashed out a two-base hit leaving Brockway on third. Noldin was put in to bat for Gerrard and drove a hard one out to center, but Foster got it after a long run. The score:

Duluth—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Quillan, 3b	4	0	3	2	2	1
Shepard, ss	4	1	1	1	0	1
Lagger, cf	4	0	0	1	0	1
Kennally, 1b	3	0	0	12	0	0
Brockway, 2b	4	0	1	1	2	3
Wilkes, lf	4	0	2	3	0	0
Gerrard, c	3	0	0	7	1	0
Gehring, rf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Shaw, p	2	0	0	0	1	1
*Noldin	1	0	0	0	0	0
	33	1	8	27	13	6
Superior—						
Williams, ss	4	0	0	3	1	0
Cassibone, 2b	3	0	0	0	3	0
Foster, cf	3	0	0	4	0	0
Page, 3b	4	0	0	1	0	0
Spellicy, lb	3	1	1	11	0	0
Butler, rf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Hule, p	4	1	2	1	4	0
Howard, c	4	0	0	4	3	0
Olsen, lf	4	0	0	2	0	0
	34	2	3	27	10	1

	R.	H.	E.
Duluth	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1	5	6
Superior	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1—2	3	1

Summary: Home run—Shepard. Two-base hit, Wilkes. Struck out—By Shaw, 7, by Hule, 3. Bases on balls—By Shaw, 3; by Houle, 2. sacrifice hits, Hutter. Stolen bases—McGuire (2), Hule, Howard. Hit by pitcher—By Shaw, Hutter. Passed ball—Gerrard. Left on bases—Duluth, 6; Superior, 5. Time—1:40. Attendance—350. Umpire—McCallum.

* * *

Winnipeg played anything but championship ball at Grand Forks yesterday. Result:

	R	H	E
Grand Forks	3 0 0 1 5 4 0 2 *—15	16	2
Winnipeg	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0	5	9

Batteries—Sessions and Mullane; Corbett and Rogers.

* * *

Fargo played fast ball in two games yesterday but timely "work" by "Umpire" McLaughlin managed to save the first game for Crookston. The score:

	R	H	E
Fargo	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2	8	3
Crookston	3 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—4	5	1

Batteries—Folks and Bonthron; Freeman and Edwards.

Second game:

	R	H	E
Fargo	3 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 *—7	6	2
Crookston	1 1 0 3 0 0 1 0 0—6	11	5

Batteries—Folks and Bonthron; Martin and Edwards.

* * *

In addition to his home run drive Shepard had eight chances without an error yesterday. During the Superior series he has been playing very fast ball.

* * *

About the best news local fans have heard is the report that Wilkes has signed for next year. The quiet, hard-working man in left is certainly popular.

* * *

Wire from Fargo: "Unsatisfactory work by Umpire McLaughlin marred the contest."—Impossible! Impossible!

* * *

Up to date Superior has one game the best of it on the season's series but there will be a postponed league game at Superior on Sunday and then things may be different.

* * *

The battle for second place is now transferred to the head of the lakes, Grand Forks meeting Duluth while Crookston goes against Superior.

* * *

Ike Slette is not with Grand Forks this trip. He has gone to Culbertson, Montana, where he has accepted a position in a bank. It is his last season in professional ball.

* * *

Scharnweber of Grand Forks will join the Winnipeg barnstorming aggregation when the team disbands next Tuesday.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 4; Cincinnati, 1.
At Chicago—Chicago, 5; St. Louis, 1.
At New York—Brooklyn, 4; New York, 1.
At Boston—Boston, 3; Philadelphia, 1.
Second game—Philadelphia, 3; Boston, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 2; St. Louis, 1.
At Detroit—Detroit, 4; Cleveland, 2.
At Washington—New York, 11; Washington, 10.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 2; Minneapolis, 1.
At Toledo—Toledo, 7; Kansas City, 6.
Second game—Kansas City, 13; Toledo, 8.
At Louisville—Louisville, 7; St. Paul, 4.
At Columbus—Columbus, 4; Milwaukee, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	79	33	.705
New York	70	47	.598
Chicago	68	47	.591
Cincinnati	61	52	.539
Brooklyn	58	55	.513
Boston	47	64	.423
St. Louis	38	59	.324
Philadelphia	36	69	.343

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	74	40	.649
Cleveland	63	51	.552
Philadelphia	60	53	.530
Detroit	56	54	.509
New York	55	52	.514
Chicago	53	60	.468
St. Louis	52	61	.460
Washington	36	73	.315

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	77	46	.658
Louisville	71	47	.601
Milwaukee	65	49	.581
Indianapolis	64	55	.538
Kansas City	58	57	.504
Columbus	51	70	.421
Minneapolis	43	77	.358
Toledo	40	78	.338

SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER

There is no Beauty that can stand the disfigurement of bad teeth. Take care of your teeth. Only one way—

SOZODONT

FINANCIAL QUESTIONS

Will Be Considered By Congress Within Year.

Minneapolis, Sept. 3.—Congressman J. T. McLeary has returned from a trip to Hawaii. The congressman is a member of the appropriations committee. He said in regard to the attitude of the next session of congress toward financial and currency questions:

"Every careful student of American affairs knows that this is the one great civilized country in the world which experiences financial panics. When I say financial panics, I mean a different thing from commercial depression. In a commercial depression men curtail their business and do not care to use capital.

"In a financial panic, on the other hand, men engaged in legitimate enterprises and with their affairs in perfectly solvent conditions, are unable to obtain at the banks the credit to which they are accustomed and entitled. Through this condition perfectly solvent concerns are driven to the wall.

"Thoughtful men all over the country realize that our financial system has not been perfected. The difficulty is that among financial experts there is a marked disagreement as to what should be done.

"It seems probable that certain phases of the question will come up in congress within the next year."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Under escort of a strong guard, 10,465,000 silver coins, aggregating $928,650, were shipped Wednesday from the United States mint at Philadelphia to New York, where they will be put on board of a steamship and taken to Manila. The coins were placed in 430 heavy wooden kegs, each weighing 300 pounds when filled.

Aloysis Cavanaugh, 26 years of age, of Washington Grove, Md., a patient in a sanitarium near Baltimore, shot and instantly killed his business partner, M. H. Guiney, of Washington, D. C., and then shot and killed himself. Cavanaugh was under treatment for nervous trouble, and his partner was in attendance on him.

A. Brown, of Clarinda, Iowa, shot and killed himself because his horse, K. C., had lost a race and he had lost a wager of $100.

In anger at the alleged poor rations served aboard their vessel, the crew of the United States lighthouse tender Hyacinth struck Wednesday night. The Hyacinth is the supply boat for many lighthouses on Lake Michigan, and safety of navigation on the lake depends on the ship's being kept regularly in service.

Pay less and dress better. We will show you how.

W. L. BERRY,
McKay Hotel block.

At the State Fair

Parties from Duluth will find Harry P. Thomas at the Court Chamber Cafe, opposite city and county court house, Fourth street and Fourth avenue south, Minneapolis, the finest furnished place of its kind in the Twin Cities. Buttet and German cellar in connection. Open until 1 a. m. Blue arc light in front. Harry P. Thomas, Proprietor. Formerly of Nichols & Thomas.

MAY FILE ANSWER.

City and Asphalt Company Are Granted Permission.

The city of Duluth and the Barber Asphalt company will be allowed to file in district court an amended and supplemental answer in the case brought against them by M. H. Stanford and six other taxpayers, in the matter of preventing the payment of the East Superior street improvement. The order granting the motion of the co-defendants has been filed by Judge Dibell.

The Barber Asphalt company, yesterday afternoon, filed a specific answer to the several paragraphs of the complaint filed by the taxpayers. The company denies that the estimated cost of the paving was $57,847.92, as alleged in the complaint, and claims that Aug. 11 $11,567 was deposited with the city treasurer on account of the assessment for the paving, instead of $14,625 as claimed by the taxpayers.

The company claims that the property owners witnessed the progress of the work and its completion Aug. 5 without a murmur.

The company's estimates allowed on its work are given as follows: May 11, $4760; June 15, $6920; Aug. 3, $25,500. It alleges that $43,682.53 has been paid into the city treasury on the assessment's account.

REVOLUTIONARY OUTRAGE.

London, Sept. 3.—A special dispatch from Constantinople published here describes the destruction of the steamer Veskapu as a revolutionary outrage. They say that the bomb was timed to burst while the steamer was in the port of Constantinople, but owing to the vessel being twenty hours late in starting from Varna, the explosion occurred off Misivria bay.

Today—Ayer's Sarsaparilla day. Take other kinds tomorrow.

J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

NO CHANGE MADE

Board of Appeals Does Not Disturb Grain Grading System.

Slight Technical Change In No. 1 Northern Grading Rule.

The members of the Duluth board of grain appeals, E. H. Pugh, G. J. Strang and J. K. Stone, returned today from Minneapolis, where they met with the Minneapolis board Tuesday to frame up rules to govern the grading of grain for the forthcoming crop year.

As anticipated, and as The Herald predicted last Saturday, the proposition to base the grades on a percentage system was turned down, and the rules were left practically unchanged.

The plan to adopt a percentage system was propounded by a government officer, and was based on the hope of establishing something like a national system without putting the grading of grain under national laws. The present system of grading in this state has proven so satisfactory that there was no chance of the adoption of the proposed change. It would have involved a much larger expense for inspection, a much larger force, and would have increased the cost per car several dollars.

A few alterations in the rules were made, but all of them were of a minor character. The principal change was in the rule governing the grading of No. 1 northern. The amended rule reads as follows:

"No. 1 northern spring wheat must be sound and well cleaned. It may be composed of the hard and soft varieties of spring wheat, but must contain a larger proportion of the hard wheat, and must weigh not less than 57 pounds to the bushel."

The old rule reads that it "must be composed equally of the hard and soft varieties," etc.

The change is a technical one, and there will be no difference in the grading.

THE STAGE

This evening at the Lyceum Stephen Fitzpatrick will present "Hunting for Hawkins," a comedy that has been on the road for several seasons and has taken well.

Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday afternoon the Whitney Opera company will present the popular comic opera "When Johnny Comes Marching Home." Its plot is laid in the time of the civil war and is said to be more than ordinarily interesting.

* * *

That Louis James and Frederick Warde, whose engagement here is announced for next Monday and Tuesday evenings, should have abandoned Shakespeare for a season, and presented a new play, while so many celebrated stars hitherto associated almost exclusively with modern plays, are appearing in Shakespeareon characters, seems a theatrical paradox indeed. Necessity was probably the cause in both instances. On the one hand the dearth of good plays of modern authorship has driven other stars to seek refuge in the classic drama, while the adherents of Warde and James who have seen these veteran stars of the legitimate stage in nearly all the plays of Shakespeare, demanded a change. At least their managers, Messrs. Wagenhals and Kemper viewed the matter in this light, and to that end provided them with an entirely new drama based on the life of "Alexander the Great," in which they will be seen on their forthcoming engagement.

* * *

"Trilby" drew large audiences again yesterday at the Metropolitan and the prospects are excellent for a crowded house this evening. Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday afternoon the comedy, "The Mysterious Mr. Jones" will be presented.

Goats Are Attractive.

The Angora goats of the Jean DuLuth stock farm are making a hit at the state fair. They have captured all of the prizes in the Angora class and aside from that are objects of much interest by reason of their picturesque appearance. The St. Paul Globe says of the farm's exhibit:

"A big herd of glossy-haired Angora goats for sale purposes is a feature of the Jean DuLuth farm, of Duluth. The goats are one of the centers of interest with the ladies and children and one of the prettiest exhibits on the grounds. A large flock of Shropshires completes the DuLuth exhibit."

MARRIAGE INSURANCE.

Offsets Hudson Mutual Burial Insurance Company.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, Sept. 3.—It has remained for a small Iowa town to organize a mutual marriage association on the insurance plan. Iowa has always been prolific in the matter of insurance companies, but the village of Hudson, in the central part of the state, has gone the large places one better.

The plan of the new company is strictly mutual, and each member is expected to patronize the other members as far as possible. When one of the members decides to face the matrimonial altar, the bride-elect or bridegroom-elect receives stipulated sums from an assessment fund with which to procure a license, pay the minister or a justice, and certain amounts for the incidentals of a honeymoon.

The new company promises to be more popular than the mutual burying association, inasmuch as the members have an opportunity of enjoying the emoluments.

SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

Baltimore, Sept. 3.—William T. Tucker, co-trustee with his mother of the estate of his father, the late Wesley A. Tucker, is said to have disappeared from home. It is said that on the return from Europe recently of his mother, whence she had been summoned by relatives, a shortage amounting to upwards of $500,000 was found in Tucker's accounts. He is said to be in Central America at present. Tucker, who is about 35 years of age, is a member of several of the leading clubs of Baltimore. It is said that he has been dealing in stocks for several months.

STEAMER SEIZED.

London, Sept. 3.—The Tien Tsin correspondent of the Standard telegraphs the report that the steamer Stanley Dollar has been seized by a Japanese man-of-war because it did not have the permission of Corea to trade in lumber. The Stanley Dollar was formerly a Danish vessel, but is now owned by an American.

Our $18 and $20 suits are IT, easily worth $25.

W. L. BERRY,
Opposite Postoffice.

Freimuth's Underprice Friday Bargains

Art Stationery
In fancy boxes; several weaves, such as onion skin, silk fiber, English vellum and satin finished paper—1 quire and 24 envelopes in each box — regular 35c to 50c kinds—boxes slightly soiled—priced specially for Friday—a box.. **25c**

Ribbons.
An assorted lot of plain colored taffetas and satin gros grained, 1½ to 3 inches wide—all silk ribbons, that are excellent value at regular prices of 18c to 25c, your choice of a good range of colors in this lot Friday—per yard **10c**

Handkerchiefs.
Women's Irish lawn handkerchiefs with hand-embroidered initials—also cambric handkerchiefs, with drawn stitch borders—sheer quality—regular 10c values—all of them at special price Friday of only—each **5c**

Long Kimonas.
Women's Long Kimonas of plain white lawn, trimmed with Dresden and Persian band, also blain black kimonas—excellent value at regular prices, $1.25 to $1.50—Friday **75c**
(Cloak Department.)

$1.50 Wrappers, 89c.
Women's dark and medium colored wrappers of percale, lawn and dimities — excellent patterns—well made — perfect fitting — none worth less than $1.25 — most of them regularly $1.50; Friday **89c**

House Slippers.
Women's House Slippers —100 pairs of good common sense house slippers of patent kid—hand turned — 2-strap style—Cuban heel—excellent for wear —always sell for $1.50 —special for Friday.. **98c**

School Plaids.
Children's Scotch plaids, for school wear, in a varied assortment of pretty color blendings, 34 inches wide—reg. price 25c—Friday, yd. **19c**

Blankets.
10-4 tan color Cotton Blankets; fast color borders—regular 65c values—special, per pair Friday **39c**

Wall Paper.
1200 rolls of dark gold papers; 9 and 18-inch borders to match, regular 15c value—special, per roll **7½c**

Flannelette Gowns.
Women's gowns of good quality outing flannel, pretty pink and blue stripes, fancy trimmed, regular 75c values—special Friday—each **59c**

BASEMENT BARGAINS:

Mrs. Vroman's Zink Strainers—worth 25c—Friday at, each **15c**

Fiber Wash Basins—regular price 20c, at, each .. **10c**

Square Dinner Pails, of best quality tin, worth 50c, Friday at, each **25c**

Table Mats for hot dishes—worth 48c per set—special at, per set of 5 ..... **25c**

Mrs. Pott's Sad Irons—the regular price is $1.25—Friday at, per set **89c**



Johnson's Floor Wax—worth 50c, per can **29c**

Round Willow Clothes Hampers—new line—worth $1.50—at, each **98c**

15c Scrub Brushes—Friday at, each **9c**

35c House Brooms—Friday **25c**

Fancy Earthern Cuspidors—worth 25c—special Friday at, each **10c**

Salad Bowls of fine china, neatly decorated, regular price 25c—special Friday..... **10c**

89c Iron Preserving Kettles at **69c**

69c Iron Preserving Kettles at **53c**

$1.10 Iron Preserving Kettles **89c**

SAY RULING IS UNJUST

A Modification of Bristow's Orders Asked of President.

Des Moines, Iowa, Sept. 3.—Congressman Hull has received a letter from President Roosevelt in response to his demand for immediate action concerning the 100-family rule for seventh district rural mail routes. Capt. Hull recently became acquainted with the fact that out of his district, fourteen cannot be effective because of the 100-family ruling made by Assistant Postmaster General Bristow.

"This ruling is unjust and will knock out a great many rural routes in Iowa, North Dakota, Minnesota, South Dakota and Nebraska if made effective," says Congressman Hull. "I propose to confer with my colleague in congress from Iowa and do all in my power to effect a change in the ruling."

In the tenth congressional district only two of the 152 rural routes will remain if the 100-family rule is enforced by the postal department. Enforcement means the suspension of any extension of the rural route system in Iowa. Letters are pouring in upon congressmen in every district urging them to make a fight against the rule as discriminating unjustly against the western states.

President Roosevelt has been appealed to by more than one Iowa congressman. In his reply to Congressman Hull he assures the Iowa member that he has referred the complaint to Assistant Postmaster General Bristow with an urgent request that it be carefully investigated and that such relief as is possible be extended to western farming communities.

WHITE HOUSE REOPENED.

But Looks Bare and Uninviting at Present.

Washington, Sept. 3.—Hundreds of tourists visited the White House Monday, this being the first time it has been open to the public for several months. Though possibly all repairs have now been finished, the house looks bare and uninviting and is in an unkempt condition, not having had its final cleaning for the advent of the president and his family. The white coverings over the tapestried walls in the blue, red and green rooms have been removed, and the portraits which were hurriedly hung on the walls last season, without being well cleaned, have been cleaned, restretched, and the frames touched up and being rehung.

The golden piano presented to the White House for use in the east room was removed and will be sent to the factory to have the decorations done over. The red rococo border, with medallions of the thirteen original states, which formed the decoration of the sides, will be changed, at Mrs. Roosevelt's suggestion, as not being in keeping with the other decorations of the east room. It will be returned to the White House before the arrival of the president's family, and in fact an effort is being made to have the entire house in readiness, as for over a year it has been in a constant state of upheaval.

The stairway at the east side of the north front portico, ordered by the president when he found the public greatly inconvenienced by having to go out of the grounds and around to the new east entrance last winter, now is almost complete, and will be opened to the public before the arrival of the president's family. So the north front door may again be kept strictly for the use of the family and friends.

MASTER OF FINANCE.

Wilfred Bailey Floats a Million Dollars In Paper.

Worcester, Mass., Sept. 3.—The phenomenal career of Wilfred A. Bailey furnishes one of the most remarkable stories of financiering ever achieved on the basis of the treasurership of a small country street railway company. As treasurer of the Worcester and South Bridge Street Railway company he has floated an amount of paper that is amazing in its proportions. There is little doubt that it will very nearly reach $1,000,000.

The surprising features is that the floating indebtedness is on a road that runs through only twenty miles of sparsely settled territority in which the population is scattered. Bailey is the only one who knows how the trick was turned. He was busy all yesterday going over the books, but in the evening could not be found. The police state, however, that no warrant for his arrest has been asked for. Receivers for the road have been named on petition of numerous creditors.

Calumet Baking Powder

The Standard of Perfect Baking.

New York & Return, $25.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th, inclusive; good for return until Sept. 30.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

We Are After Your Trade!

With goods and prices that are right. We present some special items that give a big saving.

"MOORE'S" STEEL RANGES

Have proved themselves the best on the market. More up-to-date convenient features than any other range. The hinged key plate which you see here illustrated is the handiest arrangement for feeding the fire, for toasting bread or broiling meats. The controller damper regulates your whole range by one simple motion. The oven thermometer gives you accurate measurement of the amount of heat in oven. SEE THESE RANGES! We carry a full line on our floors, and would be pleased to show you the handiness of the above mentioned improvements.



"Moore's" Steel Ranges and Steel Cook Stoves at from—

$15.00 to $56.00

"Moore's" Steel Cook Stoves $15 to $34; "Moore's" Steel Ranges—$21.50 to $26.00. Your neighbor has one—why not you? **They are fuel savers.**

FOLDING BEDS



At very special prices — fancy oak beds carved, panelled with bevelled mirrors—

FOLDING BED SPECIALS

Large, Oak, Folding Bed, big beveled plate mirror, fancy carved, swelled front, two fancy shelves; regular $27 value, for only—

$19.87

OAK FOLDING BED
Heavy carvings, fancy posts, swelled-front panel—regular price $23; this sale, only..... **$17.93**

OAK FOLDING BED
Neatly carved front, in 6 quartered panels, a very neat pattern; regular $24—this sale for..... **$18.87**

15 Per Cent. Reduction on the balance of our entire line of Folding Beds this week.

PARLOR SUIT SALE

Our entire line parlor suits at very special prices this date.

Regular $24.00 suits for only.... **$19.21**
Regular $32.00 suits for only.... **$24.01**
Regular $28.00 suits for only.... **$22.42**
Regular $40.00 suits for only.... **$32.05**
All other parlor suits in stock **15** per cent. from regular prices.

R. R. Forward & Co.
HARDWARE AND FURNITURE

Twenty-First Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.

A BAD BLAZE PLAYS HAVOC

Obstinate Fire Does Damage In Alworth Building.

The Loss Is $33,500, Fully Covered By Insurance.

An obstinate fire that burned fiercely for four hours damaged the Alworth building and contents to the extent of $33,500 last evening. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

About 6 o'clock occupants of the building heard a dull detonation, and almost immediately the building was filled with a rushing volume of suffocating smoke.

Within a minute after the explosive sound the smoke was so dense in the corridors of the upper floors that escape was difficult. Officers and clerks of the City National bank found it impossible to reach Superior street through the regular exit, and broke big plate-glass windows, climbing down to the street in that way.

Operators and others in the North American Telegraph office were forced to make a quick rush for the street, having less than thirty seconds' warning of the fire, and yet by the time the last operator reached the fresh air the office was filled with dense and sickening fumes.

Douglas A. Petre, a real estate man having offices on the second floor of the Alworth building, heard the explosive sound and stepped to the door of his office. He was greeted by a rushing cloud of smoke and saw at once that he could not reach the Superior street stairway. He then broke out a window and slid down a water pipe to the roof of a building immediately west of the Alworth structure. On this roof he was in danger of suffocation, and the smoke was so thick that people on the street could not see him. Finally a fireman got sight of the real estate dealer and assisted him to a ladder.

The source of the fire has not been determined. Despite the fact that indications all point to an explosive origin, it is the opinion of firemen and electricians that a heavy foreign current of electricity got into the North American Telegraph company battery system in the basement of the building, making a quick and intense heat that produced the combustion of chemicals stored in the Duluth Plumbing company and McLaughlin Electric company establishments.

In the Duluth Plumbing company store room there was a quantity of oakum, which made an unusually dense, suffocating and sickening smoke.

Within three minutes after the fire was discovered, two streams of water estimated at about 800 gallons each per minute, were turned on the fire in the sub-basement by means of cellar nozzles and within five minutes after the discovery six streams were playing on the blaze. Two others were quickly added and during the first three hours all eight streams were kept on at full force, six from the rear of the building and two from the front.

Assistant Chief Randall, who was in charge of the fire fighting in the absence of Chief Black, denies the rumors of shortage of water and says the men were not in the least handicapped by water shortage or electric wires.

The firemen were driven from their posts time and again by the extreme heat and smoke, but as soon as they could effect new systems of draught and get the smoke circulating, they were back, and in this way they got the flames under control at 10 o'clock, just four hours after it started.

Many of the firemen were sickened by the burning oakum and all have interesting individual stories of how they were compelled to fight for breath. Practically all the men engaged in the interior of the building are suffering today from intense headaches. Assistant Chief Randall was the only fireman injured. He was cut on the ankle by a heavy piece of plate glass, but is able to be on duty today.

Thousands of people watched the fire from Superior and Michigan streets. The blaze broke out just as Superior street was crowded with people from stores and offices leaving work and hundreds of these remained to see it out without going home to dinner. Thousands of others went home and returned, so that at no time during the four hours of fire fighting were there less than 3000 people around Third avenue west and Superior street, according to conservative estimates. Extra policemen detailed from headquarters held this crowd in check and kept the thoroughfare clear for street car traffic.

Much excitement was caused during the progress of the fire by a report that the Lyceum building was also burning. The Alworth building fire had caused heavily charged cables to drop on the Zenith Telephone company wires, and instantly the entire switch board of the telephone exchange was lit up just as though every subscriber in the city had called simultaneously. The operators, expecting a repetition of the experience about a year ago, when the exchange burned, lost no time in getting out of the exchange room. A force of men went to work "plugging" the affected lines, and within half an hour the service was reinstated.

The Zenith Telephone incident also inclines many to the theory that the fire really started by a riotous current of electricity getting loose in the telegraph dynamo battery in the basement.

Assistant Chief Randall says that the flames followed the electric wires all through the building and clear up to the roof, burning off insulation and melting through wherever a heavy current reached a light wire.

The dynamo room of the North American Telegraph company was so completely submerged in water up to noon today that it was impossible to make any examination of the electrical apparatus there or to estimate the loss. It is feared, however, that the North American's loss will amount to $5000. The dynamo plant was a very complete and valuable one.

The losses, with insurance, were as follows:

Building, M. H. Alworth, loss $20,000; insurance—With Alex MacRae, $5000 in the Northern; $2500 in the Royal Exchange; $2500 in the Lion. With O. H. Clarke—$5000 in the Home, of New York. With Cooley & Underhill—$5000 in the Reliance, of New Haven; $5000 in the Reliance, of Philadelphia. With Little & Nolte, on the rents—$2800 in the Atlas; $2800 in the Hanover. Total, $30,900.

North American Telegraph company, loss $5000. Insurance in a blanket policy upon all of the offices, held in Minneapolis; will not cover the loss.

Duluth plumbing company, loss $5000. Insurance—With Little & Nolte—$1000 in the American Central; $1000 in the New York Underwriters. With Mendenhall & Hooper—$500 in the insurance company of North America; $500 in the Equitable. With C. A. & E. D. Field—$500 in the New Hampshire. With Pulford, How & Co.—$250 in the Prussian National; $500 in the Germania. With J. S. Lynn—$500. Total, $4750.

City National Bank—Loss by smoke and water about $800. Insurance: With Walter Van Brunt—$3500 in the American, of Boston. With Davidson & McRae—$1500 in the Commerce, of Albany; $1000 in the Continental. Total, $6000.

McLaughlin Electrical company, loss $1000; insurance, $400.

Consolidated Abstract company, loss $100 from smoke. Insurance $500 in the Equitable, with Little & Nolte.

W. H. Laidley & Co., commission merchants, loss $100; no insurance.

E. P. Towne, attorney, nominal loss from smoke. Insurance: With Pulford, How & Co., $500 in the Germania and $1000 with the Prussian National.

O. H. Clarke, fire insurance. Loss nominal. Insurance, $500 in the Home.

G. G. Deekman, real estate. Loss, nominal. Insurance, $500 in the Home, with O. H. Clarke and $100 in the Home with Whitney Wall.

B. F. Hathaway, phonographs. Loss, $150. Insurance, $300, in the Germania, with Pulford, How & Co.

Other office and desk room tenants, none of whom had any fire loss but most of whom will claim some smoke and water damage, were as follows: West Duluth Land company, Dr. F. H. Lynam, D. A. Petre, A. M. Morrison, Dr. J. H. Canson, S. H. Bigelow, W. T. Bailey Lumber company, S. L. Smith, Duluth Humane society, Capt. Harry Roberts, Whitney Wall.

The City National bank is doing business today without serious inconvenience. The interior of the bank was pretty well soaked with water, but the fire did not do so much damage there as elsewhere. All the offices above Superior street are being used today.

The burning of the North American Telegraph office is a wide-felt inconvenience. The wires of the company are now very much in use on the board of trade and elsewhere, it being really about the busiest season of the year. Superintendent Tuttle and other officers of the North American came up from Minneapolis this morning and were busy arranging for a service on the board of trade and preparing a temporary general office in the Torrey building. It is announced that service will be resumed by this evening through the Torrey building office.

The Associated Press wires, over which news from the outside world reaches Duluth were interfered with for a time.

W. H. Laidley & Co., whose offices were in the building, were the only commission concern to burn out, yet for a time today they were the only ones operating, because their wire service is over the Western Union, and the others were served by the North American.

An extraordinary feature of the fire was the way it broke up the grain and stock brokerage commission business. Laidley & Co. in the Alworth building was the only brokerage concern burned out yesterday and yet it was the only concern of its kind doing business today. This company has the Western Union wire while all others had the North American service.

Individual experiences of persons in and about the building were interesting, to say the least. A fireman was sent into a room in the rear of the City National bank to cut a hole in order that a draught sufficient to carry away smoke might be secured. Just as he got in the room a stream of water hit the door closing it with such fore that the lock snapped. In a second the room filled with oak smoke and the fireman had to lay flat on the floor in order to get a breath of air. He tried to find the door but could not for several minutes. He finally did and knocking out the glass worked his way out into the hall. He says his head felt as big as a barrel and his eyes seemed to be popping out of their sockets.

D. A. Petre says when he looked out into the hall just as soon as he heard the puffing sound he could not have gone ten feet through the smoke if he had known that $1,000,000 was to have been obtained. When he slid down to the roof of the J. J. Wall building he was kept in from Superior street by a high sign board advertising a particular brand of cigar and he could not make up his mind whether to jump through a skylight and into the saloon or not. He is an energetic temperance worker and finally concluded that it would not be very consistent to go sailing through the skylight of a saloon, so he went to the rear of the building and sat down on the roof with his feet hanging over, until a fireman spied him through the smoke and came to his rescue with a ladder.



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THE POPULAR THEME

of conversation just now is our fine "MOOSE BRAND BEER," pure, foaming, strengthening and the best beverage for coolness, and a tonic. It receives higher praise from more people than any other brewing in the market. Beer wine, like strawberry season, should be practically remembered by the daily consumption of what belongs to it.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.
Either Phone, 241. Duluth, Minn.

STARTLING SHORTAGE

Considerable Linen and Silverware Disappears From Lipton's Yacht.

New York, Sept. 3.—Other troubles than failure to lift the America's cup assail Sir Thomas Lipton these days. As a result of entertaining parties aboard his steam yacht Erin, his steward reports a startling shortage in the supply of table silver and linen. Sir Thomas is unwilling to admit his guests have taken these missing articles as souvenirs, but his close friends say it was no sinecure for Lipton to play host to so many folks with assorted ideas of souvenir hunting.

The story of the disappearance of silver spoons and forks and of china, was told on the announcement of the plan of Sir Thomas' American friends to start a fund to buy a complete silver service for the Erin. It was said the gift would be useful as well as expressive of friendship, for the stock of silverware aboard the yacht was in need of replenishing. Every piece of silver aboard the Erin is solid and embossed with the flag of the Royal Ulster yacht club. That is why the Erin spoons were a resistless temptation to the Lipton guests. How many of the thousand women guests who ate ices and game pies at the expense of the baronet could resist whisking away a "dear little spoon" in a convenient sleeve or wrist bag? It is even reported that not only women made off with a "cunning little cup," but that men secreted forks in hip pockets, "just for a lark, ye know."

The same thing happened when the Meteor was launched and the 200 guests on that occasion could not restrain their yearning for the tableware, and forced into bankruptcy a worthy caterer. But Sir Thomas could stand the loss, the hunters argued. Had not his wealth been extolled as to amount to $35,000,000? What, then, would be a "dear little spoon," or an after-dinner cup? Nothing at all. Exit spoon, exeunt cup and saucer.

The napery aboard the Erin was a delight to the feminine eye. Interlaced Shamrocks embroidered on the snowy stuff produced admiring "Ohs" and "Ahs" and this enthusiasm reached such a degree that half the napery has vanished.

"HEY, RUBE!"

What is the origin of the famous cry, "Hey, Rube," which has been the circus hands' slogan for many years, and which once a man hears he will remember until he dies? Almost everyone, certainly every boy, knows the sinister meaning of that cry, says the New York News. Translated into plain English, it stands for "Help, help." A circus life is a queer calling, and it has its professional words and terms just as the highest form of art. Hazardous in the extreme, but full of fascination it is, and the men who live it are fully aware of its attending danger. This cry for assistance is peculiar to circus men, and a thousand of them will answer it as one man.

There is a tradition that when P. T. Barnum first went into business—and the memory of no living man runneth back that far—he had six feet three of a Pennsylvanian in his employ named Reuben. He was a huge man, of immense personal strength, and it is said that he feared neither man nor beast. Reuben and a little tent rigger were fast friends. Once upon a time the little rigger was "taking tickets" at the gate, when five roughs brushed past him and entered the big tent. The bantam ran after them and demanded their tickets.

"Stand aside, small man," said the leader of the "bad men."

"Hand over those tickets."

"We'll hand you one in the nose."

Nothing daunted, the little fellow looked quickly around, and seeing his comrade at a distance, called out, "Hey, Rube," and commenced the onslaught. It was a daring thing to advance without waiting for support, but the giant came to his assistance and the united forces won a glorious victory.

Many and desperate were the engagements which they fought in concord until whenever the circus men heard the shout, "Hey, Rube," they seized the first thing of any weight—swingle tree, riding whip, ax helve, tent peg, elephant goad, hammer or table leg—and hurried to the scene.

Little by little the cry passed into a general gathering call for all circus men, somewhat like the "A moi, camarades," of the French knights.

It is passing strange that the history of the giant and the dwarf should thus be recalled whenever there is trouble brewing. It is as if Ruben had become some war god on whom his descendants call for assistance and protection in their hour of danger.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

HEARNE IN CONTROL.

New York, Sept. 3.—Frank J. Hearne, formerly president of the National Tube company, has been placed in full control of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company.

Libbey Cut Glass
The World's Best

Brilliant, Sparkling, Exclusive Designs—Awarded Highest Medals

The name Libbey engraved on every piece

F. D. DAY & CO.
Exclusive Duluth Agents.
315 West Superior St.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

This store will be closed all day on Labor Day, Monday, Sept. 7

Besides the great special bargains with which we expect to do two days' business in one on *Saturday*, come and help yourselves to these

In the basement Friday:

GIRLS' TRICYCLES—Two sizes left—just a few of each—have upholstered, adjustable seats—our regular prices are $3.95 and $5.25—if you get here early buy 'em at **$2.25 and** **$1.50**

BUTCHER KNIVES—made by Landers, Frary and Clark—every one guaranteed—patent handle, cannot come off—7-inch blade—cheap at 39c—special..... **25c**

COOKS' FORKS—Large flesh forks—assorted sizes and shapes, worth up to 15c, each.... **5c**

BASTING SPOONS—Forged steel spoons, large size up to 18 inch—hardware stores sell 'em at 15c—choice each..... **5c**

WIRE COAT OR HAT HOOKS—Nicely enameled—made to screw in—special, a doz. **10c**

SCOURING SOAP—Soapaline—best of all scouring soaps.....8 BARS FOR **25c**

BEER STEINS—Over 200 factory samples just opened—every stein different—every stein a bargain—see 'em in our "Stein Room" in basement, the prices run **$15.00 right down to 39c, 25c and** **15c**

FRUIT JARS—If you haven't bought yet don't delay—stock is getting low—then you will have to pay high prices as soon as we are out. Mason's best machine-made jar, porcelain-lined caps and rubbers—

Pints—	Quarts—	Half Gallons—
39c	**49c**	**63c**

PARAFFINE WAX—Best for jelly, etc., full one-pound cakes—each..... **10c**

JELLY GLASSES—tin tops—at per doz..... **19c**

LAMPS—New fall stock now on sale—the best are always chosen first—if you want a lamp see us at once. We control in Duluth the product of the best lamp factory in America—have made the prices very low.

The China samples
Continue Friday on sale on bargain counter No. 1. Fancy imported hand decorated China at ⅓ to ½ less than regular prices.

The wrist bag sale
Continues Friday on bargain counter No. 3. Real leather bags at almost half price—
25c, 39c, 49c, 69c and 89c

FAVORABLE CHANGE

Confidently Expected In Manufactured Iron and Steel Market.

Autumn Requirements Will Bring About Increase In Business.

New York, Sept. 3.—An improving inquiry can be reported for mannufactured iron and steel generally, says the Iron Age. The conditions which have governed trade in finished products have been unsatisfactory during the summer months, but it is now quite confidently expected that a favorable change is due.

Autumn requirements are unusually sufficient to bring about a good increase in the volume of business. Seasonable products, such as wire nails and wire fencing, are even now beginning to feel a better demand. In the case of structural shapes, plates and some other products, a great deal of deferred business, held up on account of labor troubles and the unsatisfactory condition of the market for securities, will soon come up for attention.

Pittsburg advices are pitched on a more cheerful tone than for some months, transactions being on a larger scale and showing more confidence among buyers. The influence of good crops in the West and South, which will be marketed at high prices, is beginning to be felt. Reports from other iron markets are generally of an encouraging character. The East is at present the least favored in this respect. Prices of unfinished products are well maintained, with the exception of light sheets, bar iron and some minor products.

Transactions in foundry pig iron are not on so large a scale as last week. A great deal of buying is in progress, but it consists of small lots, showing that consumers are conservative in anticipating their requirements and will be until they are convinced that the bottom has been received. During the prevalence of higher prices costs were considerably increased and with the excention of coke these costs still prevail. Quite a number of furnace owners find that at current prices their margin of profit has disappeared and preparations are under way for the blowing out of a considerable number of stacks.

An interesting contest is possible between the independent sheet mills and the Amalgamated association. The mills have asked for changes in some of their union rules to enable them to compete on better terms with non-union mills, but their request has been refused.

TO EFFECT A MERGER.

Tonopak, Nev., Sept. 3.—President Brock, of the Tonopah company is authority for the statement that a merger of nearly all the mining companies now operating in this district is about to be effected.

Detroit & Return $12.00.

The annual fall excursions to Detroit, Mich., will leave Duluth Sept. 13 and 18, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, connecting at St. Ignace with the palatial steamers of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company.

Detroit and return, $12.00; Buffalo and return, $14.00. Return limit, Oct. 11. For sleeping car and state room reservation please write or apply to

MART ADSON,
General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

Minnesota State Fair.

The Great Northern Railway announces a special rate of one fare plus fifty cents for the round trip to St. Paul. Tickets on sale August 29 to Sept. 5th, inclusive. Final return limit Sept. 7th. Three trains a day from Duluth, offering service morning, noon and night. $4.80 round trip. Ticket office, 432 W. Superior, corner Spalding Hotel.

AT WEST DULUTH

There is at least one Cloquet man, who will leave West Duluth for his home a sadder and wiser man.

Yesterday he was engaged by a traveling salesman in Cloquet, who desired to be driven to West Duluth. The salesman engaged him for ten days, to come to West Duluth and drive him to small towns in the vicinity. Liberal pay was promised and the man accepted.

The two arrived in West Duluth last evening. The salesman registered at one of the hotels in this part of the city and asked that a room be reserved for him.

During the late afternoon he took a car for the city and has not been seen or heard of since by the driver.

He did not appear to claim the room which he had reserved at the hotel, nor did he leave any word for the driver.

The latter is out the sum he paid for his board and the feed for his horse, and the time he has spent.

Unless the salesman turns up this afternoon, the matter will be reported to the police, who will take steps to find the salesman.

The driver is in the employ of a livery in Cloquet, which owns the horse and carriage used. The liveryman has just started into business there.

LABOR DAY PROGRAM.

Observance Will Be Quiet—Ball Team Goes Away.

Labor day promises to pass quietly in West Duluth.

The West Duluth ball team will go to Hibbing for two games there, one on Sunday and one on Labor day. The West Duluth nine has taken two close games from the Hibbing men this year, and the latter are anxious for revenge. The West Duluth club, however, will take up one of the strongest teams placed in the field this year, and the boys are confident of taking both games. Young and Larson will do the pitching. The remainder of the team will line up as follows: T. Robinson, catcher; Doyle, first base; Coughlan, second base; A. Bouska, third base; M. Bouska, shortstop; Brotherton, right field; Faubister, center field; E. Robinson, left field; F. Robinson, substitute.

Two dances will be held in the evening, one in the Great Eastern hall and the other in the Wieland & Wade hall.

Nothing has yet been planned for the remainder of the day, beyond the usual picnic and outing trips. The stores will be closed during the greater part of the day, some not opening for business at all.

The members of the different labor unions will take part in the parade in the morning, with the possible exception of the West Duluth Barbers' union, which will meet this evening to decide the point.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Patterson, Undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

S. M. Norton, of Milwaukee, is in West Duluth on a business trip, registered at the Phillips hotel.

H. D. Holmes, of Riceville, Iowa, is visiting his sister, Mrs. H. R. Patterson in West Duluth.

The regular monthly meeting of the Asbury auxiliary of the W. F. M. S., will be held at the home of Mrs. G. J. Mallory Friday afternoon. The election of officers will be held.

A. T. Hammill, of Chicago, is visiting his brother, J. P. Hammill, of 411 North Fifty-third avenue west.

Union made shoes at Lauermann's.

Friends of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Merritt saw to it that their departure on their wedding trip was attended with the usual ceremonies, and the cab, trunks, suit cases and all the other belongings of the young couple were decorated with ribbons, placards, rice and old shoes, according to the time-honored custom.

Labor day shoes at Lauermann's.

C. M. Curtis left yesterday for a visit to his old home in Baraboo, Wis.

Budd's baby shoes at Lauermann's.

Owing to illness Mrs. Lowrie has been obliged to postpone the meeting of the Calendar Circle, which was to have been held at her home Friday afternoon.

Hand made shoes at Lauermann's.

The Uniform Rank, M. W. A., will give a grand Labor day ball in the Wieland & Wade hall, West Duluth, on Monday evening. Chartered cars to Duluth.

Asthma Can Be Cured

The statement of Mr. J. F. Homan, 20 E. Adams St., Chicago, proves that the worst cases of Asthma in the world are not only relieved, but are readily cured by Dr. Schiffmann's Asthma Cure. He says: "Asthma kept me in terrible misery for ten years until I used your Asthma Cure. After the first trial I was a changed man. I went to sleep that night and awoke next day much relieved and I have gotten entirely over the Asthma. It is now nine years since I was cured."

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 894 St. Paul, Minn., for a free trial package.

BABY MARRIAGES IN INDIA.

A Bengal contemporary seems to have unearthed some curious figures buried deep underneath the tomes of the latest census report, says the Voice of India. According to this, there are 555 widows in Bengal under 1 year; that is, so many infants of from 1 month to 11 months had been married in the province and found widowed. It would be interesting to know the respective ages of the husbands of these hapless little creatures—not a few of the husbands might be found old enough to be their grandfathers, with perhaps several wives to each. Were all of them Kulin marriages?

Under a year we find the number of widows in Bengal to be 574; under 3 years, 651; under 4 years, 1576; under 5 years, 3861. Here we have something like a holocaust, a sort of burning alive of these little mites of humanity, who, but for the prevalence of a rigid sex monopoly, would probably live to be true wives and truly happy mothers—the mothers of future heroes and patriots. What possibilities are lost to the race forever under a system which has not one word to say for itself.

It is much to be wished that young Bengal joined hands with old Bengal in making such "marriages" impossible. Surely 100 years of liberal education ought to suffice for this most elementary item of national improvement. Our remarks apply with much the same force to other parts of India. It is idle to talk of the "spiritual" ideal of marriage, of marriage being a sacrament, and of baby wives and baby widows growing to be the guardian angels of society, when, as a rule, they are consigned to a life of perpetual penance and self-mortification, while needing the tenderest care, amid the free-and-easy movements of their male relatives whom the "spiritual" conception of marriage does not prevent from marrying again and again.

Terrible, according to our Shastras, are the effects of a curse pronounced by a woman; much more terrible when the curse remains unuttered. Who can tell how much of India's misery arises from the unuttered sufferings of her daughters?

TYPE SET BY TELEGRAPH.

A new typesetting machine for composing by telegraph is being exhibited in Paris in the office of the Times, says a Paris dispatch. It consists, in reality, of four separate machines. The first resembles an ordinary type-writer, by means of which the characters are inscribed on a band of paper by a peculiar system of perforations. This can be telegraphed anywhere and distributed in thousands of copies without necessitating any transcription. The band of paper, when it arrives in a printing office, is simply passed through the apparatus number four and the composition is done.

In this way news can be distributed among hundreds of newspapers and printed in a few minutes by means of a copy of the performated matrix. The inventor of the machine is M. Razor, a Hungarian of Budapest, who has been working on his invention for a number of years.

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THE TAX RATE.

Some of the local taxing officers have betrayed an ambition to lower the tax rate in the city of Duluth for the coming year. This is indeed a most commendable ambition, and the project is one that will be received by all the taxpayers with one mind, and that heartily in accord with it. There are many men of many minds, particularly on public matters, and it is refreshing and interesting in the extreme to find one point on which every taxpayer will agree.

The city has fallen into line with the county by reducing its tax rate more than 2 mills. The county had already made a cut of about 1 mill. It is now up to the independent school district of Duluth to join in the movement with a further cut. It will not have to make a very big one to bring the total tax rate in the city down to the objective point, 30 mills, and it will probably have no trouble in making cut enough to produce that result, and perhaps a little more.

The tax rate last year was 34.4 mills, which was altogether too high for a city of the size of Duluth. The rate that seems likely this year, 3 per cent, is a very fair rate, and while there are many cities that have lower ones, there are many more that have higher ones, and that rate will not operate to scare out any outside capital that may be considering investment here.

Of course, it is an unanswerable proposition that the tax rate should be kept down to the lowest possible notch. This is not only because local taxpayers should be given as easy a time as possible, but because of the influence upon the city's standing that the tax rate has. Experience has shown that public bodies that have surplus funds on hand will use them, so the better policy is to levy exactly what the community needs, and not a cent more. On all these accounts it is pleasant news to the taxpayers that there will be a reduction in taxes of more than 10 per cent next year.

A GOOD CAMPAIGN ISSUE.

There is at present no national issue in sight for the coming presidential campaign—no issue that stands out in bold relief upon the political horizon. Of course there will be an issue. Every campaign develops one that overshadows all the minor questions and commands the special attention of the voters. What that issue will be next year is is impossible to say now. Any prediction would be worse than useless.

The Boston Globe suggests that on the issue of reciprocity with Canada there is an opportunity for some astute American statesmen to float magnificently and very likely successfully into the presidency. "The statesman," adds the Globe, "who should take up this long-neglected issue and push it all over the country would come nearer to having a genuine political issue than any man yet in the field. There is almost endless material in it.

The treaty of 1854 was acknowledged to be very profitable to both countries, and why it should have been abrogated so soon, in 1867, still remains a mystery to most people. It was probably due to hereditary enemies of Canada. Under the operation of the reciprocity treaty the aggregate interchange of commodities between the provinces and this country rose from an annual average of $14,000,000 in the previous eight years to no less than $84,000,000 in gold the year of its abrogation. All this was lost by a stroke of the pen, and why? The United States exports to Canada during the brief duration of reciprocity came to as much as those of China, Japan, Italy, Hayti, Russia, Venezuela, Austria, Argentina, Denmark, Turkey and the Central American states all put together. In short, Canada, in spite of the political friction at the close of the civil war, had become practically a part of the American home market. Does anybody seriously believe that the ground then lost cannot be recovered? All it wants is a statesman big enough to meet the situation.

Mr. Chamberlain's scheme will never replace what Canada lost by the abrogation of the treaty of 1854, and it is not enlisting much support either in Canada or England. Reciprocity with this country is favored by most of the Canadians, and it should be equally in favor here on account of the great benefits which the United States would derive therefrom. It would result in a broad commercial union immensely beneficial to both.

Judge Alton B. Parker of New York did his duty as a citizen when he secured the arrest of the chauffeur of Mayor Fleischman of Cincinnati. The Fleischman motor car ran along the streets of Kingston, N. Y., at a speed of 40 miles an hour, and nearly wrecked a carriage in which Judge Parker was driving. Mr. Fleischman paid a fine and settled claims amounting to $250. This, observes the Springfield Republican,(may be a sign that Judge Parker would make a good president.

It is announced that the Canadians may be the next challengers for the America's cup, and little Japan has also been talking along the same line. A three-cornered race for the cup would increase the interest.

The man who has just completed a trip around the world in a little over 54 days could have learned more by staying at home and reading his geography.

Is it not time for some hide-bound Republican organ to kick because a Democrat has been promoted to be governor general of the Philippines?

The Lutheran conference that criticised President Roosevelt for his message of condolence on the death of Pope Leo is 100 years behind the times.

CUPS ENGLAND HAS LIFTED.

The good people of England are now consoling themselves somewhat over the fact that the America's cup is not the only trophy in the world and that Great Britain has won a fair share of the others. The America's cup, for instance, says London's Answers, cannot compare for a moment with the Brenton Reef cup, which was originally given to the New York Yacht club by James Gordon Bennett, then commodore of the club, and is held by them as a perpetual challenge cup. Unlike the America's cup, which never returned to England since it left our shores fifty-two years ago, continues Answers, the Brenton Reef cup has been won and held for some years by a British boat. This was the Genesta of the Royal yacht squadron, the same vessel which in 1885 made a gallant attempt to capture the America's cup, but was beaten by the Puritan. Again, in 1889, the yawl Wendur won the same cup, and brought it to England, only to have it recaptured by Mr. Phelps' Navahoe in 1893. In the same year that Genesta failed to win the America's cup she succeeded in carrying off another and far more beautiful trophy from the United States in the shape of the Cape May cup. She beat the American vessel Dauntless in this race, and the cup remained in England until 1893, when the all-conquering Navahoe won it back, as well as securing the Brenton Reef cup.

The Ailsa cup, which was made by Tiffany, at a cost of some 500 guineas, is one of the most beautiful yachting trophies in existence, from an artistic point of view. It is a huge punch-bowl with a capacity of fifty quarts, and weighs 750 ounces. The body and foot represent a surging wave, with dolphins. This cup was won by the king's yacht Britannia, but afterward fell to the cutter Ailsa, in a 53-mile race off Nice in May, 1895.

The most valuable yachting cup in existence is the American Steam Yacht Challenge cup, which weighs 85 pounds, and cost no less than $15,000. It was made in 1888 for the American Steam Yacht club as a perpetual challenge cup, but no challenge has ever yet been received for it. The fact is that steam-yacht racing, though a fascinating idea, would be so extremely apt to end in disaster, and is so terribly costly that it has not yet become a recognized branch of sport. At the Cannes regatta there are several international cups raced for each year. The most valuable is the 250-guinea Ogden Goelet Challenge cup, and there is another valuable trophy given by the president of the French republic. The Coupe International du Cercle de la Mediterranee is sailed for each year by yachts of the largest size, and carries with it added money to the value of about £1500. Canada and this country have an occasional struggle over the Seawanhaka cup. There are three races to decide the holder, just as in the America's cup contest. At present, Seuenville, a Canadian yacht, is the holder.

While it is true that the America's cup is not particularly valuable from an intrinsic point of view, it denotes an international sepremacy in yacht building and sailing for a period of over half a century, a value that cannot be reckoned by dollars and cents.

ST. LOUIS WILL GET THE MONEY.

Secretary of the Treasury Shaw is determined that no part of the $5,000,000 appropriated by congress for the St. Louis exposition shall be paid to the managers until he is assured that $10,000,000 has been expended by the fair management as required by law. Tuesday the secretary visited the exposition grounds to see for himself what had been done and is reported to have been highly pleased with the progress made. In addition to this ocular proof there arrived at the treasury department the other day from St. Louis, a huge steel trunk containing some 7000 vouchers for the expenditures made by the fair company up to date. The exposition officials claim that the disbursements aggregate $10,000,000, and if their contention should be borne out by the vouchers, Secretary Shaw will turn over to them the $5,000,000 appropriated by congress for the aid of the big St. Louis fair. But the appropriation was made with a string attached to it. This proviso was that it should not become available until after the fair management had actually expended $10,000,000 in promoting the enterprise.

The law further provided that the secretary of the treasury should be "satisfied" that this amount of money had been disposed of in bona fide transactions. Some weeks ago the fair people called on Mr. Shaw for the $5,000,000 appropriation, at the same time declaring that they had complied with the requirements of the law. While Secretary Shaw did not doubt the declarations, still he wanted complete evidence and hence the paprs. From what Secretary Shaw has seen and with the documents at the department, there is not much doubt but that the congressional appropriation will at once be forthcoming.

DECADENCE IN CONNECTICUT.

The rapid decadence of the small towns of Connecticut is a matter of serious moment. According to the report of the bureau of vital statistics for that state, in more than two-fifths of the country communities the number of deaths exceeds the births. Marlborough, which is located in the southeastern part of Hartford county, and which is now the smallest town in the commonwealth, had a record of two births and three deaths, and apart from the fact that one of the decedents was a German, the birth and mortality certificates all related to pure native stock, and furnishes an example of present conditions. The town of Marlborough, which attained the full flower of its growth in 1830, when its population was 839, now has only 322 inhabitants. The little town of Sherman, which touches elbows with the New York border, and which forms a part of the watershed of the Housatonic river, shows that the same forces which make for rural decadence in many of the eastern sections of the state, are likewise operating in the Western counties. The ratio of deaths to births in the town was 6 to 13, and foreign stock figured very rarely either in the cradle or the coffin. In 1850 the population of the town was 984, the largest in its history, but each subsequent decade has showed a slowly shrinking census, and in 1900 the number of inhabitants was 658.

There is something radically wrong with this state, as with many others in the East. The majority of the towns are prosperous and growing, but in two-fifths of them decay is apparent. The solution of this condition affords a study for the scientifically inclined.

Senator Quay says he willl not return to the senate when his present time expires. But he will probably choose his successor, and his name will not be Wanamaker.

Will the Pulitzer school of journalism teach a new method of collecting from delinquent subscribers?

King Peter of Servia has also discovered that "uneasy lies the head that wears the crown."

It is the thirteenth series of races for the America's cup and yet luck stays with the defender.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"It's a funny thing," said the traveling man who carries a surplus of avoirdupois and who "makes" the Spalding about once every six weeks, "but here I have been doing my utmost during the summer to reduce my weight and in spite of everything I can do I still keep gaining. I used to think that I was pretty well built but here only last week a yap out here on the edge of civilization told me that I look like a bureau with the bottom drawer open. I am going to begin taking lessons on the piano because I can see the time coming when I'll be playing that instrument in a horizontal position. I'm going to put a stop to it. I'm going to get busy and reduce if it takes all summer. I'm going to cut out the pastries and the pies and the fried potatoes and the gravies and the sauces and the fried chicken and the hot biscuits and the—"

"Well you do cut a pretty figure going around the country endeavoring to sell straight front corsets," remarked the man who annually foists upon an unsuspecting public something like $50,000 worth of "Increase-Your-Girth" breakfast food and resembles, to a great extent, a wall-eyed pike standing on it's tail, "but let me give you a first money talk. Don't attempt to reduce your weight. If you do, the amount of dead weight which you will be carrying around will prohibit you from going through anything except exits when the show is over. I had a cousin down east who tried those things and I am giving you the benefit of her experience.

"The net results of her various attempts are that she is so bulky that we have to get her into a carriage with a derrick and to make it worse she can't walk forty yards because her feet, which were intended for a 120 pounder, can't transport the load.

"About the time she was twenty years old she was a beautiful girl. Then she began to take on weight. For a year or two she anticipated no remarkable gathering of flesh but when she could almost see a few extra ounces every time she took a glance at a mirror. Then she thought it was about time to check her growth and since then I guess she has done nearly everything except smoke. cigarettes in her vain endeavors to find an anti-fat cure.

"First she tried cutting down her fodder. After a month she found that that would not accomplish the desired result and she switched to drinking vinegar because some one told her that that would do the trick. About this time she also tried taking hot baths at night and ice cold baths in the morning. It was no use. Each time she got on the scales she had to put the weight out further on the arm.

"Then her father died leaving her a ton and a half of money. She needed it. A friend who had once been a cowboy advised her to go out West and ride horseback. She went, and had to buy a draft horse in Chicago as they had nothing west of the Missouri river that could hold the weight. From 200 she had gone to 250 and was still gaining. The horseback business did her no good as I guess she just took enough exercise to induce a healthy gain.

"She returned to New York weighing 270 pounds and went to the vapor baths. They told her that a three weeks' course would take off ten pounds. She tried it three weeks and weighed 278. Since then, and that was two years ago, she has kept quiet and worried about ten pounds off and she figures that if she can keep up the system that she will resemble a human being about twenty years from date.

"No, sir, don't try any of these things for scraping the fat off unless you might take a chance at 'Increase-Your-Girth,' I use it."

* * *

John E. Caine, soliciting freight agent of the Northern Pacific road, returned from a western trip a few days ago bemoaning the fact that the days of the romantic and adventurous cowboy are over.

"They don't have the fun and excitement that they did years ago," said he, as he closed a deal for a large shipment in the St. Louis lobby. "I remember a few years ago I went out to visit a distant relative who was recuperating his health on a ranch. He was a pretty good fellow and for that reason I did not get all that usually comes to a tenderfoot. But although the average easterner usually got the worst of it once in a while a fellow would come along who was just as game as they were and could give them more than they showed him.

"I remember a case of this kind which happened about the third week I was in the saddle. A thin consumptive looking fellow about nineteen years old drove up to the ranch one day with a letter to the range boss. The letter stated that the bearer was the son of the head of a large packing firm and to take good care of him. With a little swearing behind his heavy mustache Bill Gordon, the range boss, told him to make himself at home and told the boys to see that he had a good time.

"The boys saw where they were going to send their new arrival home inside of a week. But he fooled them. After tossing him in a blanket the first night, putting him through the bucking bronco stunt and trying other nerve racking schemes without making him run up a white flag they decided to put him through the third degree. Accordingly they sent him upon an imaginary errand a mile or two away one night and then left word with the foreman for him to follow them to the 'Turkey track' ranch a few miles away. They also got hold of his gun and took the bullets out of the cartridges.

"Then they road down the trail until they came to a point about 500 yards from the 'Turkey track' ranch house. They hobbled their horses some distance from the road and waited at the side of the road for their victim. He was not long in coming. Riding at an easy lope he was suddenly stopped by a hoarse command to halt and this was followed by another for him to throw up his hands. As the bridle was seized about fifty shots were fired.

"The gang thought he would beg for mercy but he didn't. He was seen to whip out his six-shooter but before he had time to use it he threw up his hands and fell from his horse. The men caught him before he reached the ground. He groaned and without examining him they started carrying him to the house, thinking that one of them had accidentally shot him.

"It was with blanched faces that they carried him in through the door and laid him on a table. He was apparently unconscious up to the time when they laid him down. At this point in the ceremony, however, he rose and with a quiet smile said: 'I'm much obliged fellers. I might have walked but I thought you needed the exercise.'

"From that day on he was one of them."

* * *

Senator and Mrs. Fairbanks left Duluth last night over the Northern Pacific road. They will go straight to their home in Indianapolis by way of Chicago. They had intended taking a lake trip but changed their course upon learning that they could get no boat going the route they wished to travel. Before leaving Senator Fairbanks again took occasion to compliment Duluth upon her progressiveness. He said:

"My stay in Duluth, although short, has been very pleasant. After looking over your shipping facilities I am more than ever convinced that you have the coming city of the Northwest."

* * *

"We are not building any wooden bridges now," said Clinton H. Smith of Wausau, Wis., timber inspector for the C. M. & St. P. road, last night at the Spalding. "All of our new bridges being of steel construction. At the present time our through lines from Chicago to Minneapolis and from Chicago to Omaha have not a wooden bridge on them and within a few years all branches will be similarly equipped. We find it hard to get steel with which to construct new bridges owing to the heavy demand for it all over the country. All of the timber we buy now is for repairing purposes. We have men in Louisiana, on the Pacific coast and we also do some buying here. We find that the best material is the Douglas fir, which comes from the state of Washington."

* * *

The Grand Forks baseball team is registered at the St. Louis.

* * *

M. A. McNaughton, a wholesaler of Scanlon, and Attorney Frank F. Price of Grand Rapids, are registered at the Hotel McKay.

* * *

The Rev. and Mrs. Walter Scott and the Rev. George E. Remeau of Two Rivers are guests at the McKay. Mr. Scott and Mr. Remeau are Episcopalian clergymen.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: E. S. Hemenway, Ashland; Jacob Hellbron, Attleboro; C. S. Larrison, St. Paul; Clinton H. Smith, Wausau; Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Paris, Minneapolis; G. P. Murphy, Minneapolis; A. E. Wilson, Palatka, Fla.; Samuel Johnson, Minneapolis; Leonard Nygaard, St. Paul; John A. Hogan, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. John Pengilly and daughter, Tower; Malcolm Crichton, Ironwood; P. H. Nelson, Hibbing; G. A. Whitman, Eveleth.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: H. C. Hygrlue, Decorah; Patrick Hynes, Iron River; J. W. Sawyer, Minneapolis; H. D. Powers, St. Paul; A. E. Daggert, G. N. Bailey, St. Paul; W. P. Hogan, Kerrick; W. H. Harvey, McKinley; D. F. McDermott, Minneapolis; Frank Julian, St. Paul; A. C. Baker, Decorah; Mr. and Mrs. John Dwan, Two Harbors; H. L. Lucas, Owatonna; John A. Jacobs, Washburn; Henry Park, Ashland; W. H. Dawson, Minneapolis; A. M. Turnquist, Eveleth; G. B. Walker, St. Paul; A. Nelson, M. J. Olson, A. S Hooland, J. A. Gurgerson, R. W. Risgard, Fertile; F. P. McQuillin, Altkin; Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Greenfield, Hill City; Arthur Ely, Chicago; F. S. Colvin, Biwabik.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: H. H. Bane, Minneapolis; John H. Hull, St. Paul; A. G. Macdonald, St. Paul; Joseph Roy and wife, Ely; F. M. Washburn, Minneapolis; George E. Remeau, Two Harbors; P. M. Johnson, Sophia Johnson, Biwabik; F. Flaird, Skibo; Mr. and Mrs. F. F. Price, Grand Rapids; J. A. Smith, Minneapolis; R. L. Lerino, St. Paul.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Sept. 3.—Light showers fell over the upper lake region, the Northwest, Utah, New Mexico and South Carolina. A trough of low pressure extends from Lake Superior southwest to California. The barometer is high in Eastern states and the far Northwest. The temperature changes were slight during the past twenty-four hours, the weather continuing cool over most of the Northwest. The winds in the lake region are fresh to brisk and mostly southwest except easterly and southerly on Superior, while at New York the wind is six miles per hour from the north with partly cloudy weather.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	90	Marquette	68
Bismarck	78	Medicine Hat	68
Boston	72	Memphis	80
Buffalo	72	Miles City	78
Calgary	58	Milwaukee	80
Charleston	84	Minnedosa	68
Chicago	78	Modena	68
Cincinnati	80	Montgomery	84
Davenport	82	Moorhead	72
Denver	92	New Orleans	82
Detroit	80	North Platte	96
Dodge City	84	Omaha	84
Duluth	68	Pittsburg	78
Edmonton	52	Portland	78
El Paso	90	Prince Albert	60
Escanaba	80	Qu'Appelle	66
Galveston	80	Rapid City	82
Green Bay	76	San Francisco	80
Havre	74	Santa Fe	80
Helena	78	Shreveport	84
Houghton	64	Spokane	74
Huron	88	St. Louis	82
Jacksonville	88	St. Paul	72
Kamioops	68	Sault Ste. Marie	74
Kansas City	86	Swift Current	96
Knoxville	86	Washington	80
La Crosse	80	Williston	72
Lander	88	Winnemucca	90
Los Angeles	82	Winnipeg	68

Forecast for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m (local time). Friday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Friday. Fresh and possibly brisk westerly to northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight. Generally fair Friday. Cooler.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Friday. Possibly frost tonight in west portion.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Friday. Cooler tonight.

Upper Lakes—Fresh southwesterly winds, becoming northeasterly on Superior and Northern Michigan Friday. Partly cloudy with showers this afternoon or tonight on Superior and northern portions of Michigan and Huron.

THOUGHTS THAT TICKLE.

Washington Star: "So Mistah Erastus Pinkley is gwine to git married," said the coffee-colored youth with the large scarf pin.

"Yes," was the answer. "Somebody done tol' him dat marriage was a lottery, an' he's seen a spont dat he's boun' to take a chance."

Philadelphia Press: "The girls amuse me," said Batcheller, boastfully, "and you may be sure none of them will ever catch me."

"Well," replied Miss Pert, "no doubt you're right. They say 'the biggest fish always gets away,' and I suppose that applies as well to the biggest lobsters."

Detroit Free Press: Mr. Bragg—She's just crazy to marry me.

Mrs. Sweetly—Naturally, any girl would be.

Philadelphia Press: She—Mamma says I mustn't encourage you at all.

He—That's all right. I don't need any encouragement.

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: Miss Passay—You may sneer at pet dogs, but they're faithful anyway. I'd rather kiss a pug dog than some men.

Mr. Sharpe—Well, well, some men are born lucky.

Boston Transcript: Teacher — Why, Johnny, I thought you knew your alphabet?

Johnny—I don't know the names of the letters nor the way they come, but when I see the alphabet all together I know it fast enough.

Detroit Free Press: "Poor Grimly! He followed Carnegie's advice about putting all his eggs in one basket."

"Wasn't that all right?"

"Yes, but he sat on the basket."

Philadelphia Ledger: "You can always tell an Englishman," said the Briton, proudly.

"Of course, you can," replied the Yankee, "but it doesn't do any good, because he thinks he knows it all."

Town Topics: "Why are you so insanely jealous? I don't see how you could marry a woman whom you will not trust?"

"My dear girl, don't you know that the union is the sworn foe of the trust?"

Chicago Tribune: The beefy looking man standing up in the aisle of the crowded car had managed to grab two straps with each hand, and was holding on tightly.

"Gee!" exclaimed the little man standing next to him, admiringly, "what an end seat hog you'd be if this was an open car, wouldn't you!"

Philadelphia Press: "Some people are always making mistakes," said the talkative bore. "Strange, isn't it?"

"Oh, not so strange," replied Peppery. "Naturally there are some people who have never had the benefit of your advice."

Chicago Post: "I want to get copies of your paper for a week back," said the old gentleman.

"Don't you think you'd better use a porous plaster?" suggested the new clerk in the publication office.

NOCTURNE.

Up to her chamber window
A slight wire trellis goes,
And up this Romeo ladder
Clambers a bold white rose.

I lounge in the ilex shadows,
I see the lady lean,
Unclasping her silken girdle,
The curtain's folds between.

She smiles on her white-rose lover,
She reaches out her hand
And helps him in at the window—
I see it where I stand!

To her scarlet lip she holds him,
And kisses him many a time—
Ah me! It was he that won her,
Because he dared to climb.

—THOMAS BAILEY ALDRICH.

THE WAY OF A MAID

By Martha M. Williams.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

Elvis came across the pasture grass, her arms overflowing with wild roses and elder bloom. There were richer roses in her cheeks—the foam-white elder was no whiter than her bare forehead. But Mrs. Lawson, good woman, frowned and sighed. She knew the flowers were meant to deck the trim white parlor—thus they stood to her reconditely for sight of Wallace Reed. She had nothing in the world against Wallace, save that he stood between her and the darling wish of her heart. Until he began haunting the white parlor, looking love there at Elvis all hours of the day and week, there had never been a question that Elvis Lawson would in due course become Elvis Purdy, mistress of the handsomest house, the biggest plantation, in all Maxwell county.

As Elvis shut the yard gate behind her Mrs. Lawson said, fretfully: "Lookin' for company, eh? Well! I had better go and make some cake, and tell Maria to kill three chickens. I did want to do a big day's work at peach-dryin'—but it's always the way—folks come at the very time you don't care to see 'em—"

"You needn't bother, mammy," Elvis said, coloring faintly. "Even if Mack stays to dinner he's so near home folks—"

"Is McLear Purdy comin'? Then the best on this place ain't none too good for him," Mrs. Lawson said, her brow clearing magically. "Run along with your posies, daughter—don't let 'em wilt. And put on your blue lawn—it becomes you most of anything. Be sure you tell Mack I'm makin' peach cobbler, just specially for him—he says nobody else makes it fit to eat since Grandma Purdy died."

Elvis did not hear—she was inside the hall, her hands gripping their flowery burden hard. The crisis had come—come in spite of all she could do. McLear Purdy was coming that morning—so was Wallace Reed. In the face of both she was to choose between them—it was only so she could keep down the bad blood brewed by their rivalry. She had found them the night before ready to murder each other for her sake. Somehow, as she filled the big, gilt, china pitchers and quaint, old-fashioned glass bowls with her hedge-row spoil, she felt as though she were laying flowers fair in a coffin.

She had not slept all night—of right she should have been wan and weary. She hated her blooming image—even though it did not smile at her as usual from the mantel mirrir. Her eyes were wide and brilliant—there was not the least tremor of fingers as she knotted something white and thin loosely about her throat. Still she had an edged sense of what impended. All the night through she tried to see the right—to find the true way out of the tangle. Purdy held her by no set promise, yet she could not, and did not, deny his claim. As far back as memory went she had been his sweetheart—he had claimed her openly ever since as a romping lad he had carried her pick-a-pack all about the two farms. Grandma Purdy had willed Elvis her set of flowered china and ever so many precious heirlooms, to say nothing of $500 in cash. Furthermore, McLear himself had always been so fond and faithful, so patient with her whims, so indulgent of all her fancies. It was intolerable, quite, to think of life without him—but still more intolerable to think of days and weeks and years without Wallace Reed.

He was younger than Purdy—richer also, and handsomer, but not of the country-side. Chance had flung him across Elvis' path—his home was a thousand miles away. But he had some vague touch with Maxwell county—his grandfather had gone away from it to make a fortune in a great city. Wallace had come back because of a fancy to see Reedholm, the family estate, albeit, it had been so long in stranger hands. Under spell of Elvis he tried hard to get Reedholm back—saying impetuously to the girl who had charmed him: "You would grace any place in the world—but I do not want to take you away—you fit so adorably into this beautiful green country—besides, here I may keep you all to myself."

He had not yet got Reedholm. Neither was it certain he would get Elvis. She loved him—to her own heart she made no denial—but so far she had fenced with him daintily, now and again so flouting him he went away from her in white wrath. But next day he always came back humbly enough to make his peace. Elvis laughed at his penitence, pretending to hold herself high and mighty in wrath. It was delightful—playing this sort of game—but all through the playing she had a sense that it would be mighty different with McLear Purdy—if he once went away angry she would never see him again at her feet.

Wallace Reed had begged her to marry him out of hand, and to settle matters. She had laughed at the suggestion, but he held to it with always deeper insistence. She had said neither yea nor nay to him—the play had been too delicious. It was Purdy who had forced the issue, taking Reed metaphorically by the throat and saying to him, the while he looked steadily in Elvis' face: "She'll choose between us two—tomorrow. Whoever loses will—get out of the other's way."

Her heart gave a great startled sound as she saw them ride up, elbow to elbow, dismount, and walk between the gay, prim flower-borders, neither so much as glancing at the other. Both were pale underneath their tan—so pale their faces looked grim and hard. She gave each a hand in greeting and motioned them to seats. Her heart was still so riotous she darcd not trust her voice. Every sense was preternaturally sharp—she heard, with a sense of laughter, her mother's fretful sigh, black Maria's throaty chuckle, the cackle and larking of the hens in the back yard. And all her life, the scent of wild roses, mixed with almond sweet of elder, will bring back to her the fateful instant when she seemed to lose control of herself in a smother of that vital and subtle perfume.

Purdy scarcely more than touched her hand—Reed clung to it as though it saved him from shipwreck. Both stood within a yard of her, neither saying a word. She looked from one to the other and back again, her color coming and going, at last finding till she was white as the films about her throat. She shut her eyes, praying for strength—and light. Purdy's face was a mask—even his eyes lacked their usual dumb appeal. Reed's countenance was eloquent indeed. Love and longing breathed from every line—and yet, and yet, she drew away the hand he held, to let it fall limp and motionless beside her.

The silence, the stillness grew appalling. Elvis could hear her own heart beat note the heavy, hurried breathing of the men in wait. Across the tense moment there came a sharp, terrified crying—a woman's voice shrill to the degree of agony, and under it a hoarse menacing growl. At the sound Purdy rushed away, clearing the room, the hall, the piazza, in half a dozen long strides. Reed caught Elvis' hand and tried to fondle it, saying thickly: "Darling! Darling! You—you can't mean to send me away."

Elvis broke away from him and ran after Purdy. She found him at the stile with a fainting woman in his arms. She was black, tattered, far from clean, but he carried her as tenderly as ever knight bore his lady love. A little way off the mare stood Bevis, the Lawson watchdog, whose sudden attack had sent the poor creature frantic. She was a cropper's wife who had hurried to the big house after medicine for her sick baby. When she came to, as she did very shortly, Elvis went home with her, Reed and Purdy walking behind, each with a parcel of succors and comforts for the child.

Thus it came about that Elvis made her choice at last, under the wide heaven with free winds playing all about. It was under the big oak beside the pasture gate that she laid her hand half timidly in Purdy's. The scales had fallen—she knew here was a man among men, a true knight, whose chivalry rose at the cry of distress, sweeping away all thought of selfish desire, selfish advantage. Reed, watching her with eager eyes, groaned and rushed away. McLear Purdy took her tenderly to his breast, asking in a shaken voice: "Sweetheart, when shall the wedding be?" And Elvis, Elvis, the wilful, the fickle, answered him through tears: "Whenever you like—but give me, please, a little time, so I may learn to love you as you deserve."

Many Actors and Singers use Piso's Cure to strengthen the voice and prevent hoarseness.

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS.

Thursday, September 3, 1903.

Don't catch cold. Wear an outing flannel night gown and save doctor's bills. Look out for stingy lengths. See that you get 'em long. At the Lightbody store for the whole family, from 50 cents up.

For men, Luzerne 75 per cent wool flat underwear is just right for fall. Gray or striped, as you wish. Shirts and drawers, $1 a garment.

Men's balbriggan undershirts at less than half, because drawers to match are sold, and some sizes are gone. We have sizes 34, 40, 42, 44 and 46. They were 50 and 75 cents. Now they're 25c.

The price of cotton is away up, but we had to have a good yard wide bleached muslin to sell at 8 cents. Just one way to do it. We've taken a 9-cent one and made it 8. Nearly as fine as Fruit of the Loom, but not quite as heavy.

Heavy twilled night gown cotton, 10 cents a yard. It was 15.

Walking skirts at $3.50. Mixtures, cheviots, serges and meltons. Good styles. tho' not the latest. Used to sell from $5 to $10.

Small furs at a saving of a quarter and third. Everything in small furs for babies, children, misses and ladies. You're absolutely safe in buying them, for they're manufacturer's samples.

Interstate cars pass the store.

S. W. Lightbody & Co.,
11th Street and Tower Avenue,
Superior.

The Remedy, If Applied.

Baltimore American: The frown of national and state executives, the merciless application of the penalties of the law and the prompt action of the courts in punishing the original offenders will do much to discourage and to prevent the mob demonstrations in various parts of the country.

The South Hits Back.

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: Speaking about southern barbarism, we observe that there are 27,000 saloons in the south and 34,000 in the state of New York alone, and there are three and a half times as many people in the south as in New York. Wonder if we can't do something to reform that benighted state.

Composure of Civilization.

Chicago Chronicle: Considering the hysterics into which civilization was thrown by the relatively small affair at Kishineff civilization retains its composure wonderfully well. While whole towns are being obliterated and their people tortured to death by abshi-bazouks. Civilization evidently is cultivating self-control.

SCHOOLS

SHERWOOD MUSIC SCHOOL

A superior school of Music, Drama, Languages. Under direct supervision of William H. Sherwood, the great American Pianist. Leading Musicians and Artists in all departments.

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THURSDAY, SEPT. 3
"Hunting for Hawkins"
Prices, 15c, 25c, 35c 50c. 75c.

Friday, Saturday Matinee and Night,
The Military Opera—
"When Johnny Comes Marching Home"
Sale Opens Thursday Morning.

Coming—Sept. 7 and 8 — James and Warde, in "Alexander the Great."

Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 7-8
LOUIS JAMES AND FRED'K WARDE
In a Stupendous Scenic Production of
ALEXANDER THE GREAT.
Seats on Sale Saturday 9 a. m.

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METROPOLITAN STOCK COMPANY,
Including Mr. GUS A. FORBES, in
"TRILBY"—Last Time Tonight.
Friday, Saturday Mat. and Saturday Night
"The Mysterious Mr. Jones"
GARDINERS IN SPECIALTIES.
Prices—Evening, 10c, 25c, 50c. Matinee, 10c, 25c.

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ORIGINAL DESIGNS IN

HIGH-GRADE FURS



OUR advance styles for the coming winter are now on exhibition, and we cordially invite our friends and patrons to inspect this truly extensive assortment of exclusive ideas and tasty creations in rich and beautiful furs.

Not elsewhere can you find such patterns, graceful lines and pretty combinations as depicted here this season, and this fact, together with the sterling quality of our skins, our excellent values and superior workmanship, enablas us to produce garments that absolutely have no equal.

Among the favorites, Genuine Alaska Seal (London dyed), Persian Lamb (Leipzig dyed) and Natural Hudson Bay Otter will hold first place for coats, jackets, etc. Among the smaller furs, such as Sets, Neckwear and separate Boas and Muffs, Russian Crown Sable, Natural Hudson Bay Sable, Halifax Mink, Natural Lynx and Black Lynx, Royal Ermine and Chinchilla are given marked attention.

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OPENS THE COURSE

Mrs. Hiller Gives the First of Her Cooking Lectures.

Describes an Ideal Kitchen and Furnishings For It.

Yesterday afternoon the first of the course of eighteen lectures by Mrs. Elizabeth O. Hiller, of the Chicago Training School of Domestic Science, was given in the gymnasium of the Young Women's Christian association rooms. Every chair in the room was taken by the many who were anxious to learn how to do away with the drudgery of housekeeping. There were old housekeepers who have for years cooked the most appetizing dishes for their families, but who, when asked for a receipt, will probably give the measurements with a comprehensive wave in the atmosphere, "Oh, you take a handful of this and a pinch of that," which is anything but definite. These are of the class of born cooks, not the made variety. Then there were the housewives who have been in the business but a short time, and with puckers on their brows determined to understand why that last batch of bread might be used for weights of any description. And then there were girls with diamonds on the third finger of their left hand, and it was quite patent to everybody why they were there.

The subject of yesterday's talk was "An Ideal Kitchen," and in the room were a range, a gas range, and the utensils necessary and those not absolutely necessary, but that make the work lighter and more attractive.

Mrs. Hiller was gowned in white linen and was assisted by her maid Pietra, who travels with her. The maid was attired in a pink gown of gingham lawn with dainty white apron. This suit, made simply, easily laundered and durable, is the ideal kitchen garb.

The situation and finishing of the kitchen was first spoken off. The room should be situated on the side of the house that is not exposed to the afternoon sun to add to the discomfort of the cook at the time when dinner is being prepared. If the mischief is already done, awnings should be placed on the windows. The walls should be a restful color, the curtains easily working, and the range as good a one as the purse can afford. In the room a harmonizing of color ought to be striven for, and it should not be a receiving place for those things that are not wanted in other places.

The utensils that have been found most useful and durable were shown and their superiority explained.

After the talk, punch was served, and the women were given an opportunity to meet Mrs. Hiller. Many expressions of delight were heard over the capable and entertaining way Mrs. Hiller presented her subject. The lecture given this afternoon, which is really the first on cooking, will be "Some Beginnings."

CALL IT TYPHUS FEVER.

Experts of Columbia Pass Upon Cuban Epidemic.

New York, Sept. 3.—According to the experts in the pathological department of Columbia university, the plague that is sweeping over Cuba is typhus fever in its most malignant form. The experts have reached this conclusion after a careful study of the symptoms, but they have not yet made a scientific diagnosis of the disease, and there fore are not prepared to make a definite report.

Dr. Eugene Hodenpyl, in charge of the pathological department, in the absence of Dr. Pruden, says that, from his observation, the district in Cuba where the strange plague appeared, is simply a generating bed of typhus germs. Like other forms of fever, the disease is infectious but not contagious.

"There is no denying that I may be in error, since I have not made a scientific research into this malady," he said. "It may be an entirely new disease for the medical profession to meet, but at present I am inclined to think it is an old one."

Dr. A. Bockar, who has worked on the germs in his laboratory, thinks the plague is a new and most virulent form of malarial fever.

FOOLISH GIRL

Of Red Wing Elopes With Young Kanopatsky.

Red Wing, Minn., Sept. 3.—Bernice Glardon, adopted daughter of George Glardon, and Ernest Kanopatsky, have eloped, after several unsuccessful attempts. Kanopatsky is the young man who has traveled under the name of George Sharp, representing himself as an official of the state training school, and has caused that institution, of which he has been an inmate, much trouble. The couple escaped across the river and presumably took the Burlington train for the twin cities.

THOUSAND-DOLLAR BILLS.

Guthrie, O. T., Sept. 3.—One thousand dollar bills have made their appearance in Oklahoma. The matter came to light through a statement by Gov. Ferguson himself that some person prominent in politics and supposed to stand high in the governor's favor, was supposed to receive $1000 from a school book company if he would secure the signature of Gov. Ferguson to the uniform school bill passed by the last legislature. This statement was made in answer to a resolution held in Apache, O. T., wherein Gov. Ferguson was condemned for vetoing the uniform school book bill.

Dysentery

This is a dangerous disease but can be cured. There is a remedy that never fails. It has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery with perfect success. It is called

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

It is equally valuable for children and when reduced with water and sweetened, is pleasant to take. 25 and 50 cts.

A MONSTER BOAT

Details of Immense Boat to Be Built For A. B. Wolvin.

To Carry Ten Thousand Tons of Ore at Eleven Miles Speed.

The sight of a vessel carrying 10,000 tons of ore, which was dumped into her hold in less than an hour's time, and running at a speed of eleven miles an hour, will be seen on the great lakes next summer.

The details of the plans for the new leviathan, which is to be constructed for A. B. Wolvin during the coming winter, have been made public, and they mark an epoch in lake shipping.

When the fleet of four 500-footers was constructed, it was freely predicted that the limit in size had been reached, but the new vessel, which will be constructed at the Lorain yards of the American Shipbuilding company, and will be ready for service by April I, will be 560 feet in length, 56 feet in width and 32 feet in depth of hold.

The vessel, according to the new plan which is being adopted, will have hatches but three feet apart. There will be thirty-three of them, and on account of their proximity no shoveling will be necessary in unloading. The clam shells will be able to accomplish all of the work, and the loading will also be greatly facilitated by the large number of hatches.

The steamer will be capable of carrying 9700 gross tons, or 10,700 net tons on a draught of 18 feet. On a draught of 18½ feet, which is a stage that may be said to be at hand, the vessel will carry a cargo of 10,000 gross tons, which places her well within the class of ocean-going freighters.

The vessel will be equipped with quadruple expansion engines having cylinders of 18½, 23½, 42½ and 66 inches diameter with a 42-inch stroke. Steam will be supplied by two Babcock & Wilson water tube boilers, allowing a working pressure of 225 pounds, and equipped with Ellis & Eaves' improved draft.

There will be a space of four feet between her hopper bottom and the bottom of her hull, which will be utilized for her water ballast.

She will have a 24-foot bottom with sides sloping to the deck and her water ballast will also occupy the space between her hopper hold and her skin, which is expected to make for stability in rough weather. This feature is an entirely new departure in shipbuilding on the lakes.

In her outward appearance the ship will be slightly different from ordinary freighters of the modern type, as she will have a flush deck fore and aft—that is, she will have no raised deck and no forecastle.

ALLEE IS THE BOSS.

Postmistress Removed Because He Did Not Like Her.

Wilmington, Del., Sept. 3.—The removal of Hulda B. Todd as postmistress of Greenwood and the appointment of an Addicks Republican to succeed her has raised a hornet's nest in the Republican camp. Miss Todd was unable to learn why she had been removed, and in company with United States Senator L. H. Ball she journeyed to Washington. Facing Postmaster General Payne, she demanded to know if charges had been preferred. She was assured that no charges had been preferred.

"Then, why was I removed?"

"You were removed because you were officially obnoxious to Senator Allee," replied Mr. Payne, ill at ease.

"Mr. Postmaster General," retorted Miss Todd, "do you think that is a sufficient reason to remove a woman from office when her record in office is good?"

"Under the circumstances," replied Postmaster General Payne, "I think the reason is sufficient."

That ended the interview.

IOWAN PREFERS CHARGES.

Former Chief Clerk Alleges Violation of Law.

Washington, Sept. 3.—It develops that Col. Andrew Geddes, of Iowa, who has retired from the position of chief clerk of the department of agriculture, was not solely influenced by a desire to enjoy the pay he is entitled to as a retired officer of the army. According to statements made by Col. Geddes there has been some friction between him and another employe of the department. In Col. Geddes' words this official has been "usurping the duties of chief clerk and impudently and ignorantly arrogating to himself some of the prerogatives of the clerk's office."

Col. Geddes was willing to continue to perform the duties of chief clerk in preference to leaving the government service to draw pay as a retired army officer, had it not been for this friction. When Col. Geddes found his position unbearable he tendered his resignation. The secretary of agriculture has furloughed him, without pay. Col. Geddes has no complaint to make against Secretary Wilson except to say that the secretary granted him no relief when he protested. Col. Geddes asserts that he "refused repeatedly to be a party to transactions in the department which he considered illegal, unwarranted and against the best interests of the public service."

SCRAMBLE FOR COIN.

Banks Anxious to Secure Deposits From Treasury.

Washington, Sept. 3.—National banks all over the country are anxious to get part of the $40,000,000 which Secretary Shaw has set aside to deposit this fall in the event of a monetary stringency. The secretary has no intention of increasing the deposits in the banks unless it should become apparent that the demand for currency for moving the crops cannot be met without forcing interest rates up to an abnormally high level. Many bankers have assumed that there is no question about the money being put out.

Banks that are now depositories are sending in applications for increased deposits, and other banks are asking to be designated as depositories. Many of the declarations are accompanied by letters approving the action of the secretary in setting aside the fund, and expressing the opinion that it will result in the crop moving season being tided over this year without any disastrous stringency.

Don't miss this Friday Department Sale

Gray-Tallant Co.

The Notion Dept. will be represented in tomorrow's department sale. Fifteen splendid bargains for the economical buyer. Scan them closely; it will pay you.

Friday is ever a "special sales day" with us." Always making offerings away below regular values. Tomorrow we specialize one department. Note the prices:

15c	12-yard bunch Rick Rack braid—Friday's sale price is but	10c	2½c	White, grey or black corset laces—Friday, during the dept. sale, 6 for..	5c
4c	Black or white "Hump" hooks and eyes—Friday's sale price, the card	2c	5c	Basting cotton—500-yard spools—what you want of it Friday for	3c
15c	and 12½c featherweight dress shields—Friday's special sale price	10c	50c	Children's combination waist and hose supporters, white or drab,	35c
10c	Infants' black hose supporters—on sale Friday at, only	7c	12½c	yard Anchor skirt binding—another snap for Friday sale at	10c
10c	Beauty Pins—6 pins on each card—Friday's special sale, two cards	15c	5c	yard velveteen skirt binding—special price for Friday is but	3c
5c	dozen dress stays, all colors—to those coming Friday, the price	3c			
10c	Premier skirt fasteners—another bargain for Friday only, at	8c			
10c	Hat Pins—assorted heads, various colors—Friday's special sale price	5c			
15c	Bone hair pins—bone, amber and shell—Friday's special sale price	10c			
5c	cards of black safety pins—three sizes—Friday's special sale price	4c			

DOES NOT TAKE

Milkmen Do Not Fall In With Scheme to Corner Milk.

Plan Is For Them to Sell at Fourteen Cents a Gallon.

A denial is made by one of the local milkmen to the statement made in yesterday's Herald that an attempt is being made by one of the local dairy concerns to buy up all the dairies in the vicinity of the city. He admits, however, that there is a well-defined movement on foot in which one of the local concerns hopes to corner milk, but says the purpose of the promoters of the scheme is to buy the total production from each dairy, not buy the dairy itself.

Tuesday of this week the people who are interested in the movement to corner the milk supply sent out circular letters to all the milkmen of the city, in which an offer was made to buy their entire output, daily, at 14 cents per gallon, the milkmen to pledge themselves to keep out of the retail field.

A meeting of the milkmen was called for Tuesday evening, but not all of those to whom the circulars were sent were present at the conference. Just what action was taken by those who were present is not known, but it is said that the corner cannot be successful unless every milkman in the city will agree to sell his milk outrut to the one firm.

The milkmen are said to be opposed to the project, not only on the ground that it savors of a combine, and they care to have little to do with it as such, but they can hardly see the benefit of binding themselves to sell their milk output for 14 cents a gallon to one firm, or for six cents under the price per gallon they are receiving at the present time, with the practical assurance that the dairy concern buying the milk will immediately raise the retail prices, perhaps to double the present mark, and reap a big profit on the transaction.

It is claimed that some few of the milkmen who favor the project are among those who do not have so ready a sale for their milk as others, and who would be glad of an opportunity of unloading it all at one place, with the assurance that their output would be taken every day. Some others are figuring that they might stand the loss of six cents to the gallon and still make a profit from the fact that they would save the time and expense of sending delivery wagons over the city.

There are many milkmen, however, who have built up a good business in the city, who have a well-established custom and who declare they will not divide the profits of their business with any other concern. They also promise that in case a corner on milk is attempted by any one firm and prices are put up, they will be ready to reap a share of the benefit too.

Milk consumers over the city are not taking kindly to the proposition that the entire milk supply of the city be in the hands of one firm, for it is realized that it means higher prices. There are some classes of people who have their own milkman, have patronized him for a long time, and are satisfied with the milk he sells them. These do not care to take a chance with a firm which buys and mixes all the milk from the various dairies in this vicinity. The class of people that it would hit the hardest, however, would be those who can afford to buy only a small quantity each day, at the present prices, and who would be practically cut off from purchasing milk if the prices go any higher.

KILLED BY ACCIDENT.

Birmingham, Ala., Sept. 3.—While the Star Minstrel troupe, of Baltimore, was giving a performance in Library hall, Bessemer, last night, Edwin Neeley, 10 years of age, was shot dead by accident. The people on the stage fired a volley of blank cartridges. One revolver was loaded with bullets, and a shot hit Neeley, killing him instantly. Wade La Salle, of Birmingham, one of the minstrels, surrendered to the police, saying that after the shooting he discovered that the chambers of his revolver that had not been fired were loaded with ball cartridges.

Won't Need a Doctor

If you take Rea Bros.' Cascarin. It gives good results and acts quickly. It is a specific in constipation, cures La Grippe, colds and prevents fevers. The stomach once relieved and put in a healthy condition all of the attendant troubles pass away. At druggists, price 50 cents.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Other Charges Will Be Brought Against Embezzeler Parsons.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—A. L. Parsons, who was bound over to the district court at Fessenden to answer to a charge of embezzlement of a sum of money given him for an insurance policy and never forwarded, was obliged to put up an additional bond of $500 by Judge Glaspell of this city. Parson's arrest has led to an investigation of his career since becoming a resident of Fessenden, and the results have been startling. Several other charges will be brought against him when the embezzling case is disposed of. It is alleged that he simulated virtues he did not possess and took advantage of those in the faith to get their lucre. From one woman he borrowed $500 on a promissory note, and from another woman he secured $900 without security. Being co-laborers in the vineyard, they trusted him. He also secured large sums from laymen. In one instance he secured $400, payable on short time, and failed to liquidate. He was entrusted with $700 to close a land deal, but instead converted the money to his own use, it is alleged.

Fargo—Professor Manns, assistant in the department of botany at the North Dakota agricultural college, has returned from a trip over Cass county, and finds there is a lot of diseased flax. The damage by flax will run from 10 to 90 per cent. In one field that had been in flax four consecutive years he found the loss will be almost total. The soil is thoroughly permeated with the flax wilt, and it will take some years to eradicate it by farming the land to cultivated crops. Professor Manns reports some progress in the development of the immune flax. The work is necessarily slow, but the results of the investigation and experiments are so far encouraging and he expects ultimately that the college will succeed in the development of an immune plant. One result of the professor's investigations was to demonstrate the beneficial effects of the formalin treatment for seed flax before seeding. In fields that had been properly treated and on land that had not been in flax last year the evidences of flax wilt were very small. The effects are so pronounced that the farmers will more generally take advantage of it next spring.

Thomas Campbell, indicted by the grand jury a year ago and recently arrested by the United States officials, decided that he did not want to remain in jail any longer than he could help. He pleaded guilty when arraigned before Judge Amidon to a charge of extreme age—5 years—the court gave him the minimum sentence of $100 fine and thirty days in jail. Campbell was the oldest prisoner ever arraigned in this state. His offense was smuggling. He lived within ten feet of the international boundary and was successful in evading the United States officials until he was wanted on the Canadian side.

The August business of the United States land office at this point was the smallest in the history of the office and considerably less than for August a year ago.

Grafton—The Grafton public schools will open on Monday with the following faculty: J. F. Koehler, superintendent; Miss Poffy, principal of the high school; Miss Funk, department of English and German; Mrs. Walton, department of mathematics; Miss Calland, department of science; Miss Nye, eighth grade; Miss Digby, seventh grade; Miss Abbott, sixth grade; Miss Leonard, fifth grade; Miss Cooper, fourth grade; Miss Ports, third grade; Miss Kendrick, second grade; Miss Oldham, first grade. Chase school—Miss Palmer, sixth and seventh grades; Miss Stein, fourth and fifth grades; Miss Day, second and third grades; Miss Schmidt, first grade; Miss Caldwell, supervisor of music and drawing.

Leading citizens are behind a movement to establish a city park. They expect to purchase Stockey's grove which contains about twenty acres of natural timber, and open up several streets leading to it. It will also be necessary to build a bridge across Park river.

Mrs. Louise Hayes, who was committed to the county jail last week for disturbing the peace by threatening to shoot her neighbors and burn their buildings, was adjudged insane. She will be taken to the Jamestown asylum.

Cando—Several towns have candidates for gubernatorial honors, but the favorite here is Banker C. J. Lord. He is not apparently seeking the office, but his friends, who are found in both parties, are in earnest in pushing his name.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Faulkton—Two coach loads of Iowa and Wisconsin land buyers arrived Wednesday morning.

P. H. O'Neil made the largest cattle sale yesterday that was ever made in this part of the state at one time. His bunch consisted of 510 steers of the Hereford and Polled stock and was sold to Iowa men. It required twenty-four cars to move them, their average weight being over 1200 pounds. It was said by the purchaser and other cattle buyers present that this was the finest bunch of cattle that ever left the state. The price paid was over $22,000.

Wessington Springs—The Jerauld county institute has just closed a two weeks' session. The instructors were Professor Clark, of Tyndall; Professor Wicks, of Illinois; Miss Alta Harris, of Mason City, and Miss Irma Hall, of this county.

The Wessington Springs baseball team defeated the Plankington nine at Woonsocket by a score of 6 to 0. The Plankington nine is considered one of the best in the state.

Salem—The schools will open on Monday. Professor T. B. Hanna is principal; Mrs. C. W. Young, asistant; W. A. Schmidt, grammar; Miss Hattie Laird, intermediate; Miss Myrtle Miller, second primary; Miss Lillian Hooteller, primary.

St. Mary's parochial school opens on the seventh. Father Webber has secured the services of a competent teacher in vocal and instrumental music, and added this course to the curriculum. New dormitories are being fitted up.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Discovery of Iron Ore Croppings May Prove Important.

Houghton—Denis Donohue and John Carghlin experienced miners, report the discovery of iron croppings in Houghton county, near Covington. The ore is of good quality and promising quantity.

The district where the discovery was made is in the proper geological position for ore and lies in a direct line between the westernmost limits of the Marquette range and the easternmost mines of the Gogebic range.

If the prospects become mines a new iron range will add many millions to the value of the mineral wealth of the Lake Superior district.

Iron Mountain—The body of an unknown Indian was found on the tracks. It was horribly mutilated, the head and arms being gone. The man was seen in company with other Indians, and the police are looking for them. Foul play is suspected.

Stephenson—Eugene Houte, of Stephenson, is arranging to start his logging camps about the middle of this month. He will give employment to 100 or more men.

As evidence of the prosperity reigning in that part of the Menominee county, the Stephenson Journal mentions the fact that the poor charges are less than one-third of what they were a year ago. Only one person in the village is now receiving poor aid and but a few in the township.

Sault Ste. Marie—Harry Sage, living on Pine street, at the Soo, will go through life with one hand badly maimed, and possibly minus that useful member entirely, as the result of an accident. He obtained a dynamite cartridge, and his boyish curiosity was aroused to see what was inside it, so he placed it on one stone and struck it with another.

Ex-Sheriff E. J. Swart, of the Soo, has been appointed field deputy United States marshal for the western district of Michigan, which includes the upper peninsula. The especial territory which Mr. Sfart is expected to cover is the eastern half of the upper peninsula. There are only two other field deputies in the district, one located at Grand Rapids and the other at Marquette.

Menominee—The bricklayers and stonemasons of Menominee and Marinette are preparing to demand a nine-hour day. They want the same scale of wages as is being paid at present for ten hours' work, and if they fail to have their demands met it is stated that a general building strike will result at once. Much building work is now under way in the twin cities, and should the men go out the consequences will be serious.

SHIP WAS HAUNTED.

Sea Witch Proceeds to Live Up to Name.

Astoria, Ore., Sept. 3.—The steamer North Star, which returned here yesterday from Bristol Bay, Alaska, brings a story of a haunted ship that carries with it a sad tale of accidents and deaths which befell the men connected with her.

The vessel is the schooner Sea Witch, under charter to the Alaska Packers company, of San Francisco. Shortly after arriving at Bristol Bay the mate had his foot crushed. It was amputated, but the man died shortly afterward. A few days later a watchman committed suicide by cutting his throat and that evening, without any apparent cause, the captain's pet dog started on a run to the bow of the vessel and jumped overboard and was drowned.

This chain of events so frightened the few sailors left on board that they thought the bark was haunted, and one, a Greek, complained of hearing strange noises and seeing persons without heads running about the decks. He took to the tall rigging for three days. Refusing to stay on board he was placed on shore.

OLD GRAMMARS OBSOLETE.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—"Ability as a grammarian is no longer essential to success," said Dr. Arnold Tomkins, in addressing 400 teachers at the Chicago normal school. "Forms of expression considered improper a few years ago are now classed as unobjectionable."

Dr. Tompkins believes 'language is shaping itself to economic thinking." In support of his contention, he said:

"We cannot afford to spend time in needless grammatical distinctions. The world has become active. Men are bound to save time and work. This is well, even though the language does suffer from their strenuous exercises."

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LAND SHARK'S RUIN CERTAIN

Investigation Portends End of Territorial Investment Companies.

Muskogee, Okla., Sept. 3.—The tribal land investment companies have struck reefs, it is alleged, which did not appear in the first fair-weather days of their sailing, and the prediction was freely made here that a number of these companies will be financially wrecked as a result of the changes which have followed the investigations set on foot by the government and the Indian Rights association. Their losses are now estimated at not less than half a million dollars. An individual investor is said to have dropped $30,000. These are the companies condemned by S. N. Brosius, of the Indian Rights association, and in which a number of federal officials are stockholders.

The scheme of the companies has been to secure five-year leases from the Indians at ridiculously low figures, making a small cash payment, and inducing the Indians, in their ignorance, to obligate themselves by contract to buy the improvements on the land at the end of the lease. The Indians, invariably improvident, will not be able to do this, and, in debt to the land companies, can be forced to sell outright at the land sharks' prices.

The newspaper publicity following the investigations recently set on foot has served to warn the Indians, and it is now almost impossible for the land sharks to secure leases.

In the early rush for leases the companies were not careful in ascertaining whether an Indian had leased his allotment more than once. An Indian usually received an honorarium of $25 or $50 for executing a lease, and an unscrupulous Indian could make money by leasing his allotment every time he had an applicant. One Creek citizen is alleged to have leased his allotment seventeen times. The companies never recovered their money in such cases.

Chairman Tams Bixby of the Dawes commission, accompanied by Chief Clerk W. O. Beall, left for Tishomingo to investigate the land office there. As a result of the recent agitation against the commission, it has been decided by the members to make an investigation of each office once a month. A resolution to that effect was passed in a meeting of the commission.

THINKS IT A JOKE.

Governor Bliss of Mich gan So Considers His Pension.

Washington, Sept. 3.—In one of the lists of pensions issued last week was a notice to the effect that "Aaron T. Bliss, of Michigan," would hereafter receive $12 per month pension. This proves to be Aaron T. Bliss, the present governor of Michigan, and a former representative in congress. In a statement made by Governor Bliss he tells how it came about that he was pensioned.

"Some time ago, when I was in Washington, I met the pension commissioner, and he noticed the changes on my right hand. He suggested that I be examined by the department official, and the examination was made. This was in 1898, shortly after I had met with an accident on the Fourth of July, and my hand was bandaged. The matter dragged along, and I never considered it again until I happened to be there last July and it was brought up. The pension covers this accident, although I was given a complete examination. It comes under an enactment made by congress in 1898, and I understood that $8 was allowed for the loss of the two fingers and $4 for the knee, which was injured during the war."

It is said that the great majority of the checks which the governor gets on this account will be given to charitable organizations. Governor Bliss is a lumber magnate, and takes the pension as a good joke.

HUMAN BODY IN WHISKY BARREL

Grewsome Find at Union Station Startles Express Employes.

St. Louis, Sept. 3.—The body of a nude man, all doubled up and packed in sawdust in a whisky barrel, was a grewsome find at Union station. Officer Maher of the Central police district was notified of the discovery, and had the body removed to the morgue. An autopsy will be held to determine whether there are any traces of violence on it.

The barrel came in over the Louisville and Nashville railroad by the 8 o'clock train. It had been shipped at Nashville, Tenn., and was consigned to S. A. Wilson of Kirksville, Mo. The bill of lading does not show who Wilson is, nor does it give any further address than the mere name of the town.

It was 10:30 o'clock before the nature of the contents of the barrel were ascertained. Then George Schraeder and Richard Thorpe, porters employed by the Southern express company, carriers of the barrel, had their suspicions aroused by the odor coming from it.

Finally it was decided to investigate. The head of the barrel was knocked in and the doubled-up human body found.

There are two theories concerning the finding of the body. One is that the body was shipped from Nashville to some medical student or institution at Kirksville. The other is that the man was murdered and packed in the barrel and shipped away to cover up traces of the crime. Most of the police incline to the former theory.

At 4 p. m. daily, "The Twilight Limited." No other train like it. St. Paul, Minneapolis and the State Fair.

MACARONI BOOM

Successful Experiments Have Been Made In Arid Regions.

A Great Future For the Grain Is Predicted.

Fargo, N. D., Sept. 3.—A hot contest is raging all through the spring wheat growing states over the merits of what is called 'goose' or macaroni wheat. This is a type of grain introduced by the department of agriculture for sowing in arid regions, such as are many of the parts of the Dakotas and other Northwestern states. It is a prolific wheat, yielding possibly twice the crop of the customary hard spring wheat, even in the latter's average territory, and three to four times as much where spring wheat is at its prime. It is a very hard berry, so hard in fact that ordinary grinding machinery is not capable of crushing and separating it. It is too hard for feeding to stock, except after steaming, and the so-called experts of the West are all against it.

But farmers are raising it more and more, probably 10,000,000 bushels may have been raised this year in the Dakotas, and Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture who is now here, states that in his opinion there will be 25,000,000 bushels next year, 100,000,000 the year after, and that ultimately it will be the chief wheat raised in the Northwest. Mr. Wilson points to the fact that forty years ago spring wheat, now the variety of highest grade, was as much ridiculed and as sharply discriminated against as is macaroni today. It was only after a process of milling the spring wheat had been discovered and tried, in Minnesota, that its virtues were apparent and it took first place. The same will be true, he claims, as to macaroni.

Professor Ladd, state chemist of North Dakota, located at the agricultural college here, has made repeated analysis of spring and macaroni wheats and compares their flours as follows:

	Of Spring Wheat	Of Macaroni Wheat
Water, per cent	11.60	5.02
Ash	.50	.85
Fat	1.10	2.16
Proteid (nitrogenous)	11.80	15.69
Carbohydrates	75.40	76.28

"The value of wheat flour for bread making depends on the amount of gluten contained in the proteids and the relative proportion of gliadin in the gluten," says Professor Ladd. "Total gluten in macaroni flour is 12 per cent, which is about one-fifth higher than the average of good hard spring wheat flour. From 60 to 65 per cent of the total gluten should be in the form of gliadin and 35 to 40 per cent of glutenin. Macaroni flour contains about 61 per cent of the gluten as gliadin and 39 as glutenin. This assures a dough which will hold the gas of the yeast when baking and make a light, fresh bread."

"It would not be strange," says another wheat chemist, 'if in a few years' time the department's experimental macaroni wheat should bear the same position relating to hard spring wheat which that now bears to winter wheat of the more Southern states."

Secretary Wilson remarks that "the increase of macaroni wheat raising and its sucessful adaptation to milling means a vast development of the Northwest, and is one of the important questions before agriculturists today. The macaroni wheats are generally higher in muscle-forming compounds than any others, and are therefore better for food, both for man and stock. The culture of this wheat will be one of the chief industries of the West, and many millions of bushels will be grown where other varieties would starve and wither. It is up to the millers to make a market for it, and help the development of their country. If they haven't the mills to grind it, they must find them. A wheat possessed of superior chemical qualities is bound to find a place for itself, even if it takes a little more power and new rolls to grind it."

REPORT DENIED.

Sedition Is Not Taught In American Colleges.

Boston, Sept. 2.—Discussing today the published report that the Turkish minister at Washington, accused the American colleges in Turkey of teaching sedition and hostility to the government, the Rev. James L. Barton, foreign secretary of the American board said: "I have personally visited not less than six of these colleges. I know the presidents of other American colleges in Turkey. These institutions do not allow any sedition or disloyalty within their walls."

SHOT A SALOONKEEPER.

Wooster, O., Sept. 2.—Harry Laubach, 20 years old, late last night probably fatally shot Mox Lees, a saloonkeeper at Orrville, and later fired two shots into his own head, dying almost instantly. The shooting followed a quarrel between the two men, because the saloonkeeper had refused to sell Laubach a drink. Laubach had acted queerly for several days and it is thought his mind was deranged.

SECRETARY SHAW

Makes Important Address on "The Business Outlook."

His Views on What Is Needed In Financial Legislation.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—Two hundred business men from all parts of the country listened to Secretary of the Treasury Shaw talk on "The Business Outlook" at a banquet given last night at the Auditorium hotel by the National Association of Merchants and Travelers.

Lyman A. Gage addressed the association on the same subject just before his retirement from the treasury department, and great interest was attached to the speech last night of the present secretary. Secretary Shaw said:

A representative of a large metropolitan daily recently submitted the following question as the basis for an interview: "Has the boom left the United States richer than it found it?" The honor was declined, as usual, but I could not help contemplating a few facts.

Compare the following with available statistics covering any former period and there can be but one answer to the proposition. Our farms produce four thousand millions. Have these lands become sterile or their occupants indolent? Our five hundred thousand factories add fifty-six hundred millions in value to three thousand millions of raw material, and their net output, exclusive of duplications, is more than eight thousand millions. Have these lives of industry been consumed by the elements? Six million operatives in these factories and workshops annually sign pay rolls aggregating three billions. Have these artisans become paralyzed or have their wages been reduced? Our mines, quarries, clay banks, and oil wells yield a thousand millions. Are these storehouses of wealth exhausted or their capacity diminished? Our two hundred thousand miles of railway transport six hundred million tons of original freight, not including dpullications, and pay eight hundred thousand operatives, exclusive of officers, six hundred and fifty million dollars. Are these thoroughfares of commerce in the hands of receivers, or are they likely to be?

As nearly as can be estimated the annual productive capacity of the American people is eleven billion dollars. This does not include duplications. This does not include raw cotton and manufactured cotton; but raw cotton and the value added thereto in the process of manufacture. Of this we export one and one-half billions, and import a billion of other merchandise, mainly noncompetitive with our own products. We therefore consume the equivalent of 95 per cent of all we produce. Not while these conditions continue will prosperity cease.

We are the most prosperous people in the world because we both produce and consume more than others. The little that we sell abroad, about 10 per cent of our net production, and the little we purchase abroad, 6 or 7 per cent of our net consumption, constitute no challenge to the statement that our prosperity rests with ourselves. Unless our factories and workshops voluntarily close, or labor voluntarily refuses employment, or commerce voluntarily ceases its activity there is no occasion for alarm. Unless apprehension becomes epidemic and ultra-conservatism contagious, the immediate future holds for us as much of real good as the immediate past has showered upon us.

To those who are comparing 1903 with 1893, and who think history likely to repeat itself every ten years, permit the suggestion of a few radical differences in conditions. Ten years ago, whether wisely or unwisely, whether with or without foundation in fact or reason, a very large number, and of that number many close students of commercial and industrial conditions, believed our then financial system not only unsafe, but absolutely vicious. At least four kinds of money—United States notes, treasury notes, silver dollars, and silver certificates—were believed to be dangerously near depreciation. Grave doubts existed, and were freely expressed, whether the secretary of the treasury could maintain the parity of these forms of money if he chose, and equally grave doubts existed as to the wisdom of attempting to maintain their parity. Aye, a very respectable number of very good people, and a very respectable portion of a very good public press, openly advocated the redemption of greenbacks in silver and the refusal to exchange gold for any form of money except gold certificates. No such doubt or desire now exists. By express statute it has become the duty of the secretary of the treasury to maintain the parity with gold of all forms of money coined or issued by the government, and express authority is given to negotiate loans, if necessary, for that purpose. In other words, the secretary of the treasury is directed to exchange gold for any and every kind and form of money coined or issued by the United States, and to bond the government to the last limit of his authority whenever such action is necessary to the maintenance of parity. A man is a fool who sends his money into hiding now.

It is true that a very respectable number of very good people, and of that number I desire to be classed, believe our financial system, good as it is, might be improved by adding an element of elasticity. I do not think there exists any great number who believe we should have any inflation. Eight years ago we had twenty-one dollars per capita. Now we have certainly more than twenty-nine and probably nearly thirty dollars per capita. Conservative business men and conservative bankers do not generally consider this as insufficient normal minimum volume of currency. I repeat, the only criticism now offered relates to the want of elasticity. Not that a dollar can be made elastic, but that the volume shall be made responsive to the demands of business. Of course the term is a misnomer. Elastic material like rubber will expand in one direction, but it contracts in the opposite direction, while the material, the volume, is neither increased or diminished. What is needed is not an elastic dollar, but some provision by which, automatically, the aggregate volume of dollars shall increase whenever and wherever more dollars are needed, and will as promptly retire when not needed.

There is now no statutory prohibition against the well-nigh inherent right of banks to issue circulating notes. This right exists throughout the United States, but subject to a tax of 10 per cent per annum. This tax is prohibitory. If I were given authority to foarmulate a measure that would provide the requisite elasticity to our present currency system, I think I should add an amendment permitting national banks, with the consent of the comptroller of the currency to issue a volume of circulating notes equal to 50 per cent of their bond-secured circulation, at a tax of 6 per cent, the same to be retired at will or by direction of the comptroller, by the deposit of an equal amount of lawful money with any subtreasury.

Three things I know. First, this additional circulation would spring into existence almost instantly whenever and wherever interest rates advanced to the point of profit. Second, it would as promptly retire whenever interest rates become normal. Third, it would be absolutely safe—as good as the present national bank issue, and with a slight and immaterial change identical in form and appearance—for the government, amply protected by the 6 per cent tax. I would underwrite it. But you say this is emergency currency. Anything more is inflation. It has the advantage, however, over emergency currency so-named, and over legalized clearing-house certificates, in that it injects into the commerce of the country no new or doubtful form of money, and the presence of these notes will not advertise the stringent condition which is the occasion of their existence. The only persons who would know of its existence would be the comptroller, the bank, and the few people who would take sufficient interest in the published statement of the bank to compare the volume of circulation with the amount of government bonds on deposit in the treasury. Prominent among the benefits, if not the principal benefit, would be the substantial guaranty against sudden increase in interest rates, and an equally important guaranty against dangerously low rates of interest. Each locality would be able measurably to provide for its own emergencies.

But you say this would be no aid to commerce under ordinary conditions. I reply that under ordinary conditions the present volume is sufficient, and the country might well rejoice whenever the comptroller was able to report no dollar of this additional circulation in existence. I do not intimate that this is the only way to secure elasticity. I only say it is one way, and it is an effective way, and it possesses no element of inflation, but would afford a very respectable cushion against sudden financial concussions, and few people ask more. There is nothing original or novel in the scheme. It is simply the German plan slightly modified to conform to our present system.

And yet important as is the element of elasticity may be, it is not an essential to our prosperity. During the month of August, 1902, the associated banks of New York had an average surplus above their required reserve of $10,000,000. During August, 1903, they had a surplus reserve in their vaults of $22,000,000. In the meantime the trust companies in that city increased their reserve in their vaults $15,000,000. I have good reason to believe, in fact, I have very positive assurance, that banks generally have safeguarded themselves materially. The stock that was in every central reserve city, and promptly communicated to every local money center from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast, and from the Canadian Lakes to the gulf, on September 29, 1902, as was then predicted, has proven a blessing. Wherever that shock was felt a little more care has been exercised that it be not repeated in 1903. I am not saying that it will not be repeated. I am making no prediction. I am simply saying that during August, 1903, the banks of New York, and I believe the banks throughout the country, were in better condition to face the annual demand for money with which to move crops, and with which to put winter stocks of goods in the stores, and with which to purchase the winter supply of coal, than they were twelve months ago.

In closing this branch of the case, as we lawyers say, I want to lay down this proposition: There exist today no one fact, and no combination of facts, the logical sequence of which suggests disaster. If disaster comes it will be psychological and not logical. The microbe, if it exists, is in the mind; it is not elsewhere.

Assuming, then, that we are in comparative health and in no imminent danger of disease, I want to invite your attention to the importance of a forward step. I have already stated that we are the greatest producers in the world. The balance of trade in our favor nearly equals, and occasionally exceeds, that of all other favored nations on the map. We sell a billion dollars per annum to Europe. Twenty per cent of the people of the world will not always consume 75 per cent of our surplus. The United Kingdom, with only 5 per cent of the people of the world, will not always consume 40 per cent of our gross surplus. This is not a political gathering, and we are not expected to have political desires; but we are expected to have pretty good business sense, and to that business sense I make appeal when I ask, how shall we acquire more markets? There are three ways suggested. One is to voluntarily and gratuitously set our doors more or less widely ajar and permit more freedom of importation, in the hope that other countries will set their doors more or less widely ajar and give us greater freedom of exportation. Some of you gentlemen are importers, and after this meeting adjourns, I would like to inquire whether you, in making your purchases abroad, give preference to those countries which favor us with an open door, or do you buy where you can obtain the desired article to the best advantage? Do you purchase your silks, for instance, in Great Britain, because she buys $600,000,000 of our gross exports without the imposition of customs duties; or do you purchase in France and Germany, notwithstanding tariff exactions upon goods coming from the United States? We have tried this experiment with Brazil. We annually buy of her more than $70,000,000 free merchandise, more than 40 per cent of all she has to sell, and sell her $10,000,000, ten per cent of what she has to buy.

Another way suggested is to trade compliments—to exchange trade privileges—to set our doors somewhat ajar for the special advantage of one country on condition that it shall set its doors ajar for the special advantage of our people. Considerable has been said along this line, but not very much has been actually accomplished.

I do not wish to discuss the merits of either of these methods, but I do wish to suggest a third, and I sincerely believe the only method by which we will ever get our share of the commerce of South American and of the African countries and of the islands lying south of the equator. The policy which resulted in creating the commerce of the Pacific slope was subsidizing lines of communication with the Pacific slope. When the first transcontinental lines of railway were built there was not sufficient commerce to pay operating expenses, to say nothing of dividends on investments. Few business men and fewer politicians objected to government aid to transcontinental lines during the development period of the commerce along these lines. These railways need no assistance now. No business man objects to government aid to the commerce of our navigable rivers, and no political party objects to large expenditures on nonnavigable streams. Improvements to rivers and harbors is subsidy to the commerce to rivers and harbors. If we ever secure the trade of the countries to which I have referred, we will first secure regular lines of communication with these countries, and if we ever secure these lines assistance must be afforded. Who of you, owning a steamship, would divert it from participation in trans-Atlantic commerce where there is much to be done, and send it on regular trips to countries where we have little or no commerce?

Do not misunderstand me. I am not mourning the defeat of any ship subsidy bill, but I shall mourn exceedingly the defeat of a bill, if any such shall ever be introduced, which, if enacted, would insure regular lines of American ships, flying the American flag, and carrying American merchants and commercial travelers, with their wares and merchandise, the product of American labor, into those countries to which I have referred. Such a bill must offer special advantages to ships plying between our ports and countries where our trade is undeveloped.





ARTICLES ON NOTED DEAD

Library Offerings on Marquis of Salisbury, May and Whistler.

A glance at the bulletin board at the public library reveals the fact that three noted Englishmen have died during the last month: Lord Salisbury, the statesman; Phil May, the caricaturist, and James McNeill Whistler, who is an American by birth, but so long a citizen of England, and so closely associated with English art that this country can lay no claim to him.

The library offers to those interested the following reading lists on the lives and works of these men:

MARQUIS OF SALISBURY.

Books:

Lucy—"Diary of the Salisbury Parliament."

Traill—"The Marquis of Salisbury."

McCarthy—"British Political Portraits."

Magazine articles:

"Foreign Policy"—Outlook, 66:639.

"Character As A Public Man;" J. McCarthy—Independent, 50:960.

"Portrait"—Chautauquan, 26:442.

"Guildhall Speech"—Public Opinion, 27:618.

"His Domestic Life"—Independent, 51:-1917.

"His Political Career"—Chautauqua, 29:-119.

"Premier of England"—Chautauqua, 22:763.

"Lord Salisbury"—North American Review, 175:152.

Outlook, 72:21.

Century, 42:465.

"Men of the Salisbury Parliament"—North American Review, 152:453.

"Parties and Parliament"—Westminster Review, 159:357.

"Prime Minister"—Quarterly Review, 183:504-44.

"Lord Salisbury, On Evolution"—Living Age, 213:554.

"Outlook"—Aug. 29, 03 p. 1016.

"Literary Digest"—Aug. 29-03, p. 247.

PHIL MAY.

Critic, v. 34; 18 63, 65, 57; Critic, September, 1903.

Outlook, v. 74; 921.

Harper's Weekly, Aug. 15, Aug. 22.

Literary Digest, Aug. 29.

Bookman, September, 1903.

Punch, Aug. 12.

Each copy of Punch contains one of May's humorous drawings. Ask at desk for back numbers.

JAMES McNEILL WHISTLER.

Scribner, 18, 481; Critic, 34:197; Outlook, 38:19-32-33.

American Arch., 59.4; "Brush and Pencil," 6:141; Scribner, 21:277.

Munsey, 27:46.

Bell—"Painters of the Nineteenth Century," 750. B 41.

Bowdoin—"Whistler and His Work," 921.

Chapin—"Masters of Engraving," 760. Ref.

"Modern Men," 920.

Moore—"Modern Painting."

Wedmore—"Etching in England."

World's Work, September, p. 3923.

Living Age, Aug. 29, p. 558.

WILL BID FOR PINE

Cruisers Are Preparing Estimates For Firms and Syndicates.

Cass Lake, Minn., Sept. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—In spite of the continual rumor that there will be little bidding on the pine on the ceded Chippewa lands, cruisers continue to arrive from the various lumber and logging firms, and there is scarcely a piece of land in which pine is advertised by the secretary of the interior that has not been several times estimated and examined.

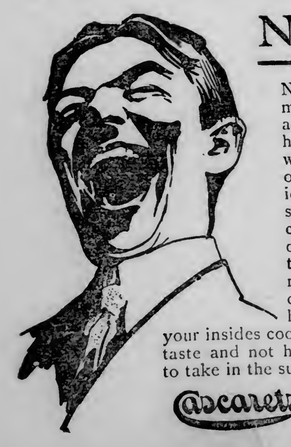
Thus far it appears that the large syndicates will be the bidders, and they will bid on most of the pine on the market.

While the removal of the pine in five years makes the land open earlier for agricultural purposes, yet it is scarcely possible that any sawmill will be erected that has such a short time in which to cut the pine. Had the time been extended there might have been some sawmills built to cut the pine on the reservation.

From what can be learned it is evident that most of the pine will be shipped from off the reservation or taken by water to Cloquet and elsewhere.

Small loggers are complaining that it will be impossible for them to give a high price for the pine because of having to remove the tree tops, and that they will not be able to sub-contract because of the same objection. They say a firm with a large force can speedily remove the tree tops and also burn or even ship the logs partly burned or injured, but that it would take a small contractor a lot of time to remove the tops, the bush and all the dead and useless timber. Yet they are all examining the pine, and the bidding will be lively.

One large firm expects to bid on a large tract for over 300,000,000, and another will make a bid for all the merchantable pine near the rails or lakes. The fact that the highest bidder will get the pine and that independent companies will bid, gives added uncertainty as to who will get the pine.



No Summer Bowel Troubles

Not for me! I'm safe from all of them and happy. The heat of summer causes organic matter everywhere to decay. All dead vegetable or animal matter rots if not kept on ice. All undigested food in the human body will ferment a hundred times as quickly in summer as in winter. Consequence—stomach, liver, bowels poisoned, thrown out of order—sour stomach, gases, colic, diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera, appendicitis, and in some regions yellow fever and the plague. Little children suffer terribly everywhere. What does good sense tell you to do? You can't keep the human body on ice, and the drinking of ice-cold drinks does more harm than good because it stops digestion and chills the internal organs. The proper thing is to keep all impure and unnecessary matter out of the body every day, not give it a chance to sour and decay in the stomach and bowels, and poison the blood and the whole body. In this way you will stop all hot, feverish conditions, and keep your insides cool and healthy. To do it, use a medicine that is not offensive to the taste and not harsh and violent in its action. There is only one safe system-cleaner to take in the summer time, because it will not cause diarrhoea or griping, and that is

Cascarets

Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C. C. C. Guarranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York. 551

Blatz Beer

MILWAUKEE.

The purity of "Blatz" has never been questioned. Its very taste forbids doubt on that score.

It's in the taste that Blatz holds the winning hand. There's an indescribable flavor that suggests at one the "real thing"—there's a goodness that is distinctly Blatz

—*Always the Same Good Old Blatz.*

VAL. BLATZ BRWG. CO. Milwaukee

Duluth Branch—Lake Ave. and Railroad St., Telephone 62.

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MEDERINE, the only Known Cure for

RHEUMATISM!

Your rheumatism is just like all others for the reason they are not cured, you are not cured. There is only one known cure for rheumatism in the world—MEDERINE. Everything else is simply "recommended." Thousands so testify who were cured by MEDERINE after paying a rough for other "cures" to buy a farm. Every bottle sold bears our absolute guarantee to cure.

Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing testimonials of cures mailed free.

Price $1.00 per bottle—6 bottles for $5.00. Sent express paid If your druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock.

Mederine Ointment The new treatment for Eczema, Salt Rheum, Old and Running Sores Boils and Ulcers. 50c a box.

Mederine Soap For toilet, bath and nursery, vitalizes the skin; a complexion beautifier, a perfect cure for dandruff and all scalp and skin diseases. Price 25c.

Mederine Remedies are sold and guaranteed by All Druggists in Duluth and Iron Ranges.

Diseases of Men
CURED TO STAY CURED



By our new ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT, which combines all of the curative powers of both medicine and electricity.

Varicocele,
Stricture,
Nervo-Sexual Debility,
Contagious Blood Poison
Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases,
Small, Weak Organs,
Discharges,
Seminal Emissions,

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men, causing pains to kidneys, bladder, abdomen, dizziness, loss of memory, etc., resulting in loss of sexual power, phisical suffering, mental distress, gloomy forebodings and feelings of impending danger.

THE LONGEST ESTABLISHED, MOST SUCCESSFUL AND RELIABLE SPECIALIST IN DISEASES OF MEN, AS MEDICAL DIPLOMAS, LICENSES and Newspaper Records will show.

☞ We Treat Men Only and Cure Them to Stay Cured. ☜

We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a Legal Contract to hold for our promises. If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,
No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

KILLED HIS WIFE

Murderer Ended His Life With Pistol a Little Later.

Tragedy at St. Louis Growing Out of Secret Wedding.

St. Louis, Sept. 3.—With one of the bullets left in his revolver after the murder of his bride, whom he secretly married a month before, Harry F. Keevil, son of a well-known merchant, living at 1248 North Euclid avenue, ended his own life. The murder occurred before the locked door of the woman's room at the home of Abraham Keller, 5567 Cabanne avenue, where she was employed under her maiden name of Annie Schnarr, shortly before midnight Sunday, the scene of the suicide was a shed at the home of Mrs. Rebecca Wallace, 1201 South Broadway.

Keevil wandered almost ten miles in the early hours of the day. At 5 o'clock he halted before the door of Mrs. Wallace's home and begged for a cup of coffee. His sunken eyes and wearied step appealed to the woman's pity, and she gave him food. He asked for a newspaper, and with trembling hands held it before him while he read of the fatal results of his crime.

Without a word of thanks to the woman who had fed him, he suddenly dropped the paper and left the house. An hour and a half later his dead body was found. He left no message of sorrow or explanation. A name written on a sack of another man's visiting card furnished the means of his identification. His family say they know nothing of the trouble that caused his crime and suicide.

About July 20, and shortly following a notification to Miss Schnarr's mother, by her employer that he would be compelled to discharge her if Keevil continued his attentions, Miss Schnarr informed Mrs. Keller that she was soon to be married and quit her position.

A few days later she returned to the house and asked to be taken back. She said that the wedding had been postponed but did not offer explanations of any kind.

Keevil continued to be as frequent a caller on her as he had previously been. He visited her three or four evenings and two or three afternoons of each week.

His last visit was on Sunday afternoon. They went together in his runabout to visit his wife's mother, who lives at Center, St. Louis county, near Clayton.

They returned in the runabout at 11 o'clock in the evening, after the family of the girl's employer had retired. The runabout was left at the side gate on Union avenue, and Keevil accompanied the girl to the rear door of the house, up the stairway that led to the landing before her door, and talked with her for several minutes. At 11:20 o'clock, three pistol shots rang out, and with their echo came the agonized screams of the girl.

"Mamma! Mamma! Come to me quick! I am shot! I am dying!" were her cries.

Mr. Keller, Dr. J. W. Dixon, who lives next door at 1113A Union avenue; Dr. Ramsay, who lives next door at 5565A Cabanne avenue; two young men who sleep over a catering company's store at the rear of the yard, and Dr. W. Krueger, a dentist, were among those who hurried to the girl's help in answer to her cries. They found her leaning against the doorway of the rear entrance to the house, and as they sprang to catch her falling body they saw that her dress, ignited by the flash of the pistol, was in a blaze.

Keevil's runabout was standing by the gate; he had disappeared, and none could be found who had seen him as he ran.

Miss Schnarr was carried to the office of Dr. Dixon, where her wounds were examined. Dr. Dixon told her that she was badly hurt and she told him who had shot her. She declared that there had been no quarrel and that she knew no reason for the shooting.

One bullet had entered her back, between the ribs, slightly to the right of the spine, and, ranging upward, had pierced the body, finding lodgment a little above the stomach. This had evidently been the first shot, fired as the girl bent to unlock her bedroom door, and was the one that caused death.

A second shot entered the back slightly to the right of the first one, followed the curve of the body for three inches, came out at the right side, pierced the right forearm and buried itself in the center panel of the door. The third shot, entering one of the other perforations, struck her as she was falling, emerged near the point of exit of the second shot, and was buried in the lower panel of the door.

To neither Dr. Dixon or the physicians at the city hospital, to which place she was taken as soon as possible, and where she died did she reveal the fact that she and Keevil were married. Her secret was hers until death.

The discovery of the marriage certificate came when Mrs. Schnarr, mother of the murdered woman, accompanied by two daughters and Mr. M. Myers, of 1228 Washington avenue, an old friend of the family, opened and examined Mrs. Keevil's trunk at her room shortly before noon. It showed that the marriage ceremony was performed at St. Charles by Rev. Dr. Julius A. Frederick, at the Evangelical Lutheran church, on July 25, and that the names given were Harry Keevil and Mary Anna Schnarr. They gave their residence as Belleville.

Mr. Myers and the Misses Schnarr identified the body at the morgue Monday, just as the body of her murderer was being rolled in on a truck.

The sisters became hysterical, and Mr. Meyers wept like a child. Attendants and friends had to employ some degree of force in leading the grief-stricken women away.

Mrs. Schnarr was not permitted to view the body of her daughter on the advice of her daughters and Mr. Meyers.

The parents of the murderer Keevil reiterated their statement made to the police soon after the shooting, that they knew nothing of the causes of the tragedy.

"All we know about it," said William Keevil, speaking for the family, "is that Harry took the horse and runabout Sunday afternoon, and that he has not yet returned. His troubles were his own, and we know nothing about them."

It is said that Mrs. Keevil, the mother when she heard of the tragedy, exclaimed, "I told him not to go over there." Mr. Keevil says she did not know anything of the girl. Harry's marriage or the circumstances that led to the shooting and suicide.

RECENT FLOODS WORST KNOWN

Weather Bureau Report Shows Losses Aggregated $40,000,000.

Washington, Sept. 3.—Dr. Frankenfield, of the United States weather bureau, has completed and sent to the printer an exhaustive report on the floods of the Missouri and Kaw rivers. The report is the most comprehensive thing of the kind ever attempted by the government.

Dr. Frankenfield's report will show that the spring floods of 1903 in the Missouri and Kaw rivers and upper Mississippi were the most destructive in the history of the country and were the greatest in volume of water, with the exception of that of 1844.

The report shows that the total loss from the flood was, in round numbers, $40,000,000. This is based upon actual investigation. The loss in the vicinity of Topeka, Des Moines and Kansas City was largely to crops, railroads, bridges and to commercial interests. A loss of $11,500,000 was sustained between Hannibal and St. Louis on the Mississippi and between Alton and Kansas City on the Missouri. The loss in the immediate vicinity of Kansas City was $15,500,000. Usually, the agricultural interests suffer most from floods, but Dr. Frankenfield remarks that the high water this year distributed its ravages with rare impartiality. The loss from the destruction and damaging of bridges alone amounted to $750,000.

"The Twilight Limited," with its exceptionally fine equipment and service is acknowledged by all the finest train in every appointment between Duluth and the Twin Cities of Minnesota. Leaves daily at 4 p. m. over the Northwestern line.

BECOMING A MOTHER Is an ordeal which all women approach with indescribable fear, for nothing compares with the pain and horror of child-birth. The thought of the suffering and danger in store for her, robs the expectant mother of all pleasant anticipations of the coming event, and casts over her a shadow of gloom which cannot be shaken off. Thousands of women have found that the use of **Mother's Friend** during pregnancy robs confinement of all pain and danger, and insures safety to life of mother and child. This scientific liniment is a god-send to all women at the time of their most critical trial. Not only does **Mother's Friend** carry women safely through the perils of child-birth, but its use gently prepares the system for the coming event, prevents "morning sickness," and other discomforts of this period. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Book containing valuable information free.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

WILL SEEK NO MORE

Adventures, Says Capt. Marmaduke, the Daring Naval Commander.

Directed the Colombian Flotilla on the Pacific Coast.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 3.—Capt. Henry H. Marmaduke, brother of former Governor Marmaduke, of Missouri, who at the age of 60 undertook the task of destroying the fleet of the Colombian revolutionists, says he will seek no more adventures.

Capt. Marmaduke is visiting in St. Louis for the first time since he resigned command of the Colombian government's Pacific flotilla in March, having defeated the revolutionary forces and ended the rebellion.

"I went for adventure," said Capt. Marmaduke, "and I found it in maintaining a blockade of 60 miles of seacoast for six months. I don't think I shall go on such a cruise again. I am getting a little past that age probably."

Gray hair, and close-cropped gray mustache are the chief signs of the captain's long, active career. Training at Annapolis, of which he is a graduate; service in the Confederate navy during the civil war and long years at sea in the merchant marine have made a typical sailor of him. He might be taken for an officer of the American navy or the commander of a trans-Atlantic liner.

Cold blue eyes that show a commanding temper, a firm chin, close-shut lips and a complexion of bronze from exposure to sun and rain are Capt. Marmaduke's distinguishing features. His eyes are those of a fighter, whether on land or sea. They are large and clear and they move nervously and flash under excitement. His mouth also indicates the quick temper which makes the fighting man. He is a slender man of medium height and moves quickly.

"The Colombias are a great people," said the captain when asked by the Post-Dispatch about his cruise. "I have a great admiration for them. Citizens of Panama whom I met at the clubs there are among the most delightful I ever knew, honorable to the most complete degree and of fine intelligence.

"But I didn't spend very much time in Panama. That was my headquarters, but we were most of the time at sea cruising up and down the coast and watching for the revolutionary fleet.

"I went down there for the adventure of the trip and I don't know much about the merits of the war. I was busy fighting and cruising to carry out my contract, which was to destroy the rebel fleet.

"It was through the Colombian minister at Washington that I happened to undertake the cruise. The rebellion had been going on down there for two or three years and the revolutionists were still alive by their little Pacific coast fleet.

"The Colombian government saw that it must destroy that fleet in order to restore peace, so it had to secure a navy and it had none on the Pacific. Consequently through the minister in America the Colombian government secured a ship at Seattle, Wash., and named it the Bogota. I was in the government service at Washington at the time and after negotiating for a while we came to an arrangement by which I took command of the Bogota, contracting to direct her fitting out and her operations.

"I received a commission as captain in the Colombian navy and was given command of the flotilla.

"At Seattle we took charge of the ship and sailed her to San Francisco as a merchantman. There we gathered our officers and crew and completed our equipment.

"The Colombian government was determined to make a final ending of the revolution and it fitted the ship out in good shape. We had Maxim guns, thirteen or fifteen of them with a long range and very effective.

"Our crew was composed of old men-of-warsmen, every one of them a veteran. Some of them had served in half a dozen navies. One had been under the Russian flag, another under the French, others with England, but of course most had served in the American navy. They were expert marksmen and knew how to fight.

"The officers were many of them Annapolis graduates and knew their business.

"We had smokeless powder and all the other most modern equipment and were prepared to do good work.

"We hoisted the Colombian flag at San Francisco, Oct. 3 and started down the coast, drilling our men constantly as we went. We reached Panama, our headquarters, Oct. 27, and were received by the officials there.

"Our fleet was increased to three ships by the addition of the gunboats Chucito and Clapet and, after receiving our orders we started on the hunt for the enemy.

"That was the beginning of the blockade of 60 miles of coast, which did not end until the war was over. It was strenuous work, although we did little fighting. We were constantly on the go.

"The revolutionary fleet kept out of our way by hiding in creeks up which we could not go, although their largest ship, the Pardilla, was more powerful than our Bogota.

"The search for them was a delight to me. There is no more beautiful coast in the world than that of Columbia. It is ideal. Many times we landed and inquired of the natives for traces of the revolutionary ships.

"I had never been in the country before and I saw there why those people live so easily and fight so desperately. They don't have to work. At one place I saw a native bring in a boatload of the finest fish which he had caught in a little while and at the same spot almost in arm's reach were half a dozen kinds of fruit growing. With such plenty those people live at ease and as a result do not value life very highly.

"When some general or other man of prominence and popularity starts a revolution they go in for it at once. It is a chance to work off the energy they do not use in labor. When they fight they go at it with a vengeance, using their machetes and caring nothing for wounds or death.

"We had three engagements, and they were vigorous. Only two or three of our men were killed, however, and about the same number wounded.

"The Columbians are not a seafaring people and although quick and willing to learn they were no match for the veterans of the Bogota. The revolutionary fleet was manned by natives and all the officers but one were natives. That one was an Englishman, who was chief engineer of the Padilla.

"As an instance of how they will fight I recall one engagement which was with a small fort. The guns of the fort were of much shorter range than ours and our ships stood beyond their reach and peppered them.

"Instead of getting out of the way the revolutionary forces manning the fort, made up altogether of natives, stuck to their guns and fired toward us, not a shot striking our ships. I was told afterward that nearly 100 of them were killed by our fire.

"That is an illustration of their bravery. In the engagements with the revolutionary fleet it was the same. Our guns enabled us to keep out of their range, but they fired away at us and took all we gave them.

"While we had adventures, we did not suffer during our cruise. We had all the stores we needed and Panama is a fine city of 30,000, always in connection with the outside world.

"I did not lose a man from sickness and was not sick myself. There is fever in the interior of the country, but a man need not take it if he will be careful and let liquor alone.

"By driving the revolutionists' ships off the sea we really put an end to the war. The ships had been used in transporting revolutionary troops and with their disappearance things became quiet.

"When I left the country in January there was absolute peace. That ended our usefulness and we were honorably discharged. All the agreements of the government with us were kept to the letter. I returned to this country about March 1."

NEW FIGHTERS FOR THE NAVY

Commerce Destroyers That Are Nearly Ready For Launching.

Washington, Sept. 3.—Before Jan. 1 of next year five vessels of a type entirely new to the United States navy will be commissioned. These vessels are of the Denver class. They are light and fast, and are designed to prey upon the commerce of an enemy.

Next Monday the Cleveland, the first of these vessels completed, will be given her official trial trip off Boston. Three weeks later the Denver will have her trial. The Tacoma is to be tried about Oct. 1. The government has taken charge of the Galveston and Chattanooga, which are almost completed, and navy department officials hope to have the two vessels ready to be commissioned in November.

Naval officers believe the new vessels will be a valuable addition to the navy. Although they have a displacement of only 3000 tons, they will be able to care for themselves on any duty for which they are designed. Their speed will be seventeen knots an hour. Their hulls are of steel, sheathed and coppered, and each will have two masts and will be fitted with fore and aft sails. Each ship will accommodate 27 officers and 263 men.

In some respects the new vessels resemble scout ships, but their speed is not great enough to place them in that class. The main battery of each vessel consists of ten 5-inch guns. The secondary battery consists of eight 6-pounder rapid-fire guns, two 1-pounders, four machine guns and one field gun.

On account of the importance of American interests on the Pacific coast, the South Pacific station will be re-established and a squadron of three or four protected cruisers will be maintained there. The Cleveland, the Denver, the Galveston, the Des Moines and the Chattanooga will be ordered to the Southern Pacific and placed in command of a rear admiral. Hereafter the Pacific squadron will be known as the North Pacific squadron. It will not go south of the isthmus, as the new squadron will look after all territory below that point.

BRYAN ACCEPTS CLARKE.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 2.—William J. Bryan issued a statement here today accepting John H. Clarke as the Democratic candidate for United States senator to succeed Senator Hanna. He says Mr. Clarke differs from the Kansas City platform on one phase of the money question only, viz: Metallic money.

DISTRESS
FROM
Dyspepsia & Indigestion
Is Forever Banished By
ORANGEINE
(POWDERS.)
Thousands Affirm, with
Major J. A. OLMSTED, U. S. A., Commandant Iowa State Normal School:
"I have long suffered from an obstinate case of Nervous Dyspepsia, Orangeine is doing me great good, and I look for ultimate recovery. It is the only medicine I have ever found that helped me and there is no reactive effect from it."

L. W. Leithhead Drug Company, Distributors.



A prominent club woman, Mrs. Danforth, of St. Joseph, Mich., tells how she was cured of falling of the womb and its accompanying pains.

"Life looks dark indeed when a woman feels that her strength is sapping away and she has no hopes of ever being restored. Such was my feeling a few months ago when I was advised that my poor health was caused by prolapsus or falling of the womb. The words sounded like a knell to me, I felt that my sun had set; but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound came to me as an elixir of life; it restored the lost forces and built me up until my good health returned to me. For four months I took the medicine daily and each dose added health and strength. I am so thankful for the help I obtained through its use."—Mrs. Florence Danforth, 1007 Miles Ave., St. Joseph, Mich.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

The record of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cannot be equalled by any other medicine in the world.

"FREE MEDICAL ADVICE TO WOMEN."

Women would save time and much sickness if they would write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice as soon as any distressing symptoms appear.

COMING IN SLOWLY

Wheat Movement Considerably Below Last Year Owing to Rains.

Large Increase Is Expected Soon—The Flax Seed Situation.

The movement of the new crop of wheat into Duluth is slow, the daily receipts falling far behind those of a year ago at this time. The same is true of Minneapolis and as a result the milling interests there have forced the price up. For a number of days last week Duluth was the better market for September and cash wheat but Minneapolis has again jumped to the front and is now paying more money for both. Grain men here are confident that the month of September will see enough wheat arrive to fill requirements. The movement is just now delayed by the wet weather of last week. That prevented threshing and shipping and the time of arrival of grain shipped last week would be about now. The better weather of this week is expected to materially increase the receipts.

The East is buying a little wheat but cannot get very much for the shippers here have not much to offer. The foreigners are buying nothing. They do not seem to be attracted by present prices of wheat and are waiting for better figures. If the movement continues to be slow they may not get them much lower. The spring wheat movement usually comes with a rush, however, and nearly always results in a depression of prices. The winter wheat movement continues very slow and while every week has been expected to see a freer marketing of the grain of the Southwest it does not come.

Reports of injury to grain by reason of wet weather are contained in the crop report for South Dakota for the week ending Monday. It says:

"The weather during the week was cool and mostly cloudy, with frequent showers which retarded stacking, threshing, haying, millet cutting, and the harvesting of a little wheat and oats yet to be cut in the extreme northern counties and also in portions of the Black Hills region.

"Stacking of small grains is, as a rule, well advanced, but considerable yet remain unstacked, and there are reports of injury to some wheat and oats by sprouting in the shock from portions of the upper Sioux and James river valleys.

"On the whole, threshing is backward and the shocks are in damp conditions.

"Corn is generally in good condition but the cool and cloudy weather and rains retarded the maturing of the crop, which is very uneven in point of advancement, the northern part maturity being in the middle and upper Missouri and upper James river valleys, where early varieties are principally grown; however, reports indicate that the bulk of the early planted will probably need from two to three weeks, and the late planted three to four weeks, of favorable weather to place it beyond danger of injury by frost. Some of the southeastern counties is very backward and may require immunity from heavy frost until after Oct. 1st. Some of the earliest planted is now glazing in a number of counties.

"Early flax cutting and the maturing of the late sown progressed slowly. The crop, however, continues promising."

The flax seed situation is the subject of much comment at the present time. There is a large surplus of seed on hand and the movement of a crop that is certain to be considerably larger than the requirements of the trade in this country just beginning. Discussing the matter, the Commercial Record says:

"Flaxseed was about a cent higher during the last week, but closed on Monday at practically the same price as the preceding Monday, and is only a ¼c down today.

"Considering the rainy weather and complete cessation of all movements during the week, together with the fact that it is the time of year when oil buyers usually place contracts, the price should have done better.

"The statistical position of seed, however, remains very bearish, and seems to take heart out of any efforts to advance it. Although the world's shipments to Europe for seven and one half months are larger than for the full twelve months of the preceding three years, and a conservative estimate of supplies in exporting countries suggests that the full twelve months' movement will be 30 to 40 per cent in excess of the previous year, which was the largest of the three, and probably will exceed the 1899 record. Argentine comes forward with an area a trifle larger than last year, to be harvested in November and December, and this carries Europe forward to the spring months with no suggestion of anything but a plethora of supplies.

"At home the visible supply of seed is 2,260,000 bushels, and the invisible is estimated at 1,000,000 bushels, while it is easily estimated that out in the hands of ranchers, jobbers and consumers is equivalent to 10,000,000 bushels.

The new crop, although late in moving, will be in full sway in thirty days, and will have to be provided for.

"That it will be, no one doubts, and there is a little question that between the various crushing interests there will be a close rivalry for the offerings for fear that the crop will be marketed, and they will be short of their proportion.

"However, everyone will get what is coming to him, and after they are all satisfied there will still be seed left, as there was on the last crop.

"Although not susceptible of proof, now or later, the writer has no hesitancy whatever in saying that we will not get through buying seed of the 1903 crop until Jan. 1 of 1905, and possibly not then.

"It does not seem probable that there will be much buoyancy to the market so long as these conditions prevail."

Our Roads Astonish Foreigners

The development of passenger transportation in the United States astonishes all foreigners. Edwin A. Pratt, a representative of the London Times, was making some investigations yesterday at the Grand Central station with a view to writing a comprehensive article on American railroads. His inquiries developed the fact that the New York Central has eight passenger trains a day between New York and Chicago, and when he learned that the distance is 980 miles, he remarked that it is a marvelous thing. He was still further astonished to find that four of the tight trains make the 980 miles in twenty-four hours, and that one, the Twentieth Century Limited, goes the distance every day, in either direction, in twenty hours. His amazement grew when he was informed that the westbound Twentieth Century Limited carries only Chicago passengers, and will not take a passenger for any other point. He remarked that his people would be equally astounded on learning these facts."—From "On the Tip of the Tongue" column in the New York Press.

Detroit & Return $12.00.

The annual fall excursions to Detroit, Mich., will leave Duluth Sept. 13 and 18, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, connecting at St. Ignace with the palatial steamers of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company.

Detroit and return, $12.00; Buffalo and return, $14.00. Return limit, Oct. 11. For sleeping car and state room reservation please write or apply to

MART ADSON,
General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

La Belle Creole



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EVERYWHERE

A Rare Blend of Mild Tobacco

Save the Bands

"IT IS IGNORANCE THAT WASTES EFFORT." TRAINED SERVANTS USE

SAPOLIO



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Complexion, Stops Quickness of Discharges, Twitching of Eyelids, Effects are immediate, every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Imparts vigor and potency to organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. 50 CENTS

A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Revedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

THE DRUG HABIT!

Is responsible for thousands of nervous wrecks.

The debility begins with a feeling that something terrible is about to happen.

Then come the wasting of the muscles, the decay of the brain, indigestion and insomnia.

The eyes and cheeks become sunken.

As fearful as the effects of opiates and excesses are, they can be cured.

PALMO TABLETS

rarely fail to overcome this condition.

People who had considered their cases hopeless, are to-day strong and full of all the physical qualities which make men and women happy—and all thro' the curative results of this remedy.

Your money back if it fails—but it seldom does.

50 cents a box. 12 for $5. Guaranteed. Book free.

The S. R. Fell Co., Cleveland, O.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, 13 West Superior street.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.



Every Woman

is interested and should know about this wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. *Injection and Suction.* Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room Times Bldg., New York.



Photographed from Life.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

THE 1st day. 15th day. 30th day.

GREAT **FRENCH REMEDY**

Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Treyner Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH



PENNYROYAL PILLS

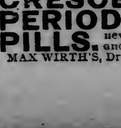
Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 526 West Superior st., Duluth.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS



For 20 years a Reliable Monthly Regulator. Never Fails, and Relieves in 3 days. SAFE and Harmless. Have been used by over 100,000 women with remarkable success. Send 4 cents in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Women's Safe Guard" sealed.

WILCOX MEDICAL CO.
829 N. 11th STREET, - PHILA., PA.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

James Doran, Plaintiff,
vs.
Henry C. James, Frances L. James, J. C. Jaynes, J. C. Jaynes as trustee, also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the complaint herein, Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is on file with the clerk of the above named court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint upon the subscribers at their office, Room 31 St. Paul Fire and Marine building, in the City of St. Paul, County of Ramsey, State of Minnesota, within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in said action will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein.

HOW, TAYLOR & MITCHELL,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Room 31 St. Paul Fire and Marine Bldg.,
St. Paul, Minn.

Dated St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 4, 1903.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

James Doran, Plaintiff,
vs.
Henry C. James, Frances L. James, J. C. Jaynes, J. C. Jaynes as trustee, also all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the complaint herein, Defendants.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

Notice is hereby given that an action has been commenced in the above named court by the above named plaintiff, against the above named defendants; that the object of said action is to determine any adverse claim which said defendants, or either of them, have to the real estate described in the complaint herein; that the real property affected by this action is situated in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, and is described as follows, to-wit:

The northeast quarter (ne¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), and the west half (w½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), and the east half (e½) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of the northwest quarter (nw¼) of the southwest quarter (sw¼), of section numbered twenty-eight (28) in township numbered fifty (50), range numbered fourteen (14), according to the United States government survey thereof.

Dated St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 4, 1903.

HOW, TAYLOR & MITCHELL,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
St. Paul Fire and Marine Building,
St. Paul, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—August 13-20-27, September 3-10-17, 1903.

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Market Has Moderate Reaction After Its Sharp Bulge.

Minneapolis Leads In the Decline—Flax Prices Higher.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 3.—The wheat market today had a reaction after the sharp bulge of yesterday, and Minneapolis, which was the leader in the bulge, had the heaviest decline. The September option there fell 1¾c and the December ⅞c, while in Duluth the former was off only ¼c and the latter ⅝c. In Chicago, September fell ¼-⅜c and December ⅜c, and in New York the earlier option lost ⅝c and the latter ½c. All markets were rather dull and the strength they possessed was largely due to the light receipts and light offerings of wheat. The weather in the Northwest is a little showery though not very wet. The weather map shows the possibility of frost tonight and this caused some uneasiness. The cables did not reflect the advance in American markets. Liverpool being unchanged and Paris ⅝c to 2¼c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 619,925 bushels; last year 851,000 bushels. Shipments, 282,000 bushels; last year 620,000 bushels. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 187,000 bushels.

Car receipts of wheat at Duluth were 30, against 130 a year ago, and at Minneapolis 168, against 136 a year ago, making a total of 198 for the Northwest against 266 a year ago. Chicago received 115 against 248 a year ago.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged. In the Chicago market December corn closed ¼c higher and December oats ⅜-½c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 482,000 bushels; last year 183,000 bushels. Shipments, 654,000 bushels; last year 43,000 bushels. Clearances were 126,000 bushels.

On the Duluth board trading in wheat was fairly active. September opened unchanged at 84c and sold at that price and 84¼c up to 11 o'clock. It fell off to 83½c at 11:55, rallied to 83¾c at 12:35 and fell again to 83¼c at 12:40. There was another rally toward the close and the closing price was 83¾c, a decline for the day of ¼c. December opened ⅛c off at 81c, sold up to 81⅜c, and fell off to 80¾c, which was the closing price, a decline of ⅜c.

Cash prices continued at 3c over September for old No. 1 northern, 1c over for new No. 1 northern to arrive by September 10 and September price for to arrive in fourteen days. Sales were 35,000 bushels.

Flax was dull but prices were slightly higher, all options showing advances of ¼c. Oats had an advance of ½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat, old in store, No. 1 hard, 83¾c; No. 1 northern, 80¾c; new to arrive, No. 1 hard, 84¾c; No. 1 northern, 83¾c; No. 2 northern 81¾c; new on track, No. 1 northern, 84¾c; No. 2, 82¾c. Macaroni, No. 1, 66c; No. 2, 55c; September 83¾c; December, 80¾c. May, 84c. Flax in store, 99¼c; to arrive, 99¼c; on track, 99¼c; September, 99¼c; October, 99½c; November, 99¾c; December, 99¾c; May $1.03¾. Oats to arrive 36¾c; on track, 36¼c; to arrive in September, 36¼c; Rye on track 53¾c; to arrive, 53¾c; to arrive in September, 53¾c. Barley 46@51c.

Cars inspected: Wheat 30; last year, 130; oats, 8; rye, 12; barley, 15; flax, 9; last year, 22.

Receipts: Wheat 57,815; oats 800; rye, 7250; barley, 62,113; flax, 2270.

Shipments: Wheat 5000; barley, 1500; rye, 6167.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street.

Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.

Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both 'Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER & CO.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

328 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

B. E. BAKER, STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN.

307 Board of Trade. Private Wires. 318 St. Louis Hotel Bldg.

MEMBERS:

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Office Furniture and Typewriter Supplies. Agents for Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Company's Card Indexes, Letter Files and Desks.

Ship Us Your Grain

Liberal Advances.
Quick Sales.
Prompt Returns.

References:
130 National Banks in Northwest.
Ask your Banker for our standing

COE COMMISSION COMPANY,

Minneapolis. DULUTH. Chicago.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Northwestern Nat. Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern, wheat, 6700 bus; to arrive, Sept. 15 ..... $0.85
No. 1 northern, 900 bus, to arrive, Sept. 15 85
No. 1 northern, 700 bus to arrive Sept. 15 ..... 84¾
No. 1 northern, 2000 bus to arrive.. 83¾
No. 1 northern 8000 bus to arrive.. 83¾
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus to arrive.. 84
Rejected, 1 car 82
Oats, 5000 bushels 36¼
Rye, 1 car 53¾
Barley, 2 cars 52
Barley, 2 cars 53
Barley, 1 car 52½

THE CHICAGO MARKET

Wheat Advanced After Opening But Soon Dropped.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—Wheat opened a little easier on absence of threatening weather reports from Northwest. December opened shade to ⅛@¼c lower at 82⅝c to 82¾c, and went to 83¼c on bullish sentiment, but the price soon dropped to the opening figures. There was not much wheat on the market. Cables were indifferent. Duluth and Minneapolis reported receipts of 198 cars, which with local receipts of 113 cars, 11 of contract grade, made total for three points of 311 cars, against 345 last week and 511 a year ago.

Renewed reports of rains in the Northwest forced prices ⅜c higher later in the day, December touching 83¼c, but on freer offerings from Southwest and on entire abatement of cold weather scare, the feeling became easier, the closing being barely steady at a loss of ⅝c for December at 82½@¾c. Trade was light.

Corn was the principal item of interest, with prices up as high as ⅝c on the general prediction of cooler weather Northwest and possible frosts in Dakota and Minnesota. A scramble among shorts ensued. September and December were both active. The former started at 52⅝c to 53c, went to 53c, then dropped back to 52¾c. The latter went to 52c and closed off ¼c. Receipts 377 cars, 20 contract.

Buying was on a liberal scale and final figures showed September unchanged at 52⅝c, with December ¼c up at 51⅝c.

Oats started about unchanged but became strong and higher on good local demand and small receipts. The best buying was in December, which opened at 36⅜c and soon went to 37¼c. There was a good cash demand. Receipts 94 cars.

The provision market was a firm one, with prices up 2½c to 5c. September quotations were: Pork, $12.49; lard, $8.65; ribs, $7.67½.

Close: Wheat—September, 81¼c; old, 81½c; December, 82¼@¾c, old, 82⅝c; May, 84½c. Corn—September, 52⅝c; December, 51¾c; May, 51⅝c. Oats—September, 36⅜c; December, 37¼c; May, 39½c. Pork—September, $12.45; October, $12.67½; May, $13.25. Lard—September, $8.62½; October, $7.77½; December, $7.25; January, $7.12½. Ribs—September, $8.00; October, $7.85; January, $6.75@6.77½. Rye—September, 55½; December, 50½c; May, 58c. Flax—Cash, Northwest, 99c; Southwest, 98c; September, 98c; October, 95c; May, $1.02. Timothy—Cash, $2.85@3.10; September, $3.15; October, $3.10. Clover—Cash, $9.30@9.35; October, $9.00. Barley—Cash, 46@49c. Cash wheat—2 red, 82½@83¾c; 3 red, 81@83c; 2 hard winter, 81@83c; 3 hard, winter, 78@83½c; 1 and 2 northern spring, blank; 3 spring, 82@89c. Corn—2, 52¾@53c; 3, 52¼@53c. Oats—2, 37c; 3, 73½c.

NEW YORK WHEAT.

New York, Sept. 3.—Close: Wheat—December, 88½c; May, 80½c. Corn—December, 58⅝c; May, 58c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
September—				
September—				
Open	84	84⅞	81¼-⅜	88⅝
High	....84¼	85	81⅞	89⅛
Low	....83¾	83⅝	81	88¼
Close	....83¾B	83⅞	81¼	88¼A
Close Sept.				
2	84	85	81⅝-½	88⅝
December—				
Open	....81B	81⅜	82⅞	88¼-⅜
High	....81B	81¾	83¼	89⅜
Low	....80¾B	80¾	82¼	88¼
Close	....80¾B	81⅛	82½-⅝	88¼B
Close Sept.				
2	....81⅛	81⅝	82⅞-83	88⅜

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec. Dec.	Corn. Dec. Dec.	Pork. Sept. Oct.
Open	.....	51⅞-52	...
High	.....	52⅛-¼	$12.75
Low	.....	51⅞	$12.62
Close	.....	51⅞A	$12.72

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 3.—Close: Wheat—Spot No. 2 red Western winter, new, steady, 6s 4½d; No. 1 northern spring, strong, 6s 10d; futures, steady; September, 6s 6¾d; October, 6s 6¾d; December, 6s 7d. Corn, spot, American mixed, steady, 4s 6¾d; futures, steady; September, 4s 6½d; October, 4s 6½d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 3.—Wheat—December, 81c; May, 83½@⅝c. On track, 1 hard, 87½@88; 1 northern, 86¼@87c; 2 northern, 84½@85¼c; 3 northern, 81@83c.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FRESH VEGETABLES.

Lettuce, bushel	60
Green onions, per doz	15
Radish, long, per doz.....	15
BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	21
Dairies, fancy	17 @ 18
Packing stock	11½
EGGS.	
Fresh	11½
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream	12
Twins, full cream, old	12½
Full cream, young America	15 @ 16
Brick cheese, No. 1.....	13
Limberger, full cre'm, choice	12½
Primos	8
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover....	16 @ 17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	15
Ohio, per lb	12
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bushel....	2 60
Medium, hand picked, bus..	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus..	2 25
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb..	16
Cocoanuts, per doz	50
Brazils, per lb	11
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7
FRUITS.	
California fruit, yellow peaches, per box	1 00 @ 1 10
Washington white peaches, per box	90 @ 1 00
Plums, per crate	1 50 @ 1 75
Pears, per box	2 65 @ 2 75
Apples, per bbl.....	4 00
Smyrna figs	1 00 @ 1 85
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Pineapple, per crate	3 25 @ 3 50
Me. lemons, per box.....	5 00
Dates, Ford, per box.....	2 75
Sugar walnut dates	1 10
California oragnes	4 25
Tomatoes, per crate	1 00
VEGETABLES.	
Green corn, per doz.....	12½
Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs....	1 75
Carrots, per cwt	1 46
Turnips, per cwt	1 25
Cabbage, per cwt	1 50
Parsnips, per 100 lbs.....	1 50
Post cucumbers	1 25 @ 1 35
Mint, per doz	60
Potatoes	60
CIDER.	
Common juice, half bbl	2 75
Fruit juice	4 00
Duffy cider	3 25
POPCORN.	
Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6
LIVE POULTRY.	
Chickens	13 @ 14
Hens	11 @ 12
Turkeys	12 @ 13
Ducks	10
Geese	8 @ 10
Beef	7 @ 8
Lamb	10
Mutton	9
Pork loins	12
Lard	8

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 3.—Butter receipts, 6269 packages; market, firm; state dairy, 14@18c; creamery, 20c; packing stock, 12@13½c; creamery, thirds to firsts, 15@19½c. Cheese receipts, 6799 packages, firm; state full cream small colored, 10½c; small white, 10½c; large colored, 10½c; large white, 10c. Eggs receipts, 8007 packages; market strong; state and Pennsylvania, fancy mixed, 23c; state and Pennsylvania, seconds to firsts, 19@21c; Western extras, 22c; refrigerated, 17½@19½c; Western seconds to firsts, 18½@21c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—Butter, steady; creameries, 16@18c; dairies, 13@17c. Eggs, firm; at mark, cases included, 16½@17½c. Cheese, steady; daisies, 10@12c; twins, 9½@10c; Young Americas, 10@11c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

m., 75th meridian time, Thursday, Sept. 3, 1903.

Stations—	State of weather	Temperature Max*	Min*	Rainfall—Inches and hundredths
Alexandria	Clear	66	56	0
Crookston	Pt. cldy	74	46	0
Detroit City	Clear	70	46	0
Grand Meadow ...	Pt Cldy	80	60	0
Minneapolis	Cloudy	72	60	.04
Montevideo	Clear	85	60	.02
New Ulm	Clear	80	54	T
Park Rapids	Clear	68	50	0
Winnebago City ..	Cloudy	80	60	0
Devils Lake, N. D.	Cloudy	68	48	0
Langdon, N. D.	Cloudy	62	42	0
Larimore, N. D....	Clear	72	40	0
Lisbon, N. D.....	Cloudy	74	48	0
Pembina, N. D.....	Cloudy	64	44	0
Aberdeen, S. D.....	Rain	84	54	.15
Millbank, S. D.....	Clear	84	56	0
Mitchell, S. D.....	Clear	92	46	0
Redfield, S. D.....	Clear	86	50	0
Bismarck, N. D....	Cloudy	78	54	0
Duluth, Minn	Cloudy	58	52	0
Huron, S. D.....	Cloudy	68	52	T
La Crosse, Wis	Clear	80	60	T
Moorhead, Wis	Cloudy	72	50	0
Pierre, S. D.....	Clear	90	50	0
St. Paul, Minn	Cloudy	72	60	.02
Winnipeg	Pt cldy	68	44	T

Cool weather continued. Generally fair weather prevailed except in the Northwest, where light scattered showers occurred

A CHICAGO THEORY.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—The theory that germs of an appetite for liquor are imparted to Chicago babies through the medium of milk from cows that eat the refuse from Peoria distilleries, has suggested itself to Assistant State Food Inspector R. M. Patterson, who has enjoined the dairymen to sell no more milk from these cattle.

HANNA AT OFFICE.

Cleveland, Sept. 3.—Senator Hanna was at his office for a brief period today for the first time since his illness began early last week.

NO INTEREST

We charge you no interest for carrying long stocks. If you are paying interest to others you are throwing money away

COE COMMISSION COMPANY, Incorporated.

Capital and Surplus, $300,000.

Grain, Provisions Stocks and Bonds

Bought and sold for cash or on margin for future delivery.

Commission { Stocks, ¼ Per Cent, Grains, 1-16c per Bushel.

Margins Required { Stocks, $2a Share. Grains, 1c a Bushel.

If you have an account with us, you can trade upon it in any of our 120 branch offices. We refer to 160 state and national banks, which are our depositories.

General Offices, New York Life Building, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Local Office—220 West Superior Street. H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

$27.50 to Winnipeg & Return

The Great Northern railway will sell every day up to and including Sept. 20 round-trip tickets to Winnipeg at $27.50, good until Sept. 30. These tickets offer an elegant tourist circuit, going directly via Grand Forks and returning via Canadian Pacific to Port Arthur, thence Booth line, White line or Northwest Transportation company through Lake Superior to Duluth. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

Fond du Lac, Spirit Lake and New Duluth.

The Northern Pacific have daily service to above points as follows:

Daily, except Sunday, leave Duluth 7:00 a. m., 5:30 p. m. Returning, leave Fond du Lac, 7:55 a. m., 6:25 p. m. Sundays only, leave Duluth 9:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m. Returning, leave Fond du Lac 10:45 a. m., 7:00 p. m. Fare, round trip week days, 50 cents, Sundays, 25 cents. Commutation tickets may also be had at greatly reduced rates. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 West Superior street.

TRADING IN STOCKS

Weakness In London Had But Little Effect Here.

General Surface of Market Motionless—Close Was Heavy.

New York, Sept. 3.—The weakness caused in the London market by the unexpected advance of 1 per cent in the Bank of England discount rate was reflected very slightly in the opening market here. Dealings were on a very small scale and while declines predominated there were a few scattering gains. St. Paul fell ⅝ and running sales of 1000 shares of Atchison were at 65¾ and 65¼, compared with 65½ last night.

Considerable amounts of Reading were offered for sale during the first hour which forced the price below 54. Other stocks also weakened in sympathy. Missouri Pacific, St. Paul, and Rock Island lost a point each and other standard stocks substantial fractions. Amalgamated yielded a point, Consolidated Gas 1¼ and Metropolitan Street Railway 2⅜ but the specialties otherwise were neglected.

Metropolitan Securities broke abruptly 6¼ and then rallied 4¼ and Metropolitan Street Railway rallied 2. Pullman lost 2. The general list hardened slightly but was intensely dull. Bonds were dull and irregular at noon.

Efforts to sell Colorado Fuel found a very limited market and the stock was offered down with variations of 1 and 2 points between sales until it reached 41, a drop of 7. The Western railroad stocks fell off slightly again under the leadership of Union Pacific, which declined to 75. Northwestern gave way 2, North American, 1½ and People's Gas, 1.

Traders bought stocks at the low level for a turn, but the rally was small except for a full recovery in Rock Island and did not hold long. Brooklyn Transit sagged 1¼ and the active stocks quite generally came back to the lowest. Kansas City Southern pfd declined 1¼. Wool, 1½; Iowa Central pfd 1¾, Toledo, St. Louis & Western pfd 2¼, and Buffalo, Rock Island & Pittsburg pfd 4.

There was a decline of a point in Southern Railway and Terre Haute and 3⅛ in Hocking Valley. The general surface of the market was motionless. The closing was heavy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	48¾	47¾	47⅞
American Sugar	117¼	117	117
Anaconda	81½	80	80¾
Atchison, Top. & S. Fe..	65⅝	64⅝	65⅛
do pfd	91¼	91	91
Baltimore & Ohio	82⅞	82¼	82½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit..	45½	44⅝	44¾
Canadian Pacific	124¾	124⅞	124
Chesapeake & Ohio	33⅝	33¼	33½
Chicago Great Western..	17	17	17
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul....	142¾	141¾	142¼
Chic., Rock Island & P....	29⅜	28¼	29½
Rock Island pfd	66¾	66¼	66¼
Colorado Fuel & Iron.....	43	41	41
Erie	30	29⅝	29⅝
Erie 1st pfd	67	67	67
Hocking Valley	33⅜	33¼	33¼
Illinois Central	133½	133¼	133¼
Iowa Central pfd.....	37⅜	37¼	37⅜
Louisville & Nashville ..	105⅞	105	105⅜
Manhattan Elevated	135	135	135
Metropontan St. Ry.	113⅞	111	111¾
Mexican Central	13⅞	13½	13⅝
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M...	56½	55⅝	55⅞
Mo. Pacific	94	93¼	93¾
New York Central.....	121⅜	121⅛	121⅜
Norfolk & Western	62⅜	62⅜	62⅜
Pennsylvania	124¼	123⅞	124
People's Gas of Chic....	93⅜	93½	93⅜
Reading	55	53⅜	53⅞
Republic Steel & Iron..	11⅞	11¼	11¼
Southern Pacific	46½	45⅝	45⅝
Southern Railway	23⅝	22½	23⅛
Tenn. Coal & Iron.....	42	42	42
Union Pacific	75⅞	75	75
U. S. Leather	8	7⅞	7⅞
U. S. Steel	23½	22⅞	22⅞
do pfd	71½	70⅝	71
Wabash	21½	21½	21¾
Western Union	83½	83	83
Wis. Cen. pfd	40⅝	40⅜	40⅜

Northern Securities, 89¼ bid; 89¾ asked.

Total sales were 259,700 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: I do not attach much significance to the corn crop in its bearing on the stock market, believing that John D. can do what he pleases regardless of crops and that his plans are already formed, subject to possible change. Still I do not want to note that corn is not going to yield much more than a 60 per cent harvest even under the most favorable conditions. It needs three weeks of hot weather to do that. Early frosts would cut down the 60 per cent estimate perhaps nearly half. This crop may therefore be considered a failure. The question is if it has not already discounted long ago. Stocks proved a buy yesterday as stated the past two days. The long stock should be held till Friday at least. There are many signs of a bull market not far off. Colorado Fuel at 51 looks reaction enough. The general list is probably a purchase around current prices.

* * *

Waldorf to Coe Commission Co.: Despite continued dullness in the stock market the conviction that when there is any important movement it will be upward is becoming stronger. Observant brokers say that offerings decrease when prices decline and that stocks sold by bearish speculators are finding their way either into tin boxes or the hands of large operators, who believe that the corn crop will be a good one and that when it is out of danger from the frost there will be a revival of speculation activity. An operator who holds these views quotes the representative of an interest which is an important factor in the cash corn business, and which has correspondents all through the corn belt summing up the crop outlook. If, however, frost holds off until September 15, there will be a big crop, say 2,200,000,000 bus. If we get light frosts between now and that date, the crop may be cut down to 1,900,000,000 bus. Confidence in a favorable rather than an adverse outcome for this important cereal, however, is increasing owing to warmer weather, and is reflected in the buying of the grangers, Atchison comman and preferred, and Rock Island, are expected to move up between now and September 10. A large short interest is outstanding in these shares. In the case of Atchison the garnered 90,000,000 bus wheat crop in Kansas continues to be used as a potent and logical bull argument, and the belief of shrewd observers of market affairs is that on the recent reaction important railroad interests which have for months been picking up the stock added considerably to their holdings.

* * *

New York to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Traders continue in control of the market, fluctuations are limited to 2 per cent, large interests hold aloof and the public is indifferent. But there is little pressure to sell good stocks. In fact, there is buying on a scale by investors and large operators for a pull. As the short interest is large and the best sentiment bullish, the market ought to rally. The point is made that speculation will be restricted until the publication of the government crop report a week from today. This may be so. The outlook in the corn belt, however, is said by good authorities to be for an average yield below the 2,000,000,000 mark. There are legitimate conditions which not only explain recent and current buying in Atchison, but which justify a higher level for it. The largest wheat crop in its history has been just gathered in its territory. At its present price the common returns over 6 per cent, the preferred over 5 per cent on the investment.

* * *

New York to Coe Commission Co.:

12 Per Cent. Yearly Assured

6,000,000 Natural Rubber Trees on the Para Rubber Plantation; 300,000 pounds of "pure and fine" Para, the highest-priced rubber in the world, made this season.

Para Costs 35 Cents Per Pound.

It Sells at $1 Per Pound To-day.

Before investing your surplus, write for full information regarding this stock. It will pay you.

STOCK (all common) HAS ALWAYS SOLD FOR PAR ($10.00).

Absolutely unaffected by the Stock Market. Secure as a Government Bond.

MARCUS W. BATES,

4 Exchange Bldg., Duluth.

Trading was of the usual character with perhaps a trifle better business in Atchison and St. Paul. London came lower, although the rest of the news bearing directly on the market was favorable. Very little attention is given foreign war news. Speculation is too feeble to be swayed one way or the other by the usual flood of gossip designed by leaders on both sides of the market.

* * *

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: After the opening orders were disposed of the market began to sell off and as the movement in such stocks as Atchison and St. Paul,

SERVICE IS RESUMED

Injured Belts of the Street Railway Company Are Replaced.

Cars on All But Fourth Street Lines on Schedule.

The full service was resumed today on the lines of the Duluth-Superior Traction company.

The belts that were injured by water last Saturday night were both back, repaired and in place, and this morning the complete service on all except the Second and Fourth street lines was resumed.

That was still somewhat interrupted because of the work of laying the new track on Third avenue West, between Superior and Second street. This afternoon, however, that work was completed and the Woodland, West Fourth and East Fourth lines began running again as they were before the breakdown.

The tracks on Second street to Sixth avenue East are to be taken up and renewed, but that will be done by short distances, so that the Fourth street lines will not be greatly interfered with by the work.

The company now has all of its power, including the large engine and the small one. When the small one broke down the ten-minute service on the East Fourth street line was discontinued, and it has not yet been resumed. Inquiry at the street railway offices this afternoon developed no definite information as to when it would be resumed, though it was stated that it was under consideration.

The break in the service since Saturday night has been the worse in years, except during the strikes, when for shorter periods the service was badly shattered. It was all the result of a little water taken internally by the power house, a water main bursting and flooding the pits in which the belts ran.

The company is now able not only to run its full service, but to supply extra cars for ball games and other similar occasions.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

The Sacred Heart Parish has taken out a building permit for its $50,000 school building to be erected on the south side of Fourth street, between Second and Third avenues West. T. H. Cole has taken out a building permit for a double brick dwelling on the north side of Third street between Fifth and Sixth avenues East, to cost $9740.

Fred Merrill, a promoter of rough house called on several lady friends last night and insisted on the privilege of smashing furniture. He was arrested by Officer Link and forfeited $25 in the municipal court this morning.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 206 E. Sup. St.

Parlor theater—New vaudeville program.

Parlor theater—Fun starts 8:30 tonight.

Get your furnace repaired now. Don't wait until the frost comes. L. R. Hebling, 119 West First street. Both 'phones.

The ladies of the First M. E. church will serve dinner in the church parlors, Thursday, Sept. 3, from 5 to 7:15.

Dance at Lester tonight. Blewett's orchestra.

Deputy Sheriff W. J. Bates has gone to Bessemer, Mich., with Luvois Ducea, who was recently adjudged insane, in probate court. Ducea came to this county from Michigan less than three months ago.

Nikolas Nilson and Elias Erickson have taken out first citizenship papers in district court.

Change of venue from district court of St. Louis county to Cass county has been asked in the case of the Joseph Schlitz Brewing company against Herman Stone and others.

Charles Strom applied yesterday to Superintendent of the Poor A. P. Cook, and was taken to the county hospital. Strom is about 45 years of age, crippled with rheumatism and showing evidences of consumption. He came to this country from Sweden 15 years ago and in spite of his crippled condition has kept at work until about six weeks ago. His condition has limited his earnings and he had nothing left but to turn to the county for aid.

A lively scare was created among the twelve girls employed by the Zenith Telephone company as operators last evening by the burning out of a cable near the Alworth building. This caused a flooding of lights in the exchange of precisely the same nature as occurs when the exchange burns out and the young women who were aware of the trouble rushed out of the building. The affected wires were quickly plugged, however, and all danger of burning out removed.

Judge Cant, this morning, in the matter of the appeal from the allowance of the claim of the Barber Asphalt company, granted permission for a continuance of twenty days, on motion of the appellant for an order to compel the plaintiff to show cause why the case should be continued.

If your husband drinks, send him to Dr. Reisland, 206 East First street.

The Duluth Ministerial association will hold its regular meeting next Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. The subject will be "The Preacher as a Teacher of General Principles." The papers will be read by Rev. Alexander Milne and Rev. W. J. Lowrie.

Practically all of the stores of Duluth will be closed on Labor day, thereby giving the employes an opportunity to enjoy the holiday. All of the public offices will be closed and the board of trade will be closed both Saturday and Monday in line with all of the exchanges of the country.

Jumped His Job.

There is one Superior teamster who has a very poor opinion of his native city.

R. H. Wade, who has been until recently employed as a driver for A. C. Boland, a Superior ice dealer, took a novel way of throwing up his job. When Mr. Boland went out to his stables one morning this week, he found the following message nailed to the wall of the building.

"Mr. A. C. Boland: This will certify that I am not coming back to work any more, as I am unable to work and am goin' to leave this God-forsaken patch of mud. Well, I thank you very much for the job, but the streets are so rough I cannot stand the jolt of the wagon. You can pay Mrg. —— what is due me.

"R. H. WADE."

Safety and Economy

It is safe as well as economical to buy

Gorham Silver

Safe, for the trade-mark guarantees its sterling quality; economical, for Gorham silverware costs no more than the wares of unreliable makers.

All responsible jewelers keep it

PURELY PERSONAL

Mrs. T. Tobin and Mrs. Michaud of West Helm street have returned from a six weeks' visit with friends in Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. William Chambers of Piedmont avenue have gone to St. Paul.

Miss Catherine Hammond, who has been seriously ill during the past week, is slowly improving.

Rev. Father E. Walsh, accompanied by twenty boys, stayed at the Spalding today while en route from Tower to St. Paul, where the boys will attend St. Paul's college.

W. R. Robinson will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Chicago.

Mrs. G. S. Tonoli, of Mountain Iron, arrived in the city this morning. She will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Prescott, Ont.

Mrs. A. W. Dutton will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for East Saginaw.

Mrs. E. G. Hornbrook, of Kansas City, is visiting Mrs. Ralston, 12 East First street.

Editor Cuppernull, of the Virginian, Virginia, passed through the city yesterday on his way home from the state fair.

DRIVER ROBBED OF HIS MONEY

Man Hurt at the Fair Loses His Valuables.

St. Paul, Sept. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Joe McLaughlin, of La Porte, Iowa, the driver hurt in a collision in the 2.20 pace, was robbed of $286 late yesterday, while he lay in delirium surrounded by supposed friends.

He came to the fair with a large amount of money in bills, which he carried on his person. He was stripped of all valuables, except a gold watch and a stop watch, which fell on the track as he was thrown from his sulky and were picked up and given to the officials.

A crowd of stable boys gathered around McLaughlin and carried him in front of one of the stalls. He lay there for three hours before the ambulance arrived from St. Joseph's hospital. In the meantime as one of the judges said today, the "friends" would not allow any one to come near him.

The management is considering whether or not to give him the full amount of his loss, in view of the fact that he was not the party at fault in the accident. He will be presented with a portion of the money at any rate.

EAGLES HEAR REPORTS.

New York, Aug. 3.—The Fraternal Order of Eagles today heard reports of the worthy secretary and treasurer and that of the trustees, but deferred action on matters suggested in the reports until afternoon.

THE ACTUARIES.

New York, Sept. 3.—The fourth days' session of the International Congress of Actuaries began today with a general discussion on the group plan on the sub-standard lines which were on the program for Wednesday and were not reached on that day.

A WOMAN KILLED.

Maspeth, L. I., Sept. 3.—One woman was killed, two persons probably fatally hurt and two others seriously injured by an explosion in a building used in the manufacture of fireworks here today. The building was badly shattered and the ruins caught fire. The body of the dead woman was burned to a crisp.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

BIRTHS.

PATRICK—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Michael Patrick, of 291 West Third street.

PETERSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Hans Peterson, of 620 Twenty-fifth avenue West.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Bruno Tamboski and Mary Szarzynske.

DEATHS.

LINNELL—Mrs. L. A. Linnell, of Embarass, Minn., died last evening at the home of her sister, Mrs. D. S. Forgy, of this city. The funeral service will be held in the Pilgrim Congregational church Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FACIAL skin wrinkles and ages, lacking proper nourishment. Satin-Skin Cream is tissue-building skin food.

WANTED — MILLINERY MAKERS at Humes', over Suffel's.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DINING room girl at St. Louis hotel, $18 per month.

POSITION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY as cashier in restaurant or news stand. F. O., Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY—POSITION as clerk in cigar or confectionery store. Y. Z., Herald.

This Shield on the Box

WELSBACH QUALITY

The Shield of Quality is always on the box if it's the genuine Welsbach mantle.

All Dealers.

22

THREATENED WITH DEATH

A Macedonian Agent Arrested For Extorting Money.

Bucharest, Sept. 3.—M. Svetkoff, the agent here of the Macedonian committee, has been arrested for extorting by menaces of death, subscriptions to the funds of the revolutionists. The police discovered receipts signed by Boris Sarafoff, the revolutionary leader, for sums aggregating $500.

The Bulgarians residing in Roumania continue to receive orders to return home, in view of the possible mobilization of the Bulgarian forces.

The Roumanian government has ordered the frontier officials to register all Bulgarians leaving Roumania and to prevent their return to this country.

Sofia, Sept. 3.—The sultan has ordered the vali of Salonica to see that all the troop trains are preceded by pilot engines. The Turkish railroad officials are said to have notified the porte that the roads will not convey soldiers without prepayment of the cost of their transportation.

Washington, Sept. 3.—For two days the state department has been without advices from Turkey. Pending the receipt of Minister Leishman's report on the situation there, the state department will not ask the navy department to send additional instructions to Rear Admiral Cotton commanding the European squadron. The position of the Washington government continues unchanged in regard to the Turkish question.

RELIANCE WAY IN LEAD

Beat Shamrock Ten Minutes on Outward Run.

New York, Sept. 3.—Figuring from official time, Reliance covered the fifteen miles beat to windward in 2 hours 39 minutes and 39 seconds; Shamrock 2 hours 49 minutes and 45 seconds. Reliance thus beat Shamrock to the outer mark 10 minutes and 6 seconds, or deducting 1 minute and 57 seconds time allowance, 8 minutes and 9 seconds.

BULLETINS.

New York, Sept. 3.—Twelve miles from finish line, Reliance is leading by mile and a half.

New York—3:46 p. m.—Shamrock goes on port tack full a mile from the outer mark.

Official time at turn: Reliance, 3:41:35; Shamrock, 3:51:45.

Reliance has covered five miles of the run home. She is leading Shamrock by about a mile and five-eighths.

New York, Sept. 3.—There is a small split in Reliance spinnaker. This will retard her.

Other Schools Do Not Do This.

No other commercial school that is known of, except the New Era Business college, Superior, Wis., furnishes a free Remington or Smith Premier typewriter to students taking a six-months' course, for use in their homes and rooms after school hours, during the entire term. Other schools charge a rental of $3.50 a month on each machine, for such use. It is an advantageous feature to the student.

CHANGES MADE

In the Engineering Department of Great Northern.

St. Paul, Sept. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—A number of changes and appointments have been made in the engineering department of the Great Northern by Chief Engineer A. H. Hogeland. J. D. Mason has been appointed resident engineer at St. Paul, to succeed W. P. Whitten, who has been assigned to other duties.

Mr. Mason's jurisdiction will extend over the eastern district and the lake district, the office of resident engineer at Superior being abolished.

DINNER FOR LIPTON

Will Be Given By Pilgrims Friday Evening.

New York, Sept. 3.—The dinner of the Pilgrims of the United States in honor of Sir Thomas Lipton will be given at the Waldorf-Astoria tomorrow evening, the fourth instant, whether the yacht races have actually been finished or not. It was originally understood that the dinner would occur the second day after the last race, this being in accordance with Sir Thomas' own desire not to accept any banquets until the races were all over. He has now, however, specifically designated Friday night as the night for the Pilgrims.

TWO AMERICANS WOUNDED.

Pekin, Sept. 3.—In a fight today between French soldiers and four Americans, the French used bayonets and two of the Americans were seriously wounded.

TRAIN WRECKEDD.

Charlotte, N. C., Sept. 3.—A passenger train on the Southern railroad between Rock Hill and Yorkville, S. C., went through a trestle this morning. Several deaths are reported but no particulars are available.

EACH MEMBER OF A FAMILY, MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD, SHOULD HAVE A SAVINGS ACCOUNT. IT REQUIRES ONLY A DOLLAR TO START ONE. BOOKS GIVEN AND INTEREST PAID BY THE SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.

Capital, Surplus and Profits Over Eleven Hundred Thousand Dollars.

SELECT A SAFE PLACE

The Student at Work

in the Business College at Superior, Wis. HAS EVERY ADVANTAGE.

ACTUAL BUSINESS DEPARTMENT



A LATE SPECIAL OFFER to STUDENTS

Made By No Other School To Enter the

NEW ERA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Special Offer.

To all students entering this school, who take a full course, a Remington or Smith Premier typewriter will be furnished each for use in their homes or rooms before and after school hours, during the whole term, free. Other schools make a rental charge of $3.50 a month for the use of each machine. No other school does this free, but the New Era Business College. This is to facilitate the student's work in being coming an expert operator on the machine insuring rapid, accurate, clean and neat work, the demand of the hour.

Free Information.

If you are seriously thinking of attending a commercial school, then visit this College, go through the various departments, and you will see a miniature world of practical business and a veritable hive of industry, where the mind is trained and the hand educated to do its bidding and where young men and young women are fitted for a life of practical business, no matter what the requirements may be. Address J. P. SIMONS, General Manager, Superior, Wisconsin, New Era Business College.

Young Men and Young Women

If you are thinking of entering a commercial school, then the many and varied advantages of the New Era Business college must appeal to your serious consideration. To each student entering upon a full course a Remington or Smith Premier typewriter will be furnished each free, in their houses or rooms for use out of school hours, during the entire term. No other school ever made a like offer.

TRAINED PRAIRIE DOGS.

There is great excitement and indignation on the headwaters of the Minnecaduza creek, in Cherry county, over the action of Senator Brown, of this district, in securing the passage of a bill by the last legislature designed to exterminate one of the industries of Northwest Nebraska, says the Omaha Bee.

It will be remembered that Senator Brown secured the passage of an act to exterminate the prairie dog in Nebraska. When they were not exterminated by the owner of the land on which they had their habitat, then it was made the duty of the road overseer to destroy them and charge the expense of same against the land.

Louis Grosmentir, who was one of the earliest settlers on the Minnecaduza creek, near Georgia, Neb., has for a number of years been training the inhabitants of a small prairie dog town upon his farm.

As is known, the most profitable crop that can be grown in this region is alfalfa.

For the greatest success in growing alfalfa two things are necessary.

First, that the roots of the alfalfa plant shall be infected with a certain fungus, and second, that the roots should be able to pierce the soil and reach the water beneath.

Mr. Grosmentir made the important discovery a few years ago that this fungus is propagated by the prairie dog and caried by it in digging its burrows through the earth so as to thoroughly infect the soil. When he made this important scientific discovery he set himself to train his prairie dogs so as to prepare the ground for alfalfa culture. After four years of diligent application he has perfected his system so that his dogs not only infect the soil with fungus, but break through the hard pan in numberless places so as to afford easy access to the alfalfa roots to the all-important water beneath.

One of the most beautiful sights ever witnessed in the redemption of the semi-arid West is to behold Mr. Gorsmentir's town of prairie dogs at work preparing a field for alfalfa culture.

It has just been made known that under the statute passed by the last legislature of Nebraska these beautiful and industrious redeemers of the region are condemned to death. Mr. Grosmentir is taking steps to test the law and for that purpose will consult the most eminent counsel in the state.

STOPPED A GAS PLANT.

The gas plant of the Seashore house, one of the largest hotels at Old Orchard, Me., has been working very poorly this summer. Not once has the flow of gas been as plentiful as required, and at times candles were used, says the New York Herald.

Mr. Staples, the proprietor, who is something of a mechanic, grew desperate finally and disconnected the component parts of the gas machine to find the source of the trouble.

Noticing a piece of straw in the joint of the induction pipe, which leads to the open air beneath the veranda and supplies air to the machine, Mr. Staples followed the pipe and found in it, at an arm's length from the tank inlet, a sparrow's nest, which almost completely checked the draught. A removal of the nest restored the gas plant to working order.

Advertising in The Herald is no experiment. Results follow every announcement.

SCHOOL FOR DANCING!

Assembly hall, Masonic Temple. Regina Smith, member of American National Association of Masters of Dancing, will reopen her classes Thursday, Sept. 17. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Private lessons by appointment. Pupils may enter at any time. Term begins with first lesson. Address REGINA SMITH, 53-54 Board Trade, Superior, Wis. Z. phone 4361.

FOUR YEAR OLD BURNED TO DEATH

St. Paul, Sept. 3.—(Special to The Herald.) — Four-year-old Earl Baw, son of John Baw, was burned to death in a barn at 265 East Ninth street late yesterday. The charred body of the boy was found in the hayloft of the barn, after the firemen had extinguished the blaze. Mrs. Baw, the mother of the boy, died recently, and his father has been living at the home of the boy's grandmother, Mrs. Giroux. Yesterday afternoon the little fellow climbed in a chair and took from a closet a part of a box of matches. A short time afterwards he was noticed by two boys burning a piece of paper in the alley, a short distance from the barn.

CIGARS SAVED LIVES.

How Fragrant Weed Worked Against the Fates.

This may not be a sufficient excuse for cultivating a fondness for tobacco in general and expensive cigars in particular—if excuse be needed—but it's strangely true that cigars, generally good cigars, have many times saved valuable human lives, says the New York World.

M. Guizot, the great French historian, for instance, owes his life to a cigar. One day he was walking in one of the gardens of Paris when he noticed that he was being followed by a shabbily dressed man, who evidently had some purpose in view which included the historian.

M. Guizot finally sat down on a bench and his unwelcome follower seated himself there also, all the time watching him with a threatening air which might have proved disconcerting to a man troubled with "nerves." The historian was not troubled. He pulled a cigar out of his pocket and lighted it.

At that action the strange man arose and muttered that he had been mistaken, as the scoundrel he meant to kill did not smoke. The historian was considerably puzzled by this occurrence until he learned several days afterward that a man answering the description of the fellow who had followed him had been arrested for a murderous assault on a public official, against whom he had a grudge. He had mistakens M. Guizot for the official and no doubt would have made the assault on him had he not pulled out the cigar.

The late King Humbert of Italy in his youth was an habitual smoker. One day while driving through the streets of Naples he happened to drop a cigar which he had just lighted. He noticed that a singularly dejected-looking citizen darted forward and grabbed the cigar from the street. He thought nothing more of the matter until some months later, when it was called to his memory upon receipt of an unsigned letter relating that the writer had been on the verge of committing suicide when he had chanced to pick up the cigar which the king had dropped.

The smoking of this, he said, had changed the moodiness of his thoughts for the time being and the impulse to suicide had been overcome. He added that he was happy to say that the troubles which had threatened to overwhelm him had left him. In that case the king's cigar saved not himself but the other man.

Then there is the story of how Sig Mario, the famous tenor, saved his life with a cigar. The singer had just started on a long railroad journey when the man with whom he was locked in the compartment drew a truculent- looking knife from his pocket and announced that he intended to cut his throat. The singer recognized that he had to deal with a crazy man, and he saw that coolness alone could save him, as it was highly probable that a struggle would end in the manner accomplishing his purpose.

"Before you begin, wouldn't you like to smoke a good cigar?" he asked of his murderous companion.

"That wouldn't be a bad idea," said the man, laying aside his knife. "My nerves will be steadier."

Mario gave him the biggest cigar he had in his case, and when the crazy man had smoked it he offered him another big one. The man continued smoking the singer's cigars, and luckily for the Italian he had a good supply. The man was still smoking when the train stopped at the next station and Mario managed to and him over to the police.

A plot against the life of Mezzini, the Italian patriot, once failed because of his courtsy with a box of cigars. It came to his knowledge that an attempt was to be made on his life. He procured a box of the finest cigars and waited for his would-be assassins to call on him. When they came in he handed out the cigars. Taken aback by this maneuver they took them and began to smoke.

They did not find it easy to start killing a man who had just handed them good cigars, and they sat about awkwardly until Mazzini said:

"Gentlemen, take another cigar. I believe you came to kill me? Why do you not proceed to business?"

The assassins muttered some words of lame regret and left.

Two more instances are given to show where men saved themselves from embarrassment, not from peril, with using cigars. When Bismarck was entering Paris with the German army he noticed that some French workmen were gathered at the gate, evidently prepared to make a hostile demonstration. Quickly he turned his horse toward them and, pulling out a cigar, asked their leader for a match. The man handed him one and the attitude of the Frenchmen changed completely as the German leader thanked the workmen courteously.

Edwin Booth once thus disarmed a small mob of men who had been hired to make a demonstration at a performance he was giving on one of his tours. They had been hired by rival actors to attend Booth's performance and cause an uproar which would spoil the play. They were seated in two upper boxes and Booth learned of the plan. He sent them a box of cigars and expressed the hope that they would be pleased with them even if they were not with his performance. The policy succeeded and the men who were hired to hiss stayed to applaud.

Excursion To All Eastern Points.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway: Albany, N. Y., and return, $25; Boston, Mass., and return, $33; Montreal, Quebec, and return, $25; Quebec, Quebec, and return, $30; Toronto, Ont., and return, $25; New York, N. Y., and return, $25; Buffalo, N. Y., and return, $25. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th inclusive, and valid for return passage up to and including September 30th, 1903. City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrofulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

On the High Wave of Popularity.

"Commander" Flour.

Easily Beats Its Rivals.

TRY IT.

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence

PATENT LAWYERS,

Established 1865. Washington, D. C.

Our 42nd Anniversary Book on Patents, containing illustrations of nearly 100 mechanical movements, FREE.

We have no representative in Duluth.

STEAMSHIPS.

White Line Transportation Co.

SOO ROYALS ROUTE.

Fast Passenger and Freight Service — Leave Mondays & Thursdays for Two Harbors, Split Rock, G'd Marais, Isle Royale and P't Arthur 9:30 a.m.

Leave Sundays and Wednesdays for Naunck, Houghton, Isle Royale and Port Arthur, at 4:00 p.m.

Sundays boat via Ashland and Ontonagon.

All boats arrive at and leave from Slager's dock, Lake Ave. S. Up-town office—No. 2 Lyceum Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:27	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:20	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:45
12:05	7:35	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive
† 1:25 p.m	St. Paul and Minneapolis	†	2:00 p.m
* 11:15 p.m		*	6:20 a.m
† 6:20 a.m		†	9:20 p.m
* 9:30 a.m	Montana and Coast.	*	6:43 p.m
* 8:30 p.m	Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg.	*	7:10 a.m
† 2:20 p.m	Hibbing, Virginia	*	12:20 p.m
† 6:20 a.m	Wilmar, Soo City, St. Cloud.	†	9:20 p.m

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spalding Hotel

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44. All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p.m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a.m. All Points East.

†8:15 a.m. Lv. LOCAL Ar. †7:25 p.m. Marquette and Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:35 a m
8:40 a m		a 4:35 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	b 5:20 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 9:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday. Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

DULUTH'S LEADING HOTELS

THE SPALDING

Duluth's Leading Hotel.

FINEST CAFE IN THE NORTHWEST

Telephone in every room. One block from Depots and Docks. Capacity 400.

Am. Plan $2.50 up. European Plan $1 up.

ST. LOUIS HOTEL

JAS. A. BUTCHART, Manager.

320 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Beautiful Rooms with Baths two blocks from Depots and Steamboat Landings. RATES MODERATE.

New Building. New Equipment.

RATES—$2.00 AND $2.50.

Hotel McKay

Cor. First St. and Fifth Ave. W. Duluth.

New Building Modern in every particular. 210-212 W. Superior St. Cook's European Hotel B. J. Cook, Manager.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Rufus C. Jefferson, Plaintiff,

vs.

John A. Coke and Emma Coke, his wife; Westmoreland D. Davis and Marguerite Davis, his wife; Walter S. Lefevre, Catherine L. Lefevre; St. Paul Land Company, a corporation; Lella Winston, Rosalie W. Rutledge and Arthur M. Rutledge, her husband; Joseph P. Winston and Susan Winston, his wife; Harry B. Winston, Charles P. Winston, Cary Winston, Richard Winston, Mary Winston, Joseph P. Winston, as trustee of Charles P. Winston; Lucy Gray Harrison, Louise H. Harrison, a minor; Edward P. Alexander and Agnes Alexander, his wife; Jean Coulter and the unknown heirs of Jean Coulter; and all persons unknown, having or claiming any interest in the lands described in the complaint herein. Defendants.

NOTICE OF SALE IN PARTITION.

The order of the district court of St. Louis County, Minnesota, bearing date of August 15, 1903, made and filed in the above entitled action, having been to us directed and a copy thereof delivered, requiring us as referees duly appointed by the said court to make sale of the property described in the complaint in the said action;

Now therefore, the undersigned, as such referees, do hereby give notice that pursuant to said order of the court and the statute in such case made and provided, we will on the 2nd day of October, 1903, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter and the west one-half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter, all in section thirteen (13), in township fifty (50) north, of range fourteen (14) west, in St. Louis County, Minn.

Sale is not subject to any liens except public easement in Wallace avenue.

Terms of the sale are 10 per cent cash at time of acceptance of bid; remainder payable upon confirmation of sale by the court and tender of proper conveyance by the referees.

Dated Aug. 20, 1903.

WM. M. PRINDLE,
E. D. FIELD,
G. G. DICKERMAN,
Referees.

Duluth Evening Herald, Aug-20-27-Sept-3-10-17-24-1903.

IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING TO RENT, SELL OR EXCHANGE, OR IF YOU WISH TO PURCHASE ANYTHING, LIST IT IN THE WANT COLUMNS OF THE EVENING HERALD. WE ARE IN DAILY TOUCH WITH PEOPLE WHO ARE LOOKING FOR HOMES AND WHO ARE WAITING TO SEE A GOOD PLACE TO INVEST THEIR SURPLUS CASH.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

$3800 buys new modern eight-room brick residence, East End. Monthly payment plan.

$1500 buys lot 50x140, West First street. All improvements.

$1000 buys one of the finest lots, 80x266, on Woodland avenue. City water and sewer. No cash payment required if purchaser will build.

$1100 buys a fine corner, 100x140, on London road. A bargain.

$1500 buys half a block, eight lots, 50x140 each, Lakeside. No finer lots in Lakeside and only four blocks from street railway.

$9000 buys 240 feet frontage on St. Croix avenue by 300 feet deep to dock line. Fine site for manufacturing or wholesale business.

$2500 buys a seven-room house and lot, 40x100, on St. Croix avenue.

$2500 buys lot 40x100 on Lake avenue. This price includes new sandstone pavement.

5% MONEY TO LOAN 5%

Julius D. Howard & Co.

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE

Nine-room residence in the East End, near 15th Avenue East, situated on upper side of street, has all conveniences—hardwood finish, nice plumbing and is in first class condition—lot is 50x140 feet in area—**Possession can be given at once**—owner leaving town—PRICE

$5250

For terms inquire of—

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

$600

Will buy one of the best double corners in West Duluth—on 54th Avenue—with water and sewer and new sidewalks, if taken at once.

D. W. Scott,
10 MESABA BLOCK.

Money to Loan
At Lowest Current Rates.

PENN. MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, Agent.
Providence Building.

PINE AND HARDWOOD TIMBERED LANDS
In Southern States. Any size tract desired.
SILVER BROS. & CO.
Suite 313-316 Torrey Bldg.

4½ and 5 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.
"On or Before"
R. M. NEWPORT,
302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. SALTER, Agent.

DERRIG & GUNNISS
401-2 Torrey Building. Both Phones. DULUTH, MINN.
Mines and Mining Stock.
—SPECIALTIES—
Echo Mining Co.
Crooked River M. & M. Co.

FOR SALE.

A most excellent double dwelling house, stone foundation, nine rooms in each house, furnace heat, gas and electric light, in the best part of the East End, within half a block of the street cars, for sale at $8000. This is an exceptional bargain, as it would cost more than this sum to build the house.

R. B. KNOX & CO.
No. 1 Exchange Building.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HIGHLAND PARK

This property is increasing in value more rapidly than any property in the city. We are offering five 50-foot lots, well located, at $350 for corners and $300 for inside lots. They should double in value within a reasonable time. Call now if you want one or more.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

Crosby's Bargains in Houses and Lots!

$1600 buys 504 Second avenue East; six-room house; very well built; has city water and sewer; lot 26x100. To anyone desiring a home down town this is a genuine bargain. This will not last long. Come quick.

$2100 buys a lot 25x140, with a five-room house; has hardwood floors downstairs, city water, sewer, nicely papered and decorated; a very warm well built house. Terms very easy; location very best, near Eighth avenue East and Fifth street.

$1150 One-third cash, buys five-room cottage, near Sixteenth avenue East; house practically new, in good condition; lot 25x140.

$5000 buys a full lot with a modern, well-built residence on it; street has all improvements, city water and sewer; the house has stone foundation and all modern conveniences; must be sold.

$6200 buys another one in Lester Park.

$10,000 takes a strictly modern house; ten rooms; on one of the best corners on East First street, brown stone foundation and everything that goes to make a house substantial and beautiful is there. You could not duplicate this proposition today for less than $16,000.

$1650 buys a 50-foot lot on the upper side of London road, near Fifteenth avenue East. This is a genuine snap.

$600 buys 80 acres of land partly cleared, with suitable dwellings thereon. This land is only twelve miles from the heart of the city and very near the Jean Du Luth stock farm.

$850 buys 120 acres of land in 51-13, within 15 miles of the city. This land has a dwelling house upon it which alone cost $500 to build, and about ten acres cleared. This land is of the highest quality and has been selected with care. We recommend both of these pieces to prospective purchasers, as they are genuine values.

Thousand of acres of land for sale at wholesale prices in Northern Wisconsin and St. Louis county. Come to us if you desire cheap lands. We will let you select from nearly 60,000 acres.

Houses in all parts of the city, from $600 to $18,000.

Don't forget we write fire insurance.

GEO. H. CROSBY
105-6-7-8 Providence Bldg.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS $5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Byars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, Burrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 307-5.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

MEDICAL.

NEW, quick, permanent and guaranteed cure for diseases and weaknesses of men. Electro Medical Institute, over Abbett's drug store, corner Second avenue West.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAM QUINN TELLS YOUR WHOLE life. Call 1207 Tower avenue, West Superior.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1014 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4351.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

CABINET WORK, office, store fixtures; house repairing and jobbing. Wickstrom & Hartz, shop 17 Fifth Avenue west. New phone 1142.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

SURVEYOR.

Andrew Anderson, surveyor, 22 Vernon St.

FOR SALE } Eight-room house, East End, below Second street, in perfect repair; hardwood floors, hot water heat, porcelain bath; price, $5000; easy terms.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,
309 Exchange Building. Duluth, Minn.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1040 Fine six-room house; newly painted and papered throughout; $200 cash, balance $14 per month, without interest.

$1100 Very well built 7-room house on Third avenue west.

$1200 Seven-room house on corner lot, in West End; $200 cash, $12 and interest monthly.

$2250 Fine corner in Lakeside, lot 100x140 with seven-room house.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $3600. T 49, Herald.

FOR SALE—A FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, furnished or unfurnished at Seventeenth street, Park Point. Inquire 212 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 50-foot lot one block from Lincoln park. Inquire 2101 West Fourth street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
521-518 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 936; Bell 65-5.

LOANS——LOANS——LOANS
To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with on or before privilege, thus stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 16 years insures honorable dealings to all

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New phone 883.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?
On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in the city. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 430 Manhattan building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECURITIES. Reasonable rates and easy terms. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and re-payment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio building. Zenith phone 761.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO., THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

NOTICE.

For sale, one bay mare, on the fifth day of September, at pound, Second district of Duluth, at 10 a. m.
CHRIST OTTINGER,
Poundmaster.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES —Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Breinholm, 1609 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

PERSONAL.

LADY VISITING HERE FOR A MONTH would like to meet middle-aged gentleman; object pleasure. H. 85, Herald.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—BLACK SPANIEL PUP, EIGHT months old. Answers to name of Trilby, reward if returned to 1542 West Michigan street or old 'phone 975-3.

LOST—POCKETBOOK, WEDNESDAY, containing about seven dollars, on Lakeside car or vicinity of Panton & White's. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at Panton & White's transfer desk.

LOST—SALESMAN'S PRICE BOOK, between Garfield and Twenty-eighth avenues west. Finder please 'phone C. N. Erickson, 950 Zenith 'phone.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM IN private family by young man; state rates. O. P., 230 Third avenue west.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM, BY single man. Not to exceed $20 or $25 per month. Address, T. 37, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE, CHEAP—HEAVY WORK horse. About 12 years old. 28 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—ONE PENINSULA HEATing stove, as good as new. Will sell cheap. Also kitchen furniture, 426 First avenue West.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BAKERY, confectionery and soda water stand in a live town of 5000 inhabitants. Business of $15,000 a year and increasing all the time. For particulars address, A. C., care Evening Herald.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON TYPEWRITer. 21 First avenue West.

FOR SALE—25,000 SHARES OF PARRY Sound copper stock. Address J 98, Herald.

FOR SALE — BUSINESS, CONSISTING of fruit, cigars, tobacco and groceries, reason for selling, party in poor health. Address 1715 Piedmont avenue.

FOR SALE—VIOLIN—CHEAP. ADdress, J. 99, Herald.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD FRESH milch cows and springers, just received. 718 Fifth avenue east.

FOR SALE—CARY SAFE, 34½x44½ INside measurement. Also one black horse, anybody any drive. Duluth Brewing Co. Twenty-ninth avenue West and Helm street.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

$1.00 FOR PIANO BOXES. THEY MAKE good coal bins. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—PIANO, $100. VALLEY GEM upright piano; can be seen at 15 East Superior street, room 4.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $35 up. Edmont, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2008 Helm street.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2929 West Third street. New phone 1448.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S, Humes.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER wants office work evenings. Best of references, an A1 penman. P 77, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion as bookkeeper in lumber office, two years experience. Best of reference. Address 1305 West Superior St.

CAPABLE WOMAN WOULD LIKE furnished rooms to take care of. Address 1927 East Sixth street.

SITUATION, BY A YOUNG GIRL—CALL or address, 118 Park avenue West.

YOUNG MAN CONVERSANT WITH OFfice duties, wishes position; salary no object; references. H 81, Herald.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW, WASHING to take home. Mrs. McKinzie, 1125 West Third street.

POSITION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN place to work for board and attend school. H. 83, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS lady stenographer, with several years' experience. Al references. Will leave town. Address, J. 97, Herald.

WANTED—PLACES TO GO OUT cleaning, by the day. Work guaranteed. 17½ Tenth avenue east.

WELL-EDUCATED MAN WITH EXcellent recommendations, desires position of trust in good house. Outside work preferred. Good collector. Address T 42, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS HOUSE CLEANING or any kind of housework, 107 West First street.

WOMAN WANTS WORK BY THE DAY. 726 East Third street; upstairs.

WANTED — SET OF BOOKS TO CARE for after supper. Address H 86, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION—AS BOOKKEEPer or general office work, by young man, age 25; four years' experience as general bookkeeper; city references; moderate salary. Address T. 41, Herald.

WANTED SITUATION—BY MIDDLEaged lady as housekeeper; no objection to leaving city. L. 96, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPEtent experienced, thoroughly reliable manager general store, as manager, assistant or bookkeeper. Correspondence solicited with parties contemplating opening branch store. Address W. G., G., Herald.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

MINES AND MINING.

STAR PETROLEUM, 8c; ALASKA CENtral, $4.00; Cataract, 25c. All others cheap. Higbee, Germania Life building, St. Paul. Phone.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND Licensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD SENSIBLE GIRL TO clerk in grocery store. Address H. P. Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1109 East Third St.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. 4232 London Road.

WANTED—CAPABLE STENOGRAPHer. Apply Brockelhurst Business College, between 12 and 1:30. Wages $60 per month.

WANTED—GOOD NURSE GIRL. MRS. S. R. Leslie, 1413 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRLS WITH EXPERIENCE to sew jackets. 925½ West Michigan St.

WANTED—LADIES TO CANVASS something new; good wages. Address, E. M. B., Herald office.

WANTED—SALESPEOPLE FOR RIBbons, notions, art wares and other departments. Good and permanent positions for experienced and competent young women. Apply to superintendent, Panton & White Co.

WANTED— COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED—TWO DININGROOM GIRLS at once. Apply E. McNeil, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply 1317 East Second street.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN to make her home with us. Call 928 Sixth avenue east, corner of Tenth street.

WANTED—GOOD KITCHEN GIRL. 112 East Third Street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 211 West Second street.

WANTED — SECOND GIRL. 222 FIFTH avenue east.

WANTED—THE LADIES OF DULUTH to participate in great sacrifice music sale now on at Haakonsen & Westgaard's.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience. Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girl. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN TO CALL on family trade. Address U 4, Herald.

WANTED—MAN TO WORK ON FARM. Steady work, wages $35 per month year round. Apply Guaranty Farm Land Co, 423 West Superior street.

SALESMAN FOR MINNESOTA AND Wisconsin. Good salary and steady position to hustlers. Address Monarch Silver Co., Mason Bldg., West First street, Duluth, Minn.

WE TEACH MEN BARBER TRADE quickly. Our catalogue explains how, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn. Macgregor and Anderson Props.

WANTED—AUSTRIANS AND ITALians for railroad work in Montana. Free transportation. Anderson & Barron, employment office, 515½ West Michigan street.

$20 WEEKLY AND TRAVELING EXpenses paid salesman to sell goods to grocery dealers; experience unnecessary. Purity Co., Chicago.

WANTED—ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; permanent and growing position. Give age, where employed, salary and references. Address, X. Y., care Herald.

WANTED, AT ONCE—A COMPETENT assistant bookkeeper and stenographer. Permanent position. Address, with references, I. T., Herald.

A FIRST-CLASS ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper and stenographer can obtain a permanent position by addressing, with references, S. O., Herald.

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER. MUST be rapid and accurate. One experienced in railroad work preferred. Address, C. P., Herald.

WANTED—GOOD BOOKKEEPER; PERmanent position; one who is familiar with the lumber business preferred. Address, A. B., Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS ASSISTant bookkeeper in mercantile business. Apply in writing, with reference. W. S. care of Herald.

WANTED—DELIVERY CLERK. 1831 East Superior street.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

CHINESE RESTAURANT.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT—Lodging and furnished apartments. 525 W. Sup. St.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St., New phone 318; old, 705-5.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—5000 CORDS PULPWOOD stumpage, within hauling distance of railroad. State price and full particulars. H 61, Herald.

WANTED — TO BUY—SOUND HORSE suitable for family use. Weight over 1200. Also desire light wagon. Address L 36, Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM AND ALcove; will allow light housekeeping; no children. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—A LARGE FRONT ROOM, suitable for two gentlemen. Very central and modern. 416 West Second St.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite. Board if desired. Gentlemen preferred, 228 Fourth avenue West.

LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM. Elecciric light and bath. 524 West Fifth street.

FOUR ROOMS TO RENT—ELECTRIC light and bath. 526 West Fifth street.

WANTED TWO OR THREE UNFURnished or furnished rooms for light housekeeping, family of three. Within walking distance of Union depot. Address G. H., Herald.

THREE ROOMS FOR RENT WITH all conveniences. Call at 226 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS UP STAIRS. Apply 17 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 20 West Seventh street.

FOR RENT—TWO AND THREE ROOMS —1021 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND alcove. 210 East Third street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FRONT ROOM in private family, suitable for two gentlemen; modern conveniences; reasonable rates. One block from postoffice. Address G. A., Herald.

ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN SUITE—GAS, electric light, hot water heat, pleasant location, near High school; few minutes walk from Superior street; gentlemen preferred. H 82, Herald.

FOR RENT—A LARGE FURNISHED room. 130 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS AT 312 EAST Ninth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; private family; bath, electric light. Rate very reasonable to permanent tenant. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED ROOM; steam heat. 206 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 213 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room for gentleman. 1431 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite. Board if desired. Gentlemen preferred. 218 Fourth avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. APply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room for two gentlemen. 120 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. HOT water heat, electric light and bath. $8 per month. 706½ West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 1401 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room for one or two gentlemen. 628 West Second street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS. for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 old Herald bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT. HOT water heat. Inquire at 817 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FIVE room flat in West End. Modern conveniences, $15, including water. C. P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—FLATS, FOUR ROOMS each, one $11, West Duluth; one city, $15. Hillside 718-720 West Fifth street.

AGENTS WANTED.

SOLICITORS for the city to write Health and Accident insurance; salary and commission to hustlers. Address Union Mutual Insurance Co., 306 Palladio, Duluth.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, SECOND floor, No. 520 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—NO. 17 FIRST AVENUE west, between Superior and First streets. Mendenhall & Hoopes, or J. H. O'Leary & Co., 732 East Third.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, about Nov. 1, a five or six room furnished house or flat. Please state terms. Address W 16, Herald.

WANTED—A SMALL FURNISHED flat for the winter. Best of references. C. B. R., Herald.

WANTED—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. Henry Bodmann, 313 Central avenue.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR UNFURnished rooms, small flat, or house. Address with full particulars, H. 84, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT—SIX OR SEVENroom flat, centrally located; heat, lights, bath. Jack Franey, 210 West Superior street.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board. Gentlemen preferred. Private family. Modern. 412 West Fourth St.

TWO NICE ROOMS AND BOARD IN private family for two ladies. 617 Second avenue East.

THE TECUMSEH, 320 WEST SECOND; board and rooms for man and wife or gentlemen.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily. Modern conveniences. 807 East First street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

A GRANQVIST, MASSAGE TREATment. Only cure for rheumatism, 103 West Superior street. Room 411, New Jersey building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1003-2; new, 1303.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 660; res. 1218.

HAIRDRESSING.

BEAUTIFUL HAIR SWITCHES; FIRST quality, natural color. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street, corner First avenue west. Both 'phones.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. 'Phones, old, 544; new, 831.

HAIRDRESSING.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c., CHILDREN'S hair cut. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT, Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom, 415 W. Mich. St.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 21st, 1903. Work, second degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work ——. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 1. Work, Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 105 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Important business Sept. 3. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. Class night Aug. 27. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. Fenstermacher, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Wednesday, Aug. 26, in regard to degree work. Harry Milnes, commander; city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 31 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Sept. 1st. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 73.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September, 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

N. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2206.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.
HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder.

MACHINISTS.

ALL MEMBERS OF THE MACHINISTS' union are requested to meet in front of the AXA building, No. 221 West Superior street, Labor day, Sept. 7, at 8 o'clock in the morning. Labor day parade starts at 8:30 sharp.

16 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

16 PAGES

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MINE CONVICTS HURL DYNAMITE AT GUARDS

Blew Out End of Prison In Attempt to Escape.

Four Were Shot and Outbreak Was Quellcd.

Birmingham, Ala., Sept. 4.—Four convicts were shot at Pratt mines prison early this morning in an attempt to escape. The wounded men are: Thomas Fay, shot in leg; John Brewer, shot in back; Richard Kinneback, shot in abdomen; Thomas Melzen, wounded in shoulder.

Brewer and Kinneback will probably die. All are white and were serving terms ranging from two to twenty years. They had secured a quantity of dynamite and blew an opening in the end of the prison. They ran through and hurled sticks of dynamite at the guards.

The latter opened fire with rifles and succeeded in preventing what might have been a general escape. J. H. Emery, of Pake county, serving twenty years, was the only one to escape.

The crowd was led by Thomas Fay, who was the youngest member of the famous Miller-Duncan gang of safe blowers.

MINNESOTA MANUFACTURERS FORM STATE ORGANIZATION

Over One Hundred Men, Representing Different Industries of the State, Met at the State Fair Grounds and Took Preliminary Steps.

St. Paul, Sept. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—More than 100 manufacturers, representing the producing industries of St. Paul and Minneapolis, Owatonna, Red Wing, Mankato, Winona, Rockwood, Sauk Center, Rochester, Stillwater, Faribault and other towns of the state, held a banquet last night in the Industrial hall at the state fair grounds. They discussed questions bearing on the development of manufactures in Minnesota and the extension of the work of the Northwestern Manufacturers' association, which includes the leading manufacturers of the Twin Cities and many from outside points.

The important action of the evening was the passage of the following resolution, to which representatives of all the outside points subscribed:

"Whereas, the manufacturing industries of the state have increased very largely during the past ten years, and are increasing with the population of the state of Minnesota and the settlement of the Northwestern states, it has become necessary, in the interest of manufacturers themselves, that a manufacturers' organization, composed of all the manufacturing industries of the state be formed.

"Therefore, be it resolved, that the manufacturers here present pledge themselves to form a state manufacturers' association and that a committee be appointed to carry out this resolution, to be sumitted to a meeting to be called at a later date."

The value of the new building for manufactures at the fair grounds, which is to be opened before the next state fair, was discussed, and resolutions expressing the thanks of the association to the state senate for its appropriation of $50,000 were passed. The reception of President Parry, of the national association, when he visits the cities in October, was discussed and resolutions were passed declaring that the Northwestern Manufacturers' association affiliates itself with the national body and will take up the work that has been started by that organization and press it in Minnesota.

CONSUL MAGELSSEN HAS NOT IDENTIFIED ASSAILANT YET

Is Not Satisfied That the Right Man Is Among the Suspects That Have Been Arrested By the Turkish Authorities.

Constantinople, Sept. 4—Consul Ravndal telegraphs from Beirut to Minister Leishman that the authorities there have been actively seeking the assailant of Vice Consul Magelssen, but the consul is not able to state if he is among the persons already arrested.

The United States cruisers Brooklyn and San Francisco are expected to reach Beirut today.

The report circulated by a news agency, Sept. 1, in the United States, that a balloon bomb had been found near the palace is utterly without foundation.

Turkish official reports indicate the complete success of the military operations against the insurgents in the Klissura district. Over 400 insurgents are said to have been killed. The agent here of the Hungarian Levant steamship line has gone to Burgas to investigate the three explosions which occurred Wednesday on the Austrian steamer Vaskaup, soon after the vessel had left the port of Burgas on her way to Constantinople, resulting in the death of twenty-nine persons. The cause of the explosions is still in doubt. It is now said that the assistant conductor of the sleeping car was the author of the bomb outrage, Aug. 27, when the eastbound daily express from Budapest to Constantinople was blown up, near Kuleli Burgas, and seven persons were killed and fifteen others were injured. He left the train at Philippolis and has been arrested there.

The sultan announces the gift of 50,000 woolen coats to the troops concentrated in Roumelia, and in an official note issued by the prefecture of this city, the population is invited to contribute flannel vests, boots, socks, etc., which are required by the soldiers in the field.

PUBLIC TO PAY FOR THE STRIKE

Chicago, Sept. 4.—The laundry owners of Chicago have raised their prices on articles such as collars, cuffs and flat work in the hope that they will be able to recover the amount lost during the recent strike of their employes. The laundry business of Chicago has fallen off 30 per cent since the struggle, and many small concerns have been forced out of business. Acting through the Chicago Laundry Owners' association, the laundrymen have issued new price lists, which have just gone into effect and which are expected to add more than $2500 a year to the receipts of the Chicago laundries. Cuffs have been raised from 4 to 5 cents a pair, and collars from 2 to 2½ cents.

TROUBLE BREEDING ON THE BANKS

New York, Sept. 4.—Affairs are pretty serious here among the American fishing schooners, says a dispatch from Burgo, Newfoundland. The lack of bait and the certainty that the trip will be almost a dead loss, has made many of the foreign fishermen quarrelsome. The squid—the usual bait for the banks—have disappeared. At Grand Bank the sea is covered with dead caplin but these are useless for bait. As some of the American captains have left, the attitude of the foreign crews is reported to have grown ugly toward those who remain, and serious trouble is feared.

EAGLES ENJOY THEMSELVES.

New York, Sept. 4.—The majority of the members of the fraternal Order of Eagles today devoted themselves entirely to pleasure, making a trip up the Hudson. About 3500 persons made the trip.

SOLDIERS GUARD LINE.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 4.—The Vostotochny Vestnik, of Vladivostock, says every passenger train on the Manchurian railroad is now accompanied by a detachment of soldiery, and that the whole line is guarded by sentries.

RESULT OF STRIKE

Chicago Chef Overcome By Remorse Ends His Life.

Had Worked Twenty-Five Years For One Employer.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Suffering from remorse for having gone on strike against the employer for whom he had worked for twenty-five years, Jacob B. Smith has thrown himself from the fourth story window of his home. He struck the sidewalk and was instantly killed.

Smith, who was president of the Cooks' union, has been chef at a downtown restaurant for a quarter of a century. He went on strike when the hotel and restaurant employes were called out two months ago, taking the entire kitchen force, as well as the waiters, with him. The strike failed and Smith lost his position. Then came the days of worry and finally remorse.

Within the last week Mr. Smith's friends had noticed symptoms of a failing mind, and it is thought that his suicide was the act of an insane man.

A. O. U. W. PLAN IS INDORSED

By the National Fraternal Congress Recently In Session.

Buffalo, Sept. 4.—The method pursued by the supreme lodge of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, in increasing the rate of assessment upon its members, has been endorsed by the national fraternal congress, which is an organization composed of representatives of sixty-three fraternal beneficiary societies. The manner of apportioning the necessary increase by the A. O. U. W. has been criticized at meetings of members thereof in Buffalo. The local opposition crystalized at a meeting held here on Tuesday, at which it was decided to forward an appeal to thes upreme lodge to change the manner of increasing the assessment, it being claimed that the supreme lodge's plan discriminates against the older members of the order.

FALSE AND ABSURD.

Rumors of Expulsion of Gibbons From France.

Paris, Sept. 4.—A report published by the Patrie that the government might expel Cardinal Gibbons from France, owing to his alleged statements to the Breton and other French clergy, is officially pronounced to be false and absurd. The government officers also express indignation at such a careless use of the cardinal's name.

Cardinal Gibbons wrote to the Associated Press Aug. 28 saying that his alleged meetings with the Breton and other clergy of France were fabrications, without an iota of truth in them.

NEW JERSEY TEAM

Wins Interstate Regimental Match at Seagirt.

Seagirt, N. J., Sept. 4.—A team of six men representing the First regiment of the New Jersey National Guard won the trophy, a cash prize of $100 and a medal for each team member in the interstate regimental match, the firing in which was concluded this morning. Twenty-seven teams, representing the National Guard of different states, the United States navy and the United States marine corps, competed. The finish was remarkably close. The winning team scored a grand total of 533 out of a possible 600.

POLISH PRIEST

Arrested For Enticing Girls Out of Country.

Berlin, Sept. 4.—A man asserting that he is an American and a priest, named Guielinski, arrived at Gleiwitz, Poland, recently with six girls who, it is alleged, he was taking to a convent in St. Louis, with the object of fostering Polishism.

He had an American passport, according to newspaper dispatches, and papers showing he had studied the priesthood. The man was arrested under the paragraph in the emigration law forbidding the enticing of young girls out of the country.

FIRE AT TRAVNIK.

Vienna, Sept. 4.—A fire yesterday almost destroyed the town of Travnik, Bosnia. Several persons were killed and about 600 houses and a synagogue were burned.

POWERFUL TRUST

Would Force People to Use More Gas Than Necessary.

Attorney General Seeks Injunction Against St. Louis Gas Company.

St. Louis, Sept. 4.—Injunction proceedings instituted today by Attorney General Crow before Judge Taylor, of the circuit court, reveal an apparent attempt on the part of the La Clede Gas Light company to regulate and control the prices of gas ranges manufactured and sold in St. Louis. The La Clede Gas company was recently sold to the North American company of Philadelphia, which is capitalized at $60,000,000.

The petition for injunction charges that the La Clede Gas company served notice on all St. Louis manufacturers to the effect that their ranges would have to be sold at a certain price or the gas company would refuse to make conections free of charge.

In discussing the proceedings Attorney General Crow said: "The restraining order we seek is nothing more than an effort to stop a powerful monopoly from imposing on the people of St. Louis. The scheme of the gas company is to induce the manufacturers to sell ranges of an inferior quality which would cost the consumer in gas bills 30 per cent more than he now pays."

RELIANCE LEAVES HORSESHOE.

New York, Sept. 4.—The Reliance, in tow of the tug Gulding Star, left the Horseshoe early today on her way up the bay. Both yacht and tug were covered with flags. Passing craft and those at anchor gave the victorious cup defender a cordial greeting as she passed up the harbor.

CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH.

Topeka, Kan., Sept. 4.—Sarah and Gladys Hogan, daughters of Samuel Hogan, a Jefferson county farmer, fifteen miles northeast of Topeka, were burned to death last evening. The elder girl, of 16 years, had the younger in her arms and was lighting the fire with kerosene when the can exploded, scattering the flames over the children and burning them fatally.

INFURIATED WOMEN KNOCK OUT MAN FOR HUGGING GIRL

Former Jackie Who Attempted to Embrace Pretty Girl In Madison Square Was Set Upon By Females and Beaten Into Insensibility.

New York, Sept. 4.—Scores of infuriated women have beaten John Nulty, recently discharged from the navy, into insensibility in Madison Square because he attempted to hug Fortunito Lorito, a pretty girl of 14 years.

Fortunito, with her two sisters, was listening to the band playing in the park when Nulty came along: "I'm going to kiss you," he said to Fortunito and grasped her in his arms. The girl screamed for help. Instantly hundreds of women rushed to the scene. They rained blows on Nulty and finally felled him. He was kicked on all sides and his face was torn by sharp finger nails and handfulls of hair was torn from his head.

Nulty cried for mercy, but the women waived them back. "We'll attend to him," they said.

"Lynch the cur," shouted the women. The cries of Nulty for aid had sunk to low moans when two officers arrived. After forcing their way through the crowd of struggling women, the police found that Nulty had fainted. He was carried to the station and locked up.

TREASURE SHIPS WILL GO ARMED

New York, Sept. 4.—There will leave this port today on the steamers Nubia and Sagamai for the Philippines 10,465,000 silver coins, aggregating in currency the value $1,975,000. The coins were packed at the Philadelphia mint in little iron bound kegs, each containing $2500. To guard against possible attack by pirates, both ships are equipped with six four-pounders, which will be mounted as soon as the vessels get clear of the harbor. There also is a heavy supply of small arms aboard and a special guard will watch the kegs until the money reaches the government wharf at Manila. The vessels will sail by way of the Suez canal.

SHERIFF SUED FOR LOSING LOGAN

Knoxville, Tenn., Sept. 4.—Acting upon instructions from Attorney General Knox, suit was instituted today by United States District Attorney W. D. Wright for the government, against Sheriff F. W. Fox and his bondsmen for $1000 damages. The government's claim is on account of the escape of Harvey Logan from the Knox county jail June 27 last. Logan is the Montana train robber. He was being held in jail here waiting the United States supreme court's disposition of his appeal in the same case in which he was convicted of forging names to national bank notes, etc., growing out of the Wagner, Mont., train robbery July 3, 1901.

MURDERER EDSON ROBBED CHURCH

New York, Sept. 4.—More than $50,000 and, perhaps, $100,000 is lost to St. Michael's Protestant Episcopal church, according to the Herald, through forgeries and misappropriations by Henry T. Edson, who last Wednesday killed Mrs. Fannie Pullen and himself. The vestry met last Monday to authorize an expert accountant to examine the books kept by Edson as controller of the church property. He was summoned from Maine and the threatened exposure is believed to have unbalanced his mind. Although the investigation has only begun, it is alleged to have been found that Edson discounted a note for $25,000 purporting to be signed by the treasurer of the church, and that he appropriated to his own use rents and contributions. The church, although it has few wealthy members, is heavily endowed and has property which yields a large income.

SERVIAN CONSPIRACY UNEARTHED

Belgrade, Servia, Sept. 4.—A number of officers of the Nish and other garrisons in Servia have been arrested in connection with the issuance of the proclamation demanding the trial by court-martial of the conspirators who were concerned in the assassination of King Alexander, Queen Draga and their ministry, and threatening to resign their commissions if the demand was refused. Later it was announced that a group of officers of Nish garrison decided to kill all the conspirators concerned in the palace assassinations, and that many officers of other garrisons joined them. It was intended to act at an early date, but the news leaked out and all the conspirators were arrested during the night. Forty-seven officers have been arrested at Nish alone.

EMBASSIES IN TURKEY WARNED OF TROUBLE

EXPENSES PAID

Receipts of Last Two Days of Fair Will Be Profit.

St. Paul Day Draws Tremendous Crowd to the Big Show.

St. Paul, Sept. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—St. Paul day at the state fair promises well. The rains of the last two days had vanished before Rome burned Thursday night and this morning it needed no assurance from the weather man to convince St. Paul people that they were safe in laying aside all business and scurrying to the fair grounds.

And their scurrying was limited only by the accommodations of the trolley cars.

Not only the Como route but the Hamline and the old interurban lines carried such crowds that those who sought the latter lines in the hope of avoiding the jam were disgusted at the futility of their strategy.

The most conservative morning estimates on St. Paul day attendance at the fair this year place it at 45,000. Last year St. Paul day turned out 58,630. An interesting comparison is afforded by figures furnished by Secretary J. C. Simpson of the Iowa fair, who is the guest of Secretary E. W. Randall. The Iowa fair had an attendance of 119,000 people in a week. The Minnesota fair had 109,885 in the first three days.

In spite of adverse weather the fair has already cleared all its expenses for the week. The receipts today and Saturday will be clear profit, according to Secretary E. W. Randall.

Sultan Advises Increase of Their Forces.

Powers Have Warships In Readiness to Sail.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Minister Leishman has cabled the state department that owing to the disturbed conditions in Constantinople, an additional kavass, or detective force, had been stationed at the American legation.

This action was taken on the suggestion of the Turkish government, which has assured the American minister that it will use every precaution to protect all foreigners, but has warned the different embassies and legations that it would be well to sterengthen its forces.

In case a necessity develops it is possible that the Turkish government will be requested to allow the United States to send a detachment of marines from the squadron, which is expected to arrive at Beirut today. Minister Leishman has not made such a request of the government. The United States has no authority to send a warship through the Dardenelles, and would have to have the consent of Turkey and also that of the European powers to do so.

Minister Leishman, in his cablegram, informed the department that a number of governments have landed marines in Constantinople for the protection of the embassies.

Paris, Sept. 4.—It is authoritatively stated that in view of the growing disorders in Turkey a French fleet will be ordered to hold itself in readiness to proceed to Turkish waters. This determination followed a receipt of a report of the French ambassador at Constantinople that it was desirable to have ships in readiness for all eventuallties.

Similar preparations have been made by Italy, Austria, Russia and Great Britain. The officials here expect the fleets will act together in case of a crisis.

The first autumn meeting of the cabinet was held today. Foreign Minister Delcasse reviewed the Turkish situation.

There is reason to believe that M. Delcasse has been informed that the United States government does not attach further importance to the Beirut incident, but this does not abate official interest in the future course of the American warships. The French consul at Monastir reports that the conditions there have improved.

The consul of France at Salonica says the conditions at that port are much worse.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 4.—Col Jankoff, the insurgent leader, with three lieutenants of the Servian army, at the head of a band of 400 insurgents, with a flag flying, crossed the frontier on Monday evening and passed through the Turkish posts unopposed.

Gen. Zontcheff, president of the Macedonian committee, in the disguise of a sheep dealer, also crossed the frontier. Capt. Styanoff's band captured fifty Turks at Rakovitza, about fifteen miles southeast of Sofia, Aug. 31, took their arms and ammunition and proceeded to Melnizko.

A dispatch from Rila, forty miles from Sofia, says the date of the general insurrection has been postponed.

London, Sept. 4.—No British marines have been landed at Constantinople, so far as the foreign office is informed, but it is said that if the British embassy requires protection, the ambassador is authorized to call upon the commander of the British guardship for guards.

The foreign office considers it probable that Russia and Austria have landed marines to protect their embassies, as a result of the porte's note to the ambassadors warning them that Bulgarian agitators were projecting outrages against the embassies, legations and public buildings at Constantinople. So far as the foreign office knows, Constantinople is quiet.

MRS. MOLINEUX SECURES DIVORCE



New York, Sept. 4.—Counsel for Mrs. Roland B. Molineux has announced that the reports of his client having secured a decree of divorce in South Dakota are true. None of those connected with the case will say where the decree was issued. Beyond the mere confirmation, the only statement vouchsafed was that Mrs. Molineux will resume her maiden name.

BARBER GETS IT.

Will Be Architect of Superior Public Building.

Washington, Sept. 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Acting Secretary of the Treasury Taylor today selected Earl W. Barber of Superior as architect to construct the new public building at West Superior. There were six other architects in competition for the work.

Monday next will be Labor Day and in honor of the day our store will remain closed the entire day. We delight to honor the union working man and offer our best regards on the day of pleasure and reunion.

New Hats for Labor Day!
Made by the best paid union hat makers in the world—every style one price **$1.90**

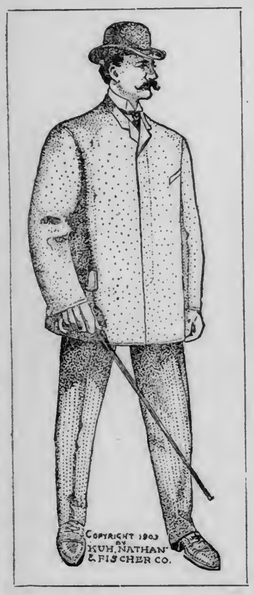


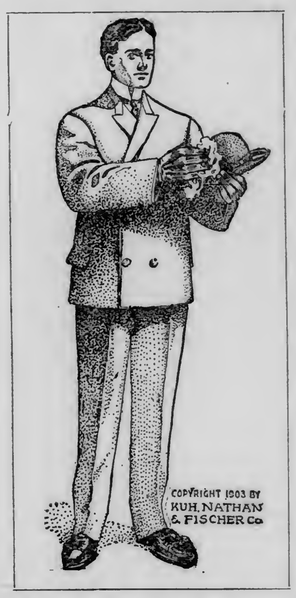
M. S. BURROWS.
Members of Trades Assembly who have ordered uniforms here for Monday's labor parade will please us by calling for them before 10:30 tomorrow night.

New Trousers for Labor Day!
You ought to have them—the new fall styles—union made throughout, $2.50 to **$7.00**

New Fall Styles Union-made Clothing!

Offering the highest grade and controlling exclusively the sale of K. N. & F. Union-made Clothing, giving this store deserved recognition as the best and greatest union clothing store at the head of the lakes.











Suits and Overcoats--$10 $12 $15 $18 $20 $25

Our Opening Sale of Boys' School Suits

As usual we are first in the field with the new fall showing of Boys' and Children's School Suits. And what a rich, massive, superb stock it is. The assortments are lavish, almost endless—the styles are smart and extremely becoming and qualities reach a newer and higher plane.



Children's Hats and Caps—
In all shades and shapes—
Prices range from 50c to $3.50

Boys' Knee Suits—
Ages 7 to 16—Double-breasted coat and Knee Pants. See them and you'll admit they're the finest line of suits ever shown at this price here or elsewhere. Made from the most select qualities of Scotch Cheviots, Tweeds, Cassimeres and fancy Worsteds, in the newest and richest fall shades — coats perfectly tailored, with military shoulders—seams all taped and double sewed. Just chockful of style, service, durability—Burrows' price **$5.00**

Long Pant Suits—
For boys 15 to 20 years old—Single-breasted, made from fall fabrics, in new and strikingly handsome color effects—cut in the most approved fashion and finished with a high degree of care—suits that in any other store would cost you at least $8.50 ..... **$6.50**

Boys' Knee Suits—
Ages 7 to 16—Double-breasted style—pure wool fabrics of the very strongest weaves—tailored with artistic skill, perfect fitting suits with reinforced seams, and every other feature of a first-class suit—Burrows' price **$3.50**

College Boys' Suits—
Ages 15 to 20—Regular 'varsity broad shoulder effect—choicest colorings, in new fall tweeds and cassimeres, thibets, sergos and worsted cheviots; splendid values—up from—
$10.00 to $25.00

Kindergarten Suits—
For the little boys, 3 to 7 years old—the swellest line of novelty suits you ever saw—Sailor Norfolk, Norfolk, Vestee, Sailor and many brand new and artistic designs now shown for the first time at $2.50 to $10.00. Particular attention is directed to the line of chic little suits—at **$2.50**



Sweaters, C'rdig'n Jack'ts
For boys and girls—all colors and size ..... 50c to $4.00

School Shoes—Dugan & Hudson's shoes for boys and—they never seem to wear out. All leather—all styles—up from **$1.50**

Our Bunker Hill $1.50 School Shoe—solid soles, heels and counters, best satin calf stock, all sizes, 11½ to 5—per pair **$1.50**

Everything in New Fall Furnishings Tomorrow

Men's New Stiff Fall Bosom Shirts—A strong impressive showing of all the new ideas, new shape bosoms—new colorings—new exclusive designs—decidedly smart creations—attached or detached cuffs—excellent $1.50 values elsewhere—tomorrow we place them on sale at **$1.00**

Men's New Fall Neckwear—Exquisite creations, made from $1.00 silks—a wide range of newest shapes in rich color blendings—irresistibly choice—your pick tomorrow for **50c**

Men's Fancy Half Hose in all the up-to-date colors—the largest and best assortmentever shown—prices up from **25c**



Men's Camel's Hair Superweight Underwear—For fall wear—exquisite body fitting—French finish—shirt and drawers richly silk trimmed—pearl buttons—suspenders tapes, etc., strictly a high class garment **50c**

New Fall Shades in Men's Dress and Driving Gloves—All of our own importation—new shades—new stitching—all the leading styles are represented—tomorrow we place them on sale at $1.50 and **$1.00**

Athletic Sweaters—We have the famous Inter-Collegiate in solid and combination colors—exceptional values at **$1.50**



The New Fall Shoes Are Ready

For Men, Women and Children.

Hanan's Famous Shoes for Men and Women—
All style leathers,
$7 $6 $5

Burrows' "Regent" Shoes for Men and Women—
Very best leathers, one price,
$3.50

"The Great Eastern" Shoes for Men and Women—
Better than the $4.00 Shoes in the regular shoe stores—
$3.00

Burrows' Bench-made Shoes for Men and Women—
Made to our direct order from selected leathers.
$4 $5 $6

Burrows' "Wear-well" Shoes for Men and Women—
Best in the world and the price is only—
$2.50

Dugan & Hudson's "Iron Clad" Shoes for Boys and Girls (they never wear out) $1.50 to $3.50

HIS MONEY OR HIS LIFE.

Demand Made By Blackmailer Upon Wisconsin Farmer.

Waukesha, Wis., Sept. 4.—With an armed guard in his door yard, the windows of his home closed and barred and the doors securely locked and barred with articles of furniture, William Smith, a wealthy stock buyer, residing near the village of Duplainville, four miles north of Waukesha, is still in fear of an assassin, as a result of his refusal to pay $1000 to unknown persons who demanded it of him by means of an annoymous letter. In response to an appeal for assistance, the sheriff appointed a special deputy to watch the premises at night, and a neighboring farmer volunteered to act as guard during the day.

The letter by which the extortioners intended to secure $1000 was left on the doorstep of Mr. Smith's home during his absence a week ago. It demanded that he place the money under a certain stone near the road, half a mile from his home, and warned him that his life would be the forfeit if he failed to do this or informed any one of the matter.

On his arrival the stockman found his family in a state of terror, and he immediately notified the sheriff, told the circumstances and asked help. Last night when the money was to be forthcoming he sent a friend to the place with a small sum and a deputy sheriff himself nearby. The blackmailers apparently noticed the precautions and did not approach the place.

It is said that another letter has been sent, giving Mr. Smith another chance to produce the $1000 and setting a time when his life will be forfeited if he fails to comply with the demand. The officers have obtained a clew to the identity of the person who is thought to have written the note and are trying to collect sufficient evidence to warrant the arrest of a Pewaukee farmer.

Mr. Smith fears to discuss the affair on account of the provision in the letter, but members of the family intimated that Saturday night was the time set for his last day on earth.

PROVISION FOR IDLE MINERS.

Telluride, Col., Sept. 4.—A commissary and a lodging house for idle miners and mill men in this district was opened today by the Western Federation of Miners. The number of men already thrown out of work in consequence of the mill men's strike is about 1000.

TO GRANT NO MORE

County Board Thinks Range Towns Have Enough Saloons.

Strong Protests Made Against Saloons on County Roads.

The board of county commissioners of St. Louis county has gone on record as being decidedly against the granting of any more liquor licenses on the range and in unorganized towns. This fact was developed at the board meeting yesterday afternoon when the applications of Dan Dougherty to open a saloon at Kelly Lake, A. H. Church for a saloon at Industrial, and William Carlin to open a saloon at Brookston, were turned down by unanimous vote of the commissioners.

As soon as the applications had been denied, Commissioner Neil McInnis said he thought it would be well for the people, generally, to understand that the board would not grant any more new licenses, and that he should fight any new licenses from now on.

The commissioners are rather disgusted with the manner in which some of the men to whom they have granted licenses have conducted their business.

Public sentiment of the people and large interests in the localities where it has been proposed to start new saloons is strongly against the idea and this has also had much weight with the county commissioners.

A number of communications and petitions relating to the saloon question were filed with the county board yesterday.

Capt. M. L. Fay, president of the Tesora Mining company sent a communication to the board in which he asserted that there is a blind pig running on the county line between St. Louis and Itasca counties, southwest of the Stevenson mine and near the Forest mine in Itasca county, and says:

"We are advised that the proprietor has applied to the county board for a license and this company wishes to enter protest. We could consider the granting of the license equivalent to the offering of a premium on outlawry and crime even to the extent of murder, for the county to give or grant licenses to men to sell whisky in the woods or outside organized villages or cities and remote from the protection of officials of the law.

"We hold that nine-tenths of the murders and crimes committed on the range are directly chargeable to blind pigs and licensed saloons authorized to do business on the county roads. Within a week of the opening of the blind pig mentioned, two of our men were nearly murdered there and we are satisfied that if you grant this application for a license it will lead to murder in addition to the other crimes. The saloon would be a constant menace to life and property and will only add to the expense of the county which will be chargeable to the Mesaba range.

"Personally knowing the men that comprise the county board we cannot believe you have studied the probable effect that the granting of liquor licenses will have and we ask you to carefully consider this matter and we are satisfied that you will cease to grant licenses to sell whisky on the country road, this one in particular."

The letter was referred to the county attorney.

* * *

Another protest was that of the citizens of Kelly Lake, through Attorney J. A. Murphy, of the Great Northern road, against the granting of a liquor license to Dan Dougherty. Mr. Murphy's letter was straight to the point. He declared that Dougherty is now a trespasser on another's land where he has built a blind pig shack and has repeatedly violated the law. He states that Dougherty was arrested Aug. 21 and bound over to the grand jury on the charge of running a blind pig. He further says that there is large railway and other work at Kelly Lake and the employes are becoming demoralized and all interests are suffering because of the selling of liquor there. He cites as one instance of the evil effects of liquor drinking at that locality, the death under a train of two men during July. Both men were drunk and went to sleep on the track.

Mr. Murphy closes with the remark that there is no police protection at Kelly Lake, that all law is violated and desecrated to his certain knowledge.

This letter was also referred to the county attorney.

* * *

A petition from a large number of the settlers of Industrial and vicinity was filed in protest against the granting of a saloon license at Burnett or any place in that neighborhood. To this there was a counter petition not so largely signed asking that A. H. Church be permitted to open a saloon in Industrial.

The citizens of Brookston, an important junction on the Great Northern's line to the west, about forty miles from Duluth, and vicinity, was filed in protest to the granting of a saloon license to William Carlin in section 27-51-18 or any other application for a saloon in that locality.

The petitioners claim they have no police protection, that there are many Indians in the neighborhood who are peaceable enough when sober, but dangerous when drunk. They assert that the community has successfully driven out the blind pigs and the people there and in the adjoining towns have voted against liquor. The petition closes with the statement that a saloon is not needed there, that a saloon means trouble.

DEATH COMES FROM BURNS

Mrs. A. N. Lent of Superior Horribly Burned By Lamp Explosion.

Mrs. A. N. Lent, of 1720 John avenue, Superior, wife of the former secretary and treasurer of the Superior board of trade, was fatally burned by a lamp explosion yesterday, dying, after great agony, last evening.

After the explosion Mrs. Lent started through the hallway, her clothing wrapped in flames. She was met by neighbors, who heard her screams, and was wrapped in blankets, her rescuers burning their hands in the attempt.

One of the three children belonging to the family was in the house when the accident happened, and the boy started to help his mother when she cried to the neighbors to save him.

Mrs. Lent's body was terribly burned, the attending physicians reporting that there was scarcely an inch of flesh that was not scorched. Mr. Lent is away from home and is not expected back until this evening.

"New Fall Woolens Now Ready"
J. Frank Burrows
24 Third Ave. W. Up-to-date Tailor.

PUSH THE CLAIM

County Will Go After Bondsmen Fer Commercial Bank Deposit.

Treasurer Whipple Wants a Burglar Proof Safe —Other Matters.

The county will take immediate steps to recover from Charles F. Leland and his bondsmen the county funds that were deposited with the defunct Commercial Banking company. The county commissioners in regular meeting yesterday afternoon directed the county attorney to take the necessary legal steps at once.

The county had only a small sum on deposit in Mr. Leland's bank at the time it closed, and it is fully protected by a bond. The county legislators are congratulating themselves on their policy of insisting on surety bonds from county depositories.

* * *

In a communication to the board yesterday, County Treasurer Whipple disclosed the fact that the county is compelled to carry a large sum of money, sometimes as high as $10,000, on hand to transact its business, and that something should be done to protect it from loss by burglars, believing that the ounce of prevention is worth more than a pound of cure.

Mr. Whipple calls attention to the antiquated arrangements for securing the county's funds at the court house, and says that he does not regard the old money chest as by any means burglar-proof. He requested the board to make some provision for burglar insurance on the vault, the money chest and the contents of each.

The letter was referred to the committee on claims and accounts.

Another communication from the county treasurer that was referred to the same committee set forth that at the present time the county is carrying $33,000 worth of its own bonds. Mr. Whipple asks whether it would not be advisable to have these bonds charged off and cancelled, thus reducing the county's bonded indebtedness by that amount and at the same time reduce the amount to be raised for interest.

* * *

Under the head of reports from county officers the following gave the reports of the receipts of their offices for the month of August: J. B. Middlecoff, probate judge, $13.89; J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court, $841.22, of which $128.85 represents work done for the county; William W. Butchart, sheriff, total work done, $1731.61, of which $755.11 represents the cash receipts and $976.50 the work done for the county. The office received $355.39 in civil fees in August and $268.72 for boarding prisoners in the county jail.

* * *

The organization of two new townships has been authorized by the county board and the date of the first town meeting day set. The new townships will be known as Roosevelt and Savannah. Roosevelt will comprise 61-21, about six miles north of Sturgeon lake. Savannah will comprise 51-21. Some little amusement was had by the commissioners over the suggestion of Commissioner Patterson to change the name Roosevelt to Rough Riders, that the latter name would be more in keeping with the roads in that locality.

* * *

The date of a hearing was set in the matter of a petition for a new school district in 61-15.

J. H. Whitely appeared before the board in behalf of A. Poopour, of Poorpour's siding, near Floodwood, in the interest of a claim which has been made against the county for an earth filling belonging to his client, and which the county is said to have appropriated when it legalized a road at the siding. No definite action was taken in the matter, however, as some of the commissioners were in doubt whether Mr. Poopour had any legal claim.

In connection with this request, Commissioner Kugler called attention to the constant violations of the law over the county with reference to the piling of timber, ties and posts on the right-of-way of the county roads. He suggested that measures be taken to prosecute the offenders.

* * *

Yesterday was the day set for the hearing on the petition for the new road in Ilice, Lake and Canosia, and there were a number of the farmers, representing the different factions of settlers, present. The board refused to take any action further than to postpone the hearing for two months, and set a date for another committee o investigate the merits of the different routes urged by the settlers.

It is possible that the matter would have been dropped entirely had it not been for Commissioner Kauppi, who urged that it would only be fair to the settlers to have the committee view the proposed routes and then act in accordance with their best judgment in the matter of recommendations to the board. He stated that it is too late to build a new road in the locality desired, this year, and nothing could be done this fall further than to legalize a new road.

* * *

In the matter of the petition of Beriah Magoffin and others for the vacation of a part of the county road in section 10, 49-15, a hearing was set for Oct. 6 and a committee was appointed to view the locality.

* * *

When the passage of the county road bills came up, Assistant County Attorney Crosby called the attention of the board to the advisability of having all the road bills read over in meeting at least once before they are acted upon. He suggested that while the road committees were undoubtedly doing their duty in the matter of spending the county road money, yet the entire board should hear the bills read as the amounts would give them some idea how much of the county road funds is being spent right along and might in some cases suggest the idea of retrenchment when it is most needed. The suggestion met with the views of the commissioners and the bills will be read hereafter instead of being passed "as reported by the committee."

The American Exchange bank was named as an additional depository for county funds for periods of six months or longer at a 2½ per cent rate of interest. The bank has already furnished a bond of $250,000 and this is accepted by both parties and the bonding company to cover the new deposits.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

DISPUTED CASE

Hermantown Divorce Case Creates Interest In District Court.

Husband Charges Desertion While Wife Alleges Mother-in-Law.

A divorce case of interest to the people living at Hermantown is that on trial today before Judge Dibell, in which John Marciniak, a young farmer, seeks to get a divorce from Victoria Marciniak.

The wife is fighting the application very hard and is present in the court room with her little baby, less than 2 years old, which persists in wandering about the court room to make friends. Relatives and friends of both parties are also present and take much interest in the proceedings.

Marciniak declares that his wife refuses to live with him, while she claims that she is willing to live with him if he will keep house elsewhere than under the parental roof. She claims that her husband's people have practically driven her away through ill-treatment.

According to Marciniak's testimony his wife came to the city finally, promising to go back and live with him when he should have established a new home. He says he secured another house, but on cross-examination admitted that he had never sent for or gone after his wife and that after waiting a month for her to show up, he finally rented the place.

Proceedings were some time started against Marciniak for failure to support his wife and family, but these were dropped on his promise that they would live together thereafter.

Several of the husband's relatives were on the stand this morning to testify to the angelic disposition of the old folks and the exceeding kindness with which they always treated their daughters-in-law. Marciniak claimed that his wife is no good, but that was as far as he could specify the charge.

The divorce action of Mary Ann Hecker against Louis J. Hecker was tried before Judge Cant this morning and taken under advisement.

The contested divorce case of Hilda Oberg against Sakris Oberg, which was on trial nearly all day in Judge Dibell's room yesterday, was dismissed late in the afternoon by the court, without prejudice to another action being started.

Decrees were granted yesterday afternoon to Hosea Dove from Anna Dove, and to James Campbell from Clara Campbell. The plaintiff in the last named case is a brother of B. J. Campbell, the defaulting bookkeeper of the Modern Samaritans, who was sent to the state penitentiary at the last term of district court. The wife, according to the testimony, becoming tired of her married life, deserted her home and entered a house of illfame.

In the case of Susie Oldeshesky against Peter Oldeshesky, Judge Cant reserved decision. The plaintiff, who is but 20 years of age, was married at the age of 15, and she claims her husband left her three months later, and that he was a gambler and made her life unpleasant while he did live with her.

The action of Lena Hietala against Herman Hietala was dismissed, it being discovered that the defendant's name should have been given as Hendrich Arvid Hietala.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

St. Joseph, Mo., Sept. 4.—Samuel Jacobs, a lineal descendant of Major Andre of revolutionary fame, is dead at his home here, aged 82.

Louisville, Sept. 4.—Colonel Thomas O. Hall, a veteran steamboat man, and one of the best known river editors in the South, died today of heart failure.

Vienna, Sept. 4.—Count Von Deyme, Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Great Britain, died yesterday at Echersdorf, Silesia, of heart disease.

Munich, Bavaria, Sept. 4.—Hermann Zumpe, the composer and musical conductor, died here today of apoplexy.

A CHANCE FOR ROONEY.

His Case Goes to U. S. Supreme Court.

St. Paul, Sept. 4.—A special to the Dispatch from Bismarck, N. D., says: When the legislature of the state last winter changed the law for the execution of criminals, providing that they should be hanged at the state penitentiary after a six months' imprisonment, instead of being hanged in the counties where their crimes were committed, it gave a chance for life to John Rooney, now confined in the state penitentiary under sentence of death, pronounced by Judge Pollock, of Cass county. The record in the case was today forwarded to the clerk of the United States supreme court at Washington, and a supersedeas has been issued, which respites Rooney until the supreme court of the United States shall pass on his case and say whether or not he shall hang.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY Co.

$1 Chamois Gloves 79c.

For women—tan and white — 2-button snap fasteners—all sizes, tomorrow 79c.

$1.25 Suede Gloves $1—grey, blue, red, tan and brown—3 button, snap fasteners, all sizes.

Driving Gloves.

Composed of silk and kid fingers—two-clasp; $1.25 quality 89c.

Famous La Tosca—in all desirable shades at $2.00.

Fownes' Eugene—a light weight kid, Paris point back, two-clasp—$1.50.

Fownes' Dagmar—a heavy street glove—Paris point back—out seams—all shades—at $1.50.

Crispi Gloves — the best $1 glove made—in black, brown, mode, cream, red and white.

Reynier Suedes—in black, mode and grey —$1.75.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY Co. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY Co.

New Walking Skirts!



Instep lengths—just right for street wear, traveling, boating and for outdoor use of any kind, in the new autumn cloths, plain or fancy mixtures—special values at—

$6.75

Pure wool and splendidly tailored.

High class Walking Skirts (instep lengths) $8.75, $12 and $15 in exclusive styles.

New Autumn Waists—

of fancy vestings—in a large variety of handsome effects or plain—$3.50.

Plain and Fancy Mohair Waists

Cream, blue, black and dotted effects—fall weights—excellently made—$3.25.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY Co.

School Starts Soon.

Give the children a good start — a nice warm coat, not too heavy, is just the thing for cool mornings and afternoons — there's a splendid selection here now—all of the popular shades and styles, and one thing you may rely on—whatever you buy here, no matter how small the price, it will be good of its kind and thoroughly reliable.

Splendld Coats for Children, 2 to 6, $3.75; for girls, 8 to 14, $5.00, that are exceptionally good values.

New Walking Hats for Fall.

Navy blue, brown, castor, Oxford gray, black and white, $2.00 to $6.75.

Children's Felt Hats —blue, brown, red, castor, $1.50 to $2.75.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY Co. SILBERSTEIN & BONDY Co.

And Still They Come—

New Suits, Coats and Skirts *For early fall.....*



For women and misses and for girls and small children.

The Suits for Women are more beautiful perhaps than in any previous fall season that we can remember—styles that are not only different than you will find at other stores, but more of them. Plain colors—in Panne Zibelines — Panne Cheviots, Broadcloths and Coverts. Fancy colors in Zibelines—Scotch Cheviots — Scotch Homespuns—Esquimo Cloth.

Start with a good, sensible, serviceable suit at $15—or a very fine blue or black Cheviot suit (coat satin lined) for $19.50—made as good as anything you'll be able to find elsewhere at $25—skirt walking length—coat just below the hips.

There are real Scotch Homespuns and Zibelines with pleated skirts and long tail blouses, $21.50.

Dark Homespuns with indistinct plaid of color only just hiding under the surface, $25, and from $30, on up to $75—all sorts of beautiful mixed goods, soft, furry Zibelines, Cheviots and smooth Broadcloths. Not very many of a kind, for who wants to wear exactly the same thing as her next-door neighbor?

Some Coats for Early Wearers.

A handful of long loose Box Coats are already here — aristocratic English Tweeds and homespuns—and some plain Cheviots—with deep capes—some of the edges and capes are piped with a little color to give tone—some are of Rainshine Cloth (shed water), $18 up.

The past few days have been ungently suggesting warm coverings and there's hardly a time when a nice loose wrap won't come in handy.

Some loose 42-inch Kersey Coats and some of the new semi-fitted Fall Coats are already in, $21.50 up.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

TROOPS ORDERED

To Cripple Creek By Governor After Investigation.

New York, Sept. 4.—Through the instrumentality of Frank Buchanan, president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Steel Workers, all the strikes induced by Samuel Parks against members of the Employers' Association and Iron League in cities other than New York, where they have contracts, have been called off. These included contracts in Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore and Newark. As the strikes had been called without appeal to the general executive committee of the association, and as the men have not received any assistance from the general body the executive committee decided to restrict the scheme of operations to this city and make the fight what it is considered, a local one.

MILLERS' FEDERATION

Holds Important Conference at Nashville, Tenn.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 4.—A conference of prominent members of the Millers' Federation of the United States and the Southern Millers' association is in session here today. The meeting was called to take some action relative to the present differential rate between flour and wheat intended for export. The discusssion was along liberal and progressive lines, and will probably result in the formulation of an address to be presented to the railroads through the Millers' federation.

TRI-MOUNTAIN DIRECTORS.

Succeeded By Those of Copper Range Consolidated.

Denver, Sept. 4.—After receiving the report of the committee which he sent to Cripple Creek to investigate conditions there, Governor Peabody ordered troops to the gold camp. Brig. Gen. John Chase will command the force of about 100 men. Troops were asked for by the Mine Owners' association. No further violence has been reported.

STRIKES CALLED OFF.

President Buchanan Overthrows the Work of Parks.

Boston, Sept. 4.—At a meeting of the directors of the Tri-Mountain Mining company today all the directors resigned and their places were filled by the directors of the Copper Range Consolidated Mining company, which recently obtained control of the Tri-Mountain stock. The question of overdue dividends on Tri-Mountain was referred to the new management.

WILL PROVE THEIR CASE

So Say Knudsen & Eden of Their Injunction Case.

A replication to the answer of the defendants in the case of H. B. Knudsen and William A. Eden against Burt Benn et al. was filed this morning in the office of the clerk of the United States district court.

The case is one in which the plaintiffs, who have a contract for the stevedore work of the Northern Pacific railway, ask for a permanent injunction restraining Burt Benn and the numerous other defendants, who are alleged to be members of the Longshoremen's union, from interfering in any manner, either by intimidations, threats or personal violence, with the employes of the plaintiffs, many of whom are non-union men.

A temporary injunction was recently granted by Judge Morris in the federal court, and the case will come up for hearing at the fall term of court.

In the replication the plaintiffs claim that the answer of the defendants to the complaint was uncertain, evasive and insufficient, and that the plaintiffs will substantiate all charges preferred against the defendants in the bill of complaint.

The temporary injunction restraining the defendants from interfering with the employes of the plaintiff is valid until the merits of the case have been decided upon by Judge Morris.

ARRESTED IN MILWAUKEE

Geo. C. Swallow Arrested For Alleged Timber Frauds In Duluth.

Word was received in Duluth today by the clerk of the United State's courts that George C. Swallow, of the firm of Swallow & Hopkins, lumber dealers, had been arrested in Milwaukee on a federal warrant.

The arrest was in connection with the alleged land office frauds, which were made public at the spring term of the federal grand jury in Duluth, when indictments were returned against a number of prominent local lumber dealers and attorneys. The charge against Mr. Swallow is similar to that preferred against the others obtaining government land by fraudulent means.

At the time the other warrants were served Mr. Swallow was out of the city, and he had never been arrested until the recent service of the warrant occurred on Sept. 1.

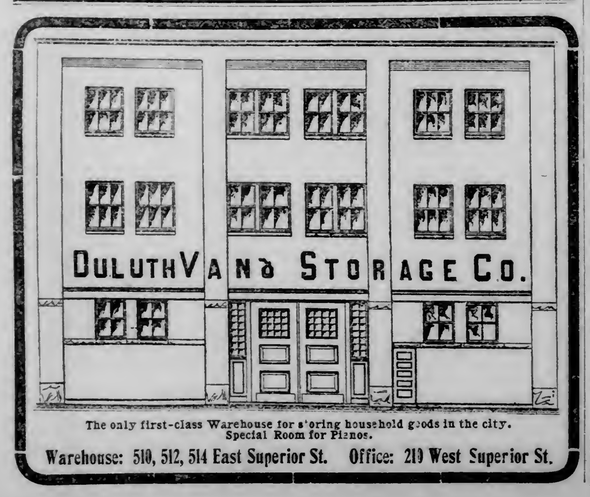
He was taken before United States Commissioner Bloodgood, at Milwaukee, and was released on furnishing bonds amounting to $5000 for his appearance at the fall term of the United States district court in Duluth, which convenes in October.

All of the cases will be heard by Judge Morris at this term of the court, and Mr. Swallow will appear with the others.

All of the men against whom indictments were returned have now been arrested and furnished bonds for their appearance.

BUILDING COLLAPSES.

Cedar Rapids, Iowa., Sept. 4.—The Quinn Grocery building at Vinton, being remodelled, collapsed this afternoon. Half a dozen workmen are reported buried in the ruins, some of whom are probably dead.



The only first-class Warehouse for storing household goods in the city.
Special Room for Pianos.

Warehouse: 510, 512, 514 East Superior St. Office: 219 West Superior St.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 205 E. Sup. St.

Parlor theater—New vaudeville program.

We are showing a full line of street and dress hats at Humes', over Suffel's.

Miss Marie Johnson and Thomas F. McCrea, both of Duluth, were married yesterday at Superior by Rev. H. F. Wright, pastor of the Baptist church.

The finest ready-to-wear hats in the city, just what you want for Labor day, at Humes', over Suffel's.

Parlor theater—Fun starts 8:30 tonight.

Get your furnace repaired now. Don't wait until the frost comes. L. R. Helbing, 119 West First street. Both 'phones.

Woodland and Hunter's park have taken on new metropolitan airs. A mounted policeman has been assigned to that locality. James Kennell is the officer who rides through the suburb in search of marauders.

If your husband drinks, send him to Dr. Reisland, 206 East First street.

The young people of the Pilgrim Congregational church will conduct the meeting this evening at the Star of Hope Mission, 622 West Superior street. Rev. Alexander Milne will speak. There will be special music.

Dancing in two pavilions afternoon and evening at Lester Park, Labor Day, rain or shine. Two first class orchestras. Tickets good for both floors.

Dancing in two pavilions afternoon and evening at Lester Park, Labor Day, rain or shine. Two first class orchestras. Tickets good for both floors.

Dennie Mealey, 12 years of age, charged with entering a Garfield avenue grocery, was ordered by Judge Windom to be committed to the state training school. He was paroled for a year, however, at the instance of Humane Agent Withrow to whom he is to report at regular intervals.

G. H. Lesage, formerly of Duluth, where he was an employe of the land office at one time, but lately of Hibbing, where he has been in the land business, has been appointed a special agent of the land office.

Eastern Star Notice.

All members of Zenith Chapter No. 25 and sojourning sisters and brothers of the Eastern Star, are requested to meet at Masonic Temple hall Saturday, Sept. 5, 1903, at 9:45, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late sister, Hanna Linnell. Services in hall.

ELLA F. GEARHART, Sec'y.

PURELY PERSONAL

Dr. Catherall and son arrived home last evening after attending the state dental convention, which was held in Minneapolis.

Captain J. F. Johns, of Conneaut, Ohio, was in the city yesterday on important business.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Howard of Aberdeen, S. D., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. DeVey of 804 East Third street.

Mrs. J. R. Brearley and Mrs. Charles Conrad, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brearley, of East Third street, returned to Chicago this afternoon.

H. F. Michael, of the Gray-Tallant company, left this afternoon for St. Louis, Mo. Mr. Michael is accompanying his mother, who has been ill the greater part of the summer at her son's residence, East Third street, home.

Col. John A. Lapsley has returned from a visit among old friends in Port Arthur, Canada.

Capt. Monaghan and M. F. Chalk, the local United States steamboat inspectors, have returned from a tour of inspection to Stillwater, Minneapolis and St. Paul.

L. J. Hopkins will leave this evening over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Mancelona, Mich.

W. F. Fitch will leave tonight over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic for Marquette.

F. E. Searle will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for New York.

T. T. Watson will leave for Chicago this evening over the Omaha.

R. R. Hill will leave for Chicago this afternoon over the Omaha.

Miss Gertrude Silpp, of West Second street, is spending a two weeks' vacation at her home in Brainerd.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Higgins, of 418 Eighth avenue west, have returned from a trip through the South, during which they visited New Orleans, Hot Springs, St. Louis and other points.

Lester Park.

There will be dancing in two pavilions afternoon and evening Labor Day, rain or shine. Two first-class orchestras (Flaaten nd Blewett's) will furnish music. Tickets good for both halls.

HAM-POTTER CASE.

Potter Wants Plaintiff's Charges More In Detail.

The first round in the Ham-Potter controversy was fought in district court yesterday afternoon when the defense made a motion that the plaintiff specify as to the time and other points of definiteness the several allegations made by her in the reply to the answer of the defendant. The point was argued and the matter taken under advisement by Judge Ensign.

The trial by jury of civil actions will begin next Tuesday, the cases on call being as follows: Nos. 1, 5, 9, 12, 22, 24, 25, 28, 30 and 38.

Napoleon Grignon was excused from jury service for this term on account of sickness.

RURAL CARRIERS.

Washington, Sept. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—These rural free delivery letter carriers were appointed today: Maple Lake—Regulars, Fred Farrell, Morton Mooney and Henry German; substitutes, Francis E. Farrell, Thomas Mooney and Thomas Gorman. Princeton—Regular, Samuel J. Smith; substitute, Mary A. Smith.

GARRISON IS HELD.

Vienna, Sept. 4.—The garrison of Budapest, Hungary, which was expected to go to the army maneuvers yesterday, was at the last moment ordered to remain at Budapest during the visit of Emperor Francis Joseph, who is there today. The order has created a sensation, as it is alleged that the officials fear disturbances in connection with the political situation.

SUICIDAL MANIA.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4.—Mrs. Amelia Mueller, aged 45 years, who attempted suicide last week on her daughter's grave, was today successful in her determination to end her life. The woman drowned herself in a bath tub and a few hours later her 19-year-old son sought death in the same manner, but was prevented from drowning.

FISHER WILL PLAY WRIGHT.

Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ont., Sept. 4.—E. P. Fisher, of New York, won the final of the singles in the Niagara International Tennis Championship tournament, and will play Beals Wright, of Boston, for the championship tomorrow.

BIRTHS.

WEES—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Wees of 2401 West Michigan street.

WOLD—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Wold, of 320 East Sixth street.

JOHNSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Johnson, of 329 St. Croix avenue.

MILBY—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Swan Milby, of 616 Twenty-fifth avenue west.

HALMER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Halmer, of 2410 West Fourth street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Alfred Eugene Neilsen and Lillian Mae Jones.

DEATHS.

LINNELL—The funeral service of the late Mrs. L. M. Linnell will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning in the Masonic Temple, instead of in the Pilgrim Congregational church as announced originally.

GREEN—John Green, age 71 years, injured in a runaway accident near Hibbing about a week ago, died yesterday at St. Luke's hospital. He was one of the oldest lumber inspectors in the Duluth district, having resided here for the past twenty-three years. Funeral arrangements were not announced today pending the arrival of his son, W. E. Green, from Sault Ste Marie. Another son, F. E. Green, of this city, survives.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

A REFINED appearance, delicate shade of fascinating beauty given by Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Face Powder.

MEN TO DELIVER, SCANDINAVIAN with experience preferred. Best wages, steady job. Zenith 'phone 717. Apply at once.

HITCH HAS OCCURRED

In Employes' Negotiations With Great Northern.

St. Paul, Sept. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is believed that a hitch has occurred in the negotiations going on between the Great Northern officials and their engineers and firemen.

Messrs. Stone and Hanrahan, chiefs of the national organizations of locomotive engineers and firemen, left the city today, and will not return until Monday.

It was expected that a settlement would be reached late yesterday, but the company is reported to be unwilling to accede to the latest demands. The committees met today as usual at their respective headquarters, and on returning to their hotel declined to make any statement. It is not likely now that anything definite will occur before Monday.

GOOD OLD MONOCACY.

The old Monocacy, terror of Chinese river pirates in the good old days, is to be sold for junk by order of the secretary of the navy, says the New York World.

The Monocacy is a side-wheel gunboat that has been a familiar figure on the other side of the world for nearly 40 years. Just after the Civil war she was sent to China to chase river pirates and overawe natives with Boxer tendencies.

In 1872 she stuck fast in the mud of the Yang-tse-Kiang, and there she stayed 28 years, deserted by the government and untouched by native vandalism, until, in July, 1900, she was pulled out of the mud to be made ready for service against the Boxers.

She was fitted up with platforms fore and aft and six rapid-fire guns were added to her ancient armament. She was laughed at at first by the European officers, but on account of her light draught was able to do work which could not be done by the foreign fleet. It was proposed to send her to the Philippines, but she was found not seaworthy. For months she lay off Tien-tsin, and each spring freshet worked her back to the sea over the changing channels and through the soft mud of the Peiho, only to drift her way back later in the year, when the waters had once more determined their way.

With a battery of four smooth-bore and two rifled muzzle-loaders, the old Monocacy does not seem today a formidable craft. She was built in 1863.

HAD A HARD TIME

John Pearson, Non-Union Lineman, Beaten at Two Harbors.

Claims He Walked to Duluth to Escape Assailants.

John Pearson, a non-union lineman in the employ of the Duluth Telephone company, was assaulted in the Commercial hotel at Two Harbors last evening, by a union railroad man of that place, and it is claimed afterward, to escape a crowd of men who went to the hotel to complete the job, fled from the town, walking the entire distance to Duluth before he obtained medical attendance for his wounds.

Pearson had been looking after some of the telephone company's cables at Biwabik, and while on his way back to Duluth was stopped at Two Harbors yesterday under orders to do some cable repairing at that point.

Mr. Peason says that last evening, while he was in the hotel office, several men, whom he charges are union railroad men in the employ of the Duluth & Iron Range road, came in, and during a conversation which followed, he stated that he would remain in the town until about Saturday, whereupon the railroad men told him that he could not remain there.

Pearson states that he asked who was running the town, and the railroad men declared they were. He then started over toward them, saying that they must misunderstand the situation, and he would explain, when one, alleged to be a switchman by the name of Brown, picked up a heavy glass inkwell on the clerk's desk and hurled it from a distance of about eight feet at Pearson, striking him in the head, cutting a deep gash and stunning him. Pearson says that Brown followed the missile up with several blows, but that he finally got away and went to his room, where the landlord came shortly afterward to tell him that a gang of railroad men were in the office and intended coming after him to do him further injury.

Pearson says that when he heard this he left the town immediately and walked to Duluth.

Dr. Stewart dressed his wounds this morning, the cut in the head requiring several stitches.

Assistant General Manager C. M. Masseau of the telephone company left this afternoon for Two Harbors, where he will swear out a warrant for the arrest of Pearson's assailant.

Mr. Masseau has received word from the railroad men at Two Harbors, through the local manager of the telephone company, that non-union men will not be permitted to work in that place for the telephone company.

Mr. Masseau said this morning that he was at a loss to understand why the Two Harbors railroad men should mix up in a matter in which, if there is any trouble at all, it is purely local. He was inclined to believe that the overt act committed last evening was that of an irresponsible employe of the railroad, rather than an assault with the sanction of the railroad brotherhoods.

PERIL IN MAN'S INSTINCT.

"Here's another automobiler's death recorded," said the chauffeur, according to the Philadelphia Record, "and the accident was due to the usual error—the error of taking off the brake instead of putting it on.

"In several makes of automobiles the brake is worked by means of a lever that has a backward and forward movement. To put on the brake you pull the lever tward you. Those movements are, somehow or other, confusing to the average man. They seem wrong to him—as wrong as it would seem to pull on a horse's right rein to make him turn to the left.

"Riding along swiftly in an automobile you have an instinctive feeling, as you hold the brake lever in your hand, that you should push this lever forward in order to take the brake off. This feeling, as I say, is instinctive, and it is apt to come over the most skillful driver in moments of excitement and peril. He yields to it. When he wants to put the brake on he moves the lever the wrong way the next moment he is rushed against a stone wall or he falls over a seventy-foot cliff.

"Therefore, those autos with brake levers that have a backward movement for 'on brakes' and a forward movement for 'off brakes' should have their levers working reversed, out of consideration for men's instinct in this matter. Accidents, thereafter, would be more rare."

A. B. Siewert & Co.

Fall Hats Shirts, Sweaters and Strictly First-class Haber-dashery

Closed all day Monday, Labor Day.

A. B. Siewert & Co.

Hatters and Furnishers.

Freimuth's

$5.00 for the best Cake. Full particulars during the free cooking lessons—9 to 11 and 2 to 5 in the daylight basement.

Store Closed All Day Labor Day

Open Saturday Evening Until 10 P. M.

Two days' Business in one Specially attractive prices for Saturday in every department scan the list, then come in.

Freimuth's

Advance Showing of Tailor Costumes Excels all Previous Efforts!

Individuality, distinctiveness, difference from the ordinary—in style, in materials, in careful tailoring. *These* are the points that make the new ready-to-wear tailor costumes so intensely interesting to every woman. The show is good now, and with every express and freight bringing its welcome additions, becomes better daily. The happy experience of the past has taught you all to look to us for what is to be worn by well-dressed women, and for the coming season we offer you a better assortment than ever. Not only that, but by the addition of *the new ladies' tailoring dept.* in charge of Mr. S. Goldberg. We are prepared to fill your every want promptly and efficiently. Indeed our cloak room is a busy spot these days. If you miss a single day now you miss a treat. Here's special features for Saturday:

Sale of School Shoes.

Offering for Saturday that cannot be duplicated elsewhere.

School days are lurking around the corner. Hundreds of little feet to be warmly and strongly shod. Perhaps you've one or two pairs to provide yourself. Then come Saturday. The selection is bigger, better and more select than ever before. As for the price, we make special concessions on our already low prices. Here's the economy story briefly told:



Boys' Strong School Shoes of box calf, sizes 2 to 5½ — excellent for wear—regular $2.00 value—Saturday, special a pair. $1.50

Misses' School Shoes—of fine kid, extension sole—city heel—patent tip—reg. price $2.00—sale price Saturday—per pair..... $1.50

Children's School Shoes, of velour calf, heavy extension sole—mat kid top—city heel—sizes 8½ to 11—regular $2.00 value—for Saturday—per pair..... $1.50

Misses' Dongola Kid Shoes—city heel—strong and durable—walking last—usually sells for $1.75—Saturday's special, a pair $1.25

Little Gents' Shoes—of Box calf—low heels—scizes 9 to 13—none better sold at $1.50—Saturday's special—per pair..... $1.15

Misses' patent kid Shoes—hand-turned welt—city heel—reg. price $3.00—sale price—Saturday, per pair..... $2 50

A Volga Shoe For Every Foot.

They fit the hard to fit—32 different styles—all leathers—see the new fall styles—they cost but ---------- $3.50

School Stockings.

Children's Stockings Underpriced for Saturday.

Anticipate your future needs—school days are not far distant. These Saturday specials will save you money on school stockings. Don't overlook them:

Boys' heavy ribbed stockings—fast and stainless black—double knee—spliced heel and toe—seamless and very elastic—regular price 18c—special for Saturday—per pair..... 12½c

Misses' School Stockings—fine ribbed—fast black—knit to fit— double sole and extra, spliced heel—sizes 5½ to 9½—regular 20c values—for Friday's special at—per pair..... 15c

Children's extra heavy stockings—ribbed, fast black—double knee and sole—very elastic—regular price 29c—for Saturday's special at—per pair..... 19c

Ypsilanti Health Underwear Fashioned to Fit the Form and Formed According to Fashion!

For nearly a quarter of a century this splendid Underwear has been at the top notch of public favor. In an economic sense it is a SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST. This popularity is not the result of "happenstance," but the result of years of patient study, and painstaking care in the manufacture. NEW FALL STYLES NOW IN STOCK.

New Walking Skirts.



A varied assortment of the popular modes for fall—in all the favored materials, such as Etamine Cheviot and Panne Cheviots—Scotch imported mixtures in stripes, checks and mottled effects in kilted—plaited and plain flared styles—many are trimmed with tabs and straps and buttons—of self goods—while others are embellished with plain tailor stitching—The most fastidious taste will find no difficulty in making a selection from this line—

$5.00 up to $15.00

New Walking Suits.

At $19.50—We show several nobby effects in mixed novelty goods in the new 40-in. Russian and Louis XIV styles. $19.50

At $22.50—A variety of styles in the long coat effects, Scotch and English mixtures, and covert, silk lined and nicely tailored—price..... $22.50

At $25.00 and $27.50—pretty models in the newest creations—long coats with plaited and piped seams—gored skirt to match—prices.. $27.50 and $25.00

Other models at $30, $35, $42.50 and up—a varied assortment of nobby styles—embracing all the favored materials—make your selection now before the fall rush.

Choice of over 50 light weight Coats for school wear—sizes 6, 8, 10 and 12 —made of cheviots in light and navy blue—box style—trimmed with military buttons, reg. $5.00 value—special for Saturday. $3.25

Special Sale Elite Enamelware

The Ware that Wears—Guaranteed for Five Years.

WHITE ENAMELED TEA POTS—



No. 10, worth 85c, at..69c
No. 12, worth 95c, at..73c
No. 13, worth $1.10, at..85c
No. 14, worth $1.25, at..95c

ELITE ENAMELED STEW KETTLES—



No. 20, worth 65c, at..49c
No. 22, worth 75c, at..59c
No. 24, worth 85c, at..69c
No. 26, worth 95c, at..75c

ELITE ENAMELED FRY PANS—
No. 18, worth 45c, at..35c
No. 20, worth 48c, at..39c
No. 22, worth 55c, at..43c
No. 24, worth 59c, at..49c
No. 26, worth 69c, at..55c

ELITE ENAMELED COFFEE POTS—



No. 12, worth 85c, at..69c
No. 13, worth 95c, at..75c
No. 16, worth $1.25, at..95c
No. 17, worth $1.50, at..$1.25

ELITE WASH BASINS—
No. 28, worth 59c, at..39c
No. 30, worth 69c, at..45c

ELITE ENAMELED TEA KETTLES—



No. 24, worth $1.75, at..$1.59
No. 26, worth $2.00, at..$1.75
No. 28, worth $2.50, at..$2.10

ELITE ENAMELED LIPPED SAUCE PANS



No. 16, worth 45c, at..35c
No. 18, worth 55c, at..39c
No. 20, worth 63c, at..49c
No. 22, worth 75c, at..59c
No. 24, worth 85c, at..69c

No. 23 ELITE ENAMELED PIE PLATES—worth 35c, at 23c

No. 23 ELITE ENAMELED JELLY CAKE PAN, worth 35c, at..... 23c

No. 7 ELITE ENAMELED TEA STRAINERS—worth 39c, at..... 28c

ELITE ENAMELED LADLES—worth 35c, at..... 23c

ELITE ENAMELED BASTING SPOONS—
No. 25, worth 25c, at...18c
No. 30, worth 39c, at..28c

Drug and Toilet Specials

50c Nestle's Food—a perfect nutriment for infants, children and invalids—made from best cows' milk, special Saturday—per bottle..... 40c

Laxative Fig Syrup—pleasant to the taste—nature's remedy for habitual constipation—the regular 25c size—Saturday—per bottle..... 13c

15c bottle Castor Oil—a useful household remedy—Saturday—per bottle..... 7c

25c size Enthymol Tooth Paste, cleansing, gives fragrance to the breath—special Saturday—per tube..... 15c

Cosmo Buttermilk Soap, 3 cakes in box, best soap in the world for bath or toilet—regular price 10c a cake—Saturday, per box of three cakes..... 19c

25c bottle Violet Talcum Toilet Powder, glass bottle and sprinkler top, special Saturday—per bottle..... 10c

50c bottle Michelsen's St. Thomas Bay Rum, double distilled—imported goods—per bottle..... 39c

25c Infants' feeding bottles, containing one graduated bottle, 2 brushes and one rubber feeder—special at—per set..... 12c

Freimuth's

Men's Furnishings New For Fall.

A Special Advance Sale.

Your every want can be filled at this satisfactory men's store—and always at less than you'd pay elsewhere. Tomorrow there'll be specially attractive prices attached to new fall wearables. Thus:

Men's Flannelette Gowns—60 inches wide—in solid colors of pink, blue white—trimmed with plain bands of flannelette, special value at $1.25—our leader at..... $1.00

Men's Flannelette Gowns—in stripes of pink and blue—59 inches long— extra wide collar and cuffs and front band trimmed with embroidery—good value at $1—Saturday, each..... 75c

Roots' Tivoli Underwear—of natural wool undyed—silk facing—crocheted neck band—perfect fitting—sold throughout the country at $1.25—our special sale price Saturday, per garment..... $1.00

ADVANCE SALE MEN'S CASHMERE HOSE.

100 dozen Men's Cashmere Hose—Imported—the famous Castlegate make—all sizes—in black and natural gray—spliced heel and toe—regular 50c value—sale price Saturday, 3 for $1.00—per pair..... 35c

Cotton Is King!

The designers have gone into another field this fall in their efforts to create new and original ideas. Mercerized cottons and fancy woven vestings are the most popular fabrics for fall waists. We've a splendid assortment. Make your selection while the showing is at its best.

ROMANCES THREE

Of the Beautiful Garner Girls Which Gave Titles.

Gotham Society Awaiting Their Visit With Pleasant Anticipation.

New York, Sept. 4.—The Garner girls are coming!

Society finds itself on the tremulous tiptoe of delightful anticipation. Isn't one a marquise, another a comtesse and the third the beautiful, loyal, altogether lovable Lady Gordon-Cumming, the American girl who cast her lot with the British nobleman after a court of law in London had left him convicted of gambling at cards with the prince of Wales, now Edward VII, king of all Britain?

Newport looks forward to a round of entertaining for the three—wonderfully charming women, all! But perhaps the three Garner girls may not go to Newport. What they really seek here is not the life of that gay summer capital—they have even a more congenial life abroad. They are simply journeying across the Atlantic for a little matter of millions.

After long and costly litigation the courts have awarded the three plaintiffs, Mme. la Marquise de Breteuil, Mme. la Comtesse von Moltke Huitfeldt and Lady Gordon-Cumming—Marcellite, Edith and Florence Garner that were—$4,000,000 from the estate of their father, William T. Garner. He was drowned with his wife and two of their sailors aboard their yacht Mohawk, capsized in the lower bay by a sudden squall on July 20, 1876, when the three girls weer little tots.

When the will was opened it was found that Mr. Garner had provided royally for his three girls. The estate was appraised at $14,000,000. A trust was created by which it should be held until the youngest daughter, Lady Gordon-Cumming, then golden-haired Florence Garner, almost an infant in arms, should be 25 years of age.

When the daughters grew up they found that they weren't getting what they thought should be theirs by right. Their father had been a millionaire millowner and customs broker. By his will he had created a corporation to take over the vast business which he left behind him after his sudden and untimely death.

The girls demanded their rights.

The trustees decided that the money should go to further increasing the business. William E. Thorne, the sole surviving trustee, fought the case bitterly. He won. The three titled sisters appealed. The appellate division of the supreme court reversed the decision and awarded the three beautiful noblewoman an additional $4,000,000 to what they had already received.

After the distressing tragedy in which the three beautiful girls were left orphans the will was found. It provided that the executors divide his real estate among his children and continue his business.

From its profits they were to pay his wife $70,000 every year for her maintenance. The rest of the income of the business was to be paid to the children, each one receiving her share when she reached the age of 25, although it was directed that in the meantime the executors were to expend such sums as might be necessary for their education, support and peasce and comfort.

From the profit thus divided a percentage was to be withheld, and this was to form a fund which would be made part of the working capital of the estate. This fund, the testator provided, should not be distributed until such time as his wife and daughter Florence were both dead.

The daughter contended that the application of additional profits to a fund was an accumulation contrary to the spirit of the law, and Judge Jenks, who wrote the opinion for the appeal division, sustains that contention.

He says that each of the children should have received one-third of the income of the estate at the time she was 21 years old, and that she is entitled to the difference between what she did receive and what she would have received had the will been so construed.

The difference thus taken from the working capital of the estate, as it is called in the will, and to be divided among the daughters of the testator, amounts to $3,830,975, with interest to be added.

Judge Jenks says there must not be charged against this the $1,019,752.93 expended by the executors for the education and support of the three girls prior to the time they arrived at the age of 25.

Thus modified, Judge Jenks says the judgment of the referee and of the lower court which confirmed it is sustained, and the estate will henceforth be managedb y a corporation, which will be executor in place of Mr. Thorne.

There are many men in New York today who remember William T. Garner—"Billy," as he was generally called—a sthe most gentle, the most lovable, charitable and long-suffering of men. There was nothing of suspicion or faultfinding in his sunny nature. He lavished money alike on his family and friends, took side with the weak, aided the poor and was often deceived by the cunning. He lost his life trying to save his beloved wife.

There were many legal complications and contentions over the guardianship of the three girls. No wonder. Wasn't the estate worth $14,000,000?

They were finally consigned to the care of Mr. Garner's sister, Mrs. Frank Lawrence. Of course, the little heiress, at that time 8, 5 and 2 years old respectively, received every luxury and indulgence, but they missed the mother's care. They grew up to be beautiful women far from the land where they were born.

And not since the Garner girls lost both father and mother have they been in this country. They had been carefully reared in Paris, and there they elected to stay. The handsome town house bought by part of their father's millions and the superb country villa and estate down on Staten Island were sold. There abroad each sister has had her romance—a romance that has brought a nobleman to the feet of each of the three.

And chiefest of all was the marriage of stately Florence, most beautiful of the trio, to the ostracised Sir William Gordon-Cumming.

She would have married him?

Should he have married her?

The Garners emphatically answered "No!" to both. The social world took sides on the question. But even after the highest courts of law in all Britain had condemned the man she loved as a common cheat at cards, Florence Garner married him. As one of the Garners said at that time:

"He stands now, as he knows, in the eyes of the world in which until quite recently he was a power, as convicted of cheating at cards. He should not have endured that the woman who plighted her troth to him when his name was spotless should wed him now after the disclosure of the Tranby Croft scandal and wear it with him tarnished.

"He should not have permitted her to yield to the generous impulse of her noble and self-sacrificing nature. He should not have permitted her to go with him before the altar and take his name until he had triumphed over his enemies, persecutors or whatever they may be; until he had a name to give her which was as spotless and as honored as was the name of Gordon-Cumming when she learned to know and to love him."

All the world knows the scandal at Tranby Croft, the Wilsons' palatial country house, where, as guests, were the prince of Wales and Sir William Gordon-Cumming, clubman, society leader, man of the world and hero of many a fight at the head of his regiment down among the savage tribes of the tropics which England has had on her hands for so many centuries.

Sir William was accused of cheating while playing baccarat there. He promptly sued for damages for slander, thereby hoping to clear his good name. The prince of Wales was himself summoned as a witness. The case went against Sir William. He appealed twice, and both times the verdict was sustained.

He was ruined socially and professionally. He was cashiered from the army, he was expelled from his clubs. Society turned a cold shoulder to him where once it had lavished its hospitalities upon the man who had been the close friend of the prince and heir apparent, well thought of enough by his imperial highness to be allowed to be a member of the house party where the prince was to be the guest of honor.

But cheating at cards?

No crime is more hideous to the fashionable Britisher. The courts against him, he was dropped like a hot potato, was Sir William Gordon-Cumming, lion of the clubs and friend of Wales. He offered to Miss Garner, his fiancee, her freedom.

"I love you," was her answer, "and I believe that everything they say is a lie. I have promised to marry you, and I will."

At her request the wedding took place at once. Society did not attend. It was even difficult to find a clergyman who would perform the simple service demanded by the laws of the Church of England. To act as best man for Sir William cost Maj. John Vesey Dawson, equerry to the prince of Wales and officer in the famous Coldstream guards, his position in the royal household. He and Sir William had fought their way shoulder to shoulder from Korti to Khartoum, and each man esteemed and respected the other.

"He could not do such a thing," said Dawson, and so by his mere act in handing the ring for the bride of his friend he gave up all that an Englishman holds most dear—the companionship of royalty, much leisure and admirable billets. But Florence Garner gave up more.

She went into social exile at once. With her husband she sought the quiet of the Gordon-Cumming 40,000 acres at Altyre, Torren, Elgin county, Scotland. There they lived in happy seclusion ever since, "the world forgetting and by the world forgot!" Occasionally they entertain a friend who never believed the charges against Sir William. But the social life of the countryside is not for them. To be pleasant to the Gordon-Cummings would be to incur the displeasure of the king.

But they are very, very happy—the wife is as devoted to her titled husband as she was on the day when she whispered the "Yes!" which made him her affianced. Three little ones have come to them in the lapse of years—Elmer, Alexander and Ronleyn. Their only diversion is an occasional visit to the continent and sometimes a short stay at the handsome homes of the other two Garner girls in Paris—the Marquise de Breteuil or the Comtesse von Moltke-Huitfeldt.

Not so sad, but even more romantic, was the match between Edith Garner and Comte Leon von Moltke-Huitfeldt. She was traveling in Switzerland with her eldest sister, the marquise de Breteuil and the marquis. A mountain ascent was proposed. Off they went, with a guide and two women friends.

A sudden misstep, a stone that rolled, and Miss Garner had a sprained ankle. The marquis left the women alone and with the guide went to get assistance. Then the fog—the dense, tremendous, all-pervading fog of the Alps, cold, yellow, dank. Guide and nobleman lost their way.

Four women were left alone thousands of feet in the air on a wind-swept mountain peak, precipices yawning on every side to engulf their shattered bones if once they started down unguided.

"We must scream for help," said the marquise. "Perhaps there may be some one here on the mountain who will help us."

Suddenly, after they had cried and cried for half an hour, out of the depths came a voice.

"Que voulez-vous?" it asked.

It was Comte Leon von Moltke-Huitfeldt, member of one of the first families o. Denmark and a resident of Paris.

He groped his way through the fog at the sound of the voices. There he found the four women alone and despairing of help. The three could walk, but not Miss Garner. The sprained ankle was now giving her intense agony. And so the gallant nobleman picked up the strange American girl in his arms and boldly led the way down the dangerous mountain to a chalet that he knew of below.

That little time had been enough.

He knew he loved the girl who had trusted herself to him. In very little time he had gathered enough courage to speak what he had to say. The marriage took place soon after, and it has been one of the happiest of international matches.

And the marquise de Breteuil—Marcellite Garner—met her fate in almost as romantic a way.

She was in a bank on the Continent. The clerks had counted out the 10,000 francs which Miss Marcellite Garner was drawing and laid them down carelessly in the window. A couple of roughs rushed up, seized the money and made off.

Instantly the clerks were coldness itself. They calmly informed the beautiful American girl that their responsibility had instantly ceased when they placed the money out on the window shelf.

At another window was the Marquis de Breteuil. He had been drawing money, too. He heard the sneers of the clerks, and, stepping up, asked the terrified American girl if he could be of any service.

"This is an outrage," he declared hotly. "I'll find the thief myself. Your name and address, madamoiselle?"

He called a cab and was off. Stranger yet, he caught the robbers with the assistance of a couple of detectives whom he pressed into service. He returned every franc of the money to the grateful girl.

"It was all I had in the world," said Miss Garner, thinking the marquis just a money-worshipping aristocrat.

He was allowed to call. He was plainly smitten. Finally he mustered up enough courage to propose marriage to the lovely American.

"I love you," she said, "but I can bring you but a humble dot. I am very poor."

"I ask no dot," said the gallant marquis. "I have enough for both. I ask only you."

LOUBET RECEIVES LEOPOLD.

Paris, Sept. 4.—President Loubet received King Leopold of Belgium, a military force rendering the honors. The meeting was significant in connection with Great Britain's representations to the powers on the conditions of affairs in the Congo states. It is understood that Belgium is seeking the co-operation of France in the maintenance of the present status.

Men's Up-to-Date Fall Suits

Just opened at prices that will interest you.

C. W. ERICSON, The Clothier.

YOUNG MEN AND YOUNG WOMEN.

If you are thinking of entering a commercial school, then the many and varied advantages of the New Era Business college must appeal to your serious consideration. To each student entering upon a full course, a Remington or Smith Premier typewriter will be furnished free for use out of school hours at their houses or rooms during a six months' term. No other school ever made a like offer.

Lester Park.

There will be dancing in two pavilions afternoon and evening Labor Day, rain or shine. Two first-class orchestras (Flaaten nd Blewett's) will furnish music. Tickets good for both halls.

Home Visitors' Excursions.

"The North-Western Line" will sell "Home Visitors" excursion tickets, Sept. 1st, 8th and 15th, and October 6th, to points in Indiana and Ohio, at one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets good for return passage 30 days from date of sale. For further information, call at 405 West Superior Street.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Special Labor Day sale!

Open till 10 Saturday night. Closed all day Monday. The best values in dependable, worthy goods. The kind you want, at prices way below what you can do elsewhere. This is your store—the home of money-saving.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

Ready-to-wear for women

Shirt waists The "last call" sale continues Saturday and you can buy any shirt waist in the house for less than cost of the material. White, black and colored waists worth up to $1.50, for **89c.** White and colored waists worth up to $1, for **59c.** White and colored waists worth up to 85c, for---- **35c**

Kimonos White and colored long and short kimonos—pretty patterns and very desirable styles—worth up to $2.50 each. We will close them all out at---- **89c**

$12.50 dress skirts, $3.98 The most important money-saving offer ever made in high novelty and stylish dress skirts. These have three flounces, are prettily trimmed and are actual $12.50 values. Voiles and etamines are the materials, black and blue the colors. Any skirt for **$3.98**

Bead chains Two lots of stylish long bead chains will be offered Saturday for about half price — one lot of 98c chains for 50c. One line of fine 50c chains, each---- **25c**

Wrist bags Don't let Saturday pass without getting on your wrist one of the beautiful leather wrist bags, going at nearly half price in the leather goods department — at 89c, 69c, 49c, 39c and---- **25c**

Leather belts Our entire assortment of black and colored belts, straight and shaped styles — all worth 35c—Saturday for ---- **17c**

Gloves Kid gloves at 69c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00 — the best values for the money. Pure silk and lisle gloves in black and white at 50c. Cashmerette gloves—black and colors, extra good value at---- **25c**

Millinery The new fall and winter hats are ready at 95c to $3.50, but for Saturday we continue our "last call" offer of every trimmed hat and every summer hat in the house, regardless of cost or value—former prices up to $6.50—we give you your choice of any hat for only ---- **75c**

Vests and pants Saturday we place on sale 100 dozen women's heavy and medium weight fleece lined natural and ecru vests and pants — the best values we have ever offered at---- **25c**

Stockings Grand values up to $1.50 a pair, in black and colored hosiery. SPECIAL for Saturday—we offer fancy and black hose, openwork and plain ribbed—beautiful assortment of values up to 25c, at ---- **3 pairs 25c**

Ready-to-wear for girls.

Outing hats All our linen and duck stitched outing hats, broad and medium and Priscilla brims, regular values up to $1.50—closing them out at---- **25c**

Girls' tams Two special bargains in tams for girls—fine cloth tams, worth 69c and 75c, to close at **48c**—one lot odds and ends in good tams, worth up to 75c, closing at---- **25c**

Underwear Assortment of children's medium and heavy weight ribbed and plain fleece lined vests and pants good qualities, good wear, good values, prices according to size, the smallest size being—for this sale---- **10c**

Girls' shoes Sizes 11 to 2—misses' fine vici kid shoes, lace or button, new fall stock, made to resist wear and at the same time to be "good lookers." Regular $1.75 values—for---- **$1.25**

Girls' dresses Saturday you will have first chance at the beautiful new ready-made dresses for girls of 3 to 14 years—bright colors and plaids, beautifully trimmed with braids, fancy yokes and ruffles. You couldn't buy the materials and make them for twice the money. The best are $6.98 and there are good ones for $3.50, $2.75 and as low as---- **75c**

Misses' jackets Tan covert cloth coats with silk serge linings, very comfortable, convenient and good. Coats actually worth up to $8.50, for **$4.98**

Ready-to-wear for boys

Shoes That will wear like iron—$2.00 quality, box calf, double solid leather soles, full widths, sizes 1 to 5½. We present every purchaser with 50c on Saturday by selling these shoes at---- **$1.50**

Caps New assortment of all sorts of caps—play, jaunty, golf auto, yacht and military caps, with visors, gold braid and all the "fancy fixtures"—values up to 50c. Choice of any cap Saturday---- **25c**

Knee pants Black, blue and fancy cheviot and cassimere knee pants, all sizes 4 to 16 years, every pair worth 50c or more—some worth 75c and $1.00. Saturday we'll let you pick for **25c**

Suits We have a wonderfully big new stock and grand variety of suits for little and big boys, including sailor and Russian blouse and fancy suits as well as Norfolks, single and double breasted. **Special** for Saturday we offer a line of Norfolk, single and double breasted suits made to sell for $3.75 at---- **$1.98**

Boys' shirts Included in our combination sale of shirts are several hundred boys' sizes from 13½ to 15½—soft and stiff bosom shirts, light and dark colors and worth 50c and 75c—choice Saturday---- **3 for $1.00**

Boys' stockings Fast black heavy ribbed cotton stockings, made especially for boys who bore holes in the knees—sizes 6 to 16 years—good 25c values, Saturday per pair---- **19c**

Ready-to-wear for men.

Canes For Labor Day provide yourself with a good cane. Our new cane department includes every good sort up to $7.50 each. Special for Labor day we offer 10 dozen 25c bamboo canes, rich color, strong and handsome, with natural crook and knob heads at ---- **15c**

Hat and caps See our new fall stock of stiff and soft hats in black, greys and browns. The latest clocks, at a third less than hat store prices. Plain and fancy caps for men in all shapes and colors, including white. Special—closing out all our white caps, suitable for Labor Day wear, 50c and 75c values—for this sale all go at---- **39c**

Shirts special A sale Saturday of a manufacturer's samples of percale, madras and pique shirts, all good colors, stiff and soft bosoms, all sizes from 14 to 17 and good 75c and $1.00 values—will let you have them Saturday at---- **3 for $1.00**

Underwear Early fall goods, correct weights and the best of values; men's natural and blue Jersey ribbed shirts and drawers, medium and extra heavy weights and are worth $1.25—Saturday---- **75c**

Men's Socks All the 50c and 75c black and fancy embroidered half hose with be closed out at 25c a pair. All the 25c fancy colored and pattern half hose, strong cotton and lisle will be offered Saturday at, only---- **2 for 25c**

Neckwear A snap—50c neckwear for 25c—all new silk tecks and four-in-hands that are good 50c values and sold for 50c in the furnishing stores. Good colors; white and black included. Take your choice Saturday for---- **25c**

Men's Gloves A fine lot of $1.25 gloves—kid, dogskin and mocha, good colors, right styles, all sizes. We present every customer with 25c Saturday by selling these gloves at, per pair ---- **$1.00**

Suspenders The Guyot style now so generally worn. Strong net, flexible to all positions. The regular price is 25c a pair. Saturday we will give them to you at, per pair--- **15c**

Sweaters all sizes good fall weight sweaters for good fall weight boys—colors blue, red and black—just the thing for play and school during the fall months---- **50c**

$1.25 fancy mercerized vestings for waists 35c

Beautiful heavy vestings with white grounds and fancy colored dots, spots and figures. The daintiest and prettiest materials made. Our buyer picked up about 2000 yards, a mill's entire balance, at a price so low that in view of the increased price of all cotton materials we are able to offer a simply phenomenal sale.

35c worth 75c, 85c, 98c and $1.25 per yard.

We place the entire 2000 yards on sale Saturday on bargain counter No. 1, main floor, and we assure you that this is one of the grandest bargains we have ever known in high class wash materials. There are some black-and-white, some blue and some ecru shades, and some pure white, but most have dainty colored figures on white grounds. You'll certainly get no such values again this fall and we urge every woman to come early for first choice of these remarkably underpriced mercerized vestings for waists.

35c worth 75c, 85c, 98c and $1.25 per yard.

Such values make us Duluth's busiest shoe store.

The Labor Day sale is the occasion of some of the supremest values of the year.

Special showing of new swell fall shoes, patent colt and kid, or vici kid, in hand welts and turns, made on the new "Fashion" last for fall—all sizes and widths—made to retail at $4.50 and $5.00. Special introductory sale for one day only—Saturday—a pair **$3.50**

Ladies light or extension sole shoes—in plump vici kid stock. Stylish, serviceable footwear in all sizes. Regular $2.50 values—special price for Labor Day sale—only---- **$1.89**

If you go to the dance Saturday evening, come and buy a pair of $2.00 satin slippers here at 98c a pair—they are regular $2.00 value, but for one day—Saturday—we will sell them at---- **98c**

Child's fine kid shoes—lace and button—R. T. Wood's goods—they are regular $1.50 and $1.75 values—sizes from 5 to 11—Saturday special—per pair---- **98c**

Toilet necessities for Labor day.

Marshmallow Cream—25c size ---- 16c
Plate Glass Mirrors—25c size ---- 21c
Leithhead Tooth Paste—25c size ---- 13c
Almond Meal, the best made—25c box ---- 15c
Dentomyrrh, for the teeth—25c bottle ---- 16c
Bailey's Talcum Powder, 19c a box regularly—special ---- 9c
Woodbury's Facial Soap—25c size ---- 15c
Household Ammonia, extra strength—10c size ---- 5c
Armour's Floating White Soap—10c size ---- 6c
Ed. Pinaud's 50c Handkerchief Extracts—oz. ---- 35c
La Blanche Face Powder; all tints—50c boxes ---- 37c
50c bottles of fine triple extracts, all favorite odors---- 38c

PICNIC

Supplies of all kinds for your Labor Day picnics. Qualities best—Glass Block prices lowest.

DENNISON'S PAPER NAPKINS—The complete line of these beautiful, dainty napkins, in plain and decorated—per dozen ---- 5c
Per 100, 25c to 45c.

WOOD PLATES—Large size, fluted, wood plates, at—per doz---- 5c

PICNIC BASKETS—Nice, new goods, with cover and handles, at—each—
15c, 19c, 23c, 29c

TEA SPOONS—Heavy tin spoons, will not twist—per dozen ---- 15c

TIN TEA SPOONS—The light tin, at—per dozen ---- 5c

Tin Cups, Enameled Cups, etc.

Life of Pope Leo XIII

Bishop McGolrick endorses

The Glass Block book department has just received a supply of the only authentic biography of Pope Leo XIII, written by Mgr. Bernard O'Reilly and endorsed by Bishop McGolrick of Duluth, who says:

"The Life of Pope Leo XIII by Monsignor O'Reilly is a well written biography, carefully prepared by one who had full opportunity of knowing the Holy Father and the events of his time."

Bound in cloth beautifully gold embossed cover, 758 pages profusely illustrated ---- $2.50

Bound in half morocco, solid covers, 758 pages, profusely illustrated, only ---- $3.50

Bound in full red morocco with gold back and gold edges 758 pages, profusely illustrated ---- $5.00

Handkerchiefs and ribbons specially low priced tomorr'w

Handkerchief headquarters is so surely at the Glass Block, seems unnecessary to repeat it. But it's such prices as these that clinch the argument and seal the fact.

ALL LINEN—every thread—plain unlaundered hemstitched handkerchiefs—Not so very fine, but they're all linen and strong. Been selling them for 7c, they're worth 10c. Saturday you can have them for---- **5c**

EMBROIDERED—double hemstitched with pretty embroidered figures between the two rows. They are good 15c values. Saturday's price ---- **9c**

These ribbons are good bargains.

One lot of beautiful Louisine, all silk ribbons, 3½ and 4 inches wide, best colors and worth up to 25c a yard—Saturday, per yard ---- **15c**

HARRIS IS RANK

Steals Game From Duluth In Anxiety to Have Grand Forks Win.

Even Permits Player to Stop Another From Catching Ball.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Winnipeg	61	27	.693
Grand Forks	55	34	.652
Crookston	53	38	.582
Duluth	39	49	.443
Fargo	35	59	.383
Superior	25	60	.294

* * *

A most daring broad daylight robbery occurred yesterday afternoon.

One lone highwayman disguised in the official capacity of a Northern league umpire, held up the White Sox right before the eyes of many astonished good citizens and several detectives and policemen.

If there ever was a case for the grand jury it was the glaring steal of yesterday's game at Athletic Park. Umpire Harris, a former pitcher of the Grand Forks team, is the man that should be indicted.

Mr. Harris is really a very competent umpire. He has officiated here before and given the utmost satisfaction, but apparently his desire to see Grand Forks beat Crookston out for second place has warped his sense of fair play. The first evidence of this came in the eighth inning. With two men out and one on bases Noldin had two strikes on the third man. He sent the next ball squarely across the center of the plate—as pretty a strike as ever was pitched. Crippen thinking the side retired threw the ball to second and the other players believing all hands out made no effort to field the ball. Harris called it a ball and Hartley scored on the throw.

Then in the eighth Kennally hit out a two-bagger that scored Shepard. Brockway was out and Dilkes got a base on balls. Crippen drove a clean single to left and Kennally headed for home. He beat the ball and Mullane did not come within two feet of touching him, yet Harris called him out. That would have been Duluth's winning run.

In the seventh inning Cole singled to middle and Lagger for some unknown reason threw the ball to first. He went high and just as Kennally jumped for it Cole was rounding the sack. He caught Kenally's arm and the ball went by and Cole reached third. Umpire Harris said the whole proceeding was entirely regular.

The feature of the game was Shepard's batting and fielding, and Noldin's fine control. The score:

DULUTH.

	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Quillan, 3b	0	0	1	0	0
Shepard, ss	2	3	2	6	0
Lagger, cf	1	1	0	0	1
Kennally, 1b	0	2	19	1	1
Brockway, 2b	0	0	1	6	1
Wilkes, lf	0	2	1	1	0
Crippen, c	0	2	7	1	1
Shaw, rf	0	0	3	0	0
Noldin, p	0	0	2	5	1
Totals	3	10	35	20	5

GRAND FORKS.

	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Corigan, ss	2	2	1	5	0
Hanahran, 3b	1	2	2	4	0
Hartley, rf	1	0	1	0	0
Cole, 1b	0	3	16	0	0
McCoy, lf	0	1	1	1	0
Cox, cf	0	0	0	0	0
Mullane, c	1	1	9	1	0
Cardow, 2b	0	0	6	6	0
Dellar, p	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	5	9	36	19	0

	R.	H.	E.
Duluth	2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	3	10	5
Gd. Forks	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 0	2	5	9	0

Summary: Two-base hits—Kennally. Stolen bases—Hanahran, Lagger, Wilkes. Bases on balls—By Noldin, 2; by Dellar, 3. Struck out—By Noldin, 7; by Dellar, 6. Left on bases—Duluth, 8; Grand Forks, 8. Time of game—2:03. Umpire—Harris.

* * *

Superior had the usual tale to tell yesterday. Crookston won hands down. The score:

SUPERIOR.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Williams, ss	3	0	0	1	2	0
Cassiboine, 2b	4	0	0	4	3	0
Foster cf	4	0	1	3	0	1
Page, 3b	3	0	0	1	1	0
Spelliey, 1b	4	0	1	10	1	0
Hutter, rf	2	0	0	1	0	1
Hule, rf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Olson, lf	2	0	0	3	0	1
Howard, c	3	0	1	4	0	0
Doll, p	3	1	0	0	2	1
Totals	30	1	3	27	7	3

CROOKSTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Quigley, 3b	5	1	2	2	3	0
Burns, cf	6	0	0	2	0	0
Cameron, 1b	3	1	0	15	0	0
Hoffmeister, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Shields, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Brevette, ss	4	0	1	0	3	0
Carlisle, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Edwards, c	4	1	1	1	0	0
Freeman, p	3	1	0	1	0	1
Totals	36	5	7	27	12	1

Superior	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1
Crookston	0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 3 x—5

Summary—Stolen bases: Williams, Doll Cameron, Freeman. Two-base hits: Howard, Carlisle. Three-base hits: Shields. Bases on balls: By Doll, 3; by Freeman 3. Struck out: By Doll, 2; by Freeman 1. Passed balls: Howard, 1. Time of game, 1:40. Attendance, 200. Umpire McCallum.

* * *

Mr. Harris should understand that such tactics are not desirable even if his old team should be punched down to third place.

* * *

Scharnweber, the hard hitting short stop and Browne, the third baseman of the visitors, were unable to play yesterday but Corrigan and Hanaaran performed perfectly and the two regulars were not missed.

* * *

Shepard has played the last eight games without an error accepting on an average of five chances per game. He and Wilkes are hitting harder than any other men wearing the soiled sox.

* * *

Quillan is due with a batting streak of some kind. His stick work has been away off color lately.

* * *

Shepard's spear of Corrigan's drive in the first was worth seeing.

* * *

Brockway had an unfortunate error yesterday but after that played a fast game.

* * *

Gehring and Sessions are slated to do the twirling in today's game.

* * *

McCoy appeared for the first time in the Grand Forks uniform. His one hit was a scratch and he struck out twice.

* * *

Short Stop King of the Superior team is out of the hospital, but is far from good condition.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 4; Boston, 1. Second game—Boston, 2; Philadelphia, 0.

At Chicago—St. Louis, 5; Chicago, 2.

At Brooklyn—New York, 6; Brooklyn 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Washington—New York 3; Washington, 1.

At Boston—Boston, 6; Philadelphia, 5.
At Chicago—St. Louis 1; Chicago, 0.
At Detroit—Cleveland, 1; Detroit, 0.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Cloumbus—Columbus, 16; Kansas City, 2.

At Indianapolis—St. Paul, 5; Indianapolis, 2; Second game—Indianapolis 8; St. Paul, 7.

At Louisville—Minneapolis, 6; Louisville, 4. Second game—Louisville, 7; Minneapolis, 1.

At Toledo—Toledo, 7; Milwaukee, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	79	33	.705
New York	71	47	.602
Chicago	68	48	.586
Cincinnati	61	52	.539
Brooklyn	58	56	.508
Boston	48	65	.424
St. Louis	49	59	.327
Philadelphia	37	69	.358

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	75	40	.652
Cleveland	64	51	.556
Philadelphia	60	54	.526
New York	56	52	.514
Detroit	56	55	.504
Chicago	53	61	.465
St. Louis	53	61	.465
Washington	36	79	.313

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	78	41	.656
Louisville	72	45	.900
Milwaukee	68	50	.576
Indianapolis	65	56	.538
Kansas City	58	57	.504
Columbus	51	70	.421
Minneapolis	44	78	.359
Toledo	41	78	.338

IN speaking of a well-dressed man you say: "Well-dressed from head to foot."

You begin at the head, don't you?

GORDON hats cost $2 less than the $5 hats, but they have just as much style and quality as the more expensive kinds.

How do you know that?

Because the hat bears the name of GORDON.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—

Hood's Pills

FORMER SECRETARY LONG

May Be Elected to the Massachusetts Legislature.

Boston, Sept. 4.—Former Secretary of the Navy John D. Long will, in all probability, be elected next fall to the Massachusetts house of representatives. Hingham, the home town of the ex-secretary, was formerly Republican, but at present it is represented in the legislature by a Democrat.

Mr. Long's popularity in Hingham is such that if he is nominated he will get nearly every vote in the town, regardless of party sentiment.

Walter L. Borne, a close friend of Mr. Lang, said: "John D. Long is not seeking a nomination as representative to the general assembly. It is nevertheless probable that a practically unanimous request from the party for his acceptance of its nomination as the most available candidate would be regarded by him as a demand for service not to be lightly declined."

INCREASE IN NAVY

Naval Officers Agree With Views of Admiral Dewey.

President Roosevelt Also Said to Favor Immediate Enlargement.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Admiral Dewey reflected the general opinion of navy officers when he called attention to the weakness of the American navy as compard with those of Great Britain, France and Germany. While all the naval officers take great interest in the maneuvers, they assert frankly that the last one was ridiculously small and only served to call the attention of the world to the small number of vessels under the United States flag. The number was so small as to make the United States appear mean in the eyes of the world.

The United States has only fourteen first-class battleships, including those under construction. They are the Alabama, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kearsarge, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, Missouri, Ohio, Oregon, Rhode Island, Virginia and Wisconsin. It is true that most of these battleships are the best in the world, but three of them—the Massachusetts, Indiana and Oregon—are ten years old and in many respects obsolete. This is but a poor showing compared with the home fleet of Great Britain, which is more than double the number of first-class battleships in the whole United States navy.

When a comparison of cruisers is made, the showing is miserable. Naval officers suggest that those persons who are so confident of our naval strength might well ask themselves what would the fourteen battleships of the American navy do in conflict with the home fleet of Great Britain, which consists of thirty warships.

This is a question to which the country should give much serious thought, naval officers say. President Roosevelt, Secretary Moody, Admiral Dewey and every officer in the service is in favor of largely increasing the navy.

Congress now is alive to the situation, and the proposition to build a certain number of ships each year until the United States takes its proper place as a naval power has many strong supporters.

Admiral Dewey's note of warning will, it is believed, have a good effect, as the people of the country have absolute confidence in his opinion, and will come to the support of congress, many members of which have for years advocated a larger navy.

A MARRIAGE GRAFT.

Sioux City Man Fleeced By Chicago Gang.

Sioux City, Iowa, Sept. 4.—Abraham Kopald, a cobbler, was granted a divorce Wednesday after proving to the satisfaction of Judge Gaynor that he was the victim of a regularly operating Chicago gang of confidence people, whose graft was the marriage of a woman member for the purpose of fleecing victims.

Kopald had accumulated a fortune when he went to Chicago last spring. He was accosted by a stranger in his native Hungarian. The stranger found he was not married and told him he had just the girl for him. Accordingly Kopald was taken to a small store at Jefferson and Taylor streets and introduced to a man named Friedman. A woman was presented as Miss Udes Friedman, a sister of the proprietor. The courtship progressed well and they were married the second day. Kopald gave wedding dinners, theater parties, bought diamonds and numerous dresses, and even paid "commission" when it was demanded. The wife made an appointment with him which she did not keep, and Kopald went to the Friedman store to find it deserted. He then realized he had been "worked" to the tune of about $2000.

A LOT OF TROUBLE.

Minister Unwillingly Marries His Wife to Stranger.

Binghampton, N. Y., Sept. 4.—In his efforts to entertain the members of his church at a social, Rev. Thomas Hayes, of Chicago, unwittingly married his own wife to a stranger, and there is a lot of trouble afloat. Mr. Hayes and his wife participated in a tableaux, which was a part of the entertainment. It was a part of a "Hindoo wedding," and Mrs. Hayes took the part of a bride, Mr. Hayes performing the ceremony as the priest. The bridegroom was William Hall, who is engaged to marry a prominent society leader of Susquehanna county and an heiress.

Nothing was thought of the matter until after the entertainment some person called the attention of Hall's fiancee to the fact that her sweetheart was already wedded, having been married by a minister. The story that started as a joke was found to be too true, the husband in his official capacity having unwittingly pronounced the fatal words.

It did not make so much difference to Mr. Hayes and his wife, as neither recognized the legality of it, but with the fiancee it was different. In vain he protested it was all a joke, and that really there was no marriage. She replied that under the state law the ceremony was legal, and she would never marry a man when this question hung over him. Then Hall wanted to take the matter into court, but Mr. Hayes objected to having his wife's name mixed up in divorce proceedings, no matter how innocently.

SIX HUNDRED MORMONS

Hold an Indignation Meeting at Salt Lake.

Salt Lake City, Sept. 4.—Six hundred Mormons scored the Mormon church authorities in a red-hot indignation meeting held here. The communication of Editor Otto Rydman caused the demonstration. Sensational charges were made. The rebels are Swedes, many of whom were converted in Sweden. Thomas Narbrg said:

"The next act was to accuse our beloved Brother Rydman with un-Christian-like conduct. This time Angus McAnnon, one of the great heads of the church, was the aggressor, and every one in Zion knew what the result must be. Again I ask, if a preacher of a new gospel came to our home in the form of a gentleman, and after accomplishing the ruin of your daughter, fled 8000 miles to escape the consequences, what would you call him?"

REMARKABLE CATCH

Made By a Chicago Girl In Wisconsin.

Racine, Wis., Sept. 4.—Miss Lilian Bredrich, of Chicago, has the honor of making the most remarkable catch that has been recorded in Wisconsin during the fishing season.

In the neighborhood of Horlick's dam she hooked what was at first supposed to be a fish of unusual size. When brought to the surface, however, the catch was found to be a dilapidated looking pair of trousers. The pockets were searched and $8.13 in money found.

De Witt is the name. The pure unadulterated Witch Hazel is used in making DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, which is the best salve in the world for cuts, burns, bruises, boils, eczema and piles. Beware of counterfeits. Sold by all druggists.

FURS FURS



The season is here and you should be picking out your furs for the winter. We are showing as fine a line of UP-TO-DATE Neck Scarfs, Boas, Stoles, fancy Neck Pieces and Muffs as was ever shown in the city.

We Have Neck Scarfs Ranging in Price From—

$4.00 to $87.50

We can save you anywhere from $1.00 to $5.00 on the above goods. Every article of fur in our establishment is manufactured in our own workshops; if we have not what you want in stock we have the skins, from which we can make them for you.

OUR REPAIRING DEPARTMENT is now working full force. If your garment needs any alteration now is the time to have it attended to. All work guaranteed.

ZENITH FUR CO.

D. A. CONE,

131 West Superior Street. Corner Second Ave.

Over Suffel & Co.'s.

AT WEST DULUTH

The Red Cliffs mill will close down tomorrow evening for repairs.

The night shift has been laid off for the past week, and the day crew will also be taken off for two or three weeks, while the mill machinery is overhauled preparatory to the winter's run. But few of the men will be idle, as the majority of them will be employed in making the repairs.

A night shift will be added to the Alger & Smith mill during the coming week, probably on Tuesday night. The mill belonging to the company will be closed down for two or three weeks for the semi-annual repairs, preparatory to the winter run. Both the Red Cliff and the Garfield avenue mill of the Alger & Smith company have hot ponds and run during the winter. The West Duluth mill of the Alger & Smith company, however, shuts down with the freezing up of the bay, and no extensive repairs will be made on this mill until after the closing down for the season.

The Merrill & Ring mill also closes down with the coming of winter, and no temporary closing for repairs will be necessary. This mill is now running with two shifts.

The St. Louis mill is also running with two shifts at present, working on a large contract which will probably be completed before winter sets in. The mill has been running on this contract since last January, and for the greater part of the time with two shifts.

TO HAVE FULL SERVICE.

All Northern Pacific Trains to Run Through Here.

By Sept. 15 all passenger trains of the Northern Pacific railroad will be running through West Duluth.

The state railroad and warehouse commission has finally come to a settlement with the officials of the road, adopting the agreement which was made at the hearing held in Duluth recently.

One train each way will run the entire distance on the all-Minnesota route, while the other two trains from Duluth to St. Paul will pass through West Duluth and then cross the bay to Superior. The two corresponding trains from St. Paul to Duluth will use the same route, coming to Superior and crossing the bay to West Duluth.

All of the trains will thus pass by the Fifty-fifth avenue depot, and the old service which was accorded by the St. Paul & Duluth road will be restored. The Fifty-ninth avenue station will be closed.

The depot has been repainted and redecorated and has a very neat and trim appearance. The roadbed has also been repaired, and West Duluth will again become an important station on the main line of the Northern Pacific.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Patterson, Undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

The Uniform Rank, M. W. A., will give a grand Labor day ball in the Wieland & Wade hall, West Duluth, on Monday evening. Chartered cars to Duluth.

Jacob Schiller, of Neilsville, Wis., is in West Duluth today, registered at the Phillips hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Chris Murphy, of Grand Marais, stopped in West Duluth a few hours yesterday on their way home from the state fair.

The West Duluth barbers held a meeting last evening and decided to close their shops all day on Labor day and to join in the Labor day parade.

Carl Weever left last evening for St. Paul to attend the state fair.

Joseph A. Brophy, of New York city, is in West Duluth today on a business trip, registered at the Phillips hotel.

George Murray, of Chicago, is in West Duluth today on a short business trip.

Dr. Burnside and family have returned from a two weeks' outing at Isle Royale.

Mrs. Rhoda Stewart and her daughters, Misses Agness and Bessie, have returned from an Eastern trip. They have been absent about two months, during which time they have visited relatives in Boston, Worcester and Toronto.

Roy Cown is in West Duluth today from Virginia on a short visit with friends here.

Henry Sherman and family have returned to West Duluth from St. Hilaire, where they have been residing since last spring.

Miss S. Lindgren has returned from a trip through the East, and will open a millinery establishment on Central avenue.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Falkner, of Fifty-ninth avenue and Cody street, is seriously ill.

George Govett left this morning for a few days' visit with friends in Hibbing.

Frank Robinsin, of Virginia, is in the city today. He expects to make his home in West Duluth.

Dr. Huntoon, of the Red Cross hospital, will leave shortly for California, where he will spend the winter in the hope of restoring his health.

Oatka Tonight.

Dancing in the auditorium. Music by La Brosse. Extra car service.

Order 'em now

Take 'em when you like

1000 of the latest patterns at one single price. SUIT OR OVERCOAT made to order for

No More **$15** No Less

Perfect fit, style and workmanship guaranteed or money refunded.

SCOTLAND WOLLEN MILLS CO.

THE BIG TAILORS.

DULUTH STORE, 109 WEST SUPERIOR STREET,

EDWARD HELPERIN, Manager.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

First Hunting Accident of Season Occurs Near Mitchell.

Mitchell—The first acident of the hunting season occurred Wednesday night, when Clarence Pine, living near Mount Vernon, was accidentally shot in the elbow. His arm may eventually have to be amputated. Horace Shepherd, standing twenty-five feet behind Pine, received a portion of the shot in his breast and stomach and narrowly escaped being killed.

Vermillion—The boundary committees of South Dakota and Nebraska met in Sioux City to listen to arguments from Messrs Sears, of Decatur county and Warner, of Dakota City. The Nebraska committee has an idea that a fluctuating boundary is the only means of governing all ills, but the South Dakotans are of the opinion that under this rule a man might be in Nebraska when he went to bed and wake up in the morning a South Dakotan. Ex-Congressman J. L. Jolley, of this city, secretary of the South Dakota committee, believes that the matter will finally be settled by a recommendation to the legislatures of both states to make the center of the main channel of the Missouri river the boundary line. This seems the only plausible way of disposing of the boundary question.

Deadwood—The annual session of the Black Hills Methodist church will begin in Deadwood this evening. Bishop E. G. Andrews, of New York, will preside. There are twenty ministers in this mission, which extends from Edgemont, S. D., to Sundance, Wyo. It is having its most properous year. Several new churches are being built, others are receiving improvements and in a few places parsonages are being erected.

The conference will last until Monday, with sessions each morning, afternoon and evening. The appointments will be announced by Bishop Andrews Sunday evening.

Herreid—Campbell county has a mystery in the sudden disappearance of Oscar Martin, county superintendent. He left on a nexcursion to Bismarck Aug. 16 and has failed to return. It is learned that he sold his typewriter and collected sums due him here, and that he told a man on the train he would never return to Campbell county. He had been drinking heavily and neglecting the duties of his office. The county commissioners declared a vacancy yesterday and elected John Hirning to fill the unexpired term.

Huron—The central South Dakota fair, which begins here on Tuesday, promises to exceed in every department that of last year, which was a pronounced success in every particular. The exhibits of cattle, horses, sheep and swine will be the greatest seen in this part of the Northwest.

Several counties have arranged for space for county exhibits, and the government experiment station at Brookings will have a fine exhibit of stock and products of the station, but none will be entered for premiums. Huron ladies are busy planning for the exhibits in their departments.

Madison—Lake county farmers find they have raised a large crop of plums an dapples this year, much to their surprise. Planting of fruit trees has been going on for years in a desultory sort of way, and these accumulated plantings have finally resulted in a ssplendid stand of trees, this season being especially adapted for fruits and the general growth of trees. Some farmers have as high as 100 bushels of plums to dispose of, a condition of affairs that would have caused the old pioneers to have palpitation of the heart. The apple crop is also excellent and farmers are obliged to detail special guards with shotguns to keep the small boys away.

Detroit & Return $12.00.

The annual fall excursions to Detroit, Mich., will leave Duluth Sept. 13 and 18, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, connecting at St. Ignace with the palatial steamers of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company.

Detroit and return, $12.00; Buffalo and return, $14.00. Return limit, Oct. 11. For sleeping car and state room reservation please write or apply to

MART ADSON,
General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

At 4 p. m. daily, "The Twilight Limited." No other train like it. St. Paul, Minneapolis and the State Fair.

CONCEDES POINT

Northern Pacific Admits State Control of the Duluth Line.

Will Run All Passenger Trains Through West Duluth.

After a dispute lasting several months between the Minnesota railroad and warehouse commission and the management of the Northern Pacific road, the result of which is of vital interest to the West End as West Duluth, an amicable settlement as to how the Northern Pacific shall run its trains between Duluth and the Twin Cities has been effected.

The commission has given the road permission to run four of its passenger trains, two each way, via West Superior and Carlton, which is the old Northern Pacific route, and two, or one each day, via the old St. Paul and Duluth line, which is the short route between Duluth and St. Paul.

The railroad, in accepting the commission's offer, agrees to consider all traffic between Duluth and the Twin Cities as state traffic notwithstanding the fact that the portion of it operated by way of Superior and Carlton passes through Wisconsin territory. The road will consummate the change with but little alteration of present schedules and the management expects to put the change into effect about Sept. 15.

In order to better the facilities for train service the old passenger depot at Fifty-ninth avenue west will be abolished and the freight depot at Fifty-fifth avenue will be converted into a passenger and freight station. Under the terms agreed upon the company will run route their trains as follows:

Train No. 102, leaving Duluth at 9 a. m., direct to St. Paul via Twentieth avenue, West Duluth, Fifty-fifth avenue and Carlton.

Train No. 101, leaving St. Paul at 8:55 a. m. and arriving at Duluth at 2:10 p. m., same route as 102.

Trains Nos. 104 and 106, leaving Duluth, thence to West Superior, thence to Carlton and St. Paul.

Trains No. 103 and 105, leaving St. Paul at 2:25 and 11:10 p. m. respectively and arriving at Duluth 7 p. m. and 6:30 a. m., same route as trains No. 101 and 106.

With this schedule all trains will run by way of West Duluth. The service therefore will be all that could be asked by those interested in the solving of the question which has been in dispute.

Chief Clerk Anderson in Superintendent Blanchard's office said today: "The matter of effecting a settlement has been going on since the officials of the road and the railroad and warehouse commission held a conference Aug. 11. It was an old question and hinged upon the question as to whether traffic between Duluth and St. Paul and Minneapolis, which went by the way of Wisconsin points, should be considered state or inter-state business. Hereafter the road will count all such as state traffic. The new arrangement, whereby the trains are run by way of West Duluth with the establishment of a depot at Fifty-fifth avenue, will be important to West Duluth interests. It will ake several days to make the alterations in the depots and to get out new time cards showing the new routing of trains. We will probably operate under the new conditions Sept. 15."

THE STAGE

Having lost none of its power as a laugh provoker "Hunting for Hawkins," Guy F. Steely's three-act farce comedy, was presented before a well-filled house last night at the Lyceum theater by Stephen Fitzpatrick and his company under the management of L. B. Hodgson.

Between rounds of applause, the hunt for the missing Hawkins went merrily on from start to finish and the members of the cast acquitted themselves creditably throughout. The company had just been reorganized but the performances showed no traces of hesitation on the part of the characters. George W. Paige as Mathew Hawkins, "an obliging friend," proved himself capable of taking all things as they came and his actions, which necessarily had to bolster up the lies he told, showed that Hawkins was a man of versatile accomplishments.

Stephen Fitzpatrick, who, as Owen Touchem, never lost an opportunity to claim relationship with all with whom he came in contact, and who never failed to work his "grift" on men and women alike, shared with Mr. Paige the majority of credit for furnishing the amusement in the play. Fred E. Hawley as Lyman Ashley, a Wall street broker, and Joe Edwards as G. Pusey Sandcroft, a Boston poet, were more than acceptable. William B. Ayres, who on Wednesday married Miss Meta Eyferth, who played the part of Mrs. Hawkins, made a good Dick Singleton, who is forced to thrust Hawkins upon the mother and father of Bertha Ashley as Sandcroft, the poet with whom Dick then claims relationship. The parts of Mrs. Matilda Ashley, the proud society woman, Bertha Ashley, her daughter, and Georgiana Smith, an old maid, were taken by Ethel Hodgson, Viola La Bretta and Helen Harrington respectively. Miss Amy La Bretta appeared as the maid and David Rivers as Dr. Von Winkelstein.

* * *

The run of "Trilby" was concluded at the Metropolitan last evening and it was one of the most successful of the career of the present stock organization. Beginning this evening the laughable comedy "The Mysterious Mr. Jones" will be given and it is expected to prove an excellent bill. It will also be presented tomorrow afternoon and evening.

* * *

The new military comic opera "When Johnny Comes Marching Home," the Whitney Opera company's latest and most phenomenally successful opera will be seen at the Lyeum tonight and Saturday night and Saturday matinee. It consists of a series of brilliant military pictures, set to music. Much of it is permeated with patriotism. It is genuine, sincere patriotism particularly a rousing song with chorus "My Own United States." It is sung with unusual fervor by the entire company. "Just Marry the Man and Be Merry." Good Bye Yankees," "My Honeysuckle Girl," and "Years Touch Not the Heart" are all tuneful selections, and have become very popular. So has "Katie, My Southern Rose" which in the estimation of many, is the gem of the opera.

* * *

"Alexander the Great" in which Louis James and Frederick Warde will appear next Monday and Tuesday evenings, is generally regarded as one of the big "show" pieces of the season, and interest in the performance which would be pronounced in any event, on account of the popularity of the stars, is very keen. The opportunity, however, of seeing Mr. James and Mr. Warde in entirely new roles will be welcome.

Comments on the new play have been most enthusiastic, the verdict being generally to the effect that it ranks among the great classic plays of modern authorship. Mr. Warde is cast for the role of Perilccas, a man who was remarkable both as a statesman and a soldier. He was the favorite of Alexander, who sought his counsel in all his warlike projects. In the play he is made to appear envious of Alexander's fame, and to use his office as a means to accomplish Alexander's overthrow. Mr. James will appear as Alexander, will be seen as Clitus. Margaret Bourne as Roxana, Engel Sumner as Cleopatra and Wadsworth Harris as Snefruchef.



The Man Who Knows a Good Thing

knows us and our brands of liquors, wines and beer—or he should get acquainted with us and them forthwith. There's no particular parade about this establishment, but there is a whole lot of interior comforters at non-depleting pocketbook prices.

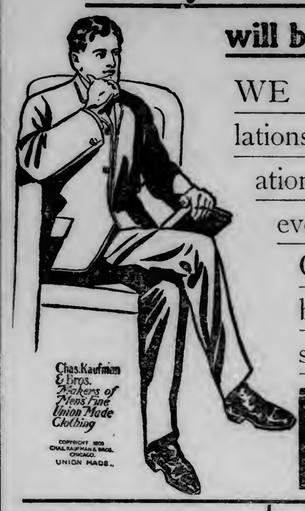
Manhattan Wine House,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Zenith Phone 661 Long Dist. 1000 **15 W. Superior St.**

LABOR DAY

Monday will be Labor Day and Our Store will be Closed all Day.



WE offer the workingman our congratulations for this great day of pleasure, recreation and reunion with our best wish that everyone will enjoy himself to the utmost.

Come to this store tomorrow for the best bargains in men's fine clothing, shoes, hats or furnishing goods.

GREAT TROUSER SALE CONTINUES TOMORROW

Men's Pants

Our great annual reduction sale of Men's fine trousers continues tomorrow. Don't miss these splendid bargains.

$2.50 pants **$1.49**

$3.00 pants **$1.99**

$3.50 pants **$2.49**

$4.50 pants **$2.99**

$5.00 pants **$3.49**

$6.00 pants **$3.99**

Men's Suits.

ISSUED BY AUTHORITY OF THE UNITED GARMENT WORKERS OF AMERICA. 1144 REGISTERED. UNION MADE.

FALL STYLES of the famous C. K. & B. Union Made Suits for Men on sale here tomorrow. Positively the best fitting suits in the world. Make your selections tomorrow—special values at—

$10, $12, $15, $18.

Furnishing Goods

Monarch Shirts....79c

Extensive array of newest up to date patterns. Your choice here tomorrow—

79c

Great bargains in Men's Neckwear—your choice of 100 dozen Men's finest imported silk four-in-hands—regular selling price 50c, 75c and $1.00. Here tomorrow for each—

35c

LIMIT—3 to customer.

Open Saturday Evening Until 10:30

EAGLE CLOTHING CO.

New Fall Gordon hats on sale tomorrow

321 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

HANNA'S FRIENDS

Alarmed By Return of His Heart Trouble.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Senator Hanna's illness has caused no little alarm among his friends here. It is not generally known, but it is true, that about two years ago Senator Hanna had some trouble with his heart.

He went to New York and consulted the most eminent specialist to be found there. "You may live a good many years," was the verdict of the specialist, "but you must be very careful; excitement, strain, overwork may produce the most disastrous consequences. You must go slow and learn to take it easy, or your heart will go back on you."

From that day to this Senator Hanna has tried to follow the advice of his medical adviser. In this affection of his heart is found one of the reasons why Mr. Hanna has decided to keep out of active politics as much as possible, and it also explains why he is so determined not to be the manager of the Roosevelt campaign next year. The president and his friends have hoped to prevail upon Mr. Hanna to retain the chairmanship of the national Republican committee and let other men do all the hard work. It is feared that the present illness may make it impossible for them to prevail upon the senator to do even that much.

IS MUCH IMPRESSED.

John L. Morrison, Sr., Looks For Fine Future Here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Morrison, Sr., of Tabor, Iowa, who have been visiting their son John L. Morrison, left for home this afternoon.

"I have been much interested in what I have seen of Duluth," said Mr. Morrison to The Herald. "The town is a much more substantial one as to buildings than I expected to see and the improvements here speak highly for the enterprise of the citizens.

"We took the lake trip around Isle Royale and that alone was worth coming the distance we did. I never saw anything like it and believe that Duluth would profit much by advertising it widely in the hotter localities south and southwest.

"I judge from my limited observation that the country around here has a great future for dairying and stock raising. Having spent many years in that business, I feel competent to express an opinion. The reputation over the country for dairy products, possessed by southern Minnesota easily can be earned and shared by this part of the state and a little systematic work to that end will quickly bring it about.

"If the prolific growth and fine flavor of wild fruits here are any indication, I think that the cultivation of tame small fruits would be both successful and profitable."

Mr. Morrison inspected The Herald's new home and printing plant and stated that they compare most favorably with the best newspaper offices and plants in Kansas City and Omaha.

BURGLARY CHARGED.

Congregational Minister Under Arrest In Oregon.

Hillsboro, Ore., Sept. 4.—The Rev. R. H. Kennedy, a Congregational minister, is under arrest on a charge of burglary. He is suspected of robbing the residence of E. H. Warren at an early hour Monday morning. The Rev. Dr. Kennedy was placed under arrest on the statement of the woman of the house, who claimed to recognize the voice of the burglar as the voice they had often heard in the pulpit.

"The Twilight Limited," with its exceptionally fine equipment and service is acknowledged by all the finest train in every appointment between Duluth and the Twin Cities of Minnesota. Leaves daily at 4 p. m. over the Northwestern line.

Why are the...

AMERICAN Woolen Mills Co.

The Popular Tailors?

Because they give better value than any others; they are always reliable; they have never "faked" the public and never will. COME AND SEE.

UNION LABEL on every garment.

27 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

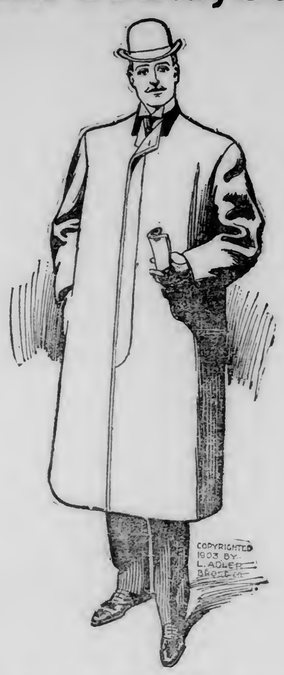
D. M. Morrison, Mgr.
Z. W. Dorrance, Asst. Mgr.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

The BIG DULUTH
WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

Fall Overcoats, Rain Coats, Suits





We have gathered together for this fall the choicest assortment of high grade apparel for Men and Boys that has ever been shown outside of the largest Eastern stores. FALL SUITS AND OVERCOATS—

$8, $10, $12, $15, $18.00, $20.00, $22, $25, $28, $30, $35

Boys' and Children's School Clothes!

What mother is there that don't want her boy to look the best of any in his class? She can do it with our store's assistance. It never was better able to provide for the boy's wants than it is this fall.



Norfolk Suits—ages 3 to 15— **$2.95 to $7.50**



Double breasted two-piece Suits—7 to 10— **$1.95 to $8.50**



Sailor Blouse Suits—ages 3 to 12— **$2.45 to $7.50**



Long Pant Suits—13 to 20 **$4.95 to $10**



Russian Blouse Suits—ages 2½ to 6— **$4.95 to $7.50**



3-piece Suits—10 to 17 **$3.95 to $10**

Fall Hats—Fall Shoes—Fall Shirts—Fall Underwear—Fall Gloves—Fall Neckwear—
Come to the old store for your complete fall outfit.

CREATING TROUBLE

Minneapolis Lumbermen Inciting an Uprising Among Indians.

Trying to Persuade Them That They Are Being Cheated.

Cass Lake, Minn., Sept. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—E. L. Warren, government chief estimator and classifier under the Morris act of the ceded Chippewa Indian lands went to Walker and held a conference with Major C. L. Scott yesterday, in reference to the disturbance reported on the reservation among the Indians. On returning Chief Warren said to The Herald correspondent: "I sincerely believe that certain lumbermen are making a concerted effort to throttle the carrying out of the Morris bill. They have never had any love for it and they never will cease to endeavor to nullify its provision. The chief opposition comes from Minneapolis and from only a few of the firms, but they are stirring up a great deal of trouble among the Indians, and whenever you find the lumbermen posing as the friend of the Indian you can look out for something doing as in this case. They have sent men all over the reservation, who are trying to convince the Indian that he is not getting a fair deal and that the Morris bill is a great steal on the Chippewas. These lumbermen have issued a circular as friends of the Indian and one copy was posted at Walker to Maj. Scott. These men started the report that the Indians were rising and it is not their fault that they have not caused trouble before this, and if the Indians are much more agitated they are likely to cause considerable annoyance. These lumbermen fought the bill in congress and I know that fight was bitter and determined and they have not let up yet. They want to get the pine at their own price but if a man has pine to sell he sells on his own conditions and they want to move it when and how they like. Under the Nelson bill it was only $3 a thousand and under the Morris bill not less than $4 for Norway and $5 for white pine. They don't want to clear the tops and the bush but the regulations will be strictly carried out and the lumbermen will be unable to cheat on the scale. The Indians have the right to have a check scaler, and Maj. Scott will see that the scale is straight. The bill and the men in charge, especially Maj. Scott, will make it practically impossible to cheat the Indian, and these men don't like that. The representatives of these Indians are scattered over the reservation, reading to the Indians the circular or telling them its contents.

"Maj. Scott is strongly opposed to anything but a straight deal and he will protect the interests of the Indians, and the attitude of these lumbermen claiming that Scott was not the Indians' friend and they are is woefully absurd. He has recommended that an appropriation be made to pay the Indian for the 5 per cent reserved by the forest reserve and the land and pine reserved is not stolen but remains to the Indians even when reserved. They will be paid for all that is taken from them by the government. Both the Morris bill and Maj. Scott are absolutely fair and honest and it is useless for the lumbermen to say they are not or to act it. The Indians will not be cheated and it is a shame that these lumbermen should put men, money and this circular to work to cause any trouble, though they think that if the Indians did any bad act that it would appear as if they were wronged when they are only being unduly excited to commit unlawful acts by these men and their allies. If there is not an Indian uprising it will not be the fault of these agitators but because of the good sense of the Indians and good government of the agents."

Mr. Warren was deeply in earnest and indignant. The circular spoken of charges that the Indians are being defrauded and that the Morris bill should be held up for a hearing before congress to state the case of the Indians and the Indians are expected to ask this of congress. It asks who will pay for the 5 per cent of pine reserved, for all pine reserved and also land, and who will pay for pine and land reserved on ten sections. The circular is not signed but is typewritten and is an able document. So keen is the bitterness towards Maj. Scott in certain quarters that nothing that can be done will be left undone to oust him from the agency.

DULUTH DANCING ACADEMY

Prof. Ourat will reopen for the season Monday, Sept. 14, at 8, for adults; Saturday afternoon, Sept. 19, at 2:30, for juveniles. Private lessons by appointment. For information address 123 West Superior St. Office hours at hall from 3 to 5 Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, after Sept. 1.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

A. J. Baker, a well known business man of Elwood, Ind., shot and killed Fred Kiser, a butcher Thursday night. The dead man had approached Baker on the street and accused him of intimacy with his wife. Baker denied the charge and was struck in the face. He then drew his revolver and fired.

The Rogers Williams' $10,000 stake for 2:14 trotters was the feature of the third day's racing in the grand circuit meeting at Narranganselt Park Thursday. Billy Buck, a bay gelding, owned and driven by C. E. Smathers, of Memphis, Tenn., carried off the big purse, winning in three straight heats.

The executive committee of the Consolidated Lake Superior Co., has decided to pay back to stockholders the $3,000,000 deposited under the proposed bond issue which has just been declared off.

Martin Seidmar, who was to have been hanged at Lexington, Mont., Thursday, was found dead in his cell in the morning. He is thought to have been deranged. He killed George Reider, a lifelong friend, on Trail Creek, two years ago, for ruining his daughter, and then secreted the body. Seidmar's wife subsequently killed herself.

Fealty to his dying wife caused the death of David Fisher, aged 73, in Minneapolis Thursday. While on the way to the city hospital, where Mrs. Fisher was dying, he was killed by a street car at Sixth avenue and Sixth street south. Mr. Fisher was an inmate of the Hennepin county poor house. His wife has been ill at the hospital for some time. He received word Thursday morning that she was dying. Enfeebled with age, he started to walk to the hospital. The car ran him down as he was hurrying across the street, instantly killing him.

Jacob Ansell, a bee expert, who runs an aviary on Maryland avenue, St. Paul, is in a serious condition at St. Joseph's hospital from stings sustained from his own bees. His right arm is swollen from finger tips to shoulder, three times its normal size and a surgeon operates every morning on his hand. There is still grave danger from blood poisoning. His entire system has been inoculated with poison. Ansell tried to move a hive of bees Sunday to get some honey.

GIVEN AN "LL.D."

For $10, According to Letter to a Preacher.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 4.—Rev. George E. Bates, of 7125 Emilie street, was greatly surprised to receive in the mail a letter from the "Nashville College of Law" announcing that the title of LL.D. had been bestowed upon him by that institution.

Mr. Bates was also surprised to be informed in the letter that the fee for such conferring was $10, upon the receipt of which by the aforesaid college he would be sent a handsomely engraved sheepskin bearing his new title.

While Mr. Bates feels highly honored that the Nashville College of Law should have taken the trouble to hunt up his name in the city directory, he does not want the title from such a source, nor will he send the $10 for the handsomely engrossed diploma.

FIVE PERSONS INJURED.

Lorain, O., Sept. 4—Five persons were severely injured in a wreck late last night on the Lake Shore electric road, near Sheffield. An eastbound car speeding towards Cleveland ran into an open switch and crashed into a gondola loaded with coal. The passenger was completely wrecked. Among the injured are William Aiken, Cleveland; Edward Kreuger, Conductor, Lorain; "Skip" Weaver, nomorman, Lorain; Albert Gegenheimer, Berlin Heights.

Eat all you want. Persons troubled with indigestion or dyspepsia can eat all they want if they take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat and gives health and strength. Sold by all druggists.

MAKES NEW RECORD

August This Year Coldest In History of Weather Office.

Five Degrees Under Normal For Month—Average In Rain.

Duluth weather established a new record last month.

Most of the people that were in the city during August will have little difficulty in guessing what it was.

It was the coldest August in the history of the weather bureau station at Duluth, and that covers thirty-three years, from 1871.

The mean temperature last month was 66 degrees, which is a very mean temperature indeed for a summer month. The average for the years is 65 degrees, 5 degrees higher. A mean that is 5 degrees below the average is pretty cold.

Another interesting fact is that the past three Augusts have been considerably below the mean. August of 1902 was 62 degrees, and that of 1901 was 63 degrees. The highest in the thirty-three years was 70 degrees, and that was away back in 1878.

The highest temperature last month was 85 degrees Aug. 21, and the lowest was 55 degrees Aug. 28. The greatest daily range was 24 degrees Aug. 9, and the least was 4 degrees Aug. 24, when 56 was high and 52 low.

Still, the year so far has been warmer than the average. After August's loss has been figured, there is still an accumulated excess of temperature since Jan. 1 of 48.5 degrees, or an average daily excess of .2 of a degree.

The prevailing winds were from the northeast, of course, as they are in all spring, summer and fall months. Oddly enough, the prevailing winds during the winter months are usually from the southwest, the warmest quarter. The total movement of the wind was 7725 miles during the month, and the maximum velocity was thirty-eight miles an hour Aug. 28, which wase from the northeast. This was the coldest day of the month, too.

The precipitation was a bit below normal, too. The total last month was 3.80 inches, and the average for the month is 3.91 inches. The last three Augusts, which have been below the average in temperature, have also been below the average in precipitation. There is a deficiency in precipaition since the first of the year of 3.54 inches.

There were only eight clear days during the month. Thirteen were partly cloudy and ten were cloudy. There were fourteen days on which .01 of an inch or more of rain fell.

Naturally, in such a cold month, there were not many thunderstorms. They were reported on the 4th, 16th, 17th, 21st and 24th.

THINK THEY SEE FRAUD.

Special Land Agents Bring Up a Case.

The special land agents of the government located at Duluth, have unearthed what is believed to be an attempt to defraud the government out of eighty acres of valuable land.

According to the rules of the office, old soldiers who filed on less than 160 acres of land previous to 1874, are granted on application, enough land to complete the 160 acres, without any settlement duties, or payment for the land.

According to the charges of the officials, John Miller was induced by John E. Sidney to apply for eighty acres of land under this rule. Miller was an old soldier, but had never filed on land previous to 1874, although another man of the same name had done so, and was still entitled to eighty acres of land under the rules of the office.

After Miller was granted the land, it was purchased for a nominal sum by Sidney and sold to George L. Rogers, of Stevens' Point, Wis., who now holds it.

Notification of the special agent's report has been sent to all three parties, and the case will be heard before the officials of the local office.

DRAWING CARD SADLY NEEDED

For Roosevelt's Campaign and the Feature Is Lacking.

Baltimore, Sept. 4.—A Washington special to the Sun says: President Roosevelt is on the alert for something dramatic to give character to his campaign for re-election. He is so eager in his search that he is disposed to seize anything that seems at sight to give promise of dramatic quality, without waiting to inspect it critically. The Rough Rider's uniform and uncouth mannerisms which have served their end are no longer novel, and there is a painful absence of anything new to appeal to the imagination in connection with his candidacy.

The president is aware of the importance of keeping before the public in the limelight of his strenuousness, and he is put to find something to be strenuous about which will not bring him into conflict with the elements of his party, whose support he must have to insure election. The economic issues which now seem likely to occupy attention during the next presidential campaign do not shed enough light for a candidate who would stand in a concentrated glare. He, as well as his frieds, realizes that to keep up his part he must appear as a champion of something or other that has action in it, to appeal to the rude imaginations of those who are thrilled to deeds of daring, however misdirected.

A revolution in Panama, accompanied by the seizure of territory by the United States for the construction of an isthmian canal, a spat with Russia, a dramatic defiance of the Turks, or anything else calculated to "fire the patriotic heart," might supply the necessary redlight for a characteristic Roosevelt campaign, and something of that sort is being ebgerly sought. The order to Admiral Cotton to take his fleet to Beirut would under ordinary circumstances have aeen is-ued in the name of the secretary of the navy, at the suggestion of the secretary of state, and would have been delayed long enough to ascertain whether any emergency had arisen. But this would have been less dramatic than for the president himself to issue the order from his summer home, without question or delay, and the purpose is to have the president identified directly with every administrative act which is likely to attract attention. If he had waited long enough to learn the facts the opportunity would have been lost, while by being prompt on all occasions he may yet strike upon something that will create excitement before election passe.

As the situation now stands there is nothing to make the president himself an issue in the campaign except his mistakes and unfulfilled purposes. He does not stand in his own individuality for anything which now promises to be at issue in the campaign.

A bad cold; a good doctor. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. "Thanks." J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

INSURRECTION PROCLAMATION

Issued By the Macedonians Against Turkish Rule.

Sofia, Sept. 4.—A special dispatch from Rila, near the Turkish frontier, says a courier has arrived with a copy of the general insurrection proclamation. The proclamation is issued to "Our brethren in Macedonia" and is as follows:

"Armed only with your own strength against a mighty empire, against pitiless foes, with the power of your right hand and the might of your spirit, you have shaken the hated Ottoman dominion. A hundred thousand of the sultan's soldiers and an innumerable infidel mob were unable to resist your advances.

"You have sacrificed everything before the altar of liberty. Your villages were burned, your homes pillaged, your children massacred and your sisters, wives and mothers violated. A succession of valiant champions has persisted in the struggle and dyed the fatherland with their dear blood. But with greater zeal you have embraced the fight. Your smoking hearths have strengthened your manliness; the cries of the children and the moans of the women exasperated your souls. From the breadth of the fatherland came new champions, replacing those who have perished.

"The holy flag of liberty waves more proudly over the dear fatherland. Your enemies are rendered speechless before your hroism. The forces of tyranny are exhausted. New days have come.

"One more heroic stroke and the centuries of tyranny will fall to the ground in convulsions of death.

"The dawn of liberty peeps already above the Macedonia horizon and awaits this stroke to shine with its full brilliancy on the Macedonian land. Prepare yourselves for this stroke. Be at your posts. The hour for the battle strikes. The cry of liberty or death will break the chains of slavery and bring the triumph of justice."

MILLER MUST GO.

So Think Officials Who Have Watched Case.

Washington, Sept. 4.—The Evening Star says: "The long drawn out Miller case is near an end and the discharge of Foreman Miller may be looked for any day, in the opinion of officials who have been following the case. It says that after the Bookbinders' union made charges to prevent Miller's retention in the government printing office, Miller filed counter charges of importance. These were referred to Mr. Garfield, commissioner of corporations in the bureau of commerce and labor, and it is said he finds the charges made by Mr. Miller not sustained. The Star says Fresident Roosevelt is anxious the matter shall be disposed of and publicly announced before Labor day, when he is to make a speech at Syracuse.

BELMAR SHOES BELMAR SHOES BELMAR SHOES

STORE WILL BE CLOSED ALL DAY MONDAY—LABOR DAY.

Gray-Tallant Co

Our "Belmar" Ladies Shoes

This shoe has long since passed the experimental stage. Thousands of pairs daily do service for the ladies of Duluth.

In introducing the "Belmar" to our patrons over two years ago, we guaranteed it to equal in wear any $3.50 shoe sold in the city, while our price is but $3.00. We have never been requested to replace a single pair, and each season our sales have been larger.

A large shipment received during the early part of the week completed our fall stock. There is a style for every occasion; styles too, which are not improved on in shoes you will pay much more for. Want a new pair of shoes for Labor Day, then try the "Belmar." Among the styles are:



Kidskin Dress Boots—laced, hand-turned soles—patent leather tips—$3.00.

Glazed Kid Walking Boots—welted, extension soles, patent leather tips, military heels—$3.00.

Patent Kid Dress Boots—hand-turned soles, kid tips—laced, $3.00.

Glazed Kid Walking Boots—stout extension soles, welted, kid tips—$3.00.

Glazed Kid Dress Boots—hand-turned soles—Louis XIV heels—patent kid tip—$3.00.

Kid Lace Shoes—welted soles, Lennox last, military heels—$3.00.

Baker's Corona Coltskin Boots, laced, welted extension soles, neat kid tops, military heels—$3.00.

Box and Velour Calf Shoes—British toes—stout welted soles and flat heels—$3.00.

Underwear and Hosiery for present wear

The kinds you wish to wear after your summer garments prove too light, and before your winter weights are needed. Our assortment of this class of garments is quite large and most reliable.

Children's pure white heavy cotton Vests—long sleeves—ankle length pants to match—all sizes **35c**

Ladies' fine ribbed cotton Vests—lightly fleeced—ecru only—long sleeves—a regular 49c garment at **35c**

Ladies' "Munsing" Union Suits—long sleeves, ankle length, half open front, cream white—silk crocheted trimmed neck **$1.00**

Ladies' cream white medium weight cotton Vests—long sleeves, ankle length pants with French bands to match, neatly finished, quality good **50c**

Ladies' black cotton lace Hose, double heels and toes—elastic top—fast colors—a regular 15c hose, at **12½c**

Ladies' fine gauze Isle Hose, extra high spliced heel and double sole—a regular 50c hose—3 pairs for **$1.00**

Ladies' fancy lace lisle and embroidered Hose—all lace or lace foot, double sole and heel—all the latest patterns—values exceptional at.. **50c**

Boys' heavy cotton ribbed Hose—high spliced heel and toe, triple knee, fast black—a splendid school hose—are without equals at..... **25c**



New Ready to Wear Hats.

For Ladies The tailor made hat continues to hold a prominent place with the well dressed woman for street wear. It is sensible, durable and no creation of recent seasons has been so neat. A line of these together with a splendid line of other ready to wear hats of various shapes are now ready for your selection.

$2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4, $4.50.

For Children A neat, natty line of just such styles as you will be delighted to select from. You will be pleased with the serviceable qualities of the new lines.

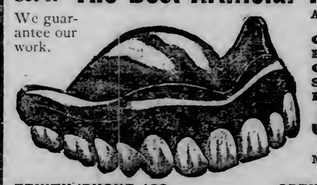
$1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

Linen sale; last day. There remains but one day in which you may profit by our semi-annual Linen Sale. Remember, these sales occur but twice a year, and are of such magnitude that you should purchase for months to come. We include some exceptional bargains in Blankets and Comforts, which are also for tomorrow only.

BELMAR SHOES BELMAR SHOES BELMAR SHOES

A Full Set of **The Best Artificial Teeth for $10**

We guarantee our work.



And no extra charge for extracting.
Gold Crowns (22K) $7.00
Porcelain Crowns....$5.00
Gold Fillings up from $1.50
Silver Fillings up from 75c
Painless Extracting.....50c

JOHNSON & KAAKE
DENTISTS,
MESABA BLOCK, 409-411 W. Sup. St., DULUTH, MINN.
ZENITH 'PHONE 168. OPEN SUNDAYS FROM 10 TO 12 M.

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Artistically and Promptly Executed.
MERRITT & HECTOR, Printers and Binders.
32 West First Street. Both Phones.

$500 REWARD

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 250 boxes contain 100 Pills, 100 boxes contain 40 Pills, 50 boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. JOHN C. WEST & CO., Chicago. Sold by leading druggists.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 325 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 325 West Superior St., Duluth.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

THE EVENING HERALD

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TO SUBSCRIBERS:

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both **old** and **new** address.

THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

Thirty-three years ago today, the life of France's third republic was begun. On Sept. 4, 1870, the news reached Paris that Marshal MacMahon and his entire army of 90,000, including the emperor, Napoleon III, had surrendered to the Germans at Sedan two days previously. An hour later Gambetta and the other Liberal leaders at Paris declared the emperor deposed and proclaimed the republic. It was a revolutionary act, but it was successful. The French people acquiesced in the irregular proceedings, the Napoleonic dynasty was ended, and the republic arose in the place of the empire. Time has demonstrated the wisdom of the act of Gambetta and his associates. The present French government, dating from Sept. 4, 1870, has lasted far longer than any preceding system which France has had since the overthrow of Louis XVI and the Bourbons in 1792, the nearest to it in longevity being Louis Philippe's Orleanist monarchy of 1830-48 and Napoleon III's second empire, 1852-70, each lasting in the neighborhood of eighteen years.

The people of the United States take great interest in the progress of Fraice for several reasons. France, like this country, is a republic. France was the ally of the United States in the war of independence. It was from France that the territory of Louisiana, embracing what is now one of the richest sections of this country, was bought. France is becoming more conservative and the growing stability of its government is evidence of this fact. For the first thirty years of the republic's life the average duration of its ministries was about eight months, many of them lasting only three or four months. The cabinet of Waldeck-Rousseau, which stepped down voluntarily in 1902, on the other hand, lasted almost three years, and possibly might have been in existence still had not the premier grown tired of power. The present cabinet has been in office more than a year, and gives promise of a much longer life. The great American republic congratulates the French republic on the completion of a third of a century of its existence. May it long endure.

A CONQUEST OF ALKALI.

The discovery of alfalfa by agents of the agricultural department a few years ago, has proved a wonderful reclaiming agent for the alkali regions of the West. It was found by these agents while on a foreign tour that alfalfa was growing in a soil in Algeria, which was twice as strongly impregnated with alkali as the soil where it can be made to grow in the United States. Experiments were made in Arizona and Southern California and the results were more than satisfactory. Although encouraged with the first tests, the department repeated the plantings last spring and the results are now apparent. The reports from Arizona are excellent and the same is expected of other localities. The cautious disposition of the scientific mind may lead to a delay of the final announcement of these experiments for another year. "I want to go into the field myself," said Mr. Kearney, the agent in charge of the matter, "and make sure that there is no mistake concerning the conditions of growth. For example, I want to see that the alkali is still as strong in the soil as when the first planting was made, that it has not been washed out by the irrigation. I think the experiment should be repeated another year. We hardly feel like making positive statements with less than a three-years' trial."

The government bureau of soils has estimated that there are at least 600,000 acres of irrigable land in the United States which are rendered unfit for cultivation by the presence of 1 per cent of alkali. With the discovery, or introduction, of a species of resistant alfalfa which will grow on these lands, each acre should be worth $30, making a total land value gained of $30,000,000.

Chances to pick up rare books cheap are by no means so common as they were, but the London Athenaeum tells how a lucky purchaser at a recent auction sale near Piccadilly Circus found in a bundle of miscellany for which he paid $1.75, a complete set of the periodical entitled "Undergraduate Papers," in which Mr. Swinburne's first productions saw the light in 1857 and 1858. It had not even been thought worth while to mention this item in the catalogue, but the Swinburne find was directly resold for $150.

In England a special $3.75 license must be taken out for the privilege of keeping a man-servant, and a Londoner recently arrested for failure to comply with the law brought forward the unusual defense, "He is my housemaid." It appears that there is an increasing tendency in London to employ men to do the work commonly assigned to housemaids, and it is said that they do it better and with greater vigor. But the defense was held to be no good in law.

Adelina Patti has bequeathed her wonderful larynx to the museum of the royal college of surgeons, but she does not propose to hand it over until after her coming American tour—and probably some years later.

A Missourian is in New York showing how the cost of generating power may be reduced 40 per cent. No coal, boilers or water will be necessary. The no-coal feature makes the scheme especially attractive.

The end of the vacation season is near, and people are returning to the comforts of home.

The open season for summer actors has closed.

LIVING IN FLATS.

Every year witnesses a growing tendency on the part of the people of the United States to live in flats. For one reason or another they forsake the smaller houses and group togther. In some cities it is almost a necessity, in others it seems to be due to a fad or possibly to the idea that living is more economical in that way if not quite so exclusive. According to the Chicago Tribune, more people forsake houses for flats in that city than in any other in the country, except San Francisco. In 1890 of all dwellings in Chicago, 60.4 per cent were inhabited by one family; 22.4 per cent by two families, 17.1 by three or more families. There was an average of 1.7 per cent families to each dwelling. In 1900 the percentage of dwellings inhabited by one family had decreased to 53.7, and the percentage of those inhabited by two families had increased to 26.6 and of those occupied by three or more to 19.7. There was an average of 1.9 families to each dwelling. Only 44.8 per cent of New Yorkers occupy houses, while Philadelphia, on the other hand, merits its title of the city of homes. In 1896, 92.8 per cent of its families lived in houses, while in 1900 the proportion had increased to 93.1, a remarkable showing for such a big city and still more remarkable tendency.

What the rule is about the concentration of people in flats, hotels or tenements is difficult to ascertain. New York's crowding may be well explained by lack of room, but Chicago is not troubled in that way. It is a common sight in that city to see huge flat buildings going up in the midst of vast fields of vacant lots. The movement to flats cannot be explained wholly on the grounds of economy, or such cities as Philadelphia, St. Paul, Washington, Baltimore, Louisville and especially Providence would not progress the other way. Nor would the relation between flats and houses remain practically stationary in Indianapolis, Jersey City and Cincinnati. A general economic law would operate alike in all cities. It must be in a large degree fashion which produces in a city the tendency from houses to flats, or vice xersa. A young couple gets married at a time when most of their friends live in flats. When they set up housekeeping they are apt to fall in with the prevailing tendency. In a different city they would have followed a different custom.

After all there is a great deal of comfort in living in a well-arranged and well-conducted apartment building. Many of the troubles of separate housekeeping are done away with, and in a large measure they offset the slight objection of being in such close contact with one's neighbors. The flat has come to stay and it is a delightful innovation.

ITS LEGALITY DOUBTED.

A serious question has been raised by some financiers and experts in national law as to whether Secretary Shaw's plan of increasing deposits in national banks to the extent of $40,000,000 is legal. Mr. Shaw has the sanction of the solicitor of the treasury, but it is probable now that the opinion of the attorney general will be asked in the matter. All the law bearing directly on the question is contained in Section 5153 of the Revised Statutes, and reads as follows: "All national banking associations designated for that purpose by the secretary of the treasury shall be depositaries of public money, except receipts from customs, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the secretary, and they may also be employed as financial agents of the government, and they shall perform all such reasonable duties, as depositaries of public moneys and financial agents of the government, as may be required of them. The secretary of the treasury shall require the associations thus designated to give satisfactory security, by the deposit of United States bonds and otherwise, for the safe keeping and prompt payment of the public money deposited with them, and for the faithful performance of their duties as financial agents of the government. And every association so designated as receiver or depositary of the public money shall take and receive at par all of the national currency bills, by whatever association issued, which has been paid into the government for internal revenue, or for loans or stocks."

There is another statute, familiarly known, which prohibits the secrtary of the treasury from withdrawing from the treasury any funds, once covered in, without the specific authority of congress. It is this latter law which has raised the question in regard to the authority of Secretary Shaw for carrying out his proposed plan. The internal revenue receipts have frequently been deposited in national banks, but only as they were collected from day to day. Mr. Shaw's proposition is to deposit in the banks all the internal revenue collections received since the beginning of the current fiscal year. These collections have, of course, been covered into the treasury, and the question naturally arises: Has the secretary authority to withdraw them? The opinion that he has such authority rests on the well-known principle that the national bank depositaries are a regular part of the treasury system. Mr. Shaw holds that, to deposit the internal revenue receipts of the last two months is simply to remove the funds from one part of the treasury to another. The collections from internal revenue receipts since the beginning of the present fiscal year amount to almost $40,000,000, and the fund is increasing at the rate of more than $500,000 a day.

Heretofore, no secretary of the treasury has discussed the measures of relief for the money market until relief was urgently called for. It is admitted at the treasury department that there has been no demand for a larger volume of money in circulation, the reports from leading bankers being entirely reassuring in character. There is a fear in some quarters that, since the secretary has expressed a willingness to help when help is needed, events will so shape themselves in Wall street that the additional deposits will become a necessity.

Banks in all parts of the country are clamoring for a portion of the funds which are proposed to be distributed, but it is evident that nothing will be done by the secretary until he is absolutely sure of his rights in the matter.

Senator Bard of California refuses to be a candidate for re-election, and the ward politicians cannot understand it. They would never decline an office.

Mr. McKinley was charged with being an opportunist, and Mr. Roosevelt is called a spectacularist. But no president in pursuit of a second term can be perfect.

Mr. Dignawity of Mexico says that Mexican women prefer American husbands, which shows their good sense.

Sir Thomas Lipton did not lift the cup, but he captured the good will of the American people.

The Shamrock III cost $500,000, but she looked like 30 cents in the races with the Reliance.

High taxes will be an issue in the next state campaign in Kansas.

HOTEL GOSSIP

Two young fellows, who, from their conversation at the Spalding cafe, had not until yesterday met since leaving the same college two or three years ago, looked out of the window and indulged in the following:

"By George, old man, it was a lucky thing that I ran against you on Superior street or we might not have come together."

"We would have found each other all right," replied the other. "You know you and I always did have about the same tastes and in a town of this size we would be bound to meet if both of us were in it for a few hours."

"Yes, I'll concede that. But say, old chap, how are you making it?" at the same time looking at the other's clothes which were just a little off color for one who returned the answer his companion gave.

"Oh, pretty good. You see I saw you the last time at the football game didn't I? Well, a few days afterwards I started in with the firm I am with now. Of course the salary was small, $30 a week and expenses, but the old gentleman thought it best for me to start at the bottom."

"I didn't start much better," the other interrupted," I only got $1800 a year but they have done handsomely by me since."

"After I had been with them a fortnight," continued the $30-a-week-at-the-start-man, "I showed them that I was the man they wanted and since then things have been coming easy. They raised me and from that time on the firm has given me a boost of a couple of hundred a year every six months."

"I am not blowing my money," broke in Mr. "$1800-at-the-start," "of course I have all the necessities and a few of the luxuries but I make it a point not to spend over fifty a week in addition to my expenses.

"When are you going to be in Minneapolis?" asked his companion, "I want to take you out behind a trotter that I have purchased. I am only home about a week every month and two months in summer but then you know the old gentleman likes to change off from his favorite driver."

"I can't get down there for some time," was the reply, "I just got a wire from the firm telling me to get out to the coast at once and work in and have already engaged my sleeper."

At this juncture the pair arose and left the cafe.

It was noticed that the man who paid for the meal took from his pocketbook the only bill in it while at the cashier's desk.

Later in the evening the $1800 man borrowed money with which to ride to his home near Ashland and the $30-a-week-at-the-start man applied to Charles Marshall, manager of the Lyceum theater, for a position as supernumery in order to earn enough to get to Minneapolis "where he kept his trotting horses."

It was a fine exhibition of what pride will do when it is all but forced to a show down.

• • •

Rev. R. J. Mooney, who for the last month has made his home at the Hotel McKay and who is engaged in bringing about a reorganization of St. Luke's Episcopal church, has made great progress along these lines and is well satisfied with the results of his efforts. A meeting will be held in the McKay's parlors tomorrow night for the purpose of furthering the organization of the choir. Miss Lucy Stearns has been secured as organist and Mrs. F. R. Dudley, who came here recently from New York, will be the directress of the choir. Mr. Mooney is a firm believer in personal influence rather than money as a means of building up a parish. At the McKay he said:

"While of course there is a business end to church management it is not money alone that will make a church strong. Personal influence of the members is the substantial basis upon which a parish must be built. I have now been here a month and can already begin to see the way clear for an upbuilding of the parish. I am practically assured of the assistance upon which I have counted and the work will go steadily forward."

• • •

J. Wallace Hubbs, clerk of the Spalding, has temporarily transformed himself into a trapper and scout, to say nothing of a first money angler, and for the next ten days or two weeks will brave the wilds of Cass Lake in search of anything that has more than two legs or that wears wings. Having provided himself with a pair of leggins, a muflet, fishing tackle and two or three different varieties of bait Mr. Hubbs left for the slaughter this morning on the 9:45 o'clock train. He was modest in speaking of his prospective chase for prey of any and all kinds. "I do not know how long I will be away," said he, "and I do not expect to get very much. One or two moose, a couple of deer and a string of ducks will be about all I expect to bring back to the Spalding. Of course I may shoot more but if I do I will give the balance to the inexperienced hunters who have only spent a few years around the lake. With those leggins that I purchased I don't see how I will be able to miss anything within range."

The hotel steward is laying plans for the securing of enough room in the larder to accommodate all that Mr. Hubbs brings home.

• • •

At the Spalding hotel: George W. Turner, St. Paul; Walter Morton, Biwabik; J. E. Lobbett, Edward C. Dougan, R. R. Briggs, W. H. Zings, George A. McDougall, St. Paul; E. Ambiard, A. B. MacLaurin, Minneapolis; T. J. Connolly, Mrs. James T. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Skawtld, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Grantham, Winnipeg; D. McEachin, Hibbing.

• • •

At the St. Louis hotel: F. B. Rossom, Virginia; A. P. White, Bemidji; Mr. and Mrs. George Mooring, John Visick, Miss S. E. Dunston, Port Arthur; F. F. Seaman and boys, Deer River; Charles Brown, Minneapolis; Judge Nelson, Virginia; W. J. Annear, Sault Ste. Marie; H. Nesgoda, Sturgeon Lake; W. H. Shea, Eveleth; Mrs. C. C. Monker, Grand Marais; Jacob Stein, E. J. O'Rourke, Virginia; S. Bradley, Ashland; Charles J. Johnson, Grand Marais; Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Campbell, Cass Lake; J. P. Tonolli, Mountain Iron; W. J. Power, Hibbing.

• • •

At the Hotel McKay: E. H. Holbert, Hinckley; M. D. Stoner, Bemidji; Robert Grant, Yorkshire, Eng.; Charles Sheldon, Miss Dew, Mrs. John Dew, Winnipeg; Mr. and Mrs. E. E. McDonald, Bemidji; O. L. Boynton, Washburn, John Vanghan, Knife River.

A Warning Worth Heeding.

Kansas City Star: At the end of twenty-six hours a Chicago "professor" who undertook, on a wager, to play a saloon piano for that length of time without cessation, collapsed completely and had to be carried from the place. It is pleasant to discover that the power to inflict torture on others is sometimes retroactive.

Appeals In High Favor.

Washington Post: The score of Missouri boodlers whose appeals are pending in the state supreme court are picking all kinds of flaws in Justice Brewer's contention that the right of appeal should be abolished in criminal cases.

As to Keeping Promises.

St. Peter Free Press: "Good faith," says an exchange, "is the mainstay of political existence. The man who is not faithful to his friends, and does not keep his promises, never makes his mark as a successful politician." This, of course, has no reference to the promise said to have been made by Van Sant to Bob Dunn.

Cause of Their Agitation.

Rush City Post: Some of the administration papers are getting nervous over the candidacy of Bob Dunn. This is all wrong, for Bob isn't doing a thing to any of them. But it is true the people recognize Mr. Dunn's fitness and ability, and have a well settled sentiment that he will be the successful candidate and this may be the cause of their premature agitation.

The Old Reliable.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: Gen. Leonard Wood is studying the methods employed by England in pacifying the natives of Borneo. Gen. Wood will find nothing better than the soap remedy he used in Cuba.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Sept. 4.—Cooler weather prevails throughout the Northwest with light to heavy frosts in North Dakota and western Canada. Barometric pressures are high over the Dakotas and Atlantic states, and low in the far West and Southwest. Light rains fell over South Dakota, Minnesota, and New Mexico, Wisconsin, the upper lake region, and Utah. The winds in the lake region are fresh westerly with partly cloudy weather.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	88	Medicine Hat	58
Battleford	54	Memphis	86
Bismarck	69	Miles City	64
Boston	66	Milwaukee	84
Buffalo	76	Minnedosa	52
Calgary	56	Modena	56
Charleston	82	Montgomery	86
Chicago	84	Moorhead	64
Cincinnati	88	New Orleans	86
Davenport	62	New York	78
Denver	90	North Platte	82
Detroit	82	Oklahoma	88
Dodge City	94	Omaha	82
Duluth	70	Pittsburg	84
Edmonton	50	Port Arthur	70
El Paso	94	Portland	86
Escanaba	76	Prince Albert	52
Galveston	82	Qu Appelle	54
Green Bay	78	Rapid City	64
Havre	62	San Francisco	62
Helena	68	Santa Fe	78
Houghton	68	Shreveport	86
Huron	76	Spokane	76
Jacksonville	88	St. Louis	86
Kamloops	66	St. Paul	66
Kansas City	84	St. Ste Marie	70
Knoxville	88	Swift Current	64
Knoxville	88	Washington	84
La Crosse	78	Williston	56
Lander	82	Winnemucca	90
Los Angeles	84	Winnipeg	60
Marquette	74		

Forecast for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m., (local time), Saturday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—Generally fair tonight and Saturday. Cooler tonight with probably light frost except near the lake.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Saturday. Cooler in east portion tonight. Frost tonight, heavy possibly in Northwest portion.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight with probably light frost and cooler in South Dakota Saturday. Fair.

Upper Lakes—Light to fresh northwest to northeast winds tonight and Saturday. Generally fair except possibly showers this afternoon or tonight on Huron.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Forecast till 7 p. m., Saturday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Saturday. Cooler tonight with probably light frost except near the lake.

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Upper Lakes—Light to fresh northwest to northeast winds tonight and Saturday. Generally fair except possibly showers this afternoon or tonight on Huron.

POINTED REMARKS.

Atlanta Constitution: "Who'd have thought we'd live to see our boy in the legislature?" exclaimed the old man.

"Nobody," exclaimed the old lady; "but the Lord's will be done!"

Washington Star: "In a few million years," said the scientist, "the sun will cool and the coal fields will be exhausted."

"Well," answered the wan, weary looking man, "that will make life easier for us weather prophets, anyhow."

Detroit Free Press: Edgar—What precious stone means "Success in love?

Eleanor—The diamond, I think.

Chicago Post: "Well," said the doctor, "how do you feel today?"

"Oh, doctor," replied the patient, wearily, "I am suffering the torments of the damned."

"What! Already?" inquired the doctor, pleasantly.

Philadelphia Press: "There goes a man who is always anxious to see his name in print."

"Really? Is he one of those idiots?"

"No, one of those wise men; he's an advertiser."

Chicago News: "You should have studied the time table," said the gentleman to the belated traveler, "then you wouldn't have missed your train."

"You talk like a $1.98 phonograph," replied the angry left-over. The train pulled out while I was trying to translate the time table."

Philadelphia Ledger: "If you weren't so lazy you wouldn't be so pessimistic."

"Oh, nonsense!"

"Why don't you make hay while the sun shines and—"

"Huh! if I tried to do that it'd just be my luck to get sunstruck."

Washington Star: "That man says you are very reckless in making promises.

"That's where he's wrong," answered Senator Sorghum. "One of the most careless and indiscreet things a man in politics can do is to refuse to promise."

"I'll bet a dollar if I should ask you to marry me you'd refuse," ventured Gussie, trying to inject a little more spirit into the conversation.

"Oh, but you're a cheap one!" responded the girl.

"W-w-w-why?" stammered Gussie.

"Because you won't bet more than a dollar on a sure thing."

SALLY, FROM SALEM.

(To protect herself from thieves a valley girl came to Portland Friday with her purse attached to her garter, while a decoy purse, stuffed with old paper, dangled openly from her belt.)

From peaceful Salem came to town
The belle of all Willamette valley;
Clad in a most bewitching gown.
How peach-like was the modest Sally,
A well-filled purse swung from her belt,
But more for show than barter;
In wicked Portland Sally felt
It was not safe to carry money where the thousand and one thugs could have easy access to it, so
She utilized her garter.

She sought a big department store,
Though pins were all she needed,
And looked at satins by the score
Till terror interceded—
The bogus purse swung from her belt,
But oh, the little martyr,
A touch upon her leg she felt
And was sure that some desperado had discovered her plan until she realized that it was merely
The slipping of her garter.

She felt so scared she had to quit,
And bought the little packet;
The clerk announced the price of it,
Rejoiced to end the racket.
He saw the purse at Sally's belt:
"She's not a willing partner"—
He little knew how Sally felt,
Wondering now on earth she was to get at her money, and wishing she hadn't
Bestowed it in her garter.

Around the corner Sally went,
No fawn was ever swifter,
The clerk he thought him on the scent
Of some uncaught shoplifter.
"She had a wallet at her belt,
I wonder what she's arter"—
But oh, how he and Sally felt
When he looked around the screen and found she was merely a skirtlifter and was trying to get
A nickel from her garter.
—Portland Oregonian.

The Wizard and the "Autos."

Boston Transcript: If the wizard of Menlo Park is not out in his calculations, we are shortly to have automobiles at a figure within the reach of all but the most needy. Perhaps this will make "autos" as common as bicycles became under the cheapening process, and so cause the "auto" to follow the bicycle into the limbo of things out of fashion. Meantime, self-propelling wagons are likely to become as prevalent as bicycles were three or four years ago.

For Whose Benefit?

Red Lake Courier: If Game Warden Fullerton is passing around special permits to Mayor Kratka and other intimates to kill game out of season it is time to inquire for whose benefit the game laws are being made anyhow. Possibly the Roseau Times is right in stating that the claim advanced by Mayor Kratka is only one of his diplomatic subterfuges, learned by his experience as a lobbyist at Washington.

A STORY OF A SALVATION ARMY LASSIE

By Walter Browne.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"Will you please buy a War Cry, gentlemen?"

These words spoken in a woman's sweet voice startled a lively party of "sports" and men about town, who were boisterously indulging in a "that reminds me of another for a story" bee in a fashionable and elaborately equipped saloon.

The yarns being spun were of an exceedingly coarse texture, and although the men were far advanced toward that state when the brutal overlaps the manly, the gentle tones of that Salvation Army lassie's voice seemed, for a moment, to sober them.

There was a short silence. Then Jack Racket (that is not his real name, but it is as good as any he could boast) wheeled instantly round, and in a husky voice said:

"War Cry be damned! I'll give you a dollar for a hug and a kiss, though."

As he spoke he took a step towards the woman, holding out his arms, as if to embrace her. She did not move, but stood still, trembling violently.

Others of the party, whose proper feelings were not so hopelessly swamped in alcohol, hastened to interfere, but before they reached the spot the Salvation Army woman turned on her tormentor, and, looking him straight in the face, quietly murmured:

"Jack! Remember, you were once a man."

From beneath her hooded bonnet with its band of red, her big blue eyes, though filled with tears, stared steadily at those of the bully. Jack Rackett turned pale, shook from head to foot, and then, with an artificial laugh, staggered to the bar again.

The little dramatic episode set everybody to wondering. "She called him 'Jack!' How did she know his name?" were the unspoken words on every lip. Almost before the girl had glided out into the street, Rackett called out loudly: "Boys, let's have another drink. Fill 'em up again.

"Poor little Nellie! Strange they should meet again like that," muttered a man at my elbow, an old actor with whom I was well acquainted. While Jack Rackett and his boon companions noisily resumed their story telling orgie, the old actor led me to a remote corner and told me one not less strange than any uttered in that barroom, but true, bitterly, pitifully, cruelly true.

"Jack Rackett comes of a rich and extremely proud family," he said. "Jack has a big allowance, which he contrives to squander three times over every year. But he is an only son, and his father has wiped out all his debts again and again.

"When I first met him, he was a dashing young fellow, fresh from college, and just beginning to go the pace that kills. We were in New York with a big extravaganza company, and in the chorus was a sweet little fairy called Nellie Green. With her bright blue eyes, she was as pretty as a picture, and we all knew she was as good as she was pretty. Jack got acquainted with her somehow, and then the game began. Flowers night after night throughout the run, and then a diamond ring. We all liked little Nellie, and we warned her; but she only laughed at us.

"When the New York season was over Rackett followed us from town to town until we reached Chicago, where some smart space grabber got a story into the newspapers. Its insinuations were all cruelly untrue, as I well knew, but it nearly broke Nellie's heart, and it brought matters to a climax.

"Rackett was a fairly honorable man in those days, and the rumor of his marriage to Nellie reached his father's ears. She had been 'Mrs. Rackett' outside the playbills about a year when Jack's allowance was suddenly stopped.

"One by one the jewels he had given her were pawned, for at the end of the season there had been reasons why Nellie could not take another engagement. After a few weeks in New York they were penniless.

"Then Jack began to fret and fume. He drank when he could get treated, and abused and taunted Nellie. Some say that when he was drunk he beat her.

"One day, on the wretched furnished rooms they rented, Jack's father unexpectedly appeared. He did not know there was a dead baby in the inner room, and a starving, sorrowing woman silently sobbing over it.

The son received the proud old man fawningly. He crawled like a cur, and the weeping woman behind the curtains overheard offers of restitution made, of fortune and forgiveness for Jack if he would leave her and return to his father's home.

"I know my folly. I realize how wrong I've been," cried the coward, Jack, "but how can I? How can I leave my wife?"

"Your wife!" sneered Rackett's father. "Why, you don't mean to tell me you were fool enough to marry that play-acting hussey? Your wife!" He paused. Then hearing no reply, he muttered again. "Your wife, is she? Then that settles it," and he turned to go.

"But just then the curtains were flung aside, and while that cur, Rackett, stood by without a word, that brave, noble girl fearlessly flung upon her dead baby the stigma of illegitimacy, unflinchingly gave up the man she loved better than the whole world, that he might recover the money he longed for; might return to his wild career of reckless extravagance.

"She sacrificed her whole life, her good name, her honor, to his selfishness, and, facing his father for the first time, she declared that she was not Jack's wife, and that he was free to go.

"He left her. Left her the day their baby was buried. Since then he has been steadily engaged in drinking himself to death. Few will regret his ultimate success. Not I, for one."

"But surely they were not really married?" said I.

"I told you she was a good girl," was the old actor's reply. "I was present at the wedding."

"Come here, you fellows. John us in a drink" yelled Jack Rackett, to my friend, just at that moment.

We begged to be excused.

But the clinking of glasses and the roars of laughter which greeted each ribald story could not silence the sounds of tamborines and the songs of the Salvation Army at the corner of the street. If Jack Rackett heard the sweet voice of his forsaken wife above the din of the barroom, there is little wonder that he drank himself into insensibility. That is, if he had a heart of any sort.

Poor Old Missouri.

Kansas City Star: Still there will be considerable speculation throughout the country as to why the fifth state in the union makes chicken stealing a felony and the solicitation of bribes only a misdemeanor.

SCHOOLS.

THE ST. JOHN'S MILITARY ACADEMY
(Episcopal)
THE AMERICAN RUGBY
School Farm 200 acres. For catalogue, etc., address
DR. S. T. SMYTHE, Pres., Delafield, Waukesha Co., Wis

MACALESTER COLLEGE
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ST. PAUL, MINN.

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS.
Friday, September 4, 1903.
Garment Department.

New suits and skirts have been coming all the week. There's ample chance for good selection.

Your last year's coat is not necessarily out of style. Many of the styles shown this year are nearly identical with some we carried over from last year. Nevertheless we've priced them as low as we would any other left-overs. We'd rather not mix them with the new goods coming.

Coats that were $7.50 to $16.50, now $5. They are medium length in loose, and tight fitting styles. They are all lined with either satin or silk and are made of kerseys, beaver and montenacs. Blacks, castors, blues, grays, browns and reds.

Those that were $15 to $30 are $10. Monte Carlos and tight fitting garments in all lengths. The finest of kerseys, pebble cheviots and montenacs trimmed and finished only as a good coat should be.

Sheer wash waists, suits, skirts and kimonas, half price.

Just one price for wrappers, $1. It includes them all, even some $3 ones.

Corsets and muslin underwear.

Fancy brocade corsets, W. C. C. brand; medium lengths and elegant shapes. $2.50 values for $1.50.

Muslin underwear is occupying too much of the space that belongs to heavy goods. We'd rather sell it extra cheap than pack it away.

15 and 19 cent embroidered and hemstitched corset covers, 10 cents. 25 cent tucked covers, 18 cents. Nainsook covers trimmed with lace, worth 40 and 50 cents, 35 cents. All $1.25 covers, $1.

50 cents tucked and embroidered gowns, 40 cents. All $1.25 cambric and muslin gowns, $1.

$2.25 cambric skirts trimmed with wide heavy lace, $1.50.

Umbrella drawers, with three rows of hemstitching and tucking, 25 cents. 69, 75 and 89 cent drawers, made of cambrics and muslins, trimmed with embroideries, ruffles and tuckings, 50 cents. Very fine drawers trimmed with wide embroidery edgings and insertions; $1 and $1.25 values, 85 cents.

Hosiery.

We've more of those 7 cent children's black stockings. They're heavy ribbed and worth 10 cents. All sizes.

S. W. Lightbody & Co.,
11th Street and Tower Avenue,
Superior.

AMUSEMENTS.

New 'Phone 50. LYCEUM Old 'Phone 56.
Tonight, Saturday Matinee and Night.
The Military Comic Opera
"When Johnny Comes Marching Home"
Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.
Matinee—Bal. 25c, F. C. 50, Pq. 75c and $1.00, D. C. $1.00.
Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 7-8
LOUIS JAMES AND FRED'K WARDE
In a Stupendous Scenic Production of the spectacular drama,
ALEXANDER THE GREAT.
A MASSIVE PRODUCTION.
Seats on Sale Saturday 9 a. m.

"MEET ME AT THE MET."
METROPOLITAN STOCK COMPANY,
TWO NIGHTS AND A MATINEE.
"The Mysterious Mr. Jones"
A Noted Farce Comedy.
GARDINER'S IN SPECIALTIES.
Prices—Evening, 10c, 25c, 50c. Matinee, 10c, 25c.

Leading food experts declare that

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is always pure.

An important matter, as the greatest care should be used to avoid carelessly made articles of diet.

Pabst Blue Ribbon

is the acme of purity, flavor and palatability

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MAMMOTH IN ICE

Only Known Specimen Put on Exhibition In St. Petersburg.

Found With Last Lunch Undigested After Thousands of Years.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 4.—Completely preserved, hide, hair, eyes, bones and flesh, by the ice fastnesses of Siberia, the mammoth discovered in 1901 by a party of Cossacks has been successfully removed to St. Petersburg and has been mounted, a perfect reproduction of what the enormous animal looked like in real life.

The work of obtaining the wonderful relic of a prehistoric age is due to the Academy of Sciences of St. Petersburg, where the body is now upon exhibition, the only one in the world.

The discovery of the beast was the result of accident, but with its removal to St. Petersburg, where it has been chemically preserved, is presented one of the most interesting achievements in modern science and modern adventure.

Unusual interest attaches because, while remnants of great animals, principally parts of skulls and leg bones, have been found from time to time, the theory that a complete body would ever be discovered, after the lapse of centuries, was considered altogether impossible. In this case the flesh of the mammoth had been preserved by the ice which formed about him and had remained intact for uncounted centuries.

When first seen by a Cossack named Jalowsky, in a section of Siberia until then unexplored, the sun had melted the ice in which the body was incased so that its back was visible.

The find was reported to St. Petersburg, and Dr. Otto Herz, from the Academy of Sciences, was sent out to procure the body intact if possible. Dr. Herz was accompanied by a troop of Cossacks, in command of a lieutenant.

Their journey lay over trackless mountains and swamps so difficult to traverse that failure seemed more likely than success. The party was in a state of great discouragement when Dr. Herz detected the odor of decaying flesh, and, following his sense of smell, finally arrived at the spot sought for.

Dr. Herz's own description of the last stages of the trip is as follows:

"We were at a loss to proceed further, for the maps of the district are not detailed, and we found ourselves in the midst of a vast number of exactly similar ice mounds. Finally, however, my nostrils detected a strange odor, and it occurred to me that it might be the flesh of the monster which had become uncovered and was decomposing. By dint of walking in the direction whence the smell seemed to come I finally located the grave. In my excitement I ran the last mile of the way against the fast-increasing stench. At the grave I found a faithful Cossack, who for fifty days had stood guard over the carcass at the command of his superior officer. He had covered it entirely over with dry soil to a depth of three feet, but even through this protection the smell made its way."

It was found that the body was so completely preserved that food in its stomach was in an undigested state and its character could be easily determined. Careful investigation led to the conclusion that the big animal had slipped into a sand hole from which it could not extricate itself and that snow and ice had filled in afterward, holding it fast.

This is supposed to have occurred at the beginning of winter, followed afterward by heavy formations of ice all about the body. If this theory is correct then it follows that the body had remained constantly in cold storage until the summer of 1901, when the ice melted off its back sufficiently to attract the attention of Cossack Jalowsky.

Dr. Herz writes on this subject:

"The impromptu grave into which the animal plunged was made of sand and clay, and his fall probably caused masses of neighboring soil to loosen and cover him. This happened in the late autumn or at the beginning of winter to judge by the vegetable matter found in the stomach; at any rate, shortly afterward the grave became flooded, ice following.

"This completed the cold storage, still further augmented by vast accumulations of soil all around—a shell of ice hundreds of feet thick inclosed by yards upon yards of soil that remain frozen for the greater part of the year. Thus the enormous carcass was preserved for how long no one knows, through hundreds of centuries, perhaps, until not so many years ago some movement of the earth spat forth the fossil monster, leaving it exposed to the sun and wind until gradually the ice crust wore off and revealed to the passing Cossack the long-hidden treasure."

The removal of the great body to St. Petersburg was accompanied with the utmost success. The flesh having been chemically treated it is now thought it will last for all time.

Remains of a larger mastodon than any found in Siberia were discovered in Texas and are now in the Museum of Natural History in New York. The skull and tusks, together with some leg bones, show that the Texas animal stood more than 15 feet in height and that his tusks, before the ends crumbled away, were sixteen feet long.

The theory that large animals had existed in this country than anywhere else in the world was advanced by the late Dr. Joseph Leidy of Philadelphia, who based his estimates upon the tooth of a mamoth he had discovered.

Cremo



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The Band is the Smoker's Protection.

JAPANESE EAGER

To Fight and Jingo Spirit Pervades the Whole Nation.

Disguised as Chinamen, They Swarm In Port Arthur.

New York, Sept. 4.—Gustavus T. Kirby, a lawyer, son of Thomas B. Kirby, of the American Art association, has returned from a trip through the Orient. Mr. Kirby made some interesting observations of the state of mind of the Japanese, the Chinese and the Russians toward one another.

"Japan," said Mr. Kirby, "is spoiling for a fight. "The jingo spirit, the desire to show aggressive patriotism, permeates the atmosphere. The whole country is up on its toes. The coolies in the streets share the feeling with the aristocrats and with the statesmen of the diet. They have the utmost confidence in their ability to win. They want to prove it, and they hate Russia. It has seemed good to Russia, apparently, to let that feeling be intensified by the utterances of her own high officials. The Russian minister of war, for instance, has been quoted as volunteering the comment that 'Japan is no good.' It is rather remarkable to me that the mere statement, coming from such a high source, has not been enough to start war.

"It took no particular acuteness of observation to see the state of mind of the Japanese. To shout "Long live great Japan." In the street was enough to start a hurrah and a whirlwind of a demonstration. A member of the diet, talking to me, said, soberly and seriously, and with intense conviction:

"'We can lick any one nation on the face of the earth.'

"'Surely,' I said, 'you do not really mean that?'

"'I do,' he said with some feeling. 'I repeat: We can lick any one nation on the face of the earth!' And he did mean it, just as he believed it, and just as his whole nation believes it. And they can come pretty near doing it, too, for a time, at any rate."

Mr. Kirby believes that if it were not for the British-Japenese offensive and defensive alliance Japan would have been at Russia's throat long before now. Great Britain is bound to to fight when Japan fights, and Great Britain doesn't want any more war for a while; she is still sore from her last. How long the British restraint will be effective—that's the question.

The particular incentive to all this hatred, as Mr. Kirby saw things, is the Russian possession of Port Arthur. The Russians stole Port Arthur from the Japanese after the China-Japan war by a process of international agreement. Japan will never be content until she gets Port Arthur back. She is willing to risk her national existence to take Port Arthur away from the Russians.

Russia has Manchuria. The Trans-Siberian railroad runs from the town of Manchuria, on the Siberian border, right down to Port Arthur. Mr. Kirby traveled over the line. The Russians built the road so that it dodged most of the important Manchu towns. But as you travel along the line you find a long succession of Russian towns populated almost exclusively with Russians and with Russians farming the country adjacent to them for many miles back from the railroad.

It may be true that Russia is going to withdraw her garrison from Manchuria next fall, according to her agreement; but she is sending her people overland by the thousands to settle on the land and live on it and occupy it and make their homes on it along the line of the railroad. Siberia is a great country, a beautiful country; but Manchuria is better—it is more fertile.

These train loads of immigrants, and Mr. Kirby passed four or five of them, crammed full, every day, are not being unloaded in Siberia, but in Manchuria. The railroad, to all intents and purposes, runs through Russian territority. The open door is all well enough; but suppose every seat in the house inside that open door is occupied by a stolid Russian who is very comfortable where he is, thank you!

Port Arthur impressed Mr. Kirby very much, especially after seeing the pictures of the place which have been published here. Instead of a sparse settlement with a few fortifications, Mr. Kirby describes Port Arthur as a crowded and busy fortified city. The harbor is an almost circular bay set into the end of the peninsula, which runs out to the gulf of Pechili. It is big enough to hold all the Russian fleet. The fleet is in there now, or was when Mr. Kirby was there.

The entrance to the bay is so narrow that two battleships cannot pass in abreast without great difficulty. On either side of the bay are fortifications in which tremendously heavy guns are mounted. The bay is surrounded by hills. There are fortifications in a circle on these hills back of the harbor. Outside the hills again is a trench fifteen feet deep and thirty feet wide, running from water to water. It is apparently an impregnable fortress, so far as any fortress can be impregnable.

"But," says Mr. Kirby, "that doesn't mean that Port Arthur cannot be taken. Nobody knows how many Japanese there are inside its walls right now. Nobody knows how many have been there ever since Russia took possession. I was driving about with a missionary who had been for years up in Manchuria. He pointed out a coolie to me. 'See that Chinaman?' he asked. I saw him; he was an unusually fine-looking Chink. 'See his pigtail?' I saw it. 'Bet it would come off if you pulled it,' he said. 'He isn't a Chinaman; he is a Jap.'

"The two races are so much alike that it is a very easy matter for a Japanese who has left his hair grow for a year or two to fake up a pigtail that is as good as the Chinese grown article. I haven't the slightest doubt that Port Arthur is full of Japanese—and what that will mean in case of war nobody knows. It may mean that Port Arthur will be blown sky-high the day war is declared. We will have to wait and see."

SUES HOSPITAL

Because Injuries Prevent Her From Getting Married.

St. Paul, Sept. 4.—Because she is now unable to get married, despite the fact that before last April she had dozens of admirers and suitors, Rose Adams, aged 20, has begun suit against the St. Joseph's Hospital society, owners of St. Joseph's hospital, for $10,000 damages.

She alleges that by reason of a fall in an elevator shaft at the hospital she lost the use of one arm, has the other arm crippled, and is now so deformed that she "is ineligible for a proper marriage."

April 28 she was employed at the hospital as "tray girl," and was taking breakfast to a patient. She stepped through the elevator door on the second floor, but the car was not there and she plunged down the shaft to the basement.

The accident deformed and crippled her.

Miss Adams alleges she hhad many suitors before her accident, but says she now has no chance of marriage. She is alone in the world, unable to earn a living, she says, being almost helpless by reason of her injuries. She alleges that the hospital employed a 12-year-old boy to run the elevator, which was against the law, and showed carelessness in not providing a proper employe.

She wants part of the sum for the mental anguish and the rest for blighted matrimonial opportunities.

A BOY'S WILD RIDE FOR LIFE.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, eighteen miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and Grip prove its matchless merit for all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free, at all druggists.

DR. REA

Next regular professional visit to
Duluth, One Day, SATURDAY, SEPT. 5,
SPALDING HOTEL.
Returning every month. Consult him while the opportunity is at hand.



DR. REA has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes.

All curable medical and surgical diseases, acute and chronic catarrh, and Special Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, Lung disease, Early Consumption, Bronchitis, Bronchial Catarrh, Constitutional Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Stomach and Bowel Troubles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Prostatic and Female diseases, Dizziness, Nervousness, Indigestion, Obesity, Interrupted Nutrition, Slow Growth in Children, and all wasting disease in adults. Many cases of Deafness, Ringing in the Ears, Loss of Eyesight, Cataract, Cross Eyes, etc., that have been improperly treated or neglected, can be easily restored. Deformities, Club Feet, Curvature of the Spine, Disease of the Brain, Paralysis, Epilepsy, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Swelling of the Limbs, Stricture, Open Sores, Pain in the Bones, Granular Enlargements and all long-standing diseases properly treated. Young, middle-aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, Syphilis, Eruptions, Hair Falling, Bone Pains, Swellings, Sore Throat, Ulcers, effects of Mercury, Kidney and Bladder troubles, Weak back, burning Urine, passing urine too often. Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life.

Cancers Tumors, Goiter, Fistula, Piles,

Varicocele and enlarged glands with the subcutaneous injection method, absolutely without pain and without the loss of a drop of blood, is one of his own discoveries, and is the most really scientific and certainly sure cure of the nineteenth century. No incurable cases taken. Consultation to those interested, $1.00.

DR. REA & CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn. Louisville, Ky.

Economy to buy School Shoes here.

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY.

The Famous Shoe Store

115 West Superior Street.

$ $ $ $ Saved in School Shoes.

Another Good for Buy Parents of Duluth!

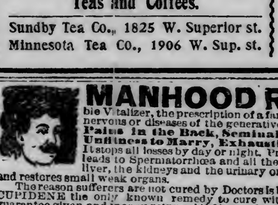
We have bought about 2000 pairs of Boys', Youths', Misses' and Children's School Shoes of the Twin City Shoe Co., who are closing out their entire stock of these goods, and will sell our buy at less than factory prices. Every pair guaranteed. All sizes.

89c—Misses' and Child's $1.25 all solid kid shoes, patent tip extension sole—sale price **89c**

98c—Misses' and Child's $1.35 kid shoes—heavy or light soles, kid or pat. tip, 8½ to 2 **98c**

$1.48—Misses' and Child's $2 fine kid shoes, light or extension soles, kid or pat. tip—sizes 8½ to 2 **$1.48**

$1.19—Child's fine $1.50 box calf shoes, sizes 8½ to 11, sale price **$1.19**



$1.98—Boys' and Youths' extension sole, box calf shoes—all sizes and new fall goods; price **$1.98**

98c—Little Gent's $1.25 satin calf shoes—wear guaranteed, sizes 9 to 13½—sale price **98c**

$1.19—Little Gents' $1.50 box calf all solid shoes—sizes 9 to 13½—sale price **$1.19**

$1.48—Boys' and Youths' satin or box calf, latest style, guaranted, sizes 1 to 5½ **$1.48**

SHE SAID IT WAS A JOKE

Woman Told Policeman She Took $30 From a Man.

New York, Sept. 4.—Edward H. Foster, a merchant of Jackson, Ohio, who is spending a few days at the Imperial hotel, was in Jefferson Market court endeavoring to obtain $30 he said had been taken from him by two women in Thirty-third street.

The women, May Wilson and Cora Edwards, were in court, and although Foster refused to make a complaint against them, they were held for trial by Magistrate Ommen.

Detectives Ticho and Rooney, of the West Thirtieth street station, arrested the women. They said they saw them approach Foster, and, after a few minutes conversation, leave him and go hurriedly to the Thirty-third street station of the Sixth avenue "L." Ticho said his suspicions were aroused and he asked Foster whether he knew the women.

"No, I never saw them before," replied Foster.

"All right," said the detective. "You had better look in your pockets and see whether you have lost anything."

Foster found that he had lost $30. Ticho then ran up the elevated station steps and caught the women as a train was coming in. Before he could speak to the Edwards woman, he says, she ran up to him and handed him $30, which she asked him to give to the man on the corner, saying ste had played a joke on him.

DEVOTED TO THE FARMERS

Thursday's Program at Fair Arranged For Their Benefit.

St. Paul, Sept. 4.—Live stock and dairy day was devoted particularly to the farmers. For their benefit the shorthorn auction sale began yesterday afternoon with a large number of the animals offered for sale. The Hereford show was continued and was thronged, equally with the shorthorn tent. Thousands surged through the cattle, sheep, horse and swine barns, to an extent that they have not done, so far, during the fair.

Judging has progressed rapidly in all the departments, with the possible exception of the horses. The work og the judges there was a little delayed and at the same time enlivened yesterday by the first protest so far talked of. It was the objection of McLaughlin Bros. to the award of the Percheron sweepstakes.

The fair is over $74,000 ahead of last year in gate receipts, and the attendance is also ahead of 1902.

Despite the fact that it rained all the afternoon, the races on the program were pulled off. Although the heavy track interfered with any record-breaking time, the 2:17 class trotting event was well contested, each heat being in doubt until the finish. In the 2:18 class pacing event Castlewood had things all his own way and made his field look cheap. The attendance was fair. Results:

2:17 class trotting, purse $1000—Norman B. won second, third and fourth heats and race. Time, 2:14½, 2:16¾, 2:15¾. Fan Foran won first heat in 2:14¼. Dalton McCarthy and Maggie V. also started.

2:18 class, pacing, purse $1000—Castlewood won in straight heats. Time, 2:14¼, 2:15 and 2:17. Billy Boggs, Hard Case, Charlotte, Charlie E. and International Stock Food also started.

BIG CHUNKS OF BOILER

Sailed Through the Air at Newark Explosion.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 4.—A boiler explosion, which caused a panic for a time in the business center of the town, occurred yesterday in the engineroom of the Hanson- Van Winkle company, manufacturers and dealers in acids, chemicals and dyestuffs, on Market street. Six men were badly injured as a result of the explosion and damage to the extent of $10,000 was done. The injured: Joseph Winter, engineer, scalded; Charles Connolly, scalded; Howard Oliver, injured internally; William Wicklehouse, terribly scalded; Albert Dixon, scalded and cut face and arms; James Thompson, contussed wounds and bruises.

Two pieces of the boiler, weighing 100 pounds and 50 pounds respectively, crashed through the roof of the Evening News building. They fell into the composing room, where many men were working. The hundred pound piece kept on, going through the floor of the composing room into the editorial department, and, although no one was injured, something of a panic followed the crash.

SALARY "DOCKED"

Because He Did Not Attend Council Meeting.

Mansfield, Ohio, Sept. 4.—Because he failed to attend the meetings of the city council last month, the council voted to strike from the appropriation bill the item of Councilman O. L. Enos' monthly salary.

During August the council endeavored unsuccessfully to get six members present to pass certain assessing ordinances for street improvements, but only five could be secured. President Van Alta and Vice President Flockerzi both being seriously ill and Mr. Enos, who was recently appointed traveling passenger agent of the Erie, with headquarters at Marion, failing to come either for the regular meeting or the two special meetings called with the understanding that he would be present.

A resolution was also adopted instructing the clerk of council to notify Mr. Enos that his continued absence from council meeting is delaying public improvements and calling his attention to section 121 of the new code.

West End Bargain Guide.

The following dealers are leaders in their respective lines, selling only the best merchandise at prices often lower than the up-town stores.

BUILD UP THE WEST END BY PATRONIZING THEM.

Department Store.
Johnson & Moe, 2102-8 W. Superior st.

Jewelry and Watchmaking.
T. A. Pinto, 2004 W. Superior street.
M. N. Berg, 2003 W. Superior street.

Painting and Paper Hanging.
T. H. Hedeen, 2013 W. First street.

Paints and Wall Paper.
A. Andren, 1827 W. Superior street.

Boys' Clothing, Shoes, Furnishings.
Chas. Mork & Co., 1930 W. Superior st.

Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings.
S. W. Hill, 1926 W. Superior street.

Groceries and Provisions.
O. Dahlsten & Co., 1928 W. Superior st.

Teas and Coffees.
Sundby Tea Co., 1825 W. Superior st.
Minnesota Tea Co., 1906 W. Sup. st.

Hardware, Furniture and Dishes.
R. R. Forward & Co., 21st Avenue W.

Hardware and Stoves.
O. B. Johnson & Co., 1918 W. Sup. st.
C. E. Benson, 2023 W. Superior street.

Hardware and Tinshop.
Leonard's Hdw. Store, 1910 W. Sup. st.

Boots and Shoes.
Home Trade Shoe Store, 2013 W. Sup. st

Druggists.
Lion Drug Store, 2002 W. Superior st.

Dry Goods, Notions and Furnishings.
The Economy Store, 1534 W. Sup. st.

Photographs.
The Thompson Studio, 2005 W. Sup. st.

Installment Goods.
J. P. Crotty & Co., 1722 W. Sup. st.

Crockery and Housefurnishings.
N. O. Nelson & Co., 2017-19 W. Sup. st.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night, prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked, leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.**

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Music Lessons Free.

The Bradbury School of Music is offering fifteen free and partial scholarships. This means that you have a chance to get music lessons absolutely free. For particulars apply at the office of the school, No. 10 Columbus building, Duluth.

AGAIN THE QUESTION

Of Which Died First Must Be Settled.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 4. — The triple drowning accident at White Bear in which Wolford Carlson and his wife, Helen, were two of the victims, has brought about a peculiar legal complication. The courts will have to decide which died first.

Mrs. Carlson carried $1000 endowment insurance in her own favor. Her husband carried $1000 in favor of his wife. She has $700 in the bank in her own name, and he had $250 in another bank in his name. The household goods, valued at $800, were jointly owned.

Mrs. Carlson leaves an aged mother in St. Paul. Mr. Carlson leaves as his surviving heir, an aged father in Sweden.

If Mrs. Carlson died first her husband would have inherited her estate and his father in Sweden would get everything the couple left. If Mrs. Carlson died after her husband, then her mother in St. Paul gets all of the joint estate. Both husband and wife were seen to go down to their watery graves at the same moment.

Cholera Infantum

There is no danger whatever from this disease when taken in time and properly treated. All that is necessary is to give

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.

STUDIES IN THE OLD TESTAMENT

FROM SAMUEL TO SOLOMON---DEATH OF SAUL AND JONATHAN.

International Sunday School Lesson For September 6, 1903.

1 Samuel 31:1-13. "Now the Philistines fought against Israel, and the men of Israel fled from before the Philistines, and fell down slain in Mount Gilboa. And the Philistines followed hard upon Saul and upon his sons; and the Philistines slew Jonathan, and Abinadab, and Malchishua, the sons of Saul. And the battle went sore against Saul, and the archers overtook him; and he was greatly distressed by reason of the archers. Then said Saul to his armor-bearer, Draw thy sword and thrust me through therewith; lest these uncircumcised come and thrust me through, and shame me. But his armor-bearer would not; for he was sore afraid. Therefore, Saul took his sword and fell upon it, and when his armor-bearer saw that Saul was dead, he likewise fell upon his sword, and died with him. So Saul died, and his three sons, and his armor-bearer, and all his men, that same day together. And when the men of Israel that were on the other side of the valley, and they that were beyond Jordan, saw that the men of Israel fled, and that Saul and his sons were dead, they forsook the cities, and fled; and the Philistines came and dwelt in them.

"And it came to pass on the morrow, when the Philistines came to strip the slain, that they found Saul and his three sons fallen in Mount Gilboa. And they cut off his head, and stripped off his armor, and sent into the land of the Philistines round about, to carry the tidings into the house of their idols, and to the people. And they put his armor in the house of the Ashtaroth; and they fastened his body to the walls of Bethshan. And when the inhabitants of Jabesh Gilead heard concerning him that which the Philistines had done to Saul, all the valiant men arose and went all night, and took the body of Saul and the bodies of his sons from the wall of Beth-shan; and they came to Jabesh and burnt them there. And they took their bones and buried them under the tamarisk tree in Jabesh, and fasted seven days."

Golden Text: "There is a way which seemeth right unto a man, but the end thereof are the ways of death." Proverbs 14:12.

DAVID IN EXILE.

After his second meeting with Saul David seems to have lost heart completely. His faith apparently wavered as at no other time in his life. He had been a thorough believer in Jehovah's care for him; but at this point he thought that there was no place and rest for him to be gotten from either God or man. He felt that he would surely perish, as many a person who, in the stress and turmoil of daily life, feels ready to give up the fight and lay down his arms of faith. So David said, I shall surely perish. He felt that there was no good thing left for him in the land of his people; perhaps he might find a refuge by fleeing to the enemies of his country. At any rate, he could get away from Saul by going over to the Philistines, which he did with 600 followers.

He took not only the men of his camp, but also their wives and families. It was a veritable exodus from the promised land and marks a terrible decline in faith on the part of all who were concerned in it. For a time the whole company lived in the capital of Achish, the king, by whom they had been received cordially. But directly David saw the dangers that might arise through their living in such close proximity to the king. So he proposed that a city of Philistia be given them to occupy. Now Ziklag had been taken from the Simeonites, but had not been occupied. It was toward the southern wilderness, exposed to the assaults of the tribes that wandered there. It was convenient for Achish to have this place occupied by a strong band of men who were thoroughly able to resist any probable invasions. So he assigned it to David as the habitation for himself and his followers. The place was also convenient for David's purposes. He had become more of an outlaw than ever, unscrupulous in many things which he did. He professed great friendship for Achish, and pretended that he busied himself with making raids on the Israelites; but all the while he was doing what he could to destroy those enemies of his own people who wandered on the southern boundary of his native country.

There came to David at this time large and important additions of men from the forces of Saul. Among them came a lot of Benjamites, who were expert in slinging stones and shooting arrows with either hand; also, a band of Gadites, who could run like roes and knew how to handle the shield and spear. As David went to battle with King Achish, a number of Manassites tried to join him. All these were but the advance guard of that vast host which came to Hebron after Saul's death and insisted on making David king. In fact, there seems to have been a defection from the ranks of Saul before that fateful day at Gilboa, which was one of his finest characteristics. At Gilboa he gathered the strongest army he could to resist the approaching Philistines. But he was full of terror at the prospect. And one does not wonder at his terror, for he felt himself deserted by both God and man. He had decreed against witches and wizards and had vigorously tried to drive them from the land; but in the hour of his peril he weakly resorted to this expedient in his effort to forecast the results of the impending conflict. It was difficult to locate a wizard, his work had been so thorough in eradicating them. When one was found, she hesitated to respond to the demand made upon her for fear of her life. But Saul, having traveled some ten miles to see her, was not to be put off without the interview he sought. Disguised though he was, the woman recognized and called him by name. He wished to converse with Samuel, who had been some time dead. The woman was surprised and frightened at the success of her efforts to call up the spirit of the deceased prophet; there was too much reality in what she saw and none of the sham devices such as she had used to deceive her customers. There is nothing in the narrative to show that Saul saw the apparition. He confessed to the spirit of Samuel that he felt himself helpless and had resorted to him in the hope that he would tell him what to do in his extremity. The rebuke he got from the spirit of the prophet was more terrible than any experience he had ever had. It emphasized the fact that the Lord had deserted him on account of his disobedience, foretold the defeat of the morrow, asserted that David would succeed him on the throne, and conveyed the sepulchral tidings that on the morrow both he and his sons would be among the dead. It is no wonder that after this interview Saul was so weak that he fell limp to the floor. The wonder is that even with the food which the woman gave him and with the help of his attendants he was able to get back to his camp and to the battle on the morrow. His personal courage and prowess were phenomenal, or he could never have done it.

The day of battle dawned for Israel—a day of disaster. Panic seized Saul's army, and there was no stopping it. The Philistines seemed to have shut off the ways of escape by the valley, and the Israelites were compelled to flee over Mount Gilboa, pursued hard by the Philistines, who had increasing advantage. Saul's sons were killed. As the flight led down the other side of the mountain, the archers of the enemy had overpowering advantage, which told terribly upon the Israelites. At this point Saul gave up the contest. He knew the terrible peril of falling into the hands of the enemy, so he chose suicide instead. The stories of Oriental cruelty to captured kings makes one of the most terrible chapters in the history of warfare. It was the shame of the way he might be treated that led Saul to an act that in so many cases is prompted by cowardice. He was a man of such great personal courage that one shrinks from believing that mere fear caused him to take his life. His armor-bearer followed his master's example and fell upon his own sword.

Great was the slaughter of the day, and so complete was the demoralization of Israel that the Philistines were able to penetrate beyond Jordan with their work of devastation. On the next horrible day the bodies of the dead were stripped on the field, those of Saul and his sons among the rest. Saul's head was cut off and exposed on the walls of an adjacent city, while his armor was sent as a trophy to adorn the house of one of their idols. One of the first acts of Saul's career as king was to gather an army and go to the rescue of the men of Jabesh-Gilead from an attack by the Ammonites. Be it said to the lasting honor of the men of that city that when they heard of the disgrace that was being shown Saul's body, they hastened to take down his head and those of his sons and to give them a decent burial, after burning their bodies to cover up the mutilation they had suffered. They further set aside a week for fasting in honor of the heroic dead. Thus passed the brilliant career of the house of Saul, which served its country well, though with many mistakes. Saul laid the foundation on which David afterwards built his successful military and civic career.

The field of Esdraelon, on the border of which the battle was fought, was the battle ground of the ancient world. There Deborah and Barak fought Sisera: there Gideon routed Midian: there Josiah lost his life fighting Pharaoh Necho; there was fought the last battle of the crusaders; and over those fields passed and repassed the armies of the great conquerors of the ancient world. It was the highway between the East and the West. Babylonian, Assyrian, Syrian, Egyptian, Greek, Persian, these all and others trod the bloody path of Esdraelon to victory or to defeat. That Saul's reign is accounted a failure is due in some measure to the ignominy o his death on the edge of Esdraelon, but more to the greatness of his successor and the fact that he, the first king of Israel, was not capable of any great constructive work. He could conduct himself well in the field, but he contributed nothing that we know of to the arts of peace; while David developed the worship of the people and built up the state, in addition to his great work as a conqueror. But the fact must not be overlooked that the prophets taught in Israel that Saul failed because he disobeyed the word of God, while David's success was due to his inclination to learn and do the will of Jehovah.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK,
Chaplain, United States Navy.

HERE THEY ARE FOR FALL!

THE largest and most complete line of Men's Shoes ever shown in this city is now ready for *your* inspection. This great line of shoes will convince you that your feet can look neat and feel comfortable in a shoe at a moderate price and at the same time save you from 35% to 50% on your footwear. *Is it not to your interest to investigate?* We are here te serve you and will be pleased to have you inspect this splendid line of $3.50 shoes. *Every pair* is guaranteed to give *satisfaction.* Our salesmen fit your feet regardless of their condition. They are experts in this line. Three great lots on sale for tomorrow.

BELOW ARE SHOWN A FEW OF THIS LARGE LINE OF MEN'S STYLISH SHOES



No. 216

Our No. 216—This one is made of the best vici kid—leather lined throughout—it is a Goodyear welt and made on the new Chicago last—an ideal winter shoe—contains all the style and wear of a $6.00 shoe—to you for $3.50.

Our No. 214—An extra heavy, strictly waterproof shoe—one that will keep your feet dry and comfortable in all kinds of weather—an up-to-date shoe in style and the "real thing" for fall and winter wear, equals any $5.00 shoe on the market—and sells here for the low price of $3.50.

FIRST QUALITY
$3.50
HIGHEST GRADE.

Our No. 217—A swell Dress Shoe of guaranteed patent colt on the celebrated "Po-Tay" last, has a half military heel—made in either lace or button style. The buttoned ones have the new dull buttons to match the top—a $6.00 value in every way and we sell them at the low price of $3.50.



No. 214

UNION MADE.

Numberless other styles are to be found here and it will be a pleasure to us if you will step in and look them over. Our new Fall Catalogue, which contains a goodly selection of the styles sold here, will be mailed to you free on request.

THE
BROCKTON SHOE CO.
D. CASMIR, Manager.
311 W. Superior St. DULUTH, MINN.

No. 217



UNION MADE.

IMPORTS OF RAW SILK

In Last Fiscal Year Were the Largest on Record.

Washington, Sept. 4.—The imports of raw silk in the fiscal year just ended were the largest in the history of the government. Statistics just compiled by the department of commerce and labor, through its bureau of statistics, show that for the fiscal year ending July 30, 1903, 14,271,340 pounds of unmanufactured silk, valued at $50,011,819, were imported, as compared with 14.2 million pounds in 19.2 and 10.4 millions in 1901. From this silk our manufacturers will make finished products valued at over $125,000,000.

Of the $50,000,000 worth of unmanufactured silk imported, practically one-half comes from Japan; the raw silk from that country in the fiscal year just ended being valued at $24,000,000. Italy furnished nearly $13,000,000; the Chinese Empire, $8,000,000; France, $2,200,000 and all other countries only a little over $300,000 worth of raw silk. Besides this, there was a little over a million dollars' worth of silk waste imported, which is used principally in making "spun silk," and is classed as unmanufactured silk in the statistics of imports.

Many attempts have been made to produce raw silk in this country. As early as 1623 mulberry trees were required to be planted by all settlers in Virginia, and some silk was grown in the early days of the colony. In the second quarter of the last century the cultivation of silk seemed to give promise of success, but the enterprise degenerated into a speculation in Chinese mulberry trees, and ended in utter failure. The recent experiments of the department of agriculture are again directing attention to the practicability of raising on our own farms a share at least of this material, which forms so considerable a part of our imports.

During recent years the importation of raw silk has increased almost continuously, until in the fiscal year just closed it amounted to over $50,000,000. The nearest approach to this value was in 1900, when $45,333,000 worth was imported.

The following table shows the quantity and value of raw silk imported at five-year periods from 1870 to 1900, and yearly to 1903:

Year.	Quantity.	Value.
1870	883,589	$ 3,017,958
1875	1,101,681	4,918,350
1880	2,562,226	13,837,809
1885	4,308,908	12,925,437
1890	7,510,440	24,331,857
1895	9,216,460	22,626,956
1900	13,073,718	45,329,760
1901	10,405,555	30,051,300
1902	14,234,326	42,635,351
1903	15,271,340	50,011,819

Notwithstanding the increase in the quantity of unmanufactured silk which is brought here to be made into fabrics by our own manufacturers, the importation of manufactured silks does not fall off. For 1903 it is not $3,000,000 less than the previous high mark, made in 1893. This would indicate that there is still room for growth in our domestic manufacture before the demand will be supplied.

The following table shows the growth of the silk manufacturing industry of the United States at each census since 1870. All of the raw silk used in these establishments is imported:

Year.	Establishments.	Value of products.
1870	86	$ 12,210,062
1880	382	14,063,045
1890	472	87,298,454
1900	483	107,256,236

WONDERFUL PIPE DREAM

Former Chicago Grain Dealer Issues Book Dictated By Spirits.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—For twenty years the sprits have been talking incessantly to Charles Wesley Dean, and for twenty years he has been writing, writing, writing what the spirit people told him. He has written many books during these long years, but as fast as the manuscript for each was finished the spirit dictators made him burn it.

Now, after all this time, he has produced a work that suits the ghosts, and today it appeared under the title, "The Book of Books." Many spirits, from that of Adam down, had a hand in the work. Such is the story of Mr. Dean, who years ago was prominent on the board of trade. According to "The Book of Books" Christ already has come to the world for the second time. Mr. Dean says:

"He has come to the world to perform his last act and duty to the human family and to bring the long-promised millenium to the world, to take the place of sickness, sorrow and death, that have prevailed on the earth during the past 2000 years. He will place the new and beautiful spirit government of love on the whole earth, which will remove all poverty, sickness, sorrow and woe, and the cause of all tears and worries, and the whole people will be given only peace, plenty and pleasure forever."

An extract from the "words and commandments of Jesus" will give an idea of the text of this strange literary concoction:

"I, Jesus of Bethlehem, in Judea, having received a command from my Father Abraham that the church is no longer useful and that its teachings are harmful and degrading to the people of the world at this time and must cease, it is my most earnest desire that all adherents of the Christian worship shall immediately cease to practice such worship and shall immediately close all churches and keep them locked until you receive directions from the officers of the new and perfect spirit government of love, which will supply you with abundance of peace. This, my command, must be obeyed for your own good comfort and peace, and as my Father Abraham obeys the commands of Mary Baker Hadden, the supreme ruler of the heavens and controller of all things on the earth, so do I obey the commands of my Father Abraham."

Save the children. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is just as good for children as it is for adults. Mrs. Henry Carter, 705 Central street, Nashville, Tenn., says: "My little boy now three years old and has been suffering from indigestion ever since he was born. After using one bottle of Kodol he is a well baby. I recommend it to all sufferers." Sold by all druggists.

ECZEMA SETS THE SKIN ON FIRE

No disease causes so much bodily discomfort, or itches, and burns like Eczema. Beginning often with a slight redness of the skin it gradually spreads, followed by pustules or blisters from which a gummy, sticky fluid oozes which dries and scales off or forms bad looking sores and scabs. It appears on different parts of the body but oftenest upon the back, arms, hands, legs and face, and is a veritable torment at times, especially at night or when overheated.

The cause of Eczema is a too acid and general unhealthy condition of the blood. The terrifying itching and burning is produced by the overflow through the glands and pores of the skin of the fiery poisons with which the blood-current is overloaded. While external applications, such as washes, soaps, salves and powders aresoot hing and cooling they do not enter into the blood itself or touch the real cause of the disease, but S. S. S. does, and purifies, enriches, and strengthens the thin acid blood and cleanses and builds up the general system, when the skin clears off and Eczema with all its terrifying symptoms disappears.

In 1896 I experienced at times patches on the inside of my hands that itched and burned, causing much discomfort. As time went by it grew worse, and I was convinced that I was afflicted with Eczema. I consulted several physicians and a number of specialists, and used several external applications, receiving but slight temporary relief. In February I decided to try S. S. S., and in less than a month I experienced a change for the better, and by May all symptoms had disappeared, and I found myself entirely cured, and have had no return of the disease since. W. P. BRUSH,
Manager Stockman's Advertising Agency.
Station A, Kansas City, Mo.



SSS

Send for our free book on the Skin and its diseases. No charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.



Store Is Closed All Labor Day.

Johnson & Moe

THE WEST END BIG DEPARTMENT STORE,
21st Avenue West and Superior St.

Monday Is Labor Day, and Tomorrow, Saturday, Is a Day of Preparation

You will want something to fill the picnic basket—our model Grocery department is well stocked. And things to wear—how about COLLARS and TIES, SHOES and STOCKINGS, WAISTS and READY-TO-WEAR HATS, and—UMBRELLAS—for the sprinkle that might happen!

We are amply supplied with all requisites for a holiday outing; and will only remind you that our store is closed all day MONDAY—and we expect to see you some time Saturday, before 10 p. m.

NEW FALL MILLINERY.

We are showing a very choice assortment of new Ready-to-wear Hats for Ladies and Misses. The new Hats in brush beaver, mohair felt and camel's hair felt; colors, white, black, navy, brown, castor and cardinal; trimmed with stitched felt, quills, cords and buttons. Prices, each—

$1.58, $1.98, $2.25, $2.50, up to $6.50

HANDKERCHIEF SALE.

Children's Handkerchiefs—
Of fine cambrics, with colored borders—cheap at 5c—special for Saturday—each..... **4c**

White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs—
Of fine quality—regular price 10c—Special for Saturday—each..... **8c**

White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs—
With nice worked initial corners—the 15c kind—special for Saturday, each..... **10c**

A FEW SAILOR SUITS—
For little girls—made of blue and tan duck—trimmed with blue braid—were $1.25—special..... **75c**

CHILDREN'S DRESSES—
Several dozen Dresses—made up of neat red and blue prints, braid and ruffle trimmed, in sizes 2 to 8 years—regular price 49c, 59c and 65c—special..... **39c**

Another lot of Children's Dresses that were 35c, for—each..... **25c**

BOYS' SUITS NEW FALL STYLES.

We have just opened the new fall suits for boys—and we are enthusiastic over the excellent values that we are enabled to offer, because of the unusual opportunity that came our way when we bought these goods.

For Small Boys—
Norfolk and Sailor Suits—made from blue flannels, serges and fancy mixtures, and the fancy mixtures are especially fashionable this fall—in sizes 3 to 9 years, at each—

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00

Double-Breasted Suits—
Consisting of Coat and Pants—for boys 8 to 16 years of age—in fancy Suit cloths—that will take the eye of you who want the nice things. All in latest cuts—fine fitters—priced—

$2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00

Fine New Three-Piece Suits—
Made up from fancy mixed weaves, serges, invisible plaids and cheviots—coat, vest and pants, correctly tailored, at—per suit—

$3.50, $5.00, $5.50 and $6.00

The Last Day of the Half Price Wash Goods Sale

Saturday sees the end of a sale that is so sweeping as to include all summer Wash Goods. They have dwindled rapidly, and by Saturday night there will be only remnant lots left. Hundreds of beautiful patterns are still to be had, however, and to those who are interested, we say, come tomorrow morning for choice pickings at Exactly Half the Original prices.

100 Pillow Tops—
Of Art Denims and Basket Weaves, printed in a number of catchy designs on different color backgrounds. Regular price of these tops is 19c each—Saturday, each..... **9c**

Silkolines at 9c—
Saturday we place on sale a 1000-yard lot of Silkolines, in plain shades and fancy floral designs—worth 15c—at, per yard..... **9c**

LOST IN STOCKS

And So Lally Said He Could Not Marry.

Mishawaka, Ind., Sept. 4.—The marriage of Thomas B. Lally, son of a wealthy Michigan mill owner, and Miss Edith Catherine Ganser, daughter of Mishawaka's oldest and most prominent merchant, set for Wednesday morning, was not solemnized. Lally deserted his handsome fiance, it is said, leaving a letter, in which he stated he could not marry without means. A year ago the young man had considerable money, but this has vanished as a result of his operations in stocks. The young woman, surrounded by guests, magnificent wedding gifts and an elegant trousseau, is in a state of collapse.

TO RESUME CONSTRUCTION.

Portland, Ore., Sept. 4.—The construction of the Coos Bay, Roseburg and Salt Lake railroad from Coos bay, Oregon, to Salt Lake City, Utah, is to be resumed, according to an announcement made by I. D. Kinney, the projector of the road who has just returned from New York where he went to raise more money. The road has been surveyed the whole distance to Salt Lake City, where it is stated it is the plan to connect with the Gould system.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT is prepared only for Piles and itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS MF'G CO., Prop's, CLEVELAND, O. For sale at White Swan Drug Store.

FEARFUL ODDS AGAINST HIM.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such, in brief was the condition of an old soldier by name of J. J. Haveus, Versailles, Ohio. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies, "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for Liver and Kidney troubles and all forms of Stomach and Bowel Complaints. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed at all druggists.

COLORED PASTORS

Will Deliver Discourses on Honesty and Sobriety.

New York, Sept. 4.—A committee of representative clergymen appointed by Bishop William B. Derrick from the A. M. E. conference of the states of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, for the purpose of urging colored people to follow President Roosevelt's advice and see that the criminal element of their race is suppressed, have recommended that all colored pastors shall deliver discourses on the benefits of honesty, sobriety, industry and morality.

The speech condemning lynching made by President Roosevelt, and the declarations against it by Governor Durbin, Dean Richmond Babbitt and Justice Brewer are heartily endorsed.

POTATOES ERRATIC

Price of Tubers Fluctuates In Eccentric Fashion.

Crop Good But Receipts Light—Fruit Getting Reasonable.

The erratic course pursued by the price of potatoes this summer has added many gray hairs to the heads of the commission men. Jumps or drops from 5 to 10 cents in twenty-four hours have not been uncommon.

New potatoes started out at $1.10 per bushel. From this figure the price gradually fell to 60 cents, with periodic strengthenings. It remained at 60 cents for several days, and then without warning jumped back to 70 cents, which price is at present quoted.

The crop of potatoes is said to be a good one this year, but the manner in which shipments have been coming in has caused the price to vary so widely. Cold wet weather would prevent the farmers digging the tubers, and a spell of dry weather following would cause the shipments to flow in very freely, and the price to fall.

California fruit has taken a further drop during the past week, and the prices again approach the normal. The shipments have been larger and the quality better, and the trade in these fruits has been one of the features of the week.

Early apples are very plentiful and of a very high grade. No fall or winter appless have yet been received, but the crop promises well, and they will probably be plentiful during the coming winter.

Carloads of great yellow Minnesota pumpkins have arrived in the city during the week, and the Michigan street warehouses are stacked high with huge heaps of them.

The first Wisconsin honey was received last week, and this week it is coming in more freely, and the price has dropped.

Meats have varied but little in price during the week, although trading has been active. Pork loins show the only variation, being half a cent higher.

Lard has stiffened somewhat in price from the low figure which has been quoted throughout the summer. During the spring it fell from 10½ cents to 8 cents, where it remained until this week, when it jumped five-eighths of a cent per pound.

Chickens are the feature of the poultry market this week. The spring chickens are being shipped in freely by the farmers, and the demand has fully kept pace with the supply. The poultry crop has shown a decided improvement over that of last year, when shipments could not commence to supply the demand.

WOULD SELL TOWN.

Bremerton to Be Offered to Navy Department.

Seattle, Sept. 4.—It is said that an offer will be made to sell to the government the entire townsite of Bremerton, surrounding the Puget Sound navy yard, for $350,000. William Bremer, after whom the town is named, has procured power of attorney from nearly all the property owners, it is reported, an will start for Washington in a few days to submit the proposition to the navy department. Ever since the yard was founded the officers of the navy have declared that a mistake was made in not acquiring the entire neck of land there.

BARBAROSSA ARRIVES.

Disabled Steamer Makes Port With One Engine.

New York, Sept. 4.—The disabled steamer Barbarossa, of the North German Lloyd line, arrived in port today under her port engine. Capt. Mentz says that on Friday last, August 29, at 7 o'clock in the morning the starboard engine became disabled and investigation showed that the tail shaft of the propeller was broken. The ship was stopped, the outboard section of the shaft was secured and the steamer proceeded. There was no excitement among the passengers and very few knew of the matter until afterward.

BUILT RAILROAD IN PERU.

San Francisco, Sept. 4.—A. E. Welby, for many years general superintendent of the Rio Grande Western road, has just returned from Peru, where he has been engaged for a year past in the construction of seventy-five miles of railroad. Mr. Welby says the road, which has just been completed is a wonderful piece of work. It starts at Lima, 12,000 feet above the sea level, and climbs to an altitude of 17,000 feet in seventy-five miles.

PLANS OF SANTA FE.

Eureka, Cal., Sept. 4.—A transfer of realty just recorded evinces the intentions of the Santa Fe system of establishing a terminus on Humboldt bay. Three-fourths of what is known as the Allen tract has been secured by the Santa Fe people and a suit in condemnation for the balance of the property is pending. The price paid is reported to have been $75,000.

BERG WINS MATCH.

Whatcom, Wash., Sept. 4.—D. A. McMillan, of Buffalo, N. Y., last night failed to throw John Berg of this city, the Pacific coast champion wrestler, twice in one hour. McMillan gained the first fall in 24 minutes. Berg won the second in 22 minutes, winning the match.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents, at all druggists.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the IDEAL BEER HALL.

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THE FINAL RACE

Between the Big Yachts Was Merely a Procession.

Sir Thomas Expects to Sell One of the Shamrocks.

New York, Sept. 4.—The Reliance won the third and final race, and the series for that famous sea trophy, the America's cup. In a dense fog which prevented vision for over 200 yards, she finished the race at 5:30:02, amid the acclamations of the assembled fleet. The Shamrock III, after running for more than an hour in the fog, missed the finish line, passed by it, and then returned to it from the opposite direction.

After racing for more than an hour at terrific speed through a blinding fog, the Reliance burst through the wall of mist upon the vision of the spectators on the fleet assembled a tthe finish line, and, heeling under a great bellying balloon jib topsail until her lee rail was awash, flew across the finish line almost before the spectators could determine for a certainty that it was she. Once more the Yankee boat had added to the long string of victories in contests for the honored old silver trophy that carries with it the blue ribbon of the sea.

A fleet of less than thirty vessels went down to the familiar waters of the international course to witness this fifth effort of the Reliance to cover the course of thirty miles within the time limit.

The regatta committee waited until the last moment to send the boats away at 1 o'clock, after which hour it had been agreed that no race should be started. Signals had been displayed to indicate a windward and leeward course of thirty miles, south and back.

The duel between the skippers began at the sound of the preparatory gun and continued during a series of brilliant maneuvers in which Capt. Barr again proved his splendid seamanship, outgeneraling Capt. Wringe until the boats went across the line. During the fifteen minutes before the starting gun Capt. Barr held the British boat under his lee, for most of the time blanketing her. He never relinquished the windward position which the Reliance held when the preparatory gun was fired. Ten minutes later, when both boats were heading away from the line, the Shamrock luffed and forced the Reliance about, whereupon both headed for the line. On the way to it the Reliance held the challenger under her lee, partially blanketed.

The official starting time was: Reliance, 1:01:06; Shamrock, 1:02:00.

For more than an hour they sailed down the shore of Sandy Hook and the Highlands to Seabright, and during all that time the Reliance steadily worked up to windward of the beaten challenger, outpointing and outfooting her, at the same time passing to windward of her. The boats were timed at the turn as follows:

Reliance, 3:30:35.
Shamrock, 3:41:45.

The Reliance had gained 11 minutes and 3 seconds in the thresh to windward, and, barring accidents, the victory was hers.

Highlands of Navesink, N. J., Sept. 4.—When the Erin had discharged her passengers last night and the re-echo of their cheers had died away, Sir Thomas Lipton said:

"Two weeks ago I was hopeful; last week I knew I was doomed to defeat, and was disappointed, but today I am almost glad in my own defeat. America has been such a thoroughly generous victor. I want again to thank the American people for their generosity to me in my defeat."

Asked what his plans were, Sir Thomas said:

"My crew is to return to England on Tuesday next, and I really ought to go back by that time myself. I will post out my engagements in a day or two and then determine just what I shall do. I shall attend a dinner in New York tomorrow, and have half promised to be Mr. Woodruff's guest in Brooklyn and go to the New York state fair, but that is not absolutely certain. It is possible I may have to start for home next week.

Asked what he would do with the three Shamrocks, he said: "I am to meet some people tomorrow who desire to buy at least one of the boats. After I have seen them I shall determine what to do.

Regarding the defeat of Shamrock III, he simply said: "I don't care to discuss it any more. The American boat was the better, that is all."

Designer Fife refused to talk.

Capt. Wringe, while agreeable, still would not talk any further than to say: "We did the best we could, but the boat was the best."

Capt. Barr of Reliance said after the race: "Reliance is a beautiful boat, stands all kinds of weather and won in it. Our adversaries did the best they could with the material they had."

London, Sept. 4.—The final defeat of Sir Thomas Lipton's cup challenger, Shamrock III, was received in London with absolute listlessness. Most of the afternoon papers published a special edition, announcing the result of the cup race, but the announcement had already been discounted by the dispatches giving the progress of the race.

The consensus of opinion is that Sir Thomas has done everything that time and money could accomplish, and widespread sympathy for him is shown. The chief hope expressed in the streets is that Canada will enter the lists next year and possibly succeed where the mother country has failed. It seems improbable that in view of the failure of Shamrock III another challenger will soon be dispatched from England.

GUESTS ROBBED.

Women at Alexandria Bay Lose Large Sum.

New York, Sept. 4.—Mrs. Weir Martin, of New York, and her aunt, Mrs. Hessing, of Chicago, are reported to have been robbed of cash and jewelry, amounting to more than $3000, at an Alexandria Bay, N. Y., summer hotel. The women were boating and left the valuables in their rooms. The loss was discovered immediately upon their return, but no trace of the thief was found until several hours later, when it was discovered that a female servant had disappeared.

New Fall Clothing!

Our stock of Men's Suits and Overcoats for Fall is now complete. All the new cuts and style kinks are here, as well as many exclusive styles, that can't be found elsewhere. The best tailors on earth make our Suits, and we want you to compare them with any Suits you can find anywhere. Then compare our prices and you will buy here.

We carry the largest stock of Men's Union - Made Suits in the city.

Union-Made Suits and Overcoats $8.50, $10, $12.50, $15 and $20

New Fall Hats. New Fall Shirts.

FLOAN LEVEROOS & CO.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST. DULUTH
MEN'S FINE CLOTHING

HURRICANE GOT LOST

Washington Weather Bureau Officials Tell How It Happened.

Fortunate and Agreeable Failure of Very Direful Prophecy.

Washington, Sept. 4.—The men of science who run the weather bureau and who made people in the South and East think of cyclone cellars by predicting that the Jamaica hurricane would sweep up the coast and spread over the country, feel that they have something to explain. They are now devoting much care to the telling of how it was that the hurricane failed to arrive as scheduled.

The laws of storm are well enough known to enable the weather bureau officers to foretell what will happen if they have even a few facts to base deductions upon. But only infinite knowledge can say what will be the next move of a storm if there are no data. And in the matter of the Jamaica hurricane, it appears, the data were insufficient.

The weather bureau officials declare that if they had had money enough to establish stations throughout the West Indies and place American observers in charge of them, a storm of that kind could not do what it did in Jamaica without due notice of its coming having been sent to the owners of shipping.

The recurving of these storms is due to collision with areas of high barometer High barometer means fair weather. Fair weather means a heavier coat of atmosphere. Low barometric pressure, or a lesser pressure of the atmosphere, always characterizes the areas within the influence of the storm.

Ordinarily the area of high pressure is encountered in the gulf of Mexico. If the weather on the mainland of North America is very fair the result is a sharp turn of the storm out toward the Atlantic Ocean where the pressure is lower. This area of lesser pressure extends up along the Atlantic coast often to the Bay of St. Lawrence. When that is the case the hurricane goes bolling up the coast with great but always decreasing violence until it is lost in the cold regions along the coast of Greenland.

The law on recurving is as well known at the weather bureau as is the statute of limitations in the postoffice department. But unless there are a few facts with regard to the general condition of the weather of the coast of Mexico, there is no basis for a calculation as to where the storm will go. Evidently in the case of the Jamaica hurricane there was very fair weather in and around Progreso, else there would have been no recurving.

Fine weather is not to be expected in that quarter at this season of the year. Therefore the staid and proper thing for that whirling mass of cloud and wind to have done was to come further north to find the buffer of high barometric pressure. It was this reasoning which caused the warning to New Yorkers that the hurricane was coming.

Of the origin of these terrifying, destructive storms all the scientists in the world combined know very little. The hurricanes may be more frequent when there are many spots on the sun, but if they are the data at hand do not make the fact plain. As a matter of truth there is no reputable scientist who is willing to assert that he knows the least thing about the effect of sun-spots, on any meteorological phase. Sir Joseph Norman Lockyear, most eminent of those giving special attention to sun-spots, is trying to establish a theory that the effects of sun-spots are to be noted in one, eleven and thirty-five-year periods. The data he has gathered do not warrant him in announcing any conclusion. The consensus of opinion is that the spots do have a general effect upon the atmosphere, but what effect they have upon the small phenomena is still something to be determined. And hurricanes are to be classed as small phenomena.

It will be interesting, even for the non-professional observer, to keep tab on the hurricanes that come up from the West Indies during the next two or three years, to see if they are any more frequent or more violent, for it is agreed that we are again approaching a period of greatest frequency of sun-spots.

In order to show the foolishness of jumping at conclusions with regard to sun-spots or volcanic disturbances, the fact may be cited that Camille Flammarion three years ago announced that as we were approaching a period of greatest frequency of sun-spots we were due to have four or five very hot summers. Since then we have had two of the coolest summers that have been known since 1870.

Benjamin Franklin, the most useful of American patriots, is the original inquirer into the laws of storms. He conceived the study in 1747. For more than fifty years it was in an incubative state. It was referred to in 1801 by Col. Clapper and formally introduced in the scientific world by W. C. Redfield, of New York city, in 1821. Franklin discovered that the northeast storms of North America came from the southwest. Col. Clapper asserted that hurricanes were whirlwinds whose diameter could not be more than 150 miles and that these whirlwinds sometimes had a progressive motion.

Redfield independently announced that the whole of the revolving mass of atmosphere which composed the whirlwinds or hurricanes of the West Indies advanced with the progressive motion from the southwest to the northwest, and drew the conclusion that the direction of the wind a any particular place forms no essential part of the storm, and is in all cases compounded of both the rotary and progressive velocities of the storm in the mean ration of those velocities. He found that the average diameter of a West Indian hurricane is from 150 to 250, but its influence extends over a tract of from 500 to 600 miles in width.

The progression, he found, is rarely more than twenty miles an hour and more frequently is about fifteen.

About the only fact that has been discovered since then is that the storms at first progress in the direction of the trade winds, that is, from the east toward the west and north.

The Rev. Benito Vines, formerly director of the meteorological and magnetic observatory at Havana, discovered the breeding place of West Indian storms. He laid down the proposition that storms do not form indefinitely anywhere in the tropical zones and go cavorting off on their careers of destruction. He says they all originate in definite regions of those zones. His idea of where and why they originate are expressed as follows:

"The following geographical conditions generally, and in a more or less perfect degree, distinguish the cyclonic regions within the tropics: Large continents lie to the west, indented by numerous gulfs and bays whose coast runs more or less northward and southward, with vast and extensive seas to the east, overspread commonly with numerous islands. Such, at any rate, are the features that in a more or less perfect degree concur in the cyclonic regions of the Philippine isles and in the China sea, in the seas of India, and also in the Southern Hemisphere in the region situated east of Africa, in the vicinity of the islands of Madagascar, Mauritius, Reunion, Rodriguez, etc. But of all the cyclonic regions within the intertropical zone the one which more perfectly and grandly combines all these conditions is the great Bay of North America, with its wide Atlantic ocean extending to the east as far as the coast of Africa, and to the northeast as far as the coast of Europe and the northern seas.

"In my opinion this contributes much to the grandeur and regularity of the immense paths of the West Indies cyclones. A cyclone of August or September may form in the vicinity of the Cape Verde islands, near the coast of Africa, or to the east of the Lesser Antilles, cross the Atlantic along the first branch of its track, and recur either in the Gulf of Charleston or on the coast of Texas. In the latter case it may cross the United States in the direction of Cape Hatteras, sweep with renewed strength and velocity a second time across the Atlantic, in a northeastward direction and enter Europe or be lost in the northern seas. We have, then, a series of cyclones which describe immense tracks over many thousands of miles with admirable regularity and mortality, and subject to general laws.

"This is truly surprising and astounding. I do not believe that on the face of the globe there is another region where cyclones are met with that can compare with those of the West Indies, or rather I should say, with those of the great Bay of North America. Neither is there within the whole intertropical zone a grander bay than this one, nor one which offers more favorable conditions for the development and onward progress of gyratory storms.

"The Bay of North America comprises, as I understand, that part of the Atlantic to the west of the fifty-fifth meridian (longitude west of Greenwich) from Newfoundland to Dutch Guiana. It is bounded on the east by the said meridian, and on the north, west and south by the coasts of Newfoundland, Labrador and Gulf of Mexico and Caribbean sea from Yucatan to Dutch Guiana. It embraces the West Indies, the Caribbean sea, the Gulf of Mexico, the Bahamas, the Bermudas and the gulfs of Charleston and of the St. Lawrence.

"Now, it is in the southern part of this great bay, that is to say, in the Caribbean sea, and in that portion of the Atlantic which extends to the east of the West Indies, that hurricanes are formed and developed, with this peculiarity, that according to the position occupied by the equatorial zone of calms, by the Atlantic anti-cyclone, and consequently by the southern limit of the trade wind, respectively, the cyclones form either more to the south, and above all more to the east and west. The point of origin and formation of the hurricane depends, therefore, on the more or less advanced season of the year.

"Now, as the variations in the point or region where cyclones originate during the hurricane season principally affect the positions in longitude extending across the Atlantic from the Cape Verde islands to the coasts of Honduras and Yucatan, and to the eastern portion of the Gulf of Mexico, it results that the region where the cyclones originate during two months and a half, that is to say, from the middle of August (maximum of cyclone activity and of the recurving latitudes) to the end of October, or from the beginning of June to the middle of August, will move in the space between the Cape Verde islands and the western portion of the Caribbean sea.

Dysentery

This is a dangerous disease but can be cured. There is a remedy that never fails. It has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery with perfect success. It is called

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

It is equally valuable for children and when reduced with water and sweetened, is pleasant to take. 25 and 50 cts.

STACK & CO

Manufacturers' Sample Suits!

The very latest creation in Fall Suits for Ladies—over

100 Suits bought by us a few days ago at 65c on the dollar.

This is undoubtedly the greatest opportunity Duluth ladies ever had to buy merchandise—right before the real season starts at

HALF PRICE!

A positive guarantee on every suit sold of

A Saving From $5 to $20.

No person can afford to look at this matter lightly. Investigate! We'll assure you that we are prepared to make good every word we say. **Come early tomorrow—you'll be well repaid.**

THE AERIAL BRIDGE

Commission Being Urged to Consider Roebling Company's Plans.

Waukesha Stiff Truss Bridge Likely to Get the Contract.

Prominent citizens are urging the city officers, and particularly the members of the bridge commission, to consider the plans for an aerial ferry built on the suspension bridge style, recently submitted by the Roebling concern of New York, before awarding the contract for a stiff truss bridge to a Waukesha concern.

Porter J. Neff, former alderman from the Fourth ward and one of the originators of the aerial ferry project, says that a firm that can handle an $18,000,000 bridge building contract in New York should have some consideration in the award of the local contract and that it would not be much amiss to at least have the Roebling plans looked over.

Mayor Hugo says the Roebling interests had the same opportunity to bid on the aerial ferry contract that other concerns did, but failed to submit plans and specifications until after the expiration of the time advertised for receiving proposals.

Other members of the bridge commission are inclined to the opinion that the contract will be awarded the Waukesha concern, and that the big New York bridge building company is out of the running entirely. Preparations are being made to accept the Western proposal, and it is said the actual working of bridge building will be well under way in the next ninety days.

FALL TERM

Will begin at the Duluth Business University, for day and evening classes on Monday, Sept. 7. College office open from 8 a. m. until 8 p. m. each week day until the opening. All intending to enroll for this opening are requested to call and make final arrangements. Location, 105-7 West Superior street.

INSPECTORS OF OIL MEET

State Association Formed to Make Department More Efficient.

St. Paul, Sept. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—An association of state oil inspectors was formed yesterday at a meeting at the Lincoln club rooms. The purpose of the association is to secure uniformity in the inspection of oil; to bring about desirable legislation for the protection of life against explosions, and to make the oil inspection department more efficient in every way.

Officers were elected as follows: President, B. F. Ward, Minneapolis; first vice president, A. H. Rehnke, Kenyon; second vice president, C. H. Bronson, Osakis; third vice president, L. E. Larson, Winona; secretary, W. B. Marshall, Duluth; treasurer, M. J. Wiley, St. Paul.

An executive committee was appointed to examine the present oil inspection laws and to suggest amendments. The committee consists of M. J. Wiley, St. Paul; John De Leo, St. Cloud; W. E. Willman, Ortonville, and Moyle Breckenridge. Members of the new association stated yesterday that the red can law passed by the last legislature is defective in that it does not provide means of enforcing the provisions. They maintained that the law simply states that cans containing gasoline shall be printed red to distinguished them from cans containing kerosene and less harmful explosives. The executive committee will investigate the matter further and will report at the next meeting. It was also suggested that a gravity test for oil be adopted in place of the present burning test.

The meeting was attended by fifty of state oil inspector's deputies. Hereafter the association will meet annually. State Inspector Fenton G. Warner last night gave a banquet at the commercial club. Congressman F. C. Stevens addressed the inspectors.

M. HENRICKSEN JEWELRY CO., DULUTH, MINN.

A Little Talk on Diamonds

When you want diamonds for any particular purpose or occasion—when you cannot be suited from any other assortment—no matter where—let us know your wants. You'll find us equal to any emergency in the diamond line. Our reputation as extensive dealers in, and expert judges of precious stones does not rest alone upon our supplying you with the highest grade goods at the lowest prices. The prompt and faithful manner in which we look after your interests has a great deal to do with it. It will be a pleasure for us to show you assortments.

M. Henricksen Jewelry Co.

We have our own manufacturing plant. **334 West Superior St.**

IS HAUNTED BY FACES

Ghosts of Men He Executed Compel Warden to Resign.

After Each Electrocution He Vowed He Would Get Out.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 4.—William N. Darby has resigned as warden of the Ohio state penitentiary and given up a salary of $5000 a year because he is haunted by the men who he has executed and because he is unwilling to officiate at any other executions.

William N. Darby became warden of the Ohia state penitentiary when George K. Nash was sworn in as the present governor of Ohio. He succeeded E. G. Coffin. Mr. Darby was known as the youngest and handsomest warden the state has ever had. When he assumed the duties of the office he removed his family, wife and a sweet-faced girl, and these two aided Mr. Darby in his duties, brightening the lives of those so unfortunate as to wear the stripes by their daily ministrations.

The Ohio state penittentiary is the largest penal institution in the United States. There are never less than 1500 prisoners within its walls. It is not only a state prison, but the United States government has a contract with the state for keeping prisoners here who have violated federal laws. There are, perhaps, 20 United States prisoners confined there at the present time, mostly counterfeiters and moonshiners. They come from as far West as New Mexico and as far south as Florida. Arizona furnishes possibly the greatest number of federal law breakers.

The office of warden is one of the most responsible official positions in the state. It requires a good man, but above all a man possessed of iron nerve and a man who can meet some of the most trying situations which arise in life. Warden Darby possessed all of these traits.

Months rolled around and the day set for the execution of a prisoner arrived. The hour drew near and as it did so Warden Darby's friends realized that he was suffering untold agony, because, as he readily told them, he did not feel that he could press the little switch which would send a man's soul into eternity.

But the hour for the execution arrived. The man was strapped in the chair and Warden Darby knew that it was for him to do the rest. He pressed the swith. There was a twitching of the man's limbs, and he was dead. Warden Darby's face told too plainly that he was suffering. Then it was noised about the prison that he would give up the position before he would officiate at another execution.

But before he could do this he was again called upon to assume the character of state executioner. He went through the operation as before, but hardly had he done so until he announced, this time definitely, that he did not believe he could ever do the same thing again.

By this time the men confined in the prison had learned to love Darby, and it was hard for them to think that he would leave them. There were several prisoners under sentence of death, but the time set for their execution was several months away, so the warden remained.

Again he tarried too long, and for the third time it became his duty to send the soul of a murderer into the nether world. Away down in a cell in the annex the man awaited the day with dread. Up in the warden's office another awaited it with regret.

At midnight of the day set for the execution the man was led into the little room in which the electric chair is located. His head was shaven, electrodes were placed at his crown and on his leg, then Warden Darby entered. The man sat before him strapped fast to the chair, the black death mask drawn over his visage. It was a picture which burned itself into the warden's mind a picture which he sees by day and night—a picture which is driving him from one part of the West to another in an attempt to blot it from his memory.

He stood at the lever. There was a flash, a creaking of leather bands, a writhing human form, a moment of suspense and all was over.

The warden had again done his duty, but his nerves were shattered. His peace of mind was gone. From that moment he has been haunted by the face of the man he hurled to perdition. He went back to his office and the clerks say that for hours he paced his office floor. Then he sat down and wrote his resignation. He could not kill any more men. His fee for each electrocution was $50, but he said he wished he had never taken a cent of the money. All he wished was to be freed from his terrible responsibility. He wanted to flee from the scenes of death that were haunting him day and night.

The warden went to the governor's office to bid the chief executive farewell, and to thank him for the kindnesses which had been extended to him. He was frank and told the governor that there was many more prisoners, almost a dozen, in the great prison doomed to die in the electric chair, and that he could not officiate at any more executions.

There was one case that especially appealed to the warden. It was that of Ben Wade, who was condemned to die for the murder of a woman at Toledo last year. The warden had heard from persons in Dayton, where Wade was born and reared, the story of his life. He had seen the sad old mother of the boy when she came to Columbus to plead with Governor Nash to spare the life of her wayward son. Perhaps, who knows, it was that poor old woman's face alone that had as much to do with Warden Darby resigning a $5000 a year position as anything else. Wade was to have been electrocute June 27, but his mother's prayers secured a commutation of sentence, and now he goes back to the scene of his crime for a new trial. Ben Wade will doubtless meet death in the electric chair, but Warden Darby will not be the man to officiate.

When it was learned at the prison that the warden had resigned there was general regret. He had inaugurated many reforms in the short space of time he had been there. The most prominent of these was the abolishment of the "lock-step." It may seem a little thing, but the liberty to walk erect with shoulders thrown back help a man to feel that he is physically a man, even though morally he is something else. In the "lock-step" every man felt just as he walked, degraded. He marched into chapel and heard sermons that bade him "look up and hope," and, the sermon being over, he "locked" into line, "locked" out of chapel with his head bowed down; "lock-stepped" to his dinner; "lock-stepped" to his cell where he was locked in, and once there he sat down on his bed, crushed. But now, thanks to Warden Darby, he goes with head thrown back, shoulders erect and a free swing.

This is but one of the reforms that made these men love William N. Darby, and that made them feel as though another bright light had gone from their lives when he came to tell them goodby.

The day set for his departure was a Sunday. In the meantime the governor had named his successor, Hon. E. A. Hershey. Mr. Hershey is serving at the present time, and to his lot will fall probably the execution of Ben Wade. On the Sunday upon which the convicts were to bid adieu to Warden Darby they assembled in the chapel. He entered, accompanied by his wife and daughter. There were tears shed among those supposedly hard-hearted men that day.

He stepped to the platform to deliver his "good by." The 1500 prisoners before him heard it with regret. Then the new warden delivered a brief address. And then the spokesman for the prisoners arose and begged leave to offer a little testimonial to Mr. Darby. It was written by men in the prison, and was worded ts follows:

"We realize teday that we are to lose the familiar presence—the kindly voice of a man who has endeared himself to us by his unfailing courtesy, his loving counsel, his earnest desire to help each one of this family of erring ones to live better lives, think nobler thoughts. Regret trembles on the lip and falls of adequate expression, when we say 'our friend is going away.' Language is powerless to express more. May your path in the untried future be bright, your friends many, and your strength equal to the need in the battles of life that are yet to be fought. We say goodby and God bless you, and subscribe ourselves as well-wishers always and always.

A light leadeth every man,
And it has beckoned you;
You go—we wish you well,
And softly say adieu.

We grieve that it is so,
Rejoice that it is true.
Strange contradictions, human hearts;
It pleases thee, and so we say adieu.

God grant thee peace and happiness,
And health and strength and money, too;
And may love keep you in the end.
This is our prayer. Adieu, adieu."

And that is the farewell written by the convicts and tendered to William N. Darby, the man who resigned a $5000 a year position because he could no longer be confronted by the awful responsibility of hurling the souls of his fellow-men into eternity.

FISH SAUCES!

Tomorrow at 2 p. m., Mrs. Elizabeth O. Hiller will lecture at the Y. W. C. A. rooms on "Meat and Fish Sauces." This will be one of the most important lectures of the series. There will be no lecture Monday, Labor Day.

WOULD LIMIT FOREIGNERS.

German Technical High Schools Have Too Many.

Berlin, Sept. 4.—Influential newspapers and magazines are urging the government to limit the number of foreigners instructed in the German technical high schools, or more properly technical universities, which are overcrowded. Out of a total of 14,626 students, 2241 are foreigners. Nearly half of these are Russians, and there are a few Americans. Besides giving trade competitors the benefit of German knowledge, the promoters of the exclusion argue that the overcrowding prevents the Germans from getting the best results from the instruction.

J. SLOAT FASSETT

Says New York Republicans Like the President.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—"All this talk about Wall street being against President Roosevelt is untrue," said J. Sloat Fassett, a leading Republican of New York who is in Chicago. "The president has many friends in Wall street and the opposition to him there is among a few individuals.

"President Roosevelt is just as popular with the masses of the people in our state as in any other state in the Union. The New York delegation to the national Republican convention next year will be unanimously for Roosevelt, and I predict that his wishes concerning his running mate and the platform will be carried out absolutely."

LYCEUM ASSOCIATION.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—The International Lyceum association has been organized here with 250 charter members. The following officers were elected: President, Ralph Bingham, Pennsylvania; vice presidents, Robert L. Taylor, Tennessee; Robert J. Burdette, California; S. M. Spedon, New York; L. C. Vaughan, Wisconsin, and Miss Katherine Eggleston, Ohio.

MRS. DREXEL LOSES JEWELS.

New York, Sept. 4.—Two jewels, the value of which is estimated at $10,000, have been lost by Mrs. John R. Drexel, a prominent society leader, according to dispatches from Newport. One disappeared July 4 and the other Aug. 14, but as Mrs. Drexel hoped to find them by quiet search, the matter was kept secret. Both jewels were necklace pendants—one a pearl-shaped diamond surrounded by five fine stones of rare color, and the other a pear-shaped emerald.

SIR THOMAS TO VISIT CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Sir Thomas Lipton will visit this city next week and will be the guest of Alexander H. Revell, according to a statement made by Mr. Revell upon the receipt of a teleram the noted yachtsman, today., No formal entertainments will be given.

New Fall Styles

In boys' suits, ready-made suits at $1.95, $2.95, $3.95, $4.95 to $7.00.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

STACK & CO

Rare values for little money are our attractions for Saturday==every offering we quote tomorrow is a special priced bargain==all are seasonable and many not more than ½ price.

Lonsdale Muslin 7c½.
The regular selling price of this popular muslin is well known. 10c is the price asked everywhere; Saturday .. 7½c

Brown Muslin 5c.
Although cotton goods have advanced we offer for Saturday best quality L. L. muslin, worth 7½c yard—for..... 5c

Silkoline Comforts 89c.
Full size Silkoline Comforts, covered with good silkoline, filled with batting yarn, tied 89c

Cotton Blankets 59c.
Large-sized Cotton Blankets—heavy fleece, with pretty, fast-colored borders—the 75c quality 59c

Domet Flannels 5c.
We offer again for Saturday extra heavy, well-fleeced Domets—full width, in lengths from 10 to 20 yards; worth 7½c a yard—for 5c

Fancy Outings 7½c.
Best value in the city — 5000 yards extra heavy, in all the new styles and colorings; regular 9c outings, at, per yard 7½c

Cotton Batting 5c.
Fine quality hand-rolled Cotton Batting, put up in nice, clean rolls; worth 7c per roll—at..... 5c

Red Damask 23c.
Heavy fast red Damask, 60 inches wide, good assortment of styles; easily worth 30c per yard 23c

Roller Shades 15c.
Best patent spring roller shades, good quality opaque cloth, worth regularly 25c each—Saturday's special 15c

Pillow Cases 10c.
36x42 Pillow Cases, full bleached, of a good soft finish muslin; worth regularly 12½c each—Saturday 10c

Fleeced Waistings 7½c.
15c fancy fleeced Waistings and Wrapper Cloth, in neat patterns—absolutely fast color—per yard 7½c

Wool Blankets $2.98.
We offer at this price the best all-wool fancy plaid Blanket in the city, full 10-4 size; worth $3.75... $2.98

Our Lace Curtain Department is growing more popular every day—the values we offered on last Saturday were taken advantage of by the eager buyers who visited this department—our specials for tomorrow will be equally as good—our values from $1.00 to $5.00 are unmatchable.

75c pair for Nottingham Curtains, full size; worth $1.00.

$1.00 pair for Nottingham Curtains—worth regular, $1.39.

$1.25 pair for handsome pattern, in fine Nottingham, worth $1.85.

$2.50 pair we show a splendid assortment of Nottingham and Cable Net, worth $3.50.

$1.50 pair for splendid assortment lace curtains, worth regularly $2.00.

$1.98 for Nottingham Curtains, in fine quality net, large size, worth $2.50.

$2.98 pair—Good imitation of the very expensive kind; good value at $4.

$5.00 Elegant line Cable Net, Arabian, Brussels Net and Irish Point; worth $7.50.

NEW ARRIVALS IN DRESS GOODS DEPT.

54-inch Meltonette — Black, navy and brown; heavy and durable; worth 98c—special at, per yard 59c

44-inch Wool Melrose—extra heavy; cream, black, navy, royal and wine; worth 85c—special, per yard 59c

38-inch all-wool Cheviot—Black, navy and wine; 75c values—special, per yard. 48c

38-inch heavy Suiting, in grey and black; worth 50c—special, per yard ... 35c

New line of Flannelettes, for waists and dressing sacques; choice colorings and designs—see these at, per yard 12½c

Mercerized English Vesting, for waists, pure white, cream, blue and pink; worth 50c—special, per yard 35c

September Clearance Sale of Household Goods

BIG BARGAINS AT LITTLE COST—

Best Camphor Moth Balls, per lb..... 5c
60 Clothes Pins—only 5c
14 bars good Laundry Soap 25c
Picnic Plates, 9-inch, dozen 5c
10c bottle Machine Oil for 5c
10c cake Sapolio—only 7c
10c Japanese Porch Matts 6c
15c pkgs Refined Paraffine 10c
Best Fly Paper, four double sheets for 5c
25c extension Window Screens 15c
33c Coffee Mills; good ones 19c

GRANITE WARE BARGAINS—

1-qt. covered Berlin Kettles, white lined, 19c kind—only..... 10c
22c granite Muffing Pans 12½c
25c granite Wash Basins 14c



2-qt. granite Coffee Pots—45c kind, slightly damaged—sale price only 23c
8-qt. granite covered Preserving Kettles, white lined, worth $1.25—for 75c



Granite Tea Kettles—slightly damaged, in No. 8 and 9, worth perfect, $1.20 and $1.45; sale price to close them out, only 45c

GLASS AND CHINA—MASON FRUIT JARS—

Good heavy tumblers—choice of 3 styles to select from—sale price, only 2½c



50c six-piece Glass Tea Sets, imitation of cut glass—sale price 25c

Special pints—	Special quarts—	Special ½-gal—
39c	49c	63c

Cups and Saucers—per set, only 33c
5-inch Porcelain Pie Plates—only 3½c
7-inch Porcelain Dinner Plates—Clearance sale 5c
Wash Bowls and Pitchers, in fancy shapes—the regular 98c kind 79c

TINWARE BARGAINS—

Japanned Bread Boxes 29c
10-qt. pieced Dish Pans—special 11c
69c galvanized Wash Tubs 47c
79c galvanized Wash Tubs 59c
25c galvanized Water Pails 15c
$1.50 Infant Bath Tubs, fully enameled—sale price $1.00



75c full nickel-plated Tea Kettles, sale price only..... 47c
25c Angel food Cake Pans—special Saturday, only 15c
15c nickel-plated Tea Trays, for 10c
Silvers' 35c patent Fruit Press—special Saturday 25c

Screen Doors, all sizes, to close out all on hand 53c

NO RACE SUICIDE.

Census Figures Show Country's Large Birth Rate.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Chief Statistician King, of the census office, ridicules the race suicide scare that was started by President Roosevelt. He says that before long this country will be confronted with the problem of what to do with the people. To prove his assertion, Mr. King quotes from the census returns of 1900. In that year the enumerators found 2,049,132 children were born, and a record of 1,039,094 deaths, or an excess of births of 1,010,048 This large excess of births was revealed, despite the fact that deaths are recorded with much more accuracy than the births. It is admitted that the percentage of births not recorded is surprisingly large.

Boys' Knee Pants.

Heavy assortment of knee pants, in all sizes, at 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 the pair.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

For Very Stylish Men



Copyright 1903 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

You won't see such Top Coats as we shall show you, in any other store in town. You won't see on the street, made by anybody, such goods as these Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats. You will be doing yourself a favor by looking at these goods now, and you'll be glad to pay a little more for them than for ordinary clothes. You'll be grateful to us for telling you about them. Drop in and thank us some day.

Double Breasted

Varsity Suits!

You athletic young fellows, who know the value of good clothes as well as of good muscles, you're just the fellows for the kind of clothes made by Hart, Schaffner & Marx. This double-breasted 'varsity, for instance, made to give grace and ease to the figure. Not simply to cover it up. You'll find your clothes money will go farther here in these goods than usual, because the clothes will.



Copyright 1903 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

Hart, Schaffner & Marx and Ely

Meyers Fine Suits and Overcoats

SOLD IN DULUTH ONLY BY

KENNEY & ANKER

Our Half-Price Advertising Sale

Has opened the eyes of the buying public—it has given them Bargains such as have never been equalled in the history of clothing selling in Duluth. Thousands of buyers made happy. Store crowded all week, showing that Duluth people are quick to take advantage of a good thing. Don't delay, but come tomorrow, Saturday, as this is the greatest money-saving sale ever held this side of Chicago.

TOMORROW'S OFFERINGS IN CLOTHING, SHOES, FURNISHINGS:

FREE To the First Customer that enters the store at 9 a.m. Saturday, a $5.00 pair of Patent Leather Shoes. **FREE**

About 100 Men's Suits of all the latest patterns, and worth from $7 to $8—will be sold at..... **$2.84**

A lot of Suits that sold for $10.00—come early and take your choice..... **$3.89**

Look at the $14.00 Worsted Suits at..... **$5.61**

Imported Scotch Worsteds—latest styles—union made suits—worth $15, for... **$6.72**

A lot of Woolen, Serge, Worsted and Cashmere Suits, worth $16—for..... **$8.69**

H. Cohns & Son's union-made Suits—worth $18, will sell fast at..... **$9.72**

200 suits, worth at least $20—will go at **$10.98**

Those $22 Suits you have seen in the window the past two weeks will go at.. **$12.64**

Hahn's tailor-made, union label, imported English corkscrew and tweeds, worth $35— will go at..... **$16.50**

We have men's Shoes—heavy work shoes—worth $1.50—at this sale—per pair..... **59c**

Congress and Buckle heavy oil grain Shoes for men to work in, worth $1.75..... **99c**

We have a few satin calf leather Shoes, worth at least $1.75—per pair..... **89c**

All of the $2 dress and working Shoes will go at—per pair..... **$1.39**

All $2 and $3 Shoes, vici kid and calf, will go at—per pair..... **$1.48**

$3.50 Cordovan and fine vici Colt Shoes, a pair.. **$1.98**

35 pairs of Tan Shoes, worth $3.50 and $4.50, at.. **$1.59**

500 pairs Pat. Leathers, and all our $5.00 Shoes—your choice..... **$2.98**

Underwear Dept.

Genuine imported all-wool Swiss Condre Underwear, worth $4.00 a suit—your choice at..... **$1.24**

Balbriggan underwear, plain and fancy, well worth $1.50—at per suit..... **21c**

Men's working Shirts, just like those 50c garments—yours for..... **12½c**

Come and see the Van Guard if you want some of those big 15c Linen Handkerchiefs for, each. **2c**

R. R. HATS.

Black Fedoras, latest styles—gray hats, stiff hats, worth $2.00 at..... **99c**

The Gimble $4.00 Hat will go for..... **$2.18**

We have a lot of John B. Stetson Hats—come and see the price on them.

A lot of Working Pants, worth $2.00—for..... **69c**

Suspenders for..... **14c**

Gloves, worth $1.00..... **47c**

Rubber Coats, worth $3.50 **$1.19**

Woolen Sox, worth 50c now **21c**

25c Cashmere Hose **21c**

25c Lace lisle thread Hose.... **9c**

All 10c Sox, now **3c**

50c Hose, fancy silk stripes.. **11c**

Summer Neckties..... **2c**

All the pants in the house at less than one-half the regular price—

$2.50 Pants at **99c**

$3.00 Pants at..... **$1.48**

$3.50 Pants at..... **$1.69**

$4.00 Pants at..... **$1.98**

$5.00 Pants at..... **$2.98**

$6 and $7 Pants at..... **$3.48**

The best in the house in pants for..... **$3.48**

Overalls **39c**

Overall Jackets **39c**

Men's fancy Dress Shirts, worth $1, at this sale..... **39c**

Stiff and soft-bosom shirts.. **39c**

$1 black Sateen Shirts go for **39c**

We have a lot of Ladies' Skirts, this season's patterns.

100 Skirts, worth $2.50 and $3.00—you can have them while they last at..... **49c**

We have the D. R. Women's Health Corsets—worth $2—now..... **39c**

Conductors' and Motormen's Uniform Suits, worth $15 and $18, will be sold at (subject to inspection)..... **$7.98**

Linen Collars, sold the world over for 15c—at the Van Guard for ten days—each..... **3c**

Hundreds of other articles too numerous to mention.

A Free Souvenir!

A beautiful pastel picture, 16x20 inches, hand-finished, and will last a lifetime. Copied from original paintings. Also a magnificent picture, 17x20, of Pope Leo. No expense has been spared in making this picture appropriate even to the smallest details. This picture cannot be bought anywhere for less than $2.50. We give them away with every $1.00 purchase FREE!

Guess! Guess!!

A bushel basket full of pennies in the window will be given away to the person guessing nearest to the number of pennies in the basket. Place the number of the guess in this space:

Number ....

Your name here.....

Street address..... .....

Bear in mind, this is the greatest sale ever held in Duluth. There is no tedious waiting—plenty of clerks to show you through. All goods marked in plain figures. Help yourself. All cars pass our doors.

THE VAN-GUARD CLOTHING CO.

No. 407 West Superior Street, Duluth, Minn., next door to American Express Company.

MAY GET A RAISE

Mayor Hugo Wants to Pay the Firemen More Money.

Calls Special Meeting of the Municipal Conference Committee.

Mayor Hugo today instructed the city clerk to call a special meeting of the municipal conference committee for the purpose of reconsidering the appropriation recommended for fire department salaries.

It is announced that this will not raise the tax levy, but there will be a general raise of $5 a month for the rank and file of the fire department if the increase contemplated goes.

It is claimed that the firemen are now getting less than the policemen and as a result about all the firemen are looking for a chance to take the police department civil service examinations and change over to the police service.

Mayor Hugo says that he does not think the members of the conference committee fully understood the situation when the appropriation was recommended last Tuesday and that is why a special meeting of the committee will be called to reconsider the tax levy resolution.

The increase, it is announced, will not raise the salary of officers, but is designed entirely for the rank and file of the department. The extra money would have to come out of the general fund, and in that way will not affect the tax rate.

There has been considerable discussion in the fire department since the conference committee's action Tuesday and the news that the mayor had called for a reconsideration of the recommendation for fire department salaries was received with considerable good feeling.

Emerson Pianos

IF anyone offers you a "just as good" Piano at a lower price than an EMERSON costs, you had better buy it—but make sure it *is* "just as good." A reputation for reliable goods is better than a reputation for low prices. Our prices, however, must be right or there would not be today over 76,000 Emerson Pianos in use!

Write for illustrated catalogue and our easy payment plan.

DULUTH MUSIC CO.

Lake Avenue and Superior St.

F. H. GUTHRIE, Manager.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Lake Linden Man Has a Valuable Horse Stolen.

Lake Linden—While Beremie Cantin, a Lake Linden man, was visiting at the home of a friend at the Tamarack location the other evening, his valuable driving horse, which he had tied securely to a hitching post just outside the house, was stolen. The strap had been cut in two and the tracks of the thief were visible for a considerable distance. All efforts to recover the animal have so far proved futile.

Calumet—Mrs. Frank Burnette lies in a critical condition from injuries which she received from her husband, who brutally assaulted her. She has been ill and her husband, it is alleged, not only refused to supply her with medical treatment, but withheld all food from her.

Justice Fisher of Calumet discharged the case against George Beaton, arrested for assault and battery on complaint of Joseph Bowers, both of Calumet, on Tuesday afternoon. Bowers alleged that while he and Beaton were engaged in a friendly wrestling match in a Pine street saloon last July, Beaton got angry and proceeded to chew up one of his (Bower's) fingers. In court Beaton claimed that he bit the finger in self-defense as Bowers came near gouging out his (Beaton's) eye. The justice considered the evidence against Beaton insufficient and dropped the case.

Ontonago—The Jones-Anderson Timber company has bought 760 acres of timber land in Ontonagon county for $30,000.

Paul Francis and James Humphrey have taken contracts to put in 4,000,000 feet of lumber for the Diamond Match company.

Bessemer—After the most spirited school election for years, the old board was re-elected. The election may go into the courts as no-qualified voters participated. Under the Michigan school law women are qualified to vote provided they own property or have children in school. The board, however, accepted the votes of all women indiscriminately.

Ishpeming—Charlie Erickson, a lad about 10 years of age, was accidentally shot by another boy of about the same age, with whom he was playing. The youngsters had secured a revolver and, as usual in such cases, thought it was not loaded. It exploded suddenly while the other lad was handling it, the bullet entering young Erickson's knee. He was taken to the hospital where his hurt was attended to. The wound is not serious.

Houghton—Mrs. Madde Halkalia, of Chassell, died last Thursday. Her husband was nearly prostrated by her death. He could find no one to dig the grave and was obliged to perform this task himself.

SALE FORBIDDEN

At Chicago of Distillery Fed Cows' Milk.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Can it be that germs of an appetite for liquor are imparted to Chicago babies through the medium of milk from cows that eat the refuse from Peoria distilleries?

The theory has suggested itself to Assistant State Food Inspector R. M. Patterson, who returned yesterday from Peoria, where he found 150 distillery-fed cows whose milk had been regularly shipped to Chicago. Mr. Patterson enjoined the dairymen to sell no more milk from these cattle.

"I can't say that I saw any of the cattle under the influence of liquor," said Mr. Patterson, "but I know that the corn mash has a peculiar effect on them, and it is against the law to sell their milk."

"I don't believe there is enough of the milk that reaches Chicago to produce an appetite for liquor," said Dr. W. K. Jaques, director of the city laboratory. "I know, however, that the milk is not fit to drink, and its sale is forbidden by law. Whether it contains any alcohol is doubtful."

Mr. Patterson's visit to Peoria was the result of a complaint from a merchant of that city, who wrote that milk from the cows fed on distillery refuse was being shipped every day to Chicago.

"I found that thousands of cattle were being fed on the refuse," said Mr. Patterson, "but could secure actual evidence of but about 150 whose milk was being sold."

ELEPHANT'S TRUMPETING

Frightened Girl and She Is Now Dead.

Findlay, Ohio, Sept. 4.—Suffering from a strange malady, which has baffled a number of physicians, Mabel Hickman, aged 13, died at the home of her parents near Benton Ridge, Wednesday. Last June she went to see a circus. She had never been to a circus before, and while standing near the elephants' quarters one of the animals emitted it's strange, trumpet-like sound. The girl fell to the ground in a dead faint. She was taken to her home, where physicians failed repeatedly to diagnose the peculiar nervous trouble, which resulted from the fright. She grew weaker and weaker day by day, until Monday night, when she became unconscious, and in this condition she remained until she died.

WARDROBE

Of Mme. Janauschek Is to Be Sold.

New York, Sept. 4.—Dr. James E. Kelly, the physician in attendance upon Mme. Janauschek, the once famous actress, who is ill from paralysis at Saratoga, has written James P. Tossing, a saloon-keeper of Brooklyn, who has the theatrical wardrobe belonging to the actress, saying Mme. Janauschek is willing that her effects be sold. In the letter, the doctor says: "I have talked with her about the sale, as suggested by you and N. S. Wood, and she said she is willing that it be done if proper arrangements could be made." Wood, who is known as the "boy actor" and has known Mme. Janauschek for many years, agreed to act as attorney. It is thought the sale will take place within two weeks.

GIRL GIVEN CHOICE

Of Wedding or Returning Money to Suitor.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Miss Henrietta Kiesch, 41 Berlin street, a pretty Galician, 18 years old and lately arrived in this country, is hesitating between a marriage with Jan Mezolek and restoring to him $84.50, which he says he expended for her benefit.

Justice T. D. Hurley has given her the alternative, and she will have until Sept. 11 to decide.

"I don't want the money. I want you, Henrietta," pleaded Jan in court yesterday.

But Henrietta tossed her head in answer to the swain who had courted her since childhood in their native Austrian village. Then she went home with a young lawyer who is said to have succeeded her former sweetheart in her affections.

Mezolek, who is 20 years old, emigrated to the United States a year ago. As soon as he was able he sent Henrietta $62.50 to pay her passage to this country. She arrived last month, and before her love grew cold Jan bought her a $17 wedding dress, $3 worth of earrings, and gave her $2.50 for "pin" money. Now he wants the girl or his money.

Fine Footwear.

The Brockton Shoe company, on another page in today's Herald, announces the display of the finest and most complete line of fine shoes for men ever shown in the city. One of the strongest claims made by the firm is that they fit all kinds of feet in a manner that will make them appear to the best advantage. Every known leather is represented in the collection, and those of the first quality are sold, in all styles, at the one price of $3.50.

Lester Park.

There will be dancing in two pavilions afternoon and evening Labor Day, rain or shine. Two first-class orchestras (Flaaten nd Blewett's) will furnish music. Tickets good for both halls.

Boys' and Children's Suits.

Broken lots of children's suits at exactly half price.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

TAWNEY IS NAMED

Rumor Mentions Him as Possible Gubernatorial Candidate.

It Is Not Believed, However, That He Will Approve.

Up from the southern part of the state, dimly at first, comes the rumble of the approaching tread of another candidate for the Republican nomination for governor.

It is so new and so thoroughly unin-vestigated that the other candidates are not quite sure yet whether they ought to feel alarmed or not.

The name of the man is James A. Tawney, and he is at present holding a position under his Uncle Sam. He works for the people of the First congressional district down in Washington, and he has the title of congressman.

This is the report that comes back from the state fair, which is an exhibition place for more than farm products and stock. A fine line of political gossip has been on show there this week, and as the fair visitors with political interests return they are bringing samples of it. The report about Tawney's possible appearance in the field is one of the samples.

For various reasons it is unlikely that much will come of it. Mr. Towney himself is one of the principal reasons. He likes his present place, with the standing he has, involving some nice committeeships, with a possible United State's senatorship looming up on the horizon of his view, and he probably would not think much of the plan.

The talk appears to have originated in the southern part of the state, among some people that do not appear to be happy about any of the present candidates, and who say they will present and nominate a candidate of their own.

Mr. Tawney has just returned from a trip to Alaska, and the stories do not accuse him of having had a thing to do with spreading such rumors. He is a resident of Governor Van Sant's congressional district and city. He is a nice-looking man and a good singer, it is said, but in spite of these things he is a very capable person.

Dunn is strong among the crowds at the state fair, and Van Sant and Eddy have their friends, [illegible] Van Sant has given no intimation directly as yet as to whether or not he wants a third term. That would be better phrased, perhaps, by saying that he has not said whether he will ask for a third term or not, because nobody doubts that he wants it, or, indeed, that he would like to have the place made permanent. The little machine he has built up about him, however, will probably have a candidate even if it is not he.

"GOOD WINE."

Burglar Asked Policeman to Have a Glass.

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 4.—Because of his epicurian tastes a burglar was caught red handed. He was a handsomely dressed young fellow of splendid physique. With him "burgling" was a mere pastime. He saw an open window in the Gallagher saloon, on Ontario street, and could not resist the temptation to enter. After rifling the money drawer he went to the sideboard and cut a nice, fat sandwich. Then with a cold bottle he sat down at a table to enjoy himself.

After finishing the sandwich he lighted a cigar. The wine and the cigar were good. The minutes dragged out into an hour. When Patrolman Northrup passed the saloon on his 3 o'clock round the burglar was still at the table. The officer heard the phiz-z-z of a champagne bottle and entered.

"What are you doing here?" he queried.

The burglar did not move. Blowing a ring of smoke into the air he answered nonchalantly:

"Just taking a lunch. Good wine. Have a glass?"

At the police station he gave his name as "Michael Cahfff, Cosmopolitan." He was charged with burglary and larceny.

Through to California Without Change of Cars.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will operate two weekly tourist car lines to California this season.

VIA THE "SCENIC LINE."

The first car will leave St. Paul, Thursday, Sept. 10th, at 5:00 p. m., continuing each Thursday thereafter, and will run via Omaha, Denver, "The Scenic Route," through Colorado, Ogden, Salt Lake City and Southern Pacific, arriving San Francisco, 4:25 p. m. following Monday, and Los Angeles, 1:00 p. m. Tuesday.

VIA THE "SANTA FE ROUTE."

The second car will leave St. Paul, Wednesday, Oct. 21st. Train No. 2 at 9:00 a. m., continuing each Wednesday thereafter, and will run via M. & St. L., Iowa Central, Wabash to Kansas City; thence the popular Santa Fe system, through New Mexico and Arizona, arriving Los Angeles, 8:00 a. m. following Sunday.

The rate for double lower berth through to the coast is $6.00 from St. Paul and Minneapolis. For full information as to rates and berth reservations, apply to agents, or address A. B. CUTTS, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

The Greatest Fair.

Senator T. M. Pugh returned this morning from St. Paul, where he has been in attendance upon the state fair for several days.

"It is the greatest fair the state of Minnesota ever had," he said this morning, "and in my belief there is no state in the Union that will have a fair this year that can beat it. I heard such opinions expressed by men from other states that have pretty good claims along this line."

Senator Pugh attended the first state fair ever held in Minnesota, as well as the latest one.

Had No Chemicals.

"The published report that we had a lot of oakum which burned up in Wednesday's fire in the Alworth building is exaggerated," said S. H. Rothermel, of the Duluth Plumbing company, this morning. "We had just half a bale, which is not a very large lot. We bought a bale a short time ago, and half of it had been used. The story that we had chemicals which fed the flames is also incorrect. We do not use chemicals in the plumbing business, and had none on hand. We had a little gasoline, but that was safe in the fire pot, and is still intact, not having been touched by the fire."

WAS ALMOST A SURE THING.

In some respects the business hard luck story of the Saratoga season was told by Dr. Douglas C. Moriarta, the attendign surgeon at the racet rack, says the New York Sun. A friend of the doctor was telling him by what a narrow margin he (the friend) lost a swell bet on Saturday.

"You would know a narrow escape if you should see one," said the doctor when the story had been told. "Nobody living had such a close call as I did the other day and, had the jockey not been a heartless wretch, I would have made my coup. It was in a steeplechase. One of the horses was ridden by a jockey who, for some reason or another, seldom fails to be toppled off before the race in which he is riding is over.

"When trying to determine upon what horse in the race I should play in my modest way, I remembered the luck or ill-luck of this particular jockey. Thinking of that I made up my mind that his mount was the one for me to back, since I would be bound to win whether the horse lost or won."

"How could you win if the horse lost?" said the doctor's friends.

"It was the surest thing you ever knew," replied the doctor. "Judging by the past, if the horse lost, it would be because the jockey fell off. If he had a fall, I'd have to attend him. In that event, my fee would be at least equal to the amount of my bet. Therefore, I doped it out that I had at last found a sure thing.

"The race was started, and after three or four jumps, the customary fall took place and I went into the field to attend the boy. On the way out I told myself that I was really the cleverest better that ever went to a race track. But the ambulance had hardly got within easy hailing distance of the place where the jockey lay than he scrambled to his feet and shouted to the driver: 'Say, you; there ain't no chance for you sawbones here. I just spilled a little wind. Couldn't no cow like that thing I was riding do me no dirt.'

"Away the boy scampered to the paddock, the ambulance turned about and another sure thing went wrong."

ADVANTAGES OF THIS SCHOOL.

The New Era Business college, of Superior, Wis., is the most progressive commercial school in this whole section. Now it offers a typewriter free, Remington or Smith Premier, to each one of its students who take a complete course, for use in their homes or rooms, after school hours during a six months' term. This is another new feature and novel departure in commercial school work, of which the New Era is the acknowledged leader in the Northwest.

BEST THINGS IN THE DULUTH STORES

Herald Advertisers Exhibit This Evening a Lengthy List of Labor Day Bargains and Novelties.

School shoes, specially priced, at Phillips & Co.'s.

A. B. Siewert & Co. make a big display of fall hats and shirts.

Bargains in high-grade teas and coffees tomorrow at the Malcomson Tea company's.

Choice eatables for Labor day at cut prices at D. O'Leary's.

Wieland Shoe company announce their fall opening of fine footwear.

Fancy groceries at special reductions at Rathbun's.

The American Woolen Mills company has the union label on every garment.

Johnson & Moe give very special bargains in new fall millinery and boys' suits.

New fall clothing for men is the subject of Floan, Leveroos & Co.'s announcement.

"The finest and most complete line of men's shoes ever shown in Duluth," says the Brockton Shoe company.

Zenith Fur company shows a fine line of up-to-date furs.

The Famous Shoe store gives big reductions on all lines of footwear.

Eagle Clothing company offers big reductions on up-to-date clothing.

Panton & White company holds a special Labor day sale tomorrow of ready-to-wear garments for men, women and children.

Gray-Tallant company shows a fine assortment of Belmar shoes for ladies, and ladies' and children's hosiery and underwear.

The newest things in ready-to-wear garments for men is the subject of the Silberstein & Bondy company announcement.

In their fall display Kenney & Anker make a specialty of the Hart, Schaffer and Marx top coats and double-breasted 'varsity suits.

Lightbody's news column deals with the newest thing in women's suits and coats.

Suits and overcoats, tailor made, at one price, at Scotland Woolen Mills company's.

A grand opening sale of boys' school suits and new fall styles of union-made clothing for men is announced by M. S. Burrows.

Vanguard Clothing company continues half-price sale of fine clothing.

M. Henricksen Jewelry company gives a little talk on diamonds.

Duluth Music company makes a grand showing of famous Emerson pianos.

WHEAT IS LOWER

Market Declines In Spite of Frosts In the Northwest.

Northwestern Markets Are Weakest—Flax Advances But Reacts.

Duluth Board of Trade, Sept. 4.—Frosts in the Northwest last night failed to cause a bull market today and the Northwest led in the decline. Minneapolis losing 1c on the September option and Duluth ¾c. The decline in December was ⅞c in the former market and ¼c in the latter Chicago lost ⅜c in September and ⅛-¼c in December and New York ½c in September and ¼c in December.

The foreign markets were easier, Liverpool falling ⅜d and Paris 1¼c. The weather in France is favorable to grain.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth continue very light for this time of year. Posted cars this morning were only 6 against 130 last year. There were on track during the morning about 45 cars of wheat. The receipts now are not grading so well either, there being considerable no grade coming in. This is due to the wet weather West. Stocks of wheat at Duluth are estimated to increase 75,000 bus this week and at Minneapolis about 50,000 bus.

Argentine shipments of wheat this week were 456,000 bus, this week against 690,000 bus last week and 72,000 bus last year. Since Jan. 1 Argentine has snipped 66,748,000 bus, against 18,284,000 bus last year. Bradstreet reported clearances from America this week of 3,131,839 bus, and a total of 25,210,000 bus, since July 1.

Primary receipts of wheat were 717,410 bus, last year 1,082,000 bus. Shipments 293,063 bus, last year 746,175 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 387,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 197 cars, and at Chicago 136, a total of 333 cars, against 483 last week and 558 last year.

Corn in the Liverpool market closed unchanged. In the Chicago market December corn closed ⅜c higher and December oats ¼-⅜c higher. Primary receipts of corn were 541,296 bus, last year 141,100 bus. Shipments 415,220 bus, last year 91,990 bus. Clearances were 27,668 bus.

Argentine shipments of corn this week were 3,968,000 bus, against 4,011,000 bus last week and 1,568,000 bus last year. Shipments since Jan. 1 have been 43,465,000 bus, last year 27,069,000 bus. Bradstreet reported American clearances this week of 868,471 bus.

Trading in wheat in the Duluth market was active, September opened ⅝c over at 83⅝c and sold off to 82⅞c at 11:50. It rallied to 83c about noon and then fell to 82⅜c at 12:30. After that it rallied and closed at 83c. This was a decline of ⅝c. December opened unchanged at 80⅝c, sold at 80¾-⅞c and fell to 80¼c, rallying then and closing at 80½c. This was a decline of ¼c.

Cash sales were 50,000 bus and prices continued at 3c over September for old No. 1 northern, 1c over for new No. 1 northern on track, and September price for new No. 1 northern to arrive.

Flax was fairly active and in the early part of the day was strong, October advancing ¾c to $1.00¼, but it failed to hold the higher prices and fell back, closing unchanged at 99½c. December advanced ¾c. Argentine shipments were 248,000 bus this week, against 256,000 bus last week and 16,000 bus last year.

There was an advance of ¼c in oats.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Old No. 1 hard, 86c; No. 1 northern, 86c; new, No. 1 hard, to arrive, 84c; No. 1 northern, 86c; No. 2 northern, 81c. New No. 1 northern, on track, 84c; No. 2 northern 82½. Macaroni, No. 1, 66c; No. 2, 55c; September, 83c; December, 80½c; May, 80c. Flax, in store, 99½c; on track, 99½c; to arrive, 99½c; September, 99½c; October, 99½c; November, 99½c; December, $1.00; May, $1.03½. Oats, on track, 36½c; to arrive, in September, 53¾c. Barley, 40@57c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 6; last year, 112; corn, 1; oats, 4; rye, 3; barley, 12; flax, 1; lost year, 26.

Receipts—Wheat, 33,374; oats, 9574; rye, 9032; barley, 89,060; flax, 5835.

Shipments—Wheat, 1600; oats, 2000; barley, 825; flax, 24,857.

There will be no session of the Duluth board of trade tomorrow or Monday.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth. Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Northwestern Nat. Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.84
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	83¼
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	83⅜
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus, to arrive	82⅝
No. 1 northern, 2000 bus, to arrive	83¼
No. 1 northern, 3000 bus, to arrive	83⅛
No. 1 northern, 11,000 bus	83
No. 1 northern, 1 car, to mills	84⅛
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	84⅜
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	82
No. 2 spring, 1 car	81½
No grade, 1 car	81⅜
No grade, 1 car	81¼
Oats, 500 bus	36½
Oats, 1000 bus	36
Barley, 1 car	51½
Barley, 1 car	52½
Barley, 1 car	53
Barley, 2 cars	48
Barley, 3 cars	52
Flax, 1 car, in store	1.00
Flax, 1000 bus, to arrive	99¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

The Wheat Market Strong With Trading Active.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—With Northwest weather and small receipts as leading factors the wheat market opened strong, with December a shade to ⅛@¼c up at 82⅜c to 82¾c. Trade was active and demand quite general at the opening and prices seemed to hold well after a slight drop just after the start. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 197 cars, which with local receipts of 136 cars, 4 of contract grade, made total receipts of 333 cars, against 483 last week and 558 a year ago.

The promise of clearing weather in the Northwest with some selling orders from the Southwest caused a slightly easier tone later in the day, although there was but little decline in prices. December closed ⅛c lower at 82⅜c. The approaching holidays narrowed speculation and trading was light.

On fear of cold and frost moving south, corn opened strong, with December ¼c to ⅜c up at 52¾c to 52¼c. There was a good deal of this option for sale on the advance and the quotations soon weakened to 52c. The receipts 288 cars, 23 contract.

Free buying later created to covering by provision interests, and a good general demand held the market strong and the close was at a net gain of ⅜c for December at 52¾@¼.

The oat market was strong and December was up ⅛@¼c at 37⅜c to 37½c. Small receipts and good buying by locals sent the latter month to 37½@⅝c. Receipts 96 cars.

The provision market is a quiet, but firm one, with prices 2½c to 5c higher. September quotations at the opening were: Pork, $12.50; lard, $8.67½; ribs, $8.02½. The opening hour was marked by advances of 2½c to 5c.

Close: Wheat—September, 83¾c, old 86¾c; December 82⅜c, old 82½c; May 81½c. Corn—September, 52c; December, 52c; May, 52¾c. Oats—September, 36c; December, 37½@⅝c; May 39¼@⅜c. Pork—September $12.70; October, $12.72½; May, $11.25. Lard—September, $8.77½; October, $7.80@7.82½; December, $7.25; January, $7.15. Ribs—September $8.07½; October, $8.15; January, $6.82½. Rye—September, 65c; December 56¼c; May 57¾@⅝c. Flax—Cash, N. W., $1.00; S. W., 94½c; September, 94½c; October, 95½c. Timothy—Cash $2.85@3.10; September $3.22½; October, $3.10; January, 3.30. Clover—Cash, $9.25; October $9.00. Barley cash 51@57c. Cash wheat 2 red 82½c; 3 red 81¼@82c; 2 hard winter, 81@¼c; 3 hard winter 79@80c. Corn—2, 52¾@53c; 3, 52¼@52¾c. Oats—2, 34; 3, 33¾.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Bartlett, Frazer & Co., Chicago: Our Liverpool house cables that the weather in England is threatening rain. In France and Germany conditions are favorable. Wheat futures are still at a slightly decline. The demand for spot is moderate and prices steady. We see nothing in the situation to alter our view and do not look for any serious decline and think the chances are in favor of the market doing better. It is affected unfavorably at the moment by a lack of speculation. Corn steady at last quotations. There is a fair spot demand all around. Argentine shipments are very large.

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Editor Frank Howard of the Minneapolis Trade Bulletin after getting reports from each county estimates the wheat yield of Minnesota and the two Dakotas at 180,380,000 bushels. This is 53,000,000 higher than the Jones estimate.

• • •

Modern Miller: Winter wheat is moving to market except in the Southwest, and that is mostly of the hard winter. Southwestern Millers are drawing most of their supplies from the more northern sections. Plowing for fall seeding is generally progressing favorably and is well advanced.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Sept. 4.—Close: Wheat—December 88c; May, 89c. Corn—December, 58⅝c; May, 58¾c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Sept. 4.—Close: Wheat—December, 80⅝c; May, 83c. On track, 1 hard, 85¾c; 1 northern, 84⅝c; 2 northern, 82⅝c; 3 northern, 82½@84c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 4.—Wheat—Spot No. 2 red Western winter, new, steady, at 6s 2d; No. 1 northern spring, strong, 6s 10d; futures, steady; September, 6s 6¼d; October, 6s 6¼d; December, 6s 6¾d. Corn, spot American, steady, 4s 6¾d; futures, steady, September, 4s 6½d; October, 4s 6⅝d.

W. H. Laidley & Co.

Members of Chicago Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street.
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both 'Phones.

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328 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

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Ship Us Your Grain

Liberal Advances.
Quick Sales.
Prompt Returns.

References:
130 National Banks in Northwest.
Ask your Banker for our standing

COE COMMISSION COMPANY,
Minneapolis. DULUTH. Chicago.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. Dec.	Corn. Dec.	Pork. Sept.
Open	37⅝	52⅛@52¼	$12.90
High	37⅝-¾	52¾	12.90
Low	37⅜	52	12.80
Close	37½-⅝	52¼A	12.82A

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
September—				
Open	83⅝	83⅝	81½-¾	88½A
High	83⅝	83¾	81¾	88⅝
Low	83⅜	82⅝	80⅝	87⅝A
Close	83B	82⅞	80¾	87¾A
Close 3rd.	83¾	83⅞	81⅞	88¼
December—				
Open	80¾	81	82⅝	88¾-¼
High	80¾-⅞	81-⅛	82¾	88½-⅝
Low	80¼	80½	81⅛	87⅝-⅞
Close	80½B	80⅝	82⅜B	88A
Close 3rd.	80½	81	82½-⅝	88¼

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FRESH VEGETABLES.	
Lettuce, bushel	60
Green onions, per doz	15
Radish, long, per doz	15
BUTTER.	
Creamery, prints	21
Dairies, fancy	17 @ 18
Packing stock	11½
EGGS.	
Fresh	11½
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream	12
Twins, full cream, old	12½
Full cream, young America	13 @ 16
Brick cheese, new	13
Limberger, full cre'm, choice	12½
Primos	8
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	16 @ 17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Goldenrod	14
Dark honey	14
Buckwheat, dark	14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	15
Ohio, per lb	12
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bushel	2 00
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 25
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16
Cocoanuts, per doz	50
Brazils, per lb	11
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7
FRUITS.	
California fruit, yellow peaches, per box	1 00 @ 1 10
Washington white peaches, per box	90 @ 1 00
Plums, per crate	1 50 @ 1 75
Pears, per box	1 50
Apples, per bbl	4 00
Smyrna figs	1 00 @ 1 85
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 50
Pineapple, per crate	2 50 @ 3 50
Mc. lemons, per box	5 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25
Sugar walnut dates	1 10
California oranges	4 25
Tomatoes, per 20-lb box	1 00
VEGETABLES.	
Green corn, per doz	12½
Mushrooms	60
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 75
Carrots, per cwt	1 40
Turnips, per cwt	1 25
Cabbage, per cwt	1 50
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50
Per doz cucumbers	1 25 @ 1 35
Mint, per doz	30
Potatoes	70
CIDER.	
Common julce, half bbl	2 75
Fruit juice	4 00
Duffy cider	3 25
POPCORN.	
Choice, per lb	3½
Rice corn, shelled	6
LIVE POULTRY.	
Chickens	13 @ 14
Hens	11 @ 12
Turkeys	12 @ 13
Ducks	10
Geese	8 @ 10
Beef	7 @ 8
Lamb	10
Mutton	9 @ 10
Pork loins	12½
Lard	8⅜

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Butter steady, creameries 14@19, dairies 13@17. Eggs firm at mark, cases included 15. Cheese steady, daisies 10@12; twins 9½@10; young Americas 11@¼.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Sept. 4.—Butter receipts 6356; market firm. State dairy 14@18; extra creamery 20; packing stock 12@14½; creamery thirds to firsts 15@19½. Cheese receipts; 3188 packages; market firm state full cream fancy small colored 10½; small white 10¼; large colored 10¼; large white 10. Eggs receipts 4446; market firm; state and Pennsylvania fancy mixed 23@24; state and Pennsylvania seconds to firsts 19@21; western extras 23; refrigerated 18@20; western firsts 22; western thirds to seconds 17@21.

JUST TO GET EVEN.

"I have remembered what you told me about the company you work for, George," she said to the young telegraph operator who was calling on her, according to the Brooklyn Eagle. "I believe you said it was a grasping monopoly."

"Grasping monopoly is no name for it, Mamie," he exclaimed. "Why, the company is so stingy that it breaks pennies in two so as to make exact change for overtime work."

"That's what you said before, George," she said, "so I just make it all the trouble I possibly can. I won't let it make a cent out of me that I can help. I've told a lot of the other girls, too, and when we send telegrams we're just as mean as we can be."

"How, Mamie?" he asked, looking a little troubled.

"Why, we always write the full ten words, and use the very biggest words we can think of."

He got up and started for his hat and overcoat.

"Why, George!" she cried. "It's all for you!"

"For me?" he exclaimed.

"Indeed, yes. We're trying to make the mean, stingy old company all the trouble possible."

"The company? He almost tore a sleeve out of his coat as he yanked it on. "Make trouble for the company! Who do you suppose has to struggle with those long-word, ten-word messages—the company or the operator? Mamie, I leave you forever."

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

NO INTEREST

We charge you no interest for carrying long stocks. If you are paying interest to others you are throwing money away

COE COMMISSION COMPANY, Incorporated.

Capital and Surplus, $300,000.

Grain, Provisions Stocks and Bonds

Bought and sold for cash or on margin for future delivery.

Commission { Stocks, ⅛ Per Cent. / Grains, 1-16c per Bushel.

Margins Required { Stocks, $2 a Share. / Grains, 1c a Bushel.

If you have an account with us, you can trade upon it in any of our 130 branch offices. We refer to 150 state and national banks, which are our depositories.

General Offices, New York Life Building, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Local Office—220 West Superior Street. H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

INTENSELY DULL

In Stocks With Prices Hardening Towards the Closing.

A Rather Strong Undertone Prevailed During the Afternoon.

New York, Sept. 4.—The majority of stocks showed no change in prices on the opening quotations and those that did drifted aimlessly between small gains and losses. Sugar was down ¾ and Colorado and Southern second preferred as much. These were the largest changes.

The market was inclined to advance after the opening, but the movement did not proceed far as the professionals quickly took the small profits. Atchison, Missouri Pacific, Southern Pacific, Erie, Reading and Southern Railway were the most active, but did not vary in any instance more than ½ per cent. Metropolitan Securities advanced 1½. Prices were stiffening again at 11 o'clock.

There had been no sales of United States preferred up to noon, which is significant of the stagnant condition of the market. Gains of a point were scored by Atchison and General Electric, 1¼ by Reading second preferred, 1½ by Metropolitan Street Railway, 2, by Colorado Fuel. Woolen preferred and New York. C. & St. Louis fell 1 and Minneapolis & St. Louis 2. Bonds were firm at noon.

Atchison was bid up steadily and touched 66¾, a rose of 2 points with some large blocks of the stock changing hands. The other grangers improved a further fraction and the coalers were also in better demand. Consolidated Gas advanced 1 and Northwestern 1½.

The market maintained a rather strong undertone until well into the afternoon. Atchison continued to lead the day's and crossed 67. Western stocks generally sympathized in the movement to the extent of a point or more. Colorado Fuel ran off 2¼, but the other metal stocks were not affected.

Pennsylvania, People's Gas and Cast Iron Pipe rose a point. Colorado Fuel dipped 3⅜ and rallied 1¾. Prices yielded slightly in the general list on realizing. Hide and Leather preferred lost 1. Prices hardened again and the closing was steady but intensely dull.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by W. H. Laidley & Co., 306 West Superior street. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High	Low	Close
Amalgamated Copper	48⅝	47⅝	48¾
American Sugar, ex-div.	115¾	114½	115¾
Anaconda	81	81	81
Atchison, T. & S. Fe	67¼	64⅜	67
do pfd.	92	91	92
Baltimore & Ohio	83½	82¾	83¼
Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	45½	44⅞	45½
Canadian Pacific	124⅜	123¾	123¾
Chgo-Gt. Western	17	17	17
C. M. & St. P.	143½	142¼	143
C. R. I. & P.	29⅝	28½	29⅛
do pfd.	66⅝	66¼	66¼
Colorado Fuel & Iron	44½	40⅝	42
Erie Common	30½	29⅝	30
General Electric	163	163	163
Illinois Central	133⅞	133½	133⅞
Iowa Central	21	21	21
Louisville & Nashville	106¼	105⅜	106½
Manhattan Elevated	135½	134⅜	135½
Metropolitan St. Ry	113¾	111½	112⅝
Mexican Central	13½	13¼	13½
Missouri Pacific	94½	93¾	94⅝
New York Central	122½	121¾	122½
Pennsylvania	125	124	125
People's Gas of Chicago	94⅜	94	94⅜
Reading	54½	53¾	54½
Republic Steel & Iron	11⅝	11¼	11⅜
Southern Pacific	46¼	45⅝	46
Southern Railway	23¼	22⅝	22⅞
Tennessee Coal & Iron	42½	41⅞	42½
Union Pacific	76¾	75	76⅛
United States Leather	8	8	8
U. S. Steel	29⅛	27⅞	29⅛
do pfd	71¼	70⅝	71
Wabash	21⅜	21¼	21⅜
Western Union	82½	82¼	82½

Northern Securities, 89¾ bid; 90 asked.

The total sales were 218,800 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: We can only hope for more activity next week. Stocks ought to close higher today. In any case I am of the opinion that holdings should be carried over the holidays. The dullness almost certainly precedes a bull campaign. What little activity there is on the advances no stocks comes out on the declines. The bank statement cuts no ice. The crops are not likely to be a governing factor. Perhaps I am wrong, but in my judgment there is only one side to the market. St. Paul should sell at 160 before 111, and other stocks in proportion. The market might be bought on weak spots this morning. With activity I look for an advance.

• • •

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: It is understood Atchison will show a surplus equal to 8 per cent earned for the year before a deduction of sinking fund for serial debentures. There were slight increases of $2,500,000 for sinking fund on serial debentures will be from $5,500,000 to $6,000,000 or 5½ to 6 per cent on common stock.

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Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Outside of Atchison, the market showed no feature in the early afternoon, although covering of professional shorts and perhaps sympathy developed by an active upward movement in any stock gave a fairly firm tone. Trading was entirely professional. The old story of Pennsylvania competing with Rock Island for control of Atchison was revived. It is difficult to see wheat kind of contradiction will satisfy the street on this point. Pennsylvania has no interest present or prospective in Atchison, is not behind any body who has. is not specially concerned in railroad policies in that part of the world, does not believe in trans-continental systems and has not bought any Atchison stock for itself or through any of its directors and does not care who buys it.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Sept. 4.—The cotton market opened firm at 2 points higher on October, November and December, from 1 to 3 points lower on the other positions. The firmness was due to covering and bull support, and after the call the list for a time displayed considerable strength with September selling up to 11.15, October to 10.15, December 9.85, and January to 9.82, on buying for the various bull cliques and the room contingent. The market later became more active and prices began to work downward soon after reaching a level 2 or 3 points under yesterday's finals.

Cotton spot closed steady; middling uplands, 12.50; middling gulf, 12.75; sal s, 4106 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady: September, 10.93; October, 9.96; November, 9.70; January, 9.64; February and March, 9.63.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Sept. 4.—Close: Money on call steady at 1¾@3 per cent; closing bid 1¾; offered at 2. Time money nominally steady; 60 days, 4½ per cent; 90 days, 4½@5; 6 months, 5¼@6. Prime mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers bills at $4.86.35@4.86.40 for demand and at $4.83.15 @4.83.25 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.84 and $4.87; commercial bills, $4.83. Bar silver, 56⅝c; Mexican dollars, 45½c. Government bonds strong; railroad bonds firm.

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Today's treasury statement: Available cash balance $226,216,718; gold, $165,775,885; silver, $27,785,814; U. S. notes, $11,338,214; treasury notes of 1890, $107,776; national bank notes $16,312,229; total receipts this day, $1,746,383; total receipts this month, $6,573,047; total receipts this year, $107,037,301; total expenditures this month, $6,010,000; total expenditures this year, $105,422,738; deposits in national banks $155,856,547.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago Sept. 4.—Cattle receipts 2500. Market steady. Good to prime steers $4.45@6; poor to medium $4.10@5.30; heifers $2@5; cannors $1.50@2.75; bulls $2@4.65; calves $3.50@7; Texas fed steers $3.25@4.50; western steers $3.20@4.65. Hogs receipts today 11,000; tomorrow 10,000. Market 10 to 15 up. Mixed and butchers $5.35@6; good to choice heavy $5.50@5.55; rough heavy $5.20@5.50; light $5.00@6.20; bulk of sales $5.40@5.75. Sheep receipts 10,000; sheep and lambs steady. Good to choice wethers $3.25@3.75; fair to choice mixed $2.25@3.25; western sheep $2.50@3.75; fair to choice mixed $2.25@3.25; western sheep $2.50@3.65; native lambs $3.50@5; western lambs $3.50@5.10.

TRAVIS WINS FROM BROKAW

Close Match of Golf Played at the Glencove Links.

Glencove, L. I., Sept. 4.—With five Eastern golfers, one from Pittsburg and two Westerners left in the national amateur golf championship tournament, play was resumed today on the Nassau Country club's links. These players are competing in the fifth round and the survivors will meet in the semi-final round this afternoon. The four winners this morning will all be honor men in the tournament for a United States gold association medal which is presented to each of the four semi-finalists. Walter J. Travis, the former national champion, is paired with George Brokaw, the Princetonian, who put out the young Western champion, Walter Egan, yesterday. The gallery was not large when the men were started, but most of the spectators followed the match. Paul Murphy, the St. Paul school lad of Garden City, went off with Forenhart, the Princeton golfer, of whom great things are expected. E. M. Byers, the strong Pittsburg player and runner up in last year's championship, met Walter R. Tuckerman, of Stockbridge, Mass., a comparatively new aspirant for high honors. The two Westerners are paired off together, Bruce D. Smith, the Onwentsia club member and Yale junior, and W. D. Cady, of the Rock Island club. The latter is also an unknown quantity, while the Westerners pin their faith, now that they have lost the two Egans, upon Smith for high honors in the tournament. The course was in good shape and playing conditions were all that could be desired.

Reinhart beat Paul Murphy by the unexpected score of five up and four to play.

The largest gallery of the morning followed the Travis-Brokaw match. Brokaw had the honor and outdrove Travis by a few feet. Both, however, got long drives and good lies. Travis trimmed the cup for a three and first hole, 310 yards, was halved in four. Brokaw drove into the rough for the long second hole, 520 yards. Both approached far over the green, but Travis ran up dead and won in five to six.

The third was halved in four. Brokaw fell into the mound bunker in approaching the fourth. He got out short and made a desperate attempt to run down a twenty-five-foot put, but ran six feet over the hole, putting out in five. Travis, however, won in four and two up. The fifth and sixth were each halved in five both getting in the bunkers from their second shots for the fifth hole. Travis failed to reach the green on the short seventh hole at 181 yards, but he ran up dead in two and a half in three was the result. Brokaw missed a short put on the next green and Travis won, giving him a lead of three on the eighth green. Travis won the ninth in four to five. He putted dead to the hole in four, laying Brokaw a stymie. The latter tried to play around the ball, but just missed it. St. Paul should sell at 160 before 111, and other stocks in proportion. The market might be bought on weak spots this morning. With activity I look for an advance.

• • •

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Deadwood, S. D. and Return $31.65.

September 2nd to 6th inclusive, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Deadwood, S. D., at $31.65 for the round trip, good for return until and including Sept. 30th, 1903.

City Ticket Office, 405 West Superior Street.

ELEVATOR NOTICES.

Office of Consolidated Elevator Co., Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31, 1903.

On all grain and flaxseed received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, the charge for elevating and storage will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel; storage for each succeeding thirty days or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

CONSOLIDATED ELEVATOR CO.,
By M. J. FORBES.
President.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

Office of Globe Elevator Co., Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31st, 1903.

On all grain and flaxseed, received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, at the Peavey Duluth Terminal Elevator, the Globe Elevator, and the Belt Line Elevator, the charge for elevating and storing will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel, storage for each succeeding 30 days, or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

GLOBE ELEVATOR CO.,
By E. N. BRADLEY,
Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

Great Northern Railway Co., Great Northern Elevators, Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31, 1903:

On all grain and flaxseed received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, the charge for elevating and storage will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel; storage for each succeeding thirty days or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
By H. T. SWART,
Elevator Agent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

Guaranteed by The Gorham Co.

GORHAM SILVER POLISH

Produces a satin-like polish
Contains no deleterious ingredient
All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

IN MARINE CIRCLES

Freighter Admiral, Which Was Hard Aground, Is Released.

The Ground Had to Be Dredged Away From Her.

The big freighter Admiral, which grounded yesterday in the slip by the Ohio coal dock, was released this morning.

The tugs were unable to accomplish the work, and one of the dredges of the Lake Superior Contracting and Dredging company was put to work yesterday afternoon. The water was deepened about her bow, and she was able to free herself after a few hours' work.

She is unloading her cargo, 6000 tons of anthracite coal, at the Ohio coal dock.

Coal receipts have fallen off during the past few days, but ore shipments show increased activity. Twelve vessels have arrived light for ore during the past twenty-four hours, and the vessels which brought up coal will also take out ore.

GRAIN BOATS IN DEMAND.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grain boats were again in fair demand, but vesselmen were unable to secure any advance in rates on corn, which held at 1 cent.

IONIA FLOATED.

Detour, Mich., Sept. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Ionia, which grounded on St. Martin's reef Wednesday morning, was released by the tug General, and brought here today. About 300 tons of iron ore were jettisoned and the same amount was lightered before the steamer was floated. The boat was out two feet forward and a foot aft, and is leaking some.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

South Chicago—Cleared: G. Stevenson, Heffelfinger, Duluth.

Toledo—Departed: Coal—Fryer, Ashland. Light—Whitworth, James Hoyt, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Hundred thirty-seven, Erie ports.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Cambria, Superior; Spokane, Duluth.

Fort William—Arrived: Minch, Buell. Cleared: Wexford, Goodrich.

Ahsland—Arrived: Leuty, Bottsford, Gardner, Crosthwaite, London, Houghton, Olympia. Cleared: Ore—Grover, Kirby, Hartnell, Lake Erie. Lumber—Oneonta, Kingfisher, Buffalo.

Marquette—Arrived: Pontiac. Cleared: Choctaw, Kectham, Ashtabula, Indiana, Desoronto.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Coal—Chisholm, Senator, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal—Sevona, Fort William, Matanzas, Superior.

Lorain—Cleared: Coal—Germanic, Duluth. Light—Luzon, Duluth.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Sept. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Troy, Kanawha, 9:30 Thursday night. Yuma, Donnaconno, 11; Reed, 11:30; Bulgaria, Tasmania. 2 Friday morning; Zillah, Redington, Quayle, Ogarita, Watt, Jenney and whaleback. 12:20; Prentice, Hustead, Middlesex, 5; Mary Elphicke, Wilkinson, 5:20; Japan, 7:30; Manola and whaleback, 8; Gilchrist, 8:40; Pasadena, 10:30. Down: Westcott, Wyman, John Owen, 10:20 last night; Chictaw, 11; Watson, 12:20 a. m.; Manhattan, 3:40; V. H. Ketcham, 4:20; India, 5; Runnels, 6:30; Bielman, MacLachlan, 7:40.

Up yesterday: Sachem, Owen, Barnes, 3 p. m.; James Hoyt, 5; Woodruff, Niko, Peterson, Turret Chief, 5:30; Pellett, Oliver, Steelbrenner, 7. Down: Australia, Wegatom, 11:30; Northern King, Matsafa, 12:20 p. m.; Holland, White and Frlantic, Crosthwaite, Exile, Winnebago, Monarch, 1:30; Cowle, 4; Emery Owen, Algeria, Ford, 6:30; Curry, 8:20; Cornell, 9.

PASSED DTROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Aztec and consorts, 9:40 Thursday night; Saint Veronica, 10:20; Fryer, 11:35; Cadillac, Fleetwood, Moravia, Tower, Magnetic, 12:10 Friday morning; Rome, 12:30; Barth and consort, 1:30; Manola, Duncan and consort, Pueblo, 2:30; Parks Foster, Britton, Manda, 3; Amazanas, Grampian, 4:30; Stewart and barges, Lilly Smith, barges, 4; Wallace, 5; Mayfhan, 6; Sevona, 7; Murphy, Whitworth, 8; Charles Warner, 8:30; Fulton, 9:30; Fairbairn and whaleback, 9:50; Van Hise, 10; Venezuela, 10:30; Senator, 10:40; Colby, H. Down: Empire City and whaleback, 8:40 Thursday night; Syracuse, Fitch, Maitland, 11; Monabansett, Law, 12:10 a. m.; Starica, 2:40; Northern Wave, 3; Wade, 6:20; Sacramento, Pretoria, 6:40; Paris, 7:10; Lycoming, 7:40; Goodyear, 8:40; Uranus, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Canisteo and barges, 11:10; Frick, noon, Chisholm, 12:15 p. m.; Maricopa, 12:30; Langham, 2:15; Wright, Montcalm, Cherokkee and consort, 3:30; Waldo 4:15; Louisiana, 5; French, Arabia, 5:30; Simlay, 6; Susquehanna, 6:20; Kerr, Lansing, 7:20 p. m.; Whitaker, 8:30. Down: Henderson and whaleback, 12:40 p. m.; Appomattox and consort, 1:15; Continental, 1:30; Captain Wilson, 1:40; W. S. Mack, 2:15; Osborne, 2:50; Ramapo, Monkshaven, Agawa, Nye, 3; R. Richards and consort, 3:10; Curtis, 3:30; Albright, 4:30; Grammer, N. Mills and consort, G. Peavey, 5; Pentland, Packard, 5:30; Fort, Steel King, Andaste, 5:40; Iron Chief and consort, 6; Lehigh, 8:15.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Lagonda, Sonoma, LaFayette, Oglebay, J. W. Moore, Siemens, Bell, F. B. Wells,

CLOSED all day LABOR DAY

FALL OPENING OF
SHOES

A Large and most complete stock to select from Ladies' and Gentlemen's New Shoes $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50, $4, $5. Every pair good values and of the most reliable makes.

"The Wieland" $3.50.

Especially well made to our order embracing new ideas for Fall wear—Kid Calf and Patent Corne Colt—

$3.50

Stacy Adams & Co.

Fine Shoes — in Kid, Velour Calf and Patent Kid—

$5 and $6

Men's Working Shoes—

$1.50 to $3



School Opens Soon—See Our Shoes.

School Shoes.

All kinds new nobby styles—for service and comfort.

Boys' and Girls' special good shoes $1.50

Misses' Shoes—

$1.25 to $2.50

Children's School Shoes—sizes 8½ to 12—

$1.00 to $1.75

Boys' Blucher Shoes.

Something new—Little Gent's sizes—

$1.75 to $2.00

Boys' sizes 2 to 5½— $2.25 to $3.00

Young Ladies'

School shoes—low heels—kid and calf—

$2.00, $2.50, $3.00.

Sorosis Shoes

Exclusive and stylish—modeled from the human foot. The ball of the foot comes where the ball of the foot requires it to come and they fit snug up under the instep, giving an elegant and most desirable effect. New patterns—all kinds of leather—uniform price—

$3.50

Shall be pleased to have you call early tomorrow.

WIELAND SHOE CO.

THE SIGN OF THE LARGE GILDED SHOE

INDICTED EIGHT

Grand Jury Grinds Out a Batch of Eleven Indictments.

Sam Berg Indicted For Murder In Second Degree.

The grand jury this morning returned another batch of eleven indictments, three of which were against one man and four of which are not yet made public because the defendants are not in custody. No bill was returned in the case of the Indian Wasagesig, who was held to the grand jury on the charge of taking liquor into a reservation.

The person indicted under the most serious charge, thus far, is Sam Berg, who is charged with murder in the second degree, the information against him being that he deliberately shot and killed Marshal William McLaughlin, of the town of Nichols, when the latter was putting him under arrest June 6 last.

The shooting affray happened near Mountain Iron, the officer having stopped Berg and a companion on the railroad tracks as suspects in a robbery that was claimed to have taken place. Berg's companion broke away and ran and Berg claims that McLaughlin drew a revolver and began shooting, the bullets passing close to his head. Berg said he thought it was an attempt at a hold up and not knowing that McLaughlin was an officer he drew his own weapon, and a duel at short range followed in which the marshal was shot and Berg received wounds that for some time were supposed to be fatal and from which he has but recently recovered.

Albert Swenson is indicted for grand larceny in the first degree. He is charged with stealing $105 in money, a gold watch and a pocket book from Edward Anderson in a lodging house at 206 Lake avenue May 14.

Harry McAllister, the colored man, who took a revolver from a show case in R. C. Kruschke's gun store Aug. 20, is indicted for grand larceny in the second degree.

Andrew Iverson has three indictments against him, one for grand larceny in the first degree and two for grand larceny in the second degree. The charge against Iverson is that during the evening of June 10 last he entered the room of John and Ole Knuptson in a house at the Agnew mine location, near Hibbing, and stole $55 in money, clothing, a gold watch and a valise belonging to the inmates.

Anton Besune, alias Cross, is indicted for grand larceny in the second degree. It is charged against Besune that July 12 last he stole a horse, carriage and harness from Robert Bedford, of Tower, the total value of which was about $150.

Several of the men indicted yesterday will be arraigned this afternoon before Judge Ensign.

Several of the witnesses summoned to appear before the grand jury have failed to come, and Judge Ensign has issued bench warrants in each case. The court has indicated during the past few terms that its policy will be to deal quite severely with witnesses who disregard their subpoenas, even though attendance on court may work some hardship to them.

One of the great difficulties encountered in the grand jury system is that many of the witnesses, particularly in the range cases that come before that body for investigation, are men who are dependent for their living on day labor, and when, after they have been subpoenaed several weeks or months in advance of the grand jury meeting, they are compelled to seek other fields for work, they are either too far away to feel the necessity of getting back to Duluth, or else some of them, being foreigners, either forget the summons or do not fully appreciate what it means.

County criminal prosecutions would be greatly facilitated could the persons charged with the crime be brought directly before the court for trial, while the witnesses could be readily procured for the state, or for the defense.

STOLEN!

From the Trust building, one check on the Bank of Buhl for $23.00, drawn by John Johnson, in favor of B. F. Hathaway; one check for $14.80 drawn by A. A. Farrington on First National bank in favor of B. F. Hathaway. Both checks were endorsed. All persons are warned not to cash said checks and to arrest person offering them.
B. F. HATHAWAY.

A FREE TYPEWRITER—REMINGTON OR SMITH PREMIER.

The New Era Business college, of West Superior, makes an unusual offer. That school will furnish absolutely free a Remington or Smith Premier typewriter in the house or room of every student entering this school for a complete course, for the student's use out of school hours during a term of six months. Other schools charge $3.50 a month rental for the use of each machine so sused. This is certainly a talking offer for it gives the student a big advantage.

THE KING RETURNS.

London, Sep. 4.—King Edward arrived in London today on his return from Vienna.

REFUSES TO FIGHT AT ONCE.

New York, Sept. 4.—Jack Munroe of Butte, Mon., today refused an immediate fight with Jeffries, sending the following message to Manager Carr of Los Angeles: "Date too soon; will fight Jeffries in January. Not time enough to train."

A BREWERY SPUR

The Northern Pacific May Extend Its Line to Fitger's.

Advance In Grain Freights May Divert Shipments Southward.

After a lapse of several months, during which time the matter has been taken up and apparently dropped by the city council, the Northern Pacific road has again taken up the proposition of extending its tracks to A. Fitger and company's brewery.

For several days engineers have been at work on the proposed line and the company expects to have their report within a few days. It was thought that the proposed extension would necessarily run through the site on which stands the curling rink but Superintendent Blanchard said today that the engineers have found that the tracks could be built without interfering with the building. Mr. Blanchard said:

"We can as yet give no definite information regarding the proposed extension. We have had our engineers looking over the proposed right of way for several days but we have not received sufficient information from them to justify an opinion as to whether or not their final report will be favorable to the project."

According to real estate men the extension of the tracks will have a tendency to increase the values of property bordering on the right of way. At present the only firm which could take advantage of the extension would be the brewery. The tracks would be laid in the rear of the curling rink.

WILL DIVERT GRAIN.

Advance of Grain Freights Will Make Change.

The proposed advance of 2 cents in grain product rates from Chicago to New York, where the rate is now 20 cents on domestic shipments, and 17½ cents on export, which will take effect Oct. 1, is causing more or less comment among shippers in view of the reports to the effect that this year's crop will be light. If the advance is made it will cause a large portion of the southwestern crop to be diverted to gulf ports where otherwise it would go to Chicago and St. Louis. The western roads, nearly all of which have terminal facilities on the gulf, would prefer bringing the grain to Chicago for the longer haul but cannot do so as eastern roads will not join them in making rates which will bring the grain that way.

SHOOTING IS GOOD.

W. F. Fitch and Party Have Successful Hunt.

President W. F. Fitch, of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road, who, with Martin Adson, general agent, and A. J. Perrin, city passenger agent at Superior, has spent the last four days shooting prairie chicken and grouse in the vicinity of Crookston, returned this morning. The trio brought with them a large number of birds and reported that the shooting was the best they have had in years.

Mr. Adson said: "We had little difficulty in getting all we wanted, and I have never seen birds so plentiful. It is simply a question as to how many birds a man wants once he has begun shooting. Frequently our three dogs would each be pointing at a covey, each in a different direction."

Mr. Adson's dog "Joe" a few days ago attempted to pass through a screen door which was closing, and lost the hair and hide from the end of his tail in so doing.

Quiet Restored.

Quiet has been restored in passenger rates and the fare between Duluth and Chicago is again at $11.75 one way and $25.50 for the round trip, with a 10-day limit. The 30-day limit remains at $27.10 for the round trip. Local passenger agents anticipate no further change in rates for some time to come.

RATTLESNAKE THEIR GOD.

Influence of Moqui Indians Over Deadly Reptiles.

An antidote, known only to two members of the tribe, is said to be the secret of the freedom with which the Moqui Indians handle rattlesnakes in the celebrated snake dance, which will be held this month in the desert country of Northwestern Arizona, says the Washington Post. This, at least, is the story brought here by A. O. Wright, supervisor of Indian schools, who has just returned from a prolonged tour of inspection in the Southwest.

"The Moqui, or more properly speaking the Hopi, is one of the most interesting of American Indian tribes," said Mr. Wright. "These Indians show little evidence of years of contact with the white man. They retain all the old customs and practices, and still continue the barbarous methods characteristic of the religious ceremonies of nature worshipers. The Hopis are opposed to education, and had to be forced to send their children to the government school. The tribe has many peculiar customs, but is best known to the world through the famous snake dance."

The snake dance, according to Mr. Wright, who has witnessed it, is not attended by torture, as is the case with the old-time sun dance and like ceremonies in other tribes. It is a part of the religion of the Hopis, and is enveloped in a great deal of mystery. "The snake dance of the Hopi," said Mr. Wright, "is picturesque in the extreme. It is the big festival of the year. The active participants are the venerable priests of the tribe. This affair occurs some time in the month of August, according to the phase of the moon and the omens discovered by the priests, and is held alternately in each of the three tribal villages. The snakes are procured by the young priests, who scour the country for miles around in search of the reptiles. When the snake is found it coils itself, of course, in an attitude of defense. The Indians claim that they effect the capture by means of hypnotism, but there is a well-authenticated story that a secret antidote, known only to the old crone and the patriarch of the tribe, and by them communicated to their successors, is the explanation of the fearlessness of the Hopi in handling dangerous rattlesnakes. At any rate, the young priest, after finding the snake, proceeds, as is explained by the Indians, to hypnotize it. He does this by gently moving round and round a bunch of long feathers until it becomes hypnotized, finally relaxing its coil, whereupon the priest places one hand upon the neck and with the other hand lifts the body. In this manner the snake is carried to the Indian village where the dance is to be held. Preparatory to the dance the snakes are placed in an underground khiva, where they are cared for by an old priest, who keeps them in 'condition', by waving a bunch of feathers above them and gently stroking them at intervals. Just previous to the dance the snakes are sprinkled with sacred meal and various ceremonies are performed with them in the khiva.

"On the day of the dance the priests take the reptiles to the plaza where the dance is held. All is now ready for the great religious ceremony of the Hopi. The dance is performed with great rapidity, and the priests, as well as the entire tribe, work themselves into a great frenzy. Each of the priests comes with a snake in his mouth, proceeding together across the plaza, company fronting, the attendants meanwhile waving feathers to keep up the illusion of hypnotism. It is rare that an Indian is bitten during the ceremony. After the dance the snakes are returned to the place where they were found, and the Indians offer profuse apologies for any annoyance that they may have caused.

"The snake dance is purely a religious ceremony," said Mr. Wright. "The Indians believe the snakes are their grandfathers, or, as we would say, their ancestors, and that they have become powerful spirits, taking the form of rattlesnakes. The dance is a form of worship to these spirits, to induce them to give rain. Rain in that desert country is the one thing needful for food. As the month of August is the time when the summer rains come, the prayers of the priests are generally answered favorably."

Concerning the religion of the Hopi, Supervisor Wright said: "Nature worship is the religion of the Hopi. It closely resembles the nature worship of the Canaanites, into which the Hebrews were so prone to fall, as shown in the Old Testament. The nature worship expresses itself in methods which to us would be obscene and revolting, but which to them are sacred in the light of their religion.

"The Hopis are more open in these practices than the Pueblos, who were forced by their Spanish conquerors to suppress their obscene ceremonies."

Remarkable tales are told of the sprintin gability of the Hopi Indians. They are said to be the best runners in the world, and able to withstand great hardship. "When I was at the boarding school at Keam's Canyon," said Mr. Wright, "a boy 13 years old run away. He left the school at night, traveling over the desert to the village of Orabi. He went to his home to get some peaches and melons, which his father had failed to bring to him at school. He stayed there until afternoon, when he started back. He arrived late at night, traveling 70 miles within 24 hours. Shortly after that I visited the school at Blue Canyon. The teacher of the day school at Orabi, forty miles distant, sent an adult Hopi to Blue Canyon for a physician. The Hopi started at 10 o'clock at night, reaching Blue Canyon at 5 o'clock in the morning. He rested for an hour, and then began the return trip, following on foot the team driven by the physician. He thus traveled forty miles between 10 o'clock at night and 5 o'clock in the morning, and returned the same distance keeping up with the team, reaching Orabi early in the afternoon."

Agriculture was followed by the tribe long before the white man came to America. "This tribe raised products by irrigation, and subsisted by agriculture centuries ago, according to the best evidence obtainable," said Mr. Wright. "The Hopis, by their language, it is presumed, are related to the Shoshones an dother tribes of that stock. But long ago they abandoning the wandering hunters' life for a settled agricultural existence. The Hopis are industrious and peaceable. They take excellent care of their farms, which are far removed from their villages. The only work animal of the tribe is the burro. These animals are trained to keep out of the fields, which are fenced, but occasionally a burro is tempted by the green verdure and lets his appetite run away with his discretion. If caught in the act, he has a piece of one ear cut off, and is then known as a 'thief burro.' If caught a second time, another piece of his ear is cut off. When both ears and tail are gone, the burro is killed and eaten. Nothing in the form of food is ever wasted by the tribe.

"There is nothing in the family life of Hopi that differs materially from other tribes," said Mr. Wright. "The wome are generally faithful and dutiful wives. The young girls select their own husbands, and the young men have little to say on the subject. One peculiarity is that the marriageable girls wear their hair in two great wheels, one over each ear. But the Hopi girls have grown bolder with the passing of time. They do not wait until the question is popped, as do their white sisters, and, accordingly, they marry when they are inclined to do so. The 'wheels' not proving effectual to attract suitors, has proven a mere custom without reason. Now, when the Hopi girl wishes to select a husband, she sends her mother to the mother of the young man she has selected, and the deed is done. The young man is bound to marry the girl, whether his affections are centered on another object or not."

The Hopi tribe is better known as the Moquis, a term of reproach used by their enemies. Hopi is the title recently adopted by the Indian bureau. It means peaceful people. The Hopi is probably the least attractive of all the Indians. The miles are of very slender physique, the average weighing about 100 pounds. They are very lean and wiry, and do not carry any flesh, as a result of their unusual activity. The women, who lead a sedentary life, are of the normal size and weight. The Indian bureau has had a little more success during the past few years than formerly in inducing them to send their children to school, but they are more or less antagonistic to the idea.

Market Basket

RATHBUN'S,
20 East Superior St.
Both phones 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.

SATURDAY SPECIALS
INCLUDING LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FRUIT AT POPULAR PRICES.

MICHIGAN PEACHES—Yellow Freestones—one-fifth bushel baskets—per basket— 35 cents

BLUE PLUMS—in perfect condition for the table or preserving—per basket— 25 cents.

LARGE WATERMELONS—each— 15 cents.

EVERGREEN CORN—delicious sweet—per dozen— 15 cents.

VIRGINIA SWEET POTATOES—8 pounds for— 25 cents

JERSEY SWEET POTATOES—6 pounds for— 25 cents.

FANCY RIPE TOMATOES—per peck— 20 cents

N. Y. BARTLETT PEARS—per peck— 50 cents

Duluth-grown Vegetables — all varieties. Crisp and fresh at popular prices.

DUCHESS APPLES—fancy and large—per peck— 35 cents.

EGGS—fresh express shipment direct from farmers—per doz— 22 cents.

CREAMERY BUTTER—best quality—per lb— 22 cents

COFFEE—Success Brand—Java and Mocha—excells all other brands—3-lb cans for— 85 cents.

LARD—pure leaf—per lb— 10 cents.

HOLLAND GEM MELONS—sweet as honey—per basket— 70 cents.

TABLE SALMON—3 small cans— 25 cents.

SPECIAL ON PICKLES—all varieties, regular 25c bottles—for Saturday— 15 cents

BULK OLIVES—per quart— 25 cents.

BRICK CHEESE—best quality, 2 lbs 25 cents

RATHBUN'S
29 East Superior St.

VIKING
LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best quality wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.
GRONSETH & OLSEN
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

Duluth's representative Grocery.
D. O'Leary's Cash Grocery,
15 E. Superior Street.
Shipping Orders Receive Prompt Attention

Good Things to Eat:
for your Sunday dinner and the Labor Day picnic. If you are not already a patron of ours try us with a trial order tomorrow.

Choice Bananas, 2 doz for ---- 25c
Choice Pears, per doz ---- 20c
Choice Pears, per peck ---- 50c
Choice Peaches, per case $1, $1.10
California Plums, per case -- $1.00
Pine Apples, each ---- 25c
Rockyford Melons, per crate $2.25
Rockyford Melons, 4 for ---- 25c
Crab Apples, Wild Plums, etc.
Choice Tomatoes, per basket -- 15c
Choice Apples, per peck ---- 30c
Fresh Dairy Butter, per lb ---- 18c
Fresh Creamery, per lb ---- 23c
3 lbs Good Jap Tea for ---- $1.00
Sweet Mix Pickles, per qt. ---- 15c
1-lb flat cans Hiawatha Salmon 15c
3-lb cans Apple Butter, 3 cans 25c
3-lb cans Pine Apples, 2 cans - 25c
Gallon can Apples, each ---- 20c
Gallon can Peaches and Plums, each ---- 40c
1 lb. can O'Leary's Pure Baking Powder, each ---- 25c
3 lb. cans White Cherries, 2 cans ---- 25c

Telephone us your order. Call 199.

20c for 8c
TOMORROW.
Vanilla, Chocolate and Molasses
Taffy 8c.
SMITH & MARKUS,
110 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

It's the quality of a Flour that tells when it comes to breadmaking. If
Zenota Flour
Is used you will always have sweet, light, nutritious bread and rolls.
TRY IT.
Made by Duluth-Superior Milling Co.
ALL GROCERS.

Bargains Tomorrow

If you want the best quality for the money, this is the store at which to buy your Tea, Coffee, Baking Powder and Flavoring Extracts, etc.

Good Santos—two lbs for 25c
Golden Santos Coffee—worth 22c, tomorrow, a lb.. 18c
Java and Mocha—extra fine, worth 35c, tomorrow 30c
3½ pounds for $1.00
Particular People should try our Old Government Java and Mocha, none better, a lb. 38c
The same as you pay 80c and 90c per lb for elsewhere—our reg. price 60c; tomorrow. 48c
Regular 60c Japan Tea—tomorrow, per lb..... 48c
Regular 60c Oolong Tea—tomorrow, per lb..... 48c
Regular 60c Eng. Breakfast Tea—tomorrow, per lb.. 48c
Regular 60c Gun Powder Tea—tomorrow, per lb.. 48c
LAUNDRY SOAP—ten bars for 25c
TOILET SOAP—regular 25c kind—tomorrow..... 18c
SHREDDED COCOANUT per lb..... 14c

Malcomson Tea Store
Wholesale and Retail Coffee Merchants
110 WEST SUP. ST.
Red Front. Both' Phones.

The Famous
PRIMUS BUTTER
Sweet as a Nut, Perfectly Pure, Always Fresh.
Your Grocer Keeps It or Will Get It For You.
TAKE NO OTHER.
THE BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL CO.,
16 West 1st St. 15 E. Sup. St.
BOTH PHONES 352.

TRY
"Commander" Flour!
Others have tried it and ordered more. So will you.
Makes the finest bread in the world.
ALL GROCERS.

PHILLIPS & CO.
218 West Superior Street.



We carry the most extensive assortment of Men's Fine Shoes in the West.
OUR "Prince" $3.50

School Shoes
MISSES' SHOES.
Made of Vici Kid or Box calf, Double soles, Patent Tips; sizes 11½ to 2. Price, per pair $1.50
Misses' Shoes—Vici Kid or Velour Calf; made with heavy extension soles, Mat Kid tops; sizes 11½ to 2. Price, per pair $2.50
Our Pride Boys' Box Calf, heavy extension soles, solid as a rock. Wear like iron. 2½ to 5½ $2.00



OUR "Princess"
Fall styles
$3.50

School Shoes
OUR $1.00 LINE.
For Little Gents and Girls. Made of Satin Calf and Vici Kid, solid leather soles and counters. Little Gents' sizes 9 to 13½. Girls' sizes 9 to 11, 11 to 2 ..... $1.00
Boys' Box Calf, Satin and Kangaroo Calf, heavy soles; regular cut or seamless $1.50

Minnesota State Fair.

The Great Northern Railway announces a special rate of one fare plus fifty cents for the round trip to St. Paul. Tickets on sale August 29 to Sept. 5th, inclusive. Final return limit Sept. 7th. Three trains a day from Duluth, offering service morning, noon and night. $4.80 round trip. Ticket office, 432 W. Superior, corner Spalding Hotel.

New York & Return, $25.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. Tickets on sale August 25th to 29th, inclusive; good for return until Sept. 30.
City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel block.

IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING

TO RENT, SELL OR EXCHANGE, OR IF YOU WISH TO PURCHASE ANYTHING, LIST IT IN THE WANT COLUMNS OF THE EVENING HERALD. WE ARE IN DAILY TOUCH WITH PEOPLE WHO ARE LOOKING FOR HOMES AND WHO ARE WAITING TO SEE A GOOD PLACE TO INVEST THEIR SURPLUS CASH.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FARM LANDS

25,000 acres of selected farming lands for sale, in large or small tracts, in well settled communities, at low figures and easy terms. Enough hardwood timber to pay for land.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 338.

$2000 Takes 50 feet on First street, near Twentieth avenue east.
$2600 Takes 50-foot corner on Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street. A bargain.
Fine residence site upper side of East First street, near Twenty-second avenue. Make us an offer.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg

$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. $200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.
$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x150, in good neighborhood.
$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

STEAMSHIPS.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE ROUTE.
Fast Passenger and Freight Service — Leave Mondays & Thursdays for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Gd Marais, Isle Royale and Pt Arthur 9:30 a.m.
Leave Sundays and Wednesdays for Hancock, Houghton, Isle Royale and Port Arthur, at 4:00 p.m.
Sundays boat via Ashland and Ontonagon.
All boats arrive at and leave from Singer's dock, Lake Ave. S.
Uptown office—No. 2 Lyceum Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
0:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:03	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:12
7:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.		M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.... Duluth ....Ar.		12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.... Virginia ....Lv.		8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar.... Eveleth.... Lv.		8:00	2:45
12:05	7:55	Ar.... Ely .... Lv.		7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.		P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive	
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	Montana and Coast. Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg.	† 2:00 p.m.	
† 11:15 p.m.			* 6:20 a.m.	
† 6:20 a.m.			† 9:20 p.m.	
* 9:30 a.m.			* 6:43 p.m.	
* 8:30 p.m.			* 7:10 a.m.	
† 2:20 p.m.		Hibbing, Virginia	*12:20 p.m.	
† 6:20 a.m.		Wilmar, Soo City, St. Cloud.	† 9:20 p.m.	

*Da ily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spalding Hous

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block, Bell 'Phone 44. All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*9:45 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail	Ar. *8:30 a.m.
	All Points East.	
†8:45 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL	Ar. 17:15 p.m.
	Marquette and Copper Country.	

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 9:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 7:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE."	
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	b 6:55 p m
a 1:55 p m		a 7:55 a m
a 11:55 p m		b 7:05 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3 :05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:35 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

CONTRACT WORK

Council Chambers, Virginia, Minn., Sept. 2nd, 1903.
Sealed bids will be received by the city council of the city of Virginia, Minnesota, at the council chamber, in said city, up to and including the 22nd day of September, A. D. 1903, for the construction and laying of a sanitary sewer in said city of Virginia, as follows, namely: Commencing at the west line of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railroad right-of-way, in the alley between Maple and Chestnut streets, thence westerly to Silver Lake boulevard; also commencing at the same said west line of the right-of-way of said railroad company, in the alley between Walnut and Chestnut streets, thence westerly to Silver Lake boulevard, thence along said boulevard to Ohio avenue, and along said Ohio avenue to the end of the city limits; thence to the creek in Section 19, Township 58, Range 17, West of Fourth Principal Meridian; all according to the plans and specifications on file in the office of the city clerk of Virginia, Minn., and also in the office of Thomas F. McGilvray, civil engineer, 613 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.
All bids shall be upon a basis of cash payment for the work, and no bid shall be considered unless the same shall be accompanied by a cash deposit, or a duly certified check payable to the order of the city treasurer, for at least fifteen per cent of the amount of the bid. All bids shall be directed to the city clerk at Virginia, Minn., securely sealed, and be indorsed upon the outside wrapper with a brief statement as to the work for which the bid is made.
Said bids will be opened by the city council for consideration at the council chamber in said city of Virginia, on Tuesday, the 22nd day of September, A. D. 1903, at 8 o'clock p. m.
The city council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
CITY COUNCIL OF VIRGINIA, MINNESOTA.
By W. H. EATON,
Mayor, of the City.
Attest:
ALBERT F. BICKFORD,
City Clerk of Virginia, Minn.
(Corporate Seal.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept-4-11-18-1903.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HIGHLAND PARK

This property is increasing in value more rapidly than any property in the city. We are offering five 50-foot lots, well located, at $350 for corners and $300 for inside lots. They should double in value within a reasonable time. Call now if you want one or more.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS $5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Baars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

FOR SALE OR RENT!

House No. 221 E. Fourth St.
Nine rooms—It will pay you to inquire of

Geo. R. Laybourn
14 Phoenix Block.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 307-5.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1614 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4351.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

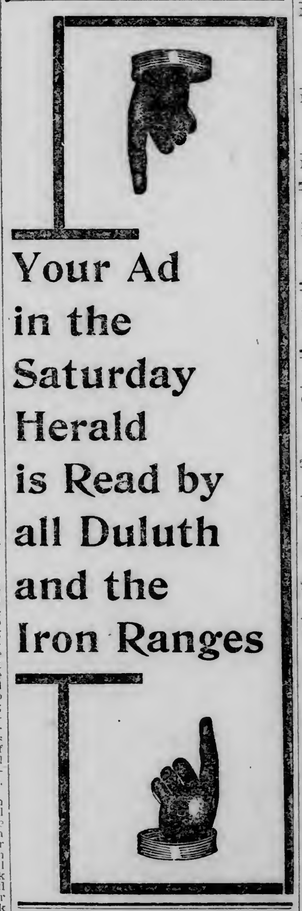
CABINET WORK, office, store fixtures; house repairing and jobbing. Wickstrom & Hartz, shop 17 Fifth Avenue west. New phone 1142.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

SURVEYOR.

Andrew Anderson, surveyor, 22 Vernon St.



Your Ad in the Saturday Herald is Read by all Duluth and the Iron Ranges

$27.50 to Winnipeg & Return

The Great Northern railway will sell every day up to and including Sept. 20 round-trip tickets to Winnipeg at $27.50, good until Sept. 30. These tickets offer an elegant tourist circuit, going directly via Grand Forks and returning via Canadian Pacific to Port Arthur, thence Booth line, White line or Northwest Transportation company through Lake Superior to Duluth. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1040 Fine six-room house; newly painted and papered throughout; $300 cash, balance $14 per month, without interest.
$1100 Very well built 7-room house on Third avenue west.
$1200 Seven-room house on corner lot, in West End; $200 cash, $12 and interest monthly.
$2250 Fine corner in Lakeside, lot 100x140 with seven-room house.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FIFTY-FOOT LOT, UPPER side Sixth street, between eighteenth and nineteenth avenue east. Peter W. Johnson, 1531 East South street.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $3600. T 49, Herald.

FOR SALE—A FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, furnished or unfurnished at Seventeenth street, Park Point. Inquire 212 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 50-foot lot on block facing Lincoln park. Inquire 2101 West Fourth street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
521-518 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 936; Bell 65-5.

LOANS——LOANS——LOANS
To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with on or before privilege, thus stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 10 years insures honorable dealings to all.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. We make a specialty of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortgage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New phone 883.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?
On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in Duluth. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 430 Manhattan building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECURITIES. Reasonable rates and easy terms. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. I will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and re-payment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio building. Zenith phone 761.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO., THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

For sale, one bay mare, on the fifth day of September, at pound. Second district of Duluth, at 10 a. m.
CHRIST OTTINGER,
Poundmaster.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES —Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Breinholm, 1609 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO LOAN—$2000 to $5000 ON GOOD IMproved city property, at low rates. F 39, Herald.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST — HEART-SHAPE, MOON STONE pin, set in diamonds, on Third street, between Second avenue West and Second avenue East. Finder leave at Herald office and receive reward.

LOST—BLACK SPANIEL PUP, EIGHT months old. Answers to name of Trilby, reward if returned to 1542 West Michigan street or old 'phone 975-3.

LOST—SALESMAN'S PRICE BOOK, between Garfield and Twenty-eighth avenues west. Finder please 'phone C. N. Erickson, 950 Zenith 'phone.

TIMBER CLAIMS.

CAN LOCATE YOU ON GOOD HOMEstead and timber claims. For further information call or write, Bagley Bros., 225 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. E. Johnson, 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

FOR SALE ON PARK POINT, BEAUtiful corner lot with small cottage, on lake side of Minnesota and facing bay. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL GROCERY STORE in one of the best localities in the city. Will be sold at a bargain if taken at once. Address G 22, Herald.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE — 320 acres of fine land for good house in Lakeside. F59, Herald.

FOR SALE—MINUTES OF A GOOD claim near Ely. Good iron prospects. Z 13, Herald.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES OF CHOICE land near the city. A snap for somebody. K 13, Herald.

FOR SALE—PAIR HEAVY HORSES. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—HOUSE ON FORTY-FIRST avenue west and Magellan street. Cheap if taken at once. Good place to keep cow and poultry. One block from car line. J. D. Seney, 4115 Magellan street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—GROCERY, CIGAR AND candy store. Salvatore Trano. 1127 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—HEAVY WORK horse. About 12 years old. 28 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BAKERY, confectionery and soda water stand in a live town of 5000 inhabitants. Business of $15,000 a year and increasing all the time. For particulars address, A. C., care Evening Herald.

FOR SALE—REMINGTON TYPEWRITer. 21 First avenue West.

FOR SALE — BUSINESS, CONSISTING of fruit, cigars, tobacco and groceries, reason for selling, party in poor health. Address 1715 Piedmont avenue.

FOR SALE—VIOLIN—CHEAP. ADdress, J. 39, Herald.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD FRESH milch cows and springers, just received. 718 Fifth avenue east.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

$1.00 FOR PIANO BOXES. THEY MAKE good coal bins. French & Bassett.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $35 up. Edmont, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 102.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2008 Helm street.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2920 West Third street. New phone 1448.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANT WASHING AND IRONING. MRS. Hermansen, 110 First avenue East.

FIRST-CLASS COOK WANTS POSItion. Call 215 East Superior street, Mrs. Siebold.

POSITION WANTED—AS CHAMBERmaid in city. Apply at once, 918 East Fifth street.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY—POSItion as clerk in cigar or confectionery store. Y. Z., Herald.

POSITION WANTED—AS STENOGrapher, by a competent young man, of temperate habits. Business experience more of an object than salary. U. 4, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY as cashier in restaurant or news stand. F. O., Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER wants office work evenings. Best of references, an A1 penman. P 77, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion as bookkeeper in lumber office, two years experience. Best of reference. Address 1303 West Superior St.

CAPABLE WOMAN WOULD LIKE furnished rooms to take care of. Address 1927 East Sixth street.

SITUATION, BY A YOUNG GIRL—CALL or address, 118 Park avenue West.

YOUNG MAN CONVERSANT WITH OFfice duties, wishes position; salary no object; references. H 81, Herald.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW, WASHING to take home. Mrs. McKinzie, 1126 West Third street.

POSITION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN place to work for board and attend school. H. 83, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS lady stenographer, with several years' experience. A1 references. Will leave town. Address, J. 57, Herald.

WANTED—PLACES TO GO OUT cleaning, by the day. Work guaranteed. 17½ Tenth avenue east.

WANTED—POSITION—AS BOOKKEEPer or general office work, by young man, age 25; four years' experience as general bookkeeper; city references; moderate salary. Address T. 41, Herald.

WANTED SITUATION—BY MIDDLEaged lady as housekeeper; no objection to leaving city. L. 86, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPEtent experienced, thoroughly reliable manager general store, as manager, assistant or bookkeeper. Correspondence solicited with parties contemplating opening branch store. Address W. G., G., Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 14 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED — MILLINERY APPRENtices. Apply at once to superintendent, Panton & White Co.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESwoman who thoroughly understands art needle work, embroidering, etc., to show samples, take orders and sell materials for the same. Must be competent to instruct, if necessary. Address, giving reference and salary desired, B. 400, care of Herald.

WANTED—SEAMSTRESS—APPLY AT once, 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK; permanent place; best wages. Apply, Mrs. Magie, 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRLS, AT LUTE'S LAUNdry.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DINING room girl at St. Louis hotel, $18 per month.

WANTED—GOOD SENSIBLE GIRL TO clerk in grocery store. Address H. P. Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 1109 East Third St.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. 4222 London Road.

WANTED—GOOD NURSE GIRL. MRS. S. R. Leslie, 1413 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRLS WITH EXPERIENCE to sew jackets. 925½ West Michigan St.

WANTED—LADIES TO CANVASS something new; good wages. Address, E. M. B., Herald office.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED—TWO DININGROOM GIRLS at once. Apply E. McNeil, Eveleth, Minn.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN to make her home with us. Call 928 Sixth avenue east, corner of Tenth street.

WANTED—GOOD KITCHEN GIRL. 112 East Third Street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 211 West Second street.

WANTED — SECOND GIRL. 222 FIFTH avenue east.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience. Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESMAN for clothing store, who can speak the Finnish language fluently; steady position and good wages to right party. H. M. Buck, Hibbing.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS WANTED—Big money paid by railroad companies. Will teach you telegraphy evenings for five dollars ($5) per month and assist you to a position of not less than $60 per month. Start at once and you will be capable of holding a position by April 1. Address or apply 513 First avenue East.

WANTED — ONE HUNDRED MEN Supers at Lyceum tonight; stage entrance, seven o'clock.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BOYS clothing salesman; permanent position. Apply, M. S. Burrows.

WANTED—GOOD ALL AROUND TIMEkeeper for mining camp; must understand detail work. Call 622-624 Lyceum building for further information.

WANTED—BOY, AT WHITE SWAN Drug store.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN TO CALL on family trade. Address U 4, Herald.

WE TEACH MEN BARBER TRADE quickly. Our catalogue explains how, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn. Macgregor and Anderson Props.

WANTED—AUSTRIANS AND ITALians for railroad work in Montana. Free transportation. Anderson & Barron, employment office, 515½ West Michigan street.

WANTED—ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; permanent and growing position. Give age, where employed, salary and references. Address, X. Y., care Herald.

WANTED—DELIVERY CLERK. 1831 East Superior street.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

CHINESE RESTAURANT.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT—Lodging and furnished apartments. 325 W. Sup. St.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St., New phone 318; old, 765-5.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO PURCHASE SECONDhand bus, in good repair, suitable to meet trains. Apply Box 186, Hibbing, Minn.

WANTED—6000, CORDS PULPWOOD stumpage, within hauling distance of railroad. State price and full particulars. H 61, Herald.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S. Humes.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room. 407 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—A DOWNSTAIRS. APPLY 317 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—A LARGE FRONT ROOM, suitable for two gentlemen. Very central and modern. 416 West Second St.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite. Board if desired. Gentlemen preferred, 228 Fourth avenue West.

LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM. Electric light and bath. 524 West Fifth street.

FOUR ROOMS TO RENT—ELECTRIC light and bath. 524 West Fifth street.

WANTED TWO OR THREE UNFURnished or furnished rooms for light housekeeping, family of three. Within walking distance of Union depot. Address G. H., Herald.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS UP STAIRS. Apply 17 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 20 West Seventh street.

FOR RENT—TWO AND THREE ROOMS —1021 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND alcove. 210 East Third street.

ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN SUITE—GAS, electric light, hot water heat, pleasant location, near High school; few minutes walk from Superior street; gentlemen preferred. H 82 Herald.

FOR RENT—A LARGE FURNISHED room. 130 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS AT 312 EAST Ninth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; private family; bath, electric light. Rate very reasonable to permanent tenant. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM; steam heat. 206 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 213 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room for gentleman. 1431 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite. Board if desired. Gentlemen preferred. 218 Fourth avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. APply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 1401 East Third street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 old Herald bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, HOT water heat. Inquire at 817 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FIVE room flat in West End. Modern conveniences, $15, including water. C. P. Craig & Co.

AGENTS WANTED.

SOLICITORS for the city to write Health and Accident insurance; salary and commission to hustlers. Address Union Mutual Insurance Co., 206 Palladio, Duluth.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, SECOND floor, No. 520 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—NO. 17 FIRST AVENUE west, between Superior and First streets. Mendenhall & Hoopes, or J. H. O'Leary & Co., 732 East Third.

WANTED--TO RENT.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, about Nov. 1, a five or six room furnished house or flat. Please state terms. Address W 16, Herald.

WANTED—A SMALL FURNISHED flat for the winter. Best of references. C. B. R., Herald.

WANTED—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. Henry Bodmann, 313 Central avenue.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR UNFURnished rooms, small flat, or house. Address with full particulars, H. 84, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT—SIX OR SEVENroom flat, centrally located; heat, lights, bath. Jack Franey, 210 West Superior street.

BOARD OFFERED.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY ROOMmate; can have board, if desired. References given and wanted. Address, W. 24, Herald.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board. Gentlemen preferred. Private family. Modern. 412 West Fourth St.

TWO NICE ROOMS AND BOARD IN private family for two ladies. 617 Second avenue East.

THE TECUMSEH. 320 WEST SECOND; board and rooms for man and wife or gentlemen.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMily. Modern conveniences. 207 East First street.

MINES AND MINING.

STAR PETROLEUM, 8c; ALASKA CENtral, $4.00; Cataract, 25c. All others cheap. Higbee, Germania Life building, St. Paul. Phone.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

DRUNKNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 206 East First street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

A. GRANQVIST, MASSAGE TREATment. Only cure for rheumatism. 108 West Superior street. Room 411, New Jersey building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1003-2; new, 1303.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, E. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 660; res. 1213.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. 'Phones, old, 544; new, 831.

HAIRDRESSING.

FACE MASSAGE, 50c., CHILDREN'S hair cut. Daill Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT, Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom, 415 W. Mich. St.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 21st, 1903. Work, second degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work —. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 1. Work, Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 165 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Important business Sept. 3. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. Class night Aug. 27. W. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. W. Fensternacher, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome. Sept. 9, special work and drill by degree team. Harry Miles, commander, city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 21 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Pfeder, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Sept. 1st. J. L. Cronwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September, 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2206.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker? Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.
HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder.

MACHINISTS.

ALL MEMBERS OF THE MACHINISTS' union are requested to meet in front of the ANA building, No. 221 West Superior street, Labor day, Sept. 7, at 8 o'clock in the morning. Labor day parade starts at 8:30 sharp.

24 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

SECTION 1 PAGES 1 to 12

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MINNEAPOLIS MEN TO RETURN TO WORK

Settlement of Building Strike Is In Sight.

The Questions at Issue Will Be Arbitrated.

Minneapolis, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—A settlement of the building trades strike is in sight. Probably all the men will go to work Monday pending the decision of the board of arbitration. While most of the bricklayers have been at work on other jobs, many of the laborers have been out of employment since the beginning of the strike, and the end of the trouble will be hailed with delight by men and employers.

At a meeting held yesterday afternoon, which lasted four hours, a proposition to arbitrate was made and will no doubt be accepted. This board will consist of seven members, three representing each side and one disinterested person. It is stipulated that the men will return to work pending the decision of the board, and that this decision, when made, is to be final. Committees from both sides have the matter in hand and will meet some time today to make the final arrangements. The decision of this committee will be made public tomorrow, but the sentiment seems to be that the strike is as good as settled. Neither the contractors nor the strikers will discuss the propositions submitted, but it is understood that they are not a great ways apart, and that there will be but little difficulty in effecting a complete and satisfactory settlement. Whether or not the unions are to be recognized or not is yet a question.

It is thought that the matter of wages will be easily settled, as the laborers and contractors are not a great ways apart on this subject. There will be a little more difficulty, however, in settling the recognition of the union matter.

WAR BETWEEN BULGARIA AND TURKEY VERY NEAR AT HAND

Turkish Troops Said to Have Already Moved.

Affairs Are Now Entering a Very Acute Phase.

Berlin, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to the Tageblatt from Constantinople, dated today, says:

"War with Bulgaria is in sight. The council of war has recommended sending an immediate ultimatum to Bulgaria, but the sultan has decided to wait. It is rumored that Turkish troops have already crossed the Bulgarian frontier, without a declaration of war.

"The members of the council of war were up all last night at the Yildiz kiosk, and designated Edhem Pasha as commander-in-chief.

"The Turkish press is printing inflammatory articles against Bulgaria."

London, Sept. 5.—So threatening is the Macedonian situation that the powers are being forced to take action sooner than it had heretofore believed would be necessary. Before adopting any definite scheme for the pacification of the Balkans, it was intended to wait until the czar's visit to Vienna, when the matter was to be discussed fully. Emperor Francis Joseph, it is now learned, has by a recent exchange of views, brought the powers to a stage where a decision is about to be reached regarding the character of the intervention which should be adopted. While the proposed plans are not divulged, it is authoritatively denied that the intervention contemplates the occupation of Macedonia by Austria and Russia. It is equally certain that the powers have no intention of acting so as in any way to encourage Bulgaria to declare war.

"You may reiterate," said a diplomat, who is participating in the negotiations, to a representative of the Associated Press, "that the powers continue to act in harmony. King Edward has given proof of the attitude of Great Britain by his declaration in Vienna that she will support the Austro-Russian policy. It is not true that Russia has entered into a secret alliance with Bulgaria. She is acting entirely above board and in perfect harmony with Austria, her desire being to maintain peace. Roumania is quiescent, but there is an element of doubt in Servia, in consequence of the predominance of the military in that country. Only after quiet is restored in Macedonia can reforms be instituted. Consequently the negotiations between the powers are directed toward the restoration of order."

All the diplomatic advices available here agree in the statement that order prevails at Constantinople. The few marines landed there from the guard ships were merely for the purpose of placing sentinels at the embassies, as an extra precaution, in consequence of the porte's warnings against insurgent riots. It is emphatically stated that the marines were not landed for the purpose of impressing the sultan, and it is asserted here that the porte can be relied upon to protect the embassies. But in case of riots at Constantinople, the guard ships will quietly land additional men to protect foreigners from harm.

D. E. Metaxa, the Greek minister to the court of St. James, explained today the understanding arrived at between Turkey and Greece with reference to Macedonia, and outlined the Greek view of the situation. He said:

"The attitude of Greece is entirely misunderstood. What my government desires is the re-establishment of Greece in Macedonia. The large Greek population in that province is subjected to atrocities by the Bulgarian revolutionists. The Bulgarians are worse than the Bashi-Bazouks. They pose as liberators, but they really aim to Bulgarize Macedonia. Greece seeks the welfare of the whole Christian population.

Berlin, Sept. 5.—The Turkish government, according to information received from the foreign office by the Associated Press, has notified the powers that the porte cannot guarantee the safety of the legations at Constantinople. This extraordinary statement was communicated without explanation or qualifying details, in response to an inquiry as to whether German marines were among those United States Minister Leishman reported as having been landed at Constantinople.

It is inferred here, however, that the conditions at the Turkish capital are not so bad as the sultan's notification would imply, but that the legations have been warned to look out for their own safety, the porte disclaiming in advance responsibility for any disorderly act.

The foreign office officials added that the German embassy at Constantinople had not reported whether German marines had been landed, nor whether marines of any other power had been landed. Complete official reserve is maintained on this point.

The Associated Press correspondent learned from sources outside the foreign office that the German government regards Turko-Balkan affairs as having entered on an acute phase.

The porte's inability to take energetic hold of the Macedonian insurrection is the worst feature of the situation.

The apparent weakness of the Turkish government is due largely to its long deference toward the powers and to the division in the councils within the palace, which is regarded here as justifying the view that Turkey is incapable if preserving order in her European provinces unless she is allowed an absolutely free hand to deal with the insurgents as she pleases. Pressure is being brought to bear on Russia and Austria on this point, as a continuation of the crisis, it is asserted, can only result in the drifting of the powers and porte alike toward fresh dangers.

Constantinople, Sept. 5.—Although in high official circles the tendency is decidedly against war, the unrest among the military element and in certain sections of the Mussulman civil population has markedly increased during the last few days. Considerable significance is attached to the sultan's gift of woolen coats to the troops and the appeal to the public for similar contributions. The local papers are further inflaming the Mussulmans by publishing highly colored accounts of the ill-treatment of Mussulmans by "Bulgarian brigand bands." The opinion of the foreign diplomats here is divided regarding the issue. Great importance is attached to the coming meeting between the czar and Emperor Francis Joseph, which is expected to be followed by decisive steps in the direction of guaranteeing the Macedonians radical reforms.

Minister Leishman has received a telegram from United States Consul Ravndal, at Beirut, saying that the authorities at that place apparently have not yet secured the man who fired at Vice Consul Magelssen, and adding that the arrest among others of a 15-year-old boy seems to indicate that they do not realize the gravity of the situation. Mr. Ravndal also refers to the general state of insecurity at Beirut, and suggests that the assailant of Vice-Consul Magelssen was the same individual who attacked Mr. Magelssen one night about a year ago with the object of robbing him. The man was imprisoned and recently was liberated.

Paris, Sept. 5.—Ambassador Constans' latest report from Constantinople says the embassies there are constantly in danger of being attacked by agitators or fanatics, but it does not mention the landing of marines. The officials here say that if marines were landed they would be from the small guardships maintained at Constantinople for police purposes, but which do not form part of the regular fleets; that the landing of marines, if it has taken place, would not be considered a naval debarkment in its serious sense or a preliminary war measure. By agreement with Turkey each of the powers maintains two guardships at Constantinople, France having two small gunboats. It is said here that if the United States government desires the gunboat Machias to go to Constantinople for guard duty, it will be wholly a question between Turkey and the United States, as certainly France, and probably the other powers, will interpose no objection to the Machias passing the Dardanelles.

London, Sept. 5.—Mail advices from Salonica say that the seizure of Neveska by the Bulgarians, Aug. 25, and its reoccupation by the Turks, Aug. 27, were bloodless exploits. The Turkish garrison, consisting of about 200 men, were surprised and did not resist. About eighty of the soldiers surrendered and the remainder escaped without their arms and fell into the hands of another Bulgarian band. The prisoners were not harmed, but were utilized to carry the captured arms and ammunition into the mountains. They were then liberated. When the Turks reoccupied Neveska and Klissura, Aug. 27 and 28 respectively, the fears of the inhabitants of a repetition of the Krushevo excesses were not fulfilled. The conduct of the soldiers at both places was correct. It is supposed that the official Turkish report, saying 200 soldiers out of a garrison of 240 men were killed at Neveska was due either to the unwillingness of the authorities to admit that such a large garrison was so easily captured, or to the belief that the insurgents would certainly kill their prisoners.



HOW MUCH LONGER SHALL THE WAY REMAIN BARRED?

UNITED STATES NOT ALARMED FOR SAFETY OF ITS LEGATION

Minister Leishman Has Not Asked For Marines Nor Has He Given Any Indication That Any Will Be Needed at Present.

Washington, Sept. 5.—It is evident the United States government does not share any apprehension that may be felt in some quarters that there is danger for the legations in Constantinople. The Berlin dispatch regarding the action of the Turkish government notification to the foreign representatives is taken here to be the announcement first made to the ministers by the porte, and which, as indicated in the dispatch of Minister Leishman, meant that the interior or personnel of the legations could not be protected from those who might gain entrance and commit some outrage. Minister Leishman has not asked for marines, nor has he given any indication that they will be needed. The matter of sending either the Brooklyn or San Francisco to a point nearer the Dardanelles has not been considered, and the fact that Minister Leishman has made no suggestion is taken to mean that he does not think such action necessaray at present. While Admiral Cotton has reported his arrival at Beirut, he has not sent any communication as to the condition existing there, and the further movement of the squadron depends entirely on the reports which Minister Leishman and Admiral Cotton make to their respective departments. It is known here that Russia and Austria are two of the countries that have landed marines to guard their legations at Constantinople. Other countries have stationed ships there, and it is possible that they also have sent additional guards to the legations.

A BURLINGTON TRAIN WRECKED

Chicago, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Oregon, Ill., says: The St. Paul and Minneapolis limited, which left Chicago last night at 6:30 on the Burlington road, was wrecked early today half a mile east of Chana, near this city. The fireman was thrown from his engine and killed. The passengers received a severe shaking up and were badly scared, but none of them were seriously injured. Most of those in the sleeping cars climbed out of the wreckage through the windows. The engineer jumped and escaped with slight hurts. Spreading rails were responsible for the accident.

MORE MEN GUARD THE PRESIDENT

Oyster Bay, Sept. 5.—It appears that the lesson of last Tuesday night, when the madman, Weilbrenner, tried to force his way into the presence of President Roosevelt, has been well learned. The force of secret service officers there has been strengthened and the probabilities are that other additions to the force may be made in a few days. Tomorrow night the president and party will start for Syracuse, where, on Labor day, the president will deliver an important address. Extraordinary precautions have been taken to insure his personal safety on the trip and at Syracuse. The president will hold no public reception while in that city. No formal callers were received by the president today.

BOY MILLINER WINS THE PRIZE

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Earl Hodge, a 19-year-old boy, has won the prize for the best dress hat at the milliner's convention, which has just ended here. He has been in Chicago a year as a hat designer. It was through the interest of a woman milliner, who recently "discovered" his work, that the boy milliner was persuaded to enter at the convention. Mr. Hodge sent to the convention a shirred toque of velvet in two tones of the new prune shades. The lines were long and Frenchy and at the left front of the hat two purple military pompons arose jauntily.

AGAIN PASSED UP TO PRESIDENT

Washington, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The arguments made by Representatives Steenerson, Buckman and others in relation to the controversy which has arisen as to whether the land office shall be permanently located at Cass Lake or removed to Bemidji have been put into book form and with a brief letter stating the facts in the case from his view point. Commissioner Richards said this morning, he would forward the entire matter to the president at Oyster Bay early next week. This will again pass it up to President Roosevelt. There can be no doubt, however, that personally, Commissioner Richards favors the retention of the land office at Cass Lake, but in view of the circumstances he will not so state.

EAGLES MEET AT BALTIMORE.

New York, Sept. 5.—The final session of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, which has been in convention in this city for several days, was held today. Baltimore was selected as the place for the next convention, about this time next year.

TO PROTECT WOMEN.

Berlin, Sept. 5.—The ministry of the interior has directed the police president to organize special police, in plain clothes, to protect women and girls from the attention of men on the streets. These daylight insults are probably practiced more in Berlin than in any other continental city, and the press for a month has been urging the authorities to adopt measures to enable women to do their shopping in midday without itnerruption.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Today's statement of the treasury balances: Acailable cash balance, $255,142,361; gold, $106,751,616; silver, $27,759,625; United States notes, $11,042,775; treasury notes of 1890, $169,885; national bank notes, $19,676,443; total receipts this day, $1,535,741; total receipts this month, $8,089,788; total receipts this year, $106,792,738; total expenditures this day, $1,370,000; total expenditures this month, $7,380,000; total expenditures this year, $105,192,753; deposits in national banks, $156,667,879.

AN AGGRESSIVE CAMPAIGN IS PROMISED BY GOV. BECKHAM

Wants People to Judge Between Democrats and Republicans on Their Records In the State.

Winchester, Ky., Sept. 5.—A crowd estimated from 7000 to 10,000 was present at the opening of the Democratic state campaign here today. Speeches were made by Governor Beckham, Senators McCreary and Blackburn and Congressman Ole James. Several brass bands discoursed music and special trains from Cincinnati, Louisville, Lexington and other places brought large delegations. During the forenoon Governor Beckham held a reception and was visited by many political leaders from various parts of the state. Thousands of gallons of Burgeo were dispensed. Attorney Robert Franklin, of Frankfort, fresh from the trial of the Goebel murder cases, attracted much attention.

Governor Beckham addressed the convention, saying in part:

"I intend that the contest shall be an aggressive, not a defensive one, that the people shall be thoroughly acquainted with the issues involved, and that in the full light of public view the Democratic party, willingly, and the Republican party unwillingly, must stand upon their respective records and let the people judge between them. This is the policy which we seek, which we demand, and we intend to drag out reluctant adversaries from the dark recesses of a gumshoe campaign and make them fight us, if they will, in the open light of day. While they seem to have determined upon a quiet and secret campaign, relying upon the power of a big corruption fund and hoping, that the Democrats may be lulled into a sense of over-confidence, we are determined to compel them to stand up and assume entire responsibility for the civil record they have made in this state.

"We have nothing to conceal; we invite a full and fair investigation of our record, and we gladly go before the people upon that record, believing implicitly in the sincerity of our purpose and in the righteousness of our cause.

"That the Democratic officials have done everything in their power to put an end to the troubles in Breathitt county no one disputes. They were purely local and not half so serious as the feudal outbreak in Clay county during the last administration. If the Republicans had shown the same desire to punish the assassins of William Goebel that the Democrats did to punish Marcum's assassins, both crimes would now be avenged.

"I am glad to give hope to you of a brilliant victory at the polls in November. I ask for the Democratic people of Kentucky that they be not satisfied with a small majority, but that they shall roll up such a remendous vote—one that will remove for a long time to come, all danger of Republican supremacy, take Kentucky absolutely out of the doubtful column, and send good cheer to the hearts of the national Democracy. Let the victory be complete and permanent, and let us send out the promise with reason and confidence to the Democrats throughout the country that next year when our presidential ticket is nominated Kentucky is certainly for it by a good old-ifashioned mapority. It can be done, and it will be done, if our people will only realize the brilliant opportunity before them and will do their full duty in this election. The Democratic party in Kentucky is more united and harmonious now than it has been in ten years. Most of those who left us in 1896 and 1899 have returned to the fold and we should greet them with heartiness and cordiality. Let the past be forgotten and let us stand together henceforth, shoulder to shoulder as Democrats with our hearts full of devotion for the weifare of our state and nation."

INDIAN MURDERED.

John Seppo Killed at Tama Through Jealousy.

Marshalltown, Iowa, Sept. 5.—John Seppo of the Indian police of the Iowa Sac and Fox reservation at Tama, was murdered and Frank Earl of Winnebago visiting there, was arrested today charged with the crime. Jealousy on account of Cem-o-Fa-Ha, an 18-year-old squaw, is the supposed cause. The body was recovered shortly before noon in the Iowa river, where it had been thrown. There was a bullet through the head and the throat was cut. Seppo was missed yesterday and the girl says she saw Earl throw the body into the river. The girl also is in custody but disclaims any complicity.

EVIDENTLY MURDERED.

Body of Seddens Found In the Bay.

New York, Sept. 5.—A body believed to be that of M. A. Seddens was found today in the bay with what appeared to be bullet wounds in the head and chest. Seddens and a friend, Charles A. Hinrechs of Brooklyn, went out in a launch a week ago and the boat subsequently was found drifting off Tompkinsville. Nothing more was heard of Seddens and Hinrechs and it was supposed they had been drowned. A card found in the pockets of the clothing bore the name "M. A. Seddens."

LIVES ON WATER.

Brooklyn Man Is Fasting For Forty Days.

New York, Sept. 5.—For purely scientific purposes Stepney G. Playsted, of Brooklyn, is attempting to fast for forty days. He declares he has already accomplished two weeks of that time, and after an examination by physicians, has been pronounced to be in excellent condition. His fast is to demonstrate that a man living on one and a half pints of water or less a day can retain all his physical strength and mental forces and be able to go about his work in the usual way.

SOLDIERS SUFFER FROM HEAT.

Berlin, Sept. 5.—The 20,000 troops who paraded on the battlefield of Leipsic today, where the Prussians and Russians in 1813 defeated Napoleon I, suffered greatly from a heat wave. Some hundreds of the soldiers dropped in the heat. The hot weather extended to most parts of Germany.

NEW YORK LUNATIC THREATENS THE LIFE OF SECRETARY HAY

Writes the Secretary That If He Does Not Collect His Claim Against Germany He Will Attend to Him at Once.

New York, Sept. 5.—Francis M. Beuque, 46 years old, a photographer, was committed to Bellevue hospital today to be examined as to his sanity. Beuque had been arrested for writing a letter to Secretary of State John Hay, in which he threatened the secretary, if a claim of $41,000 was not paid. Detective Muller of the Washington police force, who made the arrest, explained that Beuque had been in the photographic business in Hamburg, but was compelled to leave the country, selling out his business, Beuque claims, at a great sacrifice. This was the origin of his grievance, and his demand was that Secretary Hay secure his reimbursement from the German government. Mueller said that Beuque had written letters on the subject to the various presidents and secretaries of state since the administration of Harrison, none, however, threatening in tone until this letter to Secretary Hay, in which he declared that if Mr. Hay did not attend to his claim, he (Beuque) would attend to Hay.

Beuque, who is in respectable dress and manner, expressed satisfaction when arrested, declaring that publicity would aid him in getting the money. When asked why he wrote the letter, Beuque replied: "I want my money. It is what the German government owes me."

Magistrate Corhell declared that he did not believe the man was in his right mind, and committed him to Bellevue for examination.

The Washington police say the amount demanded by Beuque from the authorities of Hamburg, Germany, was 10,000 marks. This sum, he says, was invested in 1889 in a photograph gallery in that city, and he claims to have lost it when he was expelled because he refused to perform military duty on the ground that he was an American. He was given three days to leave Germany, but through Secretary of State Blaine had the time extended to three months. The alleged threat in his recent letter to Secretary Hay was in the statement that he had written eight letters to the government, and the present one would be the last. He said he would take up matters then himself, and whatever he did would be in "self-defense."

The letter, like its predecessors, was long and rambling.

A BRITISH SUBJECT IS EXCLUDED

New York, Sept. 5.—Sam Honang, a British subject, who is said to be one of the wealthiest residents of the island of Demara, is held aboard the steamship Grenada, of the Trinidad line, and denied a landing in this country by the immigration inspectors, on the ground that it would be a violation of the Chinese exclusion act. Honang, who owns one of the largest cocoa plantations on the island, decided a few weeks ago that he would take a trip through the United States and Europe. Letters of introduction to prominent and wealthy persons all over the world were forwarded by his correspondent, and he set out on his voyage. Honang never has been in China. He was born in Demerara, of Chinese parents. They were both British subjects, so that the Chinese exclusion did not figure in his plans. When the ship reached her dock at Long Island City the immigration inspectors held up the traveler, who finally called upon friends in New York for aid. The inspectors would not release him, however, and the papers, together with Honang's passport, were forwarded to the authorities at Washington.

BIG DEAL BY PITTSBURG COAL CO.

Pittsburg, Sept. 5.—The Pittsburg Gazette says contracts have been signed under the terms of which George I. Whitney, of Whitney, Stephenson & Co., of this city, undertakes to deliver for cash a controlling interest in the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke company to the Pittsburg Coal company. Henry W. Oliver represented the Pittsburg Coal company in the negotiations. The transfer of control will be through the purchase for cash of a majority of the capital stock, delivered in either common or preferred shares, or both. It is understood that the Pittsburg Coal company will purchase the stock of minority holders on the same terms as those receievd by the majority interest, and that these terms will be announced after the formal ratification of the deal by the directors on Monday. The Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke company is capitalized at $40,000,000, and its output last year approximated 8,000,000 tons of coal. The combination of interests will represent a total of $132,000,000, and tonnage close to 25,000,000. Reports of the consolidation of the two companies have been rife for several days, and no later than Wednesday night President J. B. Finley of the Monongahela company pronounced the story absolutely untrue.

CASH OR CREDIT

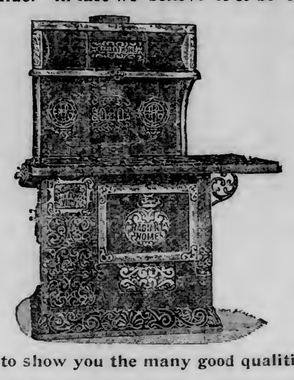
RADIANT HOME STEEL RANGE.

A Small Payment Down and Long Time on Balance.

Patented Air Blast Linings for Hard or Soft Coal or Wood.

Body made of Heaviest Wood's, Hammered Polished Steel Double Walls, lined with Heavy Asbestos, Hand Riveted every two inches, Large Sheet Flues, cast back flue. In fact we believe it to be the best **RANGE MADE.**

4 sizes in square styles from $38.00 —TO— $47.00



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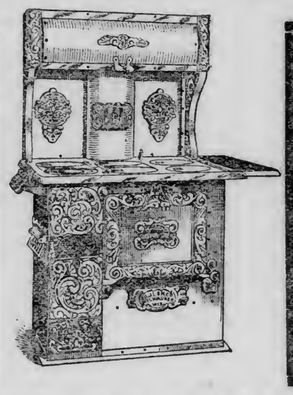
We would be pleased to show you the many good qualities of these Ranges.

IOWA JUNIOR STEEL RANGES

FUEL—Either coal or wood can be burned. The end linings being in place and the Duplex Grate turned down, the firebox is ready for burning coal. The end linings being removed and the Duplex Grate turned up, the fire box is ready for burning wood. The body is made up of heavy polished steel, improved sheet flues, lined with asbestos sheeting.

Five Different Sizes in Squares with High Closets and Reservoirs.

CASH or CREDIT.



Prices from $21 to $36.

KELLEY HARDWARE CO.

COMPANY ERRED

Interesting Point Raised In Suit Against Western Union.

Barnum Grain Company Victim of Missent Buying Order.

An interesting point as to the extent of the liability of a telegraph company has been raised in district court by an action brought by the Barnum Grain company of this city against the Western Union Telegraph company, the papers for which were filed this morning in district court.

The action is brought to recover a comparatively small amount, less than $300, but it is the outcome of the principle involved that will be of interest to the legal profession and others.

The grain company alleges that Oct. 27 last the telegraph company delivered to it the following telegram:

"Buy 5000 December flax.

"THOS. OSE."

It is alleged that the meaning of this message was an order for the plaintiff, as a commission firm, to buy for Thomas Ose, of Erismade, N. D., at the then market price, 5000 bushels of flax, to be delivered in December.

Plaintiff claims that on receipt of this message it immediately proceeded to execute the commission and bought 5000 bushels of December flax at $1.23½ per bushel, the best price it was then procurable for.

Plaintiff claims that immediately after the purchase the price of December flax began to decline and the plaintiff, being unable to get responses by letter or telegraph, from Thomas Ose, sold the flax at $1.18 per bushel, or at a loss of 5½ cents per bushel.

It is further alleged by the plaintiff that the message received and delivered to the commission company was not sent by Thomas Ose nor was it intended for the plaintiff, but that its delivery resulted through the gross negligence of the telegraph company's agents. It is claimed that Ose repudiates the message and refuses to be bound by it.

The plaintiff claims that it has lost $275 on the flax deal, $6.25 which would have been its commission on the deal, and $1.95 spent in telegraphing Mr. Ose, and judgment is asked for the entire amount with interest from Oct. 27, 1902.

Daniel G. Cash appears for the plaintiff company.

"Drop Patterns" In Furniture and Carpets

In every store which does a large volume of business, there are from time to time lines and styles which, for some good reason, will be discontinued—not that they are undesirable or deficient in any sense, but merely to make room for other goods. These are usually called "drops" or "close-outs," and here below we illustrate a few things which are going to be sacrificed in order to make room for the new fall stock.



$8.00 Solid Oak Chiffonier, only— $4.50

$1.50 Oak Chair for $1.00

$1.25 Roman Seat, only 65c

$7.50 Couch—Solid Oak—only $4.50

$2.75 Oak Box Seat Chairs at, each— $1.75

First Class Sectional Book Case $15

CASH OR CREDIT AT

BAYHA & CO.,

Lowest Price Housefurnishers in Duluth. News Tribune Building, 24 and 26 East Superior Street, Duluth.

THOSE WHO HAVE DIED

St. Louis, Sept. 5.—Edward M. Collins, general superintendent of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad is dead, at his home here, as the result of a seemingly slight accident suffered several weeks ago. In descending from a car he ran a nail into his foot, fever resulting from the injury. Mr. Collins was a native of Albia, Iowa, and was well known in railroad circles.

New York, Sept. 5.—Col. Jose Urioste y Perez, who took a prominent part in the ten-years' war in Cuba, is dead of cancer, in a New York hospital, after an illness of five weeks.

East Hampton, L. I., Sept. 5.—Lorenzo Guernsey Woodhouse is dead at his summer home here of apoplexy, aged 63 years. He was formerly New York buyer for Marshall Field & Co., of Chicago, in which firm he held an interest.

AN ALLIANCE SAID TO EXIST

Paris, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to the Temps from Sofia, Bulgaria, confirms the report that the official journal, Dnevnik, which enjoys the confidence of the palace and is the organ of Minister Popoff has published the sensational information that a treaty of alliance exists between Russia and Bulgaria. The Dnevnik claims to possess a copy of the treaty. The terms of which guarantee that in case of war between Bulgaria and Turkey, the former shall have the co-operation of Russia. The Temps emphasized the importance of the statement, and declares that officials in Bulgaria timed the announcement so as to give Turkey a final warning of the danger of further menacing Bulgaria.

THE LETTER CARRIERS.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 5.—The election of officers of the national association of letter carriers is progressing today. The candidates for president are J. J. Hall of Boston and J. C. Keller of Cleveland, the present incumbent. The selection of the city for the next national convention will be decided on the same ballot.

SHOOTING AT SEAGIRT.

Events Follow Each Other In Rapid Succession.

Seagirt, N. J., Sept. 5.—For the first time since the opening of the big shooting tournament here the sun was shining brightly when the hundreds of riflemen arose this morning. The first competition to occupy attention was the skirmish team match, open to teams of six men from the regimental battalion, and separate company organizations of the national guard and naval reserve, and to the several branches of the United States service. Organizations were permitted to enter more than one team but no competitor was allowed to shoot on more than one team.

The other big event of the day was the revolver team match open to teams of five men each from the national guard and regular service organizations. Those not engaged in the competitions mentioned devoted the day to firing scores in the re-entry individual competition and to team practice in preparation for the national trophy match, to be shot next Tuesday and Wednesday.

The first test of the hyposcope made in the United States took place on the range here today and was closely watched by the military riflemen. The hyposcope is an outcome of the Boer war and is regarded as likely to become no insignificant part of the mechanism of war.

GOV. PEABODY THREATENED

With Assassination If He Called Out Troops.

Denver, Sept. 5.—The Republican today says: "Governor Peabody was threatened with assassination. On arriving at his office he received an anonymous letter threatening to kill him if he dared to call out the troops of the state in order to restore law and order in the Cripple Creek district. The letter was abusive in the extreme, alleging that troops were not needed."

The special train bearing the first contingent of the national guard ordered to Cripple Creek yesterday by Governor Peabody in connection with the miners strike there arrived at Gillett this morning. So far the journey of the troops has been without any incident.

TRAVIS WINS FIRST ROUND

Leads Byers Four Holes After Morning Contest.

Glencove, L. I., Sept. 5.—A very large large crowd was present today to see the start of the final 36-hole match between former Champion W. J. Travis and Eben M. Byers for the national amateur golf championship.

The winner will hold the title for the coming year and gain the championship cup presented several years ago by the late Theodore Havemeyer, and in addition will receive a gold medal from the United States Golf Association. The runner-up will receive a silver medal and the other men who survived to the semi-final round, Forehart and Smith, will receive bronzemedals.

The greens had been well rolled and the course was in good shape for high-class golf. Eighteen holes were to be played in the morning and eighteen in the afternoon.

Beyers led Travis by one hole on the ninth green. Travis won the tenth, tying the match. The first two holes were halved, Travis won the next by a long put and Beyers took the fourth hole. The fifth was halved in five and Beyers won the next two, getting the short seventh hole in two strokes. The eighth was halved and Travis won the ninth.

W. J. Travis led E. M. Beyers by four holes at the completion of the morning championship round. After honors were all even on the tenth green, Travis won the three holes. Beyers then won two, but Travis took the last three, giving him the substantial lead of four holes for the first part of the match. Travis score for the eighteen holes was 73 strokes to 79 for Beyers.

When Travis and Byers started in the morning for the first half of their championship round there was a fair crowd around the first tee. The morning was close and foggy. Byers had the honor and drove a good ball, but Travis carried further. Buyers missed a six-foot putt for a three, and the hole was halved in four. The next was halved, and Travis won the third hole in three. Byers squared accounts on the next green, as Travis drove in the sand pit. The next was halved and Byers then won two in succession. He got the short seventh hole—161 yards—in two straights. From the tee he laid his ball within six inches of the hole. This gave the Pittsburg golfer a lead of two over the champion, but his superiority did not last long.

By winning the ninth Travis finished the first nine holes of the morning round one down. The champion then gave a grand exhibition of his cool, steady play, and won four holes in succession, leading Byers by three holes on the thirteenth green. On the next green Byers holed out a 50-yard mashie approach from high grass, winning in three to four for Travis. Better long work gave Byers the next hole in five to six, and the Pittsburg golfer was now only one down with three to play. The hopes of his friends began to revive, but they were doomed to bitter disappointment. Miserable putting by Byers lost him the sixteenth and seventeenth holes. In each case he lost the chance to halve the hole by 5-foot puts. He drove into the bunker on the home hole and Travis won that also, finishing with the substantial lead of four holes for the first eighteen holes of the first round. Cards:

Travis out	453	555	344-38
In	454	446	434-35-73
Byers out	454	454	245-37
In	545	535	546-42-79

Travis' 73 made a new amateur record for the course in competition. He did 72 a week ago in practice. His chief superiority over Byers was in his almost invincible approaching and putting.

Wholesale Paper, Stationery and Notions. Leading Commercial Stationers.

WE ARE

Leading Commercial Stationers

Wrapping Paper and Printers' Stock.

DULUTH PAPER AND STATIONERY CO

"SUPERB" Pencils are Best.

EXPECT A RUSH

Big Demand For Land In New Townships Is Looked For.

Two to Be Opened Next Week, on Wednesday and Thursday.

Officials of the local land office are preparing for a big rush on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, when two new townships will be thrown open for settlement.

The two townships are situated in Lake county and are known as 58-7 and 58-8. The former will be opened on Tuesday morning and the latter on the following day.

"From the indications we will have an unprecedented rush," said Register Cufkin today, in speaking of the event. "The only way we have of judging is from the number of inquiries we have received, and from the reports given us by local land office attorneys."

On the occasion of the opening of the last new township, which occurred last February, the applicants waited about the federal building during the greater part of the night, in a temperature of several degrees below zero.

It is a case of first come, first served, with the applicants, with the exception of those who claim settlement on the land, who have a prior right.

The number of settlers on the land is believed to be large, although there is no method of estimating the number.

The land varies greatly in value. There is some that is valuable for agriculture, and not a little good timber. This will be the land chiefly sought after by the applicants Tuesday morning. There is also much of the land that is valuable from a speculative standpoint, as there have been some discoveries of iron made in various parts of the townships, and there will be many anxious to secure the land to hold, in the hope that some day iron may be discovered there.

The total amount of land in the two townships is about 50,000 acres.

MONEY FOR EXTENSION

Furnace Company Pays $15,000 to City Under Gas Contract.

The Zenith Furnace company has paid $15,000 to the city to be used in purchasing material connecting the city gas system with the proposed Zenith Furnace company gas plant at West Duluth.

The municipal system terminates at Twenty-eighth avenue west now and the plant of the furnace company is at Fifty-sixth avenue west. It is estimated that the connections will cost $20,000 and the expense will be borne by the furnace company until such time as the earningsc of gas business shall be sucient to repay for the outlay.

This is a part of the contract by which the Zenith Furnace company will manufacture the entire supply of gas for the city to be furnished through the municipal system to consumers at prices less than it can be furnished by the present system of municipal water gas generation.

The furnace company will manufacture the gas in a plant of bi-product coke oven now under course of construction.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you. 50 cents.

INADEQUATE SERVICE.

Not Cars Enough to Care For Theater Crowd.

Complaints against the failure of the street railway company to provide an adequate number of cars were vigorous last evening after the performance at the Lyceum. There was a packed house at the theater and when the crowd surged out there were just two East End cars, one Lakeside and one Woodland car for the traffic going east. That one Woodland car had to accommodate all of the up-hill traffic and, of course, it was packed so tightly that not an available inch of space was left and even then many had to wait over and take a later car. An East Fourth street car would have relieved the pressure greatly, but none was provided.

SHEVLIN WANTS HIS FREEDOM

Millionaire Asks Court to Take Him From Asylum.

Racine, Wis., Sept. 5.—Charles Edgar Shevlin, millionaire lumberman of Minneapolis and bother of Tom Shevlin, chairman of the Republican state central committee, came here this morning in custody of a deputy sheriff and applied to Judge Belden of the circuit court for a writ of habeas corpus requiring those who hold him to appear before the court and show cause why he should not be set free. He has been detained at a sanitarium near Lake Geneva and is trying to free himself from an insanity charge.

VESSEL FOUNDERS.

Four-Masted Schooner Goes Down Near Block Island.

Block Island, R. I., Sept. 5.—A large four-masted schooner foundered early today about five miles southeast of the southeast lighthouse on this island. At daylight no trace had been found of her crew, although it was thought possible that the men had been rescued by some passing vessel. It is believed the vessel was in collision during a dense fog.

Scrofula

Few are entirely free from it.

It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cntaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humors.

NEW HOTEL AT HIBBING,
Newly Built and Furnished Throughout
PALACE HOTEL,
Transient Trade Solicited. FRANK LAVELL, Proprietor.

Why throw away your money?

You are doing so when you pay rent and insurance premiums, too—
We will show you how to

Make Your Insurance Premium Buy You a Home

AND CARRY YOUR INSURANCE AT THE SAME TIME.

OUR PLAN IS SIMPLE Full Particulars Can Be Obtained by Calling at one of our Offices.

C. A. JONES & CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

JNO. P. SIMON, District Manager, Fourth Floor Truax Block, Superior, Wis.

C. H. GRAVES & CO., 102-3 Torrey Bldg., Agents for Duluth, Minn.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.

SHAW ASSISTS ST. LOUIS BANKS

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Secretary Shaw was in Chicago today on his way to Deadwood, S. D., to attend the meeting of the American mining congress. It was understood that he had taken action to relieve the St. Louis banks from the strain incident to expenditures on account of the Louisiana purchase exposition. Asked as to what action he had taken, Secretary Shaw said:

"The banks at St. Louis have advanced directly probably $3,000,000 of the $10,000,000 expended upon the exposition grounds and buildings and indirectly nearly the entire amount. In addition to this they have advanced $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 to concessionaries. They are now facing the annual demand for money to move the crops in the Southwest and are shipping out from $200,000 to $800,000 per day.

"The government in a certain sense has accepted a co-partnership interest in the exosition. At least it has appropriated $5,000,000 to aid the exposition. This is available only to meet the current expenditures. To relieve the present situation, I have arranged to deposit $2,500,000 in the banks at St. Louis. This would be to no advantage to the banks if they were compelled to purchase government bonds as security therefor. They have tried to borrow the bonds, but they are not available. In order to assist the banks, such securities as the banks can furnish must be accepted.

"The banks can furnish such securities as the legislature of New York has approved for savings banks; and I have agreed to accept the same as security for the $2,500,000 at 50 per cent of par value. In other words, the banks will deposit $5,000,000 of state and municipal bonds such as New York approves as security for money belonging to widows and orphans. And upon this $5,000,000 the government will deposit $2,500,000.

"This, however, is intended as a temporary loan and will be gradually recalled as the five millions appropriated is expended. The banks designated to receive $500,000 each are State National, Third National, Fourth National, National Bank of Commerce and Merchants La Clede National."

INTO WASHOUT.

Train on New Haven Road Badly Wrecked.

Burlington, Conn., Sept. 5.—A northbound passenger train on the New Hartford branch of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad ran into a washout this afternoon and was completely wrecked. A number of passengers are reported badly injured and medical aid from all surrounding towns has been summoned.

SANTIAMO DESTROYED.

Rome, Sept. 5.—The village of Santiamo near Naples, has been destroyed by fire. One woman was burned to death and twelve persons were injured. All the inhabitants are homeless.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

R. John Erickson and Catherine Thurastrom.
John Suonvieri and Aina Perkin.
Emmett J. McKay, of Hennepin county, and Jessie Doty.
Robert Penrose and Marie Lemieux, both of Superior, Wis.
John Erickson and Josephine Wallen.
William C. Barrett and Lydia Hebert, of Fort William, Canada.

BIRTHS.

BALL—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Leo A. Ball, of No. 1 Munger Terrace.

DEATHS.

BREEN—Michael Breen, age 73 years, died at 3 o'clock this morning at his home, 432 Fourth avenue West. He was a well-known resident of this city for many years. The funeral notice will be announced later. Interment will be in Montreal.

GREEN—The funeral service of the late John Green will be held in Stewart's undertaking rooms on West First street, tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

CREAMY ESSENCE OF sweet flowers, healing balsams and milk of plants, describes dainty Satin-Skin Cream.

FOR SALE CHEAP — ENTIRE FURnishings of a modern boarding house; party leaving the city. Address S. S., Herald.

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY ROOMmate; can have board, if desired. References given and wanted. Address, W. 24, Herald.

SOUDAN SPECIALTY MANUFACTURing Co.'s latest make of vat cleaner. New, never been used. Can be seen at 125-127 West First street.

LOST—WATCH PIN FRIDAY AFTERnoon between Freimuth's and Panton & White's. Finder leave at 513 First avenue west.

"Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"



DON'T BREAK YOUR BACK scrubbing your floors—there's a better way.

GOLD DUST

will do the work better, more economically and in half the time. Far superior to soap or any other cleanser.

GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST: Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning wood-work, oilcloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brasswork, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

GOLD DUST MAKES HARD WATER SOFT

GREATEST DAY

In History of Duluth Organized Labor Will Be Monday.

Over Four Thousand Expected to Take Part In Parade.

Monday will be Duluth's greatest Labor day.

Between 4000 and 5000 will participate in the parade.

Double that number are expected to attend the picnic at Union Grove.

President Perrault of the Federated Trades' assembly has issued the following proclamation for a general observation of the day by workingmen:

To every member of organized labor to whom these presents may come, greeting: Labor day and all that it signifies to the sons of toil calls for especial recognition at this time in the city of Duluth. All true unionists should be in line on this occasion to testify their loyalty to the cause, and to encourage the efforts of those that are devoting their time and ability to pushing the principles for which trade unionism stands. "With malice toward none and charity to all," we welcome every workingman and woman to join us in our tribute to honest labor by participating in the parade along with the representatives of our wholesale and commercial institutions whose employes are unorganized. This is to be labor's day in the broadest meaning of the term. We would call especial attention to these organizations that contemplate letting the parade go by default that their presence is not only desirable, but absolutely necessary to the success of the occasion. This is our opportunity to demonstrate our strength, and if any of the organizations are so derelict in their allegiance to the cause as to absent themselves from the parade it will injure the cause by creating the impression that organized labor is only a myth.

It is necessary at this time that labor join its forces and prepare for its share of prosperity that is bound to follow the harvesting of the tremendous crops with which our country has been blessed. The attitude of the National Manufacturers' association, headed by D. M. Parry, and of other organizations of a like character, are the best evidence that labor will receive no share of the present prosperity unless it is in a position to fight for it, and the more secure its position the less necessity there will be to strike.

We would request each organization to call a special meeting and elect its marshal, provided it has no regular meeting before Labor day. Have your marshal report to the marshal of your division for instructions. Every organized man and woman should be in line when the command is given to march. If any of them go on other picnics or excursions on that day, we shall question their loyalty to the cause. Remember that our Trades' assembly is to be directly benefited on this occasion, and we know not how soon our treasury will be drawn on to add some unfortunate union.

Fraternally yours,
LABOR DAY COMMITTEE.
Henry Pereault, Chief Marshal.

* * *

The parade, which starts promptly at 8:30 a. m., will move east on First street to Third avenue east, south to Superior street; west on Superior street to Eighth avenue west, then countermarch to Third avenue east on Superior street.

It will be seen that this arrangement will give every man in the parade an opportunity to view the procession.

The following is the order of divisions:

Chief marshal, Henry Pereault.
Assistant chief marshal, C. M. Brandt.
Platoon of Police.

FIRST DIVISION.
Third Regiment band.
First Deputy Marshal, Emil Nelson.
Delegates to the Federated Trades Assembly.
Delegates to the Building Trades' Council.
Freight Handlers.
Machinists.
Electrical Workers.
West Duluth Barbers.
Cooks and Waiters.
Retail Clerks.
Steam Engineers.
Team Drivers.
Typographical Union.

SECOND DIVISION.
Launer's Band.
Second Deputy Marshal, Tim Timlin.



C. B. KING,
First President of Duluth's First Union—Typographical Union, No. 136, Organized in March, 1886.

The first officers were: President, C. B. King; vice president, J. H. Logie; recording and corresponding secretary, R. Metcalfe; financial secretary, J. P. Barkdoll; treasurer, Gus A. Seipel; sergeant-at-arms, R. P. Coburn. Its future destiny is at present under the able direction of: President, John A. Barron; vice president, Robert Rutherford; secretary-treasurer, C. E. Brown; recording secretary, A. Murphy, sergeant-at-arms, Gus D. Anderson.

Licensed Tugmen.
Theatrical State Employes.
Barbers.
Painters.
Plumbers.
Lake Seamen.
Bakers and Confectioners.
Stone Cutters.
Cigarmakers.
Sheet Metal Workers.
Butchers.
Stationary Firemen.
Steamfitters.
Brewery Workers.
Plasterers.
Builders Laborers.

THIRD DIVISION.
Paul's Band.
Third Deputy Marshal, Henry Dworschak.
Leather Workers.
Lathers.
Iron Molders.
Bartenders.
Printing Pressmen.
Lumber Pilers.
Bride and Structural Iron Workers.
Tailors.
Longshoremen.
Boilermakers.
Unaffiliated Unions.

Order was decided by ballot:
Horseshoers' Union.
Carpenters' Union.
Grain Trimmers' Union.
Tug Firemen's Union.
Bricklayers' Union.
Bookbinders' Union.
Duluth Fire Department
Floats.
Carriages.

* * *

The Labor day committee has added a number of events to the program already announced for Monday, four of which are as follows:

No. 28—Catching greasy pig: Prize, one ham, donated by Tronsdal & Lofald; forty-nine pounds of flour, donated by the Minnesota Cigar Box company, and 100 cigars ,donated by Al-Wagner.

No. 29—Singing contest: First prize, six months' subscription to the News Tribune; second prize, six months' subscription to The Evening Herald, donated by the publishers; third prize, meal ticket, donated by the Delicatessen; fourth prize, bottle of Ben Franklin rye, donted by W. McCullough.

No. 30—Tug-of-war: (For union men only.) Prize, case of whisky, donated by P. Miller, and six bottles of wine donated by R. Marcuse.

No. 31—Race for wives of delegates: First prize, leg of lamb by Olson & Johnson; second prize, ham by Nelson, Morris & Co.; third prize, five pounds of baking powder by Henry Folz; fourth prize, can of coffee by H. E. Bartholdi; fifth prize, can of coffee, donated by Hanson & Wick.

* * *

The stationary engineers held a pleasant meeting in the Hunter block on Thursday evening. Recently elected officers were installed.

* * *

S. S. McDonald, of the Machinists' union, is out again after a several weeks' lay up with rheumatism.

* * *

The members of the Electrical union have donated their services in placing lights about Union grove for Labor day use.

* * *

There will be a special meeting of the Longshoremen's union at West Duluth tomorrow afternoon to make preparations for the Labor day celebration.

* * *

The Carpenters' union, which recently severed relations with the Federated Trades' assembly, will have a picnic of its own Monday on Minnesota Point.

* * *

At the last meeting of the Building Laborers' union it was decided to meet at 221 West Superior street at 7 o'clock on the morning of Labor day, and all members are requested to be punctual and wear the uniform adopted for the occasion.

LaBelle Creole

10c. ALWAYS EVERYWHERE



THEY ARE MILD

Save the Bands

LABOR NOTES.

Cincinnati tailors may strike.

Railroad men last year were paid $570,028,502, as compared with $445,508,251 in 1895.

It is proposed to extend the New Zealand arbitration act to the other Australian colonies.

Union Pacific firemen and engineers have secured an increase of from 3 to 5 per cent in their wages.

An experiment is being made at Sioux Falls, S. D., in employing Sioux Indians as day laborers.

Damage suits aggregating $86,000 have been filed against labor unions and members at Chicago, Ill.

The Order of Railway Telegraphers reports 8971 members admitted in the six months ended July 31.

Amalgamation of the Journeymen Tailors' and the Garment Workers' National unions is proposed.

Headquarters of the International Union of Journeymen Barbers have been established at Indianapolis.

On Sept. 14, at Wheeling, W. Va., the International Union of Steam Engineers will meet in convention.

A plan is contemplated for the federation of all the commercial travelers' associations of the British empire.

There are 1,700,000 domestic servants of various kinds in England, of whom 300,000 are charwomen and washerwomen.

International Typographical union will make a determined effort for a general 8-hour day, commencing Jan. 1, 1905.

Coal miners in the Essen district, Germany, will strike unless their demands for increased pay and a shorter work day are granted.

A demand has been made by the Associated Coal Owners of Wales to the conciliation board for a reduction of miners' wages of 8¾ per cent.

Photoengravers have presented a new wage scale to go into effect Oct. 1. It provides for a material increase in wages in all branches of the trade.

Journeymen bakers in New York city have been successful in their efforts to have the master bakers accept their new wage scale and alopt the union label.

Hatters in Austria are well organized. The hours of labor in their trade range from nine to ten daily. The weekly wages of men are from $4 to $8, women from $2 to $5.

Unable to reach an agreement as to wage scale for the Knoxville, Tenn., district, the joint conference of the miners and operators has adjourned until Sept. 10.

Without a dissenting vote, the introduction of Asiatic labor to the Rand mines has been denounced by the Cape parliament as a thing not to be tolerated at any cost.

The co-operative union laundry, which was established by union laundry workers during the big strike in Chicago's wash-houses last June, has been declared a failure.

The estate of the late P. M. Arthur is probably worth from $100,000 to $150,000. Mr. Arthur's wealth was in Cleveland real estate and a limited amount of gild-edged securities.

The organization of women wage-workers throughout the country has become popular and is increasing rapidly. In Chicago there are twenty-five crafts organized with 31,000 members.

Master plumbers of Holyoke have received copies of a new agreement that the journeymen plumbers desire them to sign, calling for an increase in wages from $2.62½ to $3 a day.

A plan has been suggested in England for the erection of a sanitarium for the reception of tuberculosis patients on terms that would be within the means of the working classes.

It is probable that before the transcontinental railway bill, now before the house at Ottawa, Canada, is finally disposed of some provisions will be introduced with a view to the protection of labor.

It has been voted to remove the national headquarters of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Engineers from New York city to Omaha to facilitate a crusade to organize the firemen of the West.

The mayor of Boston, Mass., promises he will use his every influence with the aldermen to have a magnificent building for labor erected under the provision of the Franklin fund, in a central location.

The miners' strike of last summer seems to have promoted thrifty habits among the workers. It is reported that not less than 6000 new savings accounts have been opened in Wilkesbarre, Pa., banks since Jan. 1.

The newly-formed International Brotherhood of Team Drivers and Helpers' Union of America has trade jurisdiction over automobile drivers, and a systemized effort will be made to organize them all over the country.

Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers has shown the most phenomenal growth in the past eighteen months, 494 new unions having been chartered and 33,000 men added to the ranks. The membership is now nearly 70,000.

In a recent report M. P. Carrick, general secretary of the Brotherhood of Painters and Decrators, says 494 unions were organized from Jan. 1, 1902, to June 30, 1903, and 33,000 added to the membership. The 60,000 mark has been passed.

Bakers at Youngstown, Ohio, have secured the first uniform scale they have ever worked under. Individual contracts with the boss bakers have heretofore been made. The scale calls for 35 cents an hour, and is to prevail in all shops.

Officers of the Amalgamated Society of Engineers, Machinists, etc., say that that organization will soon be chartered by the American Labor union. The A. F. of L. has several times refused this organization a charter, as it is a dual one.

President Cox of the International Coremakers' union has ordered the striking coremakers of St. Paul to return to work pending an inquiry into the demands of the men for more pay. A representative of the international will visit St. Paul shortly for this purpose.

Minneapolis bricklayers have won in the long standing dispute between the bricklayers and stone masons organizations as to the right of the latter to exist without being under the jurisdiction of the bricklayers' national officers, which was referred to an arbitration board for settlement.

Columbus, O., may soon be the center of the glass industry of the United States. For years Indiana has been among the leading states in the production of glass, but the failing of its gas fields has played havoc with the industry and the factories are being moved as rapidly as possible.

Cigarmakers' unions are voting for an amendment to the international constitution permitting certain unions to accept applicants without the initiation fee for a period of three months, also for an amendment permitting cigarmakers from foreign countries who belong to their native unions to be admitted free of initiation fees.

A scheme of federation of all the international unions, the members of which are engaged in the building industry, is being planned by a number of international officers of building trades unions. It is a far-reaching plan, and if carried to a successful termination will materially strengthen and solidify the building trades' unions.

Union machinists at Newport News, Va., have voted to sever affiliation with the Central Trades and Labor council. The latter organization recently admitted representatives of negro labor unions to its membership, despite the protests of the Machinists' union, which is the strongest and most influential labor body in the city.

Union mechanics and blacksmiths in the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe shops have been working secretly to unionize the workers. The leaders in the movement are preparing to present demands to the Santa Fe management for higher wages, and they hope to drive the non-union men from the shops before the demands are presented.

Suit has been brought by the Phoenix Glass company, of Monaca, Pa., against its workmen for damages alleged to have been sustained as a result of the strike in the cost of melting glass, the work of dipping it out and the loss in production. Proceedings are also to be entered against the national officers of the workingmen's organization.

San Francisco carpenters are once more in harmony. President William D. Huber of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America, whose mission to the coast was to adjust the differences under which brotherhood carpenters were smarting in San Francisco and Oakland, decided in favor of unions affiliating with the Building Trades' council.

A conference of six international officers was held at Indianapolis last Wednesday, at which the plan was thoroughly discussed. Another conference or convention will be held at the same place Oct. 3, when it is expected by the leaders that a few more unions will be represented. The aggregate membership of the unions represented at Wednesday's meeting is about $50,000. The leaders present at the conference were:

George P. Gubbins, president Bricklayers and Stonemasons' International Union of America.

Herman Lilien, president Hodcarriers' and Building Laborers' International union.

Frank Duffy, secretary United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners.

M. P. Carrick., secretary Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators.

Frank Buchanan, president International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers.

L. W. Tilden, secretary United Association of Plumbers, Gasfitters and Steamfitters.

Dispatches from Indianapolis touching on the conference are misleading, as they say that it is the intention of the leaders of the movement to secede from the American Federation of Labor. Such is not the plan contemplated in any sense, as, if the scheme is carried out, it will strengthen the A. F. of L. instead of weakening it by division. Two of the international unions represented at the conference are now outside the pale of the A. F. of L.—namely, the bricklayers and structural iron workers. Before they could become a part of the proposed federation they would have to attach themselves to the A. F. of L., and both unions are now considering such action. The bricklayers will decide by a referendum vote, which is to be taken in every local union throughout the country at the first meeting in September, and the iron workers are to seek affiliation with the A. F. of L. at their next convention, which takes place on Sept. 21.

The plan, as outlined, is much on the same lines as that organized by the metal trades two years ago. In that federation twelve unions in the metal industry, which are closely connected with each other through the nature of their employment, are allied for mutual protection. The plan has proved a success, and there has never ben any thought of the unions seceding from the American Federation of Labor. It is really a small federation. Jurisdiction disputes between blacksmiths and their helpers, or between metal workers and machinists, are more readily adjusted through the Metal Trades' Federation than they could be if left to unions in an entirely different line of work.

CATARRH DESTROYS THE KIDNEYS.

GRANVILLE M. HOY, Sheridan, Ind., Past Grand, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Lodge 691, in a recent letter says:

"I suffered for years with liver complaint, causing me severe pains and a peculiar weakness across the small of the back, so that it was hard to stoop, and sometimes very painful to walk about. I had used so much medicine without deriving any help that I just let it go, until a neighbor was cured of Bright's disease by Peruna. That led to my using it, and before I had used ten bottles I was cured. I consider it almost miraculous."—Granville M. Hoy.

A Gentleman of Prominence Endorses Pe-ru-na.

Hon. Louis E. Johnson, son of the late Reverdy Johnson, who was United States Senator from Maryland, also Attorney General under President Johnson, and U. S. Minister to England, and was regarded as the greatest constitutional lawyer that ever lived. In a recent letter from 1006 F street, N. W., Washington, D. C., Mr. Johnson says:

"No one should longer suffer from catarrh when Peruna is accessible. To my knowledge it has caused relief to so many of my friends and acquaintances that it is humanity to commend its use to all persons suffering with this distressing disorder of the human system."—Louis E. Johnson.

Hundreds of Dollars Spent in Vain.

Mr. Cyrus Hershman, Sheridan, Ind., writes:

"Two years ago I was a sick man. Catarrh had settled in the pelvic organs, making life a burden and giving me little hope of recovery. I spent hundreds of dollars in medicine which did me no good. I was persuaded by a friend to try Peruna. I took it two weeks without much improvement, but I kept on with it and soon began to get well and strong very fast. Within two months I was cured, and have been well ever since. I am a strong advocate of Peruna."—C. Hershman.

Peruna cures catarrh of the kidneys, liver and other pelvic organs, simply because it cures catarrh wherever located. No other systemic catarrh remedy has as yet been devised. Insist upon having Peruna. There are no medicines that can be substituted.

The claim of Peruna to being the standard catarrh remedy of the world is based upon the following facts:

It has the endorsement of innumerable hospitals.

A great number of physicians.

Over fifty United States congressmen and senators.

Tens of thousands of the masses and classes.

Peruna is not a cure-all. It cures just one disease—catarrh. It cures catarrh wherever located.

It cures catarrh of whatever kind. It cures catarrh in whatever stage or phase.



Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh of the Kidneys.

Men of Dignity and Prominence Endorse Pe-ru-na.

Major T. H. Mars, of the First Wisconsin Cavalry Regiment, writes from 1425 Dunning St., Chicago, Ill., the following letter:

"For years I suffered with catarrh of the kidneys. I took Peruna for four months, and am now well and strong and feel better than I have done for the past twenty years, thanks to Peruna."—T. H. Mars.

Peruna cures catarrh of the kidneys with the same surety and promptness that it cures catarrh of the nose or throat.



Mr. Geo. King, Deputy Sheriff of Rensellaer Co., N. Y., for years was a well known merchant of Troy. In a letter from No. 45 King St., Troy, N. Y., he writes:

"Peruna cured me from what the doctors were afraid would turn into Bright's Disease, and after you have gone through the suffering that I have with catarrh of the bladder and kidney trouble, and have been cured, you are pretty apt to remember the medicine that did the work.

"Peruna is a blessing to a sick man. Eight bottles made me a well man and were worth more than a thousand dollars to me. I cannot speak too highly of it. It is now four years since I was troubled, and I have enjoyed perfect health since. Every spring and fall I take a bottle of it and it keeps me well. I freely recommend Peruna."—George King.



If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

Sunday Excursions—

10 a. m.—Str. Easton to Two Harbors.
2 p. m.—Str. Bradshaw to Two Harbors.
Steamer Easton will reach Duluth on return trip about 2:30 p. m.
Steamer Bradshaw will reach Duluth on return trip about 7:30 p. m.
Fare, fifty cents, round trip.
WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.,
Dock, Lake Avenue South, Duluth.

MASSAGE WAS A MYSTERY.

Lack of Musical Knowledge Cost Man Fortune.

I lost out on a chance to win a whole high hat full of money a week or so ago, on account of my natural and personally conducted slow-witted-ness," remarked a somewhat disconsolate-looking young man with a coat of tan and that just-back-from-the-beach manner, says the Washington Star.

"There's a deep dark, crafty proposition out of Chicago, an old-time pal of mine, who every once in a while gets on the inside of one of these cunningly framed-up horse races called 'hog-slaughterings' by the wise people with the bullet heads. When he runs into anything of this sort that he looks upon as particularly juicy he sometimes sends me a wire about it, so that I can play it or not, as I see fit. In sending me the names of things that look like winners to him, or that he has heard are going to be made certain winners, he uses a sort of beat-about-the-bush code of his own, so as to avoid coming right out in the telegram and giving the name of the horse.

"Before I went to Atlantic City three weeks ago I wrote to him telling him that there was a handy room down there where a bet could be got down and reminded him that if anything peculiarly sweet swam into his ken during the next couple of weeks I'd like to have him fit the same thing to me, to the end that I might cop out expense money.

"Well, one afternoon about ten days ago when I returned to my Atlantic City hotel after the morning swim I found a telegram in my box. It had a Chicago date line, and it read this way:

"'Play fellow that hummed to evening star, fourth race. Cinch, Jack.'

"That was a pretty fathomless one for me to try to plumb. I grabbed a newspaper of the stand and turned to the Chicago entries and rubbered through the list of horses scheduled to go in the fourth race, without getting any light whatever.

"'The fellow that hummed to evening star,' I kept repeating to myself, and I gazed over the fourth race entries again and again trying to dope out the mysterious suggestion. There wasn't a horse in the race that had a name even remotely suggesting a star, or evening, or hummer, or anything like that, and I came pretty nigh clawing my hair out endeavoring to get a line on my Chicago friend's meaning. I took the telegram to the hotel clerk, a good deal of a horse fiend himself, and let him figure on it for a long time, too, but he couldn't make head nor tail of it, either.

"At the luncheon table I propped that telegram up in front of me and gazed and gazed at it as I waded through the meal, trying to unravel the nub of the suggestion, but it was no use.

"After luncheon I sent my Chicago friend—I neglected to state that he is a turf reporter for a Chicago newspaper—a wire addressed to the Chicago track, asking him to elucidate the meaning of his first dispatch. I didn't have much hope that it would reach him in time for him to wire me a reply that would enable me to get down a piece of coin on the good thing in the fourth race at Chicago, but I made the effort, anyhow.

"I put in a mean, guessy afternoon of it, waiting around the hotel for a reply to my telegram. At 3 o'clock, when no telegram arrived, I gave it up—I knew that even if it did come then I wouldn't be able to get out to South Atlantic in time to get down on the good thing. So I strolled over to the steel pier to listen to the royal Italian band, my mind well filled with the good thing at Chicago that I was missing on account of the indefiniteness, or vagueness, or whatever you want to call it, of my friend's telegram.

"On the pier I picked up one of the band programmes and began to idly run my eye over the list of pieces that the band was rendering. It was then, about 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon. One of the pieces on the program caught my eye. It was a flute obligato, 'Wolfram's Song to The Evening Star,' from Wagner's Tannhauser,' a piece of music that I have been acquainted with and fond of ever since I grew up. And, of course, I tumbled to the meaning of the telegram instantly I saw that piece's name on the program. I pulled the paper with the entries out of my pocket, and there, in the fourth race, as big as life, was the name of the horse Wolfram. I tore the paper into two inch bits and chucked the pieces over the rail into the sea, and then I went back to the hotel, cussing myself out for my thickheadness in not having been able to dope out the name of the good thing at a glance upon the receipt of the telegram.

"There was another telegram in my hotel box when I got there. It was from my Chicago friend, in reply to my inquiry. It read:

"'Wolfram, you unspeakable pinhead. He's just strolled in at 150 to 1, and I'm only a few short of being a millionaire. Jack.'

"I went to bed about 8 o'clock that night—I couldn't stand for having anybody even talk to me."

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SUNDAY SERVICES IN DULUTH CHURCHES

Union Meeting of Christian Endeavor Societies at the First Presbyterian In the Evening—Dr. Long to Deliver a Labor Day Sermon.

A union meeting of the various Young People's societies of the down-town churches will be held in the lecture room of the First Presbyterian church, Sunday evening, beginning at 6:15. At this service, the leader from each of the societies for the Sunday service will take part, followed by a general testimony meeting. The subject will be "The Allied Forces of Righteousness."

The societies which will take part are those from the First Christian church, Pilgrim Congregational, First Presbyterian, First Methodist, First Baptist, and the C. E. society from the Bethel.

* * *

At the First Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Samuel P. Long, pastor, will preach at 10:30 a. m. on "I Speak Concerning Christ and the Church," and at 8 p. m. on "Labor and Its Enemies." At 12 m. the Sabbath school will meet and at 6:45 the Epworth League Inspirational service will be held. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude—"Andante Tranquillo" ..... Mendelssohn
Solo—"Abide With Me" ..... De Koven
Offertory—"Pastorale" ..... Guilmant
Solo—"Come Unto Me" ..... Gounod
Postlude ..... Volkman

EVENING.

Prelude ..... Batiste
Solo—"Father, Keep Us In Thy Care" ..... Sullivan
Offertory—"Shepherd's Song" ..... Nevin
Solo—"Lead Kindly Light"..Pugh-Evans
Postlude ..... Wely

Mrs. J. K. McKindley, organist; Miss Mary Syer Bradshaw, soloist.

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach. In the morning the Lord's supper will be celebrated. In the evening the topic will be: "Helps In the Christian Life."

* * *

A band of commercial travelers, known as "The Gideons," will conduct the meeting at the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow afternoon. Mr. Petzel, of Chicago, one of the prominent men in the organization, will be among the speakers.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, Eleventh avenue east and Second street, tomorrow's services, conducted by the pastor, will be as follows: 10:30 a. m., sermon, "A Serious Case of Desertion;" 7:45 p. m., sermon, "Labor's Debt to Evangelical Religion." Sunday school will meet at 12 o'clock noon, and Young People's meeting at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., pastor of the Hudson M. E. church, has returned from his vacation, and will occupy his pulpit tomorrow. Evening services, which have been omitted during his absence, will be resumed at 7:30 o'clock. The subject of the morning sermon at 10:30 will be "The Father's Business." In the evening Mr. Powell will preach a Labor day sermon on "The Gospel of Work." There will be special music at both services.

* * *

At the Glen Avon Presbyterian church, corner of Lewis street and Woodland avenue, the morning service will be at 10:45 o'clock. The Sunday school will meet at 12 m., A. J. Frantz, superintendent. The Young People's service will be at 6:30 p. m., and preaching service at 7:45 p. m. Special musical numbers will be rendered at each service. R. Ames, Montgomery, is the pastor.

* * *

At the First Christian church, corner Fourth street and Fifth avenue west, the pastor, Rev. C. R. Sine will conduct services morning and evening. The morning subject will be, "Church Extention," and the evening topic, "The Healing of the Waters—Christians in Society." Sunday school will meet at 12 m. and jail meeting at 3 p. m. Christian Endeavor will meet at 7 p. m.

* * *

The services at the Lester Park Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Charles Fox Davis, pastor, will be as follows: Morning, "Doing Good Without Silver and Gold;" evening, "The Young Man and Elisha."

* * *

At Grace M. E. church, Rev. Harry Knowles will preach in the morning on "Paul Playing the Fool Before the Wise Men of Corinth." The prelude will be on "The Old Mother's Gift." The evening sermon will be on "A Woman's Despair and a King's Grief," and the prelude will be on "The Modern Slave Ship and American Socialism."

* * *

Services at the Second Presbyterian church will be at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. There will be preaching at Hazelwood at 3 p. m.. Sunday school at Hazelwood at 2 p. m. Sunday school at Bethany chapel at 3 p. m., and Sunday school at the Second church, 1515 West Superior street, at 11:45 a. m. Young People's meeting will be at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

Services at the Second Baptist church, corner Twentieth avenue west and First street, will be at 10:45 a. m. and 8 p. m. At the morning service Phil Bevis, secretary of the Y. M. C. A., will speak, and at the evening service, Mrs. Stewart, of Minneapolis, will speak in the interest of the Woman's Home Mission society.

* * *

At St. Luke's Episcopal church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be holy communion and sermon at 10:30 a. m. The subject of the sermon will be "Comfort." Sunday school will meet at 10:30 a. m. Roderick J. Mooney, rector.

* * *

At Holy Apostles Episcopal church, Fifty-seventh avenue west and Elinor street, there will be service and sermon at 7:30 p. m. The subject of sermon will be, "That Which All We See Ring." Roderick J. Mooney, rector.

* * *

At the Lakeside Presbyterian church, Forty-fifth avenue east and McCulloch street, the Rev. Frank B. Cleland will preach at the morning service at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school will meet at 12 m. and Christian Endeavor Devotional service at 7 o'clock. The evening service at 7:45 p. m., will be conducted by the pastor.

* * *

At the First Swedish Evangelical Lutheran church, corner Second street and Second avenue west, Carl Solomonson, pastor. Morning service will be at 10 o'clock, at which holy communion will be celebrated, and reception of members held. The subject of the sermon will be "How God Conceals and Reveals the Saving Truth." Sunday school will meet at 12 m., and evening service at 8 p. m. The subject will be, "The Purpose of the Law."

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church, corner of Lake avenue north and Third street, the services will be at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., conducted by Rev. D. W. Michael.

* * *

At the Star of Hope Mission, 622 West Superior street, meetings are held every night, conducted by Mr. and Mrs. John Callahan. Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock a consecration meeting will be held. The program for the evening service will be as follows: 7 p. m., the Star of Hope praying band will meet for half hour of prayer; 7:30, open air meeting; 8 p. m., song service; 8:30, Mr. Tretzel and Mr. Taylor, of the Gideon band of traveling men, will speak. There will be special music.

* * *

At the Lake avenue Bethel, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m., and Christian Endeavor at 6:45. Service in the evening will be at 8 o'clock. Rev. W. E. Spoonts will preach and Miss Frances McGiffert will sing. Monday evening Mr. Spoonts will give the second in a series of Bible lectures on "The Holy Spirit."

* * *

At the branch Bethel, Sunday school will meet at 3 p. m. Service in the evening will be at 8 o'clock. Rev. T. N. Derrick, recently chaplain of the Ashtabula Bethel, will speak. Mrs. William Acher will sing. Monday evening the meeting will be conducted by the Swedish Baptist church, and Tuesday evening by the Congregational church.

* * *

At the First Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Rev. W. B. Thvedt occupying the pulpit. Sunday school, Norwegian and English, will meet at 9 a. m. At 3 p. m. Rev. Thvelt will preach at the town hall, Lakeside.

* * *

The regular services of the Unitarian church will be resumed tomorrow. Mr. White will preach, at the opening service, on "The Church and the World of Today."

* * *

Rev. A. Edstam returned yesterday from his vacation and will occupy the pulpit at the First Swedish Baptist church tomorrow, both morning and evening.

* * *

At Columbia hall, Superior street and Twentieth avenue west, English Lutheran services will be held at 11 a. m. by the pastor. There will be no services in the evening. Sunday school will open at 9:45 a. m.

* * *

Sunday services at Hope church of the Evangelical association, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, will be at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m. and Young People's society at 7:15 p. m.

* * *

The services in the Oneota M. E. church corner Forty-sixth avenue west and Halifax street, will be of a special character tomorrow. The pastor, Rev. E. K. Copp, will preach the annual sermon on "Education" at 11 a. m., and at 7:45 p. m., will begin a series of sermons on the "Ten Commandments," the subject being "Sinai." A large class will be baptized by the mode of sprinkling after the morning sermon and received into the church. At 2:30 p. m. in the First M. E. church, the pastor will administer baptism by the mode of immersion. Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m.

* * *

Services at the Norwegian Synod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, will be held tomorrow morning and evening. The evening service will be conducted in the English language, by Rev. Tweek from Superior. The morning services will be at 10 o'clock and the evening services at 8 o'clock.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: An Indiana minister and several members of his flock are reported to have lost all the money they put into the Co-Operative Turf association of New Orleans, because the postoffice officials saw fit to close the concern. There is little doubt that they would have lost it anyway, but the present circumstances give them the happy chance to rail at the officiousness of Uncle Sam's myrmidons.

Springfield Republican: Why do not the American officials in the Philippines go to church more? This serious question has been considered worthy of an answer by Bishop Brent, of Manila. In the first place, he pronounces false the report that our Protestant representatives stay away from church in order to please, or avoid displeasing, the Roman Catholics. While Governor Taft attends the bishop's church in Manila, the great majority of Americans do not go to any church, because they would not go at home. This seems a perfectly rational explanation. Americans are Americans everywhere.

Brooklyn Eagle: The pope misses his tramps in the country, his evening at whist and his game of tenpins. He finds the vatican furnished with all the comforts of a home, but with no outside privileges. The circumstances which restrict him to that inclosure are so political and from the point of view of the papacy so important as to be stronger than his power to break them or to break with them. Beside, when Leo XIII started from the vatican for the purpose of accompanying the body of Pius IX to the grave, the funeral procession was mobbed and those who took part in it were bruised and wounded. That furnishes small encouragement for Pius X to go outside.

Leslie's Weekly: We regret to read that a church in the neighborhood of New York has thought it necessary in order to raise money to build an extension to ask each saloonkeeper in the parish to give one day's receipts each month for four months to the building fund. The case affords, perhaps, an extreme illustration of the absurd and harmful expedients which tend to bring religion into disrepute and directly to swell the number of non-churchgoers, of which we hear so much complaint in these days. The churches and the saloons stand too far apart in their character and purposes to make it expedient to yoke them together for any purpose. The saloon may profit by the arrangement, but the churches never.

Portland Oregonian: It is reported that a bishop of the Episcopal church in New Jersey has issued a mandate to churches in his diocese that women be not allowed to appear in church bareheaded. Whether this designed as a rebuke to the "new woman," who is supposed to be growing "mannish," or a hint to crusaders against big hats in public places to mind their own business, or a rally to the defense of the Pauline idea that it is a shame for women to appear in church with their heads uncovered, can only be surmised. If the latter, it is pertinently asked whether the New Jersey churchmen will be consistent and enforce the other rule that requires women to keep silence in churches and run the sewing society himself; or whether he is prepared to enforce the Papline views on the wisdom of refraining from marriage, which would abolish wedding fees.

HUNTERS ARE HAVING LUCK

All Bring Back Game Galore—Al Salter's Great Luck.

These crisp September days chicken hunting is the thing that attracts the local sportsmen, and many of them have taken trains since the last day of August to points in Minnesota and North Dakota to try their hands at the prairie game birds.

Some of them have come back from their trips, and in every instance good hunting has been the burden of their reports.

A party consisting of Al. Salter, F. E. Berry, T. J. Stone and Theodore Frerker has returned from Motley, Minn., with 162 chickens as the result of its work. The party was ciceroned by Al. Salter, who seems to have acquired quite a reputation as a captain of hunting parties, owing to the fact that good luck seems to be the rule with him. He never has trouble in getting up parties, and those that are chosen always anticipate good hunting and their anticipations are usually realized. Last fall he took a party out deer hunting and on the return trip they brought a wagon loaded full of deer.



AL. SALTER,
One of Duluth's Most Successful Hunters.

Frank Williamson and H. H. Myers are back from a trip to Otter Tail county, where they had good luck.

M. H. Alworth and F. W. Heimick returned Thursday from a short trip in the western part of the state, where they had some good sport.

President W. F. Fitch, of the South Shore road, Mart Adson, general agent in Duluth, and A. J. Perrin, city passenger agent at Superior, returned yesterday from Crookston, where they spent four days chicken shooting. They reported the shooting as being the best they had had in years.

SOCIETY DANCES

Will Be Waltz and Five-Step Schottische.

New York, Sept. 5.—If society follows the decision of the dancing masters, the fashionable dances of the coming season will be the old-fashioned three-step waltz and the five-step schottische. So determined the American Society of Professors of Dancing, whose convention has just finished its work and adjourned. It was decided to recommend the use of nine new dances for class work.

Secretary Carpenter said he did not believe that the two-step could be forced from the dance programs, but the intention is to keep it in its proper place and not have it usurp waltz time and favor.

Lester Park.

There will be dancing in two pavilions afternoon and evening Labor Day, rain or shine. Two first-class orchestras (Flaaten nd Blewett's) will furnish music. Tickets good for both halls.

LET EVERY MAN AFFLICTED WITH

VARICOCELE

READ CAREFULLY WHAT FOLLOWS:



The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

ADVANTAGE OF MY METHOD OF CURING VARICOCELE.

My treatment is absolutely painless and devoid of danger; no anaesthetic is given.

The cure is permanent. I have treated thousands of the most aggravated cases without a single failure or recurrence.

You are under the care of a reliable specialist, that is acknowledged authority in the treatment of men, and whose superior method of treatment is nowhere else obtainable in America.

You are not subjected to the dangerous experiments of antiquated treatments which you are liable to receive at the hands of incompetent and inexperienced doctors. Varicocele is a very serious and delicate disease, and necessarily requires skilled, expert treatment. I am treating many cases daily, and have gained a national reputation as being successful in the treatment of Varicocele and its results — Nervous Debility and Lost Health.

I Also Cure to Stay Cured

Stricture, Contagious Blood Poison, Nervous Debility

and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone I have earnestly devoted the best years of my life. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I make no charge for private counsel and give to each patient a legal contract in writing, backed by abundant capital, to hold for my promise. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes?

STRICTURE.

It matters not how long you have suffered from Stricture or how many different doctors have disappointed you. I will cure you just as certain as you come to me for treatment. I will not do it by cutting or dilating. My treatment is entirely original with me and perfectly harmless. It completely dissolves the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction of the urinary passage. It stops every unnatural discharge, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the vital organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

BLOOD POISON.

Specific Blood Poison was for ages supposed to be incurable. This ancient idea still exists in the minds of many physicians, who continue to salivate their patients with potash, mercury and other dangerous mineral mixtures, which, instead of forcing the disease out of the system, drives it deeper in, where it lies dormant for a time, and then breaks out again in the form of some frightful skin, blood or bone disease. I cure Specific Blood Poison to stay cured forever. I challenge the medical world for a case in any stage that I cannot positively cure, never to return, in from sixty to ninety days. My treatment for this disease is endorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It is purely vegetable in composition and perfectly harmless in effect.

NERVO-VITAL DEBILITY.

Men, many of you are now reaping the result of your former folly. Your manhood is failing and you will soon be lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Impotency, like all vital diseases, is never on the standstill. With it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you and fill your whole future with misery and indescribable woe. I have treated so many cases of this kind that I am as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by me and you will never again be bothered with emissions, drains, prematureness, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or other symptoms which rob you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or pleasure. My treatment for weak men will correct all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy, happy man, with physical and mental powers complete.

ASSOCIATE DISEASES.

In curing a disease of any kind I never fail to remove all reflex complications. If the case is Varicocele, the weakness caused by it disappears. If it is Stricture and has developed into Prostatic, Bladder or Kidney affections, the injured organs are all restored to a perfectly healthful condition. If it is Contagious Blood Poison, any and all Skin, Blood and Bone diseases arising from the taint are entirely and permanently eliminated from the system. If it is Impotency, the many distressing symptoms following in its train and indicating a premature decline of physical and mental power are totally removed and rapidly replaced by the youthful energy of robust manhood. Hence all resulting ills and reflex complications which may be properly termed associate diseases, and which, in fact, are often more serious that the original ailment that gives rise to them—all, I say, disappear completely and forever with the cure of the main malady.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Most cases can be treated successfully at home. One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at my office, write me a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a legal contract in writing, backed by abundant capital, to hold for my promise. Address all communications to

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DROP TWO OUT

Woodland and Lexington Schools Are Not to Be Opened.

Board Hears a Kick From the Engineers and Janitors.

Two schools were stricken from the list of the city's educational institutions at the meeting of the school board last evening.

The number of pupils in the Woodland and Lexington schools has been so small that it was thought advisable to close these schools during the coming year. No transportation will be furnished the pupils of these schools, as many of them had chosen of their own free will to attend the larger schools in the vicinity.

The Colbyville school will not be closed. The closing of this school was for a time considered by the board, but it was decided that the number of pupils in attendance would warrant the expense of keeping the school open during the coming year.

The Kenwood school will also be maintained during the coming year.

The Radisson school will be maintained for the first, second and third grades, and all the pupils above those grades will be sent to the Whittier school.

The demands of the residents of Lakewood for school facilities were met by the decision of the board to furnish transportation for the children from Lakewood to the Lester Park school. Bids were opened for this transportation by the committee on schools and teachers. The contract was awarded to Peter Hahn for the sum of $45 per month.

A delegation from a mass meeting of the Duluth Heights residents was received and given a hearing by the board. W. D. Tomlin and W. C. Harwood presented the plea of the residents of this district. Mr. Harwood in a few words told of the condition of the grounds of the Lowell school, which are heaped high with an unsightly ash pile, and are not of sufficient size to allow of a playground for the children. He asked that the school board acquire the six lots in the rear of the school, which front on the main street, Palmetto. This would give the school a frontage on both streets and would provide a suitable ground for the children.

Director Washburn assured the delegation that the board would take the matter into consideration, and moved that it be referred to the committee on buildings and grounds, with instructions to report at the next meeting of the board as to the advisability of the purchase. Directions were also given to remove the ashpile from the grounds and place them in proper condition.

The engineers and janitors of the public schools do not want to ring the bells. Such trifling matters should be left to the principals of the schools, in their estimation. From the discovery of this fact it developed that the janitors and engineers have been discontented because they have had too many bosses. The chief engineer bossed one part of them, the superintendent of construction bossed another, the principal of the school another, the board all of them, and their condition was pitiful. They wished to know whom to obey.

Director Washburn thought that with the consolidation of the offices of superintendent of construction and chief engineer the difficulty would be largely settled. He also voiced the opinion of the board that in future, when the principals of the various schools desired anything done, they should transact business through the superintendent, whom, he thought, was better able to withstand the wiles of the fair petitioners than the janitors or engineers, who were unused to the pleading ways of the fair sex.

A very favorable report was received from Louis Larson, who was appointed to fill the joint position of chief engineer and superintendent of construction.

The repairs at all the schools are either completed, or well under way. The tower of the high school, however, was reported to be in need of rather extensive and prompt repairs, and it is likely that the expenditure of a large sum of money will be necessary to place it in proper condition.

Superintendent Denfeld reported that the purchase of a number of new desks was necessary, and bids from three firms were received. The matter was left with the committee on schools.

The report of the auditor, who has just completed an examination of the treasurer's books, was received and proved satisfactory to the board.

J. J. Le Tourneau, the treasurer of the board, presented his report, of which the following is a summary:

Balance in the general fund	$10,932 04
Balance in the building fund	17,569 16
Balance in the sinking fund	110 25
Total	$28,391 95

It was decided by the board to strike out the item of $284.05, deposited with the American Loan and Trust company, from which no dividend has been received for several years.

The resignation of Miss Blanche Trufant, instructor of stenography at the high school, was received and accepted. Before a successor is appointed the board will determine the number who desire to pursue that study during the coming year.

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Gold Crowns (22K) $7.00
Porcelain Crowns....$5.00
Gold Fillings up from $1.50
Silver Fillings up from 75c
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ALL LABOR UNIONS
Should place orders early for
BADGES and BANNERS
for
LABOR DAY.
You don't have to send out of town for them—we can furnish any design or size wanted.
Consolidated Stamp & Printing Company,
323 West First Street.
Ground Floor.
Zenith 'Phone 755. Duluth 'Phon e7fc2-1

Calumet Baking Powder
Perfect in quality.
Moderate in price.

HOTEL DE KATE
CAFE
Your day's outing at Park Point is incomplete without a meal at this popular Cafe.
Best Meals Obtainable.
Splendid Service.
FELIX HERZOG, Prop.,
104 E. Fourth St. 'Phone 136-3

The Greatest Skill—The most experience—14 years. We grind our own lenses.



C. D. TROTT, OPTICIAN, 8 West Superior St.

NERVITA PILLS
Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood
Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.



60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH (YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results
Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address
JOHN C. WEST & COMPANY
39-71 W. Jackson St., - CHICAGO, ILL.
S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

This is an incorporated bank, and under the supervision of the State Banking Department.

Liberal Interest and Unquestioned Security

are two things we offer you.

3% Interest Paid on SAVINGS DEPOSITS.

SAVINGS deposits made on or before the 10th of this month will draw interest from the First of the month.

Duluth Savings Bank,

216 West Superior Street. Duluth, Minn.

Open Saturday Evenings from 6 to 8 o'clock.

PROSPECT GOOD

Duluth Normal Opens Second Year Under Favorable Auspices.

Attendance Largely Increased and More Students Are Coming.

With the examination of those pupils who had not the proper credits to enter the school the Duluth normal school opened for its second year of work Tuesday morning. The following morning the enrollment of pupils took place and Thursday work was begun.

The work for this year has opened favorably and the prospects for a year of splendid work are fine. Last year the normal did excellent work and with the corps of teachers increased by a number of other teachers ranking high in their profession the standing of the Duluth normal ought to be as high as any of the state.

Wednesday morning over 100 pupils were enrolled in the training department and an equal number in the model school. The number of pupils for the model school is limited. One new teacher was added to the force of model teachers and at the time it was doubted if enough scholars would enroll to warrant the addition. The number of pupils wishing to enter the department would require another teacher.

For a while the idea prevailed that the model school was a practice school for the training teachers, which is erroneous. The school is kept as nearly as possible an ideal school, which is taught by the teacher employed for the purpose and not by those in training. A waiting list with a large number of names is on hand, many desiring admission who are not at present able to enter.

The attendance is greatly increased over last year and within the next week many more will enter. A large number of the graduates of the Duluth high school have entered the two-year course and most of those who attended the school last year returned there to finish. The graduates of the schools and the demand for teachers was greater than the supply.

The laboratories, physical and chemical, have been fitted up and work will be done there this year. The library has been started and more books will be added during the year.

Next week the organization of the different societies of the school will be accomplished. The Glee club, which was a feature of the school last year, will be continued again under the direction of Miss Farnsworth. Miss Spring, one of the new members of the faculty, will also organize an orchestra, as a deal of talent on different instruments is to be found among the pupils. The graduates of 1904 will continue their class organization.

The domestic science and manual training departments, which are new this year, are nearly complete. Manual training is required, but domestic science is an elective study which will be included in the course of studies of most of the girls.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from ten drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all druggists, 75 cents.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

EACH MEMBER OF A FAMILY, MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD, SHOULD HAVE A SAVINGS ACCOUNT. IT REQUIRES ONLY A DOLLAR TO START ONE. BOOKS GIVEN AND INTEREST PAID BY THE SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF DULUTH.

Capital, Surplus and Profits Over Eleven Hundred Thousand Dollars.

SELECT A SAFE PLACE

HIS WIDOW SUES

Mrs. S. V. Gilbert Asks $5000 Damages From Electric Company.

Claims the Company's Negligence Killed Him By Shock.

Christena A. Gilbert, widow of the late Samuel V. Gilbert, who was killed by an electric shock at his home in Lakeside last spring, has sued the Duluth General Electric company for $5000 damages for the death of her husband. The action is brought in the name of Mrs. Gilbert as administratrix, and J. K. Persons as administrator of the estate, in the district court of this county.

A demurrer of the defendant to the complaint on the grounds that the plaintiff did not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action was argued before Judge Dibell this morning, Davis, Hollister & Wilson appearing for the plaintiff and Francis W. Sullivan appearing for the defendant. The court overruled the demurrer.

The complaint alleges that before daylight, April 28, 1903, Mr. Gilbert went to the bathroom of his home at 5090 London road and took hold of the electric light fixture with one hand while he attempted to turn on the water in a basin near the light. It is claimed that when he was in this position a powerful and dangerous current of electricity, probably a voltage of 2300, passed through his body and he was instantly killed.

The plaintiffs allege that the ordinary voltage for electric light fixtures is about 120 volts.

As to the cause of the accident, the plaintiffs allege that for a long time prior to the date of Mr. Gilbert's death the electric light company had a primary and a secondary electric light wire on a certain pole at the intersection of Fifty-first avenue east and London road. It is alleged that the wires were attached to the cross arm but sixteen inches apart, and sagged so much in passing to the next pole to the north that they became entangled and the insulation was burned off. It is alleged that a powerful electric current was, by reason of this defective insulation, carried through the secondary wire to the electric light fixture in the decedent's house, and he was electrocuted when he completed the connections by taking hold of the fixture with one hand and the water faucet with the other.

The plaintiff alleges that the accident was brought about by the carelessness and negligence of the electric company, in that it did not for some time prior to the accident examine and inspect its wire, and because the wires were carelessly and negligently put on the poles.

The complaint states that the decedent was 39 years old, a bookkeeper and expert accountant by profession, and at the time of his death earning from $2000 to $2500 per year.

He left a widow and a little son, the latter but six months old.

PROF. CRIPPEN TO BE WEDDED

Popular Catcher to Become a Benedict—Is to Teach Physics.

Frank Crippen, the crack catcher of the Duluth baseball team, leaves tonight for Aurora, Neb., where he will make a home run next Tuesday, marrying Miss Dickinson, a pretty society girl of that place.

He and his bride will then go to St. Paul where Mr. Crippen has accepted a position as instructor of physics in the St. Paul Academy and this afternoon's game is probably his last in professional baseball, though he has accepted terms on Duluth's reserve list for next year.

Prof. Crippen has only been with the team about half of the present season, but he has been a steady and hard working player—considered one of the headlest catchers in the league. The fans here like him personally and appreciate his splendid work behind the bat.

Few of the fans ever imagined that the quiet little backstop was a professor until recently. He is considered a good instructor in science and Jack Lagger, the center fielder, says that Crippen can discuss biology, philology, philosophy, theosophy, mathematics, hydrostatics, geology, psychology, cosmography, microscopy and stereoscopy with the best of them.

"Butch" Kennally, the first baseman of the White Sox says he never saw Crippen's equal as an authority on ceramatics, dynamics, political economy, astronomy, histology, cosmology, and Photology.

These Cool Evenings

A Puritan oil heater will warm you up. See the nice line the Kelley Hardware company have.

EMMET'S DAY

Will Be Observed By Duluth Irishmen and Their Friends.

Appropriate Program For the Occasion Will Be Arranged.

Duluth Irishmen and friends of Ireland will do honor to the memory of Robert Emmet, Ireland's illustrious young patriot.

The centennial anniversary of his execution occurs on Sept. 20, and the day will be observed all over the world, with a program befitting the occasion, for it is a date in the history of Ireland that no Irishman will ever forget.

Division No. 1, A. O. H., of this city, has taken action towards observing the day, and a committee is now at work preparing program and making all arrangements for a memorial meeting.

On Sept. 20, 1802, Robert Emmet, a young man of education and fortune, was executed in Dublin, Ireland, for being connected with an insurrectionary movement. His celebrated speech on the occasion, when he was asked why sentence of death should not be pronounced upon him, is a speech that will live forever and be admired by all true lovers of liberty and independence.

It is the intention of the local division of the Hibernians to hold a meeting on that day in union with their fellow countrymen all over the world. A number of well-known speakers will address the meeting, a musical program appropriate to the occasion will be given and the celebrated speech of Robert Emmet will be delivered on that occasion.

The Zenith City has a large number of the Celtic race, who watch very closely affairs in their native land, and especially this year they feel very proud of the passage of the land bill, which, in about ten years, will give nine-tenths of the people of Ireland the soil on which they live. They believe that the day is not far distant when the epitaph of Emmet will be written.

Complete arrangements have not yet been made, but it will be observed in a manner that will do a credit to the Hibernians of this city and to all friends of Ireland.

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 205 E. Sup. St.

Temple Vanbrud, No. 54, Templar of Temperance, will hold a temperance meeting Sunday, Sept. 13, at 3 p. m., at Victor hall, corner of Grand and Fifty-sixth avenue west in West Duluth. The speakers will be: Rev. H. Peterson, of Duluth, and Peter J. Borgstrom, of West Duluth. There will be songs and music.

The postoffice will observe the usual holiday hours Monday. The general delivery and stamp windows will be open from 8 to 10 o'clock and there will be one delivery all over the city. The money order and registry departments will be closed all day.

Parlor theater—New vaudeville program.

The funeral of Mrs. L. M. Linnell, of Embarrass, who died in this city this week, took place this morning at 10 o'clock from the Masonic Temple. Mrs. Linnell was a member of the Order of the Eastern Star.

The usual special program of music which is arranged monthly will be given tomorrow evening at St. Paul's Episcopal church.

Parlor theater—Fun starts 8:30 tonight. New dances taught by Regina Smith this season are La Tonka, one step, four step and cotillion.

Mrs. Emma Johnston, formerly Emma Gaard, can learn of something to her advantage by calling at No. 601 Torrey building.

There will be dancing at Prof. Dooley's assembly Monday evening. Orchestra of five pieces.

Miss Isabel Doherty has returned to Duluth after a summer in the millinery centers, and is once more superintending the fashions at Panton & White's.

Get your furnace repaired now. Don't wait until the frost comes. H. R. Helbing, 119 West First street. Both phones.

If your husband drinks, send him to Dr. Roisland, 206 East First street.

Dancing in two pavilions afternoon and evening at Lester Park, Labor Day, rain or shine. Two first class orchestras. Tickets good for both floors.

Dancing in two pavilions afternoon and evening at Lester Park, Labor Day, rain or shine. Two first class orchestras. Tickets good for both floors.

Miss Eva Wright entertained a few of her friends at a charming party last evening. The invited guests were: Misses McAndrew, Sundby, Richards, M. O'Donnell, Etta O'Donnell, McDonald; Messrs. Grimes, Nolden, Shaw, Wilkes, Brockaway, Whalen.

Mrs. Thomas D. Merrill will give the annual reception for the Needle Work guild at her home on Twenty-seventh avenue east, Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 8, at 3 o'clock. The section presidents, directors and garment members are expected to be present.

O. C. Collier, H. A. Blume and George Lucore returned yesterday from a two days' prairie chicken hunt about Bralaerd and Staples, Minn. They brought back 150 birds and report the shooting the finest ever. The chickens are plentiful and fat and have thus far been but little hunted. The party raised several coveys within a patch of a few acres.

The circulating department of the public library will be closed all day Monday and the reading room will be open from 2 to 9 o'clock.

PIGEONS ALL REACH HOME

Henry Flynn's Carriers, Twenty-Seven In Number, Are Back.

Twenty-seven homing pigeons released from the state fair grounds late yesterday afternoon were in their cote at 824 East Second street this morning.

Owing to the fact that the birds were set free late instead of early in the morning it was impossible to catch the time of their arrival here, and it is not believed that they made any record-breaking time, owing to the fact that they will not fly in the dusk or at night.

Henry Flynn, the owner of the birds, says he will send them to St. Paul again next week and have them try for a time record under more favorable conditions.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Springfield, Mo., Sept. 5.—Mrs. Anna Bell, whose husband is an employe at the Frisco yards here, today shot and killed her 18-year-old daughter and then killed herself. She left a note saying that the family into which she had married had wrecked her life, and giving directions for the disposition of her body.

OIL ON FIRE.

Mont Prier, Ind., Sept. 5.—The oil tank holding 30,000 barrels of crude petroleum belonging to the Manhattan Oil company, was struck by lightning this morning and the oil set afire. A cannon was brought from Lima, and a large hole was shot into the tank to let the oil out. The loss is $3500.

GIRL AND WOMAN.

CARE NEEDED AT THE TRANSITION FROM ONE TO THE OTHER.

MANY A LIFE SPENT IN SUFFERING BECAUSE TROUBLES WERE ALLOWED TO DEVELOP AT THIS TIME.

Every mother of a growing girl should remember that there will come a time when her daughter will be a girl no longer, but will share with her the blessings of womanhood. Unless nourishment keeps pace with growth, the foundations of a life of suffering are laid at that time. Chlorosis, commonly called green sickness, may develop unless the blood is kept rich and pure; incipient consumption and nervous and constitutional troubles that have been dormant in the blood, will surely appear unless the system is kept toned up until the danger line is passed. Mrs. John McKinney, of No. 478 Thirteenth street, Detroit, Mich., writes a timely word on the subject. She says:

"I did not get proper care at the first critical time in my life, and for seventeen years I suffered as a result. I had dizzy spells, felt a constant fear that something dreadful was about to happen, and was afraid to go out alone. My breathing was very short and I had palpitation of the heart so badly that I could not go upstairs nor walk even moderately fast. I was so nervous that I could not sit still. At different times for years I was under the care of the best physicians in Detroit and I tried a number of advertised medicines. Nothing helped me until, on the advice of a neighbor, I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I felt relieved before the first box was finished, and I kept on taking them until I was cured.

"Last winter my little girl had rheumatism and I gave her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and she got well right away. My sister's daughter was thought to be going into consumption, and, upon my advice, she tried the pills. They cured her cough and she is now well and strong. You can readily see that my entire family is enthusiastic over Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and we cannot say enough in their praise."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are always successful because they go to the root of the disease. Other remedies act on the symptoms—these marvelous vegetable pills remove the cause of the trouble. They have proven themselves to be an unfailing specific for all diseases arising from impure or impoverished blood and weakened nerves—two fruitful causes of nearly all the ills to which human-kind is heir. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold in boxes at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams Medicine company, Schenectady, N. Y.

BAD FIRE AT STATE FAIR

Club House of Woman's Federation Is Totally Destroyed.

St. Paul, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire broke out in the club house of the Woman's federation, on the state fair grounds, at 1:50 this afternoon, and the building was totally destroyed, entailing a loss of about $10,000. The fire was caused by the explosion of a gasoline stove. None of those in the building was hurt. There was a large crowd on the grounds at the time and the fire caused great excitement.

RURAL CARRIERS.

Washington, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Albert B. Elston has been appointed a regular and Carl Harrison a substitute rural carrier at Verndale, Minn.

EXCURSION

To Two Harbors.

SUNDAY, SEPT. 6

Steamer AMERICA leaves Booth's dock at 10 a. m. and Steamer MOORE at 2 p. m. Returning, leave Two Harbors, 5 p. m.

Fare, 50c Round Trip

SHIPS AT BEIRUT.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Acting secretary of the Navy Darling has received a cablegram from Admiral Cotton announcing his arrival at Beirut. The dispatch contains no reference to the condition of affairs there.

TWO BODIES FOUND.

Philadelphia, Sept. 5.—The decomposed bodies of a woman or a girl and a young man were found today in a house on Germantown avenue. The bodies had evidently been lying in the house for several days. Identification has not been made.

ITALIANS KILLED.

Indianapolis, Sept. 5.—Tony Donn was killed and his brother Guiseppe and three other Italian laborers were seriously hurt this morning on a Pennsylvania railroad work car, which collapsed by being caught between cuts of cars.

Lester Park.

There will be dancing in two pavilions afternoon and evening Labor Day, rain or shine. Two first-class orchestras (Flaaten nd Blewett's) will furnish music. Tickets good for both halls.

Would your sudden removal by death make it harder for your family to get along..... ?

Why expose them to want and suffering when you can avoid it through The Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Philadelphia.

Call or write for particulars.

Geo. H. Prudden, Mgr.

310 LYCEUM BLDG.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

CHANGE IS MADE

Alterations In the Engineer Corps of the Great Northern.

The North West Will Make Its Last Visit Tuesday.

J. D. Mason, resident engineer of the Superior office of the Great Northern road, has been appointed resident engineer of the Eastern district to succeed W. P. Whitten, who has been assigned to other duties. The lake and Eastern districts are consolidated into one department, under Mr. Mason's charge. The Western district of the lines, which has been under the supervision of Alex Stewart, has been divided and Mr. Stewart is assigned to superintend the engineering work at Seattle, the coast lines and the Cascade division. O. S. Bowen will suceed Mr. Stewart as resident engineer at Spokane. The position of resident engineer at Havre, Mont., has been abolished, and all work on the Montana division and the Montana Central road will be under the supervision of J. C. Patterson, assistant engineer at St. Paul.

LAST OF SEASON.

Noth West Leaves Tuesday For Last Trip.

Tuesday night the steamship North West, of the Northern Steamship company, will leave for Buffalo for the last time this season. The advance bookings are large and the officials of the company have been agreeably surprised at the large business done the latter part of the season. The company's business for 1903 has been a record-breaker owing to the gaining popularity of lake travel. A few years ago comparatively few persons journeyed by water when they could make their trips by rail. During recent years the lake transportation companies have equipped their vessels with all the conveniences usually found at hotels, and there has been a steady increase in demand for accommodations.

Close Labor Day.

All railroad city offices will be closed all day Monday on account of Labor day. The observance of Labor day has become quite general in all large cities, and the general offices in other cities of the roads entering Duluth will also be closed for the day. This gives the employes a two-days' vacation, and many of them are taking advantage of the holiday in taking trips to points along the line.

Will Visit Here.

R. J. McLenahan, chief clerk in the general freight department of the Great Northern road at St. Paul, will spend Sunday and Monday in the city. He will stay at the Spalding hotel.

SEWING!

By far the finest display of sewing machine work ever seen in Duluth, was that of the

WHITE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY

at the county fair. Remember, the WHITE has the vibrator or rotary shuttles, lock or chain stitch. We sell on easy payments or cash; also rent machines. Store 129 West Superior street. Both telephones.

PURELY PERSONAL

Lieut. James Shannon, U. S. A., who has been visiting his parents in Duluth, will leave this afternoon for St. Paul. Lieut. Shannon returned from West Point several weeks ago.

Maj. F. E. Resche, M. N. G., who is also captain of the Duluth police department, will leave for St. Paul this afternoon for a short vacation.

Capt. Joseph R. Holmes, of London, Eng., arrived in the city Thursday, and is a guest at the Kitchi Gammi club. Capt. Holmes is on his way to the Canadian Rocky Mountains, after which he proceeds to New Mexico via the Pacific coast.

Mrs. Bain Smith has returned from the East.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward W. Payne, of Springfield, Ill., who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. William C. Sherwood, of Hunter's Park, returned to their home the past week. Mr. Payne is president of the State National bank of Springfield, and for many years, was associated with William B. Ridgely, the present comptroller of the currency, in the banking business.

Harry Woods, who has been spending the summer with his parents left the middle of the week for the East to join Congrove's Concert company.

Miss Eleanor Brackenbrough, of Lafayette, Ind., who has been spending the summer as the guest of Miss May R. Sherwood, of Glen Avon, left for her home last Monday.

Ed M. Liebleln, the Hancock and Calumet wholesale grocer, was in the city today.

Deputy County Auditor L. A. Marvin returned to his duties at he court house oday after a short vacation.

Miss Mayme Carroll of the judge of probate's office has returned from a short outing with friends at Solon Springs, Wis.

G. A. Tomlinson will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Chicago.

W. G. Ulrich of the Omaha city office, will leave this afternoon to spend Sunday and Labor day on a fishing and shooting trip in the vicinity of Gordon, Wis.

Mrs. I. Belden will leave this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Burley.

J. H. Greaves and M. F. Jamar will leave this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for Deerwood, for a fishing trip.

John Swan left this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for St. Paul.

C. F. Reynolds will leave this afternoon over the Omaha for Chicago.

J. H. Darling will spend Sunday and Labor Day finishing and shooting at Deerwood, leaving this afternoon over the Northern Pacific.

E. E. Esterley will leave this afternoon over the Northern Pacific for St. Paul.

Christian Endeavor Rally.

A grand union Christian Endeavor rally will be held Tuesday evening in the First Christian church, corner of Fifth avenue West and Fourth street, at 8 p. m.

The delegate to the national convention at Denver will be present and make an address, and the officers for the ensuing year will be elected. There will be special music.

DON'T FORGET IT. DON'T FORGET IT.

THE LABOR DAY PICNIC

AT UNION GROVE

36th Ave. East and London Road.

A GOOD TIME FOR ALL

Street Cars direct to the Picnic Grounds from early in the morning until late at night. LaBrosse's Orchestra will furnish the music for Dancing on the largest platform at Head of the Lakes. ATHLETIC SPORTS AND GAMES, PROMENADE CONCERT—VAUDEVILLE.

Oration by Ald. W. E. McEwen

The Duluth General Electric Light Co. has generously offered to make the Grove at night as light as day.

THEY DID WELL

Jean Duluth Farm Horses Get State Fair Ribbons.

Win Up Against the Fiercest Kind of Competition.

In spite of the fiercest kind of competition the Percheron horse exhibits of the Jean Duluth stock farm at the state fair showed up well, pulling out several ribbons, though the number of firsts was not up to last year's showing.

As it was, the Duluth horses were the only ones in the state that got places. Most of the firsts were taken by imported horses exhibited by Indiana and Illinois importers, the largest concerns in the country.

Under the circumstances the Jean Duluth farm exhibit did remarkably well, and it was a great credit to the city of Duluth. It was generally conceded to be the finest bunch of horses in the Northwest, and there is nothing in the state that could compare with it.

The fact that the horses were Percherons brought them right into the voltex of competition, as nearly all of the stock exhibited was of that breed. Considering these things, the management of the farm is highly pleased with the result. John G. Williams, one of the owners of the farm, returned this morning from St. Paul, and he so expressed himself. C. P. Craig, another owner, was expected back this afternoon.

The Duluth stallions took third and fourth prizes, while no other Minnesota horses got places. McLaughlin Bros., the Big Crawfordsville, Ind., stock breeders, had a big string of horses there, and did not get a ribbon.

Yesterday the Jean Duluth horses took the blue ribbons for heavyweight draft teams and lightweight draft teams. A pair of 3-year-olds were taken for the lightweight team, and it was generally conceded that they made the finest team on the grounds. For 3-year-olds the Duluth horses took second, third and fourth.

The Angora goats took about twenty ribbons, getting prizes all along the line. The Shetlands also took a number of first prizes.

HARRIMAN RETURNS

New York, Sept. 5.—E. H. Harriman was a passenger on the steamer Cedric, which arrived today from Liverpool. Mr. Harriman was accompanied by his family. Just before sailing for Europe he underwent an operation for appendicitis and the trip abroad was to recuperate his health. He said that he came back much improved and confident that he had fully recovered from the effects of the operation.

FIRE AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Fire started in the Regent hotel at 10 o'clock this morning but was extinguished after causing less than $900 damage. There were thirty guests in the hotel, all of whom escaped injury. The origin is unknown. The building was fully insured. Chase's theater was not damaged.

OLDEST BANK AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES.

INCORPORATED 1879.

Deposit your

SAVINGS

in the

AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK.

Capital, - $500,000.00

Surplus and Profits, $250,000.00

Books given and interest paidon deposits of $1.00 and Upwards.

If out of town send your moneyby mail or express with signature and address.

Open Tonight From 6 to 8.

SCHOOL FOR DANCING!

Assembly hall, Masonic Temple. Regina Smith, member of American National Association of Masters of Dancing, will reopen her classes Thursday, Sept. 17. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Private lessons by appointment. Pupils may enter at any time. Term begins with first lesson. Address REGINA SMITH, 53-54 Board Trade, Superior, Wis. Z. phone 4361.

STEAMSHIPS.

White Line Transportation Co.

ISLE ROYALE ROUTE.

Fast Passenger and Freight Service — Leave Mondays & Thursdays for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Gold Rock, Isle Royale and Port Arthur 9:30 a.m. Leave Sundays and Wednesdays for Hancock Houghton, Isle Royale and Port Arthur, at 4:00 p.m. Sundays boat via Ashland and Ontonagon.

All boats arrive at and leave from Singer's dock, Lake Ave. B. Up-town office—No. 9 Lyceum Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.			A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv.	Duluth	Ar. 10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv.	Proctor	Lv. 10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv.	Iron Junct'n	Lv. 8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar.	M'nt'n. Iron	Lv. ----	12:20
7:27	10:35	Ar.	Virginia	Lv. 7:00	12:50
6:53	10:29	Ar.	Eveleth	Lv. 7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar.	Sparta	Lv. ----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar.	Biwabik	Lv. ----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar.	Hibbing	Lv. 7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.... Duluth ....Ar.	12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.... Virginia.....Lv.	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar.... Eveleth.....Lv.	8:00	2:45
12:05	7:55	Ar..... Ely .....Lv.	7:25	2:00
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave			Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	†	2:00 p.m.
† 11:15 p.m.		†	9:20 a.m.
† 6:20 a.m.		†	9:20 p.m.
* 9:30 a.m.	Montana and Coast.	*	6:43 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.	Fergus, Grand Forks, Winnipeg.	*	7:10 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia	*12:20	p.m.
† 6:20 a.m.	Wilmar, Soo City, St. Cloud.	†	9:20 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spalding Hous

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44. All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p.m. Lv—North Country Mail—Ar. *8:30 a.m. All Rail Points.

†8:15 a.m. Lv.....LOCAL.....Ar. †7:15 p.m. Marquette and Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:35 a m
b 8:00 a m		b 6:55 p m
a 7:50 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m		a 4:15 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 5:00 p m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	a 6:30 a m
a 7:55 p m		b 8:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.

Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	..St. Paul, Minneapolis..	†3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	....Twilight Limited....	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	....Chicago, Milwaukee....	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	..... Appleton.....	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	..Oshkosh, Fond du Lac..	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	.....FAST MAIL.....	*10:55 am

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H. W. HARGREAVES, Prop.

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THE MEAT TRUSTS.

There are two meat trusts—the packers and the retail butchers—and while one holds down the price paid to the farmer and stock-raiser, the other robs the consumer by charging exorbitant prices. The two trusts work in harmony, as a rule, the packers refusing to sell to any retailer who is not a member of the retailers' combine and the latter throttling competition by expelling from membership in the combine any dealer who cuts the prices that have been fixed. It is not strange that the public, both the stock raiser and the consumer, are trying to devise ways and means for relief from this merciless combination. It is true they are not working with the same object in view. The consumer wants to buy his meats at lower prices, while the stock raiser is not interested in reducing retail prices, but desires to produce competition in buying cattle so as to make the packers pay a better price for cattle. Possibly, if the stock raisers' scheme succeeds, the consumer may be in a worse position than now—the retail price of meat may be raised instead of lowered. If the stock raisers would, after establishing the competition they desire, sell their meat to any retail dealer, whether a member of the retailers' combine or not, there might be some hope of relief for the consumer.

Members of the National Live Stock association are planning to build a packing house, starting with $1,500,000 capital, and they figure that in this way they can make the packers pay a higher price for cattle. They point to the fact that the men who raise cattle and hogs have seen prices of stock fall from 7 to 8 cents a pound to about 5 cents without any corresponding reduction in the price of the finished product. A pound of bacon costs more in their markets today than it did when a 300-pound hog brought $7 and $8 more to the farmer than it does today. So with beef. The farmer gets less and the consumer pays more. There is a reason for it and the farmer and shipper has been investigating and discussing it.

A Kansas man, who raises corn and buys cattle in the fall to feed the corn to, took a load of steers to the Kansas City market a few days ago. He figured what he could have sold his corn for and decided that he had lost just $15 a head on every animal he fed last winter and this summer. He found that meat was no cheaper and in some cases was higher than last year. He found, too, that when he got one offer for his cattle from a packer the other packers were all willing to give him the same price, but not a cent more.

The stockmen say this is an every day experience and argue that under these circumstances it is no wonder that they all conclude that if the packing house merger, talked of last year, was not completed according to the original plan, there was a merger in fact and effect just the same. The only difference, they say, was that the packers did not throw on the market some hundreds of millions of watered stock and continued to buy stock separately to keep down the popular feeling against the merger. Their proposed packing house will try to pay the farmer as much for his meat on the hoof as the market for the finished product will permit. Thus the venture is for the benefit of the farmer and shipper, while the interests of the consumer receive no attention. What can be done to help the consumer who is plundered on every side is a problem which has not been solved.

THE JACK PINE LANDS.

The paper read by Superintendent Chapman of the Grand Rapids experiment station at the recent Forestry convention at Minneapolis, in which he asserted that farming on jack pine lands cannot be successful, is bringing down on his head many severe criticisms, in comparison with which previous remarks by The Herald appear extremely mild. In fact, Mr. Chapman has stirred up a regular hornet's nest, and he is likely to hear considerable on the subject from those who have made splendid farms from which Norway and jack pine had been removed. There is so much of this sort of land in the northern portion of the state that Mr. Chapman's statements are regarded as an unwarranted slap at the whole country. The Bemidji Pioneer says:

"Corn, clover, root crops, in rotation; with cows, swine, sheep and poultry is a combination that will win out on a 'jack pine' farm. The failures of pioneers who take claims and run them on any other system is not and never has been confined to the sandy soils, but has ruined farmers, merchants, bankers and machinery men in the richest prairie sections. If Mr. Chapman will come up to Bemidji we will guarantee to show him how to increase the fertility of jack pine land by an intelligent system of crop rotation, clover, rye and barn-yard manure produced on the farm. If the Grand Rapids experiment station is to help the farmers of Northern Minnesota the man in charge should have better judgment and make better use of his opportunities than Mr. Chapman has done."

Mr. Chapman has not been heard from since the attacks on his paper began. He said he expected to be criticised, and he has not been disappointed.

The most pleasant feature about the mimic war games is that each side thinks it won the victory.

THE ALASKAN BOUNDARY.

The outcome of the meeting of the joint commission to settle the Alaskan boundary question is a matter of importance to the United States. This commission is composed of three Americans, two Canadians and one Englishman. As far as an umpire is concerned the Englishman is the only one who can be considered and he would naturally favor the Dominion. It is not to be expected that the Canadians will view the issue fairly as they believe that they are entitled to a port in the Southern strip of Alaska, now held by the United States.

One of the tasks of the commission is to decide upon the meaning of the treaty of 1825 between Russia and Great Britain, upon which a boundary between British and Russian territory in Alaska was agreed upon, and incidentally the treaty of 1867, by which Russia sold Alaska to the United States, will have to be dealt with. Under the treaty of 1825 with England, Russia had a continuous strip ten marine leagues wide of territory along the mainland of North America extending downward from the great body of Alaska and following the sea indentations throughout its entire course, unless there should be found within those limits a mountain chain which would constitute the center of a watershed. A range of mountains has been discovered within these boundaries, and this range is considerable enough to constitute a divide between water systems. The United States recognizes this limitation, and will give up something of the ten marine leagues of territory. But Canada wants more than this. The United States' contention is that the strip of territory claimed by Russia in 1825, and ceded by Russia to the United States in the treaty of 1867 by which we bought Alaska, follows the sinuosities of the coast throughout the entire length of the strip. Canada, on the other hand, claims that the true boundary cuts across from headland to headland, by which Canada would get most of the mainland of this strip, including several ports of great value, while the United States would be restricted to a few capes and promontories, which would be of comparatively little worth. The battle will wage chiefly on this point of the interpretation of the treaty regarding whether the line follows the windings of the coast or makes a cut across.

It would seem from the arguments presented by the United States that it has a decided advantage. Its contention, which was that of Russia while the territory belonged to that empire, was acknowledged by England and Canada down to a few years ago. When the Hudson Bay Fur company leased from Russia the very territory with its ports which Canada now claims, it conceded this very important point. On all the maps of the territory made by Russia and the United States the territory figures as Russian or American—the former until 1867 and the latter since then. England made no protest against this claim until half a dozen years ago. The British admiralty charts until recently give this territory to the United States. The United States held and still holds the disputed region. No claim to any part of this strip was made by Canada until after the gold discoveries in the Klondike in 1897. Canada then discovered that one or two ports in the territory held by the United States and conceded along to that time to belong to the United States would be convenient for the gold region, and a claim was made to them, and out of that claim grows the dispute. If there had been no gold discovered this controversy would never have come up. One thing is certain. Not a foot of the American territory will be surrendered, even if the British-Canadian commissioners fail to see the reasonableness of the claims of the United States.

TO REDUCE NATIONAL DEBT.

The proposition to reduce the national indebtedness of the United States by means of the big surplus in the treasury, is meeting with considerable favor among the conservative financiers of the country. The financial liabilities of the government of various kinds, aggregate $2,202,464,781.89. What may properly be called the national debt, however, is considerably less than this, for the interest-bearing obligations amount to only $914,541,400. This item is made up of bonds of various issues, all of which bear interest. There is an item of $392,500,000, which is clasified as "debt bearing no interest," and another item of $890,000 which is also included in the aggregate of the debt. The first item consists of United States notes, old demand notes, national bank notes and fractional currency, while the second is made up of treasury, gold and silver certiiicates of various denominations. They are merely included in the general statement of the national debt because they are obligations for which the government is responsible, but they are not a source of embarrassment or worry. In view of the fact that the great bulk of United States bonds have many years to run yet, the only way that the national debt could be materially reduced at present would be by the adoption of a bond-purchasing policy.

There are many men who believe that the funds in the treasury are large enough to warrant this being done. There is an available cash balance of $231,000,000, which is considerably more than the needs of the government demand should be kept on hand. Secretary Shaw's intention to use $40,000,000 of this fund in making deposits in national banks, should the money situation require it this fall, would interfere with the proposition to apply the cash balance to the purchase of bonds in the market. The whole thing will come finally to a question of finance, when Secretary Shaw will have to determine whether the state of the treasury and the general condition of business in the industrial centers will permit him to deplete the cash balance in order to cut down the national debt.

The interest-bearing debt will be reduced next year by natural methods, for in February next the loan of 1904 will mature. This loan of $100,000,000 was issued in 1894 to run ten years at 5 per cent. The government has gathered in a good many of these bonds already, getting about $50,000,000 worth in the recent refunding operations. At the present time there are but $19,000,000 of the 5s of 1904 outstanding, and they will be taken up in February. After that the next bonds to mature are the 4 per cents of 1907, of which $168,000,000 are outstanding. This is only a small part of the original amount issued, which aggregated $740,000,000, but the government has taken up many of them in refunding operations also. In 1908 another lot of $81,000,000 will mature, being the 3 per cent bonds that were issued in 1898. After that there will be a long gap in the redemption process, the next bonds maturing in 1925, when the government will take up $118,000,000 of 4 per cents, that were issued in 1895. The largest issue of bonds outstanding is that of 1900, bearing 2 per cent. About $525,000,000 of them are out. This is the bond most popular in the treasury department, and efforts are being made right along to have them issued to supplant others of different issues. Thus in the recent refunding operations the department took up $80,000,000 worth of bonds of 1904 and 1907 and replaced them with the 2 per cents of 1903.

While the debt of this country seems large it is small in comparison with those of European nations, the per capita indebtedness of the United States being less than that of any foreign nation of any importance. The proposition to reduce this indebtedness will strike the average citizen as a good one. It will put a large amount of money into circulation and prove a benefit in many ways.

A SIGNIFICANT SHOWING.

The attendance at the recent meetings of the National Educational association at Boston was a revelation in many ways and full of significance, when compared with the previous meetings. The grand total of enrollment for this meeting was 34,868. The largest enrollment at any previous convention was 12,500, showing an enormous and unprecedented gain. Of the 34,868, New England furnished 9356, the Middle States 5465, the South 2928, the Central West, 15,650 the Rocky Mountain and Pacific states 874, Canada 374. This shows that the twelve Central states furnished nearly one-half, New England more than one-fourth, the Middle states nearly one-sixth, the twelve New England and Middle states 14,821, or nearly 1000 less than the twelve Central states.

A detailed study is even more interesting. Massachusetts with 7435 is 70 per cent ahead of the next largest enrollment ever made by a state—California's registration at Los Angeles, 4357—and three and a third times as many as Michigan had at Detroit—2193—which is next to the California figures. Massachusetts pays $14,870 into the treasury above the nearly $40,000 spent in entertainment. That Massachusetts' awakening is recent may be seen from the fact that her highest previous record was 310. In 1903 she had nearly twenty-five times her record for eighteen years. The gain in New England has not only never been approached by any section in which the meeting was held, but no section has ever reached it in figures for any meeting in its borders. The Middle states registered 5465. When the meeting was at Buffalo the attendance from these same states was but 2699, or one-half.

The Central Western states—Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, the Dakotas, Nebraska and Kansas, register for Boston, 15,650. The largest previous number was 7671, at Chicago in 1887. Coming on an average of nearly 1500 miles, they have more than twice as many as they ever had in their own territory. Seven of the last nineteen meetings have been held in these states and the average is a trifle less than 5000, so that these states register at Boston more than three times the average of their own section. Of these states, Illinois is the greatest marvel, with 4017, or from 1000 miles she has more than half as many as Massachusetts. Even at Chicago she registered but 1750, or considerably less than half as many as at Boston. Ohio had 2647, while at no meeting in the Central states had she ever registered more than 753, which was at Detroit. She had nearly four times that number at Boston. Missouri had 1474, Michigan 1403, Iowa 1190, Minnesota 1124, Indiana 1089, Wisconsin 1090, Nebraska 718, Kansas 481, and at Topeka only 190, and the Dakotas 437.

The fifteen Southern states, including Indian territory and Oklahoma, sent 2928, but even these states, with all the assumed prejudice against New England, had but 1449 at Charleston, and 691 of these were from South Carolina alone. Leaving South Carolina out of both reckonings, the rest of the South sent 858 to Charleston and 2834 to Boston, considerably more than three times as many. Kentucky sent 68 to Charleston and 523 to Boston. Tennessee had 96 at Charleston and 402 at Boston. Georgia 357 at Boston, leading three of the New England states. Alabama had 238, Texas 218 and Louisiana, 206. Virginia is perhaps as much of a surprise as any state, as even at Washington she had but 63, while at Boston she had 185, three times as many. Mississippi had 136 and West Virginia 133. North Carolina sent 132 to Boston, to Charleston 72. Even Arkansas registers 118 this year. Indian territory had 44, she has rarely had more than 8 or 9. Canada had 374 at Boston, never before has she had a separate record, so comparison is impossible.

It would seem that Boston is still "the hub of the universe." At any rate the people seem to have wanted to go to Boston, and to Boston they went. The Central West carried off the honors of attendance, but the whole country evidently wanted to visit Beantown, and they did.

INDIAN TERRITORY FRAUDS.

Another inspector has been sent down into Indian territory to investigate things there, and as the result of his inquiries the officials at Washington are all stirred up. They are beginning to realize that there have been rank grafting schemes going on and they also realize that unless the guilty ones are punished a hideous stain will mark the administration of Indian affairs. According to the reports now issued from the department of justice, every federal official under the department of justic in Indian territory and Oklahoma will be thoroughly investigated, and every publication, every letter, every rumor having the remotest bearing will be sifted to the bottom. When the investigation is complete no honest or straightforward official of the department will suffer. Every dishonest man will be dealt with as his acts warrant. This sounds well, but will it be done?

The department of justice takes the position that it has trusted men fully competent to bring out all the facts in connection with the operations of employes in the Southwest. It has a force of skilled examiners who are constantly engaged in examining the accounts of marshals and court officers and who are skilled in the ferreting out of evidence.

It is understood that the half has not been told in relation to conditions in the Southwest. A great game of grab has been going on everywhere and the reports are likely to show a condition most scandalous.

HOTEL GOSSIP

"I don't suppose I ever will quit being foolish," declared Fred Thompson, an insurance agent from St. Paul, yesterday, as he lighted a fresh cigar and leaned back in a chair in the Spalding lobby. "Only yesterday I showed proof of this assertion in letting go of the easiest bunch of the filthy lucre that has been my fortune to have within my grasp for some time.

"Four of us down in St. Paul decided that we better take a trip to Duluth. One of the other three had a pass and the others asked me to purchase railroad tickets. I don't like buying anything for anybody. It's too much like acting as banker in a poker game. You always come out loser. But, as I could find no legitimate excuse for refusing to purchase the tickets I did so after each of the men had 'coughed up' $4.30 apiece.

"We boarded the train and began our trip. I had our transportation ready but the conductor passed us up through some oversight. We thought that he would take up our tickes until we were within a few blocks of the Duluth station. We arrived without his having called upon us, however, and then I made the break that cost me $12.90. Turning to my companions I told them to watch me make the conductor feel ashamed of himself.

"He was just passing our seats and I stopped him. I handed him the tickets. He looked at them and then at us. Instead of being angry he seemed to think it was a good joke and laughed as he put the pastboards in his pocket. We all laughed then and in order to make the 'con' think that we had not done it to place him in a bad light I gave him a handfull of cigars.

"We then came over to the hotel and met several friends to whom I told the story. As I concluded one local man, who is connected with the passenger department of a railroad, said:

"'Your joke on the conductor was all right but it cost you $12.90.'

"'How is that?' I asked.

"'Why, replied he, 'if you had stepped into the passenger office of the road they would have redeemed the tickets.'

"I tried to look pleasant as I invited the crowd to partake of liquid refreshments at my expense."

* * *

Dr. T. F. Rodwell, assistant Indian agent at Cass Lake, was a guest at the St. Louis last night and emphatically denied that there were signs of dissatisfaction among the Indians at that point over the timber allotment and estimate. Mr. Rodwell was accompanied by G. E. Marshall, son-in-law of Maj. Scott, Indian agent at Cass Lake. In speaking of the reported trouble at the reservation Mr. Rodwell said:

"This talk of an outbreak is all rot. The Indians are contented with Maj. Scott's administration of affairs and all of them express satisfaction with all of his dealings. As is always the case, there may be a few half-breeds and drunken Indians who are naturally antagonistic to all forms of authority, but the proportion of these is so small that they can cause no trouble. The people around the agencies and sub-agencies, and the better class of Indians, ridicule the idea of any trouble whatsoever."

* * *

"The case of Wa-Sa-Ge-Sig, the Indian whom the authorities are doing their utmost to release, but who wants to stay in jail, is only one of many Indians who would rather spend the winter in confinement in jail than on the reservation," said a former justice of the peace of a Vermilion range town today at the St. Louis.

"When I was in office up on the range many years ago there were times when it looked as if we would have to burn down the jail to keep the Indians out. They actually would deliberately commit some depredation in order to get a jail sentence, and when the sentence was up they would refuse to get out. By the way, the name of Wa-Sa-Ge-Sig means some distant time, and I suppose when the authorities ask him when he intends to vamoos he repeats his name.

"I remember one of several cases I had in which the principal, a great big buck that would have been a good man at lifting timbers, was brought up before me on some minor charge. If I remember correctly it was for stealing dry goods from a store. The store had been entered and the goods taken. Among the plunder was a quantity of whiskey and Mr. Buck immediately proceeded to get roaring drunk. He was away from any settlement before the liquor took effect, however, and the only thing he could do was to lie down at the side of the road with the merchandise piled around him.

"He was found in this condition and was brought before me. Seeing that whiskey was among the articles taken I came near fining the man who owned the store for furnishing liquor to redskins. As the goods had been recovered I gave the Indian only a mild jail sentence. He appeared well satisfied and while serving his time he was compelled to saw wood.

"When his time was up we told him that he could go. We were surprised the next morning to find him still there. We fed him but told him that he would have to get out. The next morning when we got up he was at work on the wood pile wanting to earn his breakfast. It was only by locking him out and refusing to give him anything to eat, that we made him leave the place. After that we had many similar cases."

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: B. Waller, D. T. Rea, Minneapolis; R. M. Thomson, Winnipeg; O. C. Davidson, Iron Mountain; E. G. Marsh, Winnipeg; C. S. Cowles, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Carnish, Virginia; J. F. Harrison, Excelsior; E. F. Brodt, Miss Therese Godfrey, Miss Winifred Godfrey, Hibbing; George C. Teall, au Claire; Mr. and Mrs. William Pearson, Winnipeg.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: T. F. Rodwell, Cass Lake; A. Johnson, Iron River; M. F. Tree, Cloquet; J. J. Lombard, St. Charles; J. W. Irwin, Bemidji; H. D. Powers, St. Paul; James Anderson, White Bear; J. C. Caldwell, St. Paul; Charles E. Nelson, Virginia; J. W. Willis, Nashwauk; Charles R. Orten, Mora; L. S. Powers Grand Rapids; T. W. Palmer, Chippewa Falls; Robert F. Miller, Kelsey; James H. Lunz, Two Harbors; Mrs. J. S Lutes, Biwibak; Mr. and Mrs. I. P. Johnson, Eveleth; William Werne, Hibbing; Thomas F. Brady, Miles Gandsey, Hibbing.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: William Olsen, St. Paul; F. A. Landbery, Quebec, Can.; J. L. Forbes, Fergus Falls; Mr. and Mrs. Charles I. Prish, Utah; Mrs. M. Prish and son, Ely; John R. Potter, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Daley, Two Harbors; M. J. Murphy, Ely; W. G. Brown, Tower.

An Interesting Situation.

Chicago Record-Herald: Turkey is satisfied with the attitude of Great Britain and Germany. The Britons and Germans are still patiently collecting the interest on what Turkey owes them.

Imported Slavery.

San Francisco Call: A Chinese of this city has been marked for death by his fellows because he had the Mongolian effrontery to steal away and marry another coolie's slave girl. The fact is interesting and perhaps timely as a suggestion which should be abolished in San Francisco.

Women Teachers Sob For Liberty.

Kansas City Star: It is certain that among the "sacred and inalienable rights" for which the fathers of the republic contended, none was more sacred and inalienable than the right to court and be courted. The assertion of this prerogative well becomes the men and women in Kansas who train the young idea to shoot. And as teaching seems to qualify its followers for matrimony, there is no reason to suppose that matrimony might not, by a reciprocal operation, fit its votaries for the work of public instruction.

Supremacy of the Sea.

New York Tribune: Great Pan was dead centuries ago, and Neptune has descended from his briny throne. He has abdicated his dominion, has cast aside his crown of seaweed, and has sulkily sought refuge in the gloomiest recesses of the innermost caverns of darkest oceans. Herreshoff is the ruler of the waves, and soon there will be found nowhere anyone to dispute his supremacy in his chosen calling.

For Coughs and Colds, children take Pisos Cure for Consumption without objection.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Sept. 5.—It is cooler this morning over the greater portion of the lake region and upper Mississippi valley, and warmer in the far West and Northwest, except in Manitoba, freezing temperature occurring in the latter district. The Dakota "high" has moved its center to Minnesota, while the western "low" has increased in strength and is central over Nevada, eastern Oregon, and eastern Washington. Light showers fell over South Dakota, Colorado, eastern Nebraska, south rn Lake Michigan, eastern Lake Erie, and Florida. The winds in the lake region are mostly fresh northwesterly with partly cloudy weather.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Bismarck	68	Memphis	90
Boston	84	Miles City	78
Buffalo	76	Milwaukee	68
Calgary	62	Minnedosa	56
Charleston	82	Modena	90
Chicago	68	Montgomery	88
Cincinnati	90	Moorhead	66
Davenport	72	New Orleans	86
Denver	72	New York	76
Detroit	82	Nort Platte	72
Dodge City	84	Oklahoma	92
Duluth	64	Omaha	72
Edmonton	62	Pittsburg	88
El Paso	96	Port Arthur	62
Escanaba	62	Portland	82
Galveston	84	Qu Appelle	62
Green Bay	66	Rapid City	84
Havre	70	San Francisco	60
Helena	74	Santa Fe	82
Houghton	58	Shreveport	90
Huron	70	Spokane	82
Jacksonville	82	St. Louis	88
Kamloops	68	St. Paul	64
Kansas City	82	Sault Ste Marie	58
Knoxville	88	Swift Current	60
La Crosse	66	Washington	84
Lander	76	Williston	62
Los Angeles	82	Winnemucca	90
Marquette	55	Winnipeg	62
Medicine Hat	68		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m., (local time), Sunday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity—General y fair tonight and probably Sunday. Light frost tonight in outlying districts. Fresh northeasterly winds, increasing in force Sunday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Sept. 5—Forecast till 7 p. m., Sunday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday with probably local showers this afternoon or tonight in south portion. Continued cool; probably light frost in central and north portions.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday. Warmer in central and west portions. Light frost in east portion tonight.

The Dakotas—Partly cloudy and warmer tonight and Sunday.

Upper Lakes—Fresh and possibly brisk north to northeast winds. Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday.

LAUGHING LINES.

Chicago News: Father (proudly)—"I believe, my dear, the baby is going to look like me." Mother (gazing at the infant)—"Yes, poor little fellow, I'm afraid he is."

Chicago Post: "Did you have a good time fishing?"

"Oh, fair, fair," replied the candid man, "but we had a better time lying about it when we got back."

Detroit Free Press: He—When did you begin to suspect I was in love with you? She—The day you told me I could have anything I wanted on the bill of fare.

Washington Star: "Some folks," said Uncle Eben, "loses de full benefit of deir work by not bein able to handle it. De chicken kin lay de egg, but she can't poach it."

Puck: Mrs. Knicker—Aren't you glad your children are all settled?

Mrs. Bocker—Yes, indeed; they're all happily divorced now.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Yes, I've got to ask her mother for Jennie's hand."

"Does it worry you?"

"Well, to tell you the truth, it makes me feel sorry her father isn't living."

Chicago Post: "Do you think those new people will make good neighbors?"

"Oh, delightful. Why, I can see already that they're going to do enough scandalous things to keep us in gossip all winter."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I am doing my best to convince George that I am economical."

"What have you done?"

"I have worn the same dress twice."

Detroit Free Press: "Your salary isn't enough to support my daughter, sir"

"I'm glad you've come to that conclusion so early, sir."

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: Jack—"You should have seen how mad old Roxley was when I told him I proposed to marry his daughter."

Ned—"Kicked like a mule, eh?"

Jack—"No; I wish he had. A mule only kicks backward. I believe."

Philadelphia Press: Tess—Roxley's young widow has two million dollars, I hear.

Jess—Yes; just thing of earning that much money in one year.

Tess—Why, she didn't earn the money herself—

Jess—Of course she did. Wasn't she married to him for a year?

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "You shouldn't allow yourself to be irritated. It wears on you. You must never talk back to your wife."

"You're out on your reckoning there, doctor. I never get the chance."

"I wish," he said, "you could make pies Like mother used to bake."
"And I," said she, "wish that you made The cash pa used to make."

—Cincinnati Tribune.

Give the Old Man a Show.

Kansas City Star: Still the refusal of of the war department to permit the exhibition of old Geronimo, the Apache chief, at the world's fair in St. Louis will not prevent this interesting convict to Methodism from letting his light so shine that men shall see his good works and glorify their Father which is in Heaven.

The Injunction Limit.

Minneapolis Times: An Omaha man has been enjoined against speaking to his wife and children, but the court says nothing about his wife giving him a piece of her mind the next time she sees him. This government by injuction has been carried too far.

Novel Incident of Trade.

Pittsburg Dispatch: Of the "crop" of 1903 the Kentucky distillers are making preparations for the exportation of 20,000 barrels of whisky to German ports for storage. This is a new idea, and is the first exportation in Kentucky history of any great amount of young whisky to be matured in Europe. It is a novel incident of the trade. The whisky to be sent abroad is intended largely for the trade in California and other Western states.

SCHOOLS

SHERWOOD MUSIC SCHOOL

A superior school of Music, Drama, Languages. Under direct supervision of William H. Sherwood, the great American Pianist. Leading Musicians and Artists in all departments.

MUSICAL DIRECTORS

William H. Sherwood — Walter Spry
Arthur Beresford — Mrs. Genevieve Clark-Wilson
Mrs. Stacey Williams — Daniel Prosperos
Adolph Rosenbecker — Wm. Apmadoc
Rossiter G. Cole — Mme. Ida Serven, School of Drama

For neatly illustrated booklet write
LOUIS EVANS, Manager, 203 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

GOL DARNED TOUGH.

Comin' back from a vacation is a purty rank affair,
An' it takes a Christian fur to subjugate the swear,
Fur the soul is yit a jinglin' with the music o' the woods
An' the stomach yit a yearnin' fur the commissary goods.
At the desk we squat a thinkin' o' the heaven we have seen,
We kin hear the birds a singin' an' kin see the livin' green
Of the ever-smilin' valleys an' the mountains bold an' rough,
An' we look on our imprisonment as Gol Darned Tough!

Try to put our thoughts on paper, but they canter far away
To the brooks where speckled beauties in their fishy frolics play,
An' we smell the timid fragrance o' the purty mountain flowers
As they deck with modest beauty all the shaded woodland bowers.
We kin feel the line a jerkin', hear the reel begin to spin,
Find ourself a speculatin' if the trout or us will win,
Then we hear the cry fur copy, fur a batch o' slushy stuff—
Tell yon what, the rude awakenin' is Gol Darned Tough!

Feel a hefty lot o' envy fur the fellars with the cash,
Them 'at never feels the cuttin' o' the daily labor lash,
But kin loaf out in the wildness o' the overlastin' hills
Till ol autumn comes a skippin' with her frostiness an' chills.
Seems a hint o' comin' heaven when you're campin' in the shade
Of an overhangin' mountain in a quiet rustic glade.
But to have to hang to labor fur the filthy lucre stuff
In the blazin' heat o' summer; well, it's Gol Darned Tough!

But ol' autumn is a comin' with the winter ship in tow
An' the breezes 'll be sprinklin' frosty jewels as they blow,
An' be shakin' snowy feathers from their widely sweepin' wings,
An' be aggravatin' noses with the sharpness o' their stings.
Then the golden rural visions from the memory 'll skip,
An' we'll see the mountain valleys struggglin' in an icy grip,
An' we'll set in cosy quarters on' our faithful pipe we'll puff
An' our daily grind won't seem to be so Gol Darned Tough!

—JAMES BARTON ADAMS, in Denver Post.

Another Credit Mark.

Philadelphia Press: The percentage of girls and women employed to the total self-supporting population is less in the United States than in any other great nation, being only 14 per cent. In Germany the percentage is 25, in England 27, in Italy 40 and in Austria 47. The more backward the nation the larger the percentage of women employed in industrial pursuits.

Fortune Waits on Success.

Harper's Weekly: Radium, discovered in 1898, was valued at $5,000,000 a pound. Its estimated value has since been reduced to $2,521,555.90 a pound, which is a very material reduction, but the price is still high. We read with interest that a Buffalo man, Mr. Stephen T. Lockwood, expects to engage in the manufacture, or extraction, of this interesting substance, and hopes to lower the price still further. His hopes, as recorded in the papers, are based on the possession of certain deposits of carnotite in Utah, from which he has been able to extract radium, and which he believes can be induced to give its radium up somewhat easier than the pitchblende from which the radium so far obtained has been extracted. We hope he will succeed. Radium is the most interesting substance out, and, dear though it is, a very little of it goes a great ways, and lasts apparently forever. We want more of it, for, unlike liquid air, it seems really to be of use for something besides amusement and speculation.

Municipal Lightning Plants.

Chicago News: Chicago has the largest municipal electric lighting plant in the world. Detroit comes next, but in both these cities light is furnished by the municipal plants for public purposes only. The Chicago and Detroit experiments are considered successful. Many smaller communities own lighting plants and furnish light for both public and private use, ordinarily with satisfactory results. It yet remains for a large American city to demonstrate that a municipal lighting plant can make a success of the commercial lighting business. The city of Cleveland, under Mayor Johnson's rule, apparently is to be the first to try the experiment. Immediately after his re-election last spring Mayor Johnson set on foot a movement for the establishment in Cleveland of a municipal lighting plant that not only should furnish light for public purposes, but should sell to private consumers as well. The city council was asked to authorize a bond issue for the purpose. The chamber of commerce of Cleveland offered objections. Mayor Johnson met this opposition by suggesting that the proposition be submitted to the people. It will be voted on at a special election early in September, and Mayor Johnson's friends expect a large vote in favor of it.

The New Neighbor's Selfishness.

Baltimore American: Mrs. Bradley—Nobody likes that Mrs. Newcom. She's going to be awfully unpopular.

Bradley—Why, I thought she appeared to be a very nice neighbor.

Mrs. Bradley—But she's so disagreeable.

Bradley—In what way?

Mrs. Bradley—Well, she has such a selfish way of letting you alone, just as though you didn't want to know all about her.



CUT THE PRICE IN 2 AND IMPROVE THE QUALITY, TOO.

YOU CAN DO BOTH BY USING

HUNT'S PERFECT BAKING POWDER

THE PIONEER PURE PHOSPHATE POWDER

25¢ for a full lb CAN.



A young man has reason to feel proud of himself and his horse when he arrives with the medicine in time to save life. But why take such desperate chances when it costs but a trifle to keep a bottle of

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

in your home. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. Colic, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and Diarrhoea are quickly cured by it.

ALABAMA ORE

Capt. Fay Said to Have Acquired Immense Iron Deposits.

Extensive Coal Lands Also Secured—W. H. Yawkey In the Deal.

According to reports in the local papers of his home town, Capt. M. L. Fay, of Virginia, the well-known mining man who was a congressional candidate last fall, has just engineered a Southern iron and coal land deal that sounds tremendous.

Capt. Fay returned during the week from a trip to Birmingham, Ala., where he successfully closed what is said to be the biggest deal in the history of the Southern ore trade.

By the deal W. H. Yawkey, of Detroit, and Capt. Fay acquire a controlling interest in the fee of 45,000 acres of Alabama lands.

Of these lands 15,000 acres are valuable for iron and 30,000 are coal lands. All are located within a circle with Birmingham, Ala., as its center, and with a radius of thirty miles.

The ore lands are in the Red Mountain district, and the Virginia, Minn., papers, apparently with Capt. Fay's sanction, say that they contain 600,000,000 tons of iron ore that have been proven up. Which is quite a considerable bunch of ore.

The coal lands are in the Cahabah and Black Warrior coal fields, and exploratory work thus far done upon them has proven 300,000,000 tons of coal. Which is quite a considerable bunch of coal. About two-thirds of the coal is said to be an excellent coking variety and the balance is of domestic varieties.

The new owners of the property are going ahead to make the explorations more complete and satisfactory, and to develop the property. The work will be begun about Jan. 1, and will be pushed rapidly.

The deal is a most important one, for the amount of property involved is tremendous. The work of getting out the coal and iron will, of course, cover a long series of years, and will keep the owners busy for about as long, as they want to work at it.

Bargains TODAY

If you want the best quality for the money, this is the store at which to buy your Tea, Coffee, Baking Powder and Flavoring Extracts, etc.

Good Santos—two lbs for..... **25c**

Golden Santos Coffee—worth 22c, tomorrow, a lb.. **18c**

Java and Mocha—extra fine, worth 35c, tomorrow **30c**

3½ pounds for..... **$1.00**

Particular People should try our Old Government Java and Mocha, none better, a lb. **38c**

BARGAINS IN TEAS!

The same as you pay 80c and 90c per lb for elsewhere—our reg. price 60c; tomorrow.. **48c**

Regular 60c Japan Tea—tomorrow, per lb..... **48c**

Regular 60c Oolong Tea—tomorrow, per lb..... **48c**

Regular 60c Eng. Breakfast Tea—tomorrow, per lb.. **48c**

Regular 60c Gun Powder Tea—tomorrow, per lb.. **48c**

LAUNDRY SOAP—ten bars for..... **25c**

TOILET SOAP—regular 25c kind—tomorrow..... **18c**

SHREDDED COCOANUT per lb..... **14c**

Malcomson Tea Store

Wholesale and Retail Coffee Merchants

110 WEST SUP. ST.

Red Front. Both' Phones.

REGULAR DANCES

—AT—

OATKA

Every Wednesday and Saturday During September.

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Marquette—Judge George P. Wanty, of Grand Rapids, who is holding federal court for the western district of Michigan here this week, has taken under advisement the case of the United States vs. the steamer Huronic, owned by the Northwestern Steamship company, charged with violation of the navigation laws. The Huronic took nine passengers aboard at Duluth and sold them tickets through to the American Soo, a thing illegal for a boat of foreign registry, the Huronic being Canadian owned. The offense was committed in August of last year. It was investigated and in due season Collector Gad Smith, of this district, assessed a fine of $200 for each passenger, making a total of $1800. The owners of the boat, it appears, were willing to pay the amount, but the department desired an opinion in the case, and it is for this purpose that it was submitted before Judge Wanty. The owners of the Huronic made no appearance and only the United States' side of the proceedings was presented.

Something of a stir has been caused in marine circles by the receipt of an official order at the local customs house, providing that hereafter the masters and chief mates of all sailing craft of over 700 gross tons must have licenses, secured after an examination as to their qualifications, in order to retain their positions, the new arrangement being practically the same as that affecting the crief officers of steam craft.

A second order received from Secretary Cortelyou provides for an equally important innovation. According to this all sailing vessels of 700 gross tons or over must be inspected, and if not found seaworthy will be denied the certificate now required before they can ply the lakes.

Ishpeming—There was some excitement at the home of Walter Fitch, chairman of the county board of supervisors, at Champion yesterday, when one of the servants announced that there were three black bears in the back yard. The trio consisted of a mother bruin and two cubs. The latter were playing on the path leading to the garden, while the older bear was feasting on the vegetables.

There was a scramble for a gun, but by the time the weapon was found the bears had disappeared in the grove back of the house. Bears have been seen on numerous occasions at Champion, but always by men who were not armed or by berry pickers. A force of hunters is being organized and Saturday and Sunday will be devoted to an attempt to round up the animals.

Ontonagon—Seven years ago last Tuesday occurred the big fire which all but wiped Ontonagon off the map. Nearly 2000 people were made homeless. To relieve the distress an appropriation was made by the state legislature and contributions were received from all parts of the country. A new town has risen from the ashes of the old and is more prosperous than was Ontonagon before the fire.

Seney—The general store of John Blair was robbed. The safe was blown with nitroglycerine and all its contents, $100 cash and $1000 worth of papers taken. The robbers made good their escape.

Marquette—Edward Uarult, aged 10, fell from a rapidly revolving band saw at the South Shore railroad shops and was probably fatally injured. A gash eleven inches long was cut in his head.

IN SPORTING CIRCLES

MENDS HIS WAYS

Harris Shows His Rank Umpiring Is Not Through Incompetency.

Pretty Game Won By White Sox—Great Struggle Sunday.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Winnipeg	52	27	.697
Grand Forks	56	35	.615
Crookston	53	39	.567
Duluth	40	49	.450
Fargo	35	60	.372
Superior	26	60	.399

* * *

Brilliant fielding, timely swats, and fast work on the paths won an interesting game for the White Sox yesterday.

The lone hold-up stunt by Umpire Harris the day before had a tendency to keep the attendance down, but the more enthusiastic of the faithful tried to forget the robbery and occupied heir usual sea's.

Harris umpired a clean game, demonstrating that the performance of the day before was not due to incompetency. As far as clear ability goes he can deliver the goods.

The fielding feature was Kennally's unassisted double play in the sixth. With a visitor on first, Hartley swung savagely at the ball and something resembling a streak of lightning flashed down toward right field. Kennally grabbed the attack, completing about the quickest double play seen here this season.

Grand Forks scored in the first on a single and some ragged throwing to bases. Duluth got busy in the third and scored three times. Quillan singled and Shepard sacrificed. Lagger was hit by a pitched ball. Hanahran fumbled Kennaly's drive and Brockway slammed a sizzling two-bagger into right. Wilkes sacrificed and Crippen struck out. In the fourth Corrigan led off with a double and scored on Hartley's single. In the fifth Lagger hit a scratch two-bagger, stole third and scored on a passed ball.

Duluth scored the last run in the eighth. Wilkes drove a hot one at Sessions and the star pitcher of the visitors saw all the miseries of his life pass in review. It was a mock parade, however, for the drive only temporarily paralyzed him. Wilkes reached first and was sacrificed to third by Professor Crippen. He scored on a passed ball.

Grand Forks got dangerous in the ninth. Corrigan broke off a double and Hartley reached first on an error by Lagger. Hanahran singled, scoring two runs. With one out Cox sacrificed and Mullane was out on an easy whack to Gehring. The score:

DULUTH.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Quillan, 3b	4	1	1	0	4	0
Shephard, ss	2	0	0	2	4	1
Lagger, cf	2	2	2	1	0	1
Kennaily, 1b	4	1	0	19	0	1
Brockway,	3	0	1	1	3	1
Wilkes, lf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Crippen, c	3	0	0	2	2	0
Shaw, lf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Gehring, p	3	0	0	0	6	0
Totals	29	5	5	27	19	4

GRAND FORKS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Brown, 2b	4	0	1	0	3	0
Schwarnweber, ss	4	0	1	2	2	0
Corrigan, lf	3	2	2	0	0	0
Hartley, rf	4	1	1	1	0	0
McCoy, cf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Hanrahan, 3b	4	0	1	2	3	1
Cox, lb	4	0	0	13	0	0
Mullane, c	3	0	0	5	0	0
Sessions, p	3	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	34	4	7	24	12	1

	R.	H.	E.
Duluth	0 0 3 0 1 0 0 1 x	5	3
Grand Forks	1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2	4	1

Summary: Two-base hits—Corrigan (2), Lagger (2), Brockway. Left on bases—Duluth, 7; Grand Forks, 2. Earned runs—Grand Forks, 2; Duluth, 1. Bases on balls—Off Sessions, 5; off Gehring, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Sessions, Lagger and Crippen. Struck out—By Sessions, 5; by Gehring, 2. Stolen bases—Hartley, 2; Lagger. Sacrifice hits, Shepard, Crippen. Passed ball—Mullane. 2. Time of game—1:42. Umpire—Harris.

* * *

The Champions won an uninteresting game from Fargo at Winnipeg yesterday. The score:

	R	H	E
Fargo	0 2 0 0 0 4 0 3 0—9	9	3
Winnipeg	0 0 5 3 0 2 0 1 *—11	12	2

Batteries: Fargo—Burns and Bonthron; Winnipeg—Barton, Bemis and Cameron.

* * *

Cross Fire Martin was easy for the tail-enders yesterday. He was touched up for twelve hits and Superior won easily. The score:

Superior—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Williams, ss	5	2	2	2	3	0
Cassiboine, 2b	5	1	1	7	4	0
Foster, cf	4	1	4	0	0	0
Page, 3b	5	0	2	2	0	0
Spellicy, 1b	4	0	0	8	0	0
Huie, rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Olson, lf	3	0	0	1	0	1
Howard, c	3	1	0	6	1	0
Morris, p	4	2	2	0	2	0
Totals	34	8	12	27	10	1

Crookston—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Quigley, 3b	4	0	0	2	2	0
Burns, cf	4	0	0	2	0	0
Cameron, 1b	4	0	1	6	0	0
Hoffmeister, rf	2	1	0	1	0	0
Shields, 2b	3	1	2	5	0	1
Breyette, ss	4	0	1	1	1	0
Carlyle, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Edwards, c	3	0	1	4	0	2
Martin	2	0	1	1	0	0
Totals	30	2	6	24	2	4

Score by innings—

Superior	2 0 1 2 0 0 0 2 *—8
Crookston	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Summary: Two-base hits—Williams, Shields, Martin. Three-base hits—Foster, Morris. Double plays—Williams to Cassiboine to Spellicy; Cassiboine to Williams to Spellicy. Bases on balls—By Morris, Hoffmeister, (2), Shields; by Martin, Foster, Olson. Struck out—By Morris, 4; by Martin, 2. Umpire—McCallum.

* * *

Grand Forks is playing a sensationally fast fielding game. Only one error has been made in the series thus far against nine for Duluth.

* * *

The Duluth and Superior game at Superior tomorrow will be a hot affair. If Duluth wins it will make the two teams even on the season's series. If Superior wins the tail-enders will have the best of it by two games. Shaw and Doll are the pitchers and Managers Van Praagh and Bray have put up $100 on the game. The Crookston and Grand Forks players will watch the contest.

* * *

The first game between Duluth and Grand Forks on Labor Day will be at 10:30 in the morning. The second at 3:30 in the afternoon. Don't forget the time and place.

* * *

Quillan and Shepard did great work on fast infield hits at critical times yesterday.

MORTIMER WINS BLUE RIBBON.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 5.—Sergeant Mortimer, Tenth Royal Grenadiers, has won the governor general's prize, the blue ribbon of the Dominion annual rifle association here, with a score of 197 out of a possible 210.

OUTLOOK IS GLOOMY

Prospects For Football Season Anything But Bright Now.

Arrival of Coach May Bring Change In Conditions of Affairs.

Prospects were never gloomier for a good season's football in Duluth than at the present time.

The high school team has not yet got together for the season, and there seems to be very little interest taken by the students in the game. The old-time stars have left for other fields, and the younger members seemed disheartened at the chances. At a time when the team should be organized and in the field for preliminary practice there is but little talk of the game.

John Church, who will coach the team this year, has not yet arrived in the city, and until his arrival it is not likely that any action will be taken by the boys.

There is good material from which to choose, however, and should the game be taken up energetically by the students, a winning team might be developed.

Meanwhile the plans for the all-graduate team have made but little progress. Men are what the promoters of the team want, and what they are finding difficulty in securing. But seven or eight old-time players have signified their willingness to don the padded suit once more and chase the pigskin. If the idea were but taken up energetically by the former players in the city, the team would doubtless be popular with the public. With a winning team in the high school last year, Duluth sport lovers became enthusiastic over the game, which has ever been popular in this city.

Unless the promoters of the team can secure more players during the coming week, it is likely that a meeting will be called during the following week, to which all lovers of the game will be invited, and at which officers will be elected and a club organized.

BIG DANCE

AT LINCOLN PARK PAVILION

LABOR DAY

Afternoon and Evening.

FRIDAY'S GAMES.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At New York—New York, 7; Brooklyn 6. Second game—Brooklyn 7; New York 2.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 6; Boston, 4. Second game—Philadelphia, 9; Boston, 0.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg 4; Cincinnati 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Washington—Washington, 8; New York, 1.

At Detroit—Detroit, 11; Cleveland 3.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Louisville—Minneapolis, 3; Louisville 2.

At Columbus—Columbus, 5; Kansas City, 1.

At Indianapolis—St. Paul, 4; Indianapolis, 1.

At Toledo—Milwaukee, 5; Toledo, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	PC.
Pittsburg	117	80	37	.684
New York	120	72	48	.600
Chicago	116	68	48	.586
Cincinnati	115	61	54	.530
Brooklyn	116	59	57	.509
Boston	116	48	68	.414
St. Louis	118	39	79	.331
Philadelphia	110	37	73	.336

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	PC.
Boston	114	74	40	.649
Cleveland	117	65	52	.556
Philadelphia	113	60	53	.531
New York	108	55	53	.509
Detroit	112	57	55	.509
St. Louis	114	53	61	.465
Chicago	114	52	62	.456
Washington	115	37	78	.322

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	PC.
St. Paul	121	80	41	.661
Louisville	122	73	49	.598
Milwaukee	120	69	51	.575
Indianapolis	122	65	57	.533
Kansas City	118	59	59	.500
Columbus	122	53	69	.434
Minneapolis	123	45	78	.366
Toledo	122	41	81	.336

DANCING AND CARD PARTY

By the Ladies of the Unitarian Church, at Oatka Auditorium,

TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 8

REFRESHMENTS SERVED.

WILL PAVE A SQUARE.

Argentine Makes a Curious Offer to Rome.

Rome, Sept. 5.—The city of Rome has just received the offer of a curious gift, which, while it has been accepted with gratitude has caused some amusement. The commune of Buenos Ayres as a token of Argentine friendship for Italy and a tribute of affection for the late King Humberg, whose remains were buried in the pantheon here, has offered to pave the piazza of the Pantheon and the surrounding streets with Argentine wood, which will be kept in repair by the donors.

THE LOGAN SAILS AT NOON.

San Francisco, Sept. 5.—The United States army transport Logan will sail for Manila direct at noon today with troops and freight.

WINNER OF CLASS B.

Kiichli Wins In First Event In Second Preliminary Tournament.

Game Postponed Several Weeks—Tennis Season Practically Over.

The tournament season of the Endion Tennis club was brought to a close this week, when the finals in the Class B event of the second preliminary tournament were pulled off.

This game had to be postponed on account of the opening of the open tournament, and the contestants did not get together until last Thursday.

Kiichli and McVay were the two players. The match was a very closely contested one, both men fighting for every point. Kiichli finally won out after each man had won a set. The score was 6-3, 4-6 and 61.

This game practically closes the tennis season, as the weather is now becoming too cold for the game, and the attendance at the courts is very small.

The season has been by far the most successful in the history of the club. More tournaments have been pulled off, the entry list to all of them has been larger, and more interest has been taken in the game than ever before.

Five events were pulled off during the season. The following is the list of the events with the winner of each and the number of players entered in each:

Club match, won by Powell Grady, 32 entered.

Class A event, won by Caroll Gaff, 16 entered.

Class B event, won by Wilford Kiichli, 28 entered.

Open tournament—Singles, for the championship of the head of the lakes, won by Charles Chase, of Superior, 40 entered.

Open tournament—Doubles, for the championship of the head of the lakes, won by Charles Chase and Loren Kennedy, of Superior, 16 teams entered.

THE YACHT CLUB

Formal Races For Season Over But Rivalry Is Not.

Cruise of the Club to Be Held Saturday and Sunday.

The summer racing season of the Duluth Yacht club is over, and no more races are scheduled for the season.

The season has been a very successful one, and although there were some delays in the races on account of lack of wind, not allowing the boats to finish within the time limit, the interest in the events has been much higher than during previous years.

No races are scheduled for this afternoon, although the boats will doubtless be out, and some impromptu brushes may result.

Next Saturday the cruising season of the club will be opened. All of the boats will leave Saturday afternoon for a cruise to the extreme end of Allouez bay. The members of the club will spend Saturday evening and Sunday there, returning Sunday evening, or Monday morning. It was at first the intention of the members to take the cruise down the lake to Two Harbors or some other nearby port, but this plan was abandoned in favor of the shorter trip.

If the cruise proves to be a success, others will be taken on following Saturdays.

* * *

"Nothing doing" is the condition of affairs in the only other equatic sport of which Duluth can boast.

Since the departure of Coach O'Dea, the members of the Duluth Boat club have gone out of active training.

An effort is being made to arrange for some trial races between the two fours and several of the doubles for this afternoon, and some of the men will probably be out in the shells for trial spins, but nothing in the nature of regular races is scheduled.

ADVANTAGES OF THE SCHOOL.

The New Era Business college, of Superior, Wis., is the most progressive commercial school in this whole section. Now it offers a typewriter free, Remington or Smith Premier, to each one of its students who take a complete course, for use in their homes or rooms, after school hours, during a six months' term. This is another new feature and novel departure in commercial school work, of which the New Era is the acknowledged leader in the Northwest.

It's the quality of a Flour that tells when it comes to breadmaking. If

Zenota Flour

Is used you will always have sweet, light, nutritious bread and rolls.

TRY IT.

Made by Duluth-Superior Milling Co. ALL GROCERS.



THE MAN WITH THE BIG HEAD—Go 'way! Git out! I'm sick! I want to die!

THE MAN WITH THE LEVEL HEAD—Ah, you old sinner! No rest for the wicked! You will go on a bat while your wife's in the country, will you? You ought to suffer! But why didn't you do as I told you when I left you last night, and as I did myself: take a CASCARET Candy Cathartic before going to bed? You'd feel good like I do. They work while you sleep, fix up your stomach and bowels, cool your feverish liver, and make you feel fine and dandy the morning after. 562

Merchants, Take Notice

The dark corners are full of money.

Every inch of dark space around your place represents a loss. Rent for the dark corners costs just as much as for the light ones. Light is the cheapest thing in the world, whether it is sunlight or artificial light, and the best and in the end the cheapest is electric light. Turn on your light and increase your sales immediately.

We are prepared TO and WILL furnish you with electric light so cheap that you can afford to light ALL of your store, so that you can exhibit all of your goods.

The Duluth General Electric Co.

216 West Superior Street.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY

BOTH TELEPHONES. WE CLOSE AT 1 P. M. SATURDAYS.....

The Printers

Providence Building, Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

MEDITATION.

A woman walked alone one night,
Along the seabeat shore.
And sadly turned her face toward heaven
Repeating o'er and o'er:
"Shall I, shall I give up this mortal life
And be no more?

Shall I throw off this cloak of grief
And from my aching heart,
Thrust forth the dagger, that each day
Sinks deep it's piercing dart.
Ah! shall I, shall I close my eyes
And from this life depart!

Oh! waves! oh! waves! that toss about
Can I upon thy breast
Lay down my wear" aching head
And find sweet rest?
Speak out! speak out! ye heartless waves,
For I am sore distressed."

"Oh! woman, woman," softly spoke,
Each tossing restless wave,
"Dost thou not know thy life belongs
Alone to Him, who gave.
"Tis only he can bring the rest
Thy troubled heart doth crave."

Then down she knelt upon the sand
And whispered, softly, lest
Perchance the stars might know that she
Whose heart was sore oppressed
Had laid her burden on the Lord,
And found sweet rest.

—MYRTLE ROSE STEWART.

KILLED HIS NEIGHBOR.

Grand Junction, Col., Sept. 5.—William Lafarge, a cattleman whose range is on the Dolores river forty miles south of this city, rode into town last night and informed the sheriff that in a fight he had shot and killed E. T. Massey, a neighbor. Lafarge said that Massey fired three shots at him. Finally Lafarge got an opening and did so, killing Massey. He says the killing was in self-defense.

FRENCH AUTO BURNED.

New York, Sept. 5.—A $30,000 French racing automobile consigned to David Bishop, of Lee, Mass., has been destroyed by fire resulting from the explosion of the gasoline tank on a car float at the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad pier, East River.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Bryan Lathrop, applicant, to have registered the title to the land situate in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The southeast quarter of the southeast quarter (se¼ of se¼) of section thirty-three (33), and the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section thirty-four (34) in township fifty-two (52) north, range twelve (12) west of the Fourth Principal Meridian, the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter (ne¼ of ne¼) of section four (4) and the northwest quarter (nw¼) of section three (3) in township fifty-one (51) north, range twelve (12) west of the Fourth Principal Meridian, all according to the government survey thereof,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Robert Fitzgerald, Alfred H. Simons, Samuel A. Jennings, Henry Kirk, H. W. Nelson and Oscar Swanson, co-partners as Nelson & Swanson, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota, to the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 27th day of August, 1903.

(Seal.) J. P. JOHNSON,
Clerk.
By H. A. LIEDEL,
Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 29, Sept. 5-12, 1903.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Bryan Lathrop, applicant, to have registered the title to the land situate in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Government lot one (1) in section ten (10); the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter (se¼ of sw¼), the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw¼ of se¼) and government lots one (1) and two (2) in section three (3), excepting a certain tract in the northwest corner of said lot two (2) in section three (3) described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of lot two (2), section three (3), township fifty-one (51) north, range twelve (12) west, thence east along the east and west line on the north side of said lot two (2), sixteen rods, thence south parallel with the north and south line on the west side of said lot two (2), ten rods, thence west parallel with the east and west line on the north side of said lot, sixteen rods, thence north on the north and south line on the west side of said lot two (2), ten rods to the place of beginning, containing one acre in the northwest corner of said lot two (2), section three (3), township fifty-one (51) north, range twelve (12) west, less ten square rods heretofore given for road purposes in the northwest corner of said lot, all in township fifty-one (51) north, range twelve (12) west of the Fourth Principal Meridian, according to the government survey thereof,

Plaintiff,

vs.

Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company, Henry Kirk, H. W. Nelson and Oscar Swanson, co-partners as Nelson & Swanson, and all other persons or parties unknown claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota, to the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 27th day of August, 1903.

(Seal.) J. P. JOHNSON,
Clerk.
By H. A. LIEDEL,
Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 29, Sept. 5-12, 1903.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, August 22, 1903.

In the matter of the estate of Henry McGolrick, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of James McGolrick of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Henry McGolrick, late of the county of St. Louis, in the state of Minnesota, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1903, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chatteis, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is a brother of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to James McGolrick granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said court on Monday, the 14th day of September, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, that notice hereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a Daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 22nd day of August, A. D. 1903.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 22-29, Sept. 5, 1903.

COMBINE IS THREATENED

Plumbers' Association May Soon Be Broken.

One Concern Withdraws and Another May Soon.

Within the next sixty days the plumbers' combine in Duluth may be smashed.

One of its former members, Matthias F. Crosby is out of the combine, frozen out because he secured some important local contracts for plumbing in new buildings at figures below that which the combine wished to dictate.

It is understood from reliable sources that another member of the local association of boss plumbers has his plans all laid to secede from the combine within the next few days.

For a long time past there has been an attempt on the part of the combine to force Mr. Crosby out of business and for a time the efforts were practically successful, but there have been some important changes in the situation of late which have made it possible for him to continue in business in spite of the combine and he is now in a position to do battle against a combination that has held Duluth building in its power for several years.

Architects and real estate men are jubilant over the turn events have taken and predict that with so formidable an adversary in the field, the combine cannot hold out longer and that a great impetus will be given to fall building operations by local people who abandoned their projects for new buildings last spring and summer.

* * *

According to Mr. Crosby, the fight against him began in 1897, when he secured the contract for the plumbing at the Duluth Brewing and Malting company's plant. He was then a member of the local association. When the contract was awaded him he was just recovering from an attack of typhoid fever. A committee from the local association of plumbers waited on him and told him that he must surrender his contract, which amounted to $6000, and that the association had decided to place it elsewhere.

Mr. Crosby claimed that he was not in a physical condition then to discuss the matter, but would appear before the association later. He did so and was given his choice of either surrendering his contract or being expelled from the association. He decided to keep the contract and was immediately voted out.

Then began a period of persecution. His plumbers were drawn away from him and the warfare was waged until he was again forced back into the association, an agreement having been made between the master plumbers and the journeymen plumbers that the former would employ none but members of the journeymen's union and the journeymen plumbers were to work for no other firms but those belonging to the master plumbers' association.

At that time, says Mr. Crosby, the plumbers were getting a profit of about 30 per cent on their work and there was no agreement as to what particular concerns should go after the work.

* * *

Last spring the local master plumbers' association decided that there were too many plumbing concerns in the field and it was decided to buy up three of these. An assessment of $200 was made on every member of the association, but Mr. Crosby was not notified of the action that had been taken.

The three plumbing firms whose business was absorbed at that time were H. J. Cox & Company, Clark Bros. and the Zenith City Plumbing company. The proprietors of these concerns in selling out are said to have agreed not to again enter the plumbing business in this city for a period of three years.

Shortly after the absorption was made by the combine, however, Thomas R. Gleason, former manager of the Zenith company, rented another place and set up in the plumbing business again. He fell under the displeasure of the plumbers' association, was dropped out and since that time the association has been attempting to make it hard sledding for him to do any business in Duluth.

Early in the summer Mr. Crosby, who still considered himself a member of the local master plumbers' association secured the contract for Capt. J. H. Pearce's new house at Twenty-first avenue east and Superior street. The contract was a very desirable one and Mr. Crosby obtained it on the day work plan.

In doing this he again thwarted the plans of the plumbers' combine and, to discipline him, he was dropped out of the association about July 1, a list of the names purporting to show al lthose in good standing in the association being sent to the plumbers' supply houses. Nothing was said about boycotting Mr. Crosby, but the inference was very plain.

Recently another desirable contract for the local plumbers turned up, that for the Country club house near the Northland golf grounds. The plumbers' combine went after this job, and so did Mr. Crosby and his bid was very much lower than that submitted by members of the association.

Before the bids were acted upon, Mr. Crosby was approached by a member of the association, who, though disclaiming any authority delegated to him by the association, told Mr. Crosby that if he would lay down on the contract the $80 assessment levied against him in the spring and all the back dues amounting to about $10 would be wiped out on the association's books, and he would be in good standing again, in fact all would be forgiven and forgotten.

This Mr. Crosby refused to do and declared point blank that he was not to be pulled off that way, that his bid would go in and that if he secured the contract he would complete it at the figures he had made. A threat was made to break him and he defied the association.

The master plumbers' local association then began a systematic warfare, according to Mr. Crosby. A strong effort was made to take away the journeymen plumbers whom Mr. Crosby employed and to whom he pays union wages. The men refused to leave, however, unless it could be shown that there was a grievance against Mr. Crosby.

This could not be shown, but the master plumbers insisted that the agreement made about a year ago between the two associations that the master plumbers should pay 55 cents per hour and employ none but union plumbers, the journeymen plumbers to work for no other than firms in the combine, be kept and the men expelled from the union. The local journeymen plumbers' union refused to do this because the International Journeymen Plumbers' association has repudiated any agreements of that nature entered into by local lodges with any person, firm and corporation. This means that any person or firm who will pay the union scale of wages is entitled to union help.

In this connection it might be remarked that the agreement between the journey men and the master plumbers' associations was the one obstacle that defeated the plan of certain real estate men, early in the summer to set up an independent plumbing concern. It not being known at that time that the international association of journeymen plumbers would not sanction the local agreement.

Here is the situation as it now stands: Mr. Crosby is out of the combine, has started an independent business, has secured some important contracts, cannot have his plumbers taken away from him so long as they desire to stay, and is able to secure all the plumbing supplies that he needs in his business. Incidentally it might be said that he has ample backing.

The realization of the people of Duluth to the fact that they have been held in the grasp of a monopoly cannot better be brought home to them than by a comparison of a few of the recent plumbing bids where it has been Crosby against the combine. Here are two of them:

	Combine.	M. F. Crosby.
Country Clubhouse	$1,874	$1,350
G. H. Cole's houses	850	630

The difference between the two bids for the plumbing of the Country clubhouse is $524 in favor of Mr. Crosby, yet he claims that he is making a legitimate profit at his figures.

Last Spring when the new plumbing ordinance was passed requiring a heavier soil pipe the master plumbers' association saw a splendid opportunity to give its prices another boost. There followed immediately a material advance in the cost of plumbing for new buildings under erection, and many people who were intending to build backed down rather than pay exorbitant prices.

The people protested, but the master plumbers laid the blame on the new ordinance, on the journeymen plumbers, claiming that wages had been raised in the case of the latter. Mr. Crosby, however, bids of $501 less than the combine for the Country Clubhouse contract, one member of the combine bidding $2000; yet he is putting in the extra heavy soil pipe and is paying the union scale of wages and is making a legitimate profit. Where was that $524 which the combine expected to make over the legitimate profit, to say nothing of the parts were well taken. This afternoon it was again put on and tonight will be seen for the last time.

There is some interesting inside history of the methods under which the plumbers' combine in the city of Duluth does business, but its members are too shrewd to leave any handle for the public to grasp and pull it out for inspection. Verbal agreements were considered better than those on paper, in some cases. However, this is the way it is claimed that the combine did business, and the public can judge for itself.

Whenever there has been a plumbing contract, big or little, the plumbers' combine took it under consideration. Each member, if he cared to, figured over the plans and submitted a bid, not to the architect, but to the association.

These bids were then averaged. To that was added the association's "price"—that is, the bonus that was to be divided among the members that were not to get the contract. This bonus was a certain percentage according to the size of the job, and it was always added to the average, and the plumber whose bid was nearest the average bid was selected as the person to get the work. The association then made the figures for the different bids, care being taken that all other bids except those of the person selected to get the work, should be high enough to preclude the possibility of their getting the job.

These bids were then submitted to the architect that had the work to let. There was no compulsion for any one of the plumbers who was not to have the work to submit his bid, for he was secure in his percentage.

* * *

There was an exception to the above rule of proceedings and it was this: If one of the plumbers in the local combine had the exclusive information as to a contract to be let and none of the others knew of it, to put in a bid, this plumber was not under obligations to take the contract up with the association, but could make any figure that he desired, and close the contract. He did not have to pay the combine its percentage.

This may, of course, be denied by the members of the plumbers' combine, but certain local architects who were aware of the situation have called in a plumber, submitted the plans to him, called for his bid and closed the contract before he left the office and it was found that the figures given was considerably lower than that on other work similar in nature and which cost much more when thrown open for bids.

Mr. Crosby says that he has many times put in his pocket the bid which the combine gave him to submit and never presented it to the architect, knowing that such action would be suicidal to his interests, that there would come a time when architects would say it was useless to submit plans to him for the reason he always bid high.

* * *

Mr. Crosby is very frank in stating his connections with the combine in the past and how his relations have become severed. He says that he has not gone into business with the purpose of fighting a combine, but that he believes that he has the perfect right to do business, and exist as any other business man, by business methods and not be dictated to by an association that has for years done its best to freeze him out of Duluth.

Mr. Crosby has paid up his dues, as a member of the Master Plumbers' association, until the first of this month. He says he will offer the next quarter's dues to the secretary of the local association and if the money is refused he will appeal to the secretary of the state association of master plumbers.

THE STAGE

"When Johnny Comes Marching Home" is something new in the line of comic opera, and the large audience at the Lyceum last evening was a little surprised, but apparently greatly delighted for the applause was frequent and of large volume and encores were demanded with much persistence. "When Johnny Comes Marching Home" is really a war drama set to music. Its plot is one of the strongest ever seen in a comic opera and practically enough around which to weave a pretty war drama. It has situations that are intense and very dramatic, though set to song, and there is less of the comic element than usual, though enough of it to flavor well. A rather unique feature, too, is the appearance of the chorus of maidens in the old-fashioned hoop-skirts of the civil war period and the hairdressing peculiar to that period. The effect is quaint and picturesque. The music of the opera is pretty and there are a number of very bright and catchy airs.

The production was a good one and the company is well balanced and capable. Miss Frances Moerton, the leading soprano, has a lyric voice of much sweetness and penetrating power and she sings with care and considerable finish. Miss Alta Yolo has a deep contralto, powerful and resonant and her solo numbers were fine. Another pleasing singer of whom one wished to hear more was Miss Helen Beresford, who played a boy's part and sang "The Suwanee River" in a quintet displaying a voice of much strength and character. Miss Blanche Bonne thoroughly captivated the audience with her pleasing singing and graceful vivacious ways.

The male section of the cast was also good. Algernon Ashland was Col. John Graham, the hero, and he has a pleasing presence and a voice of fair power, which while not remarkably sweet, is effective. Ned Nye gave a most amusing characterization in the role of Jonathan Phoenix, who tries to be on both sides of the cause and safe himself from fighting, but who in the end does the right thing. Hillard Campbell as Gen. Allen, James Castle as Felix Graham and Calvin High as Geoffrey Martin were good.

The opera was well staged and the light and other effects were delightful.

It was repeated again this afternoon and tonight will be seen for a third time.

* * *

"The Mysterious Mr. Jones" produced at the Metropolitan last evening, is a laugh raiser. That is its mission and it carried it out most effectively last evening, the audience being in laughter most of the time. It is a play filled with funny situations, and ridiculous complications, and breezy wit and humor. All

Autumn Excursions

SUNDAY AND MONDAY, Labor Day
FOND DU LAC—STEAMER NEWSBOY

Boat leaves Fifth Avenue West at 9 a. m. and 2 p. m.—West Superior, 9:30 and 2:30—Also leaves Twenty-first Avenue West at 10 a. m. Get away from the chill blasts of Lake Superior and take your baskets and spend the day at the historical summer resort. Free dancing on Labor Day. No liquor allowed on the grounds. Music on boat. Tickets—Adults, 50c; Children, 25c

Evening Excursion on Lake and Bay—Leave Superior at 8—Duluth 8:30—Tickets, 25c.

USED WIFE AS COLLATERAL

When Redemption Time Came, She Refused to Return.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—If John Bonczek ever gets his wife back home he will think twice before he puts her up again as security for a debt. He has settled the debt, but his wife now says she prefers the erstwhile creditor to her husband, and refuses to go home. Bonczek told his story to Justice Eberhardt and gave the magistrate a pretty matrimonial tangle to unravel.

Bonczek said he bought a stock of groceries from Michele Kulpanski some months ago. He agreed to make an immediate payment of $80 and in addition to assume the debts of Kulpanski. He thought he could some security. A note was suggested and refused.

Then Kulpanski's eye fell on Bonczek's wife and he was struck with an idea. Mrs. Bonczek should come to his house and take care of it until her husband had paid Kulpanski's debts.

This seemed a hard proposition to Bonczek, but the argued it with Mrs. Bonczek and at present to the Kulpanski home.

Three days ago the last of the debts was paid and the condition of the stock of groceries had been compiled with. Bonczek went to the Kulpanski house for his wife. She refused to return to her rightful home.

No amount of urging either by the court or the woman's husband could change her mind and the matrimonial tangle has been taken under advisement by the justice for one week.

RAISED WORLD'S RECORD.

New York, Sept. 5.—John J. Flanagan, of the Greater New York Irish Athletic association, has raised the world's record held by himself, for throwing the 56-pound hammer. The new mark is 35 feet, 11 inches, one-half inch over the old one.



THE POPULAR THEME

of conversation just now is our fine "MOOSE BRAND BEER," pure, foaming, strengthening and the best beverage for coolness, and a tonic. It receives higher praise from more people than any other brewing in the market. Beer time, like strawberry season, should be practically remembered by the daily consumption of what belongs to it.

DULUTH BREWING & MALTING CO.
Either Phone, 241. Duluth, Minn.

Dr. MITCHELL

Receives Hundreds of Letters Like the Following. Read It:

Miss Edith Gordon, of Foreman, N. D., writes as follows: "Your treatment has entirely cured me of constipation and stomach trouble and a severe pain in my left side, from which I had suffered for years. I have no hestitation in recommending you to those who are suffering, as I am sure from my own experience that you can accomplish all that you claim. Anyone whom you wish to refer to me I shall be glad to tell of the benefit I derived from your treatment. I am just in receipt of a letter from Mrs. C. D. Brown, of Folsom, Cal., whom you treated five years ago. She says her eyes are still strong and well and she can see as well as ever and speaks very highly of your treatment. I will be pleased to answer all letters of inquiry as I am no wentirely cured." If you have anything the matter with you, no matter what it is, or how long you have had it, Healer Mitchell can cure you if your disease is curable. He will give you free consultation and advice and tell you just what he can do for you before you pay one cent. This is the most remarkable system of curing disease ever used, and it never fails to effect a thorough and permanent cure. All diseases successfully treated. Call or write.

Office hours, 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. daily. 7 to 8 p. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

A MUSICAL SHOEMAKER

Is Wanted For the Indian School Service.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Any shoe and harness maker who has enough knowledge of music to lead a band, and is satisfied to work for $45 a month, can get a job at the Chamberlain, S. D., Indian school. These are qualifications required by the school authorities, and the civil service commission has issued a notice of an examination to be held some time later in the current month, of applicants who may indicate a desire to take such a place. The successful applicant will have as his principal vocation, the teaching of shoemaking and harness making to young Indians.

MADE A FIREMAN.

New York, Sept. 5.—Clarence H. Mackay, who received as a wedding present the $20,000,000 estate on Harbor Hills, Long Island, from his father, has been carried in and out most effectively last evening, the audience being in laughter most of the time. It is a play filled with funny situations, and ridiculous complications, and breezy wit and humor. All

prompted by the destruction of the picturesque country home of William Cullen Bryant.

MOLINEUX A PSYCHOLOGIST

In His New Book Explains Workings of Woman's Heart.

New York, Sept. 5.—In Roland B. Molineux's new book, his second literary effort, which is to be issued in a few days, he speaks for the first time of the suddenly severed bond between him and his wife after his acquittal. There is no tinge of blame or censure in his brief remarks. In fact, he argues justification for his wife. The paragraph in his new book, a historical novel, "The Vice Admiral of the Black," cannot but be construed as illustrating his own sad marital experiences. It reads:

"Although we idealize them, women are but human and are weaker because more tempted and more affectionate than we of the sterner sex. Women demands the daily tokens of devotion that God intended she should have. Without them she fades as the rose unkissed by the sun or parched for lack of the life and beauty-giving dew. The husband who has ceased to be the lover soon finds his wife no longer the sweetheart, and equally so the absent one is in danger, for absence makes the heart grow fonder —of some one else. It is only natural.

"When years have passed since the woman looked upon her husband's face, whether the cause be warfare in a distant land or misery behind a prison's bars, the result is all but inevitable. Although at first she is all devotion, anxiety and love, plunged in loneliness and sorrow, in time the memory of the man becomes to her a shadow; he seems as one dead, or if anything more real, a living barrier against happiness of which she has been robbed. And when such a moment comes into the life of a woman she is but honest, even if cruel, when she frankly says: 'It is over. I love another.' A man, of course, may speak no such words. The bit of chivalry that remains in us forbids."

YOUNG WOMAN BETRAYED.

Body Exhumed on Suspicion of Foul Play.

Red Wing, Minn., Sept. 5.—The coroner's jury is investigating the death of Ida Vangsness, who died three months ago at the home of L. E. Larson, Minola. She was 23 years old, and had lived with Larson's family since a child. She had been betrayed and died during her confinement.

Her body was disinterred yesterday and the stomach removed, acquaintances of the girl being suspicious of foul play by poison. The affair has caused a profound sensation in the southern part of the county, those who are associated in the public mind with the affair being prominent in church and political circles. The investigation is held behind closed doors.

ON A SPECIAL MISSION.

San Domingo, Republic of Santo Domingo, Sept. 5.—United States Minister Powell arrived here today. He comes to San Domingo on a special mission to see that the government carries out in afull the agreement made in 1902 in connection with the settlement with the Improvement company, Sala and Rio claims. Congress has authorized the government to borrow $120,000 to pay urgent interior debts. The loan will be raised here and will be guaranteed by additional export dues on cocoa. The country is quiet.

Oatka Tonight.

Dancing in the auditorium. Music by La Brosse. Extra car service.

LONSTORF GETS IT

One of Owners of Section Thirty Has Option on Big Tract.

The Section Thirty Company Turns It Over to Him.

After spending $35,000 on the Section 30 iron ore property on the Vermilion range the Clergues surrendered their option for a lease to George J. Lonstorf of Milwaukee, who arrived in Duluth yesterday and completed the negotiations which have been pending for some time.

Mr. Lonstorf will begin prospecting the property next week with four diamond drills which he will drive straight down instead of following the example of the Clergues by putting them down at an angle. The terms of the option could not be ascertained but it is said that the Clergues put out with but small loss for their venture. The Clergues were operating under the name of the Section Thirty company. B. J. Clergue was president and the option from the fee owners ran to Francis H. Clergue, F. W. Eaton, R. H. Fagan, Leonidas Merritt, Margaretha Lonstorf, George J. Lonstorf and L. C. Harris are the fee owners. The Lonstorf family owns eight thirty-sixths.

The Section Thirty company began drilling for ore last winter. Several weeks ago they suspended operations and it was said that the crumbling nature of the ore had made it impossible to determine the extent of the ore body. The Clergues were then confronted with the proposition of sinking an exploratory shaft which meant a heavy outlay of cash, and in addition to this of continuing the drilling. While considering the question the fee owners gave them a certain length of time in which to resume operations and when the Clergues failed to continue the work served notice that their option had expired.

The Clergues' contract on the property included a sliding scale. They were to pay a bonus of $1,000,000 and a royalty of 60 cents a ton if they showed up 5 000,000 tons; $2,000,000 and 5 cents a ton if they showed up 10,000,000 tons and $3,000,0 0 and 40 cents a ton if the amount should reach 15,000,000 tons.

Mr. Lonstorf has had success in his ventures on the Marquette and other ranges and the other fee owners have confidence in his ability to show up ore in large quantities.

When seen at the Spalding hotel, where he will remain until Monday, Mr. Lonstorf said:

"I cannot make public the details connected with the deal, but before September 15 we will have three diamond drills working on the property. I this morning let the drilling contract to Cole & McDonald. If I find that the results of the drilling are not satisfactory I shall put down an exploratory shaft. We have received from the Oliver Mining company permission to use the buildings on the Hyde forty in connection with our operations. I have no doubt but that we will find deposits fully up to our expectations."

The permission given by the Oliver Mining company to Mr. Lonstorf to use the buildings on the Hyde forty shows that the best of feeling is now entertained between the steel corporation and those in control of the Section 30 property over which a fight was waged for years.

FALL TERM

Will begin at the Duluth Business University, for day and evening classes on Monday, Sept. 7. College office open from 8 a. m. until 8 p. m. each week day until the opening. All intending to enroll for this opening are requested to call and make final arrangements. Location, 105-7 West Superior street.

SHIPPED TO DULUTH.

Seattle Authorities Get Rid of Public Charge.

Joseph Hubane, an aged Bohemian, penniless, alone and deathly ill, applied to the poor authorities for aid. He was sent to the poor farm until his case can be investigated. He says that the poor authorities of Seattle are responsible for his presence here, and that he was put on a train with a ticket to Duluth and a parcel of food, which he has been in bed. When he applied for aid here he was in a raging fever and had gone many hours with out food.

Hubane says he was in Duluth four years ago working as a section hand, and he went West to get railroad work. After working some time and coming out about $100 ahead he should have. Without them she fades as the rose unkissed by the sun or parched for lack of the life and beauty-giving dew. The husband who has ceased to be the lover soon finds his wife no longer the sweetheart, and equally so the absent one is in danger, for absence makes the heart grow fonder —of some one else. It is only natural.

When years have passed since the woman looked upon her husband's face, whether the cause be warfare in a distant land or misery behind a prison's bars, the result is all but inevitable. Although at first she is all devotion, anxiety and love, plunged in loneliness and sorrow, in time the memory of the man becomes to her a shadow; he seems as one dead, or if anything more real, a living barrier against happiness of which she has been robbed. And when such a moment comes into the life of a woman she is but honest, even if cruel, when she frankly says: 'It is over. I love another.' A man, of course, may speak no such words. The bit of chivalry that remains in us forbids."

YOUNG WOMAN BETRAYED.

Body Exhumed on Suspicion of Foul Play.

Red Wing, Minn., Sept. 5.—The coroner's jury is investigating the death of Ida Vangsness, who died three months ago at the home of L. E. Larson, Minola. She was 23 years old, and had lived with Larson's family since a child. She had been betrayed and died during her confinement.

Her body was disinterred yesterday and the stomach removed, acquaintances of the girl being suspicious of foul play by poison. The affair has caused a profound sensation in the southern part of the county, those who are associated in the public mind with the affair being prominent in church and political circles. The investigation is held behind closed doors.

ON A SPECIAL MISSION.

San Domingo, Republic of Santo Domingo, Sept. 5.—United States Minister Powell arrived here today. He comes to San Domingo on a special mission to see that the government carries out in afull the agreement made in 1902 in connection with the settlement with the Improvement company, Sala and Rio claims. Congress has authorized the government to borrow $120,000 to pay urgent interior debts. The loan will be raised here and will be guaranteed by additional export dues on cocoa. The country is quiet.

Oatka Tonight.

Dancing in the auditorium. Music by La Brosse. Extra car service.

Monday, Recreation Day, OUR Store will be Closed ALL DAY

WE FEEL that our help is entitled to the day, and it would neither be RIGHT nor LOYAL to rob it from them. Evidently some employers misconstrue it to be a day of LABOR, and to avoid such mistake we call it RECREATION DAY. It would be well to suggest a change to the promoters of the day to "WEDNESDAY, RECREATION DAY" from "MONDAY, LABOR DAY." Both being more practical.

Yours truly,

Gronseth & Olson
THE LOYAL GROCERS.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Saloonkeeper Sued For Selling Liquor to Man After Warning.

Salem—Mrs. Minnie Hofert has instituted suit for civil damages against John Fendrick, the saloonkeeper, in whose place of business her husband was cut in the hand recently.

This is the sequel to a debauch on the part of Hofert last winter, when he was placed in the city jail the coldest night last winter and froze his hands. At that time legal notice was served by Mrs. Bofert and the father of Mr. Hofert on all saloonkeepers not to sell any more liquor to John Hofert.

A short time since he became drunk and in a quarrel was cut in the hand by a thresher. Hofert was arrested, fined $100 and sentenced to thirty days in jail at Sioux Falls. This suit is commenced to recover damages for loss of time and for the fine. The bondsmen of the saloonkeeper will undoubtedly be made parties to the suit.

Mitchell—The remains of Chris Volen reached this city from Chamberlain. He was found dead in bed.

Active operations are now in progress on the new city hall. The masons will commence to lay stone Sept. 15. It is the intention to erect the basement story of the building before winter sets in, and finish the entire structure next year.

Huron—The city was thronged with landseekers and excursionists from the east. Since Tuesday night not less than twenty coach loads of people have arrived from eastern and southern points. They are seeking investments in real estate, and many of the new comers went west and north; and not a few will take government land on the Sioux reservation. Of those going north some will cross into North Dakota.

S. L. Burdick, the North Western railway brakeman severely injured at Lake Preseton last week, has been taken to a hospital at Rochester, Minn., for treatment.

The large tents for the Central South Dakota fair, which opens here next Tuesday, have arrived and are in place.

Pierre—Exceptions have been taken to the statement sent from this city that the code commission reduced the age of consent from 16 to 14 years. The exception is well taken so far as it refers to the commission, as it made no such a change.

The statement was founded on what the new code showed after it was printed, and corrections had been made in the advance work which was first printed. The change was due to a failure on the part of the printers. After the statement was sent out, the matter was investigated and the error discovered and corrected by the printers at a heavy expense to themselves before any of the completed codes had left the city.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—One of the surprises of the last meeting of the board of education was the resignation of Miss Ella Stout as principal of the Washington school. Miss Stout has taught in Fargo for years and is prominent in educational circles, being the only lady ever elected president of the state press association. It is reported that she is soon to wed a former Fargoan, recently established in business in Kansas City.

Nung Lung Lee and Chimg Shong Shee are the names given by two Celestials held here for a hearing before Judge Amadon. They were arrested on the charge of entering the United States illegally. The men claim to be former residents of this country, who have been at home on a visit.

The local land office has been affirmed in the case of Bertha Kluge vs. Herman Bladow in a contest for land in the Lake Traverse belt. Bladow moved his family upon the land and says some boys endeavored to burn him out. Their endeavor, he alleges, frightened him and he moved back to Wahpeton. The officials could not construe the action of the boys as duress and held his entry for cancelation. Bladow endeavored to show that the boys had acted in the interests of Bertha Kluge, the contestant.

William De Witt was arrested in Cavalier county by Deputy Marshal Stout, of Fargo, and held to the United States grand jury on the charge of smuggling Canadian cattle across the boundary line.

Saidon's barbershop and Erickson's studio were robbed. About $50 worth of stuff was taken at each place. The police seem to have a clue in both cases.

Jamestown—At the annual meeting of the Russell Miller Milling company the future of macaroni wheat was discussed. The company is not opposed to the introduction of this flour and, being in the business to furnish the public with what it demands, will grind the wheat into flour when there is a demand for it. It is harder to grind, the directors state, than ordinary wheat and for this reason will be more expensive to handle.

Judge Glaspell yesterday set aside the verdict of a jury in the case of Berg vs. Ladby. The suit was to foreclose a mortgage. The jury found for defendant and the court ruled in favor of the plaintiff.

Minot—Sebastian Hendricks, of Washburn, 44 years old, and unmarried, committed suicide by cutting his throat from ear to ear with a knife in the Second National bank yesterday. He was found unconscious, but Coroner Crokat revided hiw with drugs and learned his name and address. He had been drinking heavily and was short of funds.

PROFITS WILL BE $40,000

The State Fair Is Expected to Net That Much.

St. Paul, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is estimated that the profits of this year's fair will be $40,000 which is the largest amount ever cleared in the history of the association. With enough money in the hands of the association at the close of Thursday's business to pay expenses, everything taken in yesterday and what is to come today is clear profit. More than $24,000 was taken in yesterday and it is believed by the officials, that at least $16,000 will be taken in before the close of the gates tonight, which will bring the net profits up to $40,000.

The management of the fair is more than gratified with the fine showing which has been made in face of the fact that rain partially spoiled what are usually two of the best days of the fair. The splendid surplus which will result from the large attendance of this year, will be used in improvements at the grounds, it being the desire of the management to expend all of the profits upon new buildings and other improvements at the grounds, with a view of eventually making the fair one which will attract attention from all over the United States.

The exhibits this year were larger than ever before in the history of the fair, and the revenue from this source amounted to much more than had been anticipated by the management.

ALLEN'S ULCERINE SALVE

Is a sure cure for Chronic Ulcers, Bone Ulcers, Scrotulous Ulcers, Varicose Ulcers, Mercurial Ulcers, Fever Sores, Gangrene, Blood Poisoning, White Swelling, Poisoned Wounds, all sores of long standing. Positively never fails. Cures also Cuts, Burns, Boils, Felons, Carbuncles, Abscesses. For sale by druggists. Mail 25c and 50c. J. P. ALLEN MEDICINE CO., ST. PAUL, MINN.

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence PATENT LAWYERS,

Established 1852. Washington, D. C.
Our 52nd Anniversary Book on Patents, containing illustrations of nearly 100 mechanical movements, FREE.
We have no representative in Duluth.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Bryan Lathrop and Barbour Lathrop applicants to have registered the title to the land situate in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered three (3) and four (4) and the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter (nw¼ of sw¼), all in section thirty-four (34), township fifty-one (51) north of range thirteen (13), west of the Fourth Principal Meridian; also the following: Commencing at a stone monument on the township line "1225" feet east of the northwest corner of section five (5), township fifty (50) north of range thirteen (13) west of the Fourth Principal Meridian; thence at an angle with said township line of 48 degrees, 10 minutes, this angle is governed by a monument "200" feet east on said township line and "200" feet at an angle of 48 degrees, 10 minutes in a southerly direction, thence along the above mentioned line to the intersection of the shore line of Lake Superior, thence northeasterly along said shore line to where said shore line intersects said township line, thence west along said township line to place of beginng, both of said tracts being described according to the government survey thereof and containing in all two hundred twenty-five (225) acres more or less,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company, City of Duluth, Robert Scarlett, the unknown heirs of Peter A. Van Blarcum, deceased, Brighton Land Company, Duluth Banking Company, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota, to the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicants plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicants plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 27th day of August, 1903.

(Seal.) J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.
By H. A. LIEDEL, Deputy.

Duluth Evening Herald—Aug. 29, Sept. 5-12, 1903.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON PETITION FOR DETERMINATION OF DESCENT OF LAND.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court.

In the Matter of the Estate of Amalia Larcher, Deceased:

The petition of George M. Gauld having been duly made and filed in this court, representing among other things that one Amalia Larcher, who resided last prior to her death at Duluth, in the state of Minnesota, died at Duluth, in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of April, 1895, seized of an estate of inheritance in certain lands in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described in said petition, and that said petitioner has an interest in said lands, and that more than five years have elapsed since the death of said Amalia Larcher, deceased, and that no will has been probated, and administration has not been granted or had of said estate in this state, and praying that the descent of said lands and of the interest of said petitioner therein be by this court determined and said lands assigned to such persons as may be entitled thereto by law.

Now, therefore, it is ordered that the said petition be heard at a term of this court to be held at the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, on Monday, the 28th day of September, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that notice of said hearing of said petition be given by the publication of this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published in said St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Dated Sept. 3rd, A. D. 1903.

J. B. MIDDLECOFF, Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Sept.-5-12-19-1903.

Do You Want Something Good?

WE HAVE—

Lowney's Chocolates,
Lyon's Chocolate Creams,
Plow's Chocolate Molasses Chips,
Richer Butter Scotch.

KUGLER,

YOUR DRUGGIST.

108 W. Superior St.

ONE BAKING from "Commander" Flour Will Demonstrate

Why you should use no other. Every package guaranteed. All Grocers.

HOLDUP HERBERT.



One.



Two.



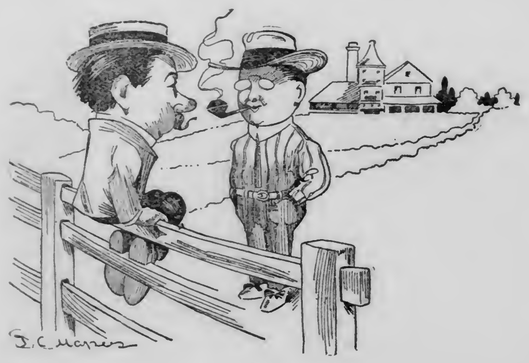
Three.



Four.



Uncle Josh (struggling with French Menu)—Here, waiter! Just bring me a half dozen of these here demi-tasse's and a cup of coffee!



IN THE SUBURBS.

Visitor—The grass on your lawn is awfully long.

His Host—Yes, I know; and I'm going to cut it as soon as the neighbors finish with my lawn mower.



SEPTEMBER.



WOULD BE TOO EASY.

"Mr. Bronnelle, won't yer join us boys in a game of poker?"

"Oh! no! friend John; I love poker, but I'd hate to do it."

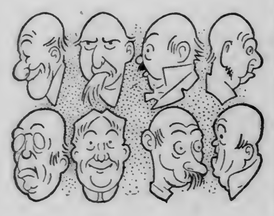


HE GOT LICKED.

"I remember, when I was a youngster, I once walked five miles to whip a fellow."

"And then I suppose you walked home again?"

"No. They brought me home in an ambulance."





TESSIE TWOSTEP.

"Yes, at our club dances one or the other of the Tripper girls always leads the german.

Mrs. Richquick—Why, the impudent hussies—to be so bold with a furriner!



PREPARING HIM.

Mr. Upperten—Do you know, my dear, I think your new evening gown is ridiculously low?

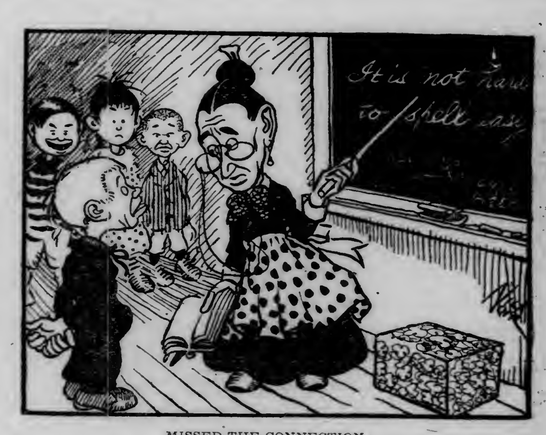
Mrs. Upperten—I'm so glad, dearie; I was afraid when you saw the bill you would think it was extraordinarily high.



"APPEARANCES ARE DECEITFUL."

"What a healthy-looking girl your stenographer is! She doesn't look as though she'd ever had a day's illness i n her life.

"Oh! she frequently has some pretty bad spells."



MISSED THE CONNECTION.

Teacher—Johnny, what's wrong in the sentence "It's not hard to spell easy?"

Johnny—The whole thing's wrong. Spellin's awful hard.



"My brother is going to take me to the theatre." Where is he?

THREE GET PLACES

Messrs Resche, Simpson and Anderson of Duluth on Rifle Team.

Team Will Compete at Lake City With Other Regiments.

Three Duluth men have won positions on the Third regiment rifle team for which the crack shots of the organization have been contesting during the past week.

The successful Duluthians are: Maj. Frederick E. Resche, Musician Simpson, of the Third regiment band, and Carl Anderson, of Company C.

Anoka will be represented by four men on the regimental team. They are, Messrs. Price, Colwell, Bird, and Hunter of Company B.

Brainerd will be represented on the team by Fred Britton and Frank Britton, of the Britton family that has made the Third famous on the rifle range for several years past. The other member of the regimental team will be Wells, of the non-commissioned staff.

The two alternates will be Wolfe, of Company H, of Olivia, and Mahoney, of Company G, of Princeton.

This team will go to Lake City to open up a four days' shoot with the other regimental teams for the state guard championship. The seven highest scorers on each regimental team will be eligible to compete for the state team which will represent Minnesota in the shoot against Illinois, Iowa, Indiana and Michigan for the famous Washburn trophy.

The Duluth men are shooting better than they did at the beginning of the week and have high hope of landing at least one man on the state team. The scores yesterday were as follows:

	200 yds.	300 yds.	500 yds.	T. Sh.	G.T.
Musc. Price, B.	41	37	41	122	188
Sgt. Colwell, B.	38	36	38	112	164
Capt. Briton, F.	38	38	43	119	183
Sgt. Wells, saff.	35	30	34	99	155
Viestrom, H	39	30	16	85	..
Sgt. Bird, B.	38	42	35	115	171
Sellburg, L.	22	27	16	65	..
Private Wolf, H.	38	36	35	109	..
Akerlund, I.	35	22	20	77	..
Private Briton, F.	38	40	37	115	84
Private Taylor, G	34	34	18	86	..
Private Bruner, I	19	24	..	..	..
Corp. Selbert, F.	38	39	32	109	60
Corp. Mergel, G.	26	19	15	60	..
Sgt. Hunter, B.	38	32	25	95	43
Sgt. Johnson, G.	27	23	9	68	..
Sgt. Dash, A.	31	40	25	96	..
Maj. Resche	43	32	28	103	32
Corp. Wilson, H.	38	29	21	88	..
Anderson, C	38	37	39	114	66
Maloney, G	33	33	31	103	44
Whittaker, A.	40	32	40	112	..
Simpson, band	35	38	30	103	72

CRIMINAL CASES.

Pleas Are Made By Several Indicted Parties.

Andrew Iverson who was indicted by the grand jury for grand larceny in the first and second degrees was arraigned in district court yesterday afternoon and pleaded guilty. Pleas of not guilty were entered by Charles Kossiter, indicted for attempted rape. George Rentscheller, indicted for forgery in the second degree, and Andrew Anderson, indicted of assault in the second degree.

The court has issued several attachments for persons who failed to appear before the grand jury after being subpoenaed, but none of these have yet been returned.

Wasegesig, the Indian against whom no bill was returned yesterday by the grand jury, was charged with horse stealing instead of taking liquor on the reservation, as stated in yesterday's Herald. When released from the county jail the Indian was loth to leave such comfortable quarters and for some time did not know what to do with himself. Finally, through the offices of Sheriff Butchart, he was supplied with a ticket to Ely by the Duluth & Iron Range Railway company, and he has gone back to his home to ruminate over the effects of falling into bad company with whites.

DIVORCE REFUSED.

Marciniak Fails to Get Separation From Wife.

John Marciniak, the young Gnesen farmer was unsuccessful in his action in district court yesterday to secure a divorce from his wife Victoria Marciniak. The court held there was not enough evidence to warrant the assumption there was any desertion on the part of Mrs. Marciniak, and that the husband knew where his wife was all the time and had only to go after her to get her home. The court held that the defendant's claim she was driven from the parental roof because of ill-treatment was not of great merit.

The divorce action of Selma Hathaway against Lemuel J. Hathaway was heard and taken under advisement.

Speaks For Itself.

Superior is one of the queerest towns at the head of Lake Superior.

Two hundred and fifty-six persons pawned their watches over there during the month of August according to police reports.

Recently a gang of safe crackers blew the strong boxes of four leading establishments and the night's work only aggregated $2.50.

Last night a well dressed stranger was arrested on Tower avenue because he flourished a roll of bills and a check book.

Enough said.

A FREE TYPEWRITER—REMINGTON OR SMITH PREMIER.

The New Era Business college, of West Superior, makes an unusual offer. That school will furnish, absolutely free, a Remington or Smith Premier typewriter in the house or room of every student attending this school for a complete course, for the student's use out of school hours during a term of six months. Other schools charge $3.50 a month rental for the use of each machine so used. This is certainly a talking offer, for it gives the student a big advantage.

WILL HEAR APPEAL.

Northern Pacific Case Comes Up In Court.

St. Paul, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The appeal of the Northern Pacific railroad from the order issued by the railroad and warehouse commission in regard to merchandise rates from Crookston, Fergus Falls, St. Cloud, Brainerd and Moorhead to other points will be given a hearing today in the district court. The order was issued by the commission March 3, 1902, and the railroad filed its appeal in the district court the next month. The railroad and warehouse commission made the order on the appeal of shippers at the stations mentioned, that they receive the distributing rates on merchandise, the same as shippers in the Twin Cities. The order applied to both the Great Northern and Northern Pacific. The railroad commission referred the matter to the attorney general. The services of Gen. C. W. Childs have also been engaged by the state to defend the order of the commission.

FIRST PORTRAIT OF POPE

Will Be Painted By Irish Artist Thaddeus.

Rome, Sept. 5.—H. J. Thaddeus, the well-known Irish painter, whose portraits of Pope Piux IX, Leo XIII, Mr. Gladstone and other prominent personages have won him considerable fame, has, owing to the good offices of Cardinal Moran, obtained the privilege of being the first to paint a picture of the present pope. He has already make two studies and taken a number of photographs which required several sittings, during which the pope was most affable and seemed to enjoy the conversation, wit and work of the artist. On one occasion, being busy, the pontiff declared he could only spare the artist half an hour, but he ended in remaining about two hours.

To a remark of Mr. Thaddeus that he always heard the pope had dark eyes, while, really, they were blue, "like those of the Irish," the pope replied: "Then we are of the same race."

The pope has expressed himself as being most satisfied with the studies which Mr. Thaddeus expects to finish before Christmas.

MYSTERIOUS MURDER.

Las Vegas, N. M., Sept. 5.—News has reached this city from Ribera of the murder of Juan Solano, a prominent citizen. The body was found near the village, with the horse which he was riding standing watch. There was a bullet hole in his neck and a knife wound in the throat. The murderer is unknown and the cause of the crime is a mystery.

W. H. Laidley & Co.
Members of Chicago Board of Trade. 306 West Superior Street.
Stocks, Bonds, Grains and Provisions. Copper Stocks a Specialty.
Leased Wires to New York and Boston. F. M. CROUCH, Manager. Both 'Phones.

PAINE, WEBBER & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
528 WEST SUPERIOR STREET, DULUTH.

B. E. BAKER, STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN.
307 Board of Trade. Private Wires. 518 St. Louis Hotel Bldg.
MEMBERS:
Chicago Board of Trade. Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce. Duluth Board of Trade.

Zenith Paper Co
222—224 West Michigan Street.
Office Furniture and Typewriter Supplies. Agents for Yawman & Erbe Manufacturing Company's Card Indexes, Letter Files and Desks.

Ship Us Your Grain
Liberal Advances.
Quick Sales.
Prompt Returns.
References:
130 National Banks in Northwest.
Ask your Banker for our standing
COE COMMISSION COMPANY,
Minneapolis. DULUTH. Chicago.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. Co.
Grain Commission Merchants,
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

NO INTEREST
We charge you no interest for carrying long stocks. If you are paying interest to others you are throwing money away
COE COMMISSION COMPANY,
Incorporated.
Capital and Surplus, $300,000.
Grain, Provisions Stocks and Bonds
Bought and sold for cash or on margin for future delivery.
Commission { Stocks, ¼ Per Cent, Grains, 1-16c per Bushel.
Margins Required { Stocks, $2 a Share. Grains, 1c a Bushel.
If you have an account with us, you can trade upon it in any of our 130 branch offices. We refer to 150 state and national banks, which are our depositories.
General Offices, New York Life Building, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
Local Office—220 West Superior Street.
H. E. GOOCH, Local Manager.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce, bushel	60		
Green onions, per doz	15		
Radish, long, per doz	15		
BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	21		
Dairies, fancy	17	@	18
Packing stock	11½		
EGGS.			
Fresh	11½		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	12		
Twins, full cream, old	12½		
Full cream, young America	15	@	16
Brick cheese, No. 1	13		
Limberger, full cre'm, choice	12½		
Primos	8		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	16	@	17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Goldenrod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	15		
Ohio, per lb	12		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bushel	2 60		
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 25		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts, per doz	50		
Brazils, per lb	11		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
FRUITS.			
California fruit, yellow peaches, per box	1 00	@	1 10
Washington white peaches, per box	90	@	1 00
Plums, per crate	1 50	@	1 75
Pears, per box	2 50		
Apples, per bbl	4 00		
Smyrna figs	1 00	@	1 85
Bananas	2 00	@	2 50
Pineapple, per crate	3 25	@	3 50
Mc. lemons, per box	5 00		
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25		
Sugar walnut dates	1 10		
California oragnes	4 25		
Tomatoes, per crate	1 00		
VEGETABLES.			
Green corn, per doz	12½		
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 70		
Carrots, per cwt	1 40		
Turnips, per cwt	1 25		
Cabbage, per cwt	1 50		
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50		
Best cucumbers	1 25	@	1 35
Mint, per doz	50		
Potatoes	70		
CIDER.			
Common juice, half bbl	2 75		
Fruit juice	4 00		
Duffy cider	3 25		
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
LIVE POULTRY.			
Chickens	13	@	14
Hens	11	@	12
Turkeys	12	@	13
Ducks	10		
Geese	8	@	10
Beef	7	@	8
Lamb	10		
Mutton	9	@	10
Pork loins	12½		
Lard	8½		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Butter, steady; creamery, 14@19c; dairies, 15@17c. Eggs, firm; at mark, cases included, 16½@17½c. Cheese, steady, daisies, 10@14c; twins, 9½@10c; young Americas, 11@11½c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the 24 hours ending at 8 a. m., 75th meridian time, Saturday, Sept. 5, 1903:

Stations—	State of weather	Temperature Max.	Temperature Min.	Rainfall—Inches and hundredths.
Alexandria	Clear	66	40	.0
Campbell	Clear	64	38	.0
Crookston	Clear	64	36	.0
Detroit City	Pt. Cldy	64	36	.0
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	66	48	.0
Minneapolis	Clear	62	46	.0
Montevideo	Pt. Cldy	66	44	.0
New Ulm	Cloudy	68	52	.02
Park Rapids	Clear	60	38	.0
Winnebago City	Pt. Cldy	62	52	.08
Devils Lake N.D.	Clear	64	36	.0
Langdon, N.D.	Clear	64	28	.0
Larimore, N.D.	Clear	68	32	.0
Lisbon, N.D.	Clear	68	34	.0
Pembina, N.D.	Clear	66	32	T
Aberdeen, S.D.	Cloudy	76	52	.0
Millbank, S.D.	Clear	72	48	.0
Mitchell, S.D.	Cloudy	64	54	.0
Mitchell, S.D.	Cloudy	64	54	.08
Redneld, S.D.	Cloudy	70	42	T
Bismarck, N.D.	Cloudy	68	44	.0
Duluth	Pt. Cldy	64	48	.0
Huron, S.D.	Cloudy	70	52	.01
La Crosse, Wis.	Pt. Cldy	66	50	T
Moorhead, Minn.	Clear	66	44	.0
Pierre, S.D.	Cloudy	62	52	.0
St. Paul	Foggy	64	44	.0
Winnipeg	Clear	62	34	.0

REMARKS.

Cool weather continued during the past twenty-four hours. Freezing temperatures occurred in Western Manitoba this morning. Light but scattered showers occurred over portions of nearly all districts.

H. W. RICHARDSON.
Local Forecaster.

THE BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Sept. 5.—The statement of averages of the clearing house banks of this city for the week shows: Loans, $924,415,200; increase, $1,304,300; deposits, $913,131,300; decrease, $1,992,600; circulation, $43,871,400; decrease, $47,000; legal tenders, $74,093,800; decrease, $1,617,200; specie, $172,736,000; decrease, $2,201,900; reserve, $246,829,800; decrease, $3,819,100; reserve required, $228,532,825; decrease, $488,150; surplus, $17,296,975; decrease, $3,330,950; ex-United States deposits, $26,605,757; decrease, $3,392,800.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 5.—Close: Wheat—Spot 2 red western winter, new steady, 6s 2d; 1 northern spring strong, 6s 10d. Futures quiet; September 6s 6¾d; October 6s 6¾d. Corn spot American mixed steady 4s 6¾d. Futures quiet; September 4s 6¾d; October 4s 6¾d.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Cattle receipts, 400; nominally good to prime steers, $5.40@6.00; poor to medium, $4.10@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.25; cows, $1.50@4.60; heifers, $2.00@4.75; canners, $1.50@2.50; bulls, $2.00@4.50; calves, $3.00@6.75; Texas fed steers, $3.25@4.70; Western steers, $3.25@4.65. Hogs receipts today, 8000; Monday, 30,000; market steady; mixed and butchers, $5.30@5.50; good to choice heavy, $5.55@5.85; rough heavy, $5.15@5.55; light, $5.30@6.20; bulk of sales, $5.45@5.75. Sheep receipts, 1500; steady; good to choice wethers, $3.25@3.75; fair to choice mixed, $2.25@3.25; Western sheep, $2.50@3.65; native lambs, $3.75@6.00; Western lambs, $3.75@5.10.

FINEST OF SEASON

Series of Games Between Duluth and Winnipeg to Be Hot.

Both Teams Have Strengthened and the Rivalry Is Keen.

Local baseball enthusiasts will see a red-hot series between Duluth and Winnipeg next week to determine which has the best baseball team in the Northern league.

Winnipeg has won the championsip and beaten Duluth on the season's game, but the Duluth team as it is now made up has simply walloped the life out of the Champions, even on their home grounds. The present team wearing the Duluth uniform would undoubtedly have been Winnipeg's rival for the pennant had it been organized from the start.

Baseball men all around the circuit have been arguing on the respective merits of the Canadians and White Sox, and this talk has finally involved the players and managers, so that both sides have put up side bets of $50 each on a series of games between Winnipeg and Duluth at Athletic Park, beginning next Tuesday.

Winnipeg has been strengthening up on outside players preparatory to meeting Duluth and St. Paul, and when Manager Van Praagh heard of this, he, too, decided to strength some. When the Grand Forks team disbands Monday probably four of the players will be taken on the Duluth pay roll for the post-season championship battle.

Corrigan, the hard-hitting outfielder of Grand Forks, will play right field for Duluth, and Mullane will probably catch. Sessions and Hanahran may also remain over. All these men are favorites here and well thought of. The line-up for the post-season series would be as follows:

Mullane, catcher.
Shaw, Noldin, Sessions, pitchers.
Kennally, first base.
Hanahran, second base.
Shepard, short stop.
Quillan, third base.
Wilkes, left field.
Lagger, center field.
Corrigan, right field.

This would equal anything that Winnipeg can pick up in the Northern League, and is considered strong enough to give St. Paul the hardest kind of a fight.

Besides the $500 bet by the management of the two teams the players are thinking of making up a pool among themselves so that this will stimulate playing and insure a series worth going fur to see.

AT WEST DULUTH

The question of the removal of the telephone and telegraph poles on Central avenue to the alleys was discussed last evening at the meeting of the West Duluth Commercial club.

P. McDonnell, who has the contract for paving Central avenue, has announced that the work of paving will be commenced within a few days, and men will probably start to work on Tuesday or Wednesday of next week.

The poles have been ordered removed to the alleys by the council, and the members of the club are anxious that the work should be commenced at once, in order that they may not interfere with the paving of the avenue. The poles as they stand at present will be some distance outside the new curbs, as the street is to be widened from six to eight feet and the curbs placed at the edge of the sidewalk.

New wires have lately been strung, and there is a feeling that the companies will fight against the removal of the poles. The property owners along Central avenue, however, are determined that the poles shall either be removed to the alleys or the wires buried, as the forest of unsightly poles would mar the appearance of the street greatly.

The question of the removal of the New Duluth box factory to West Duluth was also discussed. The company has for some time been considering the plan of moving the factory to other quarters. Great difficulty has been experienced in keeping men, and the company has frequently been embarrassed by the scarcity of labor. No action was taken in the matter, and it will again be brought up at the next meeting.

CHURCH SERVICES.

Services at the Norwegian Synod church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, will be held tomorrow morning and evening. The evening service will be conducted in the English language by Rev. Luick, of West Superior.

At the Holy Apostles' church in West Duluth there will be evening service and sermon at 7:30 o'clock. The subject of the sermon by the rector, Rev. Roderick J. Mooney, will be "That Which All Are Seeking."

The services in the Oneota M. E. church, corner of Forty-sixth avenue west and Halifax street, will be of a special nature tomorrow. The pastor, Rev. E. K. Copper, will preach the annual sermon on "Education" at 11 a. m. At 7:45 p. m. he will begin a series of sermons on the "Ten Commandments," the subject of the first one being "Sinai." A large class will be baptised by the mode of sprinkling after the morning service and received into the church. At 2:30 p. m., in the First Methodist church, the pastor will administer baptism by the mode of immersion. Sunday school will meet at 10 a. m.

Rev. E. A. Mirick will preach at the Plymouth Congregational church at 10:30 a. m. and at 8 p. m.

Rev. J. C. Hartley will preach in the Asbuy M. E. church tomorrow morning and evening.

The Sunday school of the Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Fifty-seventh avenue west and Wadena street, will hold its annual picnic at Fairmount park tomorrow afternoon. Rev. O. M. Savig, the pastor, and others will address the gathering.

Rev. Mr. Spoonts, of the Bethel will preach in the Westminster Presbyterian church tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. Miss Howard will speak at the meeting of the Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m.

MODERN WOODMEN BALL.

The principal attraction in West Duluth on Labor day will be the grand ball given by the Uniform Rank, M. W. A. The dance will be held in the Wieland & Wade hall. The best of music will be forthcoming, and arrangements have been made for a chartered car to carry Duluth visitors to their homes after the dance. The dance is in the management of an experienced committee and promises to be one of the most successful of the year.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Rev. W. J. Lowrie left this morning for Hibbing, where he will preach tomorrow morning and evening.

H. D. Holmes, of Riceville, Iowa, who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. H. R. Patterson, for the past few days, will return to his home today. He will be acompanied by his son, Herschel, who has spent several weeks in West Duluth.

Anker Torvich, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Ivor Torvick, of 105 Fifty-eighth avenue, died yesterday. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Rev. J. C. Hartley has returned from a three weeks' vacation, during which he visited Toronto, Canada, and other Eastern points.

Mrs. Lowrie, of Lincoln, Neb., is visiting her son, Rev. W. J. Lowrie, of West Duluth.

The dropping of a lighted match by a lady who wished to look at some of her furniture, caused a small blaze in the storage house at H. R. Patterson last evening. The damage was very slight.

Mrs. J. J. Lauermann, of 411 Fifty-eighth avenue west, has returned from St. Paul, where she was called by the illness of her daughter.

J. J. Moran and James Medland returned last evening from St. Paul, where they attended the state fair.

Harry Carruthers, who has been employed on the Northern Pacific road between St. Paul and the coast, is in the city for a short visit with his relatives.

The members of the West Duluth team will leave tomorrow morning over the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road for Hibbing, where they will play two games, one tomorrow afternoon and one on Labor day.

Excelsior R. D. lodge, No. 59, I. O. O. F., will give an old-fashioned basket social at I. O. O. F. hall tonight. All are invited. Ladies bring baskets.

MRS. BARRY WINS

The Woman's Championship of the Upper Peninsula.

Houghton, Mich., Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. B. T. Barry, of Portage Lake Golf club of Houghton, won the women's championship of the Upper Peninsula Golf association yesterday, defeating Miss Josephine Egan, of Marquette, of the Ishpeming club, two up. George A. Newett, of Ishpeming, defeated Louis Egan, of Marquette, the crack golfer of the Upper Peninsula. Newett won four up and two to play for the association's gold medal and championship.

Will Duncan, of Ishpeming, and Newett play today for the championship. A Soo team has entered, but has not arrived.

BIG MAN DEAD.

Joe Grimes of Cincinnati Weighed 754 Pounds.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—A dispatch to the Record-Herald from Cincinnati, Ohio, says: "Big Joe" Grimes, said to have been the largest man in the world, is dead at the home of his parents here, as the result of a peculiar accident. While riding in a cab his great weight broke through the bottom and one of his legs was gashed, the wound refusing to heal.

Grimes was 34 years old and weighed 754 pounds. He was 6 feet 4 inches in height and his body and limbs were of ponderous proportions.

FACTORY GIRLS

Panic Stricken By Shooting In Their Presence.

New York, Sept. 5.—Angered because his brother-in-law failed to pay money he had loaned to him, Albera Camelo shot and probably fatally wounded Jose Carlo. Two hundred girls employed in the factory building where the shooting took place were thrown into a panic and rushed out over the body of the wounded man and down the stairway. Several were knocked down and bruised and some fainted.

Camelo jumped through a window and down the fire escape, but was captured.

ELEVATOR NOTICES.

Office of Consolidated Elevator Co., Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31, 1903.

On all grain and flaxseed received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, the charge for elevating and storage will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel; storage for each succeeding thirty days or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

CONSOLIDATED ELEVATOR CO.
By M. J. FORBES,
President.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

Office of Globe Elevator Co., Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31st, 1903.

On all grain and flaxseed, received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, at the Peavey Duluth Terminal Elevator, the Globe Elevator, and the Belt Line Elevator, the charge for elevating and storing will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel; storage for each succeeding 30 days, or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

GLOBE ELEVATOR CO.
By E. N. BRADLEY,
Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

Great Northern Railway Co., Great Northern Elevators, Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31, 1903:

On all grain and flaxseed received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, the charge for elevating and storage will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel; storage for each succeeding thirty days or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
By H. T. SWART,
Elevator Agent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

NOTICE!

On account of negotiations consummated in Europe for the entire balance of the treasury stock of the Para Rubber Plantation company, it has been decided to withdraw the stock from the market on September 16th, 1903, at 5 p. m.

Intending purchasers should at once indicate size of block desired, as preference will be given to subscriptions in the order of their receipt. Price of shares, $10 each, par value.

Para Rubber Plantation Co.,
52 Broadway, New York City.
MARCUS W. BATES, Agent,
Exchange Building, Duluth.

GRAND LABOR DAY BALL

Given by uniform rank, M. N. A., Monday evening in the Wieland & Wade hall, West Duluth. Charte ed car to Duluth after dance. Good management and best of music. Admission 75 cents.
Everyone guranteed a good time.

IN MARINE CIRCLES

Steamer Lewis Woodruff of Gilchrist Fleet on Maiden Trip.

The Tugmen Will Have Part Holiday on Labor Day.

The new steamer Lewis Woodruff, of the Gilchrist fleet arrived in the harbor this morning on her maiden trip.

As the new vessel passed through the piers for the first time all the tugs in the harbor, and other vessels lying in the vicinity of the canal blew salutes in token of their good wishes toward the new comer.

The Woodruff hails from Fairport, Ohio. She brought up a load of coal, consigned to the Northwestern Fuel company in Superior, and after unloading she will take on a cargo of ore from the lower lakes.

The Woodruff was built at the Lorain yards of the American Shipbuilding company, and is a type of the modern lake bulk freighter, of the large size. While not as large as the big four of the Pittsburg company, the Woodruff comes well up in the second class.

The Woodruff is the first of a fleet of ten new vessels that will be placed in commission by Mr. Gilchrist this fall and next spring.

Several of the boats are now building at various shipyards about the lakes, and it is expected that a least five, of which the Woodruff is one, will be in commission, in time for the fall rush th lake shipping.

The remaining five will probably not be out until the opening of navigation next spring.

TO OBSERVE LABOR DAY.

Tugmen Will Get Part of the Holiday.

The tugmen employed by the various tug lines in the harbor will observe Labor day in port.

Five of the tugs of the Great Lakes fleet will be laid off Sunday night and will go into commission again at noon on Labor day, when the remainder of the tugs will be laid off until the following morning. This will give all of the men a half-holiday and the members of the L. T. P. A. will march in the parade.

A beautiful new silk banner was recently donated to the union. It was made by the ladies affiliated with the union, and is one of the handsomest of its kind in the city.

NO WILD ORE CARGOES.

Cleveland, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Wild ore cargoes are practically non-existent and no improvement in the trade is now looked for. Coal continues slow and the demand for tonnage is light.

SAILOR ABANDONED.

Cleveland, Sept. 5.—Capt. Richard Burns of the schooner Emma L. Coyne, was arrested yesterday on the unusual charge of having abandoned a sailor at a foreign port. Mate John Cunningham, who swore out the warrant, charges that the Coyne sailed away from Fort William, Ont., without him. Capt. Burns ignoring his obligation to return him to Cleveland, the port from which he had shipped. On the way up the lakes the mate and captain had a quarrel, and on arriving at Fort William, Capt. Burns had the mate arrested for assault and battery. It is claimed that this is the reason Cunningham was not allowed aboard on the return trip.

The matter was brought to the attention of the district atorney here by C. D. Jarvis, Unied States consul at Port Arthur, and proceedings were at once begun which resulted in the arrest of Capt. Burns today. Bail was fixed at $2000. The maximum penalty for the offense is a fine of $500 and six months imprisonment. While charges of abandonment of sailors on the ocean are not uncommon, this is the first time the law was ever brought into use on the great lakes.

HURRY BOATS ALONG.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—As there was no session of the board of trade today, nothing was being done in grain freights. Efforts of vessemen were confined to getting the boats, chartered Thursday and Friday out before tonight in order to escape the two holidays. It looks as if three or four would be held in port on account of delays at the elevators.

RECORD-BREAKING MONTH.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 5.—In point of a single month's traffic through the American and Canadian ship canals at this point, August proved another record-breaker, the commerce amounting to the enormous freight tonnage of 5,403,808 net tons. Of this freight 4,241,683 tons were east-bound and 1,162,125 west-bound. The vessel passages through the canals numbered 2,909. In the articles of commerce the principal items were: Grain, 5,557,072 bushels; iron ore, 3,789,082 tons; flour, 647,880 barrels; coal, 1,653,068 tons. To date the Soo canals have passed 22,628,170 tons of freight, showing an increase of 988,780 tons over the same period last year. While it has been predicted that 1903 will show a traffic of 40,000,000 tons, with the rates of increase already shown 39,000,000 will hardly be reached.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Hanna, 8:40 a. m.; North Wind, 9; St. Paul, (cleared), Emma Thompson, 10; Sicken and barges, 10:40. Down: Mercur, Amazon, Joliet, 8:40 a. m.; Williams, Georger, 9:15; Scranton (old), Curry, 9:50; Faustin, 10; Manhattan, 10:15, Hickox and consorts, Owen, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Bunsen, 11:15; Mahoning, 12:30 p. m.; Algonquin, 2:40; Binghamton, 3:15; Pridgeon, Our Son, 4:40; Pathfinder, Norton, 6; Wolvin, 6:15; Thomas Palmer. Down: Presque Isle, 11:30; Black Rock, 12:20 p. m.; Ogemaw, Minch, 12:40; Warren and consort, 1:30; Gates, 2; Milwaukee, 2:20; Frye, 2:40; Wawatam, 2:50; Matoa, Martha, 3:30; Nielson and whaleback, 4; Maitland, 4:40; Northern King, 6; Thew, 5:30; Zenith City, Carrington, 6:40; Yakima, Mataafa, 7:50; Hiawatha, 8:15.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste Marie, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Wallace, 9 last night Wiehe, Norris, Sitka, Colonel, 12:30 a. m.; Green, Commodore, Genoa, Chisholm, 1:30; Sonora, Kerr, Langham, 7; St. Louis, Harrison, Cadillac, Marina, Thomas, 8:40; Flagg, Warriner, 9:20; Simla, Uganda, Business, Maunaloa, 10; Peerless, 10:30. Down: China, 9:20 Friday night; Miami, Gebhart, 10; Merida 3 a. m; Pontiac, 3:30; Butters, 4:20; E. A. Shores, Oneonto, Kingfisher, 8; Traverse, 8:30; Alberta, 9:50.

Up yesterday: Mariposa, Hutchinson, 11:30; Bessemer, Fritz, Lake Michigan, noon; Athabasca, 2 p. m.; Theano, 2:20; Victory, Constitution, Corsica, Manila, 3; Volunteer, Moonlight, Elwood, Marcia, 4:40; Frick, 5:30; Maricopa, 6; Eads and whaleback, 7:30; Trevor and whaleback, 8. Down: City of Genoa, 1:30; Fayette Brown, p. m.; Wexford, Bransford, 1:30; Poe, Marsalla, 2; Harvard, Maia, 4; McDougall, Bryn Mawr, 6:40; Etruria, 8; Shaw Russell, Holley, 9.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

South Chicago — Cleared: Superior City, F. S. Morse, E. Eddy, Marvin, Maderida, Sumerior.

Ashland — Arrived: Wahlula. Cleared: Ore, Naples, Olympia, Lyman Smith, Houghton, Lake Erie. Lumber: Oscoda, Flier, Buffalo.

Erie — Cleared, light: Ericsson, Aurania, Superior.

Manitowoc — Departed: Ontario, Superior ports.

Marquette — Cleared: Pontiac, Thompson, Ashtabula; Bermuda, Adriatic, Cleveland; Bissell, Melbourne, Ogdensburg.

Buffalo — Cleared, coal: Jenks, Duluth; Hanna, H. W. Smith, Superior. Light: Pioneer, Folson, Duluth.

Fairport — Cleared, coal: Rosedale, Fort William.

Lorain — Cleared, coal: Emily, Hattie, Duluth.

Ashtabula — Cleared, coal: Senator, Duluth; light, Angeline, Centurion, Sinoloa, Duluth.

Cleveland — Cleared, coal: Mary Elplacke, Sauber, Portage. Light: Coffinberry, Interlaken, Chattanooga, Duluth.

Huron — Cleared, coal: Davidson, Ashland.

Two Harbors — Cleared: Clemson, Colgate, Hill, Sultana, Lake Erie; Kennebec, Pope, Lake Michigan.

Fort William — Arrived: Ames. Cleared: Buell, Minch, Ashland; Sonoma, Superior.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York: Arrived—La Touraine, Havre; Cedric, Liverpool; Etruria, Liverpool. Hamburg: Arrived—Auguste Victoria, New York. Queenstown: AArrived—Umbria, New York.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Helena, Steinbrenner, Lewis Woodruff, coal, Lake Erie; Yuma, light for ore, Lake Erie; Troy, mdse, Buffalo. Departed—Bell, J. W. Moore, Lagonda, William Siemens, Mars, Yukon, Wells, 131, Queen City, Lafayette, ore, Lake Erie; Lozen, Street, Godfrey, Tempest, Uranus, lumber, Lake Erie; North Star, mdse, Buffalo; Romanila, light, Lake Superior ports; United Empire, pass and mdse, Sarnia.

THE CRAZY BASIN MINING CO.

For several weeks we have directed attention to the above named company.

THE PROPERTY (first half.)

The company has perfect title to 190 acres in the rich mineral section of Arizona, located in Yavapai county, which county is the home of the Congress, Oro Grande, Peck, French Lily, United Verde and other great mines. Strong veins and good gold ore bodies are opened up on this property.

The Prescott and Eastern Railroad crosses the claims and there is a station within 60 rods of them.

CAPITALIZATION.

The company is capitalized for 1,500,000 shares, par value $1.00, and two-thirds of the stock is in the treasury.

MANAGEMENT (second half.)

The management is safe and economical and the work is being done under competent direction.

We earnestly invite you to thoroughly investigate both halves of this enterprise according to our new "Reservation Blank" plan.

First allotment of stock is offered at

10c
PER SHARE.

Have you received a prospectus? If not, call upon or address

THE WM. KAISER COMPANY,
106 Palladio Bldg. Duluth, Minn.

GREAT COAL FIND

Said to Have Been Made In Wyoming.

Evanston, Wyo., Sept. 5.—Joseph Acocks, one of Evanston's popular citizens, has made public the news of one of the greatest coal discoveries ever made in the western country.

It is a mighty vein running from eight to forty feet in thickness and extending from northeast to southwest for a distance of over eight miles, eight feet less having been made into the seam, which dips on an angle of twenty degrees. Assays show it to be the true Cum

Invest your money where you get the best results.—THE HERALD is delivered into nearly every home in Duluth and carries the best real estate advertising. You'll find it a very profitable investment to put your money in Duluth Real Estate

CHEAP HOMES on EASY TERMS.

$700 for good house of four rooms, with barn on alley; lot 25x140, easy access, small cash payment, easy terms.

$900 for eight-room house, good well, cellar, lot 25x140, on Seventh street; good location; easy terms.

$1000 for seven-room house on East Seventh street, near Second avenue, good well, cellar, lot 25x140; terms very easy.

$1000 for a good seven-room house near Lake avenue and Eighth street, well rented, in good condition; lot 25x140 to alley. Terms easy.

$1600 for seven-room house with stone foundation, furnace heat, well finished and a bargain. Must have cash. Is in East End.

$1700 buys a ten-room house on beautiful Nineteenth avenue East, with all assessments paid; water up and down stairs; house well rented; lot 25x108; small cash payment, balance monthly.

$2000 for six-room house on East Fifth street; water, sewer, bath, lot 38x140 to alley; small shed barn; house will be put in first-class condition.

We have a lot in Endion that must be sold and will go for less than its real value. Inquire about it.

We have half a block of the prettiest lots in East End, right where the best people are buying and building. This half block is on the upper side of the street, has water and gas and macadamized street. Can be sold at less than its real value, but must all go together. Call in person and let us show you this.

FINE MODERN HOMES.

One is located on the corner of First street, in the best part of Endion. Elegantly decorated and furnished inside. Brown stone foundation, cement floor in cellar, plumbing and everything of the very best, latest finish, sanitary arrangements. Terms easy—price $10,000

Another at Lester Park—at $6000

Another one on the upper side of East Third street—Brian new, stone foundation, slate laundry tubs, cement floors, the very best of plumbing and modern wash basins; hardwood floors and finish throughout—price ... $6100

Another in Lester Park—at $5000

Also offer two of the best homes in Lester Park, absolutely modern—One at $2850; another at $4000

The decorations of one of these houses is the best of any home in the city.

BUILDING LOTS.

We have for sale some of the choicest double corners at prices from $800 and up, according to location and neighborhood. Will sell for a few days only, a beautiful lot on the upper side of London Road, near Fifteenth avenue East, for $950. Give warranty deed, and pay all taxes and assessments up to date.

Another one on East Fourth street, Fifteenth avenue, for $700. Take it quick.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS.

We control upwards of 20,000 acres of Wisconsin lands from $5.50 to $8.00 per acre. Remember the Milwaukee road will soon pass through these lands and the price will soar high. The timber alone is worth more than the price of this land.

Money on hand for good real estate loans.

Don't forget we write fire insurance in best of companies.

Both phones, No. 24.

Geo. H. Crosby,

105-6-7 Providence Bldg.

FOR SALE

Nine-room residence in the East End, near 15th Avenue East, situated on upper side of street, has all conveniences—hardwood finish, nice plumbing and is in first class condition—lot is 50x140 feet in area—**Possession can be given at once**—owner leaving town—PRICE

$5250

For terms inquire of—

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.

$600

Will buy one of the best double corners in West Duluth—on 54th Avenue—with water and sewer and new sidewalks, if taken at once.

D. W. Scott,
10 MESABA BLOCK.

Money to Loan

At Lowest Current Rates.

PENN. MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

JOHN A. STEPHENSON, Agent.
Providence Building.

FOR SALE Bargain—House and lot within walking distance of business center. If you want to buy or sell a cheap house or lot in any part of the city write or call on me.

L. THOMASSON,
516 Burrows Bldg.

4 1/2 PER and 5 CENT MONEY TO LOAN.

"On or Before"

R. M. NEWPORT,
302 Lonsdale Bldg. F. I. SALTER, Agent.

Must Be Sold!

8 Lots at Lakeside, 3 Lots on Minnesota Avenue, 3 blocks from canal. It will pay to investigate.

A Snap in a small boarding house near the Match Factory, West Duluth.

We are HEADQUARTERS for houses and lots at Lakeside and Lester Park—there is still time to build this fall.

Many choice lots in Endion.

Wm. C. Sargent & CO.,

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance, 303 Lonsdale.

Investments Paying Well!

$7000 For 2-story brick building on upper side Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue west. Store on first floor; seven-room flat on second story. City water, sewer, etc. Rentals $65.00 per month; mortgage $500 on property at 5 per cent. Pays over 10 per cent net on cash payment.

Two neat five-room brick flats, centrally located, at a bargain; large lot; always in demand and will pay 10 per cent net on investment. Call and get particulars why the

$1300 For twelve-room house and 25-foot lot on West Second street; city water. Rents for $19.00 per month.

$3200 For two-story and basement flat building on Fifth street, East End. City water, bath, etc. Stone foundation. Rentals, $42 per month. Pays big.

$3000 For two flats of 5 rooms each; bath, enameled tub, gas. Stone foundation, good cellar. Rentals, $38.00 per month.

$6800 For 40x100 feet on Third avenue east below Fourth street; two houses; very desirable; rentals $78.00 per month. Mortgaged for $2500 at 5 per cent. Will pay 15 per cent on cash above mortgage.

Above only samples.

Money to loan—lowest rates.

See our list of houses and lots at West Duluth.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

DERRIG & GUNNISS

401-2 Torrey Building. Both Phones. DULUTH, MINN.

Mines and Mining Stock.

—SPECIALTIES—

Echo Mining Co.
Crooked River M. & M. Co.

FOR SALE.

A most excellent double dwelling house, stone foundation, nine rooms in each house, furnace heat, gas and electric light, in the best part of the East End, within half a block of the street cars, for sale at $8000. This is an exceptional bargain, as it would cost more than this sum to build the house.

R. B. KNOX & CO.
No. 1 Exchange Building.

$2200 Seven-room house, city water, etc.; East Fifth street.

$4300 Seven rooms and bath; hot water heat; strictly modern. East End.

$5000 Sixteen-room house, modern; suitable for boarding house; right down town.

EGKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 338.

WEEK AN OFF ONE IN REALTY MARKET

Light Business Reported By Most Dealers—Much Discussion Over Various Phases of the City Building Ordinance—Some Deals of the Week.

This has been state fair week and rather an off week in the Duluth realty market. Many of the dealers in realty have been visiting the fair, and report a lighter business in consequence.

Market conditions, however, continue excellent and there is some trading right along, while negotiations are being entered into that seem certain to lead to consummation a little later. The demand is still largely for improved properties, but several lots for improvement another year have been sold within the last few days.

The prospects for larger building operations this fall are much better than they have been for some time past.

* * *

The loan business continues to hold up well and the several offices doing a mortgage loan business have had a fair business for the closing days of August.

* * *

Agitation over the alleged demerits of the existing building ordinances in force in Duluth is very likely to lead to the drafting of a new ordinance that will do away with objectionable features and embody some innovations that local builders would very much desire to have. Plans toward this end are already underway by interested parties. It has been suggested that the provisions of the proposed new ordinance be made public and left open for criticism before it is presented to the council, in order that any new objectional features, if there be any, could be pointed out. It is claimed that if this had been done in regard to the plumbing ordinance that after it was passed caused so much trouble, all the trouble could have been avoided.

There is a strong opposition on the part of interests in this city against the building permit fee. A wealthy outsider, who owns property in Duluth, and who has been doing considerable building here, declared recently that there was little inducement for outside capital to invest in building enterprises here, for the first thing is a tax by teh city for permission to build. He holds that it should be the policy of any city to encourage new building and not put a tax upon it. The permit fee is also said to offer strong inducements to intending builders to become liars, the inference being plain when it is understood that the fee is a percentage on the cost of the structure.

Local architects claim that the ordinance in force is not applicable, in that it requires a permit to be issued before the ground is broken for a new building. It is said that there are cases where the cost of the plumbing and heating cannot be determined until some time after the contracts are given for the structure. Anyway, the supervision of the ordinance is not rigidly observed, and would be a great hardship to many if it were.

Another change that is desired in the ordinance is the doing away with that part which requires architects to file a set of plans with the building inspector. This requirement, the architects claim, is impracticable, and they are strongly in favor of a change which would provide that the city engineer and building inspector go over the plans for a new building and decide whether it is up to the requirements for safety from fire and other causes.

* * *

Complaint is being made by local property owners that some of the old plats filed of the city with the county are insufficient. A case recently happened in which a property owner who was building a new house on Jefferson street was unable to locate his lot line within a distance of about eight feet. It is being strongly urged that great care be taken in the future in the matter of new platting to see that the descriptions and measurements are absolutely correct.

* * *

Mrs. Alice H. Florada has sold her residence at the corner of Second street and Thirteenth avenue east to Andrew R. Porter, the consideration being $9000. The property is described as lot 15, block 58, Portland division.

* * *

George J. Kenline, of Lester Park, has sold two good residence properties this week. The property at the corner of Fifty-ninth avenue east and London road has been sold to Charles Kenline for a consideration of $4000. The property is described as lot 9, block 6, Lester Park, First division. The second property was that at the corner of Sixtieth avenue east and Grand avenu, which was sold to A. W. Reed for $5100. This property is described as lot 1, block 39, Lester Park, Third division.

* * *

Young & Nystrom are remodelling the old Catholic club house which was formerly located on West Fourth street. It has been purchased by William Horkan and has been moved to the corner of Third street and Thirteenth avenue east. The building is being made over into a residence, and the contract for the work has been let to William Chambers.

* * *

Owners of vacant property about the city should take the precaution to see that the weeds are cut down and destroyed, as most of the obnoxious growth of vegetation goes to seed about this time of the year, and the wind will scatter the seeds over the adjoining property.

This matter is not being attended to as thoroughly as it should be. For instance, there is a vacant lot across Second street from the St. Paul's Episcopal church that would be an eyesore in any neighborhood of the city. So rank has been the growth of weeds that they are now about as high as a person's head and going to seed. Unless something is done right away, the seeds will be carried by the wind to all the adjoining lawns and gardens.

* * *

Hill & Bray have completed plans for a handsome new frame residence building of ten rooms for P. E. Dowling, at Eveleth.

* * *

J. J. Wagenstein, the architect, reports the contract for the Itasca Mercantile company's new store building at Hibbing, let to Haugner & Co., of Superior, Wis.; the contract for a store building for the same company at Grand Rapids, Minn., was let to a firm of taht place. Mr. Wagenstein will let the contract for the Spurbeck home on East Fourth street Monday next. He is preparing plans for a residence for M. S. Hillman, of Two Harbors, and is also getting out plans for another new addition to the Duluth Brewing and Malting company's plant in the West End. The contract for the new office building of the Red Cliffs Lumber company, at its Oneota mill yards, has been given to Frank Johnson.

* * *

Mr. Brown, of Stryker, Manley & Buck, reports a busy week in inquiry and negotiations, not all of which is yet closed up.

* * *

T. G. Vaughn reports a quite satisfactory week in realty and notes a somewhat stronger inquiry than during the early part of last month.

* * *

Mr. Sargent, of the Lakeside Land company, says his firm has under way at the present time a number of negotiations with prospective home builders.

* * *

Mr. Lyons, of William Prindle & Co. says the firm has been quite active this week, but has several deals not yet ready for publication.

* * *

George H. Crosby says: The last week has been a very good one with us, and as indicated in a previous statement, some deals that we have been working on materialized this week. Have sold the L. A. Barber estate property, known as lots 66 and 68, block 29, Duluth proper, Third division, for $10,000, and have put beyond recall two residences in the central part of the city, one sold for $1800 and the other for $1750. The latter two properties were purchased for homes by local parties. The rental business has been very good. Among the dwellings rented was the Dutton property, 1602 East First street, to E. C. Blanchard, of the Northern Pacific railway. Have closed several real estate loans at 6 per cent. Have one more large deal pending for Superior street property, and have practically sold 2000 acres of land to Iowa parties. The outlook is very encouraging.

* * *

A. C. Volk & Co. have this week issued a very comprehensive little publication, entitled "A Record of the Business Conditions Between the Panics." The argument is clear and convincing and should go a long way toward convincing investors why conditions in local realty today do not point toward another panic; why the period between the years 1903 and 1906 should be an era of prosperity for Duluth and the Northwest in general.

Mr. Volk bases his observations on "like conditions produce like results" and states that a careful study of the cause and effect of the periodical hard times during the past 100 years will reveal the remarkable regularity with which like conditions produce like results within like periods of time. He says the recurring conditions between panics, divided into four periods of five years each, may be likened to the four seasons, as each contributes its share to complete the cycle.

To illustrate this follows the comparison of the five-year periods by seasons of 1873-1878, 1878--883, 1883-1888, 1888-1893, etc. The publication closes with attention called to the opportune time now offered for investments in Duluth, the conditions confronting the investor-growing population, rising market, scarcity of flats and houses, large expansion of trade, commerce and manufacture.

* * *

Transfers for the week were as follows:

Charles W. Moore et ux to M. A. Payne, lot 10, block 29, Eveleth.. 1,200
A. N. Helstrom et ux to Olaf Nelson, sl/4 of lot 9, block 7, Tower.. 500
John S. Maginnis to William C. Robinson, se¼ sw¼ section 2-57-13 217
Mary E. Coffin et mar to E. M. Peyton, sw¼ se¼ section 31-58-12 240
C. H. Maginnis et ux to Robert Whiteside, ne¼ se¼ section 11-57-13 217
Same parties, nw¼ nw¼ section 30-60-13, ne¼ ne¼ section 25, se¼ se ¼ section 24-60-14..... 757
Angeneth Allen to Mary J. Kenna, lot 11, block 69, Portland, and part of lot 76, East Third street, Duluth proper, First division..... 1,250
Same to Elizabeth Monahan, lot 12, block 69, Portland, and part of lot 76, East Third street, Duluth proper, First division 1,250
Berlah Magoffin, Jr. to John V. Gilbert, lots 25, 26, block 20, Proctorknott 200
F. H. Judd et ux to Irvin T. Burnside, lots 15 and 16, block 13, West Duluth, First division 400
Rudolph App to John Millen, timber on sw¼ ne¼, sw¼ nw¼ ne¼, w½ w½ se¼ nw¼ ne¼ section 10-52-12 7
Mary A. Van Brunt et mar to the Onarock company, und 1-7 of lot 358, block 75, Duluth proper, Second division; lot 137, St. Louis avenue; lots 152 and 164, Minnesota avenue; lots 167, 121, 63 and 64, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth; lot 36, St. Louis avenue; lots 49, 65, 134, 167, 222, 69 and 322, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth; northerly 14 and 87-100 acres lot 4, section 31-51-15 1
J. M. McClintock to R. B. Whiteside, sw¼ se¼, se¼ sw¼ section 13, nw¼ nw¼, ne¼ nw¼ section 24-59-15 1
G. W. Buck et ux to J. L. Washburn, lots 5, 6, 7, block 5, Merritt's addition 1
Southern Townsite company to Ole Fossmo, lot 21, block 8, Hibbing.. $
E. Wright to Interstate Land and Investment company, und. ½ of lot 53, block 185, Duluth proper, Third division; und. ½ of w½ of sw¼ of sw¼ of nw¼, section 30-50-14; also und. ½ of nw¼ of nw ¼, section 25-50-15 90
Same parties, und. ½ of lot 2, block 35, Harrison's division 201
C. H. Maginnis et ux to W. H. Cook, sw¼ sw¼, section 3-63-19; se¼ sw¼, section 15-65-19; lot 2, nw¼ se¼, and se¼ se¼, section 2, 8½ sc¼, section 11-65-20 2,000
Same parties, lot 1, section 5-56-14; se¼ ne¼, section 20-60-17; sw ¼ se¼, section 14-63-19; sw¼ ne¼, section 19; se¼ se¼, section 20-63-19 1,025
Chisholm Improvement company to W. G. Close, lot 6, block 15, Chisholm 250
Same parties, lots 4 and 5, block 13, Chisholm 500
Berlah Magoffin, Jr. to Margaret Cameron, lots 23 and 24, Proctorknott 100
Albert Emerson et ux to P. L. Grayton, lot 12, block 25, Duluth Heights, Fifth division 600
George J. Kenline et ux to Charles Kenline, lot 9, block 6, Lester Park, First division 4,000
George J. Kenline et al to A. W. Reed, lot 1, block 39, Lester Park, Third division 5,100
William W. Johnson to S. W. Johnson, e½ lot 338, block 148, Duluth proper, Second division.. 1,000
Barbara Haug et al to Alger, Smith & So., und. ½ of lots 357 and 359, block 88, Rice's Point..... 275
John B. Greenfield et ux to same, all of same lots..... 275
Peter Olen to J. D. Burns, lot 6, block 103, West Duluth, Second division 250
Oscar Mitchell et ux to Alfred Merritt, und fll se¼ se¼, section 15; ne¼ ne¼, section 22-58-15..... 1
August Fitger et al to Josef Kinleleck, lot 288, block 148, Duluth proper, Second division 1,000
Oscar Mitchell et ux to Victor Sonderall, und 1-32 se¼ se¼ section 15; und. 1-32 ne¼ ne¼, section 22-58-19 500
George J. Kenline to Charles Kenline, n½ se¼, sw¼ se¼, and se ¼ sw¼, section 10-54-15..... 1
J. L. Washburn et ux to John B. Greenfield, lots 357 and 359, block 88, Rice's Point 1
M. M. Ghent to Itasca Mercantile company, lot 12, block 10, Hibbing 1,000
Alice P. Waite et mar to George Smith, lots 6 and 7, block 76, Endion 1,400
Sharon Ore company to W. G. Close, lot 4, block 3, Buhl..... 200
Kate I. Woollen et mar to Robert B. Whiteside: timber on ne¼ nw¼, w½ ne¼ and se¼ ne¼, section 29-58-13 700
Eliza A. Gill et mar to Duluth Log Co.: timber on lots 2, 3, and 4, section 15-51-17 300
Auditor St. Louis Co. to F. Merrill: lots 2 and 3, section 25-63-17.. 1
To same: w½ ne¼ and lots 2 and 3, section 25-63-17..... 150
To same: w½ ne¼, section 25-63-17. 1,700
F. W. Heimick to W. G. Close: lots 28 and 29, block 9, Hibbing.. 1,300
Mary A. Lindsey to E. F. Lawrence: lot 366, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth 1
F. B. Roe et ux to John W. McDonald: lot 2, block 15, L. P., Second division 150
Thomas C. Himebaugh et ux to E. I. Cooper: lots 1 and 2, block 13, Harrington addition 1,700
R. R. Bailey to William E. Pugh: lot 4 and e½ of lot 5, block 71, Virginia 1,300
Alice H. Florada to Andrew R. Porter: lot 3, block 88, Endion, and lot 15, block 58, Portland.... 1,000
William Taber to Alexander Thiroux: lot 7, block 10, Woodland Park, Seventh division 9,000
Thomas H. Croswell et ux to S. S. Brown: w½ se¼, sw¼ ne¼, and se¼ nw¼, section 26-50-21; lot 1 and e½ sw¼, section 30-50-20..... 50
Andrew Sjorstrom to H. S. Lord: lot 5, block 17, West End addition 100
A. A. Forbes et ux to E. E. Hill: lots 9 and 10, block 17, Oakland Park Addition 75
Chisholm Improvement Co. to Arnold Karon et ux: lots 21, 29 and 30, block 3; lots 19 and 20, block 22, and lot 26, block 22, Chisholm.. 150
John J. Eklund et ux to Louise J. Ragnarson: sw¼ nw¼ and nw¼ se¼, section 2; ne¼ ne¼, section 10; w½ nw¼ and e½ ne¼, section 11-51-14 1
Janet Hamblin et mar to Ignatz G. Poterek: w½ lot 100, block 161, Duluth Proper, Third division 600
Sarah E. Smith et mar to Alex. Kilchil: lot 14, block 3, Mountain Iron 175
Carrie Meier to Angelius Pyette: s½ of lot 26, block 1, Industrial division 2,200
Matti P. Lampi et ux to Gustaf A. Mattila: lot 9, block 15, Ely $350
M. A. Armstrong to D. I. Wahl: lot 4, same 1
S. P. Smith et mar to H. A. Kilchil: lot 14, block 3, Mountain Iron.... 175
I. J. Kalser et mar to R. J. Day: lot 1, block 14, Dodge's addition.. 125
Svend Olson et ux to Christ Pfitzenmier: w½ lot 5, East Fifth street, Duluth Proper, ... 1,750
C. N. Clark et ux to Zenith Furnace Co.: und. ½ lot 8, blok 82, West Duluth, Fourth division.. 100
Hansen Smith et ux to same: same 100
William C. Sargent et al to Caroline Kruger: lot 49 East Fifth street, Duluth Proper, First division 1
Pulford, How & Co. to Mary J. Kenna, southerly 85 feet of lots 2 and 4, West Third street, Duluth Proper, First division..... 1
Joanna W. Kenna et mar to Pulford, How & Co., southerly 85 feet of lots 2 and 4, West Third street, Duluth proper, First division 1
W. C. Sherwood et ux to D. R. Smith, lots 1 to 10, block 4; lots 1 to 6 and 13 to 17, block 29, K. & S. addition, Second division... 1
Frederick Weyerhaeuser et al to Auburn Iron company, se¼ ne¼ and ne¼ se¼, section 14-58-17.... 600
W. P. Rose to H. R. Boyer, und. ½ of lots 6 and 7, section 19, and lots 2 and 3, section 30-63-19.... 200
Lizzie Pearce to Onarock company, 50 feet of northerly end of lot 81, block 59, Duluth proper, Eighth division 100
H. N. McHarg et al to A. J. Sword et al, e½ of ne¼ of se¼ of sw¼, section 22-61-14 353
Farmers Banking company to C. C. Staacke, ne¼ ne¼, section 25-52-15 120
A. Murry Beattie et ux to H. F. Schuman, lots 76 and 78, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth 300
Spring Garden company to John F. Nowell, s½ sw¼, section 28-51-13.. 6,000
Santa Fe Pacific Railway company to M. E. Coffin, w½ sw¼, section 4-61-19 440
Theodore Wald et ux to Wilhelm Larson, w½ of ne¼ of se¼ of sw ¼, section 22-51-14 1

UNIQUE SALE.

Accounts of Delinquent Subscribers Auctioned Off.

Iowa Falls, Iowa, Sept. 5.—The first auction sale in Iowa of the accounts of delinquent newspaper subscribers has been conducted by Editor E. N. Bailey of the Britt Tribune, and was a success.

Mr. Bailey is one of the best known editors in northern Iowa, and his humorous writings have been widely copied. He recently hit on the novel idea of auctioning off the accounts of subscribers in arrears. Accordingly a notice was published in his paper, giving the names and amounts of the accounts to be offered for sale to the highest bidder Sept. 1.

The claims varied in amounts from $3 to $2.50, and the subscribers were residents of Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Texas and Oklahoma.

The bidding on the accounts was brisk and the sale attracted many bargain-seekers. The lowest bid that captured any of the accounts was two matches, while some of the claims were bid in at their face value.

Something New.

$700 will buy 5½ acres at Colbyville, 1½ acres cleared, with good five-room house, furnished. Only $300 cash. 1½ miles from car line; chance of a life time; don't wait.

$25 per acre will buy 80 acres adjoining city limits. There is 3000 cords of hard maple on this eighty. Stumpage worth all we are asking for the land.

$25 per acre will buy 80 acres of good farming land only three miles from our office and located on a good road.

$60 per acre will buy 80 acres of good farming land only three miles from our office and located on a good road.

$15 per acre will buy 120 acres near West Duluth. Will cut 4000 cords of hardwood.

5 Per Cent—MONEY TO LOAN—5 Per Cent.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance. 216 West Superior Street.

FOR SALE Eight-room house, East End, below Second street, in perfect repair; hardwood floors, hot water heat, porcelain bath; price, $5000; easy terms.

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,

309 Exchange Building. Duluth, Minn.

ENTRANCE TO VANCOUVER

Northern Securities People Believe Hill Line Will Get It.

New York, Sept. 5.—Northern Securities people are elated over the result of the injunction suit brought by Canadian Pacific to prevent the Hill lines from reaching Vancouver, B. C. They recognize the fact that the Canadian Pacific will certainly appeal the case, and they rather expect that pending the appeal the progress of the Great Northern will be blocked. They are quite confident, however, that the ultimate result will be a Great Northern entrance on its own terms into Vancouver, which is regarded as a most important point in connection with the trans-Pacific trade.

A representative of Mr. Hill says:

"This building in Canadian territory is not to be regarded as a reprisal for Canadian Pacific or Soo aggression. It is simply the working out of the destinies Mr. Hill mapped out long ago for his Northern lines. He has long regarded the entire sound shore from Vancouver to Olympia, a legitimate field for his enterprise. When a couple of years ago, he seriously turned his attention to the problem of trans-Pacific traffic, he took steps to provide himself an entrance into Vancouver. The reason is simple enough. It is easy to see that with Vancouver entirely in the hands of the Canadian Pacific, Mr. Hill would have a powerful rival, indeed, for his Pacific trade right at his door. He recognizes the possibilities of Vancouver and Victoria as twin heads of a Pacific trade that might easily rival his own from Puget sound ports. He is not going to make the slightest effort to thwart the destines of these cities, but he is determined that if they are to become great emporiums for Chinese and Japanese merchandise, he is going to be on hand to help them to become such.

"In a word, the entrance of the Great Northern into Vancouver means that the Hill lines will have a share in all commerce across the Pacific from every port north of Olympia. There is nothing hidden or difficult to see in the policy that he is following in the far Northwest. It is no exactly aggression, but as his well-worn and often-expressed policy of 'going wherever there is business.' The business that is taking him into Vancouver is the trans-Pacific trade that may ultimately find its proper head in that city.

"The line that Hill is running from Grand Forks, B. C., up the Semilkeneen river through Princeton and Yale, is being run because he sees there a great coal business. Government assays of coal from that territory show that it produces the finest product of bituminous coal on the continent, next only to the Fernie grade. Ultimately, the line will doubtless follow the line of the Fraser river into Vancouver, making a short route from Spokane and all points east to the latter city.

"In going after coal business, Mr. Hill is looking a long way in the future. In his mind's eye he sees the day when the coal fields of British Columbia will supply the industries of the entire Northwest with fuel, will operate every railroad west of Salt Lake City and north of San Francisco, and will even reach Chicago. He does not believe that that day will come until the markets of the United States are thrown open to the products of the British Columbia mines. He believes that the present tariff on British Columbia coal tends not only to hamper the operations of the Northern railroads, but also to restrict the commerce and manufactures of Northern cities. He does not see why in his competition with the Canadian Pacific, and in his efforts to build up a tremendous traffic across the Pacific ocean, he should be handicapped by being compelled to pay a heavy duty on his fuel in addition to prices at which the Canadian Pacific can procure its fuel. He does not believe that this will always be the case. For that reason he is building into the coal territory and expects in the near future to far more than double his East-bound coal tonnage away beyond the Missouri river, and even into the Twin Cities and Chicago. In fact, Mr. Hill believes that the great bulk of East-bound tonnage on the Great Northern ten years from now will be coal, mined in the company's own lands in British Columbia, brought across the border free of duty and delivered by his carriers in the cities of the West at prices that will defy competition."

HE MARRIED ANOTHER

And Miss Rockwood Is Suing For $10,000.

Des Moines, Iowa, Sept. 5.—Because she says he paid urgent suit to her affections, promised to marry her, assisted her in picking out her wedding gowns and borrowed money from her, Miss V. W. Rockwood of this city has commenced suit against J. W. Hollingsworth to recover $10,000 for breach of promise, as she says he married another woman.

She says he told her he was going out of the city to look up a business location and under that misrepresentation kept from her the fact of his marriage until he was away.

For the alienation of his wife's affections, Richard Anderson of this city has commened a suit against Frank Birdsall for $20,000.

$6600 A house that is new, complete and modern throughout. Choice location. Lot 50x140.

$3000 A beautiful lot, 50x140 feet, on East Third street, with small house. A desirable location for residence or brick flats.

$3300 Nine-room house with water, sewer, bath, electric light and hardwood floors. Fifth street, Central.

$2700 New nine-room house on East Fifth street.

$2100 Eight-room house and lot, 50x140, on East Sixth street.

$1500 Seven-room house on East Sixth street. Hardwood floors, cellar, barn and woodshed. Building new and nicely fenced.

$900 50-foot lot on Jefferson street.

$600 for 100x150 feet, south of London road, Endion.

J. T. DUNPHY,
616 MANHATTAN BLDG.

119½ 10th Ave. East

7-room, modern flat, steam heat and janitor service.

Per Month, - $33.50

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
208 First National Bank Building.

Bargains for Everyone!

$2300 Splendid eight-room house with water up and down stairs, for two families or one, in fine condition. Second street, near Twentieth avenue West.

$1800 Seven rooms, city water, in perfect condition. Fronting Lincoln park.

$1700 Eleven rooms, fifty-foot corner lot, Twenty-seventh avenue West and Helm street. This is a bargain.

$1500 New seven-room house, hardwood floors, city water, all street improvements done, near Twentieth avenue West.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
Phone 789. 401 LONSDALE BLDG.

4½% MONEY To Loan 5%

Any Amount—All privileges—No Delay.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO. First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

CALIFORNIA TIMBER CLAIMS.

Will run three to five million feet. Same parties located myself. Cheap rates. Go now. Apply to JOSEPH W. COOK, 808—9 Torrey Building.

PINE AND HARDWOOD TIMBERED LANDS

In Southern States. Any size tract desired.

SILVER BROS. & CO.
Suite 313-316 Torrey Bldg.

SECURE FARM AND TIMBERED LANDS

BY GUARANTEED RAILROAD RESERVE

H. W. COFFIN, Manhattan Building.

$2000 Takes 50 feet on First street, near Twentieth avenue east.

$2600 Takes 50-foot corner on Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street. A bargain.

Fine residence site upper side of East First street, near Twenty-second avenue. Make us an offer.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg

$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. $200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x150. In good neighborhood.

$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING

TO RENT, SELL OR EXCHANGE, OR IF YOU WISH TO PURCHASE ANYTHING, LIST IT IN THE WANT COLUMNS OF THE EVENING HERALD. WE ARE IN DAILY TOUCH WITH PEOPLE WHO ARE LOOKING FOR HOMES AND WHO ARE WAITING TO SEE A GOOD PLACE TO INVEST THEIR SURPLUS CASH.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

$1850 Two houses and lot on East Sixth street. One house has six rooms, water, sewer and closet. Rent, $15. One house has five rooms. Rent, $7.

$3300 House and lot, very central, on upper side Fourth street. House has city water, is in good condition. Rents at $45 a month.

$4200 House and 50-foot lot on East Third street, west of Twelfth avenue. House has stone foundation, water, sewer, bath, furnace, barn. Rents for $44.

$5250 House and 50-foot lot, very central, on upper side of Fourth street. House of nine rooms, stone foundation, cement cellar, hot water heat, hardwood finish. Beautiful lawn and trees.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

"THAT'S MY BUSINESS"—SELLING
Cary Safes
Vaults and Bank Work.
Good Second-hand Safes Always on Hand.
M. M. CONLON, — DULUTH, MINN.

PERSONAL.

LADIES CONTEMPLATING MARriage write me for particulars of how to get the best homes in the shortest time. Confidential. Address with stamp Z 14, Herald.

MAN'S BEST FRIEND—DR. MUTter's quick cure for weak men. Acts immediately. "It does the business." Sample free. Kraigco, Chemist, Dept. 57, Milwaukee, Wis.

MARRIAGE DIRECTORY FREE TO all. Pay when married. New plan; send no money. For particulars address, H. A. Horton, Dept. 103, Tekonsha, Mich.

LADIES—$500 REWARD IF WE FAIL to relieve obstinate suppression, any cause in pathology. Mail. Dr. Johnson M. Dis., 95 i Carborn, Chicago.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills ARE THE BEST. Safe, Reliable. Take no other. Send 2c stamps for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by RETURN MAIL. Ask your druggis **Chichester Chemical Co., Philada., Pa.**

LADIES! OUR HARMLESS REMEDY relieves without fail delayed or suppressed menstruation. For free trial address Paris Chemical Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

J. P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take a dollar bottle of Jouven Pills. One bottle will tell a story of marvelous results and create profound wonder. This medicine has more rejuvinating, vitalizing force than ever been offered. Sent by mail in plain package on y on receipt of this adv. and $1. 17 Made by its originators, C. I. Hood Co., proprietors Hood's Sarsaparilla, Lowell, Mass.

A Good Way To Save Money

Is to deposit a portion of your earnings each week, or each month, with the

Savings Department
of the
CITY NATIONAL BANK

Remember, there is no business so small, and none so large, but that this bank will give it careful attention.

Open from 10 to 3.

Also Saturday evenings from 6 to 8.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS CAN MAKE $2000 TO $4000 next three months handling newly patented article; absolute necessity; demand enormous; experience unnecessary, exclusive territory given. Household Novelty Co., manufacturers, 1512 Broadway, N. Y.

AGENTS—WANTED EVERYWHERE. Newest thing out. Sells at sight in every home, at fairs, carnivals, etc. A cracker-jack. Monarch Novelty Co., 199 S. Clark, Chicago.

WANTED—PERSONS TO CALL ON RETail trade and agents for manufacturing house; local territory; salary $19 paid weekly; expense money advanced; previous experience unnecessary; business successful; enclose self-addressed envelope. Standard House, Chicago.

SOLICITORS for the city to write Health and Accident insurance; salary and commission to hustlers. Address Union Mutual Insurance Co., 306 Palladio, Duluth.

WANTED--TO RENT.

WANTED — FURNISHED, HEATED flat of four or five rooms. Address, W. C., Herald.

WANTED—ONE LARGE FURNISHED room with use of piano, for two young ladies. Address, M. E., Herald.

WANTED TWO OR THREE UNFURnished or furnished rooms for light housekeeping, family of three. Within walking distance of Union depot. Address G. H., Herald.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, about Nov. 1, a five or six room furnished house or flat. Please state terms. Address W 16, Herald.

WANTED—A SMALL FURNISHED flat for the winter. Best of references. C. B. R., Herald.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR UNFURnished rooms, small flat, or house. Address with full particulars, H. 84, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT—SIX OR SEVENroom flat, centrally located; heat, lights, bath. Jack Francy, 210 West Superior street.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—NO. 17 FIRST AVENUE west, between Superior and First streets. Mendenhall & Hoopes, or J. H. O'Leary & Co., 732 East Third.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HIGHLAND PARK

This property is increasing in value more rapidly than any property in the city. We are offering five 50-foot lots, well located, at $250 for corners and $300 for inside lots. They should double in value within a reasonable time. Call now if you want one or more.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS $5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Baars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 307-5.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 334 West Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

FREE—YOUR FORTUNE TOLD. MY advice is as good as gold. Send birthdate and three 2-cent stamps now. Dr. Best, 74 D. 166, Chicago.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1614 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4351.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

CABINET WORK, office, store fixtures; house repairing and jobbing. Wickstrom & Hartz, shop 17 Fifth Avenue west, New phone 1142.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

SURVEYOR.

Andrew Anderson, surveyor, 22 Vernon St.

LINCOLN PARK.

A Prize Waltz will be given at Lincoln Park Pavilion Dance Hall beginning July 28, for eight consecutive Tuesday nights, a prize of $5.00 will be given for the best couple waltzing each Tuesday night until eight couples are chosen. The couple winning will have their names registered by Mr. Stevenson, the floor manager. On the ninth Tuesday, September 29, $5.00 in gold will be given to the best couple out of the eight prize winner. The final contest to come off behind closed doors and windows. Everyone welcome. J. MOORE, Proprietor

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St., New phone 318; old, 705-5.

WANTED—TO BUY.

A SMALL COAL HEATER IN GOOD condition. State price. Address U 6, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—EIGHT OR TENfoot counter and a large size coffee mill. W. M. Miller, West Duluth, 206 Central avenue.

WANTED TO PURCHASE SECONDhand bus, in good repair, suitable to meet trains. Apply Box 136, Hibbing, Minn.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S. Humes.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 206 East First street.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

MINES AND MINING.

STAR PETROLEUM, 8c; ALASKA CENtral, $4.00; Cataract, 25c. All others cheap. Illgiee, Germania Life building, St. Paul. Phone.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECIalty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2920 West Third street. New phone 1448.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

TIMBER CLAIMS.

CAN LOCATE YOU ON GOOD HOMEstead and timber claims. For further information call or write, Bagley Bros., 225 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

BOARD WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN DESIRES ROOM AND board in private family. References exchanged.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1040 Fine six-room house; newly painted and papered throughout; $200 cash, balance $14 per month, without interest.

$1100 Very well built 7-room house on Third avenue west.

$1200 Seven-room house on corner lot, in West End; $200 cash, $12 and interest monthly.

$2250 Fine corner in Lakeside, lot 100x140 with seven-room house.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FIFTY-FOOT LOT, UPPER side Sixth street, between eighteenth and nineteenth avenue east. Peter W. Johnson, 1531 East South street.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $3600. T 49, Herald.

FOR SALE—A FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, furnished or unfurnished at Seventeenth street, Park Point. Inquire 212 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 50-foot lot one block from Lincoln park. Inquire 2461 West Fourth street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
521-525 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 936; Bell 65-5.

LOANS—LOANS—LOANS
To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are low and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with on or before privilege, thus stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 10 years insures honorable dealings to all.

IF YOU WANT MONEY on Furniture, Pianos, Horses, Wagons, Carriages, etc., or on Personal Property of any kind, call on

THE MINNESOTA LOAN CO.,
THE MINNESOTA LOAN CO.,
205 Palladio Building.

And get terms before dealing elsewhere. You can pay the money back in any amount you wish and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan.

Anyone having bought furniture or pianos on time or obtained a loan on same and found the payments larger than they can conveniently meet, can have them paid up for then, and carried as long as desired. New phone 883.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?
On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in the city. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 420 Manhattan building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECURITIES. Reasonable rates and easy terms. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co., 16 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and re-payment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio building. Zenith phone 761.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO., THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES —Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Brednholm, 1609 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH $2000 TO $3000, can double his money in a few months, this will bear thorough investigation. Confidential on both sides. Address Business, Herald.

CASH FOR YOUR REAL ESTATE OR business no matter where located. If you desire a quick sale send us description and price. Northwestern Business Agency. X 313, Bank of Commerce building, Minneapolis.

TO LOAN—$3000 to $5000 ON GOOD improved city property, at low rates. F 39, Herald.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—PURSE CONTAINING SMALL ring. Return to 2528 West Second street and receive reward.

LOST — HEART-SHAPE, MOON STONE pin, set in diamonds, on Third street, between Second avenue West and Second avenue East. Finder leave at Herald office and receive reward.

LOST—BLACK SPANIEL PUP, EIGHT months old. Answers to name of Trilby, reward if returned to 1542 West Michigan street or old 'phone 976-3.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

A KITCHEN RANGE, AND TWO splendid base burners for sale. Apply 1616 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—A $45 SEWING MACHINE cheap, if taken at once. Also ladies writing desk and a book rack. Call at 510 Eighth avenue East.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND two bicycles cheap. 2627 West second street.

FURNITURE OF AN EIGHT-ROOM, modern, house; very central; lined with good paying roomers. Only those meaning business need apply. Address W. H., Herald.

FOR SALE—ELEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, with all modern conveniences, hot water heat. Inquire 1727 East Superior St.

FOR SALE—NEW GO-CART, NEVER used, very cheap. Call 220 Fifth avenue East, flat B.

FOR SALE—SMALL RESTAURANT, doing good business. Fine location. Enquire 511 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—25,000 SHARES OF PARRY Sound copper stock. Address, J. 36, Herald.

FOR SALE—TWO SINGER, TWO DOmestic, one American, one Wheeler & Wilson; machines from $5 to $20; all in good condition; worth twice what we ask. Also needles and supplies for all machines. We rent and repair machines. White Sewing machine office, 129 West Superior street. Both telephones.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. E. Johnson, 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

FOR SALE ON PARK POINT, BEAUtiful corner lot with small cottage, on lake side of Minnesota and facing bay. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL GROCERY STORE in one of the best localities in the city. Will be sold at a bargain if taken at once. Address G 22, Herald.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE — 320 acres of fine land for good house in Lakeside. F 59, Herald.

FOR SALE—MINUTES OF A GOOD claim near Ely. Good iron prospects. Z 13, Herald.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES OF CHOICE land near the city. A snap for somebody. K 13, Herald.

FOR SALE—PAIR HEAVY HORSES. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—HOUSE ON FORTY-FIRST avenue west and Magellan street. Cheap if taken at once. Good place to keep cow and poultry. One block from car line. J. D. Seney, 4115 Magellan street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—GROCERY, CIGAR AND candy store. Salvatore Trano. 1127 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—HEAVY WORK horse. About 12 years old. 28 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BAKERY, confectionery and soda water stand in a live town of 5000 inhabitants. Business of $15,000 a year and increasing all the time. For particulars address, A. C., care Evening Herald.

FOR SALE—VIOLIN—CHEAP. Address, J. 99, Herald.

FOR SALE — CARLOAD FRESH milch cows and springers, just received. 718 Fifth avenue east.

S. M. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED with a car load of fresh milch cows. 1219 East Seventh street. Zenith 'phone 1387.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $25 up. Edmont, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2005 Helm street.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION AS time keeper and camp clerk, experience and references. D 98, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WITH THREE YEARS experience in general office work desires position. Best of references furnished.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home or to go out. 218 Third avenue East.

WANTED — FURNISHED ROOMS TO take care of by a woman of experience in the business, or will do chamber work. Address U 5, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY STATIONARY engineer; best of references; worked nine years in last place. Address Oscar Jordan, 508 West Superior street.

WANT WASHING AND IRONING. MRS. Hermansen, 110 First avenue East.

FIRST-CLASS COOK WANTS POSItion. Call 215 East Superior street, Mrs. Siebold.

POSITION WANTED—AS CHAMBERmaid in city. Apply at once, 918 East Fifth street.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY—POSItion as clerk in cigar or confectionery store. Y. Z., Herald.

POSITION WANTED—AS STENOGrapher, by a competent young man, of temperate habits. Business experience more of an object than salary. U. 4, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY as cashier in restaurant or news stand. F. O., Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER wants office work evenings. Best of references, an A1 penman. P 77, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion as bookkeeper in lumber office, two years experience. Best of reference. Address 1303 West Superior St.

CAPABLE WOMAN WOULD LIKE furnished rooms to take care of. Address 1927 East Sixth street.

POSITION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS lady stenographer, with several years' experience. A1 references. Will leave town. Address, J. 97, Herald.

WANTED SITUATION—BY MIDDLEaged lady as housekeeper; no objection to leaving city. L. 96, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPEtent experienced, thoroughly reliable manager general store, as manager, assistant or bookkeeper. Correspondence solicited with parties contemplating opening branch store. Address W. G., Herald.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

LADIES REQUIRING NURSES IN sickness can be supplied at any time. Domestic Employment office, 225 East Superior street. Zenith 'phone 613.

HEADQUARTERS FOR HOTEL COOKS 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 18 YEARS OF age for nurse maid. Apply 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, GIRL. 313 WEST Superior street.

SEVEN FIRST CLASS COOKS FOR hotels. Fine cooks for boarding "fine hotels. 225 East Superior street, Zenith 'phone 613.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at 1616 East Superior street. Three in family.

GIRLS FOR PASTING LABELS. light steady work. Minnesota Cigar Box Co. 30 First avenue West.

WANTED—ENERGETIC LADY FOR traveling position. Advertising and collecting, moderate salary and all expenses to start. Advancement; position permanent if satisfactory. For particulars address E. Phillips, Pontiac building, Chicago.

$20.00 A HUNDRED WRITING LETters home. Addressed envelope for particulars. Electric Remedy Co., Dept. 135, 235 South Michigan, South Bend, Ind.

$25 PER 100, WRITING SHORT LETters from copy. Pay weekly. Addressed stamped envelope. Racine Wholesale Co., Dept. 71, Chicago.

LADIES TO DO PIECEWORK AT their homes; we furnish all materials and pay from $7 to $12 weekly. Send stamped envelope to Royal Co., 31 Monroe street, Chicago.

WANTED —YOUNG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 120 East Third street.

WOMAN WANTED TO SELL A NECcessity to mothers. $12.00 a week clear. Dept. M, Box 78, Philadelphia.

WANTED—GOOD NURSE GIRL. MRS. F. R. LESLIE, 1431 East Superior street.

WANTED — MILLINERY APPRENtices. Apply at once to superintendent, Panton & White Co.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESwoman who thoroughly understands art needle work, embroidering, etc., to show samples, take orders and sell materials for the same. Must be competent to instruct, if necessary. Address, giving reference and salary desired, B. 400, care of Herald.

WANTED—SEAMSTRESS—APPLY AT once, 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK; permanent place; best wages. Apply, Mrs. Magie, 1401 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRLS, AT LUTE'S LAUNdry.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DINING room girl at St. Louis hotel, $18 per month.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. 4232 London Road.

WANTED—GIRLS WITH EXPERIENCE to sew jackets. 325½ West Michigan St.

WANTED— COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD KITCHEN GIRL. 112 East Third Street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 211 West Second street.

WANTED — SECOND GIRL. 222 FIFTH avenue east.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience. Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

YOUNG MAN AS TRAVELING REporter for Mercantile Agency. State experience, age and references. P 47, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS DOOR man. Apply head porter, Spalding

WANTED— SALESMEN— TRAVELING men, also resident agents to sell fine whiskies on commission. Old Louisville Whisky Co., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED: SIGN TACKERS, BILL posters, circular distributors, nursery, poultry food and medicine salesmen, open for a proposition. Write E. R. Blew, Manager, Monon building, Chicago.

MEN TO DELIVER, SCANDINAVIAN with experience preferred. Best wages, steady job. Zenith 'phone 717. Apply at once.

A POSTOFFICE EXAMINATION WILL be held in Duluth November 18th to secure clerks and carriers. An advanced education is not necessary, but careful training is. We prepare by mail a large per cent of the successful ones. For full information send for our announcement and questions used by the government. Columbian Correspondence College, Washington, D. C.

CIGAR SALESMAN WANTED—EXPERience unnecessary; good pay. Emanuel Co., Station "J," New York.

DETECTIVES — EVERY LOCALITY, good salary, experience unnecessary. International Detective Agency, Milwaukee, Wis.

SALESMAN WANTED—FIRST-CLASS man and hustler to visit general trade; staple line; new proposition; excellent opportunity for right man. W. E. Hodgman, Cleveland, Ohio.

TRAVELING SALESMAN. AN ACTIVE energetic man for Minnesota territory. Staple line. Established high rated house. F. R. Jennings, Sales Mgr., Detroit, Mich.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS WANTED—Big money paid by railroad companies. Will teach you telegraphy evenings for five dollars ($5) per month and assist you to a position of not less than $60 per month. Start at once and you will be capable of holding a position by April 1. Address or apply 518 First avenue East.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED-- CONTINUED.

EXPERIENCED SALESMAN TO CALL on family trade. Address U 4, Herald.

WE TEACH MEN BARBER TRADE quickly. Our catalogue explains how, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn. Macgregor and Anderson Props.

WANTED—BOY, AT WHITE SWAN Drug store.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CAMP COOKS, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED — MEN EVERYWHERE— good pay, to distribute circulars, advertising matter, tack signs, etc. No canvassing. National Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

A GOOD OFFICE BOY. R. G. DUNN & Co., Lonsdale building.

WANTED—AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN desiring to study medicine or dentistry, and willing to work his way through. Address, Box 376, Chicago.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESMAN for clothing store, who can speak the Finnish language fluently; steady position and good wages to right party. H. M. Buck, Hibbing.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BOYS clothing salesman; permanent position. Apply, M. S. Burrows.

WANTED—GOOD ALL AROUND TIMEkeeper for mining camp; must understand detail work. Call 623-624 Lyceum building for further information.

WANTED— TRAVELING MEN FOR Minnesota, advertising and collecting. $30 monthly from the start and all expenses. Steady position to satisfactory party. Address Road Manager, 202 Pontiac building, Chicago.

WANTED—AUSTRIANS AND ITALians for railroad work in Montana. Free transportation. Anderson & Barron, employment office, 515½ West Michigan street.

WANTED—ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; permanent and growing position. Give age, where employed, salary and references. Address, X. Y., care Herald.

WANTED—DELIVERY CLERK. 1831 East Superior street.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

BUSINESS MEN
BUSINESS MEN
BUSINESS MEN

Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants, FREE OF CHARGE.

Apply to
W. C. McCARTER, Business University.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE—steam-heat. 31 West Second street. Inquire of Silberstein & Bondy Co.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE IN Park terrace. 235 Lyceum.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 24.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, hot water heat, electric light and bath, $8 per month. 706½ West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 335 East First street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room. 407 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—A DOWNSTAIRS. APPLY 317 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—A LARGE FRONT ROOM, suitable for two gentlemen. Very central and modern. 416 West Second St.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 20 West Seventh street.

FOR RENT—TWO AND THREE ROOMS —1021 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND alcove. 210 East Third street.

ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN SUITE—GAS, electric light, hot water heat, pleasant location, near High school; few minutes walk from Superior street; gentlemen preferred. H 82, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS AT 312 EAST Ninth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; private family; bath, electric light. Rate very reasonable to permanent tenant. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED ROOM; steam heat. 206 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 213 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room for gentleman. 1431 Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, single or ensuite. Board if desired. Gentlemen preferred. 218 Fourth avenue West.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. APply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 old Herald bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FIVE rom flat in West End. Modern conveniences, $14, including water. Possession Oct. 1. C. P. Craig & Co.

BOARD OFFERED.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND first class table board. 231 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board. Gentlemen preferred. Private family. Modern. 412 West Fourth St.

TWO NICE ROOMS AND BOARD IN private family for two ladies. 617 Second avenue East.

THE TECUMSEH, 320 WEST SECOND; board and rooms for man and wife or gentlemen.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

A GRANQVIST, MASSAGE TREATment. Only cure for rheumatism. 108 West Superior street. Room 411, New Jersey building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1603-2; new, 1303.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 650; res. 1215.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. 'Phones, old, 544; new, 831.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT, Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Rasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom, 415 W. Mich. St.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 21st, 1903. Work, second degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work —. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 1. Work, Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 165 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always Welcome. Sept. 9, special work and drill by degree team. Harry Miles, commander, city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 31 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 35.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Sept. 1st. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September, 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2296.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.
HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. B. Blake, recorder.

MACHINISTS.

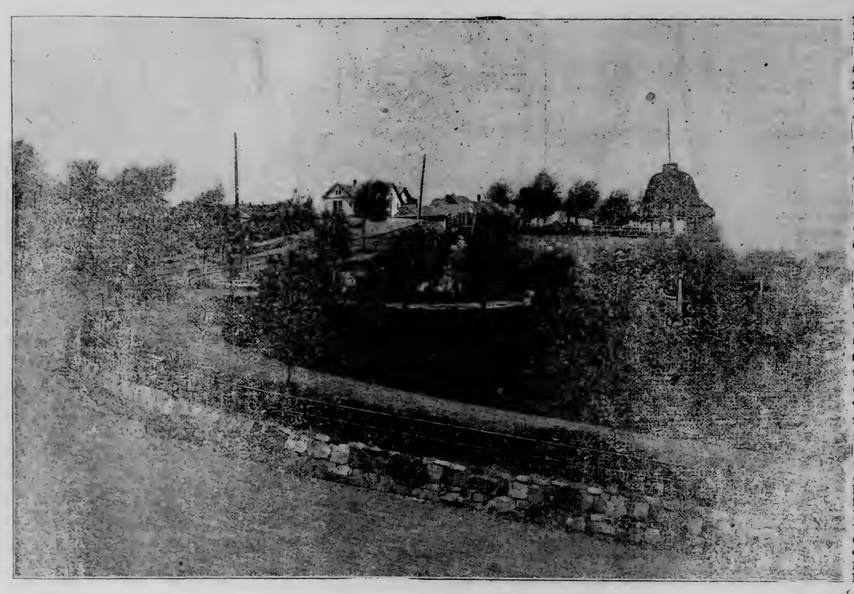
ALL MEMBERS OF THE MACHINISTS' union are requested to meet in front of the AXA building, No. 221 West Superior street, Labor day, Sept. 7, at 8 o'clock in the morning. Labor day parade starts at 8:30 sharp.

SECTION 2 **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** PAGES 13 TO 24

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1903.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

CASCADE SQUARE, ONE OF DULUTH'S BEAUTIFUL GARDENS



GENERAL VIEW OF CASCADE SQUARE.

Cascade square is one of the smallest, yet one of the most artificially beautiful of Duluth's gardens.

Situated between Lake and Second avenues west, and extending north from Fifth to Seventh avenue, it commands a view of the entire central part of the city, the harbor and the lake.

Cascade square is one of the most popular afternoon resorts in the city. Every fine afternoon the park is thronged with children playing about the grass, and mothers reading and enjoying the view from the hilltop. It shares with Portland square the honor of being the nursery maid park of the city.

The scenery in the square is almost entirely the result of man's handiwork. The little stream that runs through the park emerges from a stone tunnel, and runs between stone banks. The steep slope of the hillside has been terraced, and the grass is kept carefully clipped. Two lily ponds have been formed in the park, and water lilies and rushes grow in profusion during the summer months.

Along the upper side of the park, on the extreme summit of the hill, is a covered promenade. This is one of the highest points on the hill, and the view is probably unsurpassed anywhere in Duluth. It is a never-failing source of wonder to strangers, and even old residents never weary of the sight of the city, harbor and lake, as seen from the pavilion at the summit of the little park.

On hot summer days the park grows in popularity, as the full effect of any breeze that may be blowing is felt on the hill top.



ONE OF THE PRETTY SPOTS IN CASCADE SQUARE.

PORTLAND CEMENT MADE OUT OF BLAST FURNACE SLAG

Can Be Manufactured In Duluth and There Is a Good Market For It—Consul General Hughes Tells of the Industry In Germany.

As the world waxes wiser it becomes wonderfully economical.

Process after process has been discovered that results in making something valuable out of material that has been going to waste and has been simply debris that it cast money to remove.

Some wonderful things are done, for instance, with the mangled remains of a steer after the meat has all been removed. Every bit of it, the hoofs, horns, hide and bones, serves some useful purpose, whereas not many years ago practically all of these substances were simply nuisances that had to be destroyed at some inconvenience and expense.

Another discovery along this line is one that Duluth is particularly interested in. Very satisfactory Portland cement can be made out of blast furnace slag. It is just as good as the other kind, and in some respects it has advantages over the natural Portland cement.

Duluth has a blast furnace, and, of course, it produces slag as well as pig iron. If Portland cement can be made out of slag anywhere it ought to be made out of it here, because there is a big market for it, and that market will constantly increase as the country develops.

Most people who have looked upon a blast furnace while it was hot would imagine that slag was about the most valueless commodity that ever happened, and to the ordinary man the idea of making it serve any very useful purpose would be so remote that it would never cross his mind.

Somebody that was not an ordinary man, however, discovered that it made very good Portland cement, and if the reports are all that has been claimed for them in the way of veracity it may not be very long before Duluth is making some of the Portland cement she uses, and this long freight haul upon it would be saved.

There would probably be not the slightest difficulty in disposing of all the cement that could be manufactured in this way at good prices. The maker and the user could share the saved freight rates between them, and everybody would be so much the better off.

The report that slag makes good cement comes from Consul General Oliver J. D. Hughes, in far-off Coburg, who writes his chief as follows:

"Portland cement has been made from blast furnace slag for several years in various cement works in Germany, Luxemburg and Belgium, and has yielded very satisfactory results, especially in regard to quality, writes Oliver J. D. Hughes, consul general to Coburg. Negotiations are being carried on with some blast furnace works with a view to the introduction of the slag cement industry into England, Austria and France. In some respects a blast works has a considerable advantage over other Portland cement factories, because the motive power for the cement works can be supplied by a blast furnace gas motor with electric transmission, the rubble or waste coke from the blast furnaces can be utilized in the cement kiln, and the principal raw materials—namely, the granulated slag and the limestone—are close at hand. Besides, there are other minor advantages.

"Portland slag cement has also some advantages over natural Portland cement; for, while the yield from the raw materials when the former is used is about 80 per cent, the yield when the ordinary raw materials are used is seldom more than 60 per cent. As the cost of production per ton of raw materials is equal in both cases, a saving of about 20 per cent in fuel, labor, etc., is effected in the case of slag cement. Besides this, Portland slag cement is more trustworthy and more regular, and its manufacture can be more easily controlled than that of the so-called natural Portlnd cement, because the principal raw material—namely, the blast furnace slag—is, as a rule, a regular product whose chemical composition is easily controlled; consequently, any alterations which are liable to take place are known beforehand, and precautions can accordingly be taken in time. This is not the case when the natural raw materials are used.

"Some recent tests with Portland cement from blast furnace slag, made in the municipal laboratory at Vienna, showed that mortar composed of three parts of sand, with one part of this cement, gave the following results:

1. After seven days' hardening—Tensile strength, 383 pounds per square inch; strength of compression, 3880 pounds per square inch.

2. After twenty-eight days' hardening—Tensile strength, 551 pounds per square inch; strength of compression, 5411 pounds per square inch."

This report will be read with great interest by a large number of Duluthians. Unfortunately, it does not disclose the process, but that will not be difficult to discover.

A rumor was current a couple of months ago that a man from the East had been in Duluth conferring with the officials of the Zenith Furnace company relative to securing the slag from the Duluth furnace for the purpose of making Portland cement by a process which he had discovered. The report never received confirmation from the officials of the company, but it is believed to have been not without foundation.

WHERE IS SHAFFER?

President of Amalgamated Association Is Missing.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 5.—The Dispatch says: Theodore Shaffer, president of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, is missing. He has dropped out of sight and for several weeks neither fellow-officials at the local office nor the members of his family have been able to find him. Officials profess not to be unduly excited, but it is a fact there is actual alarm at the office because of the long absence of the head officer.

Mr. Shaffer left Pittsburg presumably to attend the sheet conference at Cleveland. He failed to arrive there, and it was thought he would surely attend the important meeting of the sheet men in Pittsburg on Monday last, but again he failed to appear and has not been seen by any of the labor leaders or personal friends. Yesterday afternoon a brother of the president called at the office and asked for him. He was turned away with the remark, "Not in just now."

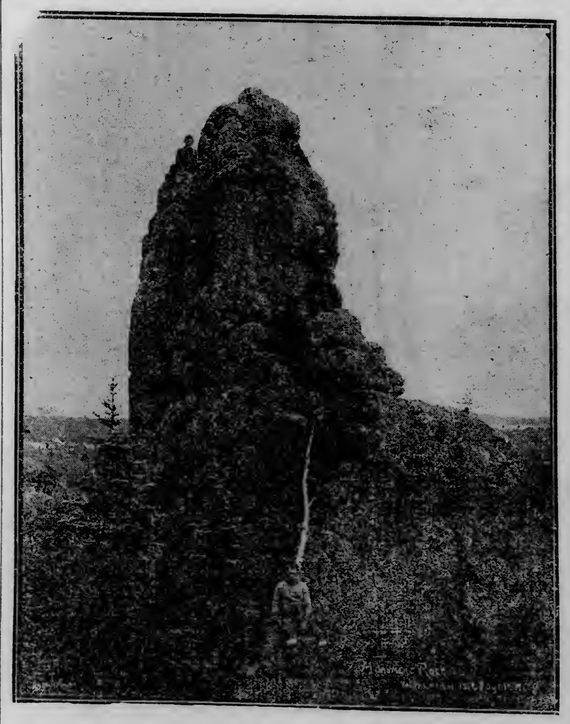
WANTS REWARD PAID FIRST.

Sacramento, Sept. 5.—The announcement of Governor Sparks, of Nevada, that he will not extradite Miller and Woods, the escaped Folsom convicts captured recently at Reno, until the reward offered by the state of California is paid, has been taken up by the executive department of California.

FIREMEN ARE HURT.

New York, Sept. 5.—At least a dozen persons, nine of them firemen, were seriously injured in a collision between a hose cart and a trolley car in Brooklyn early today. The motorman disappeared during the excitment.

"MONUMENT ROCK," AT TOBEN'S HARBOR ON ISLE ROYALE.



"Monument rock" is a landmark that is well known to all Duluthians who have ever visited Toben's harbor on Isle Royale.

Projecting 120 feet upward from the woods, it is visible from miles around, and the view that can be gained from its summit is unsurpassed.

The rock itself is a source of never-failing wonder to all visitors. It is presumably of volcanic formation, as no similar rock exists on the island. Its sides are steep and precipitous, with but few projecting crags. One portion of it, however, has been frequently scaled by visitors, although the summit has been but seldom reached.

The extreme peak is separated by a rift from the point on which the man in the picture is seated, and is much more difficult of access than a smaller portion.

Only the upper half of the rock is shown in the picture, and it is of much greater height than would appear.

The rock is situated about three-quarters of a mile from the harbor, and it is the Mecca to which all summer visitors to Isle Royale make a pilgrimage at least once during the summer. The number of Duluthians who have visited the rock and scaled its side to gaze on the scene which is spread out before the eyes of the ambitious climber, would probably mount into the thousands, and none have ever regretted the labor that is expended in the climb, as the view over the lake, harbor and the woods on the island is surprisingly beautiful. A sunset or a sunrise seen from the summit of the rock is one never to be forgotten.

IN COPPER DISTRICT

Belief That Amalgamated Now Controls Copper Range Company.

Work on New Calumet & Hecla Shaft Has Commenced.

Houghton, Mich., Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The opinion of the best posted observers of the copper situation in the lake copper district is, as a rule, to the effect that the Amalgamated Copper company has secured control, or will secure control, directly or indirectly, of the Copper Range company, which owns a half interest in the Champion and the whole of the Baltic mine. There is much gossip afloat, here and in Boston, to the effect that this, that or the other combination has been made, or is to be made. The facts in the case are known, as yet, only to those in the inside of the recent spectacular depression and rise of Copper Range shares. The truth will be known later on, through developments.

The production of the Champion, Baltim and Trimountain mines, the latter being about to join the Copper Range family, was about 15,000,000 pounds last year, and should be about twice as much this year, with great possibilities for the future. Advisors regarding copper shares who are ultra conservative or inclined to the pessimistic side have repeatedly warned their friends, clients and the public in general that Copper Range is an inflated stock, and selling at too high a price, notwithstanding which the public seems to have kept its faith pinned to the property. Nor is this faith altogether lacking in reason, for the Copper Range mines are new and growing, whereas most of the other lake mines are old, deep and with the usual maladies of old age, such as increased depth, heavier machinery outlay, decreased copper returns per ton of rock stamped, and several minor troubles of a similar nature. Not that the old mines are played out, by any means, but they are not as young as they used to be. There is something about youth that is very attractive, when joined with good health and future promises and this holds true of mines, as well as of mankind. No matter who may or may not own the control of the Copper Range, it is a very valuable property, and one that will justify the payment of high prices for the obtaining of control.

The first sod was cut one week ago for the new shaft that the Calumet & Hecla is sinking on the Kearsarge amygdaloid, and the first set of timbers wa sput in place on Monday of this week. It is not expected that the overburden will present any serious difficulties in sinking and the shaft will be continued perhaps 50 feet into the solid rock, after which crosscuts will be sent to the lode, from which permanent shafts will be holed through in surface. In view of the richness of the mines opened on this lode to the northward, developments will be awaited with interest, especially as the same lode has been tapped and reported worthless at various points to the southward.

The Arcadian is still doing a little diamond drilling, but the mine has been stripped of pumps, rails and everything of value, and all of the big steel shafthouses, except one, have been sold and removed to the Trimountain mine. It is expected that the sole remaining shafthouses will follow its former companions, and will soon be removed to No. 5 shaft of the Trimountain.

It is hoped to start the one-stamp mill of the Phoenix mine next week. The stamp and part of the washing machinery is second-hand, having been taken from the old Welverine mill, but new jigs have been added and the entire plant overhauled, so that the mill is pronounced highly efficient. The Phoenix is opened on fissure veins that traverse the stratified formation at right angles, and the veins are narrow, but rich. In the early days of lake copper mining all of the copper was taken from fissure veins in Keweenaw county, and contact veins in Ontonagon county. The possibility of working the stratified beds at a profit was decried by miners until the Quincy made the experiment and succeded. Fissure veins are usually narrow and often treacherous, whereas the stratified beds of amygdaloid and conglomerate rock are of wonderful persistency, and can be followed for miles along their strike, and to unknown depths, as no mine has ever gotten to the bottom of any of them.

The Osceola continues to increase its production, slowly but steadily. It has taken a long time to get the two Kearsarge mines in full running order, but now that both are large producers, the next annual report should prove much pleasanter reading to shareholders than were the last two.

After idleness for a quarter of a century, work was resumed at the Cliff mine less than ten days ago. This was the first dividend-payer among lake copper mines, and the first disbursement of profits was made as long ago as 1849. The old mine was opened on a fissure vein, which proved itself the most productive and profitable of any ever found in this district, and total dividends of more than two and a half millions of dollars were paid before the mine was abandoned. Old miners' stories are still current to the effect that the bottom levels were the richest and that the mine never looked better than when work was stopped. These fairy tales grow up around any old mine in time, and the richer the property once was, the bigger the stories get eventually. Similar romances have caused the squandering of many millions in reopening worked-out mines in various parts of the world, but in the case of the Cliff the situation is different. The Miskwabik Development company, a local exploratory corporation, has been working for nearly a year on lands adjacent to the Cliff tract, and what is supposed to be the Northern extension of the Kearsarge lode has been found. The owners of the old Cliff, who are distinct from the old Lake Superior & Pittsburg company that operated the mine in its days of prosperity, have come to the conclusion that the lands are worth exploring, and are trenching in the hope of cutting the Kearsarge lode. It is not likely that any attempt will be made to reopen the old Cliff mine proper, as a complete new mining equipment would be required, and the underground workings would be in terrible condition, after remaining filled with water for twenty-five years.

Developments on the Kearsarge lode at the exploring shaft of the Ahmeek continue as highly encouraging as when the first shot was put in the rock. A permanent shaft has been started, and there seem more than ordinarily safe grounds for predicting that the Ahmeek will make a mine, and a good one. At the Allouez work is in progress with a view to organizing a new mine on the same Kearsarge lode, which is now the most eagerly-sought-for mineral body in the lake district. In the case of the Allouez it will be necessary to reach the lode through a vertical shaft, which can be deflected when the bed is reached. The prospects of the Allouez are bright, as the lode certainly underlies its lands, and has been proven rich both to northward and southward, and at but short distances from the Allouez lands. The air compressor has just been started, and power drills are now at work in the shaft, which will allow more rapid progress for the future. The shaft is proving quite wet, and requires the services of four sinking pumps. With the completion of a new shafthouse to replace the temporary headgear used at present, the Allouez will be in shape to make good progress in sinking for the Kearsarge lode.

It is not certain that the shafthouse burned at "A" shaft of the Atlantic will be replaced, as the rock formerly hoisted through that shaft can be raised elsewhere by making the trams a little longer.

The annual census of the county mine inspectors will be taken this month. It is probable that the number of men employed by the mines, mills and smelters of the district will show but a small increase over last year's figures. Ten years ago the lake copper mines employed a total of about 7000 men, while the present number is about 12,000. The remarkable gain in forces has been reflected in largely increased output, and in the upbuilding of a number of populous towns, one of which, Calumet, is now the largest mining camp in the United States, with at least 40,000 people.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The federal grand jury at Washington adjourned Friday until next Tuesday without making the expected report in the postal cases. It is not certain, though rather generally expected, that indictments will follow the reassembling of the jury.

Henry Allen, a builder, of Birmingham, Ala., fractured his jaw bone while eating a chicken gizzard. He was seized with a high fever and his suffering was intense. The attending physician says the accident was caused by attempting to masticate the gristle of the gizzard.

The Cunard Steamship company, which, it was recently announced, had contemplated the establishment of a line between Boston and Mediterranean ports, has announced that; New York will be its terminal point on this side of the Atlantic.

Mrs. Fanny Bickford and Mrs. E. A. Gibson were run over and killed Friday by a logging train on the Daniels Creek railway at Ring's Camp, Ore. The women attempted to get on board while the cars were moving slowly.

The Denver special grand jury has reported indictments against Charles W. Grouter, formerly state auditor, and W. Cary Munsell, his chief clerk. Munsell is accused of embezzling $8000 of flat tax money, and the former auditor is charged with making no effort to collect this or to turn over other flat tax money which he collected. There are nineteen counts in the indictments.



The Handsome Silver Cup Won by J. R. Zweifel, of This City, in the Northwestern Photographers' Contest. The Cup is on Exhibition in the Window of F. D. Day & Co.

WISCONSIN STATE FAIR.

Arrangements All Completed For Next Week's Event.

Milwaukee, Sept. 5.—Everything is in readiness for what is expected to be the greatest state fair next week in the history of the Wisconsin Agricultural society. Reports from railroad agents throughout the state indicate that great interest has been manifested in the big show and that the attendance will be a record breaker. The prizes to be awarded will foot up $20,000.

The dairy exhibit, it is said, will eclipse anything of the kind ever presented within the state and a fine live stock exhibit, including much of the prize stock from Minnesota and other state fairs will be here.

The fastest race of the week will be the 2:08 pace scheduled for Thursday. Entered for this race are Ax, Robert J and Robert Wilkes. Other fast races are the 2:16 pace and 2:13 trot on Tuesday, the 2:15 trot on Wednesday an dthe 2:12 pace on Friday.

The national A. A. U. championships are billed for Thursday and Friday.

ST. PAUL DAY

Drew 60,000 People to the State Fair.

St. Paul, Sept. 5.—Yesterday was "St. Paul day" at the state fair, and the attendance was very large, being estimated at 60,000. The weather was bright and pleasantly cool, and the track had dried out sufficiently to enable the harness horses to make good time. The feature on the card was the St. Paul stake of $5000 for 2:13 class pacers, and although Jo Interest took the race in straight heats, he was pushed hard and the finish in the second heat was very close. In the 2:45 class trot, Pat Ford had things all his own way and won with ease. Results:

2:13 class pacing, purse $5000, Jo Interest won in straight heats; time, 2:12, 2:11½ and 2:12¼. Col. Taylor, Antrese, Go Direct, Joe Rhea, St. Patchen, Sylvalene, Gale Gord, Vivant Star, Gilly, Lucy P and Maj. McKinley also started.

2:45 class trotting, purse $1000; Pat Ford won in straight heats; time, 2:17¼, 2:16¼ and 2:19¼. Stephen L, Normandelle, De Clare, Genella, Barbie C, Parmella, Edna Boggs, Phrase Ghetto and Eurine G also started.

MISSIONARY WORK

Will Be Discussed By Congregationalists.

New York, Sept. 5.—Missionary work of the Congregational church in the foreign and home fields, will be discussed by two conventions during October, one at Manchester, N. H., and the other at Cleveland, Ohio. The American board in charge of foreign work will hold its sessions at Manchester from October 13 to October 16, and beginning October 20 at Cleveland the American missionary association in charge of the home field, will continue in session through October 22. The annual sermon will be preached by President Willard G. Speerry, D. D., of Michigan. The industrial, intellectual and moral education of the negro will be a question before the American missionary association.

LETTER IN A CAKE

Proved the Undoing of One Gee Fook.

Portland, Ore., Sept. 5.—A coaching letter concealed in the inside of a cake, was the undoing of Gee Fook, a Chinese lad, who endeavored to establish his right to remain in the United States on the ground that he was native born. The boy's father wished to present his son with a quantity of cakes. The inspector ordered the cakes dissected and in the center of one was discovered a thin sheet of paper with instructions to Gee Fook, written in Chinese characters.

WILL NOT EXTEND

Hill's Interest Limited to Lines Already Built.

New York, Sept. 5.—In regard to numerous reports connecting him with various vast new projects on sea and land in the West, James J. Hill, the railroad magnate, who has just returned from a week's cruise on his yacht, says:

"I shall never undertake any work of magnitude in a new field. My interests are limited by the lines I have already drawn, for the development of the great Northwest. They will never be extended."

THIN CLOTH GOWNS FOR SEPTEMBER

Novelty Goods, Plain In Patterns and Moderate In Price, and Do Not Require Much Trimming —They Are Cut Rather Loose.

New York, Sept. 5.—The September breeze blows the city folk back to town. But often it is only a passing whiff of coolness to be succeeded by the hottest hours of the season.

The city girl away in the country reveling in the brisk air comes back to town to suffocate, for the atmosphere now is more than trying and September's warm wave means to her the greatest discomfort of the year.

Of course, on her return she must have new clothes, for what woman could come back to the city and wear the dresses that she wore all July and August in the country. These are faded now and must be put aside for the next summer's wear, when they can be renovated for second best with a little lace and a little remaking.

But September calls for the new gown and there is no way except to accept the summons and go forth and purchase it. It can be delayed, but with each day's delay comes added expenditure for prices rise as fall comes on and in a month or so they will be at full height, while just now things are cheap.

The September gown, whether for gay young maid or for matron sedate, must be one of the new cloths, often called novelty goods. They are plain in pattern, and of all shades, so that the most becoming color can be selected. But they are remarkable for the fact that they are very thin in quality, very fine in texture, unusually soft, easily draped and so glossy that they might be mistaken for face cloths that cost a great deal more.

The prices of these goods do not run up very high, for it is one of the peculiarities of the season that the nicest materials come at very reasonable prices. The woman with not very much, and the girl with no income at all, but dependent upon the family purse, can buy material for a very pretty gown without spending much money.

And there is another nice thing about the gowns that are built for September's warm wave and this is the fact that they do not require much trimming. Then bands of the self-same material, folds of the self-same goods, tucks, hemstitching and the like constitute the principal trimmings for these gowns of fall.

Yet they have a certain chic of their own and one of their best points is the style in which they are cut. Instead of hugging the hips as closely as they did they are rather loose and they fall away in that adorable line at the back. This style of cutting a skirt gives an exceeding grace to a woman's carriage and is becoming where the very tight hips were not becoming at all.

A gown worn by Mrs. George Gould the other day, when she went to call, accompanied by her eldest daughter, Miss Marjorie, afforded a very nice illustration of this style.

The skirt was cut with straight front, that is with the front so shaped that it falls straight down from the belt to the floor without a curve. The back sloped away and was long, seeming to make an unbroken curve from the belt line to the end of the skirt. Around the bottom of the skirt there were three deep flounces, which were cut in curves around the bottom and stitched. These flounces were graduated in width and were set upon the skirt in such a manner that they rose at the back, high toward the belt line.

The waist was latticed across the front with strappings of cloth over a narrow white vest. The neck was cut rather low and round to admit of a high lace stock and collarette.

September will see some very pretty new fashions and one of the newest is the new sleeve which is tucked at the shoulder and again at the cuff. Between shoulder and cuff the sleeve forms a very large puff, into which the elbow rests.

The elbow puff, as it is called, is tucked where it joins the cuff. But in between it becomes very full, suggesting the pillow case sleeve.

Another style of sleeve is the donkey ear, though it seems too large for its name. This sleeve has a great ear of cloth which sets out over the cuff and is stiffened with crinoline and embroidered.

Embroidery must not be forgotten in the fall schemes, for it plays its own part and seems destined to continue on fashion's stage for a long time to come. Dresses are trimmed with it more than ever, and there will be fall suits completely covered with embroidered designs. Others will have touches of embroidery upon them, while still others will be trimmed with embroidered tabs, embroidered bands and embroidered collars and cuffs. Do not, if you would have your fall gown very dressy, forget to add a little of the embroidery which is a part of so many gowns.

Such pretty fancies as these come floating in with the fall and such pretty odd styles as are made new again. One of these shows a remarkable waist arrangement, all latticed over a white vest, with the vest full and the lattice very narrow and put on in a crisscross fashion, three rows down the front.

In the trimmings one of the most conspicuous will be the trimming that is made of cord all twisted around in strange little scrolls and put on as a decoration for the vest. Another trimming is the worsted ornament, which is used upon coats and bodices; and still other trimmings are the hanging balls, the worsted loops and ends and the large waist decorations of silk and worsted that fasten the fronts of coats together.

The fall suits are divided into two sharp classes. There is the shirt-waist suit, which is made all of one kind of material, and is suitable for any occasion.

In this respect it may be said that the shirt-waist suit has progressed, and, where once it was a common affair, it is now a very dressy one, depending upon the material, upon the way it is made, and upon its trimmings. You can really have a shirt-waist suit fine enough for one of Mrs. Roosevelt's receptions, or you can make it of ordinary material to wear marketing, so wide is the variety open in the shirt-waist suit.

But the popular fall suit is the two-piece suit, and there come little coats of all kinds that go with skirts of all kinds. Neat, short coats are made, and there are stunning coats in the long varieties.

The debutantes of the fall are taking to the wearing of the long coat, and very nice it looks upon the slim figure of the young girl. The six beautiful debutantes who set the fashions at Newport last summer, and who wore their hair hanging down in braids, are back at work getting up new styles for the winter.

The debutante of today is not the silly little thing which she was a few years ago. In those days she wore what was given her to wear, and her clothing had a stereotyped look. She dressed just like any other debutante, and all debutantes looked alike.

But today it is the young girl in society who sets the styles. It is she who studies the modes and looks carefully at each new fashion. It is the debutante who closely inspects the importations and who picks out from the array, however bewildering, the styles that best become her.

So, taking it all in all, it is the debutante who is the best dressed woman in society, and, if you will study the debutante and will follow her modes; you will be pretty sure to be a very well-dressed woman.

The coat with the straight front, belted at the waist and setting out smartly in the back, is to be a great deal worn, and it is pretty, made of silk or of cloth or of check.

This same coat is sometimes made very blouse above the belt line and is pulled out in a sort of puff above the belt, while the skirt hangs in long, straight trails.

But the prettiest of the fall coats are the new Etons, with the wide collars and the flare cuffs, making the women look as pretty as pictures. The collar, which is much like a sailor with rounding corners, is used as a triple collar, one collar above the other, and the whole laid out upon the shoulders in a sailor collar fashion.

Another charming little coat is the Eton with the rounded fronts and the pointed neck trimmed with trimmings of various kinds. This Eton also has long sleeves, and the sleeves are provided with cuffs that flare to make a wide bell around the hand.

The bell cuff does not seem to go out, but rather it increases in beauty, for it is now exquisitely lined and beautifully trimmed on the outside until it is one of the prettiest parts of the entire costume. This cuff can be made very large, in which case an elaborate undersleeve is required, or it can be made smaller so as to fit over the ordinary dress sleeve, which, by the way, is made very elaborate for the purpose.

A pretty woman in a pretty fall gown is certainly the noblest work of the modiste, for it is in the fall that both the pretty woman and the pretty gown have a chance to shine forth and when their beauty is most apparent. Dressed in deep red against dull background afforded by Dame Nature in the fall, a woman makes a very pretty picture. Gowned in green, against the russets and the grays, she is also more than good to gaze upon.

It is with reference to the fading colors of fall, the russets, the greens, the dull grays and the invisible reds that so many of the new colors of autumn are selected. There are deep rich reds that look charming on a gray day, and there are deep blues that go very well against the shades of green that seem to creep into the autumn atmosphere.

But of all the colors of autumn, that which will be the most popular is brown, and it will be not a very deep brown, but rather a rich bright brown. And the old-fashioned yellow browns will also be worn and the olive greens that are almost brown. All the browns will be fashionable and they will be seen made up in every kind of material, with a preference for face cloth.

Brown is a color that is very becoming to the blonde and really makes her look fairer than blue, which turns a blonde too yellow, or than green, which brings out the olives in the skin of a blonde. But brown must not be worn by a very deep brunette unless she be very clear of skin and unless she has a bright coloring, in which case, a bright brunette, dressed in brown, is as attractive in appearance as a chipper red-bird with its red breast standing out against the brown.

Black comes out well at all seasons, but in the fall it certainly requires some other color with it, for black is too dull for winter wear. There must be a touch of scarlet or a little light blue.

It is, after all, the color of your gown which counts, and the way it is made up. You can get along with cheap material if you will select becoming colors and make up the gown as you should make it, with due regard for the style of the person who is to wear it.

There is a question now being raised as to the new skirts, and how they will look upon the stouter members of society. They are not longer the very snug skirts and their fullness is very trying to certain figures. Of course no woman who is stout would undertake to wear the shirred hips or the tucked hip yokes. But there are other styles just as trying and the stout woman who falls a victim to them will seal her fate as far as good looks are concerned.

The prettiest of the French fashions show skirts that hang long and trimmed with flounces around the foot. Others show the long panel-like trimmings. Others have folds that run from the belt down and others have box plaits stitched flat upon each box.

The fashion of trimming the waist with bright, pretty braid is one that is to be seen this fall. Waists are decorated with very narrow bands of braid of a contrasting color. Upon black waists there are narrow bands of white or red or black, or whatever color is liked, with often a general mixing up of colors so as to make a very cheerful style of trimming.

The new collars and cuffs are claiming their share of attention, and in this respect there are collars and cuffs of white broadcloth lined with gold braid and buttons and with narrow bands of blue braid. These little sets of collars and cuffs make very pretty dress accessories and can be worn with different gowns.

It was thought that the checks which were popular all summer would go out in the fall. But here we have the checked suits coming in with all the new colors seen in the checks. There are the hair-line taffetas and hair-line cloth dresses, showing two or three colors, and made up in the latest styles.

The walking dress of check is lovely, with its skirt that just covers the ankles and its three-quarter coat. The fall shows very pretty gowns along these lines. If you want a gown it is a good style to choose.

The checked walking suits can be made up in dressy little ways that make them suitable for calling dresses, and so milady has at her command a calling dress for autumn which combines all the good qualities of the pedestrian dress with the very ornamental characteristic of the calling gown.

Mrs. John Jacob Astor wears a dress which is lovely in its simplicity, and, what is more, it is lovely in its versatility, for though a very simple dress, it can be worn for any nice occasion—automobiling, coaching or calling. This gown is a black and white check, trimmed with bands of dull black silk put on as hair lines. The skirt is boxed, with narrow bands of black silk edging the boxes, and the boxes are stitched down flat the full length of the skirt.

THE TWO VEILS FAD.



This is a simple white felt hat, just bound with brown velvet, with brown gauze veil with white dots, draped back over hat, and beneath this a black veil of fine mesh and dots, which is worn over the face in free long arrangement. If very windy the second veil can be also drawn over the face.

NEW DOUBLE-BREASTED COAT.

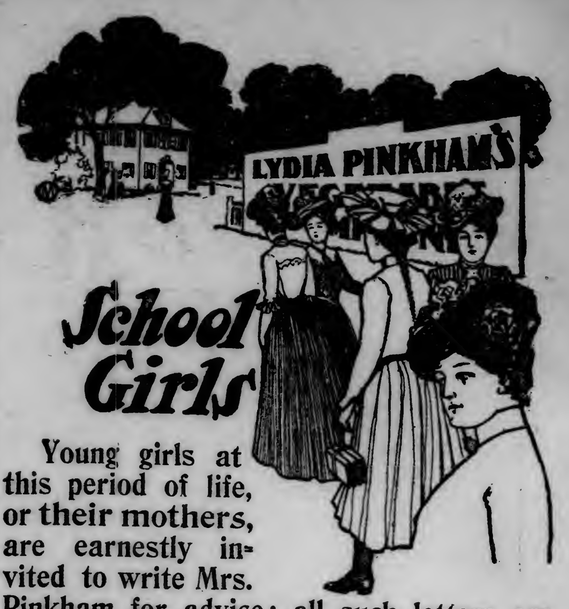


This costume is made of black medium-weight cloth. The skirt is in nine breadths, each set on with a fold and trimmed with black mohair braid, three rows of this are set on the hem. The coat is fitted with double-breasted front, deep cape, and fitted three-quarter skirt. The V-shaped throat is trimmed in round effect, the deep cape has seven points, the cuffs have two points. All these are trimmed with flat bands of embroidery and braid. Hat of silk braid and velvet.

NEW PEDESTRIAN SUIT.



Suit of fancy cheviolt, dark gray tone, with red thread running through. The skirt is easy walking length, unlined, laid in plaits to the knees, held with straps of the cloth bound with red velvet, over crossed tabs bound with light grey and black. The same idea is used on the collar and cuffs. The deep shoulder cape, belt and bands are bound with black. Large smoked pearl buttons. Hat of black and white chenille, bound and trimmed with black velvet.



School Girls

Young girls at this period of life, or their mothers, are earnestly invited to write Mrs. Pinkham for advice; all such letters are strictly confidential; she has guided in a motherly way hundreds of young women; and her advice is freely and cheerfully given.

School days are danger days for American girls.

Often physical collapse follows, and it takes years to recover the lost vitality. Sometimes it is never recovered.

Perhaps they are not over-careful about keeping their feet dry; through carelessness in this respect the monthly sickness is usually rendered very severe.

Then begin ailments which should be removed at once, or they will produce constant suffering. Headache, faintness, slight vertigo, pains in the back and loins, irregularity, loss of sleep and appetite, a tendency to avoid the society of others, are symptoms all indicating that woman's arch-enemy is at hand.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has helped many a young girl over this critical period. With it they have gone through their trials with courage and safety. With its proper use the young girl is safe from the peculiar dangers of school years and prepared for hearty womanhood.

A Young Chicago Girl "Studied Too Hard."

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to thank you for the help and benefit I have received through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills.** When I was about seventeen years old I suddenly seemed to lose my usual good health and vitality. Father said I studied too hard, but the doctor thought different and prescribed tonics, which I took by the quart without relief. Reading one day in the paper of Mrs. Pinkham's great cures, and finding the symptoms described answered mine, I decided I would give **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** a trial. I did not say a word to the doctor; I bought it myself, and took it according to directions regularly for two months, and I found that I gradually improved, and that all pains left me, and I was my old self once more.—LILLIE E. SINCLAIR, 17 E. 22d St., Chicago Ill."



"Miss Pratt Unable to Attend School."

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to tell all young women how much **Lydia E. Pinkham's** wonderful **Vegetable Compound** has done for me. I was completely run down, unable to attend school, and did not care for any kind of society, but now I feel like a new person, and have gained seven pounds of flesh in three months.

"I recommend it to all young women who suffer from female weakness"—MISS ALMA PRATT, Holly, Mich.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the one sure remedy to be relied upon at this important period in a young girl's life.

$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

The coat is very open in the front with full skirts. Its lapels turn back to show a facing of black, and there is a narrow belt, which is pulled well down in front. It is a very charming little gown, and one that could be worn almost anywhere when full dress was not actually required.

Another pretty fall dress worn by one of the Newport leaders is of serge, in a medium shade of brown. The skirt is plain as to the front panel, with straight flounces going around the sides and back. The waist is a very natty little affair, with bands of cloth across the front, each band trimmed with narrower bands of colored braid.

It was very pretty to note the gown worn the other day by Mrs. Van Rensselaer Cruger, who appeared at an afternoon function with a party of friends. The sleeves of this gown had very deep, very stiff cuffs, shaped like funnels. These were made of black silk, and were trimmed up the back with silver buttons, small buttons they were, put on in a close, neat row. The shoulder caps were tucked, and were trimmed with silver buttons, while the vest of the gown was a miracle in bands of black silk and silver buttons.

Silver and gun metal and gold will all be used a great deal this fall, and some of the handsomest gowns will depend upon these metals for their ornamentation. Wide belt buckles of gun metal, most elaborate in design, will be worn with gowns of gray silk, finished with gray silk embroidery.

You will notice, more than ever before, the combining of materials. Lace and silk are seen, of course, but so are lace and fur and lace and metal, a gun-metal clasp fastening a belt of lace over silk. Strangely enough, this union of different materials does not seem incongruous, for the whole is done so delicately and with so much taste that it makes an artistic ensemble instead of one that is bizarre.

There is no need of forgetting the backs of the gown this fall, for here are seen some of the most unique and artistic treatments. Gowns that have the triple cape are finished with a stitched box plait down the back, while around the waist is worn a crush belt of silk, finished with long loops and long silk ends.

Autumn will carry over into its midst many of the styles of midsummer, so it is likely that until very late in the season we shall see reminders of the good old summer time.

Lester Park.

There will be dancing in two pavilions afternoon and evening Labor Day, rain or shine. Two first-class orchestras (Flaaten nd Blewett's) will furnish music. Tickets good for both halls.

"The Twilight Limited," with its exceptionally fine equipment and service is acknowledged by all the finest train in every appointment between Duluth and the Twin Cities of Minnesota. Leaves daily at 4 p. m. over the Northwestern line.

Milwaukee and Return $11.30.

September 5th to 11th, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Milwaukee, Wis., at $11.30 for the round trip. Limit for return passage Sept. 12th, 1903. City Ticket office, 405 West Superior Street.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both."

If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

RISING BREAST

And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Latest Fashion Fancies

COATS & HATS for EARLY AUTUMN



BLACKBIRDS ON WHITE VELVET



POMPADOUR RIBBON ON WHITE PLUSH HAT



IN THE NEW SHADES OF BROWN



LINED WITH ERMINE

Most attractive in coloring and shapes are the hats worn at this time of year and there seems to be no limit as to the number required for this one especial season. No longer now is it thought possible to wear the hat bought in the spring, or even in midsummer or the early autumn, but there must be something new in design and so marked that by no chance can the wearer thereof be credited with wearing one of last season's fashions.

To be sure, there is a strong likeness in shape to the hat of last spring and summer, and as every conceivable idea and material have already been made use of, there is not much left that is absolutely new, but clever fingers can change the shape of the hat and different materials and colors can be evolved, so that absolutely new effects are gained.

Flat hats, with no crown to speak of, still find favor, but the newest designs have crowns that give more height than has the inside band of velvet that has been popular all summer. The brims are wide, but not stiffly wired, so that there are more graceful lines; and while there are no end of shapes made with almost no brim at all at the back and a fairly wide brim in front, there are also a number, in fact the greater proportion, with brim of equal width all around, or rather, if the brim be quite wide, with it decidedly narrower toward the back.

Lace and chiffon hats are associated entirely with the thinnest of summer gowns, but so universally becoming has proved the fashion that for some weeks yet they will be seen. Dotted chiffon and black lace as well as white are certainly charming, made of rows and rows of plaiting with a twist of bias silk around the crown, a large flaring bow put a little toward the left side, a spray of flowers caught in with the bow and then another spray of flowers under the brim at the left side. The latest style in this hat is just a trifle different from those made of the net or tulle foundation, for there is a foundation of crin or horsehair net, on which is built the plaiting or ruffles.

The large turban shape without any visible crown is again in fashion, made of colored straw in rather elaborate fancy weave and trimmed with two stiff fancy feathers at the left side. In description so simple a style that it might be feared it would become too popular, but in reality the fashion is one of those distinctly marked ones that must needs be of expensive straw—a shape that comes only in expensive hats and the feathers also on the expensive and rather distinctive order. All colors are seen in these shapes, but the smartest are in the blues or purples.

All black hats have not been nearly so fashionable this summer, but are coming in style again this autumn. They are made in all kinds of straw and in a countless variety of shapes. For the moment the favorite is the pine weave of straw, with low crown and brim turned up at the left side and short at the back. One long ostrich plume starts at the front of the crown or a little toward the left, as is the more becoming, and then goes around to the back, with the end of the feather falling over the hair. There is sometimes a twist of velvet around the crown, a rosette of lace or tulle or a rhinestone ornament holding the feather; or instead of the one long feather there will be two of medium length covering the entire crown.

A large flat hat of narrow pleatings of black tulle is trimmed with one long black ostrich plume that starts up the side, or with two long plumes that start directly in front and then hang over the brim at the back. In both shapes—in fact, in all the shapes that are fashionable now—the brim is turned up at the left side, so that the hair is plainly to be seen. Tulle hats in all sizes and shapes will be fashionable all through the autumn, trimmed with long or short ostrich feathers, with bows of silk or velvet ribbon, with jet or rhinestone ornaments and in some few instances with flowers. These are decidedly smaller than the styles that have been so much in favor all summer, and, in fact, are quite new in effect.

More and more each year is it evident that people stay out of town until late, and consequently it is considered smart to wear summer gowns until very late in the season. There must be a smart autumn tailor gown, but summer gowns with light wraps are to be seen until they really look quite out of date. This year there are so many smart wraps that this fad will be more marked than ever.

The loose, light coats are certainly extremely smart and, as a rule, becoming, and are long enough to almost cover the gown over which they are worn. The half-fitting covert coat, without strapped seams and with coat sleeves, is an exceedingly smart garment, and suitable for anything but morning wear. Built on the lines of a man's topcoat, for the cool days of early autumn it is always in style. A more elaborate style is fitted at the back and sides, but has loose fronts, is fastened either single or double breasted, with darktoned buttons, and has a brown velvet collar. It is of covert cloth, also, but of a decided darker shade.

In dark blue serge is a smart coat for autumn, with straight fronts and a half-fitting back. It would be rather too shapeless were it not for the belt of ivory white cloth which is slipped beneath narrow straps at the side seams and pulled well down in front to give the pointed effect. A narrow turndown collar and cuffs of cloth like the belt and blacktone buttons are also essential to the fashion, but the coat is certainly very smart and a most useful garment.

A lightweight black cloth coat, of three-quarter length, with fronts faced with white or black and white, made loose fitting and yet so well cut as not to be shapeless, with flaring sleeves, turned back and faced like the fronts, is decidedly a new fashion. A black coat quite long and half fitting is made with long pointed hood, faced with light blue or bright scarlet, or made with capes, one, two, three or four. This style is also to be had in blue serge or camel's hair or in light cloth, tan or gray, but is smartest in the black.

There there are a surprising number of short and medium length cloth coats in light and dark cloths that were surely designed by someone who wished to use as much material as possible. These have pleated capes, pleated sleeves that start from the collar, or the back and front of the coat will be in pleats and the loose flaring sleeves will be quite plain. If made of black cloth, there will be facings of blue, red or white, and there will be many buttons of elaborate design. Braid or passementerie, black or colored, is also used, and, in fact, these coats are most elaborate both in design and trimming, and are worn with any and every gown, quite regardless of color or material.

Veiling coats were made up for summer wear, but when lined with taffeta silk are quite possible for wear until the cold weather sets in. These, as a rule, are elaborately trimmed with passementerie, and the jetted passementerie with jet tassels and buttons is thought extremely smart.

A. T. ASHMORE.



A LONG COAT THAT IS GENERALLY BECOMING



NEW PARIS MODEL FOR CLOTH COAT (Henriette).



AUTOMOBILE COAT.





A CHIC FRENCH MODEL FOR OUTING COAT

The Perpetual Summer Girl.

Behold
The same old
Summer Girl
That is and was and shall ever be,
Up on the mountains and down by the sea,
The one persuasive, predominating,
Peculiar and palpitating
Power to give
The hearts of men the whirl
And still let them live;
The same
Yesterday, to-day and forever;
And forever the picture of summer,
Forever the poem of June,
The music of July and August
Forever, and ever in tune.
Oh, me! Oh, my!
And why
Does she recurrently rise and shine?
Because
She is the Eternal feminine—
Man's dream that knows no waking,
No disillusioning truth,
No time, no tears, no breaking
From everlasting youth;
The radiant rainbow of promise,
Prevision of what shall be;
The shadow not quite revealing
The one irresistible She.
Oh, gosh!
Let her continue to slosh
Over on our prosaic clay
To keep the earth away,
And give to us lovely ideals,
The rose colored spirit of what
Some women, sometimes, for some re
Are not.
We know the Summer Girl can only ex
In the list
With Bopeep and Cinderella and Santa
But we want to forget,
And let
Her frivol with our fancies,
And make us dream always
Of roses and of rapture,
Of summer nights and days
Strung out upon the golden
Threads of life that hold
The young in us forever
Away from what is old.
See her now
On the mountain's brow,
Face to face with the sky;
See her stand
On the silver strand,
As the ships go by;
But the young men don't,
And they won't
As long as she
Charms them with her witchery—
And the whole world stops,
As the young men stop,
For the Summer Girl
Has got the drop
On everything in sight.
The same old Summer Girl,
The same old Summer Girl;
Each year
She's here.
Oh, my! Oh, me!
A thousand years from now she'll be
The same old Summer Girl,
God bless her.

WILLIAM J. LAMPTON.

Living In A Trunk.

The ability to live comfortably while traveling about, and being dependent upon one's trunk is a useful accomplishment, and is becoming not only an accomplishment but a necessity to the race of travelers into which the American people is developing. Those who leave their homes for hotels or camps in summer must lack many conveniences, which the trunk, perforce, must replace, and the exigencies of business, as well as those of pleasure, often oblige one to live for a greater or less time in a trunk. It does not so much matter for the man who does this—he lives so little in his room that he does not care much how it is, and, he packs "so like a man" that he needs no instruction on how to get the best out of a homeless, be-trunked existence. With women it is different. They never get over a desire to have the place they are in attractive to the eyes and the barrenness of a hotel room always gives a woman a homesick feeling. That is why she carries superfluities, so-called, when she goes on a traveling excursion. Any woman could travel with only a grip, like a man, if she had to, but she won't, because she is not comfortable with the mere necessities.

This is the way one woman manages who spends about half her time on the wing:—As the first element of comfort, she chose a large trunk with a flat top. The large trunk costs no more for transportation than a small one and is more convenient. The largest sizes are generally overweight when packed, and now and then they cannot be got through the doors, which is a condition not without its inconveniences; but a thirty-six inch trunk will give no difficulty of this kind. There is no comfort in a trunk with but one tray, because it leaves too deep a reservoir at the bottom to be filled with one thing on top of another, all of which have to be gone over to get the thing that is wanted, and which, by some remarkable and little understood natural law, is always at the bottom. The more trays there are the better, but with a thirty-six inch trunk three trays are all that one probably will have, and of these one should be deep. If it is divided for a hat box it is well, but a tray with many small compartments is not so convenient as it looks, and a trunk with a receptacle in the top is a nuisance to an accomplished traveler, since things stored therein are hard to get at and space is wasted. When the trunk with the flat top is closed it may serve as a table and often is exceedingly convenient in that capacity.

Denim is one of the most serviceable of materials for covers and curtains, as it is easily laundered and packs in a small space. In old blue it will tone with nearly all surroundings. A cover of this made for the trunk takes away the suggestion of "on the move" that is given by a trunk in the room. It should be fitted and the top should be double with a layer of cotton between the thicknesses of cloth.

A "traveling closet" is most convenient. It's made of a strip of cloth one and a half yards long, with nine pockets of various sizes. It is held to the wall by three large screw hooks, which are easily put up or taken down. Into the long pockets go the slippers and boots. Into the smallest are placed the few vials of home remedies or toilet aids that every woman uses, and the other pockets hold all the odds and ends that at home she would keep in her top bureau drawer. Any one who has once learned the handiness of such a case will never be without one, for it is a genuine multum in parvo. The division of pockets prevents it from degenerating into a receptacle for everything all in confusion. It should be made of strong material, stoutly sewed, for there is considerable strain upon it. If one bathes with a sponge and likes to keep it shut up, one of the pockets may be lined with oiled silk for it, but this is not advised, since a wet sponge should never be laid away. It is a disease breeder. Out in the sunshine is the place for a wet sponge or bath cloth.

One of the first requirements for living on comfortable terms with one's trunk is to follow a system in packing it; the advantages of so doing are many. If each thing is placed in the same part of the trunk at each packing one knows always where it is, and one is less likely to forget it. It simplifies the process of packing, which is made easier by the three trays.

A satisfactory method of packing which has been evolved by experience is this:—Into the bottom put the heavy articles, books, boxes of paper, boots, &c. If these various things are kept in separate boxes which fit into the space it will be found very easy to pack them, much more easy than if they were loose, because they are of awkward shapes and nothing dovetails into anything else, and to get them snugly together as they must be to go safely is a good deal of trouble, obviated by the separate boxes.

Into the first tray from the bottom, unless it be the deepest, put the underwear and keep it there. It is no more inconvenient to take what one wants from the tray than from a bureau drawer.

Into the top tray put the hatbox, if the trunk has none, and if it has it is more than likely that it cannot be used for hats. Trunkmakers do not seem to know that a hat has need of much space.

In Ireland when a wasp or bee stings a person he quickly rubs indigo on the bite. The pain subsides at once. Mud is said to be an antidote, also potato scrapings. Cut a potato in half and rapidly scrape some of it on a plate and apply while it is moist to the bite. This is invaluable for a burn. Renew as it becomes dry.

Mrs. Mulqueen's Enterprise

Here is a story told on herself by Miss Trotter, district visitor for the Coal and Kerosene Club, and the terror of the unworthy poor, since, while she relieves their necessities, she insists on a strict accounting for every penny of association money that passes through their hands.

Mrs. Mulqueen was out of work again—had been, in fact, ever since my last visit—and a doleful procession was starting for the pawnbroker's with the last of the family bedding as I mounted the dirty stairs. The six Mulqueen children, ranging from thirteen to three, followed in their mother's wake with pillows and comforters.

"This won't do," I said. "Put those things back and let us see what can be done."

"I'm that weak I can't scrub floors," said Mrs. Mulqueen, with dark memories of my former visits.

"I should not expect you to work until you and the children have had something to eat. Now, here is two dollars and a half. With good management that should last you until you get work. I shall come in again in a few days and see how you are getting along."

My next visit surprised the bedding once more on the road to the pawnshop. "How is this, Mrs. Mulqueen?" I asked severely. Your rent is paid and you had money enough to tide you over for several days. You must have been extravagant. Tell me how you spent that two dollars and a half."

"Well, if you must know," said Mrs. Mulqueen, "my hair was failing in slathers, till the top of my head was as bare as a hen's egg, so I bought a bottle of Six Swedish Sisters' Restorer, and that was one dollar."

I scolded her, gave her more money and much advice and departed, vowing that she should be provided with "day's work" before the sun went down.

I was called out of town for ten days, and on my return I discovered that Mrs. Mulqueen had not been to any of the addresses I had given her, so I hastened to look her up. I found the room devoid of furniture, but on a shelf stood two bottles, one empty and one half full, both bearing the label "Six Swedish Sisters' Hair Restorer." My wrath boiled over, and I lectured long and strenuously on the folly and wickedness of this second act of extravagance. Mrs. Mulqueen listened apathetically, and when my eloquence was exhausted she suggested, "Maybe you'd be having an old black dress that's better looking than this I'm wearing."

"I don't feel inclined to do anything more for you," said I. "The association cannot afford to help those who refuse to help themselves."

"Oh, I've got a job, all right," said Mrs. Mulqueen. "Look at my head, will you, and see the hair that's coming in! The first bottle did that, so when I went to get the second bottle I showed them Sisters how it was getting all fuzzy, and they offered me seven dollars a week to sit in the shop and let people look at me, so if you're got an old black dress"—

She got it.

Effect of Phases.

Once upon a time the children of the sun met in a great family reunion, and among the others the new moon was present.

They had a merry time, and there was much jollity at the feast, which was a feature of the reunion, for each member of the family showed great brightness, excepting the new moon alone, who was rather dull.

Two weeks afterward there was another meeting and another feast, when the moon was the center of attraction in her scintillating brightness.

Moral—The fuller some persons are the brighter they become.

No Reason.

Husband—Why do you refuse to go with me to the opera?

Wife—Because I have no gown.

Husband—That's no reason. You'll see others there with even less on.

Menus for Small Dinners.

Lobster Bisque.
Chicken Cutlets, Fried with Melted Butter and Chives.
Broiled Spanish Peppers.
Julienne Potatoes.
Bouchees of Sweetbreads.
Salad of Pole Grass a la Russe.
Chocolate Ice-Cream, with Ginger Wafers.
Coffee.

Salmon and Cucumber Salad.—While the boiled salmon is still hot flake it into bits and sprinkle over it lemon juice, onion juice, pepper and salt. Set on ice to get thoroughly chilled. At about serving time put the salmon, with thin slices of cucumbers cut in halves, on lettuce leaves. Cover with tartar sauce and send to table. If liked, chopped green peppers may be added as a garnish.

Puree of Clams.
Salmon Croquettes. Radishes.
Chicken Hearts and Mushrooms in Aspic.
Corn Croquettes.
Salad of Beef Tongue, with Tomatoes.
Peach Fritters, with Maraschino.
Biscuit. Cheese. Coffee.

Tournedos of Beef on Toast.—Cut the filet of beef into thin slices and then into rounds about two inches in diameter. Over each of these rounds sprinkle black pepper, a little salt and some chopped chives. Lay these into a well buttered sauce pan and cook for six minutes, turning once. Serve on rounds of fried bread of the same size and surround with a Bearnaise sauce.

Cream of Lima Beans.
Clam Croquettes. Cucumbers.
Sweetbread Cutlets, Financiere Sauce.
Mushrooms Baked, with Madeira Wine.
Boiled Sweet Corn.
Lettuce and Cooked Green Peas, with Mayonnaise.
Souffle of Chocolate. Sponge Cake.
Coffee.

Queen Consomme.—Make a clear soup of beef and veal, using one-half as much veal as beef; take the breast meat of a cold cooked chicken and cut it into neat slices; cut these slices into rounds about the size of a five-cent piece; dip these rounds into melted butter, season with paprika and a tiny bit of mustard, then roll in very fine crumbs and saute in butter till they are brown on both sides; add these to the soup just before sending to the table.

Gumbo Soup, with Soft Shell Crabs.
Souffle of Lobster in Cases.
Cucumber Fillets, with Onions.
Cutlets of Lamb, with Tomato Chaud-froid.
Tomatoes Stuffed with Fresh Vegetables and Mayonnaise.
Italian Cream, with Strawberry Sauce.
Biscuit. Cheese. Coffee.

Chicken and Mushroom Salad.—Cut the chicken into dice-shaped bits and cut the fresh mushrooms into quarters, if they are large; fry them very lightly a bit in butter; then moisten with a chicken stock, cover tightly and let them cook till tender. Take up, drain and set away to cool. There should be about half the quantity of mushrooms that you have of chicken, unless you particularly care for a greater portion. Put chicken and mushrooms on lettuce leaves. Cover with mayonnaise and serve.

Spanish Mackerel, boiled, with Lobster and Noodle Soup, with Parmesana.
Truffle Sauce.
Boiled Potatoes.
Timbale of Chicken, Epicure Style.
Sweet Corn Croquettes.
Shrimp Salad.
Raspberry Sherbert.
Water Crackers. Coffee.

Remoulade Sauce.—Have half a pint of mayonnaise and to it add a few drops of essence of anchovy, a teaspoonful of French mustard, some chopped chives and chopped parsley.

THE EPICURE.

POKER CHIPS.

It sometimes happens that the regret is larger than the limit.

When you visit your poker club leave idle curiosity at home.

A lender in the game is likely to father two losers.

A "straight" jacket seems the proper thing for a pokermaniac.

Straws show which way the wind blows; chips which way the money goes.

The consistent winner draws to the strength of his hand; the foredoomed loser to that of his luck.

Made by Millet.

The Man with the Hoe paused long enough for Millet to snapshot him.

"Gee whiz!" he murmured, "that was lucky! Suppose the feller had caught me with an old rake!"

Congratulating himself on his chance to arouse public sympathy, he resumed his eight hour day.

Expensive.

Doctor—You mustn't eat terrapin or drink wine until—

Patient (interrupting)—Until I've paid your bill, I suppose.



The number of young people sent from Duluth to the higher institutions of learning increase each year, and after a few weeks the town will be barren of the joys and pastimes of many of the younger folks. During the past week many of the state university students left, and next week and the one following those claimed by the Eastern colleges will be leaving.

Among the Duluth people who have left or will leave during the week for school are:

Addie Smith, to Iowa State university.
Grace Duncan, to Wellesley.
Mabel Duncan, to Dana hall.
Esther Adams, to Burnham.
Corinne Davis, to Smith.
Lillian Gowan, to State university.
Katheryn Hubbell, to Chase's Art school, New York.
Jessie Hartley, to Miss Spence's school.
Irma Hartley, to Dana hall.
Mary Morris, to Washington.
Frances Richardson, to Boston.
Katrina Richardson, to Dana hall.
Hattie Shannon, to State university.
Rachael St. Clair, to Burnham.
Alice Scott, to Stanford university.
Margaret Ryan, to State university.
Esther Searle, to Smith.
Kathleen Watterworth, to Wellesley.
Genevieve Washburn, to Wellesley.
Mabel Hollister, to Stanley hall.
Edith Stewart, to Mt. Holyoke.
Stella Upton, to Ann Arbor.
Louise Hicks, to Stanley hall.
Olive Colbraith, to Minneapolis Art schol.
Wirth Andrews, to Houghton School of Mines.
Wilfred Sweeney, to Houghton School of Mines.
Bruce Ellis, to State university.
Culver Adams, to Cornell.
Ralph Bradley, to State university.
Laurence Bowman, to Ann Arbor.
Ned Congdon, to the Hill school.
Walter Congdon, to Yale.
Fred Elston, to State university.
Frank Fee, to State university.
Paul Hale, to Princeton.
Allen House, to Exeter.
Reno Hugo, to State university.
Dan Moon, to Yale.
Miller McDougall, to Andover.
Bernard Marshall, to Yale.
James Manley, to State university.
John Peyton, to Exeter.
Mahlon Richards, to State university.
Lucius Whipple, to Cornell.
Sumner Smith, to Harvard.
Mark Smith, to La Fayette.
George Suffel, to State university.
Abbott Washburn, to Andover.
Salisbury Adams, to Cornell.

* * *

Sunday Mr. and Mrs. George S. Richards, of Camp Orlando, on Park Point, entertained at a delightful lunch party in honor of their guest, Col. F. A. Eastman, of Chicago. Col. Eastman is editor of the Chicago Chronicle. The day was a most delightful one as spent on the water by the party. The guests were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
H. C. Marshall, A. C. Weiss,
Milton B. Griffith, H. C. MacHarg.
J. L. Watson.
Mesdames—
W. A. Bliss, S. C. Stinchfield,
Harry Lymone, C. W. Elston,
Chicago. W. Peck.
Messrs.—
Fred Elston, J. A. Bell, of
Bernard Marshall, Montreal.

* * *

Wednesday Mrs. Page Morris entertained at luncheon in honor of Mrs. C. W. Fairbanks, of Indianapolis, who was in Duluth during the week. The ladies entertained at luncheon were the officers and the ex-officers of the two local chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution. The guests were charmed with Mrs. Fairbanks, who is a prominent club woman and a woman of charming personality. The room and table were prettily decorated with pink sweet peas and the softly shaded candles cast a delicate glow over the room. Following the luncheon a reception was held for the members of the local chapter of the D. A. R. and a number of prominent society women. The reception room was beautifully decorated in American Beauties, and in the hall and library the beautiful fall flowers were used most effectively. The guests at luncheon were:

Mesdames:
Giles Gilbert, J. L. Washburn,
James Hunter, C. A. Smith,
W. A. McGonagle, N. F. Hugo,
W. J. Olcott, Miss Statham.
Messrs and Mesdames:
W. J. Olcott, W. Dalrymple,
G. C. Stone, H. F. Williamson,
D. H. Day, G. H. Jones.
A. W. Hartman, G. G. Hartley,
H. C. Marshall,
Mesdames:
Farrington, Cora McDougall,
of New York.
Misses:
Constance, Dickinson,
of St. Paul. Robinson,
E. Constance, of Detroit.
of St. Paul, Frazer,
Noyes, Peyton,
of Milwaukee, Alice Peyton,
Rupley, Cleland,
Smallwood, Day,
Spencer, Morris,
Hartley, Mary Morris,
White.
Messrs:
Miller, Charles Brown,
W. L. McLennan, B. M. Peyton,
Cutler, Cleland,
D. R. McLennan, Carson Agnew,
J. H. Upham, Jr., Cook,
Grant, Wayte,
Morrison, N. L. Leach,
C. P. McCormick, Parsons,
Peck, Herbert Carrol,
Telford, Wakeman,
Morse, Spencer,

* * *

Mrs. George W. Strayer and Mrs. H. F. Williamson, Jr., were hostesses at two beautiful card receptions this week at the Strayer home on Second avenue west. The affairs were given Thursday and Friday afternoons. The rooms were daintily decorated in sweet peas in the parlors and in the dining room nasturtiums were used. Six-handed euchre was played, and the prizes were won, Thursday afternoon, by Mrs. Roger Swire, Mrs. W. E. Richardson and Mrs. George G. Barnum. Friday afternoon the prize winners were Mrs. C. F. Johnson, Mrs. F. N. LaSalle, and the consolation went to Mrs. J. D. Howard.

* * *

Mrs. W. A. McGonagle has cards out for a reception Friday afternoon in honor of Mrs. C. H. Patton, who is visiting here. Mrs. Patton is well known here, having formerly made her home in Duluth.

* * *

Friday of this week the wedding of Miss Bertha Bull, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Bull, and Burt Francis Lum took place in Minneapolis. Willowood, the Bull summer home, near Excelsior, was the scene of the wedding. At 7 o'clock the service was read and from 8 to 10 a reception was held. Mr. and Mrs. Lum left for Japan for their wedding trip. Miss Bull is well known in Duluth and Mr. Lum is a brother of Dr. C. E. Lum and Leon E. Lum, of this city.

* * *

The Delta Sigma Nu fraternity of the high school held a delightful banquet Wednesday evening. The affair was at the Spalding and was as fine as the entertainments of the Deltas usually are. The dinner was spread in the blue room of the hotel, and palms and the fraternity's colors, red and green, were the decorations used. Elmer Whyte acted as toastmaster, and toasts were given by Hans Haroldson, Fred Coburn, Lester Phelps, Warren Dunn, Sumner Smith and Ralph Crandall. The place cards were hand-painted affairs, with the name and the Greek letters. Covers were laid for:

Messrs:
Dan Sinclair, Ray Fenton,
Fred Elston, Alexander,
Haroldson, Elmer Whyte,
Fred Coburn, Sumner Smith,
Lester Phelps, Warren Dunn,
Roy Crandall, Ralph Crandall,
James Ogle, Ted McKenzie,
Walker Young, Charlie Campbell,
Wyman Miller, DeLos Milner,
E. Crassweller, Fred Rockwell,
H. Crasweller, Loring Fisher,
Harry Wilkinson, Ralph Bradley,

* * *

One of the pleasant affairs of the summer was the hop given by the old Assembly at Oatka beach, Tuesday evening. The party was strictly informal, the girls wearing Peter Martin suits, and the men natty flannels. The old Assembly was for a number of years the most popular dancing club in town, and the hop Tuesday evening brought together many old friends and a large number of the younger society set. La Brosse orchestra, with Signor Valenza, harpist, and Signor Robert Sonsoni, played a brilliant program of dances. Frappe and punch were served.

* * *

The Lambda Sigma dance last evening was one of the delightful affairs of the week for the younger folks. The dance is the third annual of the fraternity, and is always looked forward to and back upon as one of the affairs of the season. Mrs. J. B. Adams, Mrs. W. J. Olcott, Mrs. F. H. Brewer, Mrs. A. B. Wolvin, Mrs. A. M. Miller and Mrs. Page Morris were the patronesses of last evening's dance. At one end of the hall a banner of blue and white, the fraternity's colors, was hung, with the words "Lambda Sigma" blazoned across. La Brosse furnished a program of delightful dance music, and a large number of the younger society folk were present. Those present were:

Misses:
Arnold, Jessie Hartley,
of Chicago, Barrett,
Rachael St. Lair, of Eveleth,
Florence Brewer, Johnson,
Elizabeth Morris, of Minneapolis,
Ruth Markell, Chamberlain,
Corinne Davis, Frazer,
Black, May Van Dyke,
Annie White, of Des Moines.
Maud White, May Sherwood,
Jessica Marshall, Jessie Campbell,
Richardson, Grace St. Clair,
Griffin, Emma Waugh,
of New York, Washburn,
Helen Marble, Mabel Duncan,
Ebeleen Fee,
Messrs:
House, Marshall,
Congdon, Brewer,
Brown, of Washburn,
San Antonio, Cutler,
Markell, L. Bradley,
Cook, Richardson,
Morrisson, Clayton,
J. H. Upham, Jr. T. Bradley,
Spencer, W. Ames, Jr.,
W. R. McLennan, Whyte,
Close, C. Richards,
F. Bradley, W. M. Richards,
Barnum, W. Harrison,
Harrison,

* * *

Mrs. Wallace North, of Kalamazoo, Mich., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Duncan.

* * *

Miss Frances Swift entertained a few girls at luncheon Wednesday at her home at 2320 East First street.

* * *

Mrs. Mark Baldwin, of 1009 East Second street, entertained at a charming function Wednesday morning of this week in honor of Mrs. Charles Conrad, of Chicago. The affairs was a very pretty one. Six-handed eucher was played and the prizes were taken by Miss Anna Graff and Miss Polleys, of La Crosse, Wis., and the visitor's prize by Miss Conrad.

* * *

Capt. and Mrs. E. S. Smith, of Lester Park, have as guests Miss Beth and Miss Edna Whiting, of Iron River, Wis.

* * *

Miss Milne and Miss Annie Milne have returned from LaVeta, Colo., where they spent the summer.

* * *

Circle No. 5, of St. Paul's Episcopal church, will meet Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock with Mrs. F. H. White, of No. 5 West Fifth street.

* * *

A wedding of interest to Duluth people took place Wednesday at Excelsior and the Minneapolis Times reports it thus:

"Miss Vera Mason, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Mason, of Lake Minnewashta, and R. P. Handy, of Duluth, were married at noon yesterday at the country home of the bride's parents, Rev. Mr. Moore, of Iowa, read the service in the presence of about seventy-five friends.

"Mountain ash, sweet peas, ferns and asparagus vines were used to make charming decorations throughout the house. The bridal pair stood in a bay window in the living room, banked with vines and ferns, and brightened by the deep scarlet of hundreds of berries clustered among the green. Overhead was a huge wedding bell of mountain ash berries, and on the mantel and tables stood bouquets of white sweet peas.

"The bride wore a handsome gown of white French muslin, with an interwoven lace design. The skirt and bodice were tucked over silk, and the bridal bouquet was of white roses.

"Miss Lula Sampson was maid of honor. She wore white Persian lawn, and her flowers were pink roses. George Horton, of Minenapolis, was best man.

"Mr. and Mrs. Handy will make a short wedding tour before going to their home in Duluth. Mr. Handy is cartoonist of the Duluth News-Tribune."

* * *

Mrs. Emma Schmeid and son returned the last of last week from a delightful summer spent in California. Miss Berta Schmeid will remain at Pasadena for the winter, where she is at the home of Dr. E. L. Conger.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Hartley will entertain this evening at a barn hop for Miss Jessie and Miss Irma Hartley.

* * *

The concert that will be given one week from tomorrow at the Lyceum will attract attention from all musical circles of Duluth. The affair is the testimonial that is to be given Miss Rena Smith before her departure for New York later in the fall for a winter's study in her work. Miss Smith has been before the Duluth public for the past number of years as a soprano soloist and her singing has gained for her many, many friends. Among those who will assist are Miss Rebeca McKenzie, soprano; George W. Tyler, tenor; Marx E. Oberndorfer, piano, and Flaten's full concert orchestra. Mrs. Tyler and Mrs. Bradbury will be the accompanists.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club will be entertained Tuesday afternoon by Mrs. A. D. McRae, of 1421 East Superior street.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Conrad, who has been visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Henry K. Brearley, left yesterday for Winona, where she will visit before returning to her home in Chicago.

* * *

Miss Marguerite Comstock, of East Superior street, left during the week for a month's visit at Concord, New Hampshire.

* * *

Miss Helen Spencer has been visiting in St. Paul during the week.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. G. V. L. Brown and son left during the week for their home in Cincinnati.

* * *

Dr. E. E. Collins left last week for a month's visit in the East.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Stephenson have invitations out for a musicale Wednesday evening at their home on East First street.

* * *

One of the events of the month will be the musicale given some time during the latter part of September under the direction of the Altar guild of St. Paul's Episcopal church. The guild is a little organization of the young ladies of the church who, as the name implies, care for the appointments of the altar. The musicale will be given by professional talent and will doubtless be a charming social and musical affair.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Munger have invitations out for a dancing party Thursday evening at the Oatka pavilion.

* * *

A pretty home wedding took place Thursday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Moffatt, of Twenty-fifth avenue west, when their daughter, Miss Gertrude Marie Moffatt, and William Edwin Stevenson, were married. Only the immediate friends were present. Rev. Harry Knowles, of the Grace Methodist church, read the service, and the attendants were Miss Ruth Moffatt and Miss Edna Stevenson and William Holmes and Franklin Stevenson. The bride was gowned in cream pongee silk trimmed prettily in applique and carried bride's roses. The bridesmaid wore gowns of white point d'esprit and carried American beauties. The rooms were prettily decorated throughout in pink sweet peas and ferns. Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson left for a wedding trip to the Twin Cities.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Leyes entertained delightfully Tuesday evening in honor of her twenty-first anniversary. Cards and music made the evening a pleasant one. The guests were:

Misses:
Hulda Quade, Mary West,
Johanna Manthley, Emma Leyes,
Alice Dale. Elizabeth Leyes.
Messrs:
John Westerland, J. J. Frey,
James Leyes, Frank Cowden,
Edward Lund, Bert Allen.
Frank Ray.

* * *

Mrs. D. O'Leary and Mrs. E. S. Putnam, of Duluth, Mrs. VanWichk and daughters, of Eau Clair, Mrs. C. C. Allen and daughter, of Cleveland, and the Misses Smith and Davidson, of Detroit, left Monday on the Castalia for a lake trip as far as Buffalo.

* * *

Mrs. F. M. Brizzell, of Chippewa Falls, and Mrs. D. D. Lackerbym, of Eau Clair, returned to their home during the week, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Bates, of Seventh avenue East.

* * *

Ernest Lee Brown, of San Antonio, Texas, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fee.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Green, of Milwaukee, is visiting for a few weeks with Mrs. Julius Dworschak.

* * *

Miss M. McQuarrie, of Mount Pilot, for a trip down the lakes. She will be absent for about ten days.

* * *

Miss Ella Johnson, of Two Harbors, is the guest of Miss Elizabeth Milner, of 508 West Second street.

* * *

Mrs. J. J. Mix and children, of West Duluth, have returned from a short outing at Sturgeon lake.

* * *

Miss May Fisher, of West Duluth, has returned from a visit at Minneapolis.

* * *

Miss Alma Brotherton and Miss Jessie Noxon left Mnday to attend the state fair.

* * *

Mrs. T. Toben and Mrs. Michaud, of West Helm street, have returned from an extended visit in Canada.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. William Chambers of Piedmont avenue, are visiting in St. Paul.

* * *

Miss Maud Culver, who has been visiting in the East during the sumer returned to Duluth Thursday.

* * *

Mrs. E. G. Hornbrook, of Kansas City, is the guest of Mrs. Ralston, 122 East First street.

* * *

Mrs. J. S. Jacka, who has been visiting Mrs. J. H. MacFadzean, of East Superior street, has returned to her home at Crystal Falls.

* * *

Miss Florence Walsh, of Bay City, Mich., is a guest of Miss Agnes Callahan, of Twenty-seventh avenue west.

* * *

Mrs. Scott and Miss Louise Scott, of Buffalo, who have been visiting in Duluth, left Wednesday for their home.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Campbell and son left Wednesday for a visit at Minneapolis.

* * *

Miss Anna Flood left Tuesday for a two weeks' visit at St. Paul and Minneapolis.

* * *

Mrs. M. Mogler and Miss Lydia Mogler left Tuesday for a visit at the fair.

* * *

Miss Louise Johnson and Miss Deene, of Lester Park, left during the week for an Eastern trip.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert E. Gooch, who were married at St. Paul last week, will make their home in Duluth. They are at present at the St. Louis hotel.

* * *

Miss Florence Mackey, who has been visiting in the city, returned the first of the week to her home at Mason City, Iowa.

* * *

Miss May Mogler returned the first of the week from a Western trip.

N. W. T., is in the city on a month's visit.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. R. J. Bleckeman, of Indianapolis, Ind., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Kitchell, of 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

* * *

Mrs. Charles F. Macdonald returned the first of the week from a week's visit at Minneapolis and Lake Minnetonka.

* * *

Mrs. E. A. Shores and Mrs. A. E. Walker left Tuesday for Ashland.

* * *

Miss Ruth Scott left during the week for Berlin, where she will study during the winter.

* * *

Miss Alice Jones returned Tuesday from a visit at Minneapolis.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John H. La Vaque, of 1430 East First street, left during the week for a visit at Minneapolis.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. T. J. Pierce and son are visiting in the Twin Cities and Mankato during the week.

* * *

Mrs. R. Truckey and son, of Marquette, Mich., are visiting in the city.

* * *

Miss Mayme Carroll left Tuesday for a short outing at Isle Royale.

* * *

Miss Effie McDonald, formerly of Duluth, is visiting here for a short time.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Lyder have returned from a visit in the southern part of the state.

* * *

Mrs. Albert H. Gibson entertained most delightfully at cards Wednesday afternoon at her home at 3 Altedena terrace. The house was prettily decorated, red being the prevailing color. Mountain ash berries and red carnations were used with charming effect. Cinch was played and the prizes were won by Mrs. E. L. Bradley, Mrs. V. L. Bean, Mrs. John Campbell and Mrs. William Jones. The guests were:

Mesdames:
J. T. Armstead, G. Calhoun,
C. T. Clement, F. N. Allen,
W. T. Tenbrook, J. E. Colley,
W. Jones, H. Mees,
J. R. Swanson, V. L. Bean,
E. W. McClure, James Meekin,
W. Johnson, W. A. Fedge,
F. W. Parry, Fred White,
C. H. Merritt, G. W. Gardiner,
H. O. Swaine, R. A. Casson,
Emil Tessman, Jean Kelley,
W. A. Ashley, E. L. Bradley,
John Campbell,

* * *

Wednesday a pretty home wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Schaller, of Thirty-second avenue west, when their daughter, Miss Edith Catherine Schaller, and Harry Merritt, were married. The ceremony took place at noon and the service was read by Rev. I. B. Gorby, of the Second Presbyterian church. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Edna Schaller, and Lucien Merritt was best man. The bride was attired in her going away gown of blue London twine. At 4 o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Merritt left for Lexington, Neb., where they will make their home for the ensuing year.

* * *

Monday morning the wedding of Miss Ella Alice Emard, of West Duluth, and Bennet Charles Strongest, of St. Paul, took place at St. James' Catholic church. The ceremony took place at 8:30 and was performed by Father Feehely. The attendants were Miss Ezena Shovein and Albert St. Germain. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Strongest left for a wedding trip through the East and upon their return will be at home in West Duluth.

* * *

Tuesday morning Miss Blanche Laundre and John T. McDonald, of West Duluth, were married at St. James' Catholic church. The church was prettily decorated and many friends witnessed the ceremond, which was performed by Father Feeheley. High mass was sung. The attendants were Miss Irene Laundre and James McDonald. Mr. and Mrs. McDonald left for a wedding trip and upon their return will make their home at West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Emma Jacoby, of West Duluth, left the first of the week or a visit at La Crosse, Wis.

* * *

Miss Mae Murphy left last Tuesday

UNEQUALLED!
KING ARTHUR COFFEE
Your Grocer Sells It!
Roasted and Packed by
CARPENTER-LOVE-CALDWELL CO.,
The Only Coffee Roasters In Duluth.

Libbey Cut Glass
The World's Best
Has received the highest Awards for quality at every competitive exhibit
The name Libbey on every piece.
F. D. DAY & CO.
Exclusive Duluth Agents
315 W. Superior St.

If They're Burrows Shoes, They're Proper.

The new fall and winter footwear stock is now splendidly complete, and dainty arrivals are strengthening the assortment of styles and sizes.

In point of exclusiveness and distinctiveness of character Burrows shoes will stand out this season in striking contrast to all others more clearly than ever before.

The individuality which has been so much applauded will be pronounced to even a greater degree.

Attention is now especially directed to the new school and college footwear, of which we're now making a most complete showing to meet the early demand of those young ladies and young men who are preparing for their return to their studies, as well as the attention of mothers who are getting the boys and girls ready for school. All that you have admired heretofore in Burrows' school shoes is incorporated in the very stylish footwear now being shown.

M. S. BURROWS
High Grade Footwear.

The Work of the Clubs.

Although the club season will not really be here until the first of October, preparations for the year's work has been going faithfully on in the various clubs, and in many of the clubs the best work that the clubs have done for some years is expected. Duluth has many fine clubs in the study line, and musical organizations, too, which are prominent in the federated work as well as the study perused at home.

* * *

The Saturday club has mapped out for its year's work the study of Holland. The history and literature and art of the country will be thoroughly taken up, and in the year much knowledge will be gained of the interesting country. A feature of the Saturday club programs is the half hour given to current events and the history making in the present day receives its share of attention.

The Saturday club has in years past secured Frederick Warde on his annual visit here, to lecture before the members and their friends. Mr. Warde as a lecturer is charming, and this year efforts were made to secure him for the first of next week, and were successful. The subjects that Mr. Warde has taken for his previous talks are, "The Women of Shakespeare," "The Art of Oratory as Exemplified in Shakespeare," and "Shakespeare, an Apostle of Christianity."

Mr. Warde will speak Wednesday, and the club room of the public library will be used for the occasion.

For the coming year Mrs. F. H. Barnard is president, and Mrs. Julia M. Barnes secretary and treasurer.

* * *

The Outlook has planned a delightful program for its coming year. The club will meet once a month, and instead of the study heretofore perused, a lecturer will be provided for each afternoon of meeting. Science, art and literature will receive the attention of the club, and the list of local people who have been secured for the talks insure a delightful and instructive year. Last year the club studied English history, with H. C. Strong, of the normal, as director of the study. The year given to English history proved a fascinating study, and the work of Mr. Strong was a help that the club found invaluable. The club will meet in the club room of the library.

* * *

The executive committee of the Matinee Musicale is hard at work and have been during the summer providing a program for the coming year that will make the work as interesting and educational as it has been in the preceding years. The first year of the club's life the work of a certain composer was studied during one afternoon, or one certain class of music. The following year the development of music, from the sixteenth century on, occupied the attention of the members, and last year national music was taken up. The work has been delightful, and this year the program will be miscellaneous, and a year as profitable as the preceding will be spent.

The artists that have been brought to Duluth have been George Hamlin, Elec-Schaffer, Rebecca McKenzie, Constantra Gifford and Madame Herman tine von Sternburg and Lillian Blanvelt. The artists for the comoing year have not as yet been decided upon, but the same standard of excellence will be maintained. A feature of this year's work will be a women's chorus, which will appear prominently in the work of the club. Mrs. John Millen is the president for the ensuing year.

* * *

The Ladies' Literature class is one of the oldest and most diligent of the city's clubs. The executive officer for the coming year is Miss Elizabeth Anderson. Six lessons of the course will be given to the study of Dante, and the remaining six to modern Italian work. The class meets every two weeks.

* * *

The Bishop's club is a flourishing organization for study purposes. Miss Jean Poirier is the executive officer for the coming year, when Germany in its social and political phases, will be studied. The programs for this club are carefully prepared and delightful.

* * *

The Twentieth Century club is perhaps the largest women's club of the city, and unlike the other clubs, it has a number of classes for its members. It is one of the most popular and interesting of the clubs. The home department, which included physical culture and educational classes, has been taken up by the Young Women's Christian association, and the work is no longer kept up by the Twentieth Century club.

One of the most interesting of the study classes is the travel class, under the leadership of Mrs. J. H. Crowley. The plan of the class is to take the study of some country from the traveler's standpoint. Last year Italy and Egypt were the countries considered, and in addition to the papers prepared by the members, some very fine lectures were given before the club by prominent men of the city. This year Russia will be toured and studied, and the history of the country will be interesting in the extreme. Particularly the biography of a number of Russia's historical personages will be fascinating study. Plans are being perfected for some very fine lectures in connection with the course of study.

* * *

The morning Shakespeare class in connection with the Century club is one of the most delightful classes. Mrs. H. C. Marshall has been leader of the class since its organization. Three plays are studied during the year with a delightful informality. Last year "The Tempest," "Henry VI" and "Twelfth Night" were the plays read. This year "Othello," "The Merchant of Venice" and one of the lighter comedies of Shakespeare will be taken up.

As the work progresses other classes will be formed.

* * *

The Magazine club, of which Mrs. A. M. Miller is president, has not as yet made any definite plans for its year's work.

* * *

The club women of the city have been interested during the summer in equipping rooms at the Normal for the teaching of domestic science, and their efforts have been successful, and the women most interested feel that great good has already been accomplished in introducing the study into the school. The Woman's council, which consists of the presidents of the clubs of the city, has had the matter in charge, and the money to equip the rooms has been partially raised, so much that the workers feel unafraid to go on furnishing the equipment, which will be of the finest.

The table for the demonstration of cooking lessons is very fine and one of the newest. It is in the shape of a U, and will accommodate sixteen pupils, with their little stoves and apparatus for work. The teacher's desk is at the mouth of the table in plain view of the students. A sewing room will also be equipped. Miss Dora Eaton will have charge of the department. By the first of October the course of study will be opened to the students of the Normal, and later two classes will be opened for others that may be interested.

During the past week Mrs. Elizabeth O. Hiller has been in Duluth speaking on domestic science, and her work is most interestingly presented. The work of Mrs. Hiller and that which will be followed are necessarily somewhat different. The work at the Normal will be of a more primary stage, and the chemistry of foods gone into more thoroughly than would be possible in a three weeks' course. Many of the society and club women of the city are attending Mrs. Hiller's lectures at the Y. W. C. A. rooms, charmed with the talks and the speaker.

* * *

The club women receiving Wednesday at the rooms at the fair were: Mrs. M. E. Grinnell, Kasson; Mrs. C. E. Conant, Wells; Mrs. H. A. Tomlinson, St. Peter; Mrs. J. R. S. Cosgrove, Le Sueur; Mrs. G. A. Chilgren, Sauk Rapids; Mrs. J. F. Langton, St. Paul; Mrs. H. C. Mossman, Ct. Charles; Mrs. Burdeth Thuy, Spring Valley; Mrs. E. R. Smith, Minneapolis; Mrs. Walter Conklin, Stillwater; Mrs. L. J. Crummala, Anoka.

The receiving list for Thursday was: Mrs. M. B. Webber, Winona; Mrs. C. H. Denneston, Crookston; Mrs. L. Littleton, Moorhead; Mrs. J. H. Crowley, Duluth; Mrs. R. A. Marble, Duluth; Mrs. A. C. Rodgers, Faribault; Mrs. Elizabeth Knight, Buffalo; Miss Ella Doe, Duluth; Mrs. G. A. Hormel, Austin; Mrs. C. G. Ray, Merriam Park; Mrs. J. W. Buswell, St. Peter; Mrs. L. H. Carpenter, Park Rapids.

LIGHTBODY'S NEWS.
Saturday, September 5, 1903.

Store closed all day Monday, Labor Day.

The new coats are beginning to come in. Not many yet, but enough for you to see the trend of the styles.

Suits have been arriving daily. A lot of the higher grade ones came yesterday and today. Scotch tweeds, plaids, plain cheviots, panne cheviots and novelties. $18 to $65.

Lace collars, capes and berthas as simple or as elaborate as one could wish. Real hand work, $6.50 to $20. Machine work 50 cents to $10.

S. W. Lightbody & Co.,
11th Street and Tower Avenue, Superior.

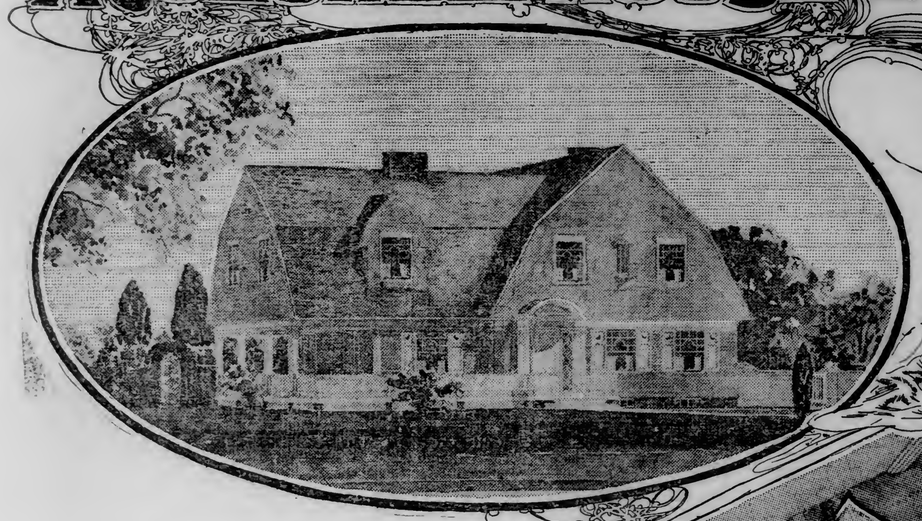
Minneapolis Classical School
The Minneapolis Fitting School for University of Minnesota, Harvard, Yale, Princeton, Smith, Wellesley, Bryn Mawr, West Point, and Annapolis. Fall term opens September 15th. For further information address A. D. Hall, Principal
Minneapolis Academy 401 HARVARD ST. S.E. ON INTERURBAN CAR LINE

FINE STATIONERY No need to send out of town for it if you see
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A Page of Interest to All

A COLONIAL HOUSE FOR TOWN OR COUNTRY



Of the best Colonial type, this house is suitable for either town or country. It is one story, with a gambrel roof, a style that keeps the lines of the house low, and at the same time, on account of its wide overhang, there is almost as much room in the second story as there would be if the first story walls were carried straight up.

The roof is covered with shingles stained a dark green. The gables and first story are also shingled; the shingles are stained a gray color. The foundation walls and chimneys are of common red brick, laid in red mortar. All trimmings, such as architraves around windows, columns, pilasters, shutters, front door hood and baustrade, are painted white. The side lights at the front door are fitted with metallic glass of Colonial design. The open veranda at the front leads around to a spacious covered veranda at the side. The house has a front of about fifty-seven feet and a depth of about forty-six feet overall.

The interior, like the exterior, is Colonial in treatment. The entrance to the hall is through a vestibule, on either side of which are the necessary hat and coat closets. The hall has a panelled wainscot three feet six inches high and a cornice above the doors and at the ceiling, a picture rail forming the lower member of the cornice. The newel post and balusters are carved and enameled white. The hand rail of the stairs and the wainscot cap are of mahogany, the rich color of which makes a good contrast with the white. The walls and ceilings are stippled a gold color, which harmonizes with the woodwork and makes the room light. The floor is of maple, stained a green-gray.

The library is a light, cheerful room, with fireplace, window seats and bookcases. This room has a base eight inches high extending around the room and a beam ceiling. There are two large windows at the front and a group of three casement windows, over seats, at the side. These windows are small, with leaded glass, and high up, to allow a good back to the seat. The walls are hung with green burlap, and the ceiling between the beams is kalsomined a light green. Like the hall, the floor is green-gray and the woodwork enameled white.

At the left of the hall is the sitting room. This room has a panelled wainscot four feet high and a cornice extending around the room at the ceiling. Especially attractive is the end of the room, which has the fireplace, with an arch on either side. While the arches have the same appearance, the one at the left is ingeniously fitted up with closet and drawers, and the other forms a passage into the dining room. Opposite the large door opening into the hall is the sash door leading to the veranda. Since the hall, library and sitting room are so closely connected, it is advisable to have the woodwork treated the same in all rooms. The woodwork in the dining room also will be enameled white, and the floor will be green-gray. The walls will be hung with Japanese cloth.

Next in importance is the dining room. The woodwork of this room will be of fumed oak. It will have a panelled wainscoting five feet high, with plate rail at top, and wood cornice at ceiling. The end of the room having the fireplace will be treated in a somewhat similar manner to that of the sitting room. There will be a china closet at the right, and an arched passage at the left of the fireplace. There is a floor opening into the hall and one leading to the veranda, which may be used as a dining room in the summer time. The walls of the dining rooms are covered with foliage paper, and the ceiling is left sand finished and kalsomined a tint to match the color of the paper.

Under the stair landing is the pantry, which is about seven feet six inches high. There is a door opening into the hall to make the front door easily accessible to a servant in the kitchen. The pantry is fitted up in the usual manner, with dressers, sink and closets.



The kitchen has more than the ordinary conveniences. It has a large cold room for the refrigerator, &c.; a kettle closet, sink, cupboard and range. The stairs to the cellar and the servants' stairs open from this room. It is large and airy, having three fair sized windows. This room has a tile wainscot about five feet high. Above the wainscot the walls are covered with a glazed paper, which can be cleaned readily.

The second story has three large bedrooms, a bathroom, a linen closet and a servants' bedroom. The hall will be treated in the same way as the first story hall. The landing has a wide seat and a circular headed window.

The bedrooms have large closets and two of them have fireplaces. The color schemes of these rooms will vary according to their location. Those facing the south and east will have cool colors, such as gray, blue or green, and those to the north will have warm colors, such as yellow, gold, straw color, &c.

The bathroom has tile floor and wainscot. It has a large closet, which will be found to be very convenient.

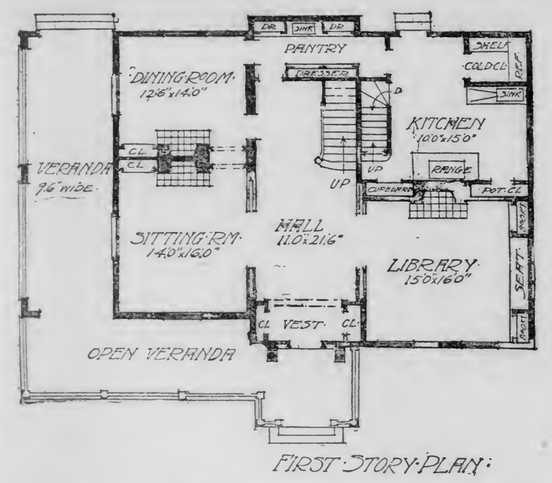
The attic will be unfinished, but can be used as a storage space.

The cellar, as usual, has a vegetable closet, heater, coal bins, servants' bathroom and laundry.

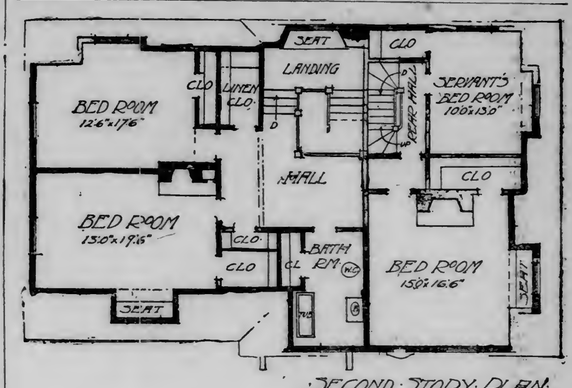
The basement is 7 feet high, the first story 9 feet 6 inches, and the second story 8 feet 6 inches high in the clear.

The house, if erected according to these sketches and specifications, can be built for about $7,000, but with simpler interior treatment it can be completed for $5,000 or $6,000.

L. S. BEARDSLEY.



FIRST STORY PLAN



SECOND STORY PLAN

The Old Garden.

BY WELLS HAWKS.

In my mem'ry there's a picture
Of a dear old country place,
And the years that fast are fleeting
Never will it quite efface.
A silent, quaint old garden,
With its leafy, maples tall,
Where the roses hung in clusters
O'er the ivy covered wall.

There the hollyhocks were blooming,
There the morning glory vine
Was rich with purple blossoms
In the summer's bright sunshine;
There the honeysuckle trailing
Near the quiet rustic seat,
Where the birds were ever singing
In the days we used to meet.

Near by the murmuring water,
Rippling 'long its shady way,
Seemed to me a love song singing
That brought gladness to the day.
And in fancy I've the picture—
It's a sweet but bitter dream—
As I see her standing, waiting,
Where the willows kiss the stream.

Once I wandered to the garden,
Down the paths love used to lead;
But no flowers there were blooming—
Where the roses, now the weed;
And the brook still flowed on gently,
But its murmurings were sad,
And no more the birds were singing
To make the morning glad.

Now deserted, dead and leafless,
Like that garden, so my heart;
For its blossoms, drooping, withered
When our paths grew far apart.
She has gone, but my love's living—
That and memory is my all
Of the days in that old garden,
With its roses o'er the wall.

SMILES OF THE HOUR

Of course, the elderly spinster wishes it understood that she has led a chased life.

Yes, Artie, if I were organizing a dog show, I should select my dog star from among the Skyes.

The lemonade vender who put up the sign "Stick to a Friend" soon took it down. His friends each wanted a "stick," and their name was legion.

Sultan—How did you have those cakes prepared?

Chief Butler—Had 'em fried in lard.

Sultan—Ugh! Take them away. Haven't I told you time and again how I dread an upheaval from Greece?

Backward, turn backward, O time, in your flight,
Make me a child again, just out of sight
And hearing of him who with vulgar guffaw
Still laughs at the jokes about mothers-in-law.

Old Saws Reset.

Two birds in the bush are better than one in hand. They may have a nest.

Whistling girls and crowing hens mark the standing of the new woman.

Little pitchers have big ears—and considerable "lip," these days, too.

Children and fools speak the truth; shows how foolish they are.

Silence is golden, but bank notes will do, at face value. Ask a lawyer or a railroad man.

Salads as an Aid to Beauty.

You may probably make up your mind at once that the last word will not be said in your day concerning salads, and that very likely it never will be said as long as appreciation of good things is a part of the makeup of every human being for whose acquaintance we care a snap of our fingers.

Some one has recently given us a pen picture of the French host preparing a salad for his guests, and it runs like this:—"The lettuce or endive or dandelion, or whatever the salad may be, having been brought up in a large bowl, the master of the house favors the plate method for dressing. This motion is usually carried nem. con., and the plate is laid on the bowl, exactly covering the orifice. Dexterously then the manipulator reverses the system and lays the plate containing the salad on the table. Into the empty bowl he pours one tablespoonful of oil. If he is a Parisian he takes clear, colorless and almost flavorless and odorless oil. If there is a Southerner at the table he will probably clamor for rich, fruity oil. The point being settled one way or the other, one tablespoonful of vinegar—or a half, for both methods are advocated—follows, containing the due proportions of salt and pepper, only to be measured according to the niceties of individual taste.

"Then come the second and third spoonfuls of oil. A discussion ensues as to whether or not a fourth should be added. Usually three are voted sufficient. The dressing thus prepared with the aid of advice from all the diners, it is thoroughly mixed for upward of a minute, after which the plate containing the green stuff is reversed on to the bowl. The second and more important operation follows. Here a critical point arises. Should the salad be 'fatigued' or should it be eaten while still springy and fresh? When made at the table the salad is usually eaten crisp, but always thoroughly mixed, and never, as seen on some British tables, resembling newly mown grass steeped in vinegar. Such is the severely classical salad, a homely dish, but a work of art."

But the French are adept in making one salad herb season another, a gift not possessed by any person whose progenitors, at least as far back as his great-grandfather, did not know the good points of a salad. Parsley, chives, thyme, tarragon and such like piquant green things, when added to a lettuce, cress, endive or chicory salad, have wonderful powers in toning up the flavor. Sliced onions, too, are not despised on certain occasions, though a too extensive use of them is to be feared where any one acts on this suggestion.

A better way, perhaps, than to introduce the onion itself is to rub the salad bowl lightly with the slice of an onion before mixing the dressing. Garlic is imparted to a salad in the same way frequently, though a more delicate means of bringing the two together is to rub a piece of bread with the garlic clove, then rub the salad bowl with a piece of bread. By this means you get the desirable suspicion of garlic which cannot be imparted by an unsympathetic person.

Those salads made from cooked vegetables or from meats are quite another story. Most of these need a mayonnaise dressing, which, at its simplest, is not an affair to be undertaken lightly. And these, of course, are part and parcel of the good things of the Paris cafes. One such most popular there is composed of truffles first as a foundation; then beans, peas, potatoes and carrots are added, with lastly the mayonnaise. These combinations of vegetables, or of vegetables with meats or fish, will never be quite right with the ordinary dressing. They are so strongly endowed with personality that they require a rather rich and savory dressing to unite them harmoniously.

Now no reflection or revery, or whatever you choose to call it, on salads would be complete without touching upon their therapeutic value. Of their picturesque and palatable qualities we will allow too much cannot be said, and one can hardly be accused of exaggeration who attributes to them really wonderful curative powers. Green stuffs that cool the blood, quiet the nerves and accomplish other good effects enter into the composition of most of them.

But a large amount of credit for the healthful effects of salads upon one who eats often of them must be awarded to oil—to pure olive oil, that is. Every physician and every person who has ever made any study of the foods the system requires have declared that fatty foods are an absolute necessity. And there is no way known to modern cooks by which this element is absorbed by the system as successfully as when eating a well oiled salad. Cleopatra and Zenobia did not owe their beautiful complexion and prolonged health to any agency in the world except oil taken freely on their salads. Lucretia Borgia indulged in salad no less than three times each day, and the freshly pressed oil from the olives was highly prized by the Roman athletes as imparting strength, agility and suppleness to the physique.

He Waited.

"Will you give me a kiss?" he asked.

"Certainly not," she replied.

It was in the old back parlor, where the shadows deepen and lose themselves in the abysses of the old mahogany furniture, and they were, of course, alone. But he thought to himself afterward that perhaps they were too much alone, and maybe after all her family was too near, and she had that natural timidity in which one might feel enveloped in the rigidity of a home atmosphere.

And so, on a later day, as they walked down a quiet country lane with the heat rising in spirals in the distance, and the busy bees humming over the heavy laden blossoms, with no one in sight, he turned again to her softly and said:

"Will you give me a kiss?"

"Most assuredly not, sir," she replied, tossing her beautiful head in the warm summer breeze.

Discomfited, but not discouraged, he argued to himself that after all the time and the place might not have been so propitious as he thought it was. Perhaps the day, after all, was too bright. So he waited again until one star-spangled evening hung over them and the silver moon seemed to bid him take courage as they rocked side by side on the silent piazza. And once more he whispered gently:

"Will you—will you give me a kiss?"

And the answer came back, sudden and sure:

"No, sir!" while he, in the semidarkness, seemed to feel the sudden flush that enveloped her cheek.

They had been good friends, he argued, for mingled with his love for her was this touch of friendship that made him hesitate, yet still persistent. Surely, he said to himself, she was too obdurate. And then, in anger at himself, he did not stop to consider, but the next afternoon, behind a broad, sheltering rock, in the broad light of day, with no mood of time and place to aid him, he turned swiftly, and, drawing her to him, without asking he kissed her surely and inevitably full on the lips. And the girl said:

"Oh, how could you? Please do it again!"

Lugubrious.

Smith—I attended a bachelor's funeral yesterday.

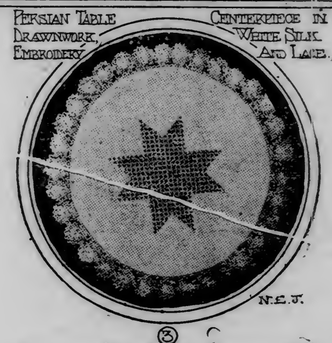
Jones—You don't say; whose was it?

Smith—My own; I got married.

TABLE CENTRES AND DOILIES OF ELABORATE PERSIAN WORK

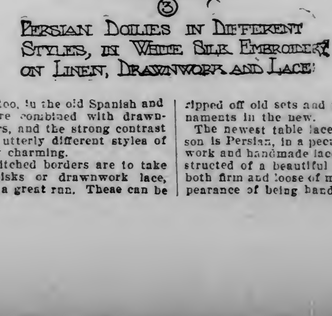


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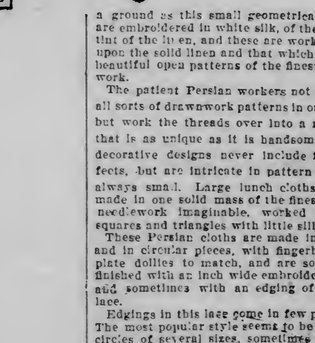
PERSIAN TABLE DRAWNWORK EMBROIDERY

CENTERPIECE IN WHITE SILK AND LACE.



③

PERSIAN DOILIES IN DIFFERENT STYLES, IN WHITE SILK EMBROIDERY ON LINEN, DRAWNWORK AND LACE



②

Many of us can remember when our mothers or grandmothers used to point with pride to some fine linen tablecloth or set of napkins and tell how many years had slipped along the shining surface of the linen without leaving a trace behind.

Maybe the growing tendency to force change in everything, aided by the "clean all" inventions, which ignorant servants handle to the utter destruction of fine linen to-day, is responsible for the constant changes which take place in the style and make of table linen and lace in use by fashionable people.

No more will red roses and purple pansies bloom upon lunch cloths and centrepieces. These tasteless table decorations have been gradually supplanted by pieces of pure white, with, for the coming season, two shades of ceramic blue for those who like color effects.

Women have been putting upon the table the sort of lace which they liked upon their frocks—provided table pieces were made in it—and of the laces in use last season those which have survived and remained in vogue are the duchesse, Cluny and Irish point.

Drawnwork lace, which has been steadily increasing in favor for several seasons past, is changed in form to meet changed conditions. It is more elaborate, more general in character and is combined with insertings of lace and with hemstitched hands. Many large tablecloths are made up of a solid mass of openwork in drawn threads representing many patterns artistically grouped, so that one sets off the beauty of the other. Squares of lace, too, in the old Spanish and Italian styles are combined with drawnwork lace borders, and the strong contrast afforded by the utterly different styles of lace is decidedly charming.

Lace or hemstitched borders are to take the place of disks or drawnwork lace, which have had a great run. These can be clipped off old sets and used as inserted ornaments in the new.

The newest table lace for the coming season is Persian, in a peculiar form of drawnwork and handmade lace patterns. It is constructed of a beautiful linen weave that is both firm and loose of mesh and has the appearance of being hand woven. Upon such a ground as this small geometrical figures are embroidered in white silk, of the creamy tint of the linen, and these are worked alike upon the solid linen and that which is all in beautiful open patterns of the finest drawnwork.

The patient Persian workers not only use all sorts of drawnwork patterns in one piece, but work the threads over into a rich lace that is as unique as it is handsome. Their decorative designs never include floral effects, but are intricate in pattern and are always small. Large lunch cloths will be made in one solid mass of the finest drawnneedlework imaginable, worked over in squares and triangles with little silk figures.

These Persian cloths are made in squares and in circular pieces, with fingerbowl and plate doilies to match, and are sometimes finished with an inch wide embroidered hem and sometimes with an edging of Persian lace.

Edgings in this lace come in few patterns. The most popular style seems to be in small circles of several sizes, sometimes made in pyramid form, all of openwork, but very closely manufactured. Other lace edgings are made in irregular points of open lace, with a sort of tatting loop on the outer edges.

While the richness and beauty of Persian table pieces entitle them to the vogue which they are enjoying among wealthy persons, the fact that they are made in inconspicuous patterns lends them a grateful charm. One can never tire of seeing a table covered with needlework which allows no set pattern to weary the eyes. Orientals alone seem to understand the art of producing similarity without repetition of design.



WARDE AND JAMES AT THE LYCEUM

Will Present "Alexander the Great" Monday and Tuesday—Moving Pictures and Vaudeville and "Two Little Waifs"—"Faust" and "Sapho" To Be Presented At Metropolitan.

"Alexander the Great," the subject of the new play in which Louis James and Frederick Warde will appear at the Lyceum theater on Monday and Tuesday evenings, was born under a lucky star, and the influences which surrounded him in his early youth had much to do with his subsequent achievements. He inherited the qualifications of both his parents. His father, King Phillip, was a man of rare courage and keenest judgment; his mother, a woman of savage energy and fierce superstition. These qualities combined to produce in young Alexander a boundless ambition and a thirst for power. But the genius of Alexander, the greatest of military commanders, was moulded in a still greater degree by the genius of Aristotle, then the greatest conqueror in the world of thought, who was his chief tutor. His exploits, which covered a period of but fifteen years, and which for their daring and conception almost challenge belief, should suggest copious and thrilling incidents for a stirring heroic drama. This subject has hardly been used on the stage until now, and consequently expectancy and curiosity concerning the coming performance is very keen. Unless there be a conflict of emotions and a consecutive narrative to bind them together, thus providing the elements of suspense, incidents, however thrilling in themselves, become tame to the spectator. To this end the authors have made Alexander the prey of insatiable ambition on the one hand, and on the other an absorbing love of Roxana, an Egyptian princess whom, after many vicissitudes, he finally marries.

A character in the play which has equal prominence with that of Alexander, who will be portrayed by Louis James, is that of Perdiccas, which will be essayed by Frederick Warde. Perdiccas is a species of Iago: envious, Vengeful, unscrupulous; who uses his office of prime minister to further solely his own ends. By duplicity and cunning, he retains the confidence and friendship of Alexander, whom he is constantly harrassing in unseen ways, employing others for his cowardly purpose. His schemes are all directed to bring about the fall of Alexander, whose death he finally encompasses. With his keen sense of humor, his cutting satire, his merciless intrigue, the role of Perdiccas is said to furnish all those subtleties of character which Mr. Warde is such an adept in portraying. Other important characters in the play are the military commanders, Clitus and Philotos, Cleopatra, step-mother of Alexander; that most pliable tool of Perdiccas, Snefrechaf, high priest of the Egyptian Temple of Ammon, and Kirmah, female slave of Perdiccas.

The scenic equipment, which is said to exceed in its elaborateness all previous productions of Managers Wagenhals and Kemper, comprises six massive stage pictures. The first is the palace of King Phillip, after whose assassination Alexander succeeds to the throne; then the Egyptian Temple of Ammon where the sorceries of the high priests are exposed. This is followed by the tent of Perdiccas, and brings the third act to a close. The fourth act requires two scenes—the first showing the siege of the town of Mallia, where Alexander fought one of his greatest battles; and the other, the mountain tops above the clouds, where Alexander imagines he has reached the end of the world. It is in this scene that the inventive genius of stage mechanic and scenic artist has been most brilliantly illustrated. The last act is a scene of royal splendor disclosing a banquet tent in Babylonia, where Alexander, surfeited with conquest and battle, is bidding farewell to his generals, and pictures the tragic climax to the play where, though villainy is triumphant, defeat is more glorious.

The company is an exceptionally capable one, and includes such players as Norman Hackett, Wadsworth Harris, Thomas Coffin Cooke, Engel Sumner, Aphie James, Elona Leonard and forty others.

"FAUST" AND "SAPHO."

Two Great Plays at Metropolitan Next Week.

The Metropolitan Stock company will put on two strong bills during the coming week. The first bill of the week, "Faust," has been asked for a number of times. The latter end of the week will have a play, "Sapho," which is being put on by special request. There have been an overwhelming number of requests filed for this play, and the management of the theater has for some time been trying to get a version of it. There were versions and versions, but the best one extant was hard to get. However, within the past few weeks Manager Condon secured just what he wanted and will now present it.

The version of "Faust" which is to be produced is that which Lewis Morrison has used. It is probably the best dramatization of "Faust" that has ever been written, but to present it properly a great deal of apparatus and electrical work is necessary. All of this the Metropolitan has secured, and every detail will be carefully attended to when the play is given. The famous Brocken scene, which has always caused such a sensation when Morrison was playing, will be faithfully presented with all of the electrical effects, showing the rain of fire, the reptiles which are supposed by some to inhabit the infernal regions, representations of lost souls, the little fiends who are said to serve his Satanic majesty in torturing the souls of those who have erred on this earth, and the other grewsome and weird effects which go to make up a popular idea of hades. In the third act there will be a stage setting that will equal and likely surpass that of Morrison's production. It is now being painted by the house's scenic artist, Mr. McFarland. The third act shows the square of the fountains and the shrine of the virgin. The setting is a beautiful one. The scene in the last part of the fifth act, showing the ascension, in which the designs of the devil are frustrated, is also a most beautiful picture, and will be faithfully presetned.

Mr. Forbes will play the part of Mephisto. His fine voice and dramatic ability eminently fit him for the part, and though a difficult role, he will doubtless carry it through with all the fine dramatic effect that is demanded in the part.

The role of Faust will be handled by Louis Dean, who has come back to the company after a short absence. Mr. Dean played here at the beginning of the company's engagement, leaving the Du Barry company to join the stock company. But he was under contract with a road company and had to go after being here about two weeks. His most pronounced hit while playing here was when he played the part of Oliver St. Aubin in "Fringe of Society," the leading male role.

Miss Louise Carter will take the role of Marguerite. Miss Carter, by her sweetness and clever acting, has won scores of admirers, all of whom know that she will give a most winsome and clever interpretation of the part which she is to play. Willie Reynolds will play the part of Valentine, and Miss Marshall will play Siebel.

In "Sapho" there will be carefully arranged and painted scenes. Every dramatic opportunity which the play affords will be taken advantage of. Mr. Forbes will play the part of Jean and Miss Carter will play the title role. Mr. Forbes will be remembered in the part of Jean, when he played it here early this year. Miss Carter has not played the part of Sapho here before, but has made a hit on the road with it. Her press notices from Cincinnati and elsewhere praise her in the highest terms.

WONDERFUL PICTURES.

Illustration of Gardner-Root Championship Fight.

One of the most wonderful inventions of the last century is the Polyscope, which pictures life as it really exists. It has been used for many things, but the repetition of the fight for the lightweight championship of the world, between George Gardner and Jack Root, which occurred at Fort Erie, July 4, is probably the best reproduction that has ever been shown on canvas, was made by the Polyscope.

Every move that was made in and around the ringside the day of the battle is shown, even to the tossing of the coin by managers of both men, to see who would have to take the sunny corner in the ring. Even the ray of sunlight that came through the roof is pictured.

The bout has gone down in pugilistic history as one of the fastest that ever took place, and the reproduction on the canvas shows this to be true. From the moment time was called for the opening of the first round till the finish of the fight, there is something doing. There is fighting enough to instill enthusiasm into the hearts of the most sluggish.

Ever since Root was counted out by Referee McBride, his friends and other disinterested persons have maintained that McBride did not allow the Chicago man the usual ten seconds of the count. McBride claims he did. One night a short time ago, several sporting men sat watching the pictures, and one of them decided to put a stop watch upon McBride's count. In the first knock down, when Root took what was supposed to be a count of nine, the watch showed that he had been down but six and two-fifths seconds. Previous to what was supposed to have been the knockout blow in the twelfth round, the watch was put on another knock down, the fourth, and it registered seven seconds instead of nine.

Of course the most important knock down was the last one, and with the eyes of the watch holder upon the screen and those of the other sports on the watch, the final knock down was timed, and when the watch was stopped as the referee waved his hand at Root, declaring him out, the timepiece showed that instead of being allowed ten seconds as a count, the Chicago man was allowed but eight and four-fifths seconds, which again shows that Root got the worst end of the deal.

These pictures have settled more disputes than enough, and have proven to the public that although Root was declared out, he was given a rather rough deal. The pictures show everything that occurred at the ringside, and are much better than those of any other fight that was ever photographed.

These wonderful pictures will be seen at the Lyceum next Wednesday and Thursday.

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"TWO LITTLE WAIFS."

"Two Little Waifs," one of Lincoln J. Carter's best productions will hold the boards at the Lyceum next Saturday afternoon and evening. The play involves an intensely interesting story. The plot is built upon the old theme but in a new and interesting garb of mistaken identity which is treated in an original and pleasing manner.

Prominent in the plot are twin sisters, unknown to each other, one of whom is persuaded by the villain to destroy the domestic happiness which surrounds her sister. Working cleverly upon the husband's jealous feelings, she succeeds in this and the unfortunate mother is thrown upon the world with her two small children. The wrong is eventually confessed and the villain brought to justice.

The company is one of the best ever gotten together and harmonize splendidly in their portrayal of the different characters. The comedy element comes in for a share of the praise and there is a clever dialogue between Richard III and Pinkie, which is brought out in an amusing and quaint style.

The scenic effects of the play are especially of note, showing the Hudson river home, the change from twilight to darkness, with the setting sun, the rise of the moon, the river and the twinkling lights of the Jersey shore, and finally "The little church around the corner."

Stanley and Lolita Lamb, who will be remembered by Duluth people, are in the company.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

Two coming attractions at the Lyceum are "The Chinese Honeymoon," with John E. Henshaw at the head of the company, and Haverly's great minstrels.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Manager For Weber & Fields' Boston Theater Chosen.

New York, Sept. 5.—One very interesting development in the fight between the syndicate and independent managers came to the surface this week. It was the simple announcement that Weber and Fields had selected as the resident manager for their new Boston theater Mr. Victor Mapes, who, while having had some success as a playwright, has had no experience whatever in the management of a playhouse. Just prior to this word was passed along the Rialto that the Weber and Fields appointment had been given to William Raymond Sill, who last season was the representative of Dan Arthur. Sill had made all arrangements to go to Boston, when his plans were suddenly upset. It is understood that Mapes owes his position to the friendliness of James K. Hackett, who just at this time has a powerful influence among the Independents. Mapes and Hackett while in college, and they have ever since been close personal friends. Mapes is a nephew of Mary Mapes Dodge and has done some clever dramatic work, principally, "Don Caesar's Return." Hhis duties in Boston will not be so arduous but that he will have plenty of time to devote to writing new plays.

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Miss Kittie Cheatham has come back to New York after an absence of five years. Most of this time she has spent in London, where she has won much fame and considerable money as a drawing-room entertainer. Her specialty has been coon songs, and these she has sung before practically every member of the English nobility. King Edward included Nevertheless she comes to America with her heart still true to the stage, and she has expressed her determination privately to accept any first-class offer to go behind the footlights again.

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Miss Eleanor Robson had a present this week which delighted her greatly. It came all the way from Australia, from "Tim" Frawley, under whose management she made her debut in San Francisco. It was a copy of the first part she played, with her name written across it in her own hand, and notes on every margin, made by herself during rehearsals. In the letter with Frawley sent to her management he said: "I came across the manuscript the other day in going over some old treasures away out here and I thought Miss Robson would like to have it. I have always had great faith in her, as she well knows, and when Fred Hamlin was looking about for some one to play the part of Bonita in "Arizona," I told him that Eleanor Robson was the one girl to play it. I guess that neither has regretted that decision since."

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Accompanying Mrs. Langtry on her present visit to America is her brother, Mr. Clement Le Breton, K. C., who came over for the yacht races, and will remain until after his sister's production of "Mrs. Dering's Divorce" at the Savoy. "Since I produced the play in Providence last spring," said Mrs. Langtry, "the last act of the play has been very much strengthened, and before leaving London Charles Hawtrey was good enough to superintend my rehearsals, so that, as a matter of fact, we could really open up tonight, if necessary. If it were not for the fact that my leading man, Mr. Paul Arthur, will not arrive here until next week."

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Preparatory to opening the regular season September 10 with George Ade's new musical comedy, "Peggy from Paris," Wallack's Theater has had a thorough overhauling, and by the end of next week will be out of the hands of the decorators and furnishers. The improvements include a redecorated lobby, a new mosaic floor, an entire new set of orchestra chairs, finished in red, and a new velvet carpet.

The most noticeable change and improvement is the elimination of the broad center aisle and the substitution of two side passages for spectators. This change was made in order to fill in the most desirable part of the auditorium with chairs.

Back of the stage changes have been even more radical. For the accommodation of the heavy scenery of "Peggy from Paris" new scene rooms have been built, and to meet the requirement of augmented musical comedy companies extra dressing rooms have been added. There has also been constructed a green-room, an institution that has disappeared from New York theaters in the last 20 years. This is immediately back of the stage, and is a large room, with high ceiling and equipment for brilliant illumination. The greenroom will be supplied with artistic trappings next week.

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Messrs. Klaw and Erlanger have engaged Eugene Presbrey to direct the rehearsals of the company to appear in their coming production of William Young's dramatic version of Onoto Watanna's story, "A Japanese Nightingale." This play will receive its premiere at Daly's theater, Monday, Nov. 19, and not in December, as previously announced.

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Henry Ainley will join Maude Adam's company as her leading man until he is required for the New Empire theater stock company. He will make his first appearance with Miss Adams in "The Pretty Sister of Jose," Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's new play.

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Virginia Earle was to star this season in the title role of "The Mocking Bird." The Messrs. Sire, managers of the Rosenfield-Sloane comic opera, announced it, and the theater-going public made preparations to receive the new prima donna. But now all is changed. Miss Earle has severed her connection with the Messrs. Sire, and Madeline Beasley, a society novice from Providence, R. I., is to replace her. "The Mocking Bird" cast will include Edgar Atchison Ely, famed for a delicate and dainty cackle; Roland Carter, Antoinette Le Brun, Kittie Baldwin, Blanche Thayer, Walter Ware, Arthur Stanford, T. M. Goodwin, E. A. Mack, Charles Church, Sarah Osgood and Lillie Weeden.

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Emmet Devoy, late star of "Friend Carl," under the management of W. G. Smythe, has gone into vaudeville. He has secured as a vehicle for his acknowledged talents a brisk farce entitled "The Saintly Mr. Billings," which he will present at Brighton Beach. Mr. Devoy will be supported by Myrtle May, to whom falls a role of much fun and sprightliness.

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Kirke La Shelle has engaged a professional bookmaker to give expert opinion of the betting ring scene in "Checkers," and also to appear as one of the mimic bookmakers. Name of the professional is withheld at his request until after the racing season is over, says Mr. La Shelle.

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"Joe" Weber, senior member of the firm of Weber and Fields, has had stuffed and mounted a brace of pickerel which he caught this summer somewhere among the Thousand Islands. He will use them as "props" when relating tales of his piscatorial prowess.

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Raymond Hitchcock, who is to be the Yankee consul in Henry W. Savage's production of the new comic opera, "The Yankee Consul," in Boston next month, recently returned from Europe. When he reached Paris he went to the best hotel. It was crowded, and Hitchcock did not receive any more attention than the law allowed. One day he pinned a little red ribbon on the lapel of his coat—the insignia of the Order of Freemen—to which he belongs. After that he noticed that bellboys fell all over themselves to shower attentions upon him. Waiters vied with one another to give him the best seat in the dining room. Porters assisted upon seeing him to his carriage with an extra amount of bowing and scraping, and gendarmes stood at military attention when he passed. "Why am I so signally honored?" asked Hitchcock of a friend. "That ribbon," was the answer. "That is the badge of the Order of Freemen. "I don't see why it entitles me to all this attention here." "Ah, my friend, it is also the insignia of an officer of the Legion of Honor," Hitchcock says that after this season's tour of "The Yankee Consul" he is going to Paris again, and will wear ribbons all over himself.

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Time hung heavily on Lew Dockstader's hands one afternoon during his Atlantic City engagement, so he thought he would take a drive in one of the famous buses of the resort. Climbing up, he took a seat beside the driver, an elderly man of the guileless, agrestic type. The bus had lumbered along but a short distance when the minstrel realized that the driver was closely scrutinizing him and making mental notes. This offered an opportunity. "Looking at me?" inquired Mr. Dockstader.—The human nodded an affirmative. "Like this face the way I wear it?" pursued Mr. Dockstader. Again the affirmative nod. "Ever see a face like this one I'm airing this afternoon?" "No—o," slowly returned the driver. "But ain't you Mr. Dockstader? Ain't you the minstrel man who plays on the stage?" "Guilty as indicted," replied Mr. Dockstader. "I'm the man. What's the matter?" The driver reined up his horses, smiled broadly and drew a silver quarter from his pocket, which he placed in the mand of the astonished minstrel. "Cut up a bit, Mr. Dockstader," quoth the busman.

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Edward Harrigan, who used to write the famous Mulligan sketches, has come back to his own, and according to the Bridgeport (Conn.) papers he has a fine success on his hands in the new Harrigan farce "Under Cover." This is the piece which Mr. Harrigan has been at work on for some time, and is intended to supply the entertainment at the Murray Hill theater in New York for the entire season. The trial performance was a big hit, the Bridgeport Farmer saying:

"It was a complete success, and Mr. Harrigan was in his usual form. The echoes of its music will long linger here."

The Post said: "It is a fine farce of the Harrigan type and cannot fail to be immensely popular."

Jennie Yeamans has a new type to play in the farce called "Boozie Susie," which is said to be one of Harrigan's drollest creations and which she plays splendidly. Her song, "The Fringe of Society," is going to be a big hit.

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Henry Woodruff, who is to play "Ben Hur" this season, recently returned to America after a vacation spent abroad. In London he ran across Lee Harrison, Max Ingers and Joe Coyne. In fact they all came back on the same boat. Just before sailing Harrison sent a cable to a friend in the custom service here which read:

"Look out for Harry Woodruff; smuggling clothes for friends; known as an actor."

When the liner reached her pier the trio of merry humorists shook hands with Mr. Harrison's friend of the custom house and speedily and merrily went on their way.

Not Mr. Woodruff. That cable warning was not overlooked. His trunks were opened, his English shirts rumpled and his most prized personal effects ruthlessly overhauled. It took hours. Of course there was no reason for it. The inspectors only found six souvenir spoons on which they could levy duty.

It is now Mr. Woodruff's turn.

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While Mr. and Mrs. Walker Whiteside were in London they entertained as their guest Lieut. Gordon Kean, the author of "We Are King," a comedy which Mr. Whiteside will present next season. One evening they spent at a performance of "The Girl From Kays."

After the performance, while Mr. and Mrs. Whiteside and Lieut. Kean were indulging in "small talk," Mrs. Whiteside said:

"Lieutenant, why is a kiss over the telephone like a straw hat?"

"You cawn't catch me," replied the lieutenant, boldly. "Because it doesn't bark like a dog."

"No, because it is not felt. Understand, a straw hat is not a felt hat."

The lieutenant was in high glee. Later one of his superior officers hove in sight. The lieutenant saluted him and immediately asked: "Why is a kiss over the telephone like a straw hat?"

The superior officer contemplated him curiously, and said:

"That's a blooming dotty question. Why?"

"Because you cawn't feel it, you know. That's an American joke."

And the lieutenant swung away, highly pleased with his sense of humor, leaving his superior officer staring after him, through his monocle. And now Mr. Whiteside is wondering whether the lieutenant's comedy is as good as the above.

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Commenting on the fact that women often lose control of themselves and engage in tearful demonstrations when in the theater, the Berliner Tageblatt cites an incident which occurred recently in Vienna, where a young woman was so much affected by the sufferings of Lear that she had to be carried from the theater in a dead faint. "But," says the writer, "men, too, are susceptible to the command of dramatic action, and allow themselves to be swayed to a remarkable degree by exhibitions of mimic passion. When the 'Fledermaus' was produced in Berlin an excited spectator, forgetful of his presence in the midst of a large audience, suddenly punctuated the stillness of one scene with a thunderous exclamation: "Well, that fellow is really intoxicated!"

"The effect of this outburst on an audience already moved to animated enjoyment may be readily imagined. And if the piece had not already established itself favorably it is hardly possible that this spontaneous tribute to the actor's effort would have failed to have a decided effect."

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"The reception of 'Emily' at the Adelphi theater was a striking tribute to the genius of Charles Dickens," avers William Archer in the World. "Not that Messrs. Warren and Landeck's dramatization of 'David Copperfield' did any more justice to the great novel than previous adaptations have done. It is reasonably good, no more. The truth is that every dramatic version necessarily throws into relief the weaker side of Dicken's art, because it necessarily seizes upon and exaggerates the theatrical element in it. The proof of his genius lies in the fact that though only the weaker side is so strong and so human and above all so intimately associated with imperishable memories. We have little in this play save the domestic melodrama that centers round the cabin on Yarmouth sands. (It is curiously difficult to find an exact term for the Peggotty mansion, which was neither boathouse nor a houseboat.) David Copperfield himself is almost a nonentity; Betsy Trotwood is little more than a name; there is no Mr. Dick, no Traddles, no Spenlow and no Jorkins, no Dora and no Gyp, no Barkis, no Omer, no Dr. Strong, no Mrs. Markleham. Mrs. Micawber is once or twice heard of, but never seen; and Micawber himself—the immortal, the heroic, the incomparable—is reduced (oh, basest of many vicissitudes!) to the humiliating condition of 'comic relief.' Yet, though but a corner of the vast canvas is unrolled before us, and although all the elements of the drama presented are conventional and hackneyed in the extreme, even this brief contact at second hand with the superb creative energy of the 'good genie of fiction' is enjoyable and refreshing. It must be added that the leading parts in the domestic drama are filled with unusual ability."

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Clara Morris is at work on a new romance, to be called "Hulda's Brat."

Millie James now says he would like to play the role of an adventuress.

A. W. Pinero's new play is called "Letty." It is to be produced in London in a few weeks.

Mabel Taliaferro is to play the role of Lovey Mary in "Mrs. Wiggs, of the Cabbage Patch."

"Richard Mansfield's new Russian play, "Ivan the Terrible," will have sixty-four speaking parts and an ensemble of 300.

Rumor has it that Minnie Ashley has just received a high legacy and that she has retired permanently from the stage.

Chicago is soon to see a new musical extravaganza, entitled "The Isle of Spice." It is by Alice Lowe. Bettina Girard will head the cast.

Mrs. Kendal is going to stray away to the lecture stage in the early part of next year with a series of recitals, mostly Shakespearean.

Oscar Asche, who scored such a hit in the role of Maldonado in "Iris," will play in "Macbeth" in Mrs. Fiske's support later in the season.

J. M. Barrie's new comedy, "The Stormy Petrel," is a satire on the British habit of over-eating. It will be produced in London on Sept. 21.

Louise Montague, one famous as P. T. Barnum's $10,000 beauty, is to appear on the stage shortly under the managerial direction of E. E. Rice.

Miss Fiske will begin her second season in "Mary of Magdala" at the Manhattan theater, New York, on Sept. 14. Later in this city.

McKee Rankin will precede his "Macbeth" revival, which has been postponed until February, by a 20-weeks' tour in vaudeville. His vehicle will be his own sketch, "The Counsel for the Defense."

Ellen Terry is said to have lost heavily in her recent London stellar venture. Miss Terry's memory is credited with being much at fault and her slips in her lines to be responsible for the poor financial results.

Aime Lachaume, composer of the incidental music for F. H. Sothern's production of "The Sunken Bell," has completed the music for an original romantic Oriental play, in verse and prose, by Charles Henry Menzer.

Richard Strauss' new opera will bear the title of "The Bay Boys of Sevilia." The libretto, in one act, based on a novel by Cervantes, is from the pen of Ernst Von Wolzegen, who wrote the book of "Feursnoth."

The Lieblers announce that Vesta Tilley's vehicle for her forthcoming American tour will be a three-act farce, entitled "Algy." It is by a distinguished American author. The first performance is set for Oct. 4 in Chicago.

"Watanna's "A Japanese Nightingale" will be produced at Daly's theater, New York, in November, with William Farnum and Margare Illington in the leading roles. Two hundred "geisha girls" will appear in the piece.

William Geiger, recently orchestra leader at several of the leading theaters, has been appointed principal assistant in the violin department at the Broad Street Conservatory. He succeeds John K. Witzemann, who will tour Europe for the next two years.

It is now definitely announced that Mary Mannering will produce Ramsay Morris' romantic play, "Judith," this season, beginning in Buffalo on Oct. 4. A comedy by Leo Ditrichstein and a costume play by Justin Huntley McCarthy will be held in reserve.

Arrangements have been concluded by Heinrich Conreid for the engagement of Signor Vigna, the celebrated European conductor, the managements of the Scala, in Milan, and the Monte-Carlo Opera house having courteously consented to waive their prior rights to his assistance during the opera season in America.

"Fighting Bob," the new play by Edward E. Rose, has had a successful premiere at Duluth, Minn., with S. Miller Kent as the star. The play tells a melodramatic story of an American lad who won a bride after thrilling experiences in Mexico and in Central America. A ninsurrection is a feature of the action.

Fraulein Adele ous der Ohe, the German pianiste, is here again to fulfill concert engagements running through the winter and taking in all the larger Eastern and Middle Western cities. She will appear with the Boston Symphony society, the New York Philharmonic, the Philadelphia orchestra and the Pittsburg orchestra.

The German-American theater in Berlin opened last evening with the new musical comedy, "Across the Pond," by Adolph Phillips. It portrays German life in New York. The first act shows Ellis island, with New York in the background: the second shows an American brewery, and the third Coney island. The piece was well received.

Margaret Anglin and Henry Miller are to produce a new version of "The Ironmaster," from George Obnet's "Le Maitre des Forges," in San Francisco. The adaptation is Mrs. Golden Bright, an English woman, who has published, under the nom de plume of George Egerton, "Keynotes," "Discords" and other works of note in the world of literature. Mrs. Bright is a disciple of Ibsen, and this play is expected to prove Ibseneque in treatment.

DUN'S WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Legitimate Trade Is Suffering More or Less From Speculation.

New York, Sept. 5.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: A striking contrast appears when comparison is made with the corresponding week last year. Prices were then tending upward in many branches of industry, new business was coming forward more rapidly than it could be handled, and in the security market all records for activity and high prices were being surpassed. Later events have demonstraed that the situation was unhealthy, and speculative excesses have been followed by reaction and readjustment. Conservatism was then the exception; it is now the rule. Prospects for steady gains and their maintenance are brighter under the present system. Legitimate trade will continue to suffer from the losses in speculation, and the high rates for commercial loans will militate against industrial expansion, but in the long run a larger degree of caution should prove beneficial. Buyers are still coming to the leading markets in great number, and testify to the sound condition of business at the interior. Manufacturing plants are busy throughout New England aside from cotton mills, and there is notable activity in wearing apparel at the south, while prospects for a large fall retail trade are bright everywhere. Already there is traffic congestion at several points, despite the fact the crops have only just begun to move, and railway earnings in August show gains of 9.3 per cent over last year and 17.4 per cent over 1901.

Unprofitably low prices have had the effect of curtailing production in the iron and steel industry.

Labor and other costs of production, with the single exception of fuel, are much higher, while consumers are slow to purchase even at the extensive decline that has occurred during the current year.

Rails and other track supplies are in good demand, especially for prompt shipment and more orders are placed for structural material for bridges and buildings. A brisk demand is noted for merchant pipe. Sheet mills and some other divisions of the industry are in an uncertain position, owing to the labor situation.

More machinery will be idle next week at the cotton mills, the new crop of raw material coming forward very slowly and available stocks being held at prohibitive prices. Buyers of cotton goods in the primary market still adhere rigidly to the policy of covering only immediate requirements, but there is a perceptible increase in the volume of business.

Woolen goods are quiet and steady. Wool is firm at eastern markets. Forwardings of footwear are more prompt, yet there is apprehension in the jobbing trade regarding September deliveries.

Failures this week in the United States are 191, against 176 last week, 238 the preceding week, and 200 the corresponding week last year and in Canada 7, against 33 last week, 8 the preceding week and 19 last year.

RECORD FOR GELDINGS

Is Lowered at Providence By Major Delmar.

Providence, R. I., Sept. 5.—The world's trotting record for geldings, held by The Abbott, at 2:03¾ since 1900, was yesterday lowered by the bay gelding, Major Delmar, to 2:02⅝, in a trial exhibition against his own record of 2:03, and the fourth day of the grand circuit meeting here was further made memorable by Dan R., who paced the first heat of the free-for-all, in 2:03½. Dan R. went to the quarter in 30¼ seconds, the half in 1:01¼, and at the three quarters post his time was 1:32½. The heat from the start was a magnificent struggle for supremacy with Dariel. At the first turn McDonald successfully captured the pole position from Dan R., and for the next half mile both horses traveled as a team. When within 20 yards of the wire Dan R. scarcely led by a nose, but by a supreme effort at the last minute, increased that distance to half a length. When the time was announced both horse and driver were cheered repeatedly. The most sensational work of the day was done in the second heat. Prince Alert, the favorite, who finished fourth in the first heat because of a poor start, rushed into first position at the three-quarters pole by a break by Dan R. Harold S., followed by Dariel, in a fine burst of speed, headed the leader, and although they finished in that order all three came under wire so closely together that their relative positions were in doubt until the decision had been announced.

CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT.

Drainage Tunnel Will Soon Be In Operation.

Colorado Springs, Sept. 5.—Water will be running trough the Cripple Creek drainage tunnel within the next two or three days. The last shots necessary to penetrate the last strata of rock were placed this morning. All that now remains to be done is to remove the track from the floor of the tunnel and shoot away the bulkheads which have kept the water in check. This will be done immediately, and a large number of the mines which have been flooded will be relieved. The tunnel is 4074 feet long and was begun Jan. 25 last. Its completion is believed to mark a more productive epoch in the history of the Cripple Creek district.

The Telluride mill at Colorado City, which has been in operation only two years, was last week sold to the General Metals company, of New York. This mill is the only one in this section using the bromine process. The best evidence of its success is the fact that the capacity of the mill was doubled after being in operation one year. It has a capacity of 300 tons per day, and ranks well with the other mills in this district. It is understood that the General Metals company expects to use the bromine process abroad as well as throughout this country. General Manager Hugh W. Fullerton returns to the home office of the Telluride company in New York; the management will otherwise remain the same.

Adolph Zang, of St. Louis, has just sold his large holdings in the Vindicator company to Dennis Sullivan, of Denver, the consideration being $100,000. Since Mr. Zang became interested in the Vindicator company it has declared dividends to the amount of $1,000,000, and of this amount he received one-third.

Ohio capitalists have been in the Cripple Creek district for some days inspecting their holdings on Grouse mountain. A large plant of machinery has been installed on their property and a large tunnel is being driven to the 1000-foot point, where it is thought a good paying vein will be cut.

JUMPED FROM WINDOW.

Peculiar Action of Woman After Being Shot.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 5.—Mrs. Griffith, wife of Col. Griffith, a Los Angeles park commissioner and owner of the large Los Felix ranch, lies at California hospital in a serious condition as the result of a bullet wound in her forehead.

Mrs. Griffith leaped out of the third story of a hotel at Santa Monica. She fell a distance of fifteen feet to a veranda, whence she crawled in a second-story window. There was a bullet wound in her forehead just above the right temple.

Col. Griffith says that in packing their trunks Thursday night his wife picked up a revolver and accidentally discharged it. The bullet struck her in the forehead, and, he says, she rushed to the window and leaped out.

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In Wagenhals & Kemper's Stupendous Scenic Production of the Spectacular Drama—

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Our Young Folks Page

Where The Great Red Owl Lived.

BY EVERETT McNEIL.

Near a great wood there once lived a father and mother who had one child, a little boy by the name of Wilson. One day, when Wilson had been a very naughty child, the father said to him:—"Wilson, if you are not a better boy I shall have to take you to the Great Hollow Tree Where the Great Red Owl Lives."

Now, the father had a beautiful china dish which had been given to him by his mother, who received it from her great-grandfather, who brought it with him from China, and he valued this dish above all his treasures.

Wilson had been forbidden to touch the china dish, but one day, when his father was out and his mother was not looking, he climbed up to the mantel whereon sat the dish and picked it up to see what was in it; but just as his hands touched the dish his foot slipped and he fell, and the treasure was broken into a hundred fragments.

That night the father said:—"Wife, there is nothing use to be done; the boy must learn to obey. Wilson, put on your little red cap and kiss your mother good-by. I am going to take you to the Great Hollow Tree Where the Great Red Owl Lives."

Then the father took Wilson by the hand and led him past the Huge Black Rock and the Crooked White Brook and the Big Red Oak, and came to a tree more mighty than any of the others. When they were close to this tree a queer gruff voice called:—"Whoo! Whoo! Whoo!"

"What was that, father?" Wilson asked.

"That was the Great Red Owl," the father answered.

"Whoo! Whoo! Whoo!" again called the queer gruff voice.

"It is Naughty Wilson, Naughty Wilson," the father answered. "I have brought him to thee."

Then a door opened in the side of the hollow tree, the father thrust Wilson in through the opening, and the door swung shut.

At first all was dark, but on looking up Wilson saw what he took to be two bright lights shining high above his head.

"Whoo! Whoo! Whoo!" came the queer gruff voice from the direction of the shining lights.

Wilson now saw that the lights were slowly coming nearer and growing brighter. Presently it became so light that he could see a red ladder leading up toward the top of the hollow in the tree, and the lights seemed to be coming down this ladder Nearer and nearer came the two bright lights, louder and louder sounded the gruff "Whoo! Whoo! Whoo!" of the queer voice, and then, with a hop and the flutter of wings, the Great Red Owl swung himself down the ladder and stood before Wilson. The bright lights were his two round eyes.

"Whoo! Whoo! Whoo" said the Great Red Owl, blinking with both eyes at Wilson and nodding his head slowly. Then, suddenly extending one of his huge claws toward Wilson, he said:—"Shake hands, Naughty Wilson."

Wilson held out his hand. The owl gripped it tightly and began slowly to draw the hand toward him until it was directly under his beak. Then he made a quick peck at the back of the hand.

Wilson screamed with fright.

"Whoo! Whoo! Whoo!" said the great owl. "Naughty Wilson has the mark of the Great Red Owl on his hand. Whoo! Whoo! Whoo!" and he began to hop slowly up the ladder, and soon Wilson was again alone in the darkness at the bottom of the hollow tree.

"Whoo! Whoo! Whoo!" called the Great Red Owl from the top of the long red ladder.

Then Wilson heard something come scurrying swiftly down the ladder, and felt a furry little animal climb up his leg, over his waist and up on his shoulder.

"I will be good! I will be good! Oh, Mr. Red Owl, I will be good!" he cried in a great fright.

"Whoo!" said the Great Red Owl.

Then the furry little thing shouted close in Wilson's ear, "Naughty Wilson! Naughty Wilson!" and scurried off his shoulder, across his waist, down his leg and up the ladder.

"Whoo! Whoo! Whoo!" called the Great Red Owl, sitting at the top of the long red ladder.

Then, hurrying down the ladder came a little animal with a long, bushy tail, and climbed up Wilson's leg, over his waist, and up on his shoulder, and two strong paws seized Wilson's hair and began to pull hard and harder.

"I will be good! I will be good! Oh, Mr. Red Owl, I will be good!" Wilson shouted.

"Whoo!" said the Great Red Owl.

Then the animal with a long bushy tail shouted close in Wilson's ear, "Naughty Wilson! Naughty Wilson!" and hurried off his shoulder, across his waist, down his leg and up the ladder.

"Whoo! Whoo! Whoo!" called the Great Red Owl, sitting at the top of the long red ladder.

Then down the ladder came a huge, shaggy, long haired animal and reared himself on his hind legs in front of Wilson.

"I will be good! I will be good! Oh, Mr. Great Red Owl, I will be good!" Wilson cried.

"Whoa!" said the Great Red Owl.

Then the huge, shaggy, long haired thing put two great paws on Wilson's shoulders and his mouth close up to his ear and shouted in a great rough voice, "Naughty Wilson! Naughty Wilson!" and then went clambering noisily up the ladder.

"Whoo! Whoo! Whoo!" called the Great Red Owl, sitting at the top of the long red ladder. "Whoo! Whoo! Whoo! Thou hast been named by the striped chipmunk, the red squirrel and the shaggy bear, and I have marked thee with the mark of the Great Red Owl. Naughty Wilson! Naughty Wilson! Whoo! Whoo! Whoo!"

"I will be good! I will be good! Oh, Mr. Great Red Owl, I will be good! Take me to my mother!" Wilson called back in a great fright.

Then a bright white light shone at the top of the long red ladder, and down came walking, stepping daintily on the rungs, a beautiful maiden, dressed all in white. When she reached the bottom she placed a white hand upon Wilson's forehead and said, in a voice like the tingling of silver bells, "Naughty Wilson, look; look, Naughty Wilson!"

And Wilson looked and saw through the side of the Great Hollow Tree, past the Big Red Oak, the Crooked White Brook and the Huge Black Rock into his own little bedroom, where a candle, burning dimly, showed his mother kneeling by the side of his empty bed and his father standing by, with his hand resting softly on her bowed head. He could not see her face, but he knew that she was sobbing. His father looked very sad and there were tears in his eyes.

"Oh, I will be good! I will be good! Take me home!" and Wilson fell sobbing at the feet of the beautiful maiden.

The beautiful girl bent and kissed him on the forehead; and lo! the side of the hollow tree opened, and they floated through the air light as thistledown and as swift as arrows, past the Big Red Oak, the Crooked White Brook and the Huge Black Rock to the door of his home. The door flew open, and Wilson rushed into his mother's arms.

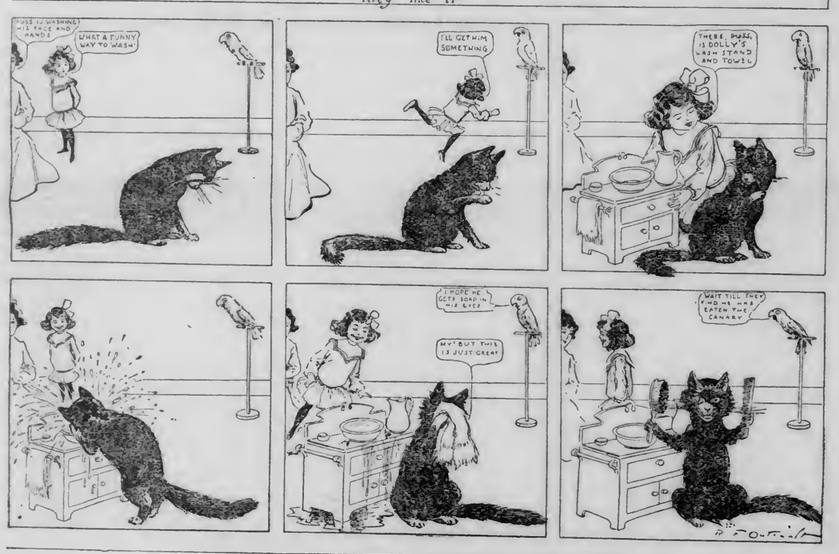
A moment after, when Wilson turned to thank the beautiful maiden, the door was closed and the girl had vanished.

FROM COUNTRY AND BEACH IN HEAPED UP MEASURE, ARE BROUGHT BACK TO TOWN ALL KINDS OF TREASURE.



Mark the treasures that have escaped and are hidden in various parts of the picture.

Yes, little girl, always be kind to animals they like it



What They Have For Dinner.

If you could see the things that the people in some countries have for dinner and the way they eat them you would laugh, indeed, and then if you should visit those countries and do as the other boys and girls do you would laugh still more.

I believe you would like Japan best. True, you would not have any chair to sit on, nor any knife, fork or spoon, but then you would have two dainty little sticks, which the Japanese children call "chopsticks," and which they use very cleverly. Then, besides, there is always such a lot of candies and other sweets, and what you could not eat you would be not only allowed but expected to take home with you. Think of that!

Often, at grand feasts, the guests bring their servants, who carry baskets, and whatever is left from dinner is packed in these baskets and taken home.

In China you would have the same "chopsticks," but very different dishes. One specially I believe you would not like at all. That is live crabs, and very tiny ones, too.

Just as dinner is ready the crabs are put in a dish of vinegar. This makes them quite lively. Next they are removed to a covered dish and placed upon the table. Then, when everyone is ready, the cover is taken off. These crablets don't hesitate a second, but scramble out and run for their lives.

But the guests are in a big hurry, too. They seize them with both hands, and filling their mouths as full as they can they swallow the wriggling things as though they were the daintiest bits imaginable. I do not know whether they are better or worse than roasted spiders. These you would get in New Caledonia—and some people who have eaten them say they taste like nuts and are very nice.

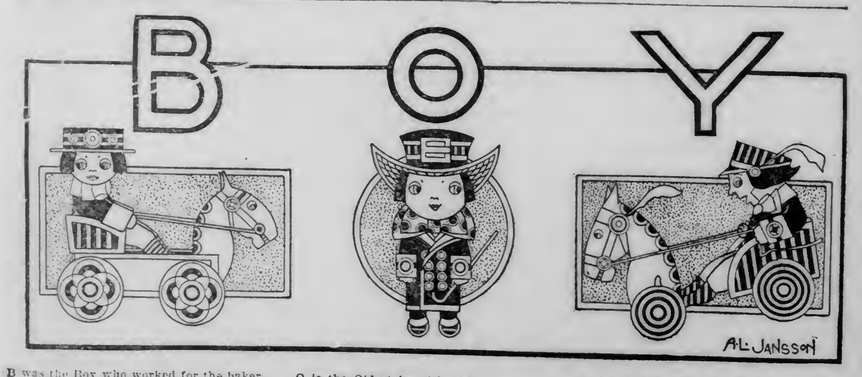
In India they would serve you roasted worms instead of fruit at dessert, and in Burmah locusts, stuffed and fried. In Siam you would be treated to ants' eggs, and some of our own Indians think they can offer a guest no greater delicacy than roasted grasshoppers. So you see there are many kinds of tastes.

Table manners also vary greatly. In Turkey you must sit crosslegged on a cushion and eat with your fingers from the same dish that everyone else uses.

In Arabia you must use your fingers, also, and not be surprised if your host offers you a dainty morsel with his hands. Just open your mouth and allow him to put it in. In Abyssinia, if you wish to be polite, you must smack your lips while you eat.

LITTLE MINNY HAM.

Little Minny Ham
Thought she'd like to have some jam!
While the cat her mother spurned
The pantry key she turned,
Then little Minny Ham
Got acquainted with that jam.
When she could eat no more
She unlocked the pantry door,
And the face of Minny Ham
One couldn't see for jam.
Said her mother, "Minny Ham,
You have eaten all the jam!"
And Minny said, "Then you
Shouldn't have peeked through."



B was the Boy who worked for the baker,
He brought some bread to the candlestick maker;
When he got there they gave him a bun
And sent him back home, where the story begun.

O is the Oldest boy I know,
Happy Hezekiah Snow;
He's not very tall, but he's chubby and fat,
And he looks very grand in his father's old hat.

Y's a Young boy who yelled "Out of my way,
For I am bound to town today;
I must see the King and all the King's men
Ere pony and I will be home again."

The Cat and The Princess.

BY ANNA LOW GLEN.

On a May day long ago there were born two girl babies in a kingdom by the sea. One was born to the Queen and the other to her wicked sister. The Queen smiled into her baby's blue eyes and fell asleep so sweetly that they did not know she had awakened in another country.

The King, mourning for the Queen, refused to see his daughter. She was christened Mimi, and was said by her nurse to be a beautiful child, though the lords and ladies at the christening caught only a glimpse of a tiny form on a pillow, swathed in trailing lace.

In the state chamber the nurse rocked the cradle and droned a lullaby. On the floor lay a large black cat. His fur was like plush, and his eyes yellow as topaz, except at night, when they turned to green jade and shed a faint light.

"Here, Marmo," said the nurse to the cat, "sit the cradle while I go below to speak with my cousins and other relatives."

One evening when the Princess Mimi was nearing three weeks old the queen's sister came to the palace under cover of the twilight, carrying her child wrapped in her cloak. She was dark and had an evil temper. Her baby, too, was as ill favored as the little princess was fair and comely.

The sister of the Queen talked long with the nurse and gave her many pieces of gold. Then she lifted the Princess, and placing her own child in the cradle, said:—"My daughter shall be Princess and Queen, and, as the people have not seen the child Mimi, no one will be the wiser. And I shall rear Mimi, pretending she is my own."

They had not noticed the cat Marmo during this conversation. His back was arched, his tail waved like a plume and his jade green eyes emitted sparks. No sooner had the plotters left the room, leaving the Princess on a couch, than he sprang upon the dressing case and made fast the Queen's jewel box by tying a knot in his tail. He then leaped upon the couch and, lifting the baby Mimi by the nape of her neck, ran out of doors with her.

Down to the shore hurried Marmo, carrying the baby, until he came to a fisherman's dory tied to the pier. With velvet paws he stepped into the boat and dropped the princess gently on a coil of rope in the stern as the heavy tread of the fisherman was heard. Then Marmo, taking from the jewel box a ring of little value, bowed courteously to the fisherman, and said:

"Sir, I pray you to accept this ring as fee for a passage across the channel for this child and myself."

The fisherman wondered greatly, but he took the ring and rowed hard over the waves, for he feared Marmo, thinking him a magician.

In this way Marmo followed the fisherman to his cottage very fast indeed, for the man was so terrified by his strange visitors that he ran every step of the way.

"You will do yourself no injury, O fisherman," began the cat, "by taking from me this bracelet, studded with gems, in return for shelter and excellent cow's milk for myself and the child. A diet of such fish as you catch is agreeable to me also."

The fisherman's eyes sparkled when he saw the jewels, and he replied:

"It will afford me great pleasure O much esteemed cat, to extend to you the shelter of my humble roof."

He thought, "Aha! Now I know what is in that casket."

The fisherman's wife marveled at the strange pair, and the rich robes of the baby, but she set upon the board milk and fish as the cat directed.

Many days passed, and Marmo purred to soothe the baby's crying, and waved his tail and sheathed and unsheathed his shining claws to amuse her. While she slept he walked on the beach with the fisherman and learned many things about the taking of fish and lobsters. He considered buying a dory and trying his fortune on the deep sea when the jewels were gone.

Every night when their guests were asleep the fisherman and his wife hunted the casket. They did not find it, for the cat had hidden it under a brick of the hearth.

When the queen's sister returned to carry away the princess her anger knew no bounds. She was forced to be content with declaring that her own child had been stolen. The news spread to every town in the kingdom.

The fisherman and his wife, seeing the chance of reward, immediately took counsel with their neighbors. "Is not this cat the thief?" they said. "How did he get possession of this richly clad infant and this box of gems?"

"Put him in irons," said the neighbors. "He shall be brought before the King and tried by seven judges."

So they led Marmo before the King and the court and the seven white wigged judges, proclaiming that they had taken the thief and claiming reward.

"Prisoner at the bar what have you to say in your defense?" demanded the first of the seven judges.

Then the cat, with salaams to the king, unfolded the story of the queen's wicked sister, how she had changed the babies in their cradles that her own child might be queen, how he, Marmo, had rescued the princess.

"And," he concluded, "honored sirs, if you doubt my words go to the hut of the fisherman, where you will find the Queen's jewel box, containing the royal signet ring, hidden under a brick of the hearth. Look, moreover, at the infants themselves, and say which resembles the Queen and which the wicked lady, her sister."

These things they did, and found the casket as the cat had said, and the Princess Mimi was declared the image of her sainted mother.

The wicked sister was banished from the land, the nurse imprisoned and the fisherman and his wife were sent away without reward.

The King was so pleased with the sagacity of the cat that he made him Prime Minister of the realm. Marmo filled that position ably throughout the reign of the King and that of Queen Mimi, who was guided by his advice in all the affairs of the EState.

A Pretty Party Trick.

Here is a little feat that any boy can perform, and yet it looks like a trick of a magician. If you wish to entertain a company with it, tell them that you have a bottle and a goblet, both full to the brim of water, and that you are going to empty the goblet by means of the bottle without taking a drop of water from the latter.

This is the way to prepare for it. With a red hot wire bore two holes through a cork and into them insert two straws, one of them extending above the cork as high as the goblet is deep, the other about twice as high.

Now, with a little kneaded bread or wax close the upper end of the shorter straw and then force the cork into the mouth of the bottle until the water spurts out through the longer straw.

Meanwhile you have the goblet of water on the table near you, and also a basin or bowl and a pair of scissors. Hold the goblet over the basin with your left hand, and with your right turn the bottle upside down, putting the shorter straw inside the goblet. As you do this have some one take the scissors and cut off the closed end of the shorter straw. Water will at once begin to run out of the longer straw into the basin and will continue to run until the goblet is empty. You must, of course, hold the bottle so that the short straw will reach down to the bottom of the goblet.

This is simply the operation of a siphon.

THE PUGNACIOUS PIRATE.

Cut out the pieces and fit them together to make a savage pirate, which can be changed into different positions, the parts still fitting perfectly. The parts marked A are the upper joints of the legs, B the upper joint of the right arm and C the upper joint of the left arm. Paste the pirate on a cardboard background in the position you think the best and paint it.



JANEY MEG'S TEARS.

Say, Janey Meg cried so many tears
That each side of her wee little nose
Two streams ran swiftly down until
They reached her nice white clothes.

And then they swished and swashed and swirled
Until they'd drenched her through;
Then ran straight down her plump right leg
And filled up her right shoe.

And then they ran across and in
Her left shoe, and, oh, my!
Filled that, then ran up her left leg,
So nothing now was dry.

Another such bedraggled sight
Please show me, if you can.
Say, Janey Meg just wishes now
She'd stopped 'fore she began.

CHIMMIE FADDEN STORIES
BY EDWARD W. TOWNSEND

Chimmie's Side Glance at Main Street; and a Fearsome Tale of the Loss of a Digraph.

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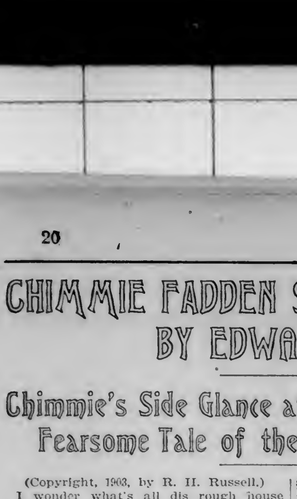
I wonder what's all dis rough house about ditching Broadway? I has known dat lane since I sold papes in Park Row, and it never wasn't a walk trough a orchard, or a stroll on de beach by moonlight. Dat's what makes it Broadway.

De foist time I ever was in de country, when I took me job wit Miss Fannie, dere was so much no-noise dot it near turn me into a fit. It keep me wake nights; and in de day I was dodging fire engines, cars, ambulances and trucks dat wasn't dere, till I near crossed me eyes, trying to see bote ways to once. Let me tell you; most of dese t ings dat's making de holler about de Broadway ditch isn't on to de proposition. If New Yorkers ever struck little old B'y wich it wasn't torn up or down, or being sewed, or gassed, or water lined, or rooted for wires, or paved or repaved, or retracked, or ditched, dey would run from it like dey was chased by plain close men, and had de goods on em.

I'm telling you dat what makes de little old Main street Number One wit all Manhattaners is dat dey gets all de fun North Pole finding, and frontier life widout never leaving Broadway.

"Isn't dere plenty of places in New York where de houses is up and de streets is down? Sure! But what do you see dere?—a small lot of beer-liners out for a walk, and a cat or two, wit a few noisery maids looking for de cop dat never comes.

I says dat to Mr. Paul, and he says to me, "Chimes," he says, "you is more dan right, you is all right 'Avaunt de day," he says, using forn woids now and den, to keep me guessing, "when our



"Let's Go to de Bowery and See Little Duke."

principal avnoo of commerce, trade, bargain counters, first nights, lobsters and cocktails shall be navigable witout de aid of a guide, a Pinkerton man, a rope ladder, and a package of foist relief for de injured. Broadway as it is, is what makes it a delight, Odderwise, why not go home by anodder route? When children can play puss-in-de-corner, and bean-bag in Broadway, witout overcrowding de morgue, de day of its glory is down and out."

It's a ten-to-one shot dat Mr. Paul is right, even if he did use dude langwudge to sing his songs. Listen: Why do folks go to de country?—just for de fun of coming back to town. It don't matter what town it is, so long as it is de town dat you hangs out in when you're at home.

"Cheems," says Duchess to me, "I'd radder go to Paris dan heaven."

"Same odds against bote places," says I. "Tomorrow's our day off; so let's beat bote places, and go to de Bowery, and see Little Duke."

Remember little Duke? He's our kid. Dat we'd go to see him was a cinch, of course, for we always goes down to me modder's home on our days off to see de kid. Mrs. Murphy is wit me modder, now—remember Murphy? Dey does laundry wolk for Miss Fannie, and some od'er swells dat Miss Fannie touted for em, and makes all sorts of swell money.

Dere's a silk haired goll dat Miss Fannie knows, dat teaches in a Mission school, who teaches de kid, too, and say, he's dat rich wit his langwudge dat I can't hold him. He talks like a little edition of Mr. Paul, and when Duchess says dat he'll be a President, or Alderman, it don't sound so much like a pipe talk as you'd tink And he's a lolning to his ma. Duchess, in de regular forn French dat Duchess and de teacher teaches him. It's a wonder! All de boodle dat Duchess has touched off me is going to make him a sure enough gent and Duchess says dat if tings goes fair for a dozen years, or so, we'll not stop wit making him President, but he'll be trained to be a cook, and wit de start we can give him he'll keep a French restaurant some day. But dat's a dream.

Me modder and Duchess is great pals, but dey don't hitch when it comes to French. Say, you'd die to hear him talk wid de Little Duke will be.

"Me dear," says modder to me on de quiet, when Duchess was putting kiddie over de jumps of his French Grammar, "Me dear, you has a wife dat's a jewl witout a price mark; but Chimmie, as you love you old modder, stop dat woman from making a fornier of de little one, or we'll never be able to keep it from de neighbors, and we'll have no more chance to run dis ward dan de gent with tallow legs has wit Satan. Even his English is like Mr. Paul's, already; and I never let de neighbors hear him talk, for fear of de shame dey'd put on me for being de grandmodder of a dude."

"It's de trute your modder is saying, Chimmie, says Murphy. "You could come back to de ould wa—rd and be a Precinct Captain yersilf, but yer own son couldn't get a pushcart licence in de war—rd wit all dis jude langwudge he do be learnin'. Lave de lad go to Par—rk Row and sell papes for a year, and he'll be as good a American as anny of us. Remember how worser dan a tootless child it is to cherish a snake in de bosom of de family, as Saint Patriek says, rest his sowl."

Dat was a pretty strong argument, for fair, and I says to Duchess we'd better be letting de kid get a little learning, instead of boddering his conk wit all de foolish tings she and de swell Mission teacher was putting into him.

"Dat's some of your advice, modder Fadden," says Duchess, toining to de old loldy.

"I'll not deny it," me modder says. "It's de advice Mrs. Murphy and me would give to you, too, my dear. You're as good a daughter as I ever hoped to have, Hortense; dough I'll not deny dat at foist I grieved dat me son didn't marry a Yankee goll, what de Bowery is full of em as would be glad of de chance."



"Stop Making a Forner of De Little One."

"Wit tholty-six bust, and forty skolt; selling clocks in Grand street stores,; chips in Murphy.

"Be deir busts what dey may," says me modder, "None of em would take better care of Chimmie's savings dan me daughter Hortense Fadden," she says, giving Murphy a cold eye. "But, Hortense, me deary, I'll tell you about de Little Duke, as I see de trute; Dere's plenty of bread in de woild, as de saying is, but not enough white bread to go around, and never was since before and after Robert Emmet was hanged, which Chimmie gread fadder carried a pike in de blessed year of '98."

"Hooroo!" yells Murphy.

"Dere's dem as tink dat bacon and potatoes, and a drop in de bottle, comes by wieshin, Hortense, me dear; and while true it is dat you and Chimmie has fine places, and never will look in a bare cupboard, there's dem as goes to bed to forget hunger; but dey never had de education dat Chimmie had. So why not let Little Duke go to de Row, and learn to sell papes, and make sure dat he'll know how to earn a living, no matter if all your savings are took by Providence?"

"Or de Trusts," says Murphy.

"You are a wise mama," says Duchess but Providence don't count when it comes to getting away de savings dat a French bean goil has put by. Providence can do many smart things, but—" and she shrugged her shoulders like she was giving Providence de laugh, and win Murphy's heart so dat Murphy says, "What Chimmie's wife says, dough she is forn born, and not Irish, is no fairy tale. I'm be knowing to a French lady dat began by taking in washing, at de very time I did,' and she has a delivery wagon of her own this very day, wit name painted, and a lad—I'm well knowing his modder—to driv in buttons."

"I'm not denying what you may know, and not know, Mrs. Murphy, "says me old lady, "but you'll admit dat Chimmie is my son, which his fadder was a ship carpenter before ever a park was tought of at Corleare Hook, which dey make make ships in rolling mills now, is de dear Lord knows when to call a carpenter. It's not a grandmodder's place to interfere wit her daughter-in-law's child, even when her own son is de fadder of de same; but, Hortense, it would ease me heart if you'd let Little Duke learn some needful ting, besides all dis brownstone frills he's getting out of de school books."

"But le petit is too young to sell papers," said Duchess, easy like, not wanting to rough de old lady.

"Chimmie started two years younger, says modder.

"Could we watch him try?" Duchess says to me. I says sure; dough I was tinking what'll would de odder kids do to a newsy polssonally conducted by his fadder and modder.

So we dresses de kid up for wolk—and he was Sunday-best alongside de odders, as dat—and I goes to an old pal of mine who buys wholesale at de press rooms, and sells to newsies, and outfits kiddie wit evening one, two and three-centers. He was tickel dto deat, and when he gets his bundle under his arms he lets out a "Wrextry! Wrextry!" like a tenor foghorn. He makes for de middle of City Hall Park, wit Duchess and me a chasing along after him, and in a minute he sold a center.

"How much does he make?" says Duchess, getting excited.

"Four-tents of a cent," I says.

"Mon Dieu!" she says, "it is more noise dan money!"

Kiddie done pretty well for a time, but den anodder kid walks up to him, wit his chin out, and says, "Say, Kid, where dio you get de swell rags?" and wit dat he pokes our kid in de eye.

Duchess lets out a yell dat woke up de cop on de City Hall steps, and starts for de fight. I holds her back, for I'd teached Little Duke some tings dat isn't in any of de books dat he studies; and I wanted to see if he remembered. Besides, de kids was of a size. Little Duke slugs wild in de foist surprise, but all of a suddent he remembers, and he puts his elbow in de odder kid's neck, his foot behind de odder's heels—and dere was no mere fight. When de odder kid struck de asphalt he yells murder, de copper mixes in, our candidate skips, de cop switches de boy dat was down, and Duchess was near to a faint.

Kiddie wasn't boddered after dat, and him being a blue ribbon for looks, he sold to Brooklyn women so fast I had to stock him two or three times in a hour. He made frens wit some boys, sold tree cent-



"De Odder Kid Struck De Asphalt"

ers once in a while, was told to keep de change out of a nickle, and chased up to us to jolly; and dough his modder was only a jump ahead of a fit—and de fit gaining—de kid was easily having de time of his life.

"Say, dad," he says to me, "dis is too easy. It's like taking candy from a child. It's like getting money from home."

When Duchess hears him she couldn't talk for a minute; only let out little gasps dat I knows is a sign dat she is boiling, and would explode in a minute.

"What's happened you, woman?" I says, to help her along.

"Did you hear him?" she says, showing only de whites of her eyes.

"Sure, he's no dummy, and I'm not deaf."

"He has lost his t h!"

"His what?" I asks, looking to see had Little Dufce lost his dicer or his money.

"His t h."

I taught de fit had arrived, but just as I was going to take her over to de fountain and trun some water on her, I cops de game. For two years Duchess had jollied, and prayed and begged de teacher to learn Kiddie to say t h. She can't say it no more dan I can, but the way she don't say it is a different way from de way I don't. Anyway de two of us togedder was a bum team when it come to learning de kid to get a strangle holt on t h and join em togedder; and Duchess was so proud dat de younger had learned de trick dat she used to make up long speeches for him to speak, all filled wit woids where he'd have to say t h in one sound, and listen to him like it was a band playing Hiawater. But p'chee in two hours de cub had unlearned de whole bunch of tricks, and was talking as straight Manhattan as me. I looks to see Duchess die wit rage.

"Take de papers away from our son, Cheems, and fetch him home! I wonder will he ever be cured!"

So I helps Little Duke to count up, sells his leftovers to one of his new frens at half price, and found dat he was totty-two cents to de good. He put up a holler when I told him business was over for de day, but I promised to take him to dinner, and he got well.

Women is queer all around. De kid had done good wolk; learned how to take care of himself, and to make change; made money, and had a good time; but all dat was notting to Duchess. He'd lost his dude langwudge, and a diamond ring wouldn't been no set-off against dat. She likes money as well as de next French goll; I tink she's a bit stuck on me; I know dat she swears by Miss Fannie, but all de boodle and folks in de woild—including yours truly—isn't in de proposition a little bit alongside of de way Duchess wants to see dat kid a swell for fair. I found out dat she was only jollying, even when she talked about prenticing him to de husband of her fren Julie, who keeps de restaurant.

Duchess wouldn't hear to de kid going back to de old lady's, but fetches him along wit us to de place on de Strand; for Miss Fannie lets us have de little one up dere when we wants, and he eats wit us, in de housekeeper's room. Duchess had a long pow-pow wit Miss Fannie about de game dat night, and Miss Fannie was as interested as if it was her own kid dat had lost her t h. Den Mr. Paul was took into the caucus, and den I was sent for; and before we was settled dere was more guff and gas about de proposition dan if de kid had lost his head instead of his t h. Miss Fanne votes dat de youngster should be sent to a swell little school dat is kept for de kids of de smart set folks while de divoice judges is making up deir minds wedder de modders or de fadders is de best one to have de kids. But Duchess balked. She said she didn't want de kid in a school where he would get de woise of it because his parents was house solvants.

Den Mr. Paul settles it. He said dat he would enter kiddie as de son of a fren of his. Dat wouldn't go in most schools, but in dis school dere was many a kid dat de school teachers didn't know who its pa and ma was. All dat was wanted was dat de pas and mas was respectable, and would pay de bills. As to respectability, says Mr. Paul, "I tink dis cub's parents could give cards to many of 'em and show to de good at dat."

So we is to be let to keep Little Duke with us until de school opens, and den Mr. Paul is to enter him, and see dat he has a fair crack at his t h. But what's worrying me is what will be doing when some silk-haired youngster gives little Master Fadden any back talk. Mostly dat elbow in de neck, and de heel at de same time isn't teached where everyting is gaily-gaily on de t h proposition. When Kiddie springs dat proposition on de gang I only hope it will be out on de grass, and not a marble floor, for dese silk-haired boys has t'in skulls.

McCHESNEY DEFEATED.

New York, Sept. 5.—The Minute Man, a two-year-old, owned by J. E. Madden, ran the fastest mile in the East in four or five years, at Sheepshead Bay, yesterday. The game son of Juvena-Semper Paratus not only ran a remarkably fast mile, but also beat the great McChesney, the ideal of the West. He went the distance in 1:38 4-5. Although the Smather's horse was defeated, he ran an excellent race, considering that this was his first start in nearly two months. The race itself was a procession, the Minute Man jumping away in front, opening up a gap, holding his advantage to end and winning by two lengths. McChesney closed very strong in the stretch, but was never able to catch the flying leader.



Out To-day!

THE DELINEATOR FOR OCTOBER

and its issuance answers squarely the question of supremacy among the magazines for woman and the home. In your selection of a magazine you may choose from two classes—those you need and those you read for recreation—or else you take THE DELINEATOR and combine both. If the word "necessary" is susceptible of a superlative, THE DELINEATOR is beyond all question the "most necessary" of all the magazines published for Woman.

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Among the fashions it is the "most necessary" because it is all the fashion magazines in one, with their mistakes eliminated, their exaggerations corrected, and the really successful novelties stamped with the seal of authoritative approval, for if it is pictured in THE DELINEATOR it is "good form." It is equally the "most necessary" in the Nursery, in the Sewing-Room, in the Kitchen, throughout the whole house and out-of-doors, in city and in country. The partial list of contents below can only hint at the interest underlying every line.

The Evolution of a Club Woman, by Agnes Surbridge, begins in this number. It is an autobiography and is the predicted success of the year. J. C. Hemment, the world-famed camera expert, begins one of the most remarkable series of photographic articles ever presented. They relate to his personal adventures at home and in foreign lands. The Silent Partner, by Lynn Roby Meekins; A Florida Cracker, by Virginia Frazer Boyle, are prominent among the fiction features, while the departments are fuller than usual of good things, with especial interest centering in the children's pages.

If the "most necessary" of the magazines for Woman is that one which helps most in every hour of "her" day and brings its after-hour of fascinating leisure-reading when the day is over, then, surely

"Just get The Delineator."

Of your newsdealer or any Butterick agent at 15 cents a copy, or of the publishers, $1.00 for an entire year.

THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING COMPANY, LTD., 17 West 13th Street, New York

SIR THOMAS DINED

Was Guest of Pilgrims at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Says Another Challenge For Cup Is a Possibility.

New York, Sept. 5.—Sir Thomas Lipton was the guest of honor of the Pilgrims of the United States at a dinner given in his honor at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Nearly 100 men prominent in many walks of life were present. Sir Thomas arrived at 7:40 o'clock, and for half an hour received his friends. He then, escorted by George T. Wilson, who was to preside, led the way from the reception room to the tables.

At either end of the hall was hung Sir Thomas' private emblem, a shamrock on a field of yellow, surrounded by a green border, while above the guests' table were draped the flags of the United States and Great Britain. Bunches of red roses on each table and ferns on the walls completed the decorations.

Surmounting the menu cards, which bore the flags of Sir Thomas and the Royal Ulster Yacht club, was a cardboard yacht.

In order to enliven affairs somewhat at the outset, the guests sang a little song to the refrain of "Mr. Dooley," which told of the virtues of Sir Thomas and his enduring efforts to lift the cup.

There had been arranged no formal speeches, but the following were called on: George T. Wilson, Sir Thomas Lipton, Gen. Joseph Wheeler, Gen. H. C. Corbin, Col. Henry Watterson, former Governor C. S. Thomas of Colorado and Senator A. E. Bates.

With Sir Thomas at the guests' table sat: The earl of Shastesbury, commodore of the Royal Ulster Yacht club; Col. Sharman-Crawford, vice commodore of the Royal Ulster Yacht club; Commodore F. G. Bourne, Gen. H. C. Corbin, William Fife, Rear Admiral Rogers, Col. Henry Watterson, Gen. Joseph Wheeler, George T. Wilson and former Governor Thomas.

When the ices were served, a procession of waiters marched in to a popular air, bearing trays crowned with gilded harps, full-rigged models of the Reliance and Shamrock, and easels with figures of yachts.

Later, women began to appear in the boxes, among them being the countess of Shaftesbury and many other women who have been Sir Thomas' guests on board the Erin.

Mr. Wilson, addressing Sir Thomas, said that his attitude had struck a responsive chord in every heart.

"As a loser," said he, "you are a corker. You will ever have the admiration, love and regard of all Americans."

Sir Thomas was given many hearty rounds of cheers when he arose. He said:

"We are all more or less pilgrims here tonight, and I would like to feel that I am not a stranger among you. Many of my best American friends are pilgrims, and I regard it as a great honor to be your guest.

"As regards the cup races, we have been beaten 'fairly and squarely,' and I congratulate America on having the better boat. I wish to take occasion here to express my thanks for the courtesy and kindness shown me by the New York Yacht club. Everything has been done that could be done to make my visit here a pleasant one. I am especially grateful for the admirable way in which the course was kept clear.

"I have heard much comment for and against the Sandy Hook course. It is as good a course as any other; nay, there is no other course in the world like it.

"I am beginning to think that there is some magic spell about that 'bloomin' old cup.' Two years ago I had it almost within my grasp, but it escaped me then as it has escaped me now, and it seems as far off as ever. It reminds me of the story of the Irishman who was asked if he could play a fiddle. 'I don't know,' said he, 'I've never tried it.' I have tried it and tried it again without success, but my motto has always been, 'try, try again.'

"Although I have been without success each time I have tried, I do not despair that some day we shall succeed in capturing that famous trophy, although I must confess that we appear now to be more than a little bit astern.

"Herreshoff is the greatest designer of the age, but I am still very hopeful that I shall see that cup on the other side yet.

"America is a very bad country to beat as I know.

"I am a very disappointed man, but still I have the consolation that both conquerors and conquered belong to the same good old race. The cup is still in the family, only it is held by a younger and more go-ahead generation.

"Gentlemen, while I lost the cup, or rather did not succeed in winning it, I have not lost the esteem and good will I reciprocate in the very highest degree possible. A great comfort and consolation to me in my unsuccessful efforts to lift the cup is the great kindness shown me by all classes. My feeling of gratitude for this spirit is great beyond expression. I shall bear in my heart the remembrance of your kindly acts for all time. I am sure that as the days and years roll by these contests will not have been held in vain if they make us realize that wherever we are all the world over we shall 'brothers be for a' that.'"

Sir Thomas Lipton is still undecided whether to challenge again for the America's cup. He said:

"If I can find a man who can design a boat to beat the Yankee sloop I shall challenge again. To say that I shall not challenge is untrue. If I do challenge again it will not be with a 90-footer."

Sir Thomas said that when Shamrock III was sailing in England on a 90-foot water line, before her extra weight was removed to bring her within the 90-foot limit, she did a great deal better than after the change.

Both Shamrocks were towed to Erie basin. They will be jury rigged and started for England in tow in about ten days. Sir Thomas said that he would not sell either of them.

Are You Fagged?

That run-down feeling is caused by your over-worked digestive organs not doing their work properly. Set them right, re-invigorate your system and restore sound and lasting health by using

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Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Talking about Sarsaparilla—Ever hear of any other than Ayer's? J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

SULLIVAN ELECTED

As Grand Worthy Master of the Eagles.

New York, Sept. 5.—Congressman T. D Sullivan is now the head of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, having been elected grand worthy master at the convention in Tammany hall yesterday. The election was spirited and there was lively campaigning from beginning to end. Sullivan's election had been expected, but many Western contingents favored the election of Vice President Palletier, of Kansas City, and waged a vigorous fight to place him at the head of the order. On the first ballot Sullivan polled 795 votes Palletier 729 and Henry "Hy" Davis, of Cincinnati, 250. The two latter candidates then withdrew and the congressman's election was made unanimous. A protest was made against the votes from Honolulu, which were represented in proxy by the California delegates. As the Hawaiian islanders were in favor of Sullivan, his adherents fought vigorously until the California delegates were permitted to vote for the Hawaiians. Cape Nome, Alaska, the state of Washington and went solidly for Sullivan.

The congressman drew from all over the country, even the far Western states sending him a good vote.

Thomas Coogan, of Cincinnati, and John Kenny, of Buffalo, managed Sullivan's campaign.

EXPRESSMEN MAY STRIKE

Employes on Railways Dissatisfied With Hours and Wages.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—The Chronicle says: A general strike of railway express employes throughout the United States is threatened because of the refusal of six of the largest companies in Chicago to consider the demands made by the Brotherhood of Railway Expressmen two months ago. It is announced that the men are preparing to strike, the fight to be directed particularly against the United States Express company.

While it is the aim of the rank and file to tie up the local agencies of all the principal express companies, leaders in the organization declare that the strike will spread to all agencies of the United States and that 8000 employes of the United States Express company will be involved unless some recognition of the demands made by the union is forthcoming.

Frank E. Modie, national president of the Expressmen's Brotherhood, and Ralph C. Hill, president of the Chicago lodge branch of the organization, conferred today over the probable strike, and a special meeting of the brotherhood will be held on Sunday, when a general strike vote may be taken or at least arranged for.

The local agencies to suffer from the strike, if it is called, are the Adams, American, National, Pacific, Northern Pacific, United States Express and the Wells Fargo.

The men desire a rearrangement of working hours, an increase in wages and recognition of the union, but so far they have failed to secure a meeting with the officers of the express companies.

ARE YOU AFFLICTED WITH ECZEMA?

The itch king of the blood that afflicts the young and old alike. Those pimples, sores and eruptions upon the face, neck and body are all from the same cause. ECZEMA is a living fire in the blood, and the blood fires the skin with the fuel of its impurities. Remove all this and the trouble passes away. MEDERINE is a specific blood prescription that cleanses, filters and purifies the blood of every possible taint. Thousands have been cured by MEDERINE after all other treatments have failed. Every bottle is sold on a positive guarantee to cure.

Write MEDERINE REMEDY CO., Duluth, Minn., for their system of treatment. All letters answered. Illustrated booklet containing testimonials of cures mailed free.

Price $1.00 per bottle—6 bottles for $5.00. Sent express paid if your druggist does not carry MEDERINE in stock.

Mederine Ointment The new treatment for Eczema, Salt-Rheum, Old and Running Sores, Boils and Ulcers, 50c a box.

Mederine Soap For toilet, bath and nursery, vitalizes the skin; a complexion beautifier, a perfect cure for dandruff and all scalp and skin diseases. Price 25c.

Mederine Remedies are sold and guaranteed by All Druggists in Duluth and Iron Ranges.

Beware of Nerve Killers

Nature never produced a man strong enough to resist the awful effects of opiates.

Thousands of men who ought to be vigorous and full of energy, are falling into decay through the influence of "dope."

But its evil effects can be cured.

PALMO TABLETS

are curing men and women who have been wrecked by deadly drugs.

This remedy cures you all through.

It actually and positively makes prematurely old people young and vigorous.

Palmo Tablets destroy that unnatural craving for sleep-producing drugs.

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50 cents, 12 boxes for $5.00. Guaranteed.

Write for free book.

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THEY ARE MILD

Save the Bands

GATH DISCUSSES VARIOUS TOPICS

How Public Gambling Drummed Itself Out of Long Branch—Modern Adulteration of Beer —Enormous Rentals of New York Hotels.

Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 5.—Long Branch was called the summer capital of America from 1869 to 1877, when President Grant settled here, and kept up some of that distinction till President Garfield died here, in 1881.

Twenty years ago the two rapid interests here were the gamblers and the land grabbers. Both are gone. John Chamberlaine owned the gambling house and built the first race track. John Hoey and Tom Murphy began to buy land in tracts and advanced its price to $600 an acre. Both lived to be cold out. Hoey's Hollywood hotel closed Aug. 10. The law has abolished the gamblers. But the sea, the air and the people are still here.

How little a gambler of any sort knows about public opinion and law is proved by the Long Branch gamblers. Since the place became Jim Fisk's resort, it has had gambling. Ransom, Chamberlaine, O'Brien and others keeping games, and finally John Mackey, state treasurer of Pennsylvania, set up Phil Daly, a Philadelphia gambler, at the West End Corners, and when Mackey died the gambler declared that he had paid Mackey off. Daly, who was ignorant as a pig, then had over twenty years of the use of this property and placated the surrounding society with a restaurant.

Joe Ullmann came next, and finally Dave Johnson, and three gambling houses stood on that corner, a pistol shot from each other. Johnson spent $140,000 upon his house, which was a Greek temple with lofty white columns, and he also had a restaurant and set out a band of music. Daly got a band, too. Then Ullmann got music, and the corners looked like a triple recruiting agency for the United States army, drumming day and night.

All that drumming called the attention of newspaper reporters to the West End Corners. Then the preachers got "onto it," and called upon the local judge to do his duty. The judge, like all the commercial element, rather protected the gamblers and sent two constables there to tell Johnson to conduct his place quietly. "Who are you?" "Never mind. Close your open doors." "Oh, you are Jersey lightning. Get out!" So they made of Phil Daly the first exhibit. They split up his roulette tables on his lawn, before a great crowd. The rest followed. His fame and there is $250,000 worth of idle gaming property, never probably to be opened again, for when Jersey gets its back up it moves permanently. It put the abolition of race tracks in the state constitution.

"Seats in the stock exchange held as a special fad? I never suspected it."

"Perfectly true," said the hotel barber (25 cents per shave). "They like to be pointed at as stock brokers. They never go there. As seats have been rising, it is not a bad investment."

"The tricks in tobacco and liquor are basic," said the cigar jobber, "Up in the Susquehanna region of York state is much tobacco grown for wrappers, some of it on gravelly ground, where the storms throw up pebbles which bruise the young leaf, and this spotted leaf became a fad, so that now, with a chemical, some six hundred women are spotting the wrappers."

"What is the base man about?"

"He is rivalling Rockefeller's oil in his foundation of beer headaches, to substitute for hops, malt and real things, the productions of chemistry. Hops are hardly used at all, and that once wholesome industry now depends on export to countries where a jail wall would be built around the first agglomerian. It is a reflection on the German-American populations that they raise no voice against this universal and universally known adulteration of beer. The idea now is to produce for 1 cent the cigar and the glass of beer, which shall sell for 5 cents."

"More big hotels in New York," observed a hotel proprietor. "The Astors now have a galaxy of hotels, built in accordance with their real estate adventure. The old Astor house opened about 1836, still pays them some $75,000 rent, and is the lucky penny of their possessions, which they do not like to part with, as it is the talk piece of their four or five American generations. The Astor hotel, at Forty-third street, soon to be opened, together with another big hotel near it, presents the problem of how are you to keep the fastidious and let in your old class of rounders. Situation often controls and the proximity of theaters, etc., this and that for your guests. New York forms an early judgment upon a big venture and if it does not soon take to it you must let it go. The big St. Regis hotel on Broadway has a situation to hold the fastidious, and its proprietor, though a saloon and cafe man, has not formed a clientele of errant folks. They are building on the old Sturtevant site a steel building of 10 feet front, to be kept by Breslin, who is among hotel men about the most popular of them all.

"Hotel rents are severe. The Waldorf-Astoria pays about $400,000 a year or some $8000 a week. When you get a great thing like that once started well it earns well, and probably earns a profit equal to its rent, yet in the early stage, when it was only the Waldorf, it ran behind $250,000 to the butchers, $40,000 to the vegetable man and owed the landlord for the furniture, as the lessee had only $50,00 when he started."

"Summer hotel property is reckoned a risk, but there is one hotel down the west end Jersey coast which is phenomenal in that it was opened in 1896; it took the boom of Grant's settling at Long Branch in 1869, and when Garfield died, in September, 1881, it kept ouen till that event and cleared $125,000."

The remark above led me to ask what had become of the house or hotel, where Garfield died.

"In a receiver's hands," was the reply. "That portion of Long Branch, just below Elberon, has been taken up by wealthy men whose cottages cost from $75,000 to $100,000. The only souvenir of Garfield at Long Branch is a glass memorial window in a church near the spot of his demise."

I asked an Ohio authority, competent to know, what was now thought of Garfield out there.

"A passive, somewhat pathetic fame," was the reply. "He stands well, but not imposing. His monument at Cleveland, which is now the largest city in Ohio, not many have visited relatively, and to put McKinley's monument in the dull burgh of Canton will be a greater mistake. That monument should be at Washington city. as the subscription was a national one. Almost every thinking man in Ohio believes that there will be a reaction on the subject of McKinley, and that John Hay's oration overshot the mark. Senator Foraker, in a recent address upon the governors of Ohio, put John Sherman down as the chief public man of the state's history. He had a view of McKinley and Hanna not necessary to repeat. Foraker is much more of a militant quantity than McKinley and more self-sustaining. The best thing which ever happened to him was his defeat for governor the second time, which set him to earning his living, and he is worth $200,000, but the habits of application he then acquired he cannot get over to make himself a public quantity entirely."

Victor Baughman, Gorman's friend from Maryland, says that by only three votes was the Bryan platform of 1896 affirmed at Kansas City in 1900, and that Maryland and New Jersey only were against the platform by instructions, but that the Hauser delegation of Montana, the Sandwich Island man and Croker, of New York, (under the influence of Daly, the racing man) cast the committee on resolutions to reaffirm Bryan by two majority. Mr. Baughman says he voted against admitting Bryan to the convention on a contest from Nebraska, and then saw him nominated for president, although his seat had been contested.

I saw yesterday the new statue of Gen. Sherman at the Main Central Park gate. New York city has style above all things and style in movement. The temperament of Sherman, nervous, fiery, scintillant, is expressed by everything in the composition. His horse treads a Georgia pine branch with the rear foot balancing the fern or palm branch of merit, carried in the left hand of the figure of Fame, before. Great freedom is in all the action. The likeness of bare-headed Sherman is more perfect than photography. His blowing cape gives him from the rear a stiffened look, the only interruption of one's admiration. The Fame or Victory, running in the Alma Tadema style, is so close to the horse that it might make confusion, but for its independent life, expressed in the ecstasized eyes and straining speed. Muscular life is visible here. The muscular reflection of the horse exclaims that he is being pushed, as well as his open nostrils. It is a supreme moment, a thrilling crisis, and woman, animal, man, the three parties, are all in the unison of Elan, all thrilled and thrilling, and Sherman's battle face, a face in exaltation, is not exaggerated by heightening his skill, rather by moderating it. The horrid photography which fills the eye with exactness and loses all art, is banished from this statute. It tells a tale of Alexander-like victory, with Brisens or Thals johning in at the goal. We have no sprawling didactic, let-us-pray Sherman, but a man who loves his job and has company in it.

Neither city, state nor government disposed of this award. It was a private set of gentlemen, around the chamber of commerce. They got the best man, one whose spirit is full of Sherman-like animation and originality. The result makes mediocrity blanch.

The same sculptor has rendered the spirit of stillness in his Farragut.

GATH.

"Baskets bright of wreathed silver"
—Keats

A subtly harmonious phrase suggesting some creations of

Gorham Silver

though an unfailing beauty of adaptability to purpose is to be found in the simpler articles of household use produced by the Gorham Co. In these the same thoughtful design, the same admirable workmanship is evident as in the most elaborate "baskets of wreathed silver."

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep Gorham silverware

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

(Continued From Page 23.)

ket shaft unhurt. The buggy was badly smashed and the harness torn. Mr. James receiving some bruises.

The marriage of Miss Henrietta Herman to Bernard J Willesen was solemnized at the Sacred Heart church Wednesday morning. Miss Palliomena Ruppe played the wedding march as the wedding procession passed up the aisle to the altar. The bride was in white embroidered chiffon over sapho satin and trimmed in silk cluney. She carried her prayer book. The maid of honor, Miss Josie Herman, wore cream corded liberty satin with silk fiber trimming. The Pauli of Lake Linden, Frances Frederick, Agnes Ruppe, and Emma Hermann, all of whom wore silk mull dresses to match, the maid of honor and the bridesmaids carried roses. The groomsman, was Mr. Daniel Harrington and the ushers were Messrs. Robert Lee, Leo Hermann, Dr. M. A. Thometz, and L. Hermann. The church was beautiful in white and green, which colors also were prominent at the bride's home. After the ceremony the wedding party together with their friends took breakfast at the Arlington. Mr. and Mrs. Willesen left Wednesday morning on a trip to Marquette, Duluth, Chicago and other cities.

The total enrollment of the different schools of Calumet was 4991. The following is the enrollment of the schools individually: Eugene Field, 77; Albion, 225; Gardner, 12; Franklin, 267; Grant, 258; Garfield, 196; high school, 192; Hamilton, 292; Holmes, 256; Horace Mann, 382; Irving, 335; Jefferson, 177; Lincoln, 197; Longfellow, 228; Washington, 1208; Webster, 213; Whittier, 126.

Harry Reid has been appointed regimental hospital steward of the third regiment, Michigan national guard.

The Laurium and Red Jacket councils met last Tuesday evening. Mostly the regular business and budget occupied the time of the councils.

Mrs. Ellen O'Connor, of First street, Laurium, died Tuesday morning. The funeral was held Thursday with interment at Lake View.

The Delineator For October.

On account of the significance of the month in the realm of style the October fashion magazines are always important numbers and among them the Delineator is conspicuous for general excellence and for the attractiveness of the styles portrayed. The newest fabrics and latest millinery are also illustrated, and the novelties and fancies in trimmings and accessories are pictured. "The Evolution of a Club Woman," a serial story, by Agnes Surbridge, which begins in this number, treats a fundamental question of the feminine world—the woman's club—and promises to be extremely interesting. It is an autobiography—a story of fact, but more interesting than fiction. Also in this number appears the first of a remarkable series of photographic articles, in which J. C. Hemment, the well-known photographer, relates his adventures with the camera at home and in foreign lands. His war experiences, which constitute the first paper, are thrilling, and his personal recollections of the stirring events in which he took part are absorbingly interesting, as well as of historic value. In fiction, there is an excellent story, entitled "The Silent Partner," by Lynn Rob Meekins, and the second part of "A Florida Cracker," Virginia Frazer Boyle's quaint story of a remote Florida hamlet. Home building, particularly the sentimental side of it, is written of by Clara E. Laughlin, and N. Hudson Moore has a delightful paper on "Lillies," in the flower series. In "Carlotta and I," a unique cookery series presenting practical culinary advice i nthe guise of fiction, Miles Bradford tells the story of the wedding dinner. An ideal suburban dwelling is shown, an da couple of pages of historical slippers are another feature. The children's department includes a firelight story, "Sally Lunn's Tea Party," by Livingston B. Morse; an amusing tale by Jean M. Thomson, called "The Sentence of the Brown Owl; the continuation of the "Hanging Gardens of Babylon," by Lina Beard, and the helpful "Sewing Lesson," by Lucy Bartram. Of particular interest are the articles on "The Child's Room," on "Gardening," on "Housekeeping" and culinary topics, on the recent books, on "Childhood," on the "Hygiene of Clothing," the "College" and club notes, etc.

Through to California Without Change of Cars.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad will operate two weekly tourist car lines to California this season.

VIA THE "SCENIC LINE."

The first car will leave St. Paul, Thursday, Sept. 10th, at 8:00 p. m., continuing each Thursday thereafter, and will run via Omaha, Denver, "The Scenic Route," through Colorado, Ogden, Salt Lake City and Southern Pacific, arriving San Francisco, 4:25 p. m. following Monday, and Los Angeles, 1:00 p. m. Tuesday.

VIA THE "SANTA FE ROUTE."

The second car will leave St. Paul, Wednesday, Oct. 21st. Train No. 2 at 9:00 a. m., continuing each Wednesday thereafter, and will run via M. & St. L., Iowa Central, Wabash to Kansas City; thence the popular Santa Fe system, through New Mexico and Arizona, arriving Los Angeles, 8:00 a. m. following Sunday.

The rate for double lower berth through to the coast is $6.09 from St. Paul and Minneapolis. For full information as to rates and berth reservations, apply to agents, or address A. B. CUTTS, G. P. & T. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

SEPTEMBER MAGAZINES

The September Review of Reviews is notable for the number and variety of topics of world-wide interest included in its survey. The Irish land bill, the British tariff debate, the Macedonian revolt, the crushing of liberty in Finland, the commercial progress of Germany, and the Panama canal question are among the subjects of editorial discussion, while various other matters of current interest are illustrated in the cartoon department, and specially contributed articles deal with the new pope and the conclave, with the renomination of President Diaz, of Mexico, with the career of the late Frederick William Holls, of The Hague court, and with "The Cotton Crop of Today." Dr. Lyman Abbott's discussion of "The Race Problem in the United States" is supplemented by an interesting exposition of "The Negro Problem in South Africa" from the pen of an English writer, Arthur Hawkes; Dean Sanders, of Yale university, outlines the program of the new Religious Education association, of which he is president; Clarence H. Poe describes the rural school libraries of North Carolina, and the social and religious conditions of modern London are clearly set forth in a review of Charles Booth's recently completed work. It would take more space than we have at command to enumerate the additional topics treated in the departments of "Leading Articles of the Month" and "The Periodicals Reviewed," and the magazines as a whole may be described as a veritable encyclopedia of current history.

* * *

The September number of the North American Review is an unusually attractive issue. The leading feature is one of extraordinary interest. It is a symposium of appreciation of "Leo XIII, His Work and Influence," from the pens of eminent representatives of the Catholic, Episcopalian, Presbyterian, Baptist, Congregationalist, Methodist and Jewish churches, the writers being Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, the Rev. Dr. Coleman, Protestant Episcopal bishop of Delaware, the Rev. Dr. R. F. Coyle, moderator of the Presbyterian general assembly, the Rev. Dr. J. B. Thomas, professor of church history in Newton Theological Institute, the Rev. Dr. Wesley Johnston and the Rev. Dr. H. Perira Mendes. A. L. Snowden, formerly United States minister to Greece, Roumania and Servia, discusses "The Problem of the Balkans." Joseph Pennell writes with enthusiastic admiration of the late "James McNeill Whistler." Archibald S. Hurd describes "British Naval Progress." Crisanto Medina, minister from Guatemala to France, explains "Why the Panama Route Was Originally Chosen."

* * *

Everything in the September McClure's is worth reading, and it is all good reading, too. Ray Stannard Baker contributes an extremely noteworthy article on the present industrial situation in Chicago, a really amazing disclosure of what the author does not hesitate to call a new form of industrial conspiracy. "Capital and Labor Hunt Together" is Mr. Baker's startling title; no more startling, however, than the facts which he recites of the combinations between employers and workingmen in various trades to suppress the competition of independents and prey upon the public. Most interesting, also, is a short paper by Cleveland Moffett, called "The Conquest of Five Great Ills," a detailed description of the preparation in the Pasteur institute at Lille of the antitoxins for diphtheria, tetanus, hydrophobia, the bubonic plague and serpent venom. A thrilling civil war article, "Andrew's Railroad Raid," will recall a notable incident of the Union campaigns of '62 in the West. The story of the ill-fated raid is finely told by Frank C. Dougherty, a participant and one of the few survivors.

* * *

The details of "A Novel Fishing Feat," told by Everett Foster in the September St. Nicholas, are part of an experience of the writer in Yellowstone Park a few years ago. The lad who caught the trout, and, without moving from his position, swung his catch over into nature's pot and sucessfully cooked it was a young brother of Mr. Foster, and the narrator was one of those who tasted the uniquely prepared dish and found it palatable.

* * *

In his timely volume, "The Turk and His Lost Provinces," which is based on the interesting letters he contributed to the Chicago Record-Herald about a year ago, William E. Curtis relates some remarkable stories illustrating the numerous conspiracies which are constantly being hatched by Abdul Hamid's immediate attendants. Many interesting extracts from this book are given in an extended review in the Argonaut for Aug. 31.

* * *

A magazine article which is sure to arouse a discussion more than usually prolonged and animated is Lyman Abbott's "Why Women Do Not Wish the Suffrage," in the September number of the Atlantic Monthly. The eminence of the author attaches peculiar interest to this vigorous discussion of a vexed question. Whatever the correctness of Dr. Abbott's assumption that the vast majority of American women do not wish to vote, the reader of this paper is very likely to be convinced that they ought not to wish to vote. "What are we in the world for?" asks Dr. Abbott, and continues: "The family answers the question." The end of the whole paper is to prove, in Dr. Abbott's opinion, that the chief affair of women is what he calls "the direct ministry to life." Whether or not the "uneasy sex" may be convinced by it, it is a paper which many will wish to read and debate.

* * *

The New England Magazine announces many new features during the coming volume, which begins with the September issue, while it will retain those familiar features which have for fourteen years made it a household word in the homes of the Northeastern states. The magazine will be developed and improved in every direction, particularly along the lines that have already made it famous, trusting to make it even more satisfactory to New England readers and to the thousands who have left their "old homes" for the South and West, but still wish to keep in touch with its best institutions. With this issue it begins an up-to-the-times series, with a description of the Lowell explosion and other recent New England disasters, fully illustrated. Next month the magazine will publish a richly illustrated article on the ancient and honorable artillery companies of America and of England—very timely, as the ancients of London will then be visiting their brothers in Boston—the text being written by Arthur Lovell, the historian, so to speak, of the American organizations.

* * *

The September number of the Metropolitan Magazine shows the mark of new publishers. They did not take the Metropolitan until way into June, and as it usually takes several months to get up each issue of a magazine, the great results expected were hardly looked for until later in the fall. However, the September number is a very excellent one. The entire new dress is pleasing and much more readable. The number contains no less tha nten short stories, and several illustrated articles, besides the continuation of Maurice Hewlett's (who wrote "Forest Lovers") "The Queen's Quair," and Howell's "Letters Home." Sixty illustrations, besides the sixteen full-page portfolio of portraits of stage people, make it a highly attractive number. The opening article is "The Sporting Spa—Saratoga," by Stephen Bonsal. Another illustrated article is "The Tribulations of a Stage Debutante," by Corinne Parker. Yet another is "The Playhouses of the Aliens," by Broughton Brandenburg, and profusely illustrated by John Cecil Clay.

* * *

The articles in the September number of the Four Track News describe the beauties of Bermuda, they tell the story of Marcus Whitman's famous ride and the dream of "Glen Enchantment;" they describe the great New York zoological garden, the golden citrus groves of California, Lake Lucerne, and the wonders of Patzcuaro; they recount the dramatic story of "The Maid of Orleans," and the last days of Gen. Grant at Mount McGregor; they describe the life and industry of Madeira and tell how the tarpon is caught in the gulf of Mexico. In addition to these subjects there is an interesting variety of short sketches, poems, bits of humor and "Little Histories," together with the usual departments, editorials, etc.

* * *

Harper's Weekly for Sept. 5 contains the first of a series of remarkable short stories by Van Tassel Sutphen, under the general title of "Letters of Marque." In the opening story, which relates "The Adventure of the Gentleman's Visiting Card," an atmosphere of mystery is suggested and sustained with engrossing effect, while the development of the plot is constantly surprising. Other stories in the series, to appear consecutively in the Weekly, are "The Adventure of the 'Red Duchess,'" "The Adventure of the House in the Middle of the Block" and "The Adventure of the Ninety-and-Nine Kisses."

* * *

The September number of What To Eat opens with an interesting article by Dr. Felix Oswald on "Fruit Cures." The entertainments in this number include "A Thimble Party," by Geneva March, and "The County Fair," by Laura A. Smith. There is an interesting article on "What We Eat in Belgium," by Dora M. Morrell, and an entertaining account of "The World's Greatest Cheese Market," by Mary Richards Gray.

* * *

The Housekeeper magazine for September is an even more interesting number than its recent predecessors, which is saying not a little. The usually practical and entertaining literary contents are embellished by a wealth of beautiful illustrations, chief among them being a full page drawing by F. DeForrest Schook, the well known artist, entitled "An Ode to Memory." One of the most striking features in this number is the symposium by Housekeeper readers on "How Should the Wife's Pocketbook Be Filled?"

* * *

Humorous articles and poems are a prominent feature of the September issue of The Reader. Bert Leston Taylor heads the list with his monthly installment of "Reading Sauce," which is followed by a cartoon by McCutcheon, an amusing contribution by Carolyn Wells and verses by William J. Lampton. To turn to more serious matters, "The Gentler Side of Mr. Whistler" is sympathetically portrayed in an article by a former pupil. Several characteristic stories are told, but a new and gentler light is thrown upon his character.

* * *

Mount Assiniboine, long called "The Matterhorn of the Rockies," lies twenty miles from Banff, and towers, a mighty monolith, fifteen hundred feet above its neighbors. Attemps to scale the peak have proved futile, till James Outram, in company with four guides, was successful. The details of this mountaineering feat, "perhaps the most sensational yet achieved in North America," are told in the September Century. Reproductions of a number of photographs add to the vividness of the narrative. Most people know what the New York stock exchange is like. The Berlin bourse is attended by quite 2000 persons. There is no sale of seats, and no membership fee, membership being largely held by companies and firms. Berlin trading is quiet to the point of monotony. These and other interesting points are covered by William C. Dreher in "The Berlin Bourse" in the September Century, for whose article Werner Zehme has drawn numerous illustrations.

* * *

In the September number of Scribner's Magazine, Frederic Irland adds another to his remarkable articles on little known regions of the wilderness on this continent. "The Wyoming Game Stronghold," which leads this number, describes that great valley between the Shoshone and Wind River Mountains on the East and the Tetons on the West, where antelope by hundreds and elk by thousands congregate, and where the wild goose still undisturbed makes her nest. Mr. Irland spent two months this spring, while the snow was still in the passes, observing and photographing the wild game in their stronghold. The pictures are probably the most remarkable ever published of great bands of elk, blacktail deer and antelope. The narrative has the charming quality of picturing life in the open which has made all of Mr. Irland's articles the best of their kind. Capt. T. Bentley Mott, military attache to the American embassy at Paris (who wrote the "Battle of Manila" for Scribner's), describes brilliantly and with vivacity the "Work and Play of the Military Attache." It is an account of the stirring life led by the thirty or forty representatives of the armies of the world in the field during the great army maneuvers in France. Capt. Mott has the social gift, and it is the charming camaraderie of these picked men from all nations which he depicts. The article is illustrated from his own photographs taken in the field.

* * *

Every housemother will enjoy the sparkling symposium, "How Many Trades Must a Housewife Learn?" Every lover of good fiction will enjoy the six really fine stories. "June Winston," Carrie Hunt Latta's new novel, composed of ten short stories, begins in this number. It is a deliciously amusing and touching study of child character. Frank Wickizer's "Two In An Airship" is the wittiest and most original love story of a decade. Eva Hampton Prather's "Our Garden of Eden" is a charming idyl of girlhood. The other story tellers are Kennett Harris, of Chicago; Sara Lindsay Coleman, of North Carolina, and Louise J. Strong, of Missouri.

Excursions to Pacific Coast.

The Great Northern railway will sell from Sept. 15 to Nov. 30, colonist tickets to Helena, Butte and Anaconda at $20; Spokane, Pendleton and Wenatchee, $22.50; Seattle, Portland, Tacoma, Vancouver and other Pacific coast points, $25. Hundreds of other points just as low. Five trains a day out of Duluth. Tourist sleeping car, double berths, $1 a night. Cross the beautiful Rocky and Cascade ccuntains in daylight. Plenty of stopovers allowed. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel.

$500,000 IN PRIZES of $5.00 each to be given to the School Children of America

School Children's Competitive Advertising Contest No. 51



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We give a cash prize of $5.00 for any drawing of this character which we accept and use. All school children can compete. Full instructions will be found on inside of each package of Egg-O-See telling what to do to get the prize and how to make the drawings.

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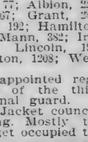
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Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Nightly Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Semina Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation. Stops Quickness of Discharge. Stops Quickness of Discharge. Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Solucitates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., 818 Francisco, Cal.

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produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

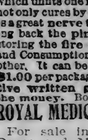
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The greatest of all NERVE BUILDERS, restoring Lost Vigor to Full Manhood. The world's greatest remedy for tired and worn out brain workers; a wonderful remedy that renews the life cells in young and old, giving youthful snap and vigor. Nervo-Tablets are sent prepaid in plain wrapper, 50c. a box or 13 for $5, with guarantee cure or money refunded. Write for illustrated book, "Man's Most Priceless Jewel of Happiness," mailed in sealed wrapper free. Sandham Medicine Co., Duluth, Minn., P. O. Box 727. Write today and be Cured. Nerve-Tablets are for sale and guaranteed only by

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CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS

Women needing a reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 Bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS

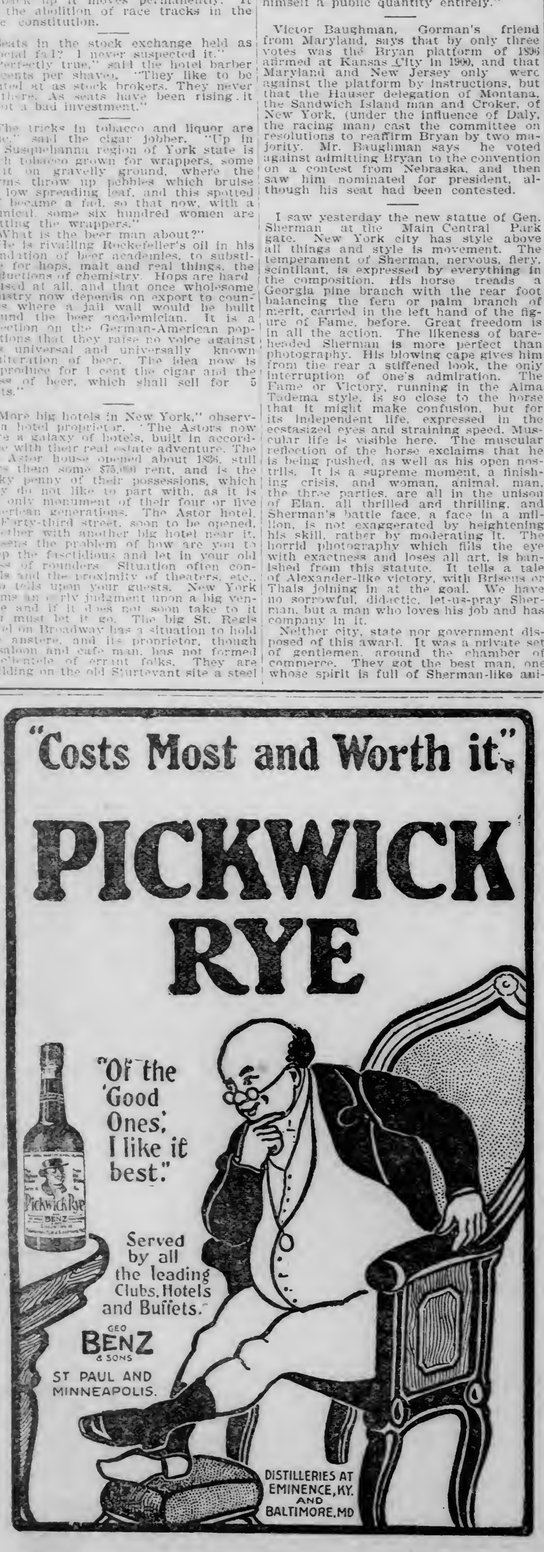


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SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY

For Kidney & Bladder troubles. Cures in 48 Hours URINARY DISCHARGES

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Duluth's Neighbors

CASS LAKE

Cass Lake, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. James Moran and little daughter, Dorothy, left on this morning's train for Stephen, where they will visit for a week or ten days with Mrs. Moran's mother, Mrs. Johnson.

Mrs. H. A. O'Dell, of Crookston, was the guest of Mrs. H. L. Ludwig Wednesday. She remained here until Thursday morning, when she departed for St. Paul to visit in the Saintly City until after the state fair is closed.

Mrs. Stratton and little son returned on Monday night from Willow City, N. D., where they were visiting for ten days with relatives.

Mrs. H. Stoeffler will leave next week for Vermillion Lake, Ill., where her parents reside, and where she will be joined by her husband, "Dick" Stoeffler, who is head sawyer at the Nellis mill, and together they will make a tour of the Southern states during the winter months.

Mrs. John Cardle, sister-in-law of James and Alex Cardle, arrived in Cass Lake the first of the week and will visit here for a week or ten days.

Miss Margaret Dundas, a popular teacher, of Argyle, spent Wednesday in Cass Lake.

Edward H. Phelps, who has been visiting friends for a few months, is at home, and is delighted to find on returning, the new land office building and other improvements.

Dr. D. L. Stanton and wife and Miss Gladys left on Sunday for Argyle, where they formerly resided, and where the doctor goes to enjoy a hunt among the prairie hens, while his wife and Gladys visit with old friends. Mr. and Mrs. Whetstone have also been in Argyle during the past week.

F. P. Leison returned on Wednesday evening from a trip to St. Cloud and Nelson.

James Cardle and Charles Tedford left Monday night for Thief River Falls and Red Lake Falls, to enjoy a hunt with a party of friends. They were joined at Bemidji by Judge Marshall Spooner, who is also an enthusiastic nimrod.

Mrs. Lano and sister, Miss Hershfield came over from Browerville, Tuesday evening, and will visit for a week or ten days with their sister-in-law, Mrs. H. Mullen.

Mr. Sarffe, of Miller & Sarffe, is visiting the state fair and will spend a few days at Bowerville before returning to business.

M. Toole is at St. Paul serving on the petit grand jury and taking in the sights at the fair.

Chief Estimator E. L. Warren was visiting his crew at Fond du Lac on Tuesday and returned on Thursday.

Frank Leiser, the cashier at the First National bank, returned from a hunting trip on Wednesday. He also visited his old home at St. Cloud.

T. O. Dowell, of Superior, and wife and boy, are here for a few days, pleasure-seeking and beauty sight-seeing.

Margaret Dundas, of Argyle, is here visiting friends.

Walt Johnson, wife and family, visited Reer River and Grand Rapids this week, returning on Wednesday.

James Duff, who has been in charge of the pumping engine at Cloquet, takes charge of the coal schute here, and Mr. A. Jorgenson is promoted by the Great Northern. Jorgenson left for West Superior on Thursday for his new job.

Rev. J. T. Brabner Smith was a visitor at Onigum with Maj. G. L. Scott on Monday and Saturday.

The village ordinance establishing a fire limit in the city was finally passed on Wednesday evening and only brick buildings can be built in that district.

The schools will open on Monday with a staff of teachers. Professor Olson, of St. Cloud, will be principle, and Miss Berry, Miss Ella Johnson, Miss Tuttle and Miss McGrath teachers on the townsite. The schools will meet in the Methodist Episcopal church and the Congregational church. The buildings on section 16 are being repaired and enlarged.

Della Stevenson, of Dodge Center, is here on a visit with friends.

Attorney Argall and family, are enjoying a visit from the mother of the genial attorney.

Ray Phelps, the son of Emma Phelps, who has been residing with his mother and cousin, C. M. Taylor, left for Minneapolis on Monday to attend school. Mrs. Phelps expects to go later and keep house at Minneapolis. The two children of C. M. Taylor will accompany her for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Gillis went on a hunting expedition to Motley, the home of Mrs. Gillis' parents. Mrs. Gillis will visit there a few weeks.

George Lydick was a visitor to Walker on Saturday. He expects a verdict from the secretary of the interior in a few days section 16, and he expects it will be favorable.

The monthly meeting of the fire department was held Tuesday evening at the village hall. The report of Al Nelson for the band and firemen's dance was very encouraging and a good sum was handed to the treasurer. Adolph Jorgenson, who is leaving the city was honorably discharged and his faithfulness commended.

Zella Gardner went to Minneapolis on Thursday to take an advanced course in music, which will take her three or four months.

J. B. Pigeon and wife, of Mansfield, Wis., are here for a few days rest and hunting.

Ida A. Persons, a teacher in the Indian school at Morris, Minn., is in town on business connected with the Indian school, and she expects to take back some scholars to the school.

L. H. Burns and J. F. Nelson went to Fosston, the first of the week, and at that place joined T. L. Herschberger for a hunt for prairie chickens.

The bureau of forestry camp has been moved from its original location, on the banks of Lake Thirteen, to a point on the arm of Pike bay, almost directly east three miles from town. The camp is not far distant from the railroad track, and is easily accessible from the Eastern Minnesota.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. John Taylor, on Sunday night, a daughter.

Miss Helen Thompson left on Sunday for Duluth, Chicago and other points.

Eddie Miskella left on Sunday for St. Paul, where he will enter St. Thomas college as a student for the ensuing year.

Charles Roy left Wednesday morning for Morris, where he will attend the Morris Indian school.

Miss Madge Nation, a former teacher in the Red Lake Indian school, was a visitor in Cass Lake Tuesday night. She left on Wednesday morning for St. Cloud, to visit with friends.

H. F. Young and wife left Tuesday morning for Minneapolis, they having received a telegram from that place stating that their little grand son, a son of H. E. Young, was dangerously ill.

Word has been received from Carl Hagman who recently left for his home at Reevesville, Wis., to the effect that he is getting better rapidly and hopes to soon return to Cass Lake.

MESABA

Mesaba, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Wallace was in Tower on business this week.

Fabien Gibeau left here for Mountain Iron last week, where he intends to remain.

A dance was given in the Mesaba hall last Saturday evening. Lunch was served by Mr. and Mrs. L. Gagne. Misses Amelia Gibeau, Edith Anderson and Elsie Lush from Waldo, assisted. A very enjoyable time was reported.

M. Gibeau was in Tower on business this week.

James Frink of Mountain Iron visited friends here in town Saturday evening, and Sunday returning home Monday.

Albert Symidth, of the Molmans was in town last week.

F. Gibeau, of Mountain Iron, visited relatives here Saturday evening and Sunday, returning home Monday morning.

Mark C. Williams, of Deseronto, Ontario, was here on business with A. P. McRae.

Hazel Hekel visited friends in Biwabik last week.

Schol began here the first of September. Mrs. E. O. Loveland, of Tower, is the teacher.

Scott & Graff have employed a number of men to load logs that are in the old mill yard, to be taken to Duluth.

L. Gagne and Napoleon Gibeau were at the Big Meadow last Sunday.

Cole McDonald has a drill here now.

Gust Bystronson was here on business last week.

Misses Jennie and Mattie McRae, who have been visiting their sister, Mrs. E. J. Stokes in Highland, returned to their home Thursday.

Mrs. Delen and little daughter, Alfreda, of Skybo, were in town this week.

T. O. Dowell, of Superior, and wife and boy, are here for a few days, pleasure-seeking and beauty sight-seeing.

Margaret Dundas, of Argyle, is here visiting friends.

Walt Johnson, wife and family, visited Reer River and Grand Rapids this week, returning on Wednesday.

James Duff, who has been in charge of the pumping engine at Cloquet, takes charge of the coal schute here, and Mr. A. Jorgenson is promoted by the Great Northern. Jorgenson left for West Superior on Thursday for his new job.

Rev. J. T. Brabner Smith was a visitor at Onigum with Maj. G. L. Scott on Monday and Saturday.

The village ordinance establishing a fire limit in the city was finally passed on Wednesday evening and only brick buildings can be built in that district.

The schools will open on Monday with a staff of teachers. Professor Olson, of St. Cloud, will be principle, and Miss Berry, Miss Ella Johnson, Miss Tuttle and Miss McGrath teachers on the townsite. The schools will meet in the Methodist Episcopal church and the Congregational church. The buildings on section 16 are being repaired and enlarged.

Della Stevenson, of Dodge Center, is here on a visit with friends.

Attorney Argall and family, are enjoying a visit from the mother of the genial attorney.

Ray Phelps, the son of Emma Phelps, who has been residing with his mother and cousin, C. M. Taylor, left for Minneapolis on Monday to attend school. Mrs. Phelps expects to go later and keep house at Minneapolis. The two children of C. M. Taylor will accompany her for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Gillis went on a hunting expedition to Motley, the home of Mrs. Gillis' parents. Mrs. Gillis will visit there a few weeks.

George Lydick was a visitor to Walker on Saturday. He expects a verdict from the secretary of the interior in a few days section 16, and he expects it will be favorable.

The monthly meeting of the fire department was held Tuesday evening at the village hall. The report of Al Nelson for the band and firemen's dance was very encouraging and a good sum was handed to the treasurer. Adolph Jorgenson, who is leaving the city was honorably discharged and his faithfulness commended.

Zella Gardner went to Minneapolis on Thursday to take an advanced course in music, which will take her three or four months.

J. B. Pigeon and wife, of Mansfield, Wis., are here for a few days rest and hunting.

Ida A. Persons, a teacher in the Indian school at Morris, Minn., is in town on business connected with the Indian school, and she expects to take back some scholars to the school.

L. H. Burns and J. F. Nelson went to Fosston, the first of the week, and at that place joined T. L. Herschberger for a hunt for prairie chickens.

The bureau of forestry camp has been moved from its original location, on the banks of Lake Thirteen, to a point on the arm of Pike bay, almost directly east three miles from town. The camp is not far distant from the railroad track, and is easily accessible from the Eastern Minnesota.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. John Taylor, on Sunday night, a daughter.

Miss Helen Thompson left on Sunday for Duluth, Chicago and other points.

Eddie Miskella left on Sunday for St. Paul, where he will enter St. Thomas college as a student for the ensuing year.

Charles Roy left Wednesday morning for Morris, where he will attend the Morris Indian school.

Miss Madge Nation, a former teacher in the Red Lake Indian school, was a visitor in Cass Lake Tuesday night. She left on Wednesday morning for St. Cloud, to visit with friends.

H. F. Young and wife left Tuesday morning for Minneapolis, they having received a telegram from that place stating that their little grand son, a son of H. E. Young, was dangerously ill.

Word has been received from Carl Hagman who recently left for his home at Reevesville, Wis., to the effect that he is getting better rapidly and hopes to soon return to Cass Lake.

SPARTA

Sparta, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. S. Hopkins, cashier of the bank of Sparta, went to Minneapolis Friday for a visit with his parents.

Alderman Rubenstein and daughter, Gertrude were Eveleth visitors Thursday.

Mrs. Max Shapiro, of Eveleth, was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Louis Shurman the fore part of the week.

August Knuttl, made a business trip to Duluth Tuesday.

Mrs. John Papic came down from Ely Wednesday for a visit with her mother. Mr. Papic has decided to move to Duluth in the near future.

Wm. Hogan is in Duluth this week on business.

Mrs. W. J. Gallup will depart next week for Vermont, for a visit with relatives.

Louis Shurman made a business trip to Duluth Wednesday.

Harry Shurman, of Eveleth, was a Sparta visitor Thursday.

Wm. Shea transacted business in Duluth Thursday.

Ely. He departed Thursday afternoon.

Thos. Hayden was a Hibbing visitor during the carnival.

Cody Perry and mother have secured a residence at Genoa and will reside there during the winter.

Ray Trenholm is home rom Hibbing.

John A. Jutin returned from Colby Wednesday evening.

Rev. J. Rankkala returned from a trip to Biwabik and McKinley Wednesday.

W. W. Browne, the Biwabik attorney, was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

Peter Ongola is on duty again after a week's illness.

Chas. Norquist expects his wife home from Norway in a few days. She has been absent a year.

Peter Anderson, of Two Harbors, was a rang visitor Wednesday.

School district No. 18 will erect a new school house at Genoa location in the near future.

Mrs. Fred Wirth and mother did shopping in Eveleth Saturday.

John Saari is in St. Paul attending the state fair.

Mr. McGinnis made a business trip to Aurora Thursday.

Hortense Shea and Miss Larette, of Eveleth were Sparta visitors Monday.

Charles Johnson, a former resident of this place, but now located at Nashwauk went to Minneapolis Thursday. He reports Nashwauk very quiet at present and says they are looking forward for a dull whiner in that village.

Hon. Neil McInnis was a Mesaba visitor Wednesday.

PARK RAPIDS

Park Rapids, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. A. Ford transacted business in Walker the first of the week.

Mrs. L. D. Smith and children are visiting with friends at Anoka.

Mrs. Philip Medley returned Saturday from a month's visit with relatives in Wisconsin.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Vanderhoff are visiting with relatives in Wisconsin.

Miss Ruth Farnham of Little Falls is visiting with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Kemerer visited with friends at Aitkin a few days last week.

Andrew Pickard of St. Cloud visited with his parents here a few days last week.

The public schools opened Monday after a three months' vacation.

L. O. Petrie of Maltby transacted business here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Lovdahl are attending the state fair this week.

Miss Alma Cobb returned from a visit with Minneapolis friends, Saturday.

H. F. Brink of Morris, Montana, visited with friends here this week.

Mrs. John Tubbs of Nevis visited with friends here a few days this week.

Mr. Edward Kurrart of Eddyville, Ia., is visiting with his brother, Dr. Kurrart.

Albert Wilkins returned from Minneapolis Saturday, where he added the photographers' convention last week.

B. A. Blakeslee transacted business at Wadena Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Olson departed Friday for a visit with relatives in northern Wisconsin.

Miss Osborn of Aitkin visited with Mrs. Grant Hardman last week.

Oliver Kay has completed his new store building on the east side and is putting in a stock of groceries.

A. D. Jessmer is reported quite ill at his home in this city.

Miss Nellie McKinley returned Tuesday from a business trip to Minneapolis.

The Epworth league social was postponed Friday evening owing to the death of R. D. Davis.

Miss Etta Davis and Professor Shuster, both of Madison, Wis., were married Tuesday evening at the J. S. Hedditen home.

TOWER

Tower, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald)—Mrs. Ole Hanson and daughter, Enga, returned from their Duluth visit Friday.

L. Mullaney, who visited with relatives in Superior, returned Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Wels Benson and daughter, Helen, returned from Little Fork the first of the week.

Mrs. Charles Shaffer was a Duluth visitor Thursday.

Miss Julia Mahady went to Duluth on business Friday.

John Joice and wife of Joice's landing returned from their Duluth visit Friday evening.

Miss Mabel Cass returned Monday after a week's visit with friends in Duluth.

Rev. James Hogan of Eveleth arrived in Tower early Monday evening and conducted services at the Catholic church Sunday and Monday mornings, returning to his home Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Paul Chamberlain reported very sick at her home in Soudan.

Miss Delia Murphy returned Tuesday from Eveleth and Hibbing where she attended the carnival.

Mrs. B. Hurtz and little daughter of Ely and Miss Sultzbacker of Cullicotte, Ohio, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. Bentson this week.

Mrs. S. E. McLaughlin is around again after her recent illness.

Mrs. W. Voss and son, Edwin, returned Monday from a week's visit with friends at Ely and Winton.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Peterson and Mrs. T. Johnson left Monday morning for St. Paul to attend the state fair.

The ladies of the St. Mary's Guild served a tea at the home of Mrs. W. H. McQuade's Thursday afternoon.

Archie Delmage was in the city Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Taull and Mrs. Bull went to Mountain Iron, Tuesday morning, on a visit to the latter's brother, Dr. Harry Morcom.

Merl Peck of Vermillion Dam was in town Tuesday.

The firemen of Soudan will hold a picnic at MKinley Park Labor day.

G. Cheska left for his claim Monday.

Herman Oppel of Duluth visited over Sunday with his brothers, Charles and Will.

Miss Laura Govett returned to her home in West Duluth Tuesday after a month's visit at the home of her grandma, Mrs. Matt Hartle, of Main street.

Mrs. Seraphin of Ely was in town between trains Saturday.

Neil Campbell has moved his family in the rooms over the postoffice.

Jake Simon of Eveleth was a visitor in the city Tuesday.

Horace Andrews of Two Harbors visited at the home of James Tibbett's a few days this week.

Miss May Congdon returned Wednesday from Hibbing where she visited with her sister, Mrs. Amos Shepard.

Father Buh of Ely was in the city Wednesday.

Miss Bertha Govett went to Duluth Tuesday morning for a two weeks' visit with relatives.

W. Andrews and son, Frank, of Two Harbors were in the city Tuesday.

Miss Mazie Winchell returned to her home at Marble Rock, Iowa, Tuesday, after an extended visit with her brothers, Harry and Claude, and Uncle C. B. Winchell of Tower Junction.

The dancing party given at the city opera house Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Katie Krupp, of Elroy, Wis., who is visiting relatives here, proved a most enjoyable affair, a large crowd was in attendance.

Edward Gleason left for his home at Cumberland, Wis., Monday morning.

The picnic given by the Austrian society of Soudan at the McKinley Park, last Sunday proved a great success. The Austrian band of Ely and Soudan Finn band furnished music throughout the day.

Willard Lamphear is now in charge of the bowling parlors for Messrs. Charles Shaeffer and W. H. Congdon, Jr.

William Coss returned from his trip through Canada, last week.

Gus Buboltz of Virginia was a business visitor in the city this week.

Miss Katie Krupp returned to her home at Elroy, Wis., Friday morning after an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. E. Merrill.

Eddie Barsidge returned from his Duluth visit Saturday.

W. H. Congdon returned Wednesday from a two weeks' visit at Hibbing with his daughter, Mrs. Amos Shepard.

Mrs. Cora Kennedy left for Chicago Monday morning.

Mrs. Mike Coffee and children will leave for Ely next week where they will reside in the future.

Mrs. Byron Andrews and little daughter and Miss Nolan of Two Harbors visited with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Murphy a few days this week.

John Peterson moved his household goods to Hibbing Monday where he is now located in business.

Miss DeVere of Superior, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. Mullaney, returned to her home Monday morning.

News was received from Duluth of the death of Joseph Weller, formerly of this place. Joe had long been a sufferer from rheumatism. His body will be brought to this city Friday evening for burial.

Miss Marriet Laribee was in town from Vermillion Dam, Thursday and visited with Mrs. L. Wilson.

Mayor M. C. Woodward returned from Duluth, Wednesday evening.

L. Bentson was in Hibbing this week.

Mrs. J. F. Clark returned from his Duluth visit Thursday.

Miss Bender of Sparta is visiting Miss Maggie Morton of Soudan.

Andrew Bystrom and Charles Whalstian went to St. Paul, Thursday to attend the state fair.

Miss Irene Bentson returned from Minneapolis, Saturday, where she has been visiting relatives.

F. Townsend and family have moved to town from Harding for the summer.

Fred Merrill went to Duluth on business.

M. J. Segal was in the city from Duluth Wednesday.

Capt. Morcom went to Duluth Thursday morning.

W. H. McQuade was a business visitor to Duluth, Wednesday.

R. M. Duncan went to Minneapolis Thursday to visit with his parents. He will attend the fair before returning.

P. C. Burgess was a business visitor at Duluth the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Roland are in attendance at the state fair, this week.

Mrs. Voss, went to Ely Thursday, she received a telegram announcing the serious illness of her cousin, Mrs. J. Grant.

William McGinnis of Duluth was in the city a visitor at the home of W. H. Oppel's over Sunday.

Miss Carrie Tufvander went to Ely Thursday evening.

Gust Carlson's 3-year-old daughter was buried Thursday afternoon. She died of cholera infantum.

BEMIDJI

Bemidji, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charles Maloy, brother of Ted Maloy, died last Saturday at the St. Anthony hospital, of typhoid fever. The funeral was held Saturday afternoon. Mr. Maloy was 21 years old and had lived here about a year.

The members of the school board are at outs. Some favor an addition to the present school building, while othe.s oppose such a move. There is no doubt that new school room is needed. When school closed in the spring, every room was crowded, and two classes were going to school in churches. The board of education intended having the new addition ready before Christmas, and if the matter should be voted upon there is no question but what every one would favor the building of a new addition. Following is the annual report of the secretary of the board of education in the district of Bemidji, giving the financial statement for 1903:

DEBTOR.

Cash on hand at the beginning of the year	$ 1,491 23
Received from apportionment	1,8.0 29
Received from special tax collected	4,501 50
Received from local one mill tax collected	242 07
Received from special state aid	770 00
Received from bonds sold and all other sources	1,320 46
Total	$10,165 15

CREDITOR.

Paid for teachers' wages and board	$ 4,660 82
Paid for fuel and school supplies	1,262 67
Paid for repairs and improving grounds	498 10
Paid for bonds and interest	2,284 20
Paid for all other purposes	1,273 34
Cash on hand at the end of the year	245 72
Total	$10 165 55

Mrs. Ernest Lindgren left Saturday for Minneapolis.

Guy F. Bland left Monday for Walker, where he will work for the Walker Akeley company.

Mrs. B. N. Paddock, of Superior, spent Sunday in Bemidji.

G. G. Holstein, of Duluth, spent a part of the week in the city.

J. E. Johnson of Racine, Wis., is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Smith and children of Minneapolis are visiting Mrs. B. F. Bishop.

Mrs. G. Leftfield and Mrs. C. C. Ralston returned Thursday from Fosston, Minn., where they were called to attend the funeral of their mother.

H. Wolff of Grand Forks was in the city this week on business.

A. A. Carter, of Lang & Carter, real estate agents, is seriously ill.

A. H. Ravier of Princeton, Minn., is in the city.

P. Brandette left Monday for Two Harbors.

Mrs. Hattie Grant left Monday morning for a visit in the Twin Cities.

W. L. Brooks left the first of the week for Chicago, on a business trip.

Harry Geil has gone to Minneapolis, where he will attend the university the coming year.

Miss Gussie Heffron left Tuesday for the state university in Minneapolis.

O. M. Skinvik was appointed by the council Monday night, as justice of the peace, the position having been vacant since the death of Justice Thom. Four were six candidates for the place, A. Gilmore, O. M. Skinvik, J. J. Trask, Frank Carson, L. G. Pendergast, and G. L. Loftfield.

W. O. Young, of Crookston, was in town during the week, the guest of his brothers.

Miss Lina Hall of Park Rapids is visiting friends in the city.

W. A. Sleeper of St. Cloud is in the city on a business trip.

Miss Cutter of Galesburg, Ill., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Brooks.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Harrington, Mrs. M. E. Brinkman, George Tanner and wife, and Mr. and Mrs. George Tyler attended the state fair during the week.

Mrs. J. B. Wilm has returned from a week's visit in Cass Lake.

The public schools open next Monday. Sept. 7. Twelve teachers have been engaged to teach the coming year. They are as follows. H. M. Edmunds, superintendent; Miss Bright, principal, high school; Miss McLennen, eight grade; Miss Desjardines, sixth and seventh grade; Miss Campbell, fifth grade; Miss Stohl, fourth grade; Miss Covell, third grade; Miss Minton and Miss Heffron, first grade; Miss Miller and Miss Allen, primary; Mrs. Trask as yet unassigned.

Mrs. George Buckley is visiting in Wadena.

Miss Margaret Keefe, of St. Cloud, is visiting friends in the city.

Mrs. Louis Olson left Tuesday morning for St. Paul.

C. E. Albrant has returned from Minneapolis.

John Goodman has gone to St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Day of Ortonville, Minn., are visiting friends in the city.

George Wallace is entertaining his brother William Wallace of Ashland, Wis.

Walter Marcum of Crookston is visiting his brother, Dr. Marcum, of this city.

C. G. Miller, of Duluth, made a business trip here during the week.

Dr. and Mrs. Schmittgren, of St. Paul, are visiting in the city.

Happy Anderson has returned from a trip on the Iron Range.

Mrs. Arthur A. Beichny of Osakis, is visiting friends in the city.

W. N. Bowser has gone on a hunting trip west of Bemidji.

J. H. Crouch, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

W. A. Lambert of Duluth is in town.

WALKER

Walker, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Andrew Schneider, a resident of Walker since the fall of 1897, died Monday night about 11:30. The summons was sudden. Mr. Schneider had been around town as usual during the day, but while at home in the afternoon became ill. The members of the family except the youngest son, John, who had gone down Monday morning to visit the state fair, were present. John returned Tuesday in response to a telegram conveying the sad intelligence, and there also came up from Minneapolis a brother and three sisters of Mrs. Schneider—Michael Finnerty, Mrs. Groom, Mrs. Clancy and Mrs. Gilligan. Rev. John Walsh came up from Park Rapids to conduct the funeral services at the Catholic church Thursday morning, the interment taking place in Evergreen cemetery. The ball bearers were Judge McGarry, County Auditor C. E. Griffith, Ex-Mayor Spencer, H. McCabe, Mr. Kneeland, Sr., and Albert B. Wood.

About two o'clock Tuesday morning fire started from some unknown cause in the kitchen of Logan's restaurant. The loss is several hundred dollars. There is an insurance of $700 which will more than cover the loss. W. C. Randolph, of the clerical force of the Indian agency, is the owner of the building which he bought some time ago from M. J. Cumm.

County Superintendent Olaf Olson has been officially advised from the state superintendent's office that the following candidates have successfully passed the teachers' examinations held in Walker Aug. 3, 4 and 5: Conditional first grade—E. E. Adkins. Complete second grade, Aurelia Bathbun, Ella Johnson, Dorothea Herder, Emma Durbin. Conditional second grade, Jeanette Dulley, Nannie Durbin, Grace Gillespie, Irene Miller, Mary Manners, Alta M. Young, Mrs. Retta Martin.

Mrs. H. Dyer and children left for Excelsior, Minn., Thursday morning and will remain there until next June.

James McGarry, of Ann Arbor, Mich., who has been visiting his sons, Judge and P. H. McGarry, left for home Monday.

Mrs. Kulander has returned from a visit to her former home at Ada.

John King, chairman of the board of county commissioners, left for St. Paul Wednesday on business and to visit the state fair.

Miss Edenloff returned Tuesday after an absence of five weeks, during which she visited her brother in Osakis and friends in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Superintendent of Motive Power Mitchell, of the Northern Pacific, came up a few days ago in his private car, which is sidetracked here, while he enjoys an outing on Leech Lake.

J. H. Hammer, M. & I. station agent, has returned after spending a vacation in Iowa.

It is the intention of the Minnesota & International to institute regular train service to Northome, the new end of the line, September 15, but it may possibly be a few days later.

A. A. Buck, of Mapleton, Minn., one of the directors of the Walker State bank, is expected in town on this afternoon's train and will probably remain several days.

Harry Brumund is talking of converting the store building just vacated on Front street into a public hall for entertainments and lodge purposes. The old pavilion which has done duty for a number of years will shortly be removed.

F. C. Hollenbeck, recently manager of A. L. Cole & Co. here, has accepted a position with C. A. Tuller, head of the extensive business concern of which the store of C. M. Taylor & Co., in Walker, is one of the component parts. Mr. Hollenbeck will be employed in the Park Rapids branch.

NEW DULUTH

New Duluth, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—William Boylan, of Duluth, spent Sunday with friends in New Duluth.

Mrs. W. D. McGill, of West Superior, was the guest of Mrs. U. C. Tower, Saturday.

Misses Ethel Mahoney, May Thayer and Mabel Bartz, and Messrs. W. Thayer, Herbert Thayer and Jerome Mahoney went to No. 1 bridge above Fond du Lac, Sunday, on a fishing. The day was very pleasantly spent.

Mrs. O. H. Osmundsen made a business trip to Hayward, Wis., Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. McNally and children, and Mr. and Mrs. Clay Giddings and children, of Duluth, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Becklinger, Sunday.

A. Grochau went to Minneapolis Monday to attend the state fair.

Miss Twanette Dash, of Smithville, visited Miss Miller, Monday and Tuesday.

A Northern Pacific train was wrecked Sunday between New Duluth and Fond du Lac. The tracks spread, letting the coaches down between the rails. The end rails were badly broken and twisted, and the front coach was quite badly damaged. No one wos hrt. Most of the people who were on their way to Fond du Lac, went up on the engine. A wrecking train was sent for and the regular train was taken back to Duluth about 9 o'clock.

Frank Wilson came up from Duluth Sunday to spend the day with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wilson.

Miss Florence Brink, of Smithville, was the guest of Miss May Thayer Wednesday and Thursday.

Melvin Becklinger left Monday for a trip through Northern Minnesota and North Dakota.

Mrs. Beach and children, of Duluth, spent part of the week with Mrs. William Campbell. They returned home Wednesday.

Mesdames George Reindl, William Crager, Frank Brand, C. Christopherson, James Salter and George Showers drove to West Duluth Monday evening to attend the meeting of the Rathbone Sisters.

Miss S. A. Smith went to Minneapolis Monday, to visit with friends. She will also visit friends in St. Peter before returning home.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson and children spent Tuesday in Duluth.

The Royal Neighbors celebrated their fourth anniversary Wednesday evening at the Maccabee hall. A fine luncheon was served after which dancing was indulged in by the young people. Miss Florence Brink, of Smithville, was the only out-of-town guest.

Mrs. Drnedale, of Duluth, visited Mrs. William Lewis Wednesday.

Mrs. Porter, A. Domm and G. Jacobson are among those who went to Duluth Wednesday.

Miss Ora Mitchell, of Duluth, was the guest of Mrs. O. H. Osmundsen, Sunday.

Mrs. Quimby, of Duluth, spent Sunday with Mrs. Frank Brand.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Mahoney drove to Fond du Lac Sunday.

Miss Isabel Thayer came home from Duluth Sunday to spend the day with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Thayer.

While working at a rip saw in the box factory, Wednesday, George Bushell cut off the end of the first finger on his right hand.

Mrs. John Bartz made a trip to Duluth Monday.

Mrs. Ray Perry went to Marinette, Wis., Wednesday, to visit her parents, of that place.

Mr. and Mrs. U. C. Tower are entertaining Mr. Tower's parents, of Hart, Mich., this week.

Mrs. Charles Chamberlain and son, Ray, of West Sunperior, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wilson.

The young ladies of the Presbyterian church will give an ice cream social at the aptist hall Saturday evening. The proceeds will be used to repair the church.

Mrs. Ed Johnson, of Smithville, called on friends in New Duluth, Thursday

Miss Ethel Mahoney and Miss Mabel Bartz went to Duluth Thursday to attend the opening of the normal school.

Mr. and Mrs. U. C. Tower and Mr. and Mrs. Tower, of Michigan, went to Duluth Wednesday to take the drive around the boulevard.

Mr. and Mrs. George E. Tupper made a business trip to Duluth, Thursday.

Mrs. Scott returned to her home in Minneapolis Monday, after a short visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wilson.

Mrs. Frank Brand is entertaining her sister, Mrs. Nyman, of Ohio. Mrs. Donald and children, and Mrs. Johnson and children, of West Duluth.

Charles Wills transacted business in Smithville Wednesday.

A ball game was played Sunday afternoon between the New Duluth and Smithville nines. The game resulted in a score of 7 to 8 in favor of New Duluth. Following is the line-up:

New Duluth—		Smithville—
E. Bushell	..pitcher	Neubauer
F. Wacha	..catcher	Nelson
W. Lundquist	..first base	J. Kenney
J. Porter	...second base	Ammundsen
F. Speckien	...short stop	W. Dunn
W. Porter	..third base	E. Kenney
T. Millen	..right field	W. Dash
P. Anderson	...center field	G. Bushell
W. Moore	...left field	J. Dunn

Sunday, Sept. 6, a game will be played between the Longfellow nine of West Duluth, and the New Duluth nine.

A. G. Messer returned from a month's trip in the East, Thursday.

Miss Mabel Bartz went to Duluth Tuesday.

G. W. Gowan, of Duluth, was a business caller in New Duluth, Tuesday.

Those who went to Duluth Thursday were: Mrs. L. S. McKay, Miss Mary Thayer, Jerome Mahoney and U. C. Tower.

Mr. and Mrs. Tower, who have been visiting their son, U. C. Tower, left Thursday for St. Ignace.

Mrs. Archie Herbert and daughter, Zella, went to Duluth Sunday to spend a few days with Mr. Herbert.

O. G. Brice returned from a business trip to St. Paul, Wednesday.

AITKIN

Aitkin, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The public schools will open Monday.

Mrs. Alfred Buck, of Mankato, was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. F. M. Shook last week.

Rev. W. E. Griffith has returned from his vacation.

Mrs. N. J. Cluff has returned from a visit of several weeks in Canada.

I. Chute, wife and daughter went to Minneapolis Sunday night.

Miss Mabel Rogers left Sunday night for Minneapolis, where she will attend the state university.

Mrs. W. B. Swathmey and children are at home again after an outing in Osceola, Wis.

W. S. Cluff and daughter Beatrice returned Saturday having spent several weeks in Canada.

Professor Curtis, of Minneapolis, spent several days here last week, the guest of D. W. Kemerer.

Albert Lano spent Sunday and Monday at his old home in Chaska.

A. H. Day, wife and children, of Slayton, Minn., spent several days last week on their farm up river.

E. E. Erickson attended the Northwestern photographers' convention in Minneapolis last week.

Mrs. John Cluff entertained a company of ladies last Saturday afternoon.

P. E. Mitby, wife and two children of Cashton, Wis., visited the former's sister, Herman Moore last week.

Miss Anna Harper has returned from St. Paul.

Arthur Kempton has been appointed game warden for Aitkin county.

Mr. and Mrs. George Sands are spending the week in the Twin Cities.

E. Luther was a Duluth visitor last Friday.

Miss Jennie Reed left Saturday for a visit in Minneapolis.

Mrs. L. Hornick, of Oronoco, Minn., has been the guest of her daughter, Mrs. D. W. Kemerer.

Miss Harmon left Saturday for her home in Minneapolis. She was accompanied by Miss Bertha Tapley, who has been hte guest of Irene Hodgeden.

O. D. Davis, Ed Young and Tom Madden left Monday with a hunting and camping outfit and will spend a week in the region of Sandy lake.

Dr. B. J. Reck has returned from a three-weekss' visit to his former home in Wabasha.

D. Falconer was a Duluth visitor last Thursday.

C. J. Rathvon is repairing and rebuilding his sawmill, which was burned a Deerwood this summer.

G. W. Mattoon and wife, of Herron Lake, who have been spending several weeks in their cottage at Sandy Lake, returned to their home last week. They were accompanied by Mrs. Warrington and daughter and Will Burns, of Minneapolis. Mr. Warrington will remain on his claim at the lake until fall.

Professor F. O. King returned last Friday from his vacation.

Mrs. Hassman, of Hutchinson, is visiting her son, B. R. Hassman.

Miss Gladys Moore is visiting friends in Superior.

F. M. Shook is attending the meeting of the state board of equalization of which he is a member.

Ole Hanson and John Mattson went to Little Falls Monday night.

The Gun club closed the season on Sunday. The gold medal was won by E. Luther and the silver medal by Wesley Kast.

Mrs. D. Kane and family returned this week from a visit in Bichigan.

Professors Brewer and Kingsbury of the state's department of geology, accompanied by theor wives, have been spending a few days at the Nichols cottage, Mille Lacs.

Tom Madden and John McLeod, who left here several weeks ago, are now in Butte, Mont.

A summer hotel is being built at Lake Pokegama for next season's use.

Congressman Bede will deliver an address at the county fair.

The council has let the contract for building a village lock-up to D. M. Falconer for $750.

The partnership of Hall & Hallum, attorneys, has been dissolved, and Mr. Hallum has entered into a partnership with Attorney F. E. Ebner.

John Robinson, of Cedar Lake was before Judge Williams Monday, charged with assault by J. Van Sickle. The defendant was found guilty by the jury, and fined $25 and cost. The trouble arose over the location of a line fence that had recently been surveyed.

Of the fifty-three teachers who recently took the state examination here only seventeen passed, and but three of that number received first-grade certificates.

A number of the past grands of the local lodge of Odd Fellows went to Brainerd last Saturday to attend a special session of the grand lodge at that place. Among those who went were E. E. Slavey, Fred Stearns, W. B. Gwathmey, W. A. Tully, Andrew Fajder, James Yates and F. E. Ebner.

C. M. Stirratt and family have returned from their visit in Wisconsin.

Martin Smith was recently married to Miss Annie Evelyn Sharp at Berrton, N. B.

F. A. Niles and daughter left last Thursday for their home in Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Edward Orr and wife arrived last week to assume the management of the Hotel Foley.

Miss Mary McMurdy has returned to

of Cedar street from Ninth to Tenth avenues, and on the north side of Tenth avenue from Cedar to Pine streets; also to have alley in block 40 "graded, drained and graveled." Resolution was adopted authorizing the village recorder to purchase and keep on sale at cost, at the office of the water and light tax collector, a supply of first-class incandescent lamps, those in use at present not being up to the standard. Bills amounting to $1506.85 were allowed, $351.06 being to Oscar Clausen for services as electrical engineer, and furnishing plans and specification, the balance being mostly the monthly salary list.

Mrs. B. E. Andrews and Miss Nolden visited with friends and reatives at Tower a couple days this week.

The lake Nebagamon, Wis., ball team, will try conclusions with the locals here tomorrow and a fine game is expected. Both clubs have defeated the Cloquet, Minn., team and the game will be for the championship.

The local lodge K. of P. will give a dance at the Norden hall Friday, the 15th inst., the proceeds to go towards assisting their brass band.

The trout fishing season closed Monday and the local sportsmen are anxiously awaiting the opening of partridge season, October 15th. Trout fishing this year has been good, but few large catches were reported.

The fire department was called out Tuesday morning about 9:00 o'clock by the explosion of a gasoline stove in the Tabor tailor shop, and before the flames could be extinguished the interior of the tailor shop and also of the Superior hotel adjoining, was about burned out, the total damage being about $800, fully covered by insurance, the loss being distributed as follows: Pastoret and Merrill, owners of buildings, $1000; Tillie Larson, furniture and fixtures, $400; August Tabor, stock, $400.

Quite a number from here attended the state fair this week.

The following births are reported Tuesday. To Mr. and Mrs. B. Puent, a son, Monday—To Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Hayes, a son; to Mr. and Mrs. John Peterson, a son.

Ore shipments from here for August were 87,000 tons, and the receipts from the mines 81,000 tons. The total shipments for the season are 3,727,000 tons, or equal to 149,080 standard carloads.

Miss E. M. Kasson returned Wednesday from the Twin Cities, where she has been the past couple weeks purchasing her fall stock of millinery.

Miss Sadie Cowling has returned to her home at Ely, after a two weeks' visit with friends here.

Rev. I. I. Gorbie, Ph. D., of the Second church, Duluth, will occupy the pulpit at the First Presbyterian church here tomorrow morning and evening.

L. Larson had the misfortune to lose part of one of his fingers Saturday by getting it caught in the hoisting apparatus at the docks.

Most of the school teachers have arrived and settled, and schools will open Monday. A room for beginners will be opened at the Third avenue building Tuesday. Children six years old or who will be that age by January 1st, will be admitted.

The steamer Lagonda discharged a cargo of coal at the docks here this week.

Clark Adams was down from Ely a few days this week for a visit with friends.

Mrs. W. D. Newell was called to Houghton, Maine, this week, by the serious illness of her mother at that place.

Work on the chimney at the pump house is only half finished and it will be three weeks yet before the building will be completed.

Following is a list of teachers in charge of the local schools for the ensuing year. Superintendent, W. J. Marquis; high school principal, Helen H. Curren; high school assistants, Florence Burlingame, Carl M. Brewster; Eight grade, Alice J. Hickey; Seventh grade, Mildred Dennis. Sixth and Seventh grades, Jeanette Donaldson; Sixth grade, Kathleen Malley; Fifth grade, Minnie J. Crist; Fourth grade, Ida A. Gauthier and Alma D. Dodds; Third grade, Jennie Lenear, Frances L. Davis and Bertha Stephenson; Second grade, May Pulham and Zella Stevens; Second and First grades, Alice Wigdahl. First grade, Viola Backus, Jeanette A. Howard and Estelle A. Barnyard; supervisor of music and drawing, Minnie Wanless; Silver Creek school, Ethel Blood.

Pearson & Fawcett have already got their material on the ground and have started work on the addition to the Y. M. C. A. building.

G. H. Good, of Winton, was in town on business a couple days this week.

The Range Lumber took on a part cargo of lumber here this week from the Ely mills for Chicago.

John Youngquist spent Sunday on his farm at Grassan, Minn. He reports the potato crop much below the average this year, owing to the cold wet weather a greater portion of the season.

Chief Clerk L. M. Mouser, of Sparta, was in town Wednesday.

Misses Minnie Glass, Charlotte Delaney and Lydia Betland will attend the state Normal school at St. Cloud, Minn., this year.

BIWABIK

Biwabik, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Madge Hathaway, the 5-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hathaway, was drowned Saturday afternoon in a cellar under B. F. Gaines home at the Canton location. Mrs. Hathaway and her little daughter went to the Gaines home to spend the afternoon. The little child was gaily playing about the house, but a few moments later, Mrs. Hathaway missed her, and becoming anxious, searched about the house. Not finding the child, Mrs. Hathaway became greatly alarmed and a search was instituted, in which a number of people took part. After a considerable search, the cellar, in which there was seven feet of water, was searched, and Hugh Riley by the use of a rake, grappled in the water, and brought the little body to the surface. When recovered it was at once seen that the child was dead, and when the parents who joined in the search saw the terrible fate that had befallen their baby, they were nearly prostrated with grief. Madge was the only child of the stricken parents, and was a very sweet and pretty child. A rig was procured, and the child's body was conveyed to the Hathaway home. Monday the body was taken to Wisconsin for interment. Will-on having been the former home of the parents. The child was a niece of Patrick Riley, who was killed in a wreck at Montana mines last June. The parents have the heart-felt sympathy of every one in their terrible affliction, and the sweet nature of the little child has caused deep sorrow to its little playmates. How the accident occurred will never be known, but it is believed that the little child was playing with the cat, who probably ran under the house, and the little child must have followed it through a hole in the foundation of the house, falling into the water.

Miss Laura Mair returned Saturday from Young America, Minn., where she spent the past two months.

Miss Florence Carey, of Ely, arrived in Biwabik Saturday for a visit with friends.

Alexis Stynsberg, who has been attending business college in Duluth returned home Saturday for a week's visit with his parents.

Delbert Gleason returned to Biwabik Saturday from a short visit in Duluth.

Capt. Frank Thomas, of the Cass and Kanawha mines, went to Hibbing Saturday to visit friends.

Mrs. William Scott, and children, returned Saturday from an extended visit in Superior and Duluth, where she was a guest at the Stalbusch-Farmer nuptials.

Max Glassner left Monday for Minneapolis, where he will resume his studies in the Central High school.

The Modern Woodmen Lodge, recently organized here, will make its debut in social circles Friday, Sept. 4, when they will give a ball in the town hall. Good music has been secured, and a large attendance is expected.

Miss Grace Dennison returned from St. Cloud Saturday, where she spent the summer vacation, and will again teach in the local schools.

Frank Eckes has sold his home on Canton avenue to Arthur Tynsdale, but the consideration is not known. Mr. Eckes has decided to reside in Two Harbors, which will be more convenient as he is employed as engineer on the Iron Range road, and his headquarters is at Two Harbors. Mr. Eckes will move his family to Two Harbors shortly.

Mrs. John S. Lutes was in Duluth visiting friends Saturday.

Miss Jennie Trevena went to Hibbing Saturday to visit with friends returning Wednesday.

Postmaster and Mrs. N. B. Shank, accompanied by their little son, returned Friday evening from a month's visit in Saul Ste. Marie, and other Michigan points.

Frank Workman left Monday for Howard Lake, Minn., after a two months' visit here with Mr. and Mrs. Fred B. Myers.

Miss Clara Olsted has returned from a two months' visit with her parents in Minneapolis.

Mrs. M. Anderson returned Saturday from Stevenson, where she has been visiting with her daughter, Mrs. Ed Phelps.

Mrs. J. Carey visited with Duluth friends Saturday.

Henry Cox returned Saturday from Hibbing where he attended the carnival.

The baseball game Sunday between Gordon Smith's Dontworries and Bert Lyons' Alsorans was a very exciting game, the score at the end of the ninth inning being 21 to 21. In the tenth inning, the Lyons aggregation of ball tossers was shut out, and Smith's team landed three runs, winning by a score of 21 to 21. The pitchers for both teams did very fair work, but the fielders' work was certainly a comedy of errors.

A Finn living at Otto Loinonen's boarding house met with a peculiar accident Saturday. He slipped in some manner from his chair to the floor and struck a box on the floor nearby, breaking a rib.

Mrs. John Tomatz of Elba was a Biwabik shopper Monday.

Mrs. E. Gill returned home Monday after a few weeks' visit with her sister, Mrs. Pearce, at Hibbing.

The school opened here Monday with a large attendance, all of the former teachers returning but Miss Lewis and Ober, and their vacancies have been filled by Misses MacFadden and McFarden. The high school studies will be taken up this year and a laboratory has been added.

Masters Lester and Harold McDonald returned to their home at Virginia Monday after a few days' visit here with relatives.

Capt. Frank Thomas and family returned Monday from a visit with relatives.

Mrs. Dan Eyer and daughter, Lily, returned Monday from Carlton, Minn., where they visited relatives and friends the past month.

Judge Cant in the district court has given the Pabst Brewing company a judgment of foreclosure of a mortgage given by Mary Skull to secure a debt of $552.50 on lot 2, block 1, Biwabik.

Miss Mary Faber entertained a number of her friends at her home Monday evening in honor of her thirteenth birthday anniversary. All reported a very pleasant time.

Mrs. Paul Paulson and children arrived here Monday from Hancock, Mich., on a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kulvander.

Miss Minnie O'Hara has returned from a few days' visit with friends at Eveleth.

Miss Ethel Gardener has returned to her home at Sondan after a week's visit with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. William Smith.

Mrs. Louis McKenna and sister, Miss Agnes Enright, were Hibbing visitors a few days this week.

Miss Sophia Johnson went down to Duluth Wednesday on a short visit with her sister, Mrs. Ross.

Lewis Glassner left Wednesday for Minneapolis where he finishes his last year in the law department at the University. Mrs. Glassner accompanied him to Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Colvin returned Thursday from a few days' business visit in Duluth.

Ross Gilpatrick left Tuesday for a week's visit in the Twin Cities, where he will attend the state fair.

Mrs. William Carmichael was a Duluth visitor a few days this week returning Thursday.

Dr. Humphrey, a former resident of this place but now of Ely, was a Biwabik caller a few days this week. He intends leaving Ely soon for the farming country.

Mrs. William Smith returned Thursday from a week's visit with her daughter, Mrs. Joe Prior at Eveleth.

Mrs. H. E. Olson, of Aurora, was in town Tuesday attending to business.

Mr. McKane, of St. Paul, called on his trade here the greater part of the week.

Mrs. M. Tearney returned Wednesday to Eveleth where she is visiting friends.

The month-old baby of Dominick Collivar died Wednesday after a week's illness. The funeral took place Thursday.

Henry Evanson is home from Stevens for a visit with his parents.

Peter Johnson, who was assaulted a few weeks ago by Andrew Anderson, went down to Duluth Wednesday on a short visit with his sister.

Mrs. Frank Klink was over from McKinley Wednesday on business.

Willio Tikander has been chosen as one of the petit jurymen for this month.

Attorney W. W. Browne returned Thursday from a few days' visit in the Zenith city.

Mrs. William Murray was over from Eveleth Wednesday calling on friends.

Mrs. Wallace Dunlap and children were over from McKinley Thursday visiting with Mrs. Herbert Dane.

The Congregational and Methodist churches held a union meeting Sunday evening.

Pat. McCormick was in town Wednesday shaking hands with friends.

Miss Clara Rowe returned Saturday from Minneapolis where she spent her vacation.

Misses Fanny Brown and Luella Neff of West Duluth are visiting here with relatives.

Mrs. John Hayes and children are here from Carson Lake near Hibbing on a visit with the former's mother, Mrs. Andy Stowell.

Andrew Koski, who was hurt recently by a fall of ore and has been in the hospital, is able to be out, although yet on crutches.

Misses Winnifred Chinn and Thomas of McKinley are attending the High school here this year.

Joseph Fosteff went down to Duluth Wednesday on a few days' visit with his family.

Miss Rose Maintz was over from Sparta a few days visiting with her sister, Mrs. John Endrizzi.

Harry Cohen left Monday with his uncle for Nebraska, where he will make his home for a while.

Conductor George Smith left Monday for the Twin Cities to take in the state fair sights.

Mining Engineer Lamon was over from Virginia a few days on business.

Fred Seeley has given up his position with the Duluth & Iron Range company and is again attending school.

John Gilbert was over from Virginia Thursday transacting business.

The pupils who have been coming here to school for the last few years from Allen Junction, who are now attending school in their own town, a new school having been built for them.

VIRGINIA

Virginia, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The plans and specifications for the Virginia sewer line was brought into the council Tuesday evening by the Duluth civil engineer, Thomas F. McGilvray, and they were accepted as they were presented. The councilmen were not long in accepting the late reports and proceeded at once to instruct City Clerk Bickford to advertise for bids and for the purpose of opening these bids the dads adjourned until the 22nd inst. The fall term will probably be a short one and it is the desire of all concerned to get at the work as soon as possible. Bids have been advertised for in the official paper of the city, the Virginian. The Herald, the News-Tribune and St. Paul Pioneer Press. The first district to be benefited by this sanitary sewer will be district No. 2, or the business district of the city. The other portions of the city will be equipped later, while many private individuals will tap the main line. The total cost of this first work will figure up to nearly $35,000, and the contractor who secures the work will receive the total amount of his bill in cash, as it will be on hand in the treasury by the close of the work.

The Ely City band passed through the city Saturday. The boys attended the Hibbing carnival last week and stopped here on their way back. They rendered a few choice selections on our street corners.

Joe Deering, formerly of this city, was in town a short time Sunday, en route to Minneapolis to prepare for his second year studies.

Frank Donnelly, of the Adams mine office force, visited with his parents here Sunday.

The Virginia high school football team was out on the campus Sunday afternoon for a short practice and trial line-up. The team has secured the services of Herbert Johnson, of Ishpeming, as coach. Johnson played in the Ishpeming-Duluth game last fall when the teams had the little difficulty in regard to the time of the first half. He knows the game and will bring the champions out in the front ranks again this year. A practice game has been arranged between the locals and Eveleth on the 19th.

John St. Cyr, who has spent his school vacation working at the Adams mine laboratory, has returned home and will re-enter school next week.

Matt Doyle was over from the Kinney mine Sunday, spending the day with his parents.

The Eagles have leased Korby's hall and will hereafter meet every other Tuesday night. They have been meeting Sunday afternoon to the detriment of the attendance, but hope to have better attendance at the new hall.

School reopens Tuesday morning. Many of the teachers have returned and the new ones have arrived. The old Catholic church and the Presbyterian church has been prepared for school sessions, as great has the population increased during the summer months.

Dr. and Mrs. Shaw, of Buhl, visited at the Lenroot home Sunday. Mrs. Lenroot returned with them to their home Monday, for a short visit.

Mrs. Clarence Moore and daughter have returned from their visit with Madison, S. D., relatives.

Harold and Leslie Gaiggs left here Monday for Minneapolis, where Harold reenters upon law studies and Leslie takes his first academic caurse at the University.

Mrs. H. J. Nathanson left here Monday noon for an extended visit with friends at Minneapolis, Chicago and New York.

Mrs. Thomas J. Jones departed Monday for Faribault to accompany her daughter, Margarite, home from school. Earnest Sigel took in the state fair this week.

Mrs. Julius Shandelling and children left Monday for Minneapolis for a visit with Mrs. Shandelling's parents, and to attend the state fair.

Fred B. Rossom left here Monday for Clayton, Wis., to accompany his family back to the city.

Albert B. Coates had business at Duluth the fore part of the week.

Editor and Mrs. Cuppernull returned Wednesday evening from a visit at Mankato and the state fair.

Herbert Steinberg left yesterday for Minneapolis to enter the university. He will take a course in mining engineering.

Virginia will have a city football team this fall and from the timber available the "big fellows" will give the other range towns a hard fight for first place. Challenges are already being received and some of them accepted. It is the desire of the team to play at Grand Rapids Labor day, they having received a defi from that team. If a crowd can be induced to go a special train will be run over the Great Northern and prospects are good for this. John Kragdahl is manager and secretary, and Chase Stevens is treasurer. These officers were elected at the meeting held Monday evening. The boys will give a benefit ball next Friday night at the Opera house.

L. Mark, a former business man here, but now a resident of Minneapolis, was here this week with a dozen broncho horses which he recently sold.

Claude Gill and Fred Jenkins were over from the Mountain Sunday.

Jereisatt Bros., the dry goods merchants, will move into the new Anderson building about the 15th.

Rev. E. M. Cathcart, of the M. E. church, will attend the Northern Minnesota conference at Duluth the first week in October. He does not return here next year.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hesberg and family were at Buhl Sunday, in attendance at the marriage of Miss Lizzie Lehtinen and Mrs. J. Lewis, to Jacob Lowen, of that village. Misses Belle Woolfrom and Lillian Mesberg were bridesmaids, and Sam Lippman and George Mesberg were best men.

Frank Reid, who has been assistant bookkeeper at the Lincoln mine, has been transferred to the Kinney and other Republic Iron and Steel property, near Buhl. He has charge of the books there.

Henry Sigel is away on a business mission.

Dr. Lenroot took in the forty-fourth state fair at Hamlin this week.

John Chesser, the cruiser and estimator, had business at the land office at the county seat Tuesday.

John Owens, formerly clerk of the district court and the first president of the village of Virginia, is engaged in loading on flat cars the portable sawmill which sawed the timber and much of the lumber for Virginia's big mill this spring. Owens prepares to take it to the head of Vermilion lake, where he will engage in the sawmill business together with others who have timber lands there. Mr. Owens had the misfortune to receive a badly smashed finger during the loading process, and he will be here a few wooks longer than he expected.

Julius Shandelling has been subpoenaed on the grand jury at Ann Arbor, Michigan and M. E. Fanning will serve on the petit jury during the September term.

Axel Carlson's residence has been moved to a lot on Second avenue. Mellon Bros. having purchased Mr. Carlson's lot to make more room for them.

Contractor Andrew Grande has the work in hand on the building of a 24 by 30 two-story residence for Mrs. McGonigal, of Lancaster, Wis., on Central avenue, near the proposed new high school building. When the building is completed it will be occupied by George Hutchins and family.

Mrs. S. Perkins, mother of Mrs. George Hitchcock, has returned to her home at Champion, Mich., after a week's visit here.

George Leanner, agent for the Hercules Powder company, spent the week at the state fair.

Joe De Ware, of the Cole & McDonald Exploration company clerical force, had business at Buhl Wednesday.

Attorney B. F. Smith, of the Hotel Fay, is shooting prairie chickens this week, and is in the vicinity of Crookston.

Attorney Poirier had legal business at Duluth Thursday.

Chase Stevens left here Thursday noon for Iron Mountain, Mich., to attend the Crowell-Jones nuptials as groomsman. The wedding took place today. The groom, Bert Jones, is quite well known here.

Tuesday being Sept. 1, the stores of the city all closed at 8 o'clock, as per agreement, and the most of them remained. The stores will close at 8 o'clock every evening with the exception of Saturdays and pay day nights, and all day Sunday. Thero Kellis has returned to Virginia refused to sign or close, but it is expected and hoped that he, too, will fall in line.

Axel Carlson, the bricklayer and stonemason, left here Tuesday for Hot Springs, Ark., to go through a course of treatments for a severe scalp disease.

Ilverynan Tornquist is spending the week at the great state fair.

Michael J. Casey is the new manager at the Golden Gate theater.

Chief of Police Gromberg has been appointed deputy sheriff for Virginia.

O. L. Pederson, bookkeeper for the Costin Insurance agency, spent Sunday with Duluth and Superior friends.

Dr. J. H. Crowe has leased the upper front rooms in the Virginia pharmacy block and will move from the Fay block next week some time.

Messrs. Stein and O'Rourke, promoters of the new town of Aurora, had business at the Zenith City Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. Dr. Stuart Bates is visiting relatives at West Superior, this week.

Jacob E. Matson was at Hibbing Thursday.

Joseph Karl, of the City Meat market, took in the state fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. R. A. Eve and daughter, who have been visiting with Mrs. Eva the past week, returned to their Duluth home Thursday.

D. W. T. Bailey has returned from an

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A small sized strike was experienced on the new railroad Tuesday. The cablemen were taken off the gravel train and the brakemen directed to do their work. The brakemen thought they were being imposed upon and quit work. The trouble was amicably settled, however, and everything is lovely again.

The "Hunting for Hawkins" company held the boards at the Opera house last night.

HIBBING

Hibbing, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The city schools re-opened on Monday, Superintendent J. W. Klinker having accompleted the task of assigning the teachers to the various schools in the city and district. The list contains thirty teachers, several of whom appear for the first time. The list of applicants for position in this district was very large, although there was a large percentage of them ineligible for the position. The length of the school year in the Hibbing district is an inducement to good teachers and the staff of teachers was never more efficient than this year. The following is a complete list of teachers: Supt. J. W. Klinker; Margaret Rankin, principal high school; Arthur Nelson, teacher natural science; Margaret Buckley, assistant high school; Harriet Campbell, English and commercial course; Aggie Beach, seventh grade; Helen Bass, sixth grade; Gertrude Thompson, fifth grade; Gertrude O'Neil, fifth grade; Kate Godfrey, fourth grade; Bennie C. McKee, fourth grade; Adelaide McIntyre, third grade; Addie Van Blarcom, third grade; Agnes Murphy, second grade; Mae Mayberry and Ethel Grant, second grade; Anna Grant, Ethel Green, Mae Picken, and Luella Dickson, first grade; Mae Cummings, principal of kindergarten; Edna Boswell, assistant kindergarten; Phoebe Wadsworth, drawing and music; Theresa Buckley, Madonring school; Belle Ransom, Sawyer school; J. Huese and Mae Davis, Stevenson school; H. Saunders, Glenn school. The assessed valuation of the Hibbing district is $5,000,000 dollars, and $6,500 was asked for school purposes at the annual school meet. The board of education includes G. Geary, W. C. Barrett and A. P. Stillman, clerk.

Mrs. E. Polkinghorn and daughter, of Ely, spent a week visiting friends and attended the carnival here.

The Ely city band furnished excellent music for the carnival and many commendatory remarks are passing the rounds as to their efficiency.

The village council of Chisholm appointed J. J. Hayes justice of the peace in place of Richard Bateson, whose term of office had expired.

Mrs. W. Sinart enjoyed a pleasant visit from her old friend Mrs. F. A. Rogers, of Crookston.

L. G. Sicard, cashier in the Merchants and Miners bank is having erected several cottages on his village property at Chisholm.

Things are getting pretty lively over at the new Monroe mine and Captain Sawyer is pushing things. The work of sinking three shafts is well under way. The Monroe is one of the prettiest spots for a mining location on the two ranges. The contract for the erection of sixty dwelling houses is let and the work of putting them up is going right ahead.

Mrs. Dr. J. B. Adams is enjoying a couple of weeks at her former home in Minneapolis.

Merritt French and Ella Anderson, '03 graduates of the Hibbing high school, left for Minneapolis Monday, where they will enter the state university.

Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Merrick who have lived in Hibbing for the past year leave on Tuesday next for Ann Arbor, Michigan, where Mr. Merrick has received an appointment in the university.

The nine suspects who were arrested at Chisholm for selling whisky without the proper credentials, were all tried before Judge Hayes and pleaded guilty. It being their first offense they were each fined $65 and costs with a strong warning to avoid a second offense.

Miss Jessie Grant, of Chisholm was elected carnival queen at Hibbing on the last night of Hibbing's tenth anniversary Chisholm is proud to possess the queen who captured the coveted diamond ring.

H. Hermanson of the Chippewa Land company and also one of Chisholm's leading merchants has secured for his company a large tract of land in Wisconsin. The company is now engaged in having the land settled and have so far been very successful. A large part of the territory is being settled by Finns.

There was quite a commotion in Erickson's saloon in Chisholm this week. August Matson and L. Johnston were examining a revolver when the gun went off the bullet striking Johnston two inches above the heart. It was thought the wound would prove fatal, but he is still alive and will recover.

The baseball game between Bells Eagles and the Ely team, played the last day of the carnival, was won by Ely. The game was a very interesting one and the same clubs will probably meet again before the end of the season.

The Rood hospital now has a new ambulance of the most modern make, which is a great convenience to the public.

Miss Ellen Luetzen gave a party to her friends on her birthday. The following young ladies attended: Ruth Ermatinger, Minnie McCumber, Flossie McLeod, Sophie Klitz, Gertie Gustad, Ruth Pierce, Esther Pierce, Sicilia Lesage, Annie Smith, Clara Gustad and Anne Damsch.

L. S. Levy, of Duluth, accompanied by his cousin, Miss Josie Berdie, of Milwaukee, spent carnival week with their uncle, R. F. Berdie.

The Mesaba range football association embracing Duluth, Hibbing, Two Harbors, Grand Rapids, Eveleth and Virginia will organize for the season.

Mrs. Thomas Taque returned this week from a two week's rest at Eagles Nest Lake, where she was camping with a party of friends from Tower.

Col. W. H. Hare, civil engineer of the Great Northern railway company, spent Sunday in this city. He returned to Cloquet on Monday.

The youngest son of Captain John Crellen at the Leonard mine, died on Saturday. The funeral was held at the M. E. church on Monday. J. W. Robinson officiating.

Mrs. Arthur Gholz left on Monday to spend her vacation at her old home in Claressa, Minn.

Mrs. J. Leatham, of Osakis, Minn., is enjoying a month in our city visiting her two sons and daughter, Mrs. W. E. Parker and the Leatham boys, with the Minnesota Iron company.

Local land men report that there are a great many land seekers going up north and filing on homesteads. It is expected there will be a big influx of settlers north of Hibbing.

The Swan River Logging company and the Great Northern have completed their logging operations around Cass Lake and Bemidji.

Dr. Manson is spending a week at his home in Minneapolis and incidentally taking in the state fair.

Mrs. A. A. Thomas, of the Hibbing Sentinel, left on Monday for Minneapolis, she will spend the week seeing the sights at the state fair.

Editor Surdson of the Hibbing Tribune has sold out his interest in that paper to H. C. Garrott of Eveleth. The new publisher is to become a citizen of Hibbing and he undoubtedly will improve the publication in many ways and make it a paper of which our city will be proud.

The progress of agricultural development all along the line of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, between Hibbing and Duluth is simply astonishing. Where but ten years ago was nothing but a desolate barren wilderness, the country is now dotted with humble homes. The number of new settlers taking up homes on this line of railway is marvelous.

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GRAND RAPIDS

Grand Rapids, Sept. 5.—John Doran and his niece, Katharine Doran, returned Friday from their trip to relatives in Ontario.

Dr. Geo. C. Gilbert left Monday for the Twin Cities. He will also take in the sights at the state fair.

Billy Flanegan left for Minneapolis Monday to visit his parents and also to take in the state fair.

John S. Lofberg has the contract from District No. 6 for the erection of two school houses in the Swan River district.

Mr. and Mrs. T. E. McDonald, of Hibbing, were here yesterday, looking after their property interests hereabouts.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis McMahon, of Aitkin, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Sullivan, arriving here on the steamer last Saturday.

Claude Parry returned from Minneapolis last Thursday, where he has been for the past two weeks visiting relatives and friends.

C. C. Miller went to Duluth Saturday to meet his wife and sons on their return trip from their visit to Mrs. Miller's old home in Ontario.

Mrs. W. C. Messenger was a passenger on the steamer Irene Sunday morning. She will spend a week at her old home at Aitkin.

H. E. Neveux and wife left Sunday for Minneapolis to spend fair week in the Flour city.

Mrs. Hattie Booth left for the Twin Cities to take in the state fair on Monday.

Thos. Rasmussen left Wednesday for Minneapolis, to see the state's big stock show.

County Auditor Farrell left Tuesday for the Twin Cities to take in the state fair.

Peter Wilkie, of Wilkie's Valley 61-63, arrived in town Tuesday and will make this his home during the winter.

Mrs. W. H. Mentor and Mrs. Hoon, of Brainerd, and Mrs. Byrd, of Deer River, were guests of Mrs. John Craig last week.

Mrs. Roy Douglas, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Lane, arrived from Nome, Alaska, last week for a visit with her parents and relatives here.

Miss Edith Aiken arrived home Wednesday last from Minneapolis, much improved in health by the medical treatment undergone in the Flour City.

Mrs. Northmore and daughter, of Duluth, who had been guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Graffam, have returned home.

Victor Evans, of Trout Lake, left for Valparaiso, Ind., last week, where he goes to study law in the college there.

Miss Della Vaness, Ada Kremer and Grace Duffy will leave September 15 for Carlton college.

Jarvis Partridge left Tuesday afternoon for Minneapolis. He goes down to attend the University of Minnesota.

Chas. E. Seelye was a Chisholm visitor last week, closing up a contract to cut and bank 25,000,000 feet of pine next winter. The seat of his operation will be near Swan River.

Mrs. E. E. Johnson, of Cass Lake, spent a few days here this week, visiting her friend, Mrs. H. H. Klinke. Monday she purchased of Mrs. Stevens property, opposite the new high school, and will erect a handsome home thereon at once.

The Misses Cane, who have been visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Ward left Thursday for their home in Ontonogan, Mich. Mrs. Ward accompanied them and will spend a month visiting relatives.

C. J. King has resigned his position at C. H. Marr's and has accepted a similar position at Cannon Falls, and left for that place Sunday.

ELY

Ely, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. J. Thomas, the attorney, was attending court in Duluth this week. He also visited in St. Paul and other points.

Roy Shannon, bookkeeper for O'Neal Bros., left Thursday morning to take in the state fair. He will also visit his old home in Stillwater before his return.

Robert Bedford was a Duluth bound passenger on Thursday morning's train.

The seven-months' old child of John Prejetel died Monday and was buried from the Catholic church Tuesday afternoon.

O. G. Korb left Monday morning for Chicago.

Mrs. John Kinsman left Monday morning for a month's visit at her old home in Michigan. She was accompanied as far as Duluth by her husband.

Miss Mable Morrison has resigned her position with S. G. Cox and has been succeeded by Miss Emma Aubin.

Mike Murphy, manager of the Vail Clothing company, has gone to the Eastern markets.

School opened here on Monday last with a full compliment of teachers. Professor Newberg against acting as superintendent.

The old pest house on the lake shore was destroyed by fire Thursday by order of the board of health and the city council.

Adolph Walker, foreman for the O'Neal Bros., left Thursday morning for a visit to his home in Stillwater.

Runquist & Engle of Two Harbors have secured the contract for the new water mains from the city, the contract price being as follows: for excavating ground and laying pipe, $2.39 per lineal foot and for rock work $4.50 per cubic yard.

A baby party was given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Cowen on Thursday afternoon in honor of their little son, who attained his first year on that day.

A human skeleton was found on Sunday last on the portage between Little Long and Long lakes by Charles Larson, while out on a hunting expedition. Mr. Larson at once notified Deputy Coroner Vail, who along with some others proceeded to the spot. There was little left to identify the body but it is supposed to be the remains of Nels Nelson, who disappeared from here about 2½ years ago. A pair of suspenders were found hanging on a limb of a tree just above the body and the conjecture is that he committed suicide. The remains were put in a coffin and buried near where they were found.

Attorney J. W. Osborne was doing business in Duluth several days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Al. Kolstadt returned to town Saturday after a protracted stay on their homestead in the Vermilion Lake country.

Frank Degan has accepted a position as night clerk at the Vail hotel.

Mrs. Elisa and Lila Polkinghorn are spending the week in Hibbing, guests of Capt. and Mrs. Joseph Thomas of that place.

M. O. Aubolee, county attorney of Lake county, was doing legal business in the city Tuesday.

The Ely Star band, under the leadership of John Kinsman, played at the Austrian picnic held at Tower Sunday last and on their return played several selections on the streets, which were well received.

The Rev. Henry Logan, pastor of the M. E. church, was visiting in Soudan Tuesday.

Luther Brockway, of the Exchange bank, has recovered from his recent illness.

Charles Bedord, who some time ago had the misfortune to break his leg, at the Savoy mine, is able to be around again on crutches.

Thomas Jury is the successful contractor for the new school house at the Savoy mine and the work will be pushed with all speed possible.

Mrs. Axel Maattson, after a month spent with relatives in Duluth and Superior, returned home Thursday evening.

Robert Whiteside and family of Duluth arrived in the city Thursday evening and will spend some time in this vicinity camping out on the different lakes.

Charles Scheafer, the Duluth and Iron Range agent of Tower, was in the city Tuesday on business.

W. K. Opie and Polydore Aubin returned Saturday night from Minneapolis where they had been attending the photographic convention.

Postmaster and Mrs. W. J. Cowling are enjoying a visit from Mrs. Cowling's mother, Mrs. Paul Williams of Cleveland, Ohio.

Miss Alva Schaefer left Saturday morning for Iron River, Wis., where she will be employed as teacher in the public schools.

Capt. and Mrs. Pale returned Friday noon from their two week's visit in Toronto and other Eastern points.

Frank Selnkovee, an Austrian, died at the Shipman hospital on Thursday afternoon from consumption. He was a young man and unmarried. He is a member of one of the local Austrian societies and will be buried from the Catholic church on Sunday morning at 9 o'clock.

There was born to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Cowling on Friday morning a boy.

Messrs. William Bedford, W. H. Cowling and Frank Harrison arrived in the city from the Mesaba range on Friday noon after an absence of several months.

CLOQUET

Cloquet, Sept. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Minnie Schultz, directress of the choir of St. Clements' church, of Duluth, who was visiting Miss M. Leroy, returned Mrs. Dennis Monday. While here, on Sunday morning, at high mass, and also at vespers, she furnished a rare treat for the attendants of the Sacred Heart church.

Mrs. J. E. Lynds and her guest, Miss Ross, left Tuesday for Davenport, Iowa, to visit friends.

Miss Catherine Brotherton, who has been visiting Mrs. James Peacha for some time, left on Wednesday for her home at Mankato, Minn.

Mrs. M. Erwin and daughters, Alice and Callie, are attending the fair in Minneapolis this week.

Messrs. J. Thorp and Zimmerman are gone on a hunting trip to McGregor.

Mrs. John Long and children left on Wednesday for an extended visit with her parents at Chippewa Falls, Wis.

Frank Seely arrived home on Wednesday from his Russell left trip.

Edgar Dalzell was a Duluth caller Tuesday.

Mrs. F. B. Poole returned on Tuesday from an extended visit with friends in Wisconsin and Iowa.

Andrew Johnson and wife are in Minneapolis this week, attending the fair.

Mesdames Lowrie and Hulhorst, both of Nebraska, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Lowrie.

Charles Edmundson and wife are in Minneapolis this week, attending the fair. Before they return they will make a short visit in Eau Claire, Wis.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Simpson left this week for a trip to the Twin Cities, Stillwater and Waterloo, Iowa.

Miss Jessie Selk is visiting friends in St. Paul this week.

Misses Maud Seely and Louise Koch left this week for a visit in Stillwater and St. Paul.

Mrs. Edward Graham left on Monday to join her husband in Jacksonville, Oregon. Mr. Graham holds a responsible position with the Council Bluffs Lumber company at that place. Mrs. Graham was accompanied by a number of her friends as far as Carlton.

Miss Vera Cookson leaves on Sunday to enter the Normal at Duluth.

Miss Dora Patenaude was visiting friends in Duluth this week.

Miss Julia Peacha is visiting friends at Hay Lake.

W. H. Skemp and son are attending the fair this week.

A. E. Quinn is spending a few days with friends at Mass, Mich.

Miss Florence Leuch, who has been quite ill, is now convalescing.

Mrs. Dan Cameron is visiting friends in Superior this week.

Mr. John D. Peters returned after spending a few days in Minneapolis this week.

C. J. McNair made a business trip to Chicago this week.

Albert Cox returned this week after traveling through a portion of the West.

Fred Speechly made a business trip to Duluth on Wednesday.

John Twohy, of Duluth, transacted business in Cloquet on Thursday.

Gust Gilbert returned on Thursday from a cruising trip.

Miss Margaret Wallace is visiting in St. Paul this week.

Mrs W. M. Oswald who was taken to St. Mary's hospital at Duluth this week, is improving.

Mrs. James Dwyer is in the Twin Cities this week.

L. A. Fish made a business trip to St. Paul this week.

Mrs. Dick Rise will entertain the ladies' auxi

New Things Strange and Curious

A CURIOUS MOOSE.

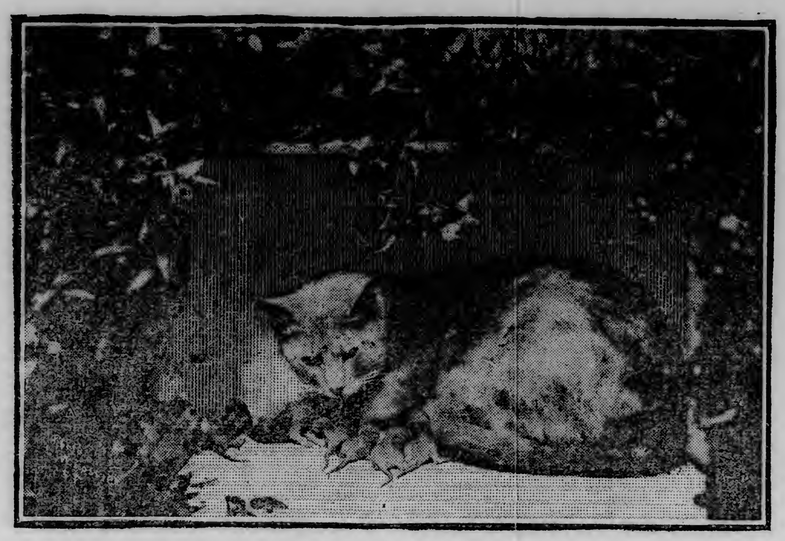
Woodsmen are utterly at a loss to account for the strange antics which moose in the immediate section around Moosehead Lake continue to perform. By nature the moose is alert, wary, ever fleeing at the approach of man, ever on the lookout to avoid him; but within the last year or so there have been several notable variations from this general rule.

Take, for instance, the case of Molly, the cow moose who first made her appearance in the vicinity of the camps of the Night Hawk Club, at Sugar Island. When Molly first came she was timid and kept at a respectful distance, but she was, like all of her sex, curious, and in due time this curiosity made her forget her real nature. At the end of two weeks she would feed from the hands of the members and allow herself to be stroked.

When the members broke camp they drove Molly on board the steamer and brought her to Kineo, where she was released. The animal remained on the hotel lawn for several weeks and would doubtless be there yet but for the fact that she fell from a high bank while feeding and broke her neck on the rocky shores of the lake.



CAT PLAYING MOTHER TO TEN RATS.



Messrs. Anderson and Chanslor, grocers in a Southern California town, owned a handsome Maltese cat, named "Mrs. Muggins." She was a good rat catcher and kept the store free from the destructive rodents. Sometime ago a market near the grocery store was being cleaned out and a litter of ten little rats was found.

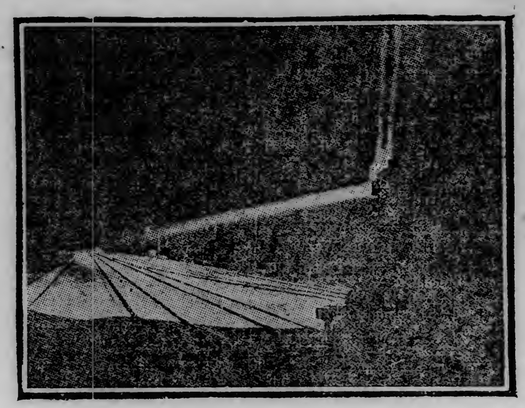
The men who found them carried the litter over to the grocery, where "Mrs. Muggins" was about to become a mother. They turned the rats out on the floor, expecting to see "Mrs. Muggins" devour them. But, to their surprise, after looking them over for a time, she began to lick them. Then she lifted them by the nape of the neck, and, carrying them away to a quiet corner, fed them. After nursing them for three days her own kittens were born, and then she devoted her attention to them.

NEW ELECTRIC HEADLIGHT.

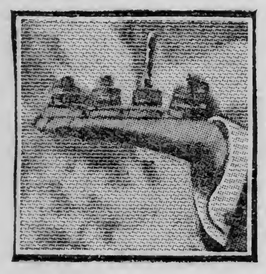
In the accompanying picture is shown a new electric headlight for railway engines, which in addition to sending a powerful ray along the tracks in front of the engine also projects a powerful vertical beam. Indeed, the latter causes such an illumination that it is possible not only to detect the presence of an engine but also in many cases to follow its path and determine which way it is heading.

An engine driver is by this means placed in touch with the movements of other trains in his vicinity and is enabled to detect their presence.

In France there are 15,319 women employed as gatekeepers at the railway crossings. They get very small pay, but are provided with houses.



Of all the wonderful varieties in both color and shape of plants which grow in all parts of the world nothing is more curious than the cactus plants. For years they have been studied and experimented with by horticulturists until now no floral exhibition, public or private, is deemed complete without a collection of cacti. Recently enthusiasts



have introduced a novelty in the many curiosities of cacti in the shape of miniature plants, many of them so small that they stand in tiny flower pots scarcely an inch in height. Anyone may hold four or five of these plants in the palm of the hand, as illustrated above.

There is a penalty of $50 for importing into England a live specimen of the Colorado beetle.

From Marengo to Moscow was the long swing in the pendulum of Napoleon's life, the one the greatest battle out of which he came with his life, the other the abyss which engulfed him. Mr. J. M. Buckley, who is a literary expert on coincidences, points out how strangely the letter M played a part in the life of the great conqueror.

Marboe was the first to recognize the genius of Napoleon, at the Ecole Militaire. Melas opened to him the way to Italy. Mortier was one of his first generals. Moreau betrayed him and Murat was the first martyr to his cause. Maria Louise partook of his highest destinies. Metternich conquered him on the field of diplomacy.

Six marshals—Massena, Mortier, Marmont, Macdonald, Murat, Money—and twenty-six of his generals of divisions had names beginning with the letter M.

Murat, Duke of Bassano, was the counsellor in whom he placed the greatest confidence. His first great battle was that of Montenotte; his last was that of Mount Saint-Jean. He gained the battles of Moscow, Montmirail and Montereau. Then came the assault of Montmartre. Milan was the first enemies' capital and Moscow the last in which he entered.

He lost Egypt through the blunders of Menou, and employed Miollis to make Pius VII. prisoner. Malet conspired against him, afterward Marmont. His Ministers were Maret, Montalivet and Mollien. His first Chamberlain was Montesquieu.

Lincolnshire has the biggest English farm. Over two thousand acres are under plough. The second largest is near Coldstream, in Northumberland.

There is a small town in Sweden which will very probably soon be deserted by those of its residents who are unusually stout. The reason is because the local authorities recently issued an ordinance to the effect that they intend to impose a graduated tax on the residents, according to their weight, and to spend the money thus collected in making public improvements.

Persons who weigh 100 pounds or less will not be taxed; those who weigh from 100 to 200 pounds will each be taxed $3 a year; those who weigh from 200 to 350 pounds will each be taxed $6 a year and a tax bill for a larger amount, which will be in strict proportion to the weight, will be sent annually to every one who weighs more than 350 pounds.



A lifelike portrait of a hippopotamus is one of the least attractive studies of physiognomy in the entire animal kingdom. The facial expression is at least dignified, yet the lines of the face, when considered by themselves, are even repulsive. The accompanying photograph shows the face of one of the largest hippopotami in the world. From having gazed stolidly at millions of spectators and listened to many thousands of uncomplimentary remarks he has gained that expression of sphinxlike calm which dominates his features. The portrait was taken just after the "hippo's" morning toilet, which consisted of a vigorous scrubbing of soap and water, had been completed.

Japanese Goddess.

O Kame is the name of the dainty little lady who is shown in the accompanying picture, and for centuries she has been regarded as one of the most potent deities who hold sway over Japan. A popular goddess she is, too, and in many legends she plays a prominent part.

The figure in the picture is fashioned of a curious Japanese metal, which is a combination of copper, gold and silver. An exquisite piece of workmanship the figure is, so beautiful indeed that more than one Europ-



pean expert has written golden words in praise of it. Naturally, it took a long time to produce a gem of this kind, but then in Japan the metal workers are not only consummate artists, but also wonderfully patient, and for these reasons the work which they do is almost invariably faultless even to the minutest details.

Though quite small, this figure of O Kame is costly and is highly prized by the Japanese statesman who owns it. He has several other figures in his collection, but among them all there is not one which is more beautiful than this.

Pitcher's Corn Feat.

Some time ago there was a wonderful story in the European journals about certain grains of ancient Egyptian corn which had been planted in Germany and had duly come to life. The grains, they said, had been found in an Egyptian sarcophagus and had been planted by a Dresden florist. Some days later the corn appeared above ground, much to the surprise of scientists, who did not suppose that there was any life in grain, which were from four to five thousand years old.

The corn, however, was certainly growing, and even the most incredulous among them soon became convinced that grains have a lease of life to which there is practically no limit.

Alas! A boy, employed by the Dresden florist, has now confessed that he planted some ordinary grains in the same place where his master had planted the Egyptian ones and only a few hours after the florist had completed his work. This was sad news for the scientists and for the numerous journalists who had written enthusiastically about the miraculous qualities of the ancient grains. The corn is still growing in the garden of the Dresden florist, but no one now imagines that any of it is of Egyptian origin.

One of the most remarkable carnivorous vegetables in the world is the pitcher plant of the tropics. It is safe to say at least that no other plant in its kingdom is more ingenious in catching its prey and in disposing of them afterward.

The plant, as will be seen in the accompanying illustration, is shaped very much like a pitcher, with the mouth, of course, at the top. The pitcher is, moreover, perfectly water tight and is usually well filled with



rain water. The sides are very smooth and inviting.

The plant thus equipped lies in wait, if the expression may be used, until some fly or small insect enters or falls into the water compartment. So smooth are the sides that when the prey is once in the water it has great difficulty in getting out, and, as a rule, quickly drowns. The insect is then devoured by the plant.

Recently a Frenchman named Combes called at a friend's house in the morning on some important business and was disappointed to find that he was still in bed. As he could not wait, he left a brief message and was going away when he noticed through the kitchen window that the cook was preparing a savory dish of snails for his friend's breakfast. This furnished him with an idea for a joke, and a few hours later he telephoned to his friend from a neighboring town, whereupon the following conversation occurred:

"Hello, Combes, is that you?"

"Yes, my dear."

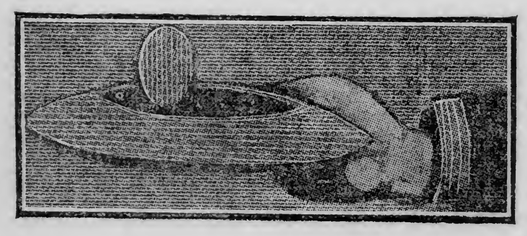
"Sorry I missed you this morning."

"I wanted to consult you about—Great heavens, what a smell of snails! You must have eaten some this morning."

"Snails! Heaven preserve us! Do you mean to say that you can smell them at this distance?"

Hull has the cheapest crematorium in Great Britain. The charge is only a guinea ($5.25). At Woking the charge is £5 ($25).

All the world knows how Columbus on a historic occasion made an egg stand on end. After many learned theories had been advanced for balancing the egg he set the egg on end by, of course, mashing down hard enough to form a base; but the problem is capable of still another solution. It is an easy matter to set an egg on a plate, for instance, if you know how. The trick is impossible until the egg has been boiled in an upright position. The position of the hardened yolk at the end of the shell lowers the center of gravity until the sphere can be spun, or even balanced, with ease.

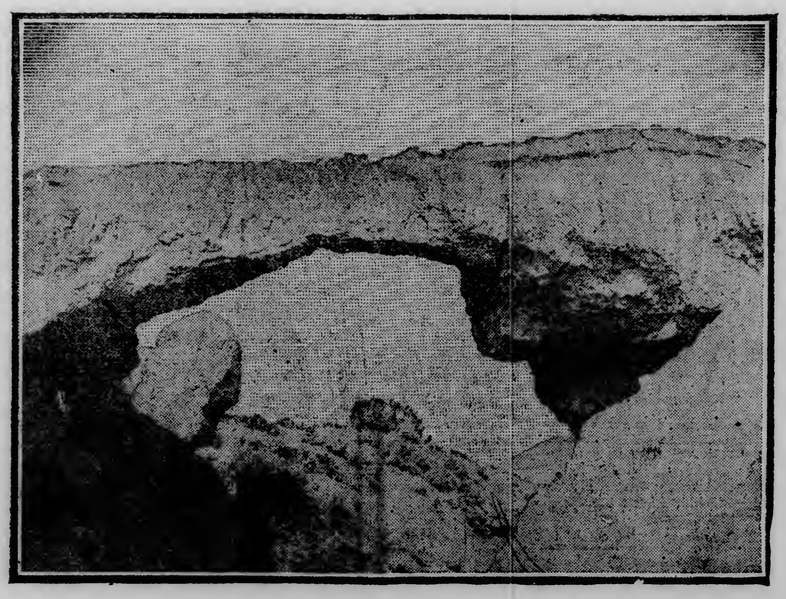


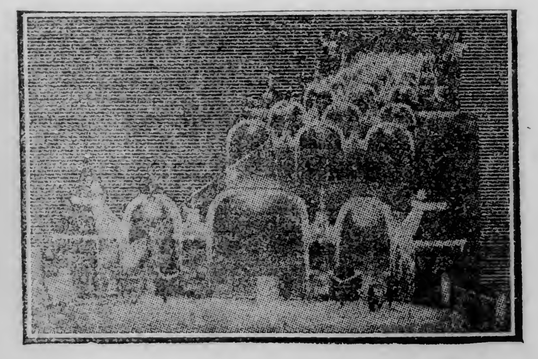
One of America's most widely advertised curiosities is the Natural Bridge in Virginia. Together with the great geysers of the Yellowstone, the canyons of the Colorado and the Falls of Niagara, is this mentioned as one of the sights all good Americans should see before they die.

Within a few years another natural bridge has been discovered which, while perhaps not as large as that of Virginia, is quite as symmetrical and more picturesque in its setting of bad lands, with sage brush the only vegetation near it and limestone furnished for its construction by nature's architect.

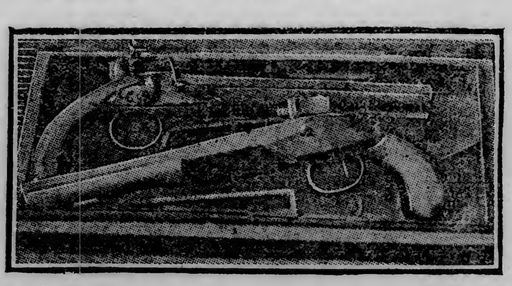
Bridging a chasm high up on the bad lands near the Frost Road ranch, between Metetsee and Cody, Wyo., it commands a view of the undulating plains, barren bad lands and "benches," while in the distance loom the snow capped Rockies on one side, the McCullar peaks on another and to the south the Big Horn range of mountains.

Under the bridge, in its shadow, sometimes rests a lone elk, while prairie dogs scamper from house to house and bark at each other. An occasional magpie lights on it to rest from its weary flight across the plains, and once in a while a rattlesnake glides out from some nearby crevice to bask in the sun.





The north steel pier at Brighton, England, is said to be the most brilliantly illuminated structure by night in the world. It is hard to realize how any public thoroughfare could be lighted more brightly than certain blocks in Broadway or other American streets. A comparison of these streets by night with the Strand, Piccadilly and other night thoroughfares in London is interesting to the American. The accompanying photograph of the great new Colifs Pier at Brighton would seem to prove that it is, without doubt, the brightest thoroughfare in the world. The arrangement of lights is artistic and effective. The illustration is considered one of the most successful night photographs ever taken.



The famous pistols which Aaron Burr and Alexander Hamilton used in their duel are still preserved, being now the property of Major Richard Church, of Rochester. The quaint old weapons have a remarkable history, well worth the telling, having figured in several famous duels, both before and after the tragic Hamilton affair. The pistols were made in the middle of the eighteenth century by Wogdon, the famous gunsmith of London. They are very simple in construction. The barrels are smooth bore, octagonal in form, with flintlocks and a quick trigger. The stock and forepiece are of one piece of heavy polished black walnut.

When Alexander Hamilton received Burr's challenge and decided to accept, he said to his brother-in-law, Mr. Church: "I don't know what weapons to use against Burr."

"Why don't you use my weapons?" replied Church. "I used them once on Burr and they made his buttons fly."

Hamilton took and used them, with the well known tragic result. The same pistols were twice used afterward in settling affairs of honor, but without fatal results.

10 PAGES

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

10 PAGES

TWENTY-FIRST YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1903. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TWENTY-FIVE VILLAGES BURNED BY THE TURKS

Many Women and Children Brutally Killed.

War Between Turkey and Bulgaria Inevitable.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Sept. 7.—The revolutionary headquarters received information today that the Turks have burned or otherwise destroyed nearly all the villages in the district of Kastoria, near the Greek frontier. The villages in that district were the largest in Macedonia, each having from 1000 to 2000 inhabitants. Among the largest burned were Zagoritchani, Dumbeni, Konomladi, Mokront and Kosinetz. Altogether about twenty-five villages in that part of Macedonia have been destroyed. It is added that 300 women and children, fugitives from Zagoritchani, went to the Turkish commander of the district to seek assistance and protection from the Bashi-Bazouks. The commander promised them protection, but when the fugitives left the Bashi-Bazouks pursued, outraged and killed many of the women and children. The Turks have concentrated 18,000 soldiers in the Kastoria district, who are openly burning villages.

Constaltinople, Sept. 7.—War between Turkey and Bulgaria is now regarded here as inevitable. It is even believed that the outbreak of hostilities will occur before the end of September, when the reinforcements from Asia will have been concentrated in Macedonia and in the vilayet of Adrianople. It is not thought that there will be any formal declaration of war, in view of Bulgaria's vassal status, but that some frontier incident will precipitate hostilities. The Bulgarians and Macedonians residing in Constantinople are in terror of massacre. A large number of them were arrested a few days ago as a "preventative measure," and they have not yet been released. The mear of a massacre is probably exaggerated, although, in view of the present excited state of Mussulman feeling, an insignnficant incident might perhaps lead to a massacre. The terrible accounts received regarding the conduct of the Turkish troops have not surprised European circles here, but many who have hitherto been optimistic in their views now accept the prevailing belief that Turkey is on the eve of a catastrophe.

A consular dispatch from Salonica says that according to authentic information the insurrection in the district of Monastir has been practically stamped out. Bashi-Bazouks assisted the regular troops in the work of repression, which is said to have been carried out with sanguinary ruthlessness, the object of the Turks being, apparently, to exterminate not only the Bulgarian inhabitants but all the Christians of whatever nationality.

UNITED STATES SQUADRON GIVES FEELING OF SECURITY

Presence of American Warships at Beirut Has Had An Excellent Effect On the Turks, Who Are Most Cordial to the Americans.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The navy department today made public the following cablegram from Admiral Cotton regarding the Turkish situation, dated Beirut, Sept. 4:

"Vice consul shot at but uninjured. The Turkish officials have informed consul that four men have been placed under arrest. It is suspected that they had attacked the vice consul. I cabled Friday afternoon to the American minister at Constantinople the arrival of the United States squadron. The American minister has nothing to communicate. I have strengthened the American representatives' position by pronounced recognition. The American consul and the vice consul accompanied me in my call on the Turkish governor and the Turkish general, and were present at their call on board the Brooklyn. The Turkish officials very cordial. The Turkish admiral is here. The following Turkish ships are there: One small gunboat, one armored cruiser. Usual courtesies exchanged. Have conferred with the consul freely; will confer with other prominent American citizens Sunday and next day. I shall require a full statement in writing of the situation at Beirut. The presence of the American squadron inspires a feeling of security in all foreigners and Christians. "COTTON."

CIVIC FEDERATION TO REORGANIZE

New York, Sept. 7.—Changes in the organization and methods of the National Civic federation have been decided on by the executive committee which will be discussed at a conference of the federation in Chicago Oct. 14 and 15. This will be preliminary to a week's international industrial congress of the federation at St. Louis next June. It is understood that the sub-title "Industrial department," will be dropped. Chairman Hanna's title of chairman will be changed to president and the title of Secretary Easley to chairman of the executive council, the office of secretary to be filled later.

The president has been authorized to appoint several committees, including those on "hours of work," "methods of payments," and "employes welfare work." The latter committee will arrange for a conference of employers in this city in November to discuss ways of bettering the condition of employes. The general work also is to be divided into sections such as "building trades," "metal trades," "textile industry," transportation," "mining," and "miscellaneous," to further the work of the federation.

RIFLEMEN PREPARE FOR BUSY DAY

Seagirt, N. J., Sept. 7.—The opening day of the second week of the big shooting torunament here is far from a quiet one. The day is crowded with events of general interest. The weather conditions are all that could be desired. The first target work of the morning was begun shortly after 8:30 a. m., when the competitors reported to complete the firing in the skirmish team match, which was not concluded Saturday, because of a storm. The Leech cup match, next in order, is being shot in the stages of 800 yards, 900 yards and 1000 yards. The inter-club fatch for the rifle club championship of the United States, open to teams of five men from any rifle club or association, ten shots per man, with any military rifle and any ammunition, will begin late today, as will the company team match, seven shots per man, at 200 and 500 yards, and open to military teams of five members each. In order to provide for the events mentioned, the range is being kept open continuously, the customary midday recess being omitted.

LIVESTOCK DEALERS

Attend Opening of New Stock Yards at Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Sept. 7.—The greatest gathering of livestock dealers that ever visited Pittsburg attended the formal opening today of the new union stock yards at Herris Island. Cattlemen from all parts of the country were present and representatives from all the large concerns in both eastern and western meat centers were on hand. The earlier hours of the day were spent in an inspection of the yards, after which refreshments were served. Later the formal exercises took place upon a stand erected in the open air. The speakers were Frank McClain, Lancaster, Pa., Samuel W. Allerton, Chicago, and James Francis Burke of this city.

Simon O'Donnell, general manager of the company, officiated as master of ceremonies.

FIRE AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Sept. 7.—The wholesale paint and oil house of O. H. and E. Whitelaw, was partly burned today. The loss is estimated at $6,000. Fifteen persons who were in the building escaped.

ON THE POTOMAC

The Middle States Regatta Is Being Held.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The Middle States regatta, under the auspices of the Potomac River Regatta association, was held here today and was witnessed by a large crowd. Favorable weather, a legal holliday and the presence of some of the notable oarsmen of the country combined to arouse interest in the event. In all there are sixteen races scheduled, the first beginning at 10 o'clock and continuing until late in the afternoon. The prizes consist of fifty-eight gold medals and silken banners that go to the winning individuals and clubs. The course was patrolled by a government vessel to prevent crowding or interference with the oarsmen. Each race was rowed over a straightaway course, the decision of the committee in this respect meeting universal approval. The torpedo boat Cushing was placed at the disposal of the committee and was used as a refcree and press boat.

SNOW AT LEADVILLE.

Leadville, Col., Sept. 7.—Snow fell in this city for two hours last night.

LABOR DAY PARADES

A Strong Feature of Observances Throughout the Country.

Thousands of Men In Line In Various Cities.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—It is estimated that between 100,000 and 125,000 trade unionists took part in the Labor day parade here, making it the greatest demonstration in the history of Cook county labor celebrations. The procession formed in sections, in two parts of the city, joined forces in Michigan avenue and marched past a reviewing stand opposite the Auditorium hotel. The day was generally observed as a holiday, nearly every factory in the city, the banks, board of trade and stock exchange suspending business. The parade disbanded at noon and a majority of the marchers hurried to various picnics in outlying parks and groves, where a number of locally prominent speakers delivered addresses.

Pittsburg, Sept. 7.—Labor day was fittingly celebrated here today with a monster parade, followed by a mass meeting and sports at Schenley park. Probably 20,000 marchers were in the parade, which was composed of four divisions. The mass meeting at Schlenly park was attended by an immense throng. Addresses were made by W. C. Long, of New York, president of the Commercial Telegraphers' union; M. P. Carrick, general secretary of the Brotherhood of Painters, Paperhangers and Decorators, of Indianapolis; John R. O'Brien, of Buffalo, president of the Retail Clerks' Protective association; David Tobin, of the Boot and Shoe Workers, and Patrick Dolan, of the Union Miners. Sporting events of all kinds on the Schenley park program closed the day.

Cincinnati, Sept. 7.—The Labor day parade and demonstration generally here was the largest in the history of the city, owing to the dual phase of the occasion. The Cincinnati fall festival opened today for twelve days, and the opening day was that of the labor organizations, to be followed by Ian Nic Nic, home comers fraternal order, school children, commercial travelers, German, Irish, business men's and Cincinnati days. Many bands, engaged by the fall festival, participated in the great demonstration, also those connected with the venetian spectacle of Marco Polo.

Cleveland, Sept. 7.—The feature of the celebration of Labor day in this city was the parade, which was by far the greatest demonstration of the kind ever witnessed in Cleveland. It is estimated that 25,000 union men were in line, a very large proportion being in uniform and every class of organized labor was represented. The floats and banners were on an elaborate scale.

Oshkosh, Wis., Sept. 7.—A procession, a picnic, a water carnival and a fire run are the features of the Labor day celebration here today. One thousand men were in line. The addresses were delivered by local mn.

La Crosse, Wis., Sept. 7.—Twenty-five hundred uniformed men were in the Labor day parade, this morning, the largest turn out ever seen in La Crosse. The day was spent at a park in the outskirts of the city, where an interesting program of special events was pulled off.

Milwaukee, Sept. 7.—Labor, generally rested today and business of nearly all kinds was at a standstill. The members of the Federated Trades' council marched over 10,000 strong to Pabst park, where the day was spent in the usual holiday manner. Three thousand members of the Building Trades' council marched through the principal streets to Schlitz park, where a big picnic was held.

Denver, Sept. 7.—The local celebration of Labor day exceeded all former demonstrations of the kind in Colorado. More than 6000 workingmen, including a number of visiting unions, marched in the parade this morning. The unions were attired in natty uniforms. An official labor picnic and barbecue were features.

St. Louis, Sept. 7.—Labor day was celebrated here with two parades, in which it is estimated at least 40,000 men took part. That of the building trades' council was held first, followed immediately by the procession held under the auspices of the Central Trades' and Labor assembly. The celebration on the east side was the greatest in the history of Labor day. In East St. Louis 15,000 men were in line.

At Belleville the coal miners participated in the celebration, in which several thousand men of all trades took part.

St. Paul, Sept. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Union labor paraded in large numbers today, the success of the parade being assured when the rain which had been falling since early morning ceased about 10 o'clock. The turnout was one of the largest that has ever been seen in St. Paul on a similar occasion. In the afternoon a picnic was held at Harrlet island, where games, exercises of various kinds and public speaking were on the program. The principal speaker of the occasion was Archbishop Ireland, who delivered an eloquent address.



PRESIDENT ROOVEVELT.

MYSTERY OF "JIMMIE, THE BUM," UNSOLVED EVEN AFTER DEATH

Well-Known Bowery Character Was Believed to Have Been the Scapegoat Son of a Former Judge of the Supreme Court.

New York, Sept. 7.—Dying, as he had lived, a mystery to the denizens of Mulberry Bend and Chinatown, "Jimmie, the bum," who gave his name to the police a few days ago as James Murray, but who is believed by his closest cronies, to have been the scapegrace son of a former judge of the supreme court, who once lived in Brooklyn, will be buried tomorrow afternoon by those among who he lived. It is not their contributions alone which will pay the expenses of his funeral. As his body lay in a casket in a Mulberry street undertaking shop, the past of "Jimmie, the bum" was wrapped still further in mystery when two well-dressed women, heavily veiled, who rdeclined to give any names or addresses, joined the mourners and when they left dropped two bank notes into the battered cup which stood at the head of the casket.

No one could be found who knew "Jimmie" by any other name, although for a dozen years he had spent his life in the space of two or three blocks. Once he received an income from some source, but of recent years his income was irregular. When the news of his death spread through the Bowery hundreds of his miserable comrades visited the room where the body lay and as each one passed pennies, nickles and dimes fell into the cup to pay for the funeral.

STATE SENATOR A. F. FERRIS DEAD

Brainerd, Minn., Sept. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—State Senator Al. F. Ferris died at 8:15 this morning, following an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. Ferris was president of the First National bank here, having been appointed teller of the institution in 1885, elected cashier in 1886 and president in January, 1892. He was born at Pennyburg, N. Y., in 1865, and came to this state in 1872. His education consisted of the common school course and two years at Carleton college, Northfield. Governor Merriam appointed him a member of the game and fish commission in 1891, and he became secretary of the same upon its organization as a board. Mr. Ferris was vice president of the Brainerd board of trade, and had served three terms in the house before being elected to the senate.

COLD-BLOODED MURDER IN MONTANA

St. Paul, Sept. 7.—A Livingston, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: What appears to have been a cold-blooded murder, without any extenuating circumstances, occurred in a saloon at Clyde Park, twenty miles northwest of Livingston last night, when Ed. Proffit shot an dinstantly killed Sam Lee. Both were well-known stockmen. It appears that the two men were together a good portion of the day at Clyde Park and were the best of friends. They disagreed about a dance to be given in the neighborhood when, without warning, Proffit drew a revolver and fired two shots into Lee. Lee fell at his assassin's feet and died instantly.

IS WORTH $8,000.

Handicap to Be Run at Harlem Park.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—The twentieth century handicap, having a gross value of more than $8000, will be run at Harlem park this afternoon. The distance for the event is a mile and three-sixteenths, starting at the head of the home stretch with a straight run of a quarter of a mile before making the first turn.

There being twelve horses in the field, it is thought this arrangement will prevent crowding at the start and eliminate the chances of interference. The 3-year-olds, Claude and Judge Himes, were equal favorites in the early betting today at 5 to 2, with the probability that Claude will be the post favorie, if the track remains fast. The probable starters are: Claude, Judge Himes, 5to 2; Six Shooter, 4 to 1; Nitrate, 8 to 1; Hargis, 10 to 1; Dr. Stephens, 12 to 2; Corrigan, 15 to 1; Lendine, 15 to 1; Major Tenny, 20 to 1; John Bright, 2 5to 1; The Don, 30 to 1; Lacy Crawford, 50 to 1.

EPISCOPALIANS TO MEET.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 7.—Arrangements have now been practically completed for the twenty-second annual convention of the Episcopal church, which will open in this city Tuesday, Nov. 3, and will be in session until the evening of Friday, Nov. 6. It is estimated that 1500 delegates will be present, while every state and territory will be well represented. The honorary chairman will be Bishop Cartland Whitehead, while Rev. D. C. C. Tiffany, of Sharon, Conn., is chairman of the executive committee.

COLORADO DEMOCRATS

To Nominate Candidate For Supreme Court Judge.

Denver, September 7.—The Democratic state convention met in this city today for the purpose of nominating a candidate for judge of the supreme court. No other nominations are to be made this year. The leading candidates for the nomination are District Judge John I. Mullins and Adair Wilson of Durango, former judges of the court of appeals. There are several "dark horses" possible.

CHICAGO BULGARIANS.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Believing war with Turkey to be imminent, Chicago Bulgarians are organizing to give financial support to their native land and to send fighting men to the field. A number of Bulgarians have left for Philadelphia, where a regiment is being formed.

Means the Prosperity of All Other People.

President Roosevelt Makes Labor Day Talk.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Clear skies, bands of music, the local military company, an unprecedented display of flags and patriotic decoration and the unbounded enthusiasm of a vast throng greeted President Roosevelt at 9:30 a. m. today when his special train rolled into the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western station. The president came to open the state fair, to review the Labor day parade and the parade of the National Association of Letter Carriers. With him on the train were his secretary, William Loeb, Jr., Jacob A. Riis, of New York, newspaper representatives, secret service men and the heads of the operative departments of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western. The run from New York was made very comfortably and was without incident. The president was met at the train by a reception committee consisting of Justice Frank B. Hiscock, James M. Gilbert, state superintendent of insurance; Francis Hendricks, Hendrick S. Holden, Mayor J. B. Kline and Francis E. Bacon, president of the chamber of commerce. They visited with the president in his car a few minutes, while the local police and secret service men cleared away the crowds and prepared for the march to Hanover square, where the president reviewed the labor parade.

The military company presented arms at the president appeared, and then, headed by the New York letter carriers' band, escorted the president and committee, who were in carriages, to the reviewing stand. The president on the march received an ovation from the densely packed throngs.

There was an immense crowd gathered at the fair grounds when the president arrived and he was given an enthusiastic reception both on his arrival and when he arose to address the people. The president spoke as follows:

In speaking on Labor day at the annual fair of the New York State Agricultural association, it is naturally to keep especially in mind the two bodies who compose the majority of our people and upon whose welfare depends the welfare of the entire state. If circumstances are such that thrift, energy, industry and forethought enable the farmer, the tiller of the soil, on the one hand, and the wageworker on the other, to keep themselves, their wives and their children in reasonable comfort, then the state is well off, and we can be assured that the other classes in the community will likewise prosper. On the other hand, if there is in the long run a lack of prosperity among the two classes named, then all other prosperity is sure to be more seeming than real. It has been our profound good fortune as a nation that hitherto, disregarding exceptional periods of depression and the normal and inevitable fluctuations, there has been on the whole from the beginning of our government to the present day a progressive betterment alike in the condition of the tiller of the soil and in the condition of the man who, by his manual skill and labor, supports himself and his family, and endeavors to bring up his children so that they may be at least as well off as, and if possible better off than, he himself has been.

> There are, of course, exceptions, but as a whole the standard of living among the farmers of our country has risen from generation to generation, and the wealth represented on the farms has steadily increased, while the wages of labor have likewise risen, both as regards the actual money paid and as regards the purchasing power which that money represents.

Side by side with this increase in the prosperity of the wage-worker and the tiller of the soil has gone on a great increase in the prosperity among the business men and among certain classes of professional men; and the prosperity of these men has been partly the cause and partly the consequence of the prosperity of farmer and wage-worker. It can not be too often repeated that in this country, in the long run, we all of us tend to go up or go down together. If the average of well-being is high, it means that the average wage-worker, the average farmer, and the average business man are all alike well off. If the average shrinks, there is not one of these classes which will not feel the shrinkage. Of course there are always some men who are not affected by good times, just as there are some men who are not affected by bad times. But speaking broadly, it is true that if prosperity comes, all of us tend to share more or less therein, and that if adversity comes, each of us, to a greater or less extent, feels the tension. Unfortunately, in this world the innocent frequently find themselves obliged to pay some of the penalty for the misdeeds of the guilty, and so if hard times come, whether they be due to our own fault or to our misfortune, whether they be due to some burst of speculative frenzy that has caused a portion of the business world to lose its head—a loss which no legislation can possibly supply—or whether they be due to any lack of wisdom in a portion of the world of labor—in each case the trouble, once started, is felt more or less in every walk of life.

Of course the real authors of the trouble always wish to lay it on the shoulders of others. When speculation and over-capitalization, or any other form of recklessness and folly or greed, bring about the inevitable day of reaction, it is natural that the people primarily to blame should endeavor to persuade both themselves and others that the fault lies with them. The claim is untrue, of course; but unfortunately it is true that while the blame belongs to the few, the penalty must often be paid by the many.

> It is all-essential to the continuance of our healthy national life that we should recognize this community of interest among our people.

The welfare of each of us is dependent fundamentally upon the welfare of all of us, and therefore in public life that man is the best representative of each of us who seeks to do good to each by doing good to all; in other words, whose endeavor it is, not to represent any special class and promote merely that class' selfish interests, but to represent all true and honest men of all sections and all classes and to work for their interests by working for our common country.

We can keep our government on a sane and healthy basis, we can make and keep our social system what it should be, only on condition of judging each man, not as a member of a class, but on his worth as a man. It is an infamous thing in our American life, and fundamentally treacherous to our institutions, to apply to any man any test save that of his personal worth,

(Continued on Page 8.)

THREE HUNDRED NEGROES UNEXPECTEDLY BAPTISED

While Watching Pastor Prepare to Immerse a Member of His Black Flock, a Pier Gives Way Throwing All Into the Water.

New York, Sept. 7.—Three hundred negro men, women and children, dressed in their Sunday best and singing gospel hymns have been precipitated into three feet of water and mud at low tide in Newark bay, at Bayonne, N. J. The pier on which they were standing collapsed just as the Rev. John Thornton was about to baptize a member of his flock. Forty persons were injured, the majority by the hysterical efforts of their companions to escape from what, for the moment, they thought was death by drowning. But when the ambulance surgeon looked over the bruised ones, he found only four who needed attention. The rest, bedraggled by mud and water, waded ashore and the baptismal was postponed.

The four injured are George Hendrickson, his wife and young son, of Bayonne, and Mrs. G. M. Thole, of Jersey City. They were all bruised from falling against broken timbers and being kicked and pushed by other persons. Mrs. Thole's ankle is broken and her shoulder is badly sprained. Several of those who took the unexpected cold plunge were whites attracted to the pier by curiosity.

DECOMPOSED BODY OF MAN FOUND

Raton, N. M., Sept. 7.—The decomposed body of a man, who must have been murdered at Fort Madison, Iowa, Sept. 2, has been found in a freight car here. The car was in a through freight train. The find was made by a car inspector, whose attention was attracted by blood on the car wheels, and a terrible stench coming from within. Investigation revealed that he had been shot three times in the right side. His watch had been cut from the chain and nothing of value was found on his person. A letter found in his coat, evidently from his wife, was addressed to J. O. Palmer, The letter was from Harvey, Ill. A Wells-Fargo receipt for a grip, dated Chicago, Sept. 1, from J. O. Palmer, and consigned to himself at Fort Madison, was also found. The car in which the body was found was received by the Santa Fe company from the Burlington at Fort Madison Sept. 2.

SHIP NEXT MONTH

Operations Are Active at Crystal Bay Corundum Mine.

Crusher and Aerial Tramway Will Be Ready In October.

Operations at Crystal bay, on the north shore, where the Minnesota Mining and Manufacturing company is developing its corundum property, continue actively, and the company will be in position to ship in October.

A contract for a dock has just been let, and work will be started upon it at once. It will be 100 feet out into the bay and sixteen feet wide. It will be completed in about two weeks.

Two carloads of the machinery for the crushing plant have been unloaded at the property, and work upon the plant is going ahead rapidly. The machinery was loaded upon a scow in Duluth and the scow was towed up to the bay by one of Whitney Bros.' tugs.

The contract for the building calls for its completion Oct. 1, and as the machinery will be put in as the building is being erected the crushing plant will be ready to operate soon after the completion of the building.

The machinery for the aerial tramway has ben shipped, and it will be here next week. It will be installed at once, and then the work of getting out the rock and send it by gravity over this aerial road to the crushing plant on the shore of the lake, a distance of less than three-quarters of a mile, will begin at once.

The company will be in a position to ship crushed corundum rock before the end of October, but that will be so far into the stormy season that it is not probable that a great amount of rock will be shipped out this fall. Work during the winter will be designed to prepare plenty of the rock for the market next year.

The parties connected with the corundum operation at Crystal bay, which used to be called Pickwick bay, have beee interested in Congressman Bede's statements that he belived a harbor of refuge should he created on the north shore, between Two Harbors and Grand Marais, and they believe that Crystal bay is where it should be located.

"In our opinion," said John Dwan, of Two Harbors, a member of the company, to The Herald Saturday, "Crystal bay is just the place for the harbor of refuge. It is of ample size, capable of harboring twenty or thirty vessels, and giving them safety during the worst northeasters. It has plenty of water and a gravel bottom. The Bradshaw, in unloading freight for us, can run right up and rest her nose on the bank while the work of unloading is in progress. There is no rock except one ledge, that runs out about where a breakwater would be constructed if the harbor of refuge were established there. This would make the building of the breakwater cheaper, and would make an excellent harbor."

Should Congressman Bede succeed in securing the establishment of a harbor of refuge on the north shore, the duty of selecting the place would fall to the local United States army engineer, in all probability.

AT WEST DULUTH

Innumerable plenics which were planned for today by West Duluth people have been called off on account of the wet weather.

Picnic parties were to be the chief method of celebrating Labor day in West Duluth, as no special celebration had been planned.

There will be two large dances given in this portion of the city this evening, one in the Wieland & Wade hall and one in the Great Eastern hall, and these will doubtless attract large crowds, as the wet weather will force all to seek shelter.

The holiday is being fairly well observed in West Duluth today. Some of the stores have closed their doors, and the majority of the offices have not opened for business. The barber shops will be closed throughout the day.

Many of the business men, however, when they heard that the parade and picnic were called off, decided to open their places of business and join in the celebration next Sunday.

FATHER FEEHELY SURPRISED.

A very pleasing incident occurred Saturday evening at the new St. James' Catholic church.

The carpenters and other men at work upon the building presented Father Feehely, pastor of the church, with a handsome solid oak morris chair. The presentation was made by J. J. Beers, a master carpenter, and was a complete surprise to Father Feehely, who had no inkling of the plans of the men.

The new building is being rapidly pushed to completion. The roof is about finished, and the plasterers and inside decorators will soon take possession.

DRINK { The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. }
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

A Cure for Asthma

The worst cases of Asthma in the world succumb readily to the one great cure that never falls. Dr. Rudolph Schiffmann's Asthma Cure almost performs miracles.

Mr. R. M. Spencer, 2380 Vermont avenue, Toledo, O., says: "Asthma has been growing on me for 3 years, until last summer the attacks became so severe that many nights I spent half the time gasping for breath. Doctors seemed to give no relief whatever, and I felt there was no hope for me, when a drug clerk recommended your Asthma Cure. Its effect is truly magical and gives complete relief in from 2 to 5 minutes."

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00. Send 2c stamp to Dr. R. Schiffmann, Box 893, St. Paul, Minn., for a free sample package.

already been baptised, coming from other churches.

The membership of the Oneota church has been growing very rapidly during the past few months, a class of new members being added every few weeks.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Patterson, Undertaker. 'Phone 3070.

The boys of the Fairmount and Irving schools will again have football elevens in the field this year, and meetings will be held this week for the purpose of choosing captains for the teams.

Rev. U. J. Lerchin, pastor of the Wentworth Avenue church, Urbana, Ill., is in West Duluth, a guest of his sister, Mrs. L. M. Merritt.

T. U. Burrett, of Au Sable, Mich., is in the city visiting P. Deloyia.

Sumner Smith will leave shortly to commence his sophomore year at Harvard college.

S. L. Kathers, of Peoria, Ill., is in West Duluth, registered at the Murray house.

Miss Alice Shannon, who has been spending the summer at White Bear and the Twin Cities, has returned to her home in West Duluth.

WILL TO BE CONTESTED

Quarrel Over Will of Capt. W. F. Norton of Louisville.

Bowling Green, Ky., Sept. 7.—Local attorneys left for Louisville to consult other lawyers relative to a contest over the will of Capt. W. F. Norton, the Louisville millionaire. Capt. Norton was reputed to be the wealthiest man in Louisville. He was unmarried. He died a few months ago in California.

Before leaving Louisville he provided generously for a few friends and associates. One provision of his remarkable will was that his body should be cremated in Cincinnati and a special train run there, provided with the choicest refreshments, to be used by those friends, some of whom were named, who cared to be present at the cremation. Capt. Norton was the owner of the auditorium in Louisville, the biggest playhouse in that city. He assumed the name of "Daniel Quilp," in order that his mother, now dead, would not know he was engaged in the theatrical business. She was wealthy and opposed to the stage.

In the event that the will is contested there will be thirteen branches of contestants. The attorneys declined to state what the grounds of the contest will be. The will was made and witnessed in California. Some of the best lawyers in this section of the state have been employed in the case.

SWEARS SHE WILL KILL MAN

Who Wronged Her and Has Wrecked Her Mind.

New York, Sept. 7.—Ada Barker, a young woman who was found praying on a New Jersey sidewalk, swears she will kill the man who wronged her and wrecked her mind. In Hudson county jail, where she is awaiting examination as to her sanity, the girl made the following statement.

"I am a graduate of Smith college," she said. "I was born in Kentucky, and when 8 years old was brought by my father to Brooklyn, where I attended a private school. My mother is dead and my father is now in Scotland, but will be in this country the 12th day of September.

"I attended the postgraduate college here in New York. I think study made my brain weak, but I have had such trouble with a certain man that it is no wonder my brain is tired. He met me at Huntington, L. I., when we were playing tennis. Of course I loved him, and I followed him to California and Mexico. I saw him twice, but I did not kill him. I will yet though."

The young woman talks incoherently at times and cannot remember enough about her relatives to give a clew, though she says if she is put on a Court street car she can find her way home.

"I want to go to my brother Arthur" she said. "I came to Jersey City from Lancaster, Ohio, the other day and lost him when he was looking after the trunks."

In the young woman's possession are several poems, among them acrostics dedicated to her by a Mrs. S. S. Lamphear Jones of St. Louis and dated July 23, 1903.

The address of Dr. M. A. Goldstein, No. 2858 West place, St. Louis, was among her effects. Several photographs of young women, one of them bearing the name of Viola Walker, were found in her valise.

BOILER EXPLODES.

Bloomington, Ill., Sept. 7.—While passing Greenville at full speed yesterday a locomotive pulling a Kansas City fast freight train on the Chicago & Alton exploded with fatal results. The killed:

ENGINEER F. J. STONEMAN.

Fatally injured: Fireman C. C. Keltner. Seriously injured: Brakeman J. A. Montgomery.

Many cars were ditched and broken. The track was blocked all day.

KING PETER RETURNS.

Belgrade, Servia, Sept. 7.—King Peter and his family have returned here after an absence of twelve days at Nish. The papers report that a reconciliation between the opposing army factions is probable through the friendly influence of Prince Arsene Karageargevitch, King Peter's brother. It is officially announced that an investigation is proceeding, but any punishments inflicted on the regicides and their co-operators in their conspiracy will be slight.

CAUGHT A LUNATIC.

Melbourne, Sept. 7.—A constable on duty at the government house has arrested an armed lunatic who said he wished to interview Lord Tennyson, the governor-general. The constable closed in on the intruder and deprived him of a loaded revolver.

A BETTER DEMAND

Lumbermen Find Increase In the Inquiry for White Pine.

Docks Pretty Well Cleaned Up — Logging Concerns Getting Ready.

Lumber manufacturers of the Northwest report an increase in the demand for white pine products, and claim that the increase is directly in line with their predictions for the fall trade. While there has been some negotiations closed.

The Duluth docks have been pretty week, no sales have yet been reported on for local stocks during the past well cleaned up to the first of this month, but some of the mills that will continue operating to the freeze-up, or that will run all winter, will have new stocks available for sale during the next few months.

Several of the harbor mills are now closing up their season's cut, somewhat earlier than was at first anticipated, but the short supply of logs is said to have influenced the manufacturers to close down rather than run at irregular intervals during the fall.

The mills at Cloquet, which resumed operations after a short suspension, have now a log supply in sight that will keep them running steadily for the rest of the season.

The Eastern demand for lumber continues excellent, and it is believed that it will insure a steady outlet for much of the head of the lake product during the coming fall and winter months.

Manufacturers report a large increase in the mail orders, particularly from western and southwestern points.

The log supply concerns are now getting in their stocks preparatory to the demand that will begin this and the coming month. It is only a matter of a few weeks before the logging contractors who have fall work on hand will begin to assemble their apparatus and crews and get their operations underway. There is some early fall logging now underway in some districts where the pine is on high ground.

Lumber shipments continue lively from this harbor, the total movement from Duulth last month being 53,763,000 feet, as compared with 46,391,000 feet in July. The August shipments this year were the heaviest of any preceding month this season.

The total movement of lumber down the lake for the season, up to Sept. 1, was 206,627,894 feet, or several million feet below the amount anticipated to that date. Rail shipments from the country mills, however, will put the production figures higher than they were last season at the beginning of September.

Following are the lake shipments of lumber from Duluth, by months, to Sept. 1:

April	16,105,600
May	44,609,814
June	45,609,080
July	46,391,000
August	53,763,000
Total	206,627,894

The Edward Hines Lumber company has purchased the steamer Helvetia, with a capacity of 60,000 feet, and the boat will be added to the company's lumber fleet on Lake Superior.

Some little interest is manifest among manufacturers in the experiment now being made by the Hines' company of embalming its green stock of lumber. Bicarbonate of soda is used in the process and it is claimed this chemical when spread over the new lumber prevents it from staining or turning black.

The Iron Range Railway company, which has owned a controlling interest in the Minnesota & International road that is being built toward the boundary from Bemidji, has recently secured the rest of the stock by a purchase from Minneapolis lumbermen. Although the Northern Pacific has generally been credited with the ownership of the new road ever since it was started, it in reality controlled but two-thirds of the stock. The first of next month the new line will cease to be known as an independent concern and will become part of the Northern Pacific system. The road will be bonded for $2,000,000 to supply the money to complete the line to the boundary and make other improvements.

W. H. Gilbert has sold to L. C. Nolan & Co., of St. Paul, about 10,000,000 feet standing pine in Douglas county, Wis., contracts having already been made to ter. The consideration is said to have log and manufacture this fall and winbeen about $50,000. The logs are to be delivered at Hawthorne, Wis., where the sawing will be done at the Bonnell mill.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., Sept. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The city schools opened this morning for the fall term, with W. C. Cobb as superintendent. The teachers are assigned as follows:

High school—Miss Harriet E. Chamberlain, principal; Miss Ida Welch, assistant, science; Miss Charlotte Hullhorst, assistant in high school and instructor in music in the grades.

Washington school—Miss Mary Jones, first primary; Miss Tillie Mumpy, second primary; Miss Margaret Kelly, third grade; Miss Drusilla King, fourth grade; Miss Laura Pool, fifth grade; Miss Agnes Forslund, sixth grade; Mrs. Patchen, eighth grade.

Jefferson school—Miss Archibald, principal fifth grade; Miss Ella Beers, first primary; Miss Maude Seely, second primary; Miss Elizabeth Lewis, second primary; Miss Clara Will, third grade; Miss Ella Schildknecht, fourth grade; Miss Ethel Monroe, fifth grade; Miss Ella Gates, sixth grade; Miss Mary Scott, seventh grade.

Lincoln school—Miss Helen Winters, principal fourth grade; Miss Winne Hart, first primary; Miss E. Maude Demel, second grade; Miss Honora Conners, third grade.

Mrs. Peter Burns, who has been visiting friends in Duluth, returned home Saturday.

Mrs. F. H. Watts, of Scanlon, was a Cloquet caller Saturday.

Mrs. George Muncin is visiting friends in the city.

The ladies' aid society of the Methodist church will meet in the Epworth league room next Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, when business of importance will be transacted.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hall are visiting friends at Trade Lake and other Wisconsin points.

The Labor day attraction here will be a game of baseball between the local hardware ninos.

Misses Floy Cameron and Fogal have accepted positions as teachers in the Scanlon school this year.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Peacha and Mr. and Mrs. R. Kermickle spent Sunday at Pike Lake.

The Odd Fellows had their annual picnic at Club lake yesterday. A large number attended.

Mr. and Mrs. John Murray returned home today after spending a few days with their daughter, Mrs. Joe Murphy, in Minneapolis.

Hugo Gustaveson spent Sunday with friends in Cloquet.

It's the quality of a Flour that tells when it comes to breadmaking. If
Zenota Flour
Is used you will always have sweet, light, nutritious bread and rolls.
TRY IT.
Made by Duluth-Superior Milling Co.
ALL GROCERS.



THE WESTERN COAL MARKET

September Prices For Anthracite Are at the Maximum.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—The Black Diamond, reviewing the Western coal market says:

With the turn of the month conditions in the Western coal trade showed very little change and it is not anticipated that there will be many important changes during the next thirty days. Prices of anthracite and some of the leading descriptions of bituminous coal have reached the maximum point for the year and there is not the incentive to buy coal for storage purposes there was the early part of the season. Demand will be confined to that part of the trade, during the present month, which has not already stocked its coal for the early fall demand and to consumers who have been backward about laying in supplies. With the turn of the month some advances in bituminous coal in Western territory became effective. These were confined almost entirely to Western coals, namely Brazil block, which was advanced 15 cents a ton; Carterville coals which were advanced 10 cents at the mines; Linton, Indiana, coals, which were advanced 10 cents at the mines.

September opens with a quiet anthracite trade. Traveling men are on the road and are working hard for business, while jobbers receiving coal from "private" sources are also making somewhat strenuous efforts to secure enough orders to take care of the coal which they have coming forward. In the movement of coal by way of the lakes there is some complaint owing to a scarcity of vessels at loading ports and it is claimed that this has curtailed the receipts at Chicago and elsewhere. All-rail coal continues to be received in fairly liberal supply and shipments of this character seem to be well maintained. Much of the coal arriving consigned to the companies' representatives is going into storage on account of the quiet demand and this is causing general satisfaction to shippers' agents, preventing, as it will, a possibility of a shortage next winter when rail receipts may be light and the demand heavier than it is at present.

Conservative sales agents in Western territory are inclined to the opinion that the dullness in the hard coal trade will continue during the present month and well into October. They claim that dealers who ordinarily buy early have their storage room well taken up with stocks of anthracite and that they will not add to these stocks until the consuming trade begins to require additional coal—with the commencement of cold weather.

In many respects the anthracite season has been reversed. Generally the dullness which is a noticeable feature at present obtains in April and May at the commencement of the new year and September and October are marked by the most active demand. The present year April and May were the most active months and it is expected that September and October will be the quietest months.

"Retail demand for anthracite is still somewhat stagnant, although inquiry is some better than it was thirty days ago and retailers are receiving orders for some small lots which usually are placed later in the season.

September prices and those which will probably prevail for anthracite coal till April 1 of next year are as follows:

	On Cars Buffalo and the Bridges. Gross ton	Free on board vessel Gross tons, N. Y.	On cars Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Peter. Net Tons
Delivered—			
Grate	$5.25	$5.50	$6.25
Egg	5.50	5.75	6.50
Stove	5.50	5.75	6.50
Chestnut	5.50	5.75	6.50

While these prices are made subject to change without notice, it is believed they are at the maximum point, and there will be no further change.

Game Rooster Gone.

James Lee and Charles Oxman were brought down from Eveleth Saturday to serve out a sixty-day jail sentence for stealing chickens. The owner of the birds declared that he would not have cared so much about the theft if the thieves had left his game rooster.

John Casey and Charles Christensen were brought down from Proctorknott Saturday afternoon and lodged in the county jail. Casey is bound over to the grand jury on the charge of stealing Christensen's watch, and Christensen is sent up ten days for drunkenness.

RHODES SCHOLARSHIPS.

New York, Sept. 7.—An educational conference has been convened by Premier Seddon to meet Dr. Parkin, the representative of the Cecil Rhodes educational fund says a imes dispatch from Wellington, N. Z. Dr. Parkin states that the interest in the Rhodes scholarships in New Zealand is keener than almost any place he has visited. He considers the arrangements for selecting New Zeland scholars satisfactory.

SWINEFORD LIKELY

To Be the First Delegate to Congress From Alaska.

Was One of Most Popular Governors Alaska Ever Had.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU

Washington, Sept. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is every prospect that Alaska will be granted a delegate in congress this winter. It has long needed one, and the need has greatly increased with the unexpected development of the resources of the mighty territory in recent years. The subcommittee of the senate committee on territories, which has just returned from Alaska, is in favor of representation by delegate, but is hostile to a territorial form of government for the great possession.

The committee went to Alaska for the special purpose of investigating conditions, and there is little doubt that its recommendations will be approved by the committee and the senate. On the house side there has long been a feeling favorable to Alaskan representation. Now that we have delegates from Porto Rico and little Hawaii, there seems to be no valid reason why we should not have one from the most extensive of our territorial possessions. In the event that a delegate is given Alaska, in all probability the Republican candidate for that office will be the present governor of Alaska, John Green Brady. Governor Brady is a New Yorker by birth, his early education, however, having been received from Judge John Green, of Tipton, Ind., to whom he was sent by the Children's Aid society of New York when a tiny tot. Later he worked his way through Yale and the Union Theological seminary, where he graduated. Later in life he engaged 17,000 acres of land in Texas, where he prepared to establish an industrial reform colony for New York slum boys, but on account of the lack of funds it was amandoned. Governor Brady went to Alaska in 1878 as a missionary with Dr. Sheldon Jackson, and later became manager of the Sitka Trading company. He was appointed governor of Alaska June 16, 1897, and was reappointed June 6, 1900, his term expiring in 1904.

The Democratic candidate is very to be Alfred P. Swineford. After many years of prominence in the upper peninsula of Michigan, Mr. Swineford became Cleveland's governor of Alaska eighteen years ago. He had a long training in mining countries, he had been a state legislator and candidate for lieutenant governor and congress. He had for years conducted what was and is still regarded as the best newspaper in Michigan's upper peninsula. He made one of the most popular governors the Russian purchase ever had. Governor Swineford has made Alaska his home ever since. He has appeared frequently in Washington in Alaskan interests.

Few people in the United States have any due comprehension of the "magnificent distances" of Alaska. It takes Governor Brady or ex-Governor Swineford to give a man a reasonable conception of the far-reaching areas added to the American domain by William H. Seward's little negotiation with the Czar Alexander II.

In the current issue of the Connecticut Magazine, a valuable historical publication, udge Lyman E. Munson has an article in which he says: "The Alaskan islands are crowned with golden sunlight at midday, while midnight darkens the capital at Washington."

"Governor Swineford, of Alaska, some years ago gave to a newspaper correspondent a story which was widely published. In this he said: 'When I am sitting in the executive residence at Sitka I am farther east from Attu island—the westernmost of the Aleutian islands—than I am west of Portland, Maine. If the capital of the United States was located with the exact center of our country it would be in the Pacific ocean 600 miles north by west of San Francisco.'"

This was before our country became a world-gurgling power. It was before the gold discoveries of the Klondike and Nome and before the mighty rush of people from everywhere to Alaska. At the same time the then governor spoke of the agricultural possibilities of the "American Switzerland," and amazed the Washington newspaper men by telling them that Indian children played baseball and danced barefooted before the executive residence in Sitka on Christmas day. He also delighted in exhibiting a map of Alaska made on the scale of an ordinary state map. It was a huge affair rolled in a big bundle, so large that no wall in Washington could be found big enough to hang it on. In actual land area Alaska is ten times as large as New York and in extent of land and water, from the Russian to the British boundary it is something collossal.

It will be no small honor to be Alaska's first delegate and incidentally the mileage to and from Skaguay to Washington each session of congress during the term (and sometimes there are three sessions) will make the Alaskan delegate the best paid man in congress, with the possible exception of the frisky and tawney Prince Cupid, of Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

* * *

The lack of preparedness which England showed on going into the South African war, and which has recently been made public through four bulky blue books issued last week in London by the commission of inquiry, has been the subject of universal comment in army and navy circles hereabouts. It has done one thing, however, that may be far-reaching in its results, and that is that it has drawn the attention of the heads of army and navy departments to our own lack of preparedness should we be forced into another war. One of the highest army officers, whose name for obvious reasons is suppressed, said to our correspondent today that the National Guard of the several states, while making a splendid nucleus for a magnificent army, needed much more care in drill and practical education in the life of a soldier than was being given to it. He admitted that the recent militia bill was a step in the right direction, but he said that much more was needed than the Dick bill contemplated. He said that the volunteer soldier of today and the volunteer soldier of forty years ago were two different propositions. "The volunteer soldier of the present generation is a dilitante alongside his brother of a generation ago. He is soft and needs pampering, otherwise he will not do the work that devolves upon him. He insists upon rich food, and if possible would like to carry bath-tubs with him with shower attachments, so that he might bathe with due regularity. He wants hard mattresses, and in summer days electric fans in his tent. The men who fought for the preservation of the union forty years ago were made of different stuff. They were hardened when they went into the army, and after they had learned the business of soldiering they were component parts of the finest army the world ever saw. As I said before, all this is changed. What we need now is the hardening process, not only for the regulars, but for the National Guard. If Europe was unprepared to go into the war with the Boers, what must our conditions have been if we had gone to war with a first-rate power instead of a decrepid and senile nation like Spain. We need a regular army of 125,000 men. One of the most vital mistakes, to my mind, that has been made by us as a nation was in throwing into China during the late Boxer difficulties an army of 20,000 men for its moral effect. England was there, France and Germany, Russia and little Japan, with splendid army corps. We were there only with one regiment and a few troops of cavalry. With such a glaring oversight that the representatives of other nations could not help but comment upon the situation. We could easily have thrown 20,000 men into China, separating them from the Philippine service, just for the purpose of showing the world that we were prepared for war should war come. Our soldier is the peer of any soldier in the world, but it is the spectacle of numbers that weighs with the powers."

While the army is expected to do great things in the future under the direction of the general staff, the navy has already taken up the question of strengthening the fleet. Admiral George Dewey's article in the Navy League Journal, in which he shows how futile it would be for America to pit its navy against the navies of some of the foreign powers, like France, Great Britain and Germany, has been also the subject of much comment at the Army and Navy club, and his recommendation, it is believed, will go far toward aiding congress in the work of building a navy commensurate with our needs. In the course of his article the hero of Manila says:

"Our immense coast line and our rapidly increasing world trade demand a navy; we must have it for our own protection, and it rests with the Navy League to instill this idea into the minds of all classes of citizens until the pressure of public opinion gives us such a navy as is needed for the country's prestige and safety.

* * *

"The British fleet—that which is on home waters alone, forming but a fraction of the British navy—which would be available as an evolutionary squadron, includes thirty battleships and thirty cruisers. The home French fleet includes sixteen battleships and eleven cruisers; the home fleet of Germany eighteen battleships and five cruisers.

"Of course we are doing the best we can, but the Navy League should not allow the people in general to be deceived; and, above all things should impress upon them the necessity of our having a fleet that will combine all the various elements of naval strength."

An interesting piece of gossip this week is the possible candidacy of Representative George B. McClellan of New York for the Democratic leadership in the house. The only known candidates heretofore have been John Sharp Williams and Champ Clark, of Missouri, both able and experienced men. McClellan is the only son of Gen. George B. McClellan, the Democratic candidate for president in 1864. He has been in congress for eight years and is popular. He is able and conservative and will, it is said, have the support of the Democratic delegation from New York state. New York, hovewer, has furnished but one speaker of the house, that was John W. Taylor, and more than sixty years ago. The Northern Democrats have not been very successful since Randall's time in gaining Democratic leadership in the house. Carlisle beat Randall and served three terms; Crisp beat Springer and Bynum and served two terms. Since the death of Crisp, the Democratic leaders have been Bailey, of Texas, and Richardson, of Tennessee.

Eraly in the season there was a rumor current that Congressman Richardson would resign from the house to devote his entire attention to Scottish Rite Masonry for the Southern jurisdiction, of which he is sovereign grand commander. It is now understood that Mr. Richardson will serve the term for which he has been elected, but will give up the leadership of hi sparty. Mr. Richardson has been long in active political life. He has been compelled to bear the brunt of many a hard fought political battle on the floor of the house and in committee. He believes that he has earned a measure of rest and during the Fifty-eighth congress he will not be heard to any large extent, except to now and then make speeches upon questions in which he had an interest since his advent in congress.



THREE DAYS ONLY AT DULUTH, ST. LOUIS HOTEL
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, September 7, 8 and 9.
The Extensive Exhibit of Original
Albrecht Furs
You will be given an opportunity of examining these luxurious furs, which represent the pick of the world's fur markets in peltries and the latest styles from the fashion capitols of Europe and America.
It is not safe to buy "furs," a commodity of which your personal knowledge is limited, from other than a reputable fur house. Nearly half a century of fair dealing has made the name "Albrecht" synonymous with CORRECT FURS throughout the land.
Our representative, Mr. Clarke, will be pleased to show you this incomparable line of fur garments and neckwear and take your order for future delivery. Our goods and values are worth your consideration.
E. Albrecht & Son,
No. 20 E. 7th St., St. Paul, Minn.

WEDDING AND OFFICE STATIONERY
Artistically and Promptly Executed.
MERRITT & HECTOR, Printers and Binders.
32 West First Street. Both Phones.

CLIMATIC DISEASE.

Capt. Frank Maginnis Suffers From Philippine Illness.

Word has been received by Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Maginnis of this city, that their son, Capt. T. F. Maginnis, who is seriously ill at the Presidio barracks at San Francisco, Cal., will come home to Duluth as soon as he is able to be moved.

Captain Maginnis has been suffering from a severe attack of a tropical disease contracted while he was in service in the Philippines and the result of which was to partially paralyze his system.

So persistent was the disease that he was sent back to this country recently. In his last letter to his people Captain Maginnis stated that his recovery is now probable.

Captain Maginnis left Duluth last about two years ago when he was home on a visit.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Mike Jesey, John Cranz and Dan Sabin, three laborers, were crushed to death by the caving in of a sixteen-foot bank at the excavation for the site of a new hotel at Sixth and San Joaquin street, Los Angeles. The men are buried alive under tons of earth.

A south-bound Big Four passenger train was wrecked Sunday morning at Goshen, Ind., by hitting a cow. The engine turned over and landed half way down an embankment on its side. The baggage car was derailed. The engineer and fireman escaped unhurt. While the wrecking crew was clearing the track in the afternoon a chain broke, the recoil hurling into the crowd that was watching the proceedings. Three men were hurt.

At Shurez, Nev., a hamlet on the Carson & Colorado railway, an aged Indian, named George Sam, unable to witness the sufferings of his young son, who was sick, killed the lad with a shotgun, and then placing the muzzle of the gun at his own head, discharged the remaining barrel.

In an explosion Sunday afternoon in the Bessemer plant of the Republic Iron & Steel Co., at Youngstown, O., two men were fatally injured and two others severely. The explosion was caused by a valve of the separator blowing off while the men were making repairs in a pit.

In an interview with a St. Paul paper, Senator E. T. Young, of Appleton, made the formal announcement of his candidacy for the attorney generalship on the Republican ticket.

Two men attempted to assassinate Mayor McMasters, of Tuscola, Ill., Saturday night, as he was putting up his horse in the barn. The two men attacked Mayor McMasters with paving bricks, felling him twice with blows on the head. One blow was struck from behind. The mayor fought off the assailants and they fled. The mayor believes he recognized the men as friends of two women whom he had arrested yesterday. No arrests have been made.

Two young sons of M. Epstein, living with their parents over a junk shop at Scranton, Pa., were burned to death in a fire which destroyed the building Sunday night. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

Nearly a score of persons were injured in a collision between two trolley cars at the crossing of Adams street and Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn, Sunday night. All the injured were able to go to their homes, except one policeman. He was taken to the hospital with a broken leg.

The Pacific coast pack of salmon this year is 1,000,000 cases smaller than last year and 2,000,000 cases short of the output in 1901. A big shortage in Columbia river salmon, an almost total failure of sockeyes in Puget Sound, and in British Columbia, as well as a deficit of 500,000 cases in Alaskan salmon, are responsible for the small size of the pack.

COUNTY JUDGE SHOT.

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 7.—County Judge Arthur E. Sutherland, of Monroe county, is reported to have been accidentally shot while duck hunting on Stony Lake, Canada. A charge of shot accidentally discharged from his companion's gun made a serious wound in the forearm, which may have to be amputated.

Dysentery
This is a dangerous disease but can be cured. There is a remedy that never fails. It has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery with perfect success. It is called
Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy
It is equally valuable for children and when reduced with water and sweetened, is pleasant to take. 25 and 50 cts.

Cholera Infantum

There is no danger whatever from this disease when taken in time and properly treated. All that is necessary is to give

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

after each operation of the bowels more than natural and then castor oil to cleanse the system. It is safe and sure. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take.

SEASON IS OVER

Northern League Games at Duluth Ended For This Year.

White Sox Lose Saturday's Game Through Injury to Shaw.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	Pct.
Winnipeg	91	64	27	.703
Grand Forks	93	57	36	.613
Crookston	94	54	40	.574
Duluth	92	51	41	.446
Fargo	95	36	60	.375
Superior	89	26	63	.292

* * *

Well, good-by, season of 1903!
It's hard to say "so long" to thee.
Your treatment, on the whole, was square—
All we deserved and some to spare.
Duluth didn't make that pennant strike
Nor did we hit the tail-end pike.
Some games were fast—some were slow—
'Twas just about the average show;
Some were good, though more were bum,
But we beat Superior and that helps some.

* * *

The fans have bid farewell to the White Sox as contenders for the Northern league pennant of 1903. Slightly strengthened they will be seen at Athletic park for several weeks yet in a post-season series with Winnipeg, Calumet, St. Cloud and St. Paul, but as far as the regular schedule is concerned it is now wound up.

The things that happened to the original team are too plentiful to recall. That bunch was an awful disappointment. Much money and energy got the present winning team together too late to get out of the "also run" class. Now the team is getting its winning stride the season's over and all chances vanish. Vale Sox! You did the best you could.

Next season will see a bunch of players wearing the Duluth uniform that will get into the game at the beginning of the season. Briefly Duluth serves notice that next year the Northern league pennant must be made with fast colors and extra heavy bunting in order to stand the Lake Superior climate.

* * *

Duluth lost Saturday's game through an odd accident.

The Grand Forks bunch were whipped to a frazzle and certain fans were arranging for a procession that would move round and round the city takin an hour and forty minutes to pass a given saloon. Indications were that the consumption of dampness by this parade would break down the machinery at the brewery.

But on the self-same afternoon "Demon" Shaw, who had held the green apparelled outfit in fickle eclipse with only two hits up to the eighth inning, injured the receiving digit and was forced to serve up straight balls depending on luck to save the day. The elements of good fortune all broke the other way and five crashing hits and an error by Brockway who seems to have fallen clear off the perch in fast company, gave the visitors four runs. The score:

Duluth.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Quillan, 2b	4	0	2	1	3	0
Shepard, ss	4	0	0	2	6	0
Jagger, cf	5	0	0	0	0	0
Gehring, rf	5	1	2	2	0	0
Brockway, 2b	4	1	1	3	3	2
Wilkes, lf	4	0	1	4	1	0
Crippen, c	3	2	1	5	0	0
Shaw, p	3	0	0	0	1	0
Kline, 1b	3	0	2	10	0	2
Totals	34	4	9	27	14	4

GRAND FORKS.	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Brown, c	4	1	1	8	3	1
Scharnweber, ss, lf	3	1	1	2	1	0
Corrigan, lf & ss	4	1	1	0	1	1
Hartley, rf	4	1	1	0	0	1
McCoy, cf	4	1	0	1	0	0
Cole, 1b	3	0	2	11	0	0
Hanrahan, 3b	4	0	1	2	1	2
Carlow, 2b	4	0	0	2	1	0
Cox, p	4	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	34	5	7	*26	10	5

*Wilkes foul strike bunt.

Grand Forks	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	0—5
Duluth	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0—4

Summary: Three-base hits—Gehring. Two-base hit—Crippen. Quillan, Hanahan, Hartley. Stolen bases—Quillan, Wilkes. Double plays—Wilkes to Brockway; Brockway to Shepard to Kline. Bases on balls—Duluth, 10; Grand Forks, 4. Struck out—By Shaw, 5; by Cox, 6. Bases on balls—By Shaw, 2; by Cox, 4. Passed balls—Brown, 2. Wild pitch—Cox. Hit by pitched ball—Scharnweber. Time of game—1:57. Umpire—Harris.

* * *

Lagger struck out several times Saturday. It is said to have been the first time he has performed trusty since 1851.

* * *

ANXIOUS FAN: You lose the bet Kennally was not out of Saturday's game on account of stereotrical gifflobitus.

* * *

Some of the sincere ones thought Saturday's defeat was due to Umpire Harris. The umpire was certainly all right, however, and his good work since that first Grand Forks game only makes the steal on that occasion more glaring.

* * *

Shepard's work at short field Saturday was again a feature, but "Chesty" Cox has a retentive memory and knew Shep's weak spot at the bat.

* * *

Gehring's one hand catch of McCoy's sky-bumping foul Saturday was pretty fine.

* * *

Winnipeg did not have the slightest trouble in winning from Fargo Saturday. The score was 7 to 5.

* * *

Out of four times at the bat Saturday Anderson of Winnipeg made four safe hits.

* * *

The society editress that reports Superior ball games for a certain morning publication on this side of the bay sprang a tremendous scoop yesterday morning. She said: "Houle, Superior's pitcher seems to improve, and his work in the box was highly appreciated by the spectators." The score:

Superior—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
McGuire, rf	5	0	0	2	0	0
Cassiboine, 2b	4	0	0	0	0	1
Foster, cf	3	1	0	2	0	0
Page, 3b	4	1	2	0	1	0
Spelliey, 1b	4	1	3	15	1	2
Houle, p	4	0	1	2	6	0
Doll, lf	4	0	2	1	0	0
Olson, ss	4	0	0	1	4	0
Howard, c	4	0	1	4	2	0
Totals	36	3	9	27	14	3

Crookston—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Breyette, ss	5	2	1	1	0	0
Burns, cf	5	1	2	4	0	0
Cameron, 1b	5	0	2	9	0	0
Hoffmeister, 2b	5	0	2	0	0	0
Carlisle, lf	4	0	0	5	0	0
Higgins, 3b	4	0	1	1	1	1
Edwards, c	4	1	1	5	1	0
Martin, rf	3	0	1	0	0	0
Shiels, rf	1	0	0	2	0	0
Freeman, p	4	0	1	0	3	0
Totals	40	4	11	27	5	1

Superior	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0—3
Crookston	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0—4

Summary: Stolen bases—Spelliey, Cameron. Two-base hits—Page, Spelliey (2), Houle, Doll (2), Howard, Cameron, Hoffmeister. Three-base hits—Breyette, Double plays—Houle to Howard to Spelliey. Bases on balls—By Freeman, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Cassiboine. Struck out—By Houle, 4; by Freeman, 4. left on bases—Superior, 6; Crookston, 5. Time of game—1:45. Attendance—150. Umpire—McCallum.

* * *

Rain today prevented the playing of Duluth's last two league games. Grand Forks was due to play two games but the grounds were in awful condition.

* * *

Superior and Grand Forks play the last regularly scheduled game at Superior tomorrow.

* * *

Grand Forks may play two exhibition games with Duluth at Athletic Park on Wednesday and then disband.

* * *

Sessions, Mullane, Corrigan, and Hanahiran of the Grand Forks team will join Duluth for the post-season games with Winnipeg and St. Paul. This will make the White Sox a very formidable aggregation.

* * *

Rain stopped yesterday's Duluth-Superior game in the third inning with the score 4 to 0 in favor of Superior.

BASEBALL.

Saturday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburg, 7; Cincinnati, 6.
Boston, 6; Philadelphia, 6.
New York, 3; Brooklyn, 1.
Chicago, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Chicago, 6; St. Louis, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit, 7; St. Louis, 3.
Chicago, 2; Cleveland, 1.
New York, 10; Washington, 3.
Boston, 12; Philadelphia, 1.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Indianapolis, 5; Columbus, 1.
Indianapolis, 1; Columbus, 0.
Louisville, 4; Toledo, 1.
Louisville, 9; Toledo, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Pittsburg, 5; Chicago, 1.
At Cincinnati—St. Louis, 8; Cincinnati, 3.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 1; Detroit, 0.
Second game—St. Louis, 5; Detroit, 1.
At Providence, Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 2.
At Chicago—Chicago, 1; Cleveland, 0.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 3; Kansas City, 2.
Second game—Kansas City, 12; Milwaukee, 1.
At Columbus—Columbus, 5; Indianapolis, 1.
At Louisville—Louisville, 7; Toledo, 3.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	119	82	37	.689
New York	121	73	48	.603
Chicago	119	70	49	.588
Cincinnati	117	61	56	.521
Brooklyn	117	59	58	.504
Boston	116	48	68	.414
Philadelphia	110	37	73	.336
St. Louis	121	40	81	.331

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Boston	116	76	40	.655
Cleveland	119	65	51	.546
Philadelphia	115	60	55	.522
New York	109	56	53	.514
Detroit	115	58	57	.504
St. Louis	117	56	62	.476
Chicago	116	54	62	.466
Washington	116	37	79	.319

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
St. Paul	121	80	41	.662
Louisville	125	76	49	.608
Milwaukee	122	70	52	.574
Indianapolis	125	67	58	.536
Kansas City	120	60	60	.500
Columbus	125	54	71	.432
Minneapolis	123	45	78	.366
Toledo	125	41	84	.328

INVESTIGATING DEATH.

Watsonville, Ct., Sept. 7.—The district attorney and sheriff are investigating the death of Mrs. Elvira Scales Greene, an aunt of Bill Nye, the well-known humorist. Mrs. Greene's death recently was attributed to gas asphyxiation. The district attorney states that he has received information that her death was not accidental.

The Lake avenue car now runs to the canal.

Excursions to Pacific Coast.

The Great Northern railway will sell from Sept. 15 to Nov. 30, colonist tickets to Helena, Butte and Anaconda at $20; Spokane, Pendleton and Wenatchee, $22.50; Seattle, Portland, Tacoma, Vancouver and other Pacific coast points, $25. Hundreds of other points just as low. Five trains a day out of Duluth. Tourist sleeping car, double berths, $1 a night. Cross the beautiful Rocky and Cascade countains in daylight. Plenty of stopovers allowed. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel.

YOU are as good a judge of hat-style as the best hat-man on earth.

Then you can see that GORDON hats are of the $5 sort.

We know hat-values and you take our word for it the quality is of the $5 kind. (GORDON as a name in the hat-world is like the mint mark on a coin.)

"GORDON hats" is an easy phrase to say; try it and say it the next time you want a hat of good style.

SPOILS THE DAY

Weather Ruins Plans For Labor Day Parade and Picnic.

Big Picnic Postponed to Next Sunday at Union Grove.

Drenching rain prevented Duluth's monster celebration in honor of the twenty-first anniversary of Labor day.

The entire program was abandoned early in the day when the general Labor day committee posted a bulletin in Kalamazoo hall announcing that everything was declared off for the day.

Between 400 and 500 members of various unions had assembled at the labor headquarters prepared to go on with the parade despite the weather. These men waited around until 10 o'clock before giving up all hope of some sort of a celebration.

Finally President Perrault of the Federated Trades' assembly announced that the committee had decided to hold the picnic next Sunday in Union Grove, just as planned for today, and that a parade would probably be held some evening the latter part of the week.

It was estimated that nearly 5000 men would participate in the parade, and preparations had been made to care for 10,000 people at the picnic grounds. It was a disappointment all around.

Many of the unions went to a great expense in fitting up floats typical of the handiwork of the members of their craft, and the water practically ruined some of those that had taken months of skilled labor to create.

Among many handsome floats prepared was one by the Painters and Decorators' union. It was pronounced unusually fine, representing houses with interior decorating of the finest sort. This float was sheltered under the Garfield avenue viaduct, and many union men and others visited it during the day.

The Theatrical Stage Employes had a very fine float, using the Cleopatra ship used recently in the Lyceum stage settings by the Melbourn MacDowell company as a center piece.

Practically all of the forty-five unions that were to participate had prepared uniforms, floats or other features, and the postponing of the parade seems to be more generally regretted than the picnic.

The advisability of holding the parade on Saturday evening was discussed at considerable length, but no decision reached. Many seemed to think that the opening of stores and barbershops on Saturday nights would prove a detriment to the parade's success, and suggested that it be held on Friday evening, when all stores would be closed.

President Perrault said: "It was indeed a great disappointment to give up celebrating the day after we had spent months and much money in preparing an event that would be memorable. However, I think that we can have the picnic all right next Sunday at Union Grove, and it is my opinion that the committee will designate an evening during the week upon which the parade can be held."

DANCING AND CARD PARTY
By the Ladies of the Unitarian Church, at Oatka Auditorium,
TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 8
REFRESHMENTS SERVED.

CARLTON COUNTY FAIR

Is to Be Held at Barnum Next Week.

The mollowing is the program of the sporting events to be held at the thirteenth annual Carlton county fair, which will be held at Barnum on Sept. 15, 16 and 17. The fair promises to be unusually good this year and should receive a liberal patronage:

TUESDAY, SEPT. 15.

9—Formal opening by John Skelton, president.

1:30—Pony race, green pony—2 in 3—half mile. Purse, $10.

2:30—Farmer's running race—green horse—2 in 3— halfmile. Purse, $5.

3—Ladies' running race—2 in 3—half mile. Purse, $10.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 16.

1:30—3-minute—trot or pace—Carlton county horses only—one mile 3 in 5. Purse, $8 0.

2—Half-mile running race—2 in 3. Purse, $50.

—3—1 mile, gentlemen's driving span, —trot or pace—2 in 3. Purse, $25.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 17.

10:30—Carlton county bicycle race—2 miles—single dash. Purse, $25.

1:30—Free-for-all—pace or trot. One mile—3 in 5. Purse, $100.

2—Free-for-all running race. Half mile—2 in 3. Purse, $60.

2:30—Free-for -all—Gents' single driving horse, one mile—2 in 3. Purse, $25.

Bicycle race—boys under 15. Purse, $10.

The following athletic events will be contested and will be interspersed with other attractions during the fair: One mile run, 100-yard dash, high jump, pole vault, hammer throw, 120-yard dash, shot put, three-legged race, 100-yards, standing broad jump (weights), standing broad jump without weights, high kick, hurdle race 120 yards, half-mile run, ball throw, potatoe race, shoe race 50 yards and return, sack race fifty yards, quarter mile run, knapsack race fifty yards, frog race fifty yards, hop, skip and jump, for which liberal purses will be given.

While the prime object of the fair is to encourage agricultural pursuits, the management will make every effort to have amusing incidents and entertaining features, which will be interesting to all.

When You Say to Yourself,
"I WANT the BEST"
You say you want what we furnish; the best
INSURANCE and BONDS
Manley-McLennan Agency,
Torrey Bldg., First Floor,
Telephone 165.

Deposit your valuables in our new
Safety Deposit Vault
and rest easy.
THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE BANK,
DULUTH, MINN.
Capital, - $500,000
Surplus and Profits, $235,000
Boxes rented at $3.00 to $25.00 per annum.
ASK TO SEE THEM.

HAPPENINGS IN DAKOTAS

Man Grafter at Fargo Works Laboring Men Successfully.

NORTH DADKOTA.

Fargo—A grafter is in Fargo fleecing the farm laborers. He hangs around the station and when he sees men, who are evidently in search of work, he makes them offers of employment and tenders fake transportation. He then finds he will not have time to have a draft cashed before the train leaves and gets his dupes to let him have a sum of money til he reaches home. One of his latest dupes was J. E. Hawkins, who says that Trosky, Pipestone county, Minn., is his home. Hawkins was fleeced out of $35.

A shortage is reported in the accounts of a man formerly in charge of the finances of a Fargo concern. It is said the examination so far shows peculations of $2500, but no statement will be made until the books are thoroughly examined. The suspected person is in the west but his location is known.

The commissioner general of the land department has affirmed the local office in the case of Carline Ojala vs. Max Pletzch for a quarter section in Eddy county. The homesteader went to Montana and was gone so long that Carline Ojala cancelled the entry and the local officials held it for cancellation. Pletzch endeavored to plead judicial restraint as an excuse for failure to comply with the homestead laws. He went to Montana and while there got into some trouble for which he was sent to the penitentiary and was prevented from residing on his claim.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Madison—Lake county's game wardens having been particularly active in the arrest of farmers who were after the prairie chickens a little prematurely, the farmers have played even by placarding their farms with the inscription, "No Hunting Allowed." This has made it pretty hard for Madison hunters to get a crack at the sportive chicken without squaring himself with the practical farmer. One can go for twelve miles in any direction from Madison and find the roads lined with these signs. A party of local sports was obliged to camp out, fourteen miles from town, to get any hunting grounds, and even then it required some subsiding.

Lake Preston—Lake Preston is to have a first-class hotel. Frank Zoller has arrangements made and work will be commenced at once upon a modern forty-room hostelry.

Threshing is well under way and good yields are reported. Wheat is going from 15 to 30 bushels, barley 30 to 45 bushels and oats 40 to 70 bushels.

B. E. Beers, who has been agent for the Milwaukee road at this place for five years, has resigned and E. J. Olsen, for merly freight agent at Madison, S. Dak., takes his place. Mr. Beers is secretary of the Tenderfoot Gold Mining and Milling company, and will devote his whole time to the mining business.

Salem—Judge Jones signed a decree of divorce whereby Mrs. Alice Barnette Webster was freed from the matrimonial alliance with Lester Theron Webster of Warren county, Iowa. This is another of the Sioux Falls divorce colony cases, having been tried in chambers and coming to the public only with the filing of papers in the decree at this time.

Watertown—Captain Munger of Troop C of this city, has been informed by the adjutant general that no South Dakota troops will be called out to take part in the maneuvers at Fort Meade this year. The troops are not equipped in a fit condition.

Ipswich—Ed Kruger, a farmer walked into a hardware store, took down a revolver and fired a bullet into his right breast. He will probably die. He has a wife and three children.

GOT RICH HUSBAND.

Result of Girl Putting Address In Pillowcase.

Portchester, N. Y., Sept. 7.—The wedding here Saturday of Miss Amelia Heyl, a pretty nineteen-year-old girl of East Portchester, to William P. Maingault, a wealthy planter of Memphis, reveals an interesting romance. The first time the planter ever saw his bride was on last Monday, when he arrived here from the South.

About a year ago Miss Heyl, in a spirit of fun, inclosed her address in a package of pillow cases which she was folding, as a part of her duty at the large linen factory of West & Simons. Later she received a letter from a young man in Tennessee. The letter led to a correspondence and exchange of photographs. Finally Mr. Maingault proposed and was accepted. Miss Heyl learned afterward that he was worth considerable money.

The wedding took place Saturday and was performed at the home of the bride by the Rev. T. E. White, pastor of the Presbyterian church. The bridegroom gave the bride a costly diamond locket and distributed diamond pins among the bridesmaids, ushers and best man.

When the couple left for Tennessee in the evening a crowd of the girls from the factory where the bride was employed gathered at the railroad station and treated her to a shower of rice. The girls say that Miss Heyl's experience has taught them a lesson and that they intend to inclose their addresses in all of the shirts and pillowcases they turn out and see if they can't get rich husbands.

TIME NOT RIPE

Mayor Hugo Opposed to Adoption of a Smoke Ordinance.

Points Out Difficulties In the Way of Its Enforcement.

Mayor Hugo says Duluth is not in a position to enforce the proposed anti-smoke ordinance at this time, and declared that the municipal statutes are now too much encumbered by unenforced ordinances—or rather ordinances that are not practical to enforce. He has therefore come out in direct opposition to the proposed ordinance. In an interview this morning, he said:

"To me it seems as if the time was not ripe for the enforcement of a smoke ordinance, with its attendant smoke inspector and the machinery incident thereto, and if not enforced it had better not be added to the list, already too long, of unenforceable ordinances, and it cannot be enforced without proper officials to see to the enforcement. Somebody must be able to prove to the court that it is a nuisance, and that can only be done by an expert.

"Our city is not large enough to go into this business yet, nor are our power users numerous enough to warrant the persecution and prosecution which has always, without exception, followed the adoption of such an ordinance.

"Following the little publicity already given to this matter, I have received several enquiries from the sellers of alleged 'smoke consuming' devices, and this is but a mild foretaste of the deluge of such annoyances each steam-user will be subjected to as soon as the smoke ordinance is passed, because the experience of Duluth will not be different from that of other cities.

"I am willing to stake my reputation on the assertion that there is not on the market a successful, practical, economical smoke-consuming device. Smoke can be prevented by care in firing and the adoption of certain forms of furnaces, but to the ordinary steam-user this adoption means practically confiscation to the smaller user, and at least 50 per cent increased cost to the larger users of boiler power.

"Perhaps I am not as aesthetic as I ought to be, but I am of the opinion that Duluth has nothing to complain of in the matter of smoke, and I am not in favor of opeping the door to the admission of more annoyances to those who are trying to build up the city by the use of steam power, or of creating any more offices to see to the enforcement of an uncalled for ordinance.

"I am aware that one of the sawmills at the West End is a source of much annoyance to the people of that vicinity, and that there are about three smoky chimneys up town, but why not see if they cannot be persuaded to do what can be done to mitigate the evil before getting up something that will apply to saint as well as sinner. Let us see what can be done to induce these offenders to reform, and if they persist in the nuisance, I will be ready to let loose the dogs of war. I have the matter up with a couple and look for an abatement before long."

PRINCESS NEAR DEATH

While Traveling Incognito In New York City.

New York, Sept. 7.—It has just been learned that the future queen of Bavaria Princee Louise, had a narrow escape from death in ..ew York a few weeks ago while traveling with her husband, Prince Rupert of Bavaria. The royal couple will one day be rulers of their native land if they live. It was well known that Prince Rupert came to this country incognito, but the fact of the presence of his wife was guarded as a jealous secret. She traveled with her husband quietly.

When they reached the city she was overtaken with a severe illness, which detained her here some time. Finally she sailed for Europe in the company of her husband and under charge of a New York physician, Dr. Killany, and two New York trained nurses. On reaching Possenhofen, Bavaria, the princess underwent an operation for appendicitis. It was performed by the New York doctor, with the assistance of Munich court surgeons, and she now is slowly recovering.

POLICE PUZZLED.

By Car Barn Murder Suspect at Chicago.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—John Sluder, who confessed to having participated in the hold-up and murder of two employes at the car barn office of the Chicago City Street Railway company last Sunday morning, is the most remarkable suspect in police history. He makes a confession, only to deny it the next minute. He is a puzzle to the police and to the medical experts. He is not crazy, but his intellect is weak. He says he likes to read dime novels and is addicted to the use of tobacco.

Although born and bred on a farm, he has picked up the rougher habits of city life, and shows these in the slang which he uses. His ambition, he says, has been to wear fine clothes and have some money to spend. He has the awkwardness of the country boy, and, although 23 years old, his actions are those of a boy in his teens. In stature this mystery of the car barn murders is small. He is stockily built. Weakness, moral and mental, is written in every line of his face. Vanity is shown in every action. He has a habit of brushing back his hair and smoothing it down, just as a woman does.

Is John Sluder a simpleton, or is he cleverly feigning in his amazing series of stories and retractions? The police and medical experts are not yet prepared to answer.

Every suggestion dropped is taken up by Sluder. Let one stand near his cell and make an inadvertent remark concerning the crime. A half-hour later and he will make a "confession" involving the details overheard in the remark.

The Lake avenue car now runs to the canal.

"New Fall Woolens Now Ready"
J. Frank Burrows
24 Third Ave. W. Up-to-date Tailor.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

Opening Sale of
Oriental Rugs
Tomorrow
At Interesting Prices.

Prices have been jumping skyward at a wonderful pace—and promise to go still higher—fortunately for you who may buy now—you are still able to get them at old prices—which means asaving of from 20 to 40 per cent. We offer the following inducements to early buyers:

An interesting line of Kazaks, Cabastans, Degestams and Beloochistans—worth from $12.50 to $19.75—sizes from 2-3x3-6 to 3-0x6-0. They are in colors which make them very adaptable in the modern home—for..... **$9.75**

A Collection of Fine Pieces—comprising Shiraz, Labriz, Irans, Kermanshas and Bokharas—

$25.00 Rugs at..... **$17.50** $40.00 Rugs at..... **$29.50**
$30.00 Rugs at..... **$22.50** $50.00 Rugs at..... **$36.50**

Another lot is composed of very fine specimens of Turkish Rugs and include Silkig Mosuls, Kazaks, Verebends, Soumacks and Meccas. Variety of sizes run from 3-3x5-6 to 4-3x10-6—

$22.50 Rugs at..... **$15.00** $42.50 Rugs at..... **$30.00**
$27.50 Rugs at..... **$19.50** $57.50 Rugs at..... **$42.00**
$35.00 Rugs at..... **$27.50**

A few superb Silk Persian Rugs—in soft harmonious shades of color design. Worth up to $75.00—at **$49.50.** These Rugs are the finest lot of luxuries that ever came into this city and can be used various way in a nice home.

This sale also includes some fine room size Rugs—in Cashmeres, Persians, India and Kadivas. Sizes range from 8-2x10-0 to 9-6x13—

$160.00 Rugs at.... **$135.00** $82.50 Rugs at.... **$67.50**
$100.00 Rugs at.... **$82.50** $65.00 Rugs at.... **$49.50**

Silberstein & Bondy Company

DOINGS IN MICHIGAN

Upper Peninsula Immigration Will Be Heavy This Winter.

Hancock—According to Finnish leaders in the upper peninsula it is probable that the next six months will witness the greatest immigration of Finns yet recorded for such a period in the history of this country. Of late years many thousands of Finns have immigrated, many of whom settled in northern Michigan, but the oppression at home has now become so unbearable that the immigration for some time at least promises to increase materially. For the most part, the Finns make good citizens. They not only till the soil and cut the timber, but they are found in the mines and are displacing other nationalities to some extent. They are a saving, thrifty people, and they pay their bills, while bankers say they deposit their savings more freely than any other nationality.

Marquette—Ex-Governor William A. Stone of Pennsylvania has returned home after a week or two spent in trout-fishing on the Huron river, up the lake shore near L'Anse. He owns some 10,000 acres of timber land in that section.

Sault Ste. Marie—Rev. B. B. Winter of Beardsile, Ills., has accepted a call to the pulpit of the Congregational church at the Soo. He is at present the pastor of a thriving church of 300 members at Beardsile, but the climate there is such as to seriously impair his health and it was on this account that he sought a charge further north. Mr. Winter has been the pastor of churches at Bay City, St. Paul and other large cities in the country, and is looked upon as one of the brightest young preachers in the Congregational ministry.

Menominee—Edward Smith, a Chicago man, who was recently picked up with a number of tramps by the police at Menominee, is again in jail, this time being detained for trial in the circuit court. Smith is accused of stealing the sail and gasoline yacht "Idle Hour." He took the boat from its dock and headed out for the bay, down which he sailed until the craft bumped into some rocks near Green Island. Smith was unable to release the boat and a tug sent out to look up the yacht captured him. The boat was damaged to the extent of about $100.

Perkins—Lazarre Marion, a well known farmer residing in the vicinity of Perkins, Delta county, was recently arrested on the charge of having shot five cows belonging to a neighbor, Philip Beauchamp. It appears that Beauchamp's cows had been in the habit of breaking into Marion's field. Marion grew wroth at this, and going into the house got a shotgun and fired a charge into each of the animals. He pleaded guilty when arraigned before an Escanaba justice and was assessed $125.75, $50.75 of this as the fine and costs and $75 as damages to compensate Beauchamp, only one of the cows having expired.

TO FAST FORTY DAYS.

Press Builder Will Try to Live on Water.

New York, Sept. 7.—Stepney G. Playsted, a press builder, 37 years old, of Williamsburg, has begun what he intends to be a forty-day fast. He already has accomplished two weeks of it. According to his story, he fasted for nearly three weeks once before, living during that time on pure water. He believes a person drinking about one and one-half pints of water each day for forty days will be able to work every day.

Before Playsted began his fast he was a hearty eater. He is unmarried, and lives with his sister, who is much incensed over his action, because she believes it may be of serious results. He weighed 173 pounds when he began the fast, and since then has grown thinner, and has lost at least a dozen pounds in weight.

FEARFUL ODDS AGAINST HIM.

Bedridden, alone and destitute. Such, in brief was the condition of an old soldier by name of J. J. Havens, Versailles, Ohio. For years he was troubled with kidney disease and neither doctors nor medicines gave him relief. At length he tried Electric Bitters. It put him on his feet in short order and now he testifies, "I'm on the road to complete recovery." Best on earth for Liver and Kidney troubles and all forms of Stomach and Bowel Complaints. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed at all druggists.

TOO MUCH "HIAWATHA."

German Fined For Trying to Stop Bank.

New York, Sept. 5.—"Tweedle-deedle-deedle-dee, dub-a-dud-a-dub, listen! I can't get away from it anywhere."

Haggard and in a wretched mood, Robert Bachmier, a young German, sat in his room. Under the window a boy was whistling "Hiawatha." The young man thrust his fingers into his ears and strode about the room. The unceasing tune, he says, is driving him mad.

On Thursday night he went to Madison Square park, hoping to rest his ears with good music, and there the band played "Hiawatha." Bachmier pleaded so energetically with the bandmaster to "cut it out" that a policeman took him to the station house. Magistrate Ommen fined him $3.

"I'm not a lunatic. There's nothing wrong with me at all," he said last evening, but this 'deedle-deedle,' what you called him, 'Hiawatha,' is a public nuisance. Why don't your board of health shut him up? I go in the street and a small boy whistles 'teedle-deedle-deedle' in one ear and a street organ goes dub-a-dub-dud-a-dub in the other. I go into the theater and the orchestra gives me the same 'dub-a-dub.' Everywhere it is 'Hiawatha.' I get in an elevator and they hum it in my ears. I groan. People say the man is ill and send for an ambulance. I stick my fingers in my ears and they say 'See, the man has hughouses.' Now I am going down by the Atlantic ocean. Somewhere, I suppose, the codfish will come up and sing to me sometimes."

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

Has world-wide fame for marvelous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruptions; infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents, at all druggists.

Music Lessons Free.

The Bradbury School of Music is offering fifteen free and partial scholarships. This means that you have a chance to get music lessons absolutely free. For particulars apply at the office of the school, No. 10 Columbus building, Duluth.

DULUTH DANCING ACADEMY

Prof. Ourat will reopen for the season Monday, Sept. 14, at 8, for adults: Saturday afternoon, Sept. 19, at 2:30, for juveniles. Private lessons by appointment. For information address 123 West Superior St. Office hours at hall from 3 to 5 Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays, after Sept. 1.

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LOW RATES SOUTH.

DON'T OVERLOOK THIS.

On Sept. 15th and Oct. 20th the SOUTHERN RAILWAY and connections will sell round-trip tickets from St. Louis, Louisville, Cincinnati and Chicago to points in Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi and Florida at such low rates that it will be cheaper to travel than to stay at home. Look at these figures:

FROM CHICAGO TO	
Chattanooga, Tenn. and return	$19.00
Rome, Ga., and return	19.00
Anniston, Ala., and return	15.00
Jacksonville, Fla., and return	22.00
Atlanta, Ga., and return	19.00
Macon, Ga., and return	22.00
Savannah, Ga., and return	22.00
Augusta, Ga., and return	22.00

Rates to intermediate points the same. Proportionately low rates to other points in states named. Tickets limited to return 21 days. Stop-overs 15 days going. This is the opportunity of a life-time for home-seekers and investors and those desiring to visit the South. For particulars write

J. S. McCULLOUGH, N. W. P. A.
Or T. B. THACKSTON,
Traveling Agent, Southern Railway,
225 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
G. B. ALLEN, A. G. P. A.,
St. Louis, Mo.

"Let the GOLD DUST TWINS do your work"



SCRUBBING FLOORS
is play for The Gold Dust Twins.

GOLD DUST

cleans more thoroughly and quickly than soap or any other cleanser. Makes floors bright and hearts light.

OTHER GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST | Scrubbing floors, washing clothes and dishes, cleaning woodwork, oilcloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleansing bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago——Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

NUMBER IS LARGE

Many New Citizens Are Naturalized In St. Louis County.

Every Important Country of Europe Except Spain Represented.

While not all the naturalization statistics of the Northwestern counties are available, yet it is reasonable to suppose that St. Louis county easily leads in the number of new citizens that it creates every year out of its foreign-born residents.

Minnesota, particularly the northern portion, has received a fair share of the immigrants that have poured into the Northwest during the past years, a movement that has not yet ceased and which will cause the making of citizens for years to come.

The making of new citizens, however, is not confined to one court in this county, but first and second papers may be issued in federal and district courts. First papers may also be issued by deputies of the district court, who are appointed on the ranges, a practice that has been found of great convenience as the statistics showing the large number of papers issued on range will demonstrate.

Second papers, or those which entitle a foreign-born resident to full hights of citizenship, are issued only after the applicant has personally appeared and been examined by the court.

The naturalization statistics of the district court of St. Louis county for 1902, which have recently been prepared by the clerk of district court, show that last year there was a total of 1391 papers issued in the county by the clerk of court and his range deputies.

Of this amount the greatest number, which were first papers, were issued on the range, the total being 515. The total number of first papers issued by the clerk of district court was 272, while the number of citizens created by the court last year was 604.

The statistics show that the majority of applicants for citizenship papers in St. Louis county are Scandinavians, a large percentage of whom are those who go into the agricultural sections of the county. The Canadians come second, while on the ranges the largest per centage of applicants are either Italians or Finlanders, these two nationalities largely comprising the mining classes.

Not all naturalization papers taken out are by those who have recently emigrated, about 100 people in the last year who took out second papers having come to this country when under the age of 21 years.

The following table showing the nationality of the applicants for first papers in district court in 1902, not including the ranges, gives some idea of the preponderance of the immigration of the Scandinavian people into Northern Minnesota over other nationalities.

Nationality.	Number.
Sweden	100
Canada	54
Norway	40
Finland	24
Germany	11
England	10
Ireland	6
Russia	6
Scotland	3
Italy	3
Poland	1
Turkey	1
Belgium	1
Roumania	1
Iceland	1
Austria	1
Holland	1
Denmark	1
France	1

It is a somewhat singular fact that while the records of the naturalized citizens created by the district court of St. Louis county contains the nationality of nearly every other cotinental country, there does not appear the name of a former subject of Spain.

TRY Karo CORN SYRUP
The Great Spread for Daily Bread.

TWO EXPLOSIONS

Occurred On the Wrecked Steamer Vaskapu.

Constantinople, Sept. 7.—The survivors of the Hungarian steamer Vaskapu, which was destroyed in the Black sea, Sept. 1, by explosions attributed to the Bulgarian revolutionists, while on her way from Varna, Bulgaria, to Constantinople, state that two explosions occurred on board the steamer at 4 o'clock last Tuesday morning. Two dynamite bombs were thrown by men, supposed to have embarked at Varna, one in the stoke hole and the other under the bridge.

The vessel was in charge of the first and second mates, the captain being asleep. The whole bridge, with the captain and the two mates, was blown off, while the stoke hole was wrecked and an apprentice killed.

The explosions were followed by an outbreak of fire in the fore hold. Altogether fifteen persons lost their lives, but all the engineers and most of the passengers were saved. The crew behaved with great gallantry.

Private advices from Adrianople report that the troops in the Kirk--Kilisse district are treating the inhabitants with great rigor. Every Bulgarian village furnishing recruits to the insurgents, hase been bombarded and destroyed, the inhabitants being given barely time to escape. In the vilayet of Monastir equal severity is shown. One pasha told his troops that the boty belonged to them and the honor to him. As a result the troops are pillaging even the villages which remain neutral.

There has been a heavy fall in Turkish securities during the past two days on the unfounded rumors that Turkish troops had crossed the Bulgarian frontier.

SHERMAN'S ESTATE

Transferred to a Company For Disposal.

Mansfield, Ohio, Sept. 7.—A deed conveying over 250 pieces of valuable property in and about Mansfield, belonging to the late Senator John Sherman, has just been presented for record in the Richland county recorder's office.

The conveyance is from the residuary legatees of the Senator Sherman estate, Mary Sherman McCallum and James J. McCallum, of Washington, D. C.; Hoyt and Hattie Sherman, Salt Lake City; Charles H. and Emma Sherman, San Francisco; Phileman Tecumseh Sherman, New York city; Henry S. Sherman, Cleveland; Sarah S. and Edward P. Carter, Cleveland, to the John Sherman Estate company. The consideration named is $2 each and other valuable considerations.

The company was formed to keep the real estate intact until it can be disposed of most advantageously.

WOMAN WHIPPED

After Being Stripped By Four Youths.

Fairmont, W. Va., Sept. 6.—Mrs. William Barbe, of Brunners' Run, near here, was stripped and terribly beaten by four young men, who had pledged themselves to rid the community of her presence. The whipping was the result of her alleged brutal treatment of her young niece, whom it is charged she beat with the butt end of a whip at a country gathering.

Her assailants used buggy whips and kept up the chastisement until Mrs. Barbe fell unconscious to the ground. She was left lying by the roadside, but managed to drag herself home, leaving a trail of blood.

The whitecappers were arrested and fined sums aggregating $50, which was paid with a purse raised by citizens, who approved of the deed.

TO REFORM FEUDISTS.

Salvation Army to Invade Breathitt County.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 6.—A deputation of Pittsburg salvationists under the leadership of Staff Captain White, will leave Wednesday for the feud district of Kentucky and undertake the work of reforming the feudists. The objective point will be Breathitt county. The party will be made up, outside of a few of the officers in the work in this city, of members of the local army who volunteer to give their time to the work and it is likely by the time the party is ready to start next week, there will be quite a formidable army of local workers in the party.

The reception which the members of the army will receive in the counties to be invaded is a matter of grave doubt to many interested in army work, but those who are going seem to have no fear of the manner in which they will be treated.

OPENING OF SCHOOL

Preliminary Steps Looking to It to Be Taken This Week.

Examinations for Conditioned Pupils and First Teachers' Meeting.

The principals of the various schools will be at their respective buildings on Thursday and Friday of this week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, for the purpose of holding an examination for all pupils who have been conditioned in their work, or who desire to take examinations for advance work.

The teachers' examination will be held in the same days, in the Duluth Central High school, and the regular teachers' meeting will be held Saturday, at 10 a. m., in the Assembly hall of the high school.

The meeting of the principals of the various schools, called for the purpose of discussing the work of the coming year, will be held at the close of the teachers' meeting, in room 206 of the high school.

But one week more of holidays remains for the 12,000 school children of the city, and one week from today will see them returning to books and study for another ten months.

The schools in the range towns, and other towns in the vicinity, will be open for the winter term tomorrow. A number of them opened last Monday and the remainder will commence work tomorrow morning.

Although the county schools open from one to two weeks earlier than the city schools, they have a school year that is but little if any longer than the city school year as the range schools all close a week earlier in the spring than the city schools, and today will be an extra holiday with them.

Several of the range towns have greatly added to their school facilities this year, and the new town of Nashwauk has erected a handsome new building, which will be opened tomorrow. Four teachers, including the principal, are to be employed to teach the children in the town, which two years ago was a wilderness.

During the past week from 150 to 200 young ladies have left over the range roads for the scene of their winter's work on the ranges. Many of them are from Duluth, although the majority of them come from the small towns in the southern part of the state.

DISCOVERED THE ROOSTER

"Uncle Samuel" Gruwell Suggested Trademark For Democratic Party.

Bluffton, Ind., September 7.—"Uncle Sammy" Gruwell, one of the oldest native-born Democrats in Indiana, is lying at the point of death at the home of his stepson, Councilman J. A. Morris in this city. His chief distinction is that he discovered the "rooster" that is now dominant as the emblem of Democracy the country over. While the story has been related many times at county and other conventions here, it is not generally known how the lustily crowing fowl came to be considered as a trade-mark for the party.

In 1856 "Uncle Sammy" lived in Boone county, and was sent as a delegate to the state convention, which met in Indianapolis, January 8, the anniversary of the battle of New Orleans.

At the convention Ashbel P. Willard was nominated for governor and Abram A. Hammond for lieutenant governor. The national convention in the same year nominated James Buchanan for president. The outlook in Indiana early in the campaign was very dark for the Democrats. A man of the name of Chapman was at that time editor of a weekly paper in Indianapolis, which was the state organ of the Democracy. Chapman took a pessimistic view of the situation and his fear for success was manifest in his paper. Mr. Gruwell believed that the chances for victory were bright, but at the same time he saw that the effect Chapman's editorials would have over the state.

To inject a little hope into the cause he wrote Chapman a letter, giving a rosy view of the situation, and concluded by saying:

"Chapman, we are going to win. After the election you can crow. You must begin crowing now. Put the picture of a rooster in your paper. Make it crow, for the victory is ours."

Chapman took his advice, and in the next issue there was a cut of a barnyard king crowing lustily. The editorials, too, had a brighter tone, and at the end of the campaign a larger rooster appeared as a sign of victory, and it has been in use by party organs since that time. Since 1850. While always a wheel-horse in the Democratic party, he only filled a few minor offices. He cast his first presidentaial vote for Van Buren in 1840, and has voted for every Democratic candidate for president since, with the exception of the campaign of 1872, when he refused to go to the polls and vote for Horace Greeley. He was a great admirer of the late Allen G. Thurman.

Don't spoil your silver with poor polish
GORHAM SILVER POLISH
Contains no acids or injurious ingredients. Cleans as well as polishes. Does not cake
All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

THREE INDICTED.

Grand Jury at Work In Oklahoma Territory.

Washington, Sept. 7.—A telegram to Secretary Hitchcock from United States District Attorney Speed, of Oklahoma says the United States grand jury has found three indictments against Contractor Stokes and three county commissioners of Kiowa county for making false vouchers and false certificates for the purpose of defrauding the government in connection with the building of bridges. Stokes is under arrest and his bond has been fixed at $4500. The three indicted county commissioners, it is said, have fled the country. This action has been taken at the instance of Secretary Hitchcock as the result of an investigation instituted by him several months ago, which revealed the fact that gross frauds had been practiced in Oklahoma in connection with contracts for bridges, roads and buildings in the three counties opened for settlement three years ago. Secretary Hitchcock held up all bills until he could have an investigation made, and the present indictments are the result. Other arrests are expected to follow.

"STOP!" YELLED GIRL

Who Saw Steam Cars For First Time.

Mt. Vernon, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Amelia Schobell, aged 18, saw a train for the first time in her life Saturday, and when it pulled out from the station without her aboard she ran after it and called it to stop. Policeman Ember, who thought the girl was insane, chased her down the track toward Wakefield and arrested her.

The girl was running at breakneck speed, yelling wildly at the train to stop. When taken to police headquarters she told Sergt. Grant a strange story. She declared she had never seen a railroad train or station before, and she thought the express she was chasing would stop the same as a trolley car does.

"I have been in the Wartburg Orphan school at Pelham for ten years," said Amelia, "and this was the first time I had ever seen a station or train in my life. A minister from Hempstead was taking me to his home to work, and while waiting at the station for a train I got left. I ran after the train calling 'Stop! Stop!' as I thought the steam cars stopped when you signaled them the same as the trolley cars."

Amelia was taken back to the Wartburg school.

DULUTH MEN

Interested In Great Northern Coke and Coal Co.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 7.—A mortgage to secure bonds on a new railway from Columbus, Ohio, to Maysville, Ky., to connect east and west trunk lines in the North with the Chesapeake & Ohio, the Louisville & Nashville and other Southern lines was recorded Saturday, and it is announced this new line will also extend ninety miles from Maysville, Ky., through Jackson, Pike, Floyd and Martin counties in Kentucky, so as to form an outlet for the coal fields on the west side of Big Sandy river. The Great Northern Coal and Coke company recently organized with a capital of $5,000,000 owns 500,000 acres of coal land in that region, and is said to be promiting the new railway. It is proposed to ship this coal by rail as well as down the Big Sandy and Ohio rivers, as has been done for years. It is said that the Great Northern and the Pittsburg Coal companies will then control the coal trade from Pennsylvania and all states along the Ohio river to New Orleans. The temporary organization of the Great Northern Coal and Coke company includes J. M. Calmden and Sprigg Calmden, of Parkersburg; P. L. Kimberly, of Sharon, Pa.; F. A. Dudle yand Robert Nomlon, of Chicago; George C. Howe, of Duluth; J. C. Mays, of Painesville, Ky., and members of an Eastern syndicate whose names are not made known.

BISHOP FALLOWS

Will Brew His Own Beer and Sell It.

Columbus, Ohio, Sept. 7.—Bishop Samuel Fallows of the Reformed Episcopal church, Chicago, is here arranging to start saloons throughout Ohio.

Bishop Fallows is the inventor of "bishop's" beer, which is said to be a beverage that does not intoxicate and yet is as satisfying as the real stuff. The bishop came on to consult with the Anti-Saloon league officers about his beer.

On account of the agitation against beer in Ohio, Bishop Fallows discovered that the Chicago manufacturer was not following the original formula, and decided to take its manufacture from the hands of the brewing company producing it and have it made by a company formed, with the inventor as its head.

It was for the purpose of convincing the Ohio Anti-Saloon league of the harmlessness of the beverage as it will be brewed from this on, that Bishop Fallowe came here. Bishop's beer was invented by Fallows for the express sale in the temperance saloons, established in Chicago by his church, as a plan for keeping the young men away from the regular saloons. It is expected that the Anti-Saloon league will accept the beer, and in that event saloons will be established in "dry" towns.

The Great Fur Exhibit.

The Northwest is justly proud of its greatest fur house—that of E. Albrecht & Son of St. Paul, whose representative is at present in the city with a full exhibit of the latest fur styles and novelties.

The house of E. Albrecht & Son was founded in 1855, and purchasers of Albrecht garments get the result of nearly 50 years of hard, conscientious study of one business. Styles and qualities are the world's latest and best. Mr. Ernst Albrecht, the senior member of the firm, makes annual trips to the Old World Markets, where he purchases the raw peltries at first hands at advantageous prices, and makes careful note of all fashion changes and features. The result of these trips of Mr. Albrecht, senior, taken together with the frequent New York visits of inspection by Mr. Otto E. Albrecht, the firm's junior partner, give to Albrecht furs a distinguishing quality and cosmopolitan style obtainable in no other furs in the world.

For further reasons why "Albrecht Furs are Standard" our citizens are urged to call at the exhibit and see for themselves.

$27.50 to Winnipeg and Return.

The Great Northern railway will sell every day up to and including Sept. 20 round-trip tickets to Winnipeg at $27.50, good until Sept. 30. These tickets offer an elegant tourist circuit, going directly via Grand Forks and returning via Canadian Pacific to Port Arthur, thence Booth line, White line or Northwest Transportation company, through Lake Superior to Duluth. Ticket office, 432 West Superior street, Spalding hotel corner.

HITCHCOCK ANGRY

At Publication of the Brosius Report Charging Frauds.

Correspondence With President of Indian Rights Association.

Washington, Sept. 7. — Secretary Hitchcock has made public the following correspondence between him and Philip C. Garrett, president of the Indian Rights association:

"Hon. Philip Garrett, President Indian Rights Association. Sir: I have received yours dated Alexander, Mass., Aug. 25, replying to mine of the 20th inst., and quote the first paragraph of the same as follows:

"'I am away from home, as I have been much of the summer, and do not recall exactly how the copies of Mr. Brosius' letter were sent out. It was in reply to mine of the 13th and is as follows:

"'On my return to the city yesterday I filed your letter of the 12th inst., enclosing a letter from your Washington agent, S. M. Brosius, which last you state "seems to me (you) to present grave irregularities on the part of the officials appointed by the government, which have a tendency to wrong the Indians—the very wards of the nation, whom they are appointed to protect; and I take the liberty of submitting a copy of it to you in order that if thought proper by you the subject may be officially investigated.'

"Before replying more fully to your letter as above acknowledged, I will thank you to kindly inform me whether or not the widespread publication in the press of the country on or about the date of your letter to me enclosing said letter was authorized by yourself or any other officer of your association.

"My purpose in thus addressing you was to ascertain whether or not you had authorized or were aware of the fact that the letter of Mr. Brosius enclosed with yours to me of the 13th, which I did not receive until my return to the city on the 19th, had been given widespread circulation throughout the country and before I had an opportunity to make reply, inasmuch as such publication seems to me as being most discourteous under the circumstances. Hence my inquiry, which was a matter of courtesy I deemed due to yourself.

"I sincerely regret that you cannot now recall exactly how the copies of Mr. Brosius' letter were sent out.

"Returning now, in further reply to yours of the 13th inst., I note with pleasure your desire not to wish to exaggerate any of the evils in the administration of the Indian bureau, and beg to state that the 'grave irregularities on the part of officials appointed by the government,' with which you seem to have been impressed by the report made to you by Mr. Brosius, have for months past had my personal attention, thus anticipating your courteous request that the subject may be officially investigated.

"Investigations made by me while on a visit to Indian Territory in May, as a result of which certain removals from office by dismissal and enforced resignations since my return here, amended rules and reuglations were prepared and issued on July 10, the purpose of which was to more fully protect the Creek Indians in the matter of sales of their land by a proper notice and the requirement of sealed bids by which satisfactory results have been accomplished in the matter of the sale of inherited lands in other reservations throughout the country, none of the original deeds for the sale of lands under the inherited act nor of lands in the Creek nation having been up to that time, nor since approved.

"On the contrary in the matter of the sale of inherited land under the sealed bid order we are receiving in many cases from 15 to 125 per cent advance over the original price tendered by the same parties for the same land, while the Creek deeds under the old system have all been disapproved in a number of 423 and returned with the accompanying checks, amounting to more than $369,000, thus showing that in the matter of official irregularities and the adoption of said regulations the interests of the Indians have not been neglected by the department as is indirectly charged by Mr. Brosius, whose report I do not care further to discuss, because the accusations therein contained are to receive a full and rigid investigation.

"They have been promptly denied and such investigation demanded by the members of the Dawson commission and Inspector Wright, who is, of course, entitled to be presumed innocent in the meantime.

"This department is and always has been, at all times, ready and willing to accept the assistance of the association in ascertaining and rectifying any irregularities it may discover or believe to exist when properly presented and substantiated, and it is always willing to do anything towards the betterment of the Indian wards of the government.

"There are, however, proper methods of proceeding and I think it not only unjustifiable, but discourteous to me to publish broadcast to the world evidence gathered by Mr. Brosius without verification and without his having referred to the officers whose reputation he attacked, anything which may have afforded them an opportunity to explain anything that may seem objectionable. The department further maintains that its inspectors and other officials should have respect and confidence until a clear case is made against them and that the present policy of dealing with the Indians is the result of acumulated experience and is being pursued inteligently and vigorously with a view to the Indians' best interest.

"E. A. HITCHCOCK,
"Secretary."

MR. GARRETT REPLIES.

Mr. Garrett's reply was as follows:

"Hon. E. A. Hitchcock, Secretary of the Interior: Sir—I have the honor to acknowledge yours of Aug. 29, reminding me of my letter of Aug. 20, which partially replies to yours of Aug. 13.

"To enter upon the question of personal discourtesy which you raise would, I think, involve a long discussion. I just, therefore, content myself with utterly disclaiming the least intention of discourtesy to you.

'I have not had the honor of much personal acquaintance with you, but my profound regard for the president, my knowledge that he esteems you highly and my deep conviction of your own integrity and faithfulness to your high trust would forbid intentional discourtesy.

'The publication of the Brosius report was in acordance with the custom of the association to give to the press matters of importance in which the public are supposed to be interested. That it created a great deal of public interest is quite evident.

"I am glad to have learned since the letter of Mr. Brosius called the subject to my attention that you had known something of the dangers to which he referred previously and am pleased to know that you have taken steps to investigate them and am contented that the department should have the entire credit of it, satisfied if we can aid in some degree in preventing the wrong that might have resulted to the Indians, from being consummated, and shall be much gratified if the investigators shall be absolutely unbiased.

"Too often these officials appear to be under influences from members of congress interested in them, and I am bound to say that the inspectors too often seem to whitewash men too utterly unfit for their positions.

"You will observe that I say 'seem.' I do not claim infallibility.

"We make no charge up to this time against any members of the Dawes commission, nor do I believe does our informant, Mr. Brosius, whose allegations, you will observe are general in their character and invite attention to a certain class of institutions with which some of them are connected which they ought not to be, if they wish to keep above suspicion, because there is too much reason to believe the companies are, some of them, at least, organized, in part, for the express purpose of preying upon the Indians.

"Nor do I think Mr. Brosius cast any reflections upon persons in high stations. No one is more interested in clearing the skirts of appointed officials of fraud and corruption than those who appointed them, and this we sought.

"Allow me to make one comment on the closing passage in your letter in which you say 'inspectors and other officials should have respect and confidence until a clear case shall be made against them.' The inspector should be above suspicion, and where an inspector accepts the hospitality of the man he is sent to inspect, thus taking a bribe in his favor, or listens only to, or chiefly to one side, or favors his congressional backer, in any way, he is not above suspicion.

"I would not, therefore, put that sentence as you do, but would say that such officials should be accorded confidence so long as they are clearly honest and impartial in their investigations. A man who is subject to serious misgivings in this respect should be removed at once, no matter who is his backer, for he is no longer fit for his position.

"I beg to reiterate my assurance of confidence in your administration, but think that the important subject matter of Mr. Brosius' communications is a hundred times more important than the question of the courtesies, much as I trust I value these.

"Thanking you for the valuable information that you have imparted.

"PHILIP GARRETT,
"President I. R. A."

SAYS HUSBAND IS A LUNATIC

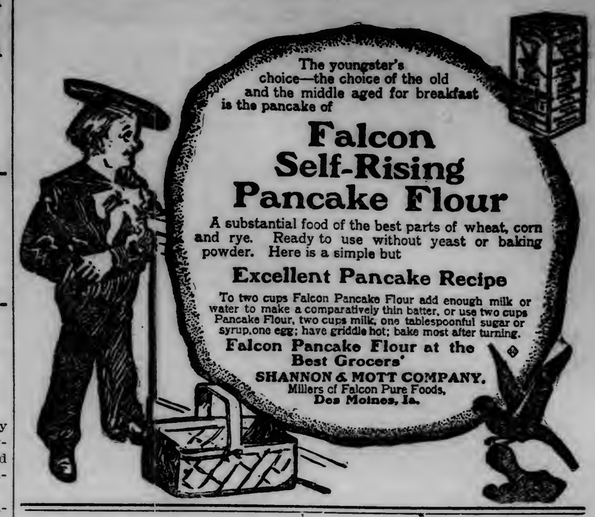
Wife of Los Angeles Millionaire Says He Shot Her.

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 7.—Col. Griffith, a millionaire resident of the city and a member of the board of park commissioners, has been arrested on the charge of assaulting his wife with murderous intent. Mrs. Griffith is in a hospital suffering from the effects of a pistol shot wound in the head and a compound fracture of the shoulder. She was shot last Thursday evening in her room at a Santa Monica hotel, where, with her husband and 15-year-old son, she has been spending the summer.

In her statement to the district attorney, Mrs. Griffith said her husband shot her after forcing her to answer at the pistol point some irrational questions as to her faithfulness and her knowledge as to any attempt to poison him. When he shot her she was on her knees. She jumped up and ran to a window, out of which she jumped, falling on a roof some fourteen feet below, fracturing her shoulder blade. Mrs. Griffith wanted a charge of insanity preferred against her husband.

Col. Griffith insists that his wife was wounded accidentally. He was bending over a trunk, according to his story, when he heard the report of a revolver, and turned to see Mrs. Griffith fall to the floor. The weapon, he says, was one of his own Mrs. Griffith came across in gathering together their effects for packing. How it was discharged Col. Griffith does not know, as he asserted that his back was turned. He denied that there was any possible cause for a quarrel between himself and Mrs. Griffith, and declares that the reports of his having fired the shot are absolutely false.

What a grand family medicine it is, grand—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.



The youngster's choice—the choice of the old and the middle aged for breakfast is the pancake of

Falcon Self-Rising Pancake Flour

A substantial food of the best parts of wheat, corn and rye. Ready to use without yeast or baking powder. Here is a simple but

Excellent Pancake Recipe

To two cups Falcon Pancake Flour add enough milk or water to make a comparatively thin batter, or use two cups Pancake Flour, two cups milk, one tablespoonful sugar or syrup, one egg; have griddle hot; bake most after turning.

Falcon Pancake Flour at the Best Grocers'

SHANNON & MOTT COMPANY,
Millers of Falcon Pure Foods,
Des Moines, Ia.

THE TOUCH THAT FAILED.

Little Comedy That Ended With a Tragic Tinge.

THE PROLOGUE.

The time: October, 1902. The place: The Bromley flat in New York.

Mr. Bromley—positively—"No, siree, Gertrude. Don't delude yourself with any visions of a European trip next summer. From present indications, business isn't going to brush up for a full year, and you'll be in great luck if you get as far as Cousin Hiram's farm!"

Mrs. Bromley—"John!"

Mr. Bromley—"Yes, madam, great luck. Hiram's place may not be swell, but there's air for the children and plenty to eat. The whole bunch of them will be down here in January. We'll have to ask them to put up here, and work them for all they're worth for a three months' invitation."

Mrs. Bromley—meditatively—"Y-e-s."

THE EXHIBITS.

Higgins Corners, Dec. 16, 1902.

Dear Cousin Gertrude:

I take my pen in hand to thank you for all the lovely things you sent us for Christmas presents. I think the gilt clock is just lovely. I have wanted one just like that a long while. Hiram says he is very much obliged for the necktys and will wear them. Willie and little Hiram is both just tickled to death with their watches and play with them all the time, so wishing you a Merry christmas and a happy new year I am,

Your aff. cousin,
Sarah.

II.

Higgins Corners, Jan. 28, 1903.

I will write a line to say that we got home all rite and was glad to see the farm again, but you gave us a lovely time in New York, just the same. Hiram is that pleased with the visit that he says he is coming down every year to visit you for two weeks, but he says you fed him too good. He says he wishes we had one of those vodderville theaters in Higgins Corners, which you took him to. The boys can't talk of nothing else but New York and the places there Uucle John took them to. Little Hiram says he is going down there next winter and work in a store and live with you. Willie dreams every night of the menageries his Uncle John took him to. So hoping you are well,

Your affectionate cousin,
Sarah.

III.

Higgins Corners, febr. 15, 1903.

dere uncle John

I guess I knoe who send me that vallentyne which it was fit with candle so i will rite and thank you for the vallentyne veri much obliged uncle john. Mother she says it was so nis of yu to send me that vallentyne and, it was the, candie was veri nice so thank yu for it and she says i must rite and thank you myself so i did.

your affecksbunate nephew,
William seven years old.

IV.

Higgins Corners, April 10, 1903.

Dear Cousin Gertrude:

We all thank you very much for the lovely pots of flowers which you sent by express for Easter. I guess you meant us to put them in the ground, but it is froze yet, so we can't. Hiram says wasn't it nice of you to send them to us and how thoughtful you have been of us all winter and he wishes we could do something to reciprocate, and so do I. So, hoping that Easter finds you all well. I am

Your affectionate cousin,
Sarah.

V.

Higgins Corners, July 11, 1903.

Dear Cousin Gertrude:

I got your letter yesterday and was very sorry to hear that the doctor says you are all run down and need country air and rest. I wisht we could ask you and the children up here for all summer, but I guess we can't. Hiram sold the farm day before yesterday, and we are going to move next week and board at the Curtis farm until Hiram can find a bigger farm for us. Which will take about till October, I guess. So, hoping you will find a nice place to get the country air and rest. I am

Your affectionate cousin,
Sarah.

THE EPILOGUE.

The time: July 12, 1903. The place: Same as prologue.

Mr. Bromley: !!!!! O O O O!!! ???? $$$!!!!! ******

—From Comfort.

Home Visitors' Excursions.

"The North-Western Line" will sell "Home Visitors" excursion tickets, Sept. 1st, 8th and 15th, and October 6th, to points in Indiana and Ohio, at one and one-third fare for the round trip. Tickets good for return passage 30 days from date of sale. For further information and tickets call at city office, 332 West Superior street.

Low One Way Rates West.

Commencing Sept. 15 the Northern Pacific railway will resume sale of colonist tickets to Montana and points west, including Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and Ashland, Ore., for $25. For full information and tickets call at city office, 332 West Superior street.

"COMMANDER"
The flour that makes the mill grow.
By making the demand Grow.
By making the BEST bread.
TRY IT.
Every Package Guaranteed.
All Grocers.

HAS LITTLE FAITH

Congressman Ransdell Says Negroes Cannot Progress If Left Alone.

Without Contact With White Race Would Revert to Cannibalism.

"If the negroes were left to work out their own destiny and did not come in contact with white people, the black race would revert to cannibalism within a few generations."

This was the declaration last night of Congressman Joseph E. Ransdell, of Louisiana, who succeeded Gen. Cushings on the rivers and harbors committee, and who is making a trip of the great lakes for the purpose of acquainting himself with the needs of the different harbors on the lakes. Mr. Ransdell is staying at the Spalding and after returning from the range today, where he is the guest of W. A. Mechonagie, will go to Chicago and Milwaukee. In continuing on the race question Mr. Ransdell said:

"The time is not yet at hand for the disposal of the negro problem and I do not think that it does any good to stir up the subject. History has shown us, however, that if left alone the blacks do not progress, but deteriorate. James Anthony Froude in his 'British in the West Indies,' shows what would become of the negro if left alone in this country. He gives a history of large West Indian islands which passed into the control of black people after a revolution and draws a sharp contrast in the condition of the islands today compared to a century ago when they were under white rule and when the standard of civilization was high.

"It is shown that cannibalism prevails today in the interior of the islands governed by blacks and I have had many interviews with sea captains who have confirmed Froude's statements. If the American negroes were left alone I think it would be but a few generations before they would enter the same state. All propositions for deportation or colonization of the negroes is absurd. When the time comes I think that the Almighty will settle the problem through the generation which is on earth at that time.

"As for the lynching of negroes in the South the better classes there do not believe in burning them at the stake, but they do think that for certain crimes summary justice should be dealt out to them in order to save women from the necessity of having to appear at a public trial and be cross-questioned. That is impossible."

This is Mr. Randsell's first inspection of lake ports. In speaking of the prospective work of the rivers and harbors committee he said:

"It is difficult to tell just what the committee will do at the coming session. The legislature makes an appropriation every two years. The last appropriation was more than $80,000,000, but I do not know what the next one will carry with it. Two years ago the engineers who reported on proposed improvements recommended plans for something like $200,000,000 worth of work. This was five times as much as we could appropriate and as nearly all of the different improvements were equally meritorious it was a hard proposition to make recommendations.

"One of the largest schemes on foot now is for the deepening of the Ohio river so that it will be a 9-foot channel from Pittsburg down. The estimated cost of such improvements would be at least $60,000,000. We were asked to make an appropriation of $100,000 for a preliminary survey, but as it would establish a precedent we could not do so. I understand, however, that the people in the Ohio river territory are preparing to make the preliminary survey and that the work will be pushed with all possible vigor.

"I came from Cleveland on the steamer James H. Reed of the Provident line, and received much valuable information from Capt. F. B. Houghton. Tomorrow I shall visit the range as the guest of Mr. Mechonagie. I shall go to Chicago and Milwaukee upon my return. Capt. Charles J. Potter, the engineer in charge of the Duluth-Superior district will show me the harbor before I leave."

Mr. Ransdell is accompanied by Mrs. Ransdell.

TAX LEVY FOR THE POOR FUND

Board Will Meet September 30 to Fix the Amount.

The board of poor commissioners of St. Louis county will hold a meeting Sept. 30th, for the purpose of fixing the amount of the tax levy for the poor fund the coming year. The regular tax levy, amounting to $26[illegible] was passed by the board of county commissioners July 13, but this amount did not include the poor fund levy.

Under the law of 1901 the board of poor commissioners is given complete authority in matters pertaining to the care of the county poor even to the making of the poor levy. There was no overdraft on the poor fund this past year, in fact, there is still a balance in the county treasury to the credit of the fund. It is thought possible that there may be as high as $7000 of this fund carried over from this year to be applied on the fund for the coming year.

The levy for the poor fund last year was a little over $21,000 or on the basis of .3 mills. It is thought likely that the levy for the coming year will be any higher.

$500 REWARD

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Dr. Pierce's Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 250 boxes contain 100 Pills, 100 boxes contain 40 Pills, 50 boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. JOHN C. WEST & CO., Chicago. Sold by leading druggists.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
335 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

CRESCENT PERIOD PILLS. Women needing reliable monthly regulator; safe, powerful, sure, in obstinate cases never fail. Made of strongest and freshest Drugs. $2.00 at MAX WIRTH'S, Druggist, 13 W. Superior St.

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.
It makes life miserable.
Its sufferers eat not because they *want to*, but simply because they *must*.
They know they are irritable and fretful; but they cannot be otherwise.
They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, an uneasy feeling of puffy fulness, headache, heartburn and what not.
The effectual remedy, proved by permanent cures of thousands of severe cases, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic.

J. L. GREASINGER VISITING HERE

Will Spend Some Time In Duluth and the Northwest.

J. L. Greatsinger, formerly president of the Duluth & Iron Range road, and later at the head of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit company, is in the city, a guest at the Kitchi Gammi club. He is here for his annual rest, which always includes a chicken hunt, and he will be in the Northwest for a month or six weeks.

With A. S. Chase and George C. Howe he will go to the Western Minnesota and Dakota chicken grounds in a couple of days. Mr. Chase and Mr. Howe have already been out for a few days, breaking in the dogs, and have had good success. Later in the season the trio will go after ducks, stopping at the Pomme de Terre club house, on the river of the same name. The old club house there burned down and a new one, capable of accommodating twenty people, has been built up.

Mr. Greatsinger will go up on the ranges to look over the mines before he returns. He was one of the most popular citizens of Duluth during his stay here, and he has a host of warm friends here to make his stay pleasant.

TRADE OF GALVESTON.

Many Records Broken During the Past Year.

The Galveston News of Sept. 1 contains a synopsus of the commerce of the port of Galveston for the trade year just closed, which shows the breaking of many records. Galveston's total cotton receipts for 1902-03 were 2,093,070 bales, compared with 2,090,710 bales for 1901-02. Galveston's bank clearings for the year just closed were $413,185,000, an increase of $40,946,200 over the preceding year. During the past year the port of Galveston advanced from fourth to third place in its rank among exporting ports of the United States. The total value of Galveston's foreign imports and exports during the past year was $105,632,087, compared with a total business of $87,691,312 for 1901-02. The total value of goods handled over the Galveston wharves during the year just closed was $447,910,707, compared with a valuation of $246,577,246 for 1901-02, showing an increase of $201,333,461. Cash receipts at the custom house from all sources for the year amounted to $448,519, compared with receipts of $220,221 for 1901-02. During the past year the amount collected in duties was $288,594, compared with $179,054 collected during 1901-02. Galveston's total elevator capacity has been increased to 4,000,000 bushels. The total value of Galveston's foreign exports for the past year was $104,121,087, compared with a valuation of $96,181,423 for 1901-02. The total value of Galveston's foreign exports for the past year was $104,121,087, compared with a valuation of $96,181,423 for 1901-02. The total value of Galveston's foreign imports for the past year was $1,511,234, compared with a valuation of $1,192,758 for 1901-02, showing an increase of $318,587. The total value of foreign goods imported over the Galveston wharves during the past year was $3,233,029. A statement of the total tonnage entered or cleared at the port of Galveston the past year shows 1340 vessels, with a tonnage of 3,094,902, compared with a total of 1042 vessels, with a tonnage of 2,222,928 for 1901-02. This shows an increase of 298 vessels and an increase in tonnage of 871,975. The coastwise trade of Galveston during the past year more than doubled that of the previous year. Galveston has fifty-three lines of steamships to foreign ports. There are two regular lines of coastwise vessels to New York and nine lines of coastwise vessels to points in the gulf. During the past year 90,591 loaded cars were handled in the yards of the Galveston Wharf company by the various railroads, compared with a total of 77,139 loaded cars handled during the previous year. The federal government spent during the past year $818,020 at Galveston. Work is well under way on the Galveston channel, which is to be made thirty feet deep and 1200 feet wide. Galveston now has a depth of twenty-seven feet of water in its channel. Including the government and seawall expenditures there was a total of $2,619,420 expended at Galveston during the past year, whilst here is available for government seawall and private improvements a total of $5,158,920 for the year beginning Sept. 1. A leading feature of The News' trade edition is an illustrated writeup of the various stages of work on the seawall. This work was begun in October, 1902. About half of the work on the entire structure is completed. The wall is to be 17,593 feet long, 16 feet wide at the base and 17 feet high. Bonds to the amount of $1,500,000 have been issued for erecting the wall and for filling immediately behind the wall. Plans are now under preparation for raising the grade of the city with funds made available by a remission of a portion of the state tax for a period of seventeen years.

CAUSED EXCITEMENT.

Man Who Insisted on Speaking to President.

New York, Sept. 7.—A powerfully-built man caused considerable excitement as President Roosevelt was about to board the train in Hoboken for his trip to Syracuse by persistently trying to follow, and making several efforts to speak to the chief executive.

He was seized by the chief of police of Hoboken and two other men and rushed into the waiting room, where he was searched. He was found to be unarmed and released.

BAD FREIGHT WRECK.

Altoona, Pa., Sept. 7.—One of the worst freight wrecks on the middle division of the Pennsylvania railway in years occurred late Saturday night at Ryde, fifty-four miles east of here. One east-bound freight train ran into another and forty cars and their contents were scattered over the tracks. Three men were instantly killed. All passenger trains were from four to nine hours late. The property loss will be about $100,000.

SULTAN OF SULU

Wished to Wed Miss Marie E. Sweet, of Denver.

But a Boston Man Won Her Heart and Hand.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 7.—William H. Baker, a Boston lawyer, Democratic politician and an anti-imperialist, has given the sultan of Sulu a jolt by marrying the American girl whom the Oriental potentate wished to wed.

The sultan presented to Miss Marie E. Sweet, of Denver, an elegant decoration of pearls and raised her, by mail, to the rank of a princess of the Sulu islands.

Mr. Baker did not marry Miss Sweet because of his desire to interfere with the benevolent assimilation process in far away Sulu, but because he fell in love with her and paid ardent court here in Boston all winter and spring while Miss Sweet was studying music. He won her consent last June, and on July 15 they were married by Rev. Everett Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Baker left for Denver the day after their wedding and have been there since. Mr. Baker is interested in some mining properties there, but expects to return to Boston with his bride in three weeks.

Mr. Baker was born in Norridgewick, Maine, and some five or six years ago he married Miss Lottie E. Stevens, of Oakland, Mine. They lived in Boston during most of their married life.

Mr. Baker first came into notice in 1896 when he became a conspicuous follower of George Fred Williams and took part in the troublesome times that accompanied the attempt to reconcile the Democratic state committee to the candidacy of William J. Bryan.

He lived in Newton, a suburb of Boston, at the time, and he was nominated for congress against the late ex-Congressman Charles F. Sprague. Later he ran for mayor of Newton and was defeated by a small majority.

A little over a year ago Mr. Baker had an ambition to represent the new Eleventh Congressional district, and for that purpose he gave up his home in Newton and moved to a hotel in Boston, but he failed to get the nomination. Since then Mr. Baker has been out of politics. Over a year ago Mr. Baker went to Denver with his wife on a trip in connection with mining investments which some of his clients had made.

There he met Miss Sweet, the 21-year-old daughter of Col. Owen J. Sweet, of the Twenty-first United States infantry. Miss Sweet and her mother were living in Denver, the daughter being a member of a quartet in the fashionable St. Mark's church. She was then the belle of Denver, having succeeded to the place vacated by Miss Cornelia Baxter when the latter married Mr. Tevis, who died soon after, leaving his widow several millions. Everybody in Denver knew of the beautiful Miss Marie Sweet, and it was Mr. Baker's fortune to be introduced to her.

Col. Sweet has made an excellent reputation while governor of the chief island in the Sulu group, but his daughter made a greater impression on the sultan without going there. It seems that one day, after Col. Sweet had chatted some of the militant constituents of his royal highness, the sultan dropped in the colonel's office for a pacific conference. He saw a photograph of the colonel's daughter on the governor's desk.

"She was the most beautiful girl he had ever seen, the sultan would do her honor," the interpreter told Col. Sweet. Periodically the sultan called and spent moments in rapturous contemplation of the reproduction of the features of the Denver beauty.

"Would the governor permit hte Sultan to raise his daughter to the dignity of a Moro princess?" asked the interpreter. The colonel granted the permission.

Thereupon the Sultan sent two pearls the purest to be found in the kingdom, and with it this letter to the fair one he so admired:

"To my Young Unknown Friend, Miss Marie E. Sweet, in the United States of America, with Greetings and Good Wishes:

"May I ask you to allow me the pleasure to present you with two pearls from my waters in the Sulu seas, and as a token of respect to the daughter of my great, good friend, Major Sweet, the governor of the Sulu archipelago, and as a sign to you of the estimation in which your father is held by myself and the Moro people.

"Hadji Mohammed Kamalaul Kiram. "His Highness, the Sultan of the Sulu Archipelago."

Miss Sweet sent a reply to the sultan by phonograph. When his highness heard her voice, reproduced by the machine, Kiram was more ecstatic than ever. He promptly sent a hat to Colonel Sweet to be transmitted to Miss Sweet. The presentation of a hat, in Sulu etiquette meant that Kiram was anxious to marry the receipient, and add her to nis not-to-be-squeezed-at harem. But the hat miscarried. By that time, Miss Sweet had met Mr. Baker, and Kiram was turned down.

A year ago, some months after he had been introduced to Marie Sweet, Mr. Baker once more hied nimself to Denver. There he established a residence and began action for divorc from his Maine wife. The decree was granted and Mr. Baker returned to Boston.

Last November Miss Sweet, having received all the voice cultivation possible in the Colorado capital, came to Boston to study music Mr. Baker was then unmarried once more, and the winter saw them steadily advancing on that stage of courtship when each realizes that life without the other would be one continuous, opaque, gray gloom.

Friends of Mr. Baker saw him and Miss Sweet at the theater, at concerts and at dinner, and had just about concluded that they were approaching a decisive point, when the conjectures were confirmed by Mr. Baker's introduction of Miss Sweet as his fiancee. After that fellow attorneys used to see the young beauty calling at the courthouse for Mr. Baker about the time for adjournment of the sessions.

Early in July Mr. Baker announced to several of his intimates that he intended to be married and would spend his honeymoon in Denver. But he neglected to send announcement cards and his friends have so far been ignorant of the marriage.

The marriage license was issued to Mr. Baker and Miss Sweet as residents of Boston. It was her first marriage. The first Mrs. Baker is now living at her mother's home in Oakland, Maine.

TRAIN RUNS FAST.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—A new world's record for long distance running was made by a train on the Baltimore & Ohio early yesterday morning. A stretch of 128 miles was covered in 125 minutes. No stops were made. The distance traversed is between Chicago Junction, Ohio, and Garrett, Ind. During the run a speed of eighty-five miles an hour was reached. This was the maximum. Bursts of speed of seventy and seventy-five miles an hour were frequent. The train was made up of five cars.

Are You Going to the State Fair?

Are you going on "The Twilight Limited?" If not, why not? You want the best of everything at the same price, and the "Twilight" furnishes it. Coaches, club cars, parlor cars, observation cars, dining cars—no other train like it.

NEW tailor made suits, Positively authentic and correct in every feature of fashion, made by foremost Eastern ladies' tailors. Prices from $18.50 to $45.00, are in every case lower than elsewhere at the head of the lakes.

NEW waists, silk & wool For fall and winter dress and street wear. We've always sold more waists than all the other stores combined. With our new styles and prices we should double our own best records this year.

NEW modes in corsets, The La Grecque Kabo, Her Majesty's, Thomson's glove fitting, Fasso—the latest improvements, long hips, low busts, straight fronts. Corsets you'll need with your new costumes.

NEW tailored millinery— Our purchases in millinery exceed in beauty and variety all our former efforts. Our own hats will equal in beauty the best patterns imported from Paris. And we'll save you money.

NEW neck dressings— The collars, stoles, turnovers, jabots, ruffs—hundreds of strikingly novel ideas in silk, linen, Swiss, lace, embroidery, chiffon, feather and furs—the fanciest of fancies in all except our prices.

NEW stylish dress goods Zibelines in all the latest rough and hairy ideas, plain colors and mixtures, concealed and obvious plaids, splashed and dotted, Mohairs, granites and Scotch suithgs; superb plain and fancy blacks.

NEW silks and velvets— Will be very prominently featured in the Glass Block Store stocks this season. Velvets will be much in evidence for dresses, waists and trimmings, and we're prepared to show all there is that's desirable.

NEW showing of flannels From the standard 7c outings we sell at 5c to the softest and finest $1.25 white flannels which we sell at $1.00. We have the completest line ever. White and all colors for every dress and home use.

NEW stylish, good shoes "Queen Quality" $3 Shoes are the world's best at the price, and we are sole agents. Other good makes at 50c to $1 a pair less than shoe stores. Boys' and girls' shoes, most approved patterns and makes.

NEW gloves, kid, evening Fownes' La Tosca and Dagmar, standard kid gloves of the world at $1.50 and $2, in all the new colors and this season's approved styles. Silk and suede evening gloves of approved colors and lengths.

NEW boys' good clothing Our variety this fall and winter three times as great as ever before. Suits, overcoats, hats and caps for the smallest to the largest boys, including many novelty effects to make your boy "look different."

NEW pictures, all kinds Added to our beautiful art gallery of framed oils, pastels and engravings, we now have a superb assortment of unframed etchings, engravings, gravures, representing the best masters. We're headquarters.

NEW household linens— Our constantly increasing linen business has been provided for with arrivals of the famous Irish, Scotch and French dew and grass bleached products, which we will undersell more radically than ever.

NEW blankets & comforts This second floor department is clamoring for more room to adequately care for rapidly growing trade. From 45c to $15 means that you can supply every blanket and comfort need here at a saving.

NEW curtains & draperies Nottinghams, Irish net, Scotch net, French net, Arabians, Renaissance—artistic taste in the selection of patterns and shrewd buying afford our customers the market's best at an underprice.

NEW furniture and beds. Also bedding as well. Our first aim is to offer you only the made-well and wear-well kinds, produced by the most reliable makers, and we save you 1-3 to 1-2 compared with "furniture trust" prices.

NEW knit underwear Vests, pants, union and combination suits of cotton, fleeced, merino, wool, silk mixed and silk, from 25c to $7.50. No better possible, no prices possibly so low. We excel in goodness and values.

NEW men's furnishings Everything for the man except his shoes and his suit or overcoa.. More attention than ever to the offering of variety and manly quality—the kind the men are willing to pay for, but pay less for here.

NEW jewelry, lea. goods Our jewelry and leather goods department appeals most strongly to the sense of economy. Our new offerings are incomparable—our best. Prices so much less than jewelers' there is no comparison.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
WHERE QUALITY IS PARAMOUNT

THE sixteenth annual fall opening, the first in the big new building, will soon be announced, but not until we're completely ready to spread before the growing population of the Zenith City and the Northwest the wonders in the way of merchandise we have bought (shrewdly, we believe), from the producing centers of America, Europe and Asia.



For those who have a desire to "be first," we already have a superb advance showing of what's fashionable, desirable and of good quality. The steamers on the lakes and the freight trains on the rails are hurrying to Duluth with the rest of these purchases, so, there'll be something new for all.

QUALITY is the first and paramount plank in the Glass Block's platform of principles, and the second is closer to it than ever Shamrock got to Reliance—**prices must be lowest.**

We number among our satisfied customers the richest and most particular, the comfortably fixed and the struggling poor who are the better off for the money they save here, which starts them on the road to better times.

"One price alike to all," and that the lowest, combined with dependable quality, has made this store grow big and will make it grow still bigger, for it is the only store in Duluth that treats all alike.

All roads lead to the Glass Block Store, in Duluth, just as in the times of the great Caesar all roads led to Rome.

No street car passes without stopping, which shows where the people go. More carriages are lined up before the door than at any other merchandise market, which shows that the "dames d'or" are as shrewd as their less favored sisters.

We invite you all to come and see the great improvements made for your convenience, comfort, pleasure and profit during our period of alterations.

THE NEW SUIT, CLOAK AND FUR DEPT. on the second floor is now the largest and handsomest as it was the most completely stocked in the Northwest. Partitions and fixtures have been removed, new cases have been added, the whole expanse has been softly carpeted and trading will be much more convenient than ever before.

THE ART GALLERY on the third floor has removed its walls, which have been replaced with a beautiful colonial arched and pillared entrance in rich mahogany finish, studded with electric lights throwing open to view a scene of pictoral splendor not to be found in any other city west of New York, and here you may buy pictures to your liking frqm engravings at a dime to oils at $500.



THE HARNESS DEPT. is now installed on the third floor with a complete new equipment of fixtures. We want every horse owner to visit it, for we're selling every harness from the plainest single buggy to richest gold trimmed coach, at fully a third less than any harness shop in Duluth while the same is true of every item of horse and stable accessories. Come and see that it's true.

New depts.

Sewing machines, Stoves and ranges, Men's canes, Pipes and smokers' supplies.

Watch us grow.

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LABOR DAY.

In all the states and territories of the Union, including the district of Columbia, organized labor has taken a holiday and is celebrating Labor Day. The existence of the holiday, legalized by statutes throughout the various states, is a tribute to the advancement of labor—an impressive sign to the world of the position that labor has gained by united effort, hard fighting and unyielding persistence. The parades show the strength of labor by the increasing numbers of the men in line, the music of the bands adds its inspiration, and the speeches of the orators of the day dwell upon the necessity of united action and the wrongs of the workingman that should be redressed. Much has been accomplished by organized labor for the benefit of the toilers, and there is still considerable work to be done along this line. The differences between capital and labor are not all past, they the frequently arising and it is through the power of the labor organizations that the workingmen are enabled to secure just and equitable treatment.

It is contended by some that organized labor demands too much and that it will bring discouragement and ruin. This pessimistic view is not justified. There may be instance where labor has gone too far in its demands,where hot-headed and unwise labor leaders have precipitated strikes and caused great loss to both labor and capital, whereas a little moderation and good judgment would have brought about amicable agreements and prevented the serious damage that has resulted. But organized labor, as a rule, is disposed to be fair and just, while firmly insisting upon what it believes to be its rights, and demanding its share in the great prosperity which prevails. It is nonsensical to suppose that the American workingmen will do aught to injure the country's prosperity or to destroy that which is their own interests.

In these days of combinations and monopolies, organized labor has been frequently forced to fight for fair treatment, but it is also worthy of note that it is becoming more and more a believer in arbitration. The greatest labor leaders of the day are opposed to strikes, except as a last resort, and their influence is steadily exerted in favor of arbitration when differences cannot be adjusted by direct negotiations between employers and employes. The influence of these leaders and of the many conservative and intelligent members of the rank and file of the great industrial army is steadily lessening the ability of the extremists to cause trouble by their inflammatory utterances. Organized labor is not to be judged by the Parkses and others of that class which endeavors to profit at the expense of the honest and right-thinking union man any more than is the church by those who use the cloak of religion as a convenient covering for their misdeeds.

Labor day should be a day of rejoicing and good cheer. The workingmen should on this occasion felicitate himself upon the great advance which has been made in his condition, and he should be cheered by the signs of prosperity that surround him and his neighbors. At the same time he should resolve that no word or deed of his shall disturb the continuance of that prosperity or lend aid and support to those who would inflame the passions and throw the whole industrial world into disorder.

THE FILIPINO LABORERS.

According to the reports of Governor Taft of the Philippines, it would seem that the Filipinos have been grossly maligned as far as their usefulness is concerned. The popular impression gained from numerous reports from the islands, has been that the natives were lazy loafers and would not work unless forced to it. Now, according to Governor Taft's report,they are proving industrious and faithful when given an incentive to work, and under the guidance of intelligent foremen they become exceedingly valuable. The American promoters of industrial enterprises who have invested money at Manila are quickly finding this out, and it has given a big impetus to building projects and other schemes requiring the employment of labor.

The greatest obstacle in the way of rapid development in the Philippines has been the labor problem, but recent developments show that the fears are not well founded. Ever since American occupation of the Philippines there has been more or less demand for the admission of Chinese to the archipelago, particularly on the part of the American business men. This sentiment is now fast dying out, and has been abandoned altogether by some of the leading builders. This is proved in the following statement, which was recently made to Governor Taft by an American concern, the Atlantic, Gulf & Pacific company, which is operating largely in the Philippines, having a contract for the improvement of Manila harbor:

"We believe," says the communication, "that Filipino labor can be successfully used. We are employing about 1000 Filipinos, which is a practical demonstration that this statement is not a theory. To employ them successfully is a new business which the American employer must learn, and if he cannot learn it he cannot do business in the Philippine islands. In general, the natives have to be taught to work, and this requires a considerable amount of instruction from intelligent American foremen and mechanics. The way to keep the Filipino laborer permanently in one's employ is to arrange his surroundings so that he is better off and more contented than anywhere else. This we have accomplished by providing homes for them and their families; also amusements, including Sunday fiestas and schools, where their children may be educated. We are opposed to the introduction of the Chinese. The only argument that we can see in its favor is that it may somewhat expedite the development of the resources of the islands. This temporary advantage is, we believe, overbalanced by the ultimate injury to both American and the natives which would follow their introduction. We believe that the greatest need of the islands is the abolishment of the Dingley tariff, so far as it applies to the Philippines. We want the American market and not the Chinese laborer."

The knowledge that the Filipinos can be trained from shiftless laborers to constant and reliable workers is most pleasing as it certainly will solve really the most vexed question of the new possession.

AS TO JACK PINE LANDS.

The Herald publishes today a letter from Superintendent H. H. Chapman of the Northeast experiment station at Grand Rapids, in reply to the criticisms on the paper he read at the Forestry convention condemning jack and Norway pine lands as unfit for permanent farm land. The letter is published in fairness to Mr. Chapman, who apparently is firmly convinced that his view is the correct one. The Herald, however, sees no reason to withdraw any remarks it has made in opposition to Mr. Chapman's contention, and is prepared to rest the case upon the many productive farms that have been established on Norway and jack pine lands throughout Northern Minnesota. It may be true that these lands are not as fertile as the rich prairie lands farther west and south, but it is absurd to say that they are unfit for agriculture and "will not make a permanent home for the farmer." The Cass Lake Times says on this point:

"The economic geology of a country usually determines its value for whatever purpose it is adapted; if rocky and the soil is sterile, the geologist marks it down as unfit for farming purposes; if there are no rocks and the soil is composed of all the mineral elements necessary to constitute a productive or capable soil he marks it down as agricultural. Jack pine soils contain all the mineral elements and combinations of a good soil; it is true the surface has a sandy appearance, but a rough mechanical analysis will convince any chemist or farmer that all the mineral constituents of a capable soil are here in abundance. Given, a soil containing sand, lime and clay in impalpable powder, the constituents of clay and lime being sufficient to supply all the needs of plants not of the lime class, and it will produce all food plants, except as above stated, both for man and beast, in abundance, if systematically farmed."

THE ARMY GENERAL STAFF.

Although, to be sure, the new general staff of the army has been at work only a few weeks, the impression thus far conveyed concerning it, is not at all flattering. An officer at Washington, who, by the way, is not on the general staff, declares that the staff was made up of a lot of essay writers, and that all that had been accomplished by it to date was the accumulation of a formidable pile of manuscript which was supposed to fit emergencies that may arise in the military service some time in the future.

According to present indications it looks as though there would be far more red tape to transactions than ever before, the following being given as the routine which a paper will follow on being received at the adjutant general's office: It is first sent to the chief of staff, who refers it to the executive council. The executive council may act on it if it is a simple matter; but the general rule is to forward it to one of the army divisions. This may be the first division of the general stoff. On being received there it is referred to the particular section of that division to which it belongs. In the first division there are three sections. Next it falls into the hands of an officer who is directed to furnish the desired information. He studies up the question if it is an involved one, finds out what is the custom in foreign armies, and finally submits a full report on the situation, with such recommendations as he thinks the case calls for. Then the papers follow the same channel back to the chief of staff, who forwards the information to the proper person. The treatise that has been prepared in the meantime is filed away for future reference, properly labeled. It is expected in this way to accumulate a vast amount of general and specific information together with valuable suggestions which may be drawn upon at a moment's notice. The "essay writing" business, however, has come in for considerable joking on the part of officers who are not on the general staff. The problems that are handed over to Gen. Young do not always involve a campaign in a foreign land. For instance, some of the younger officers on the staff are now wrestling with the question of the most suitable style of uniform for the American legation guard at Pekin. This calls for a statement covering the kinds of uniforms worn by the guards of other nations; of the clothing worn by the natives, and a general account of climatic conditions of China.

It seems very likely that a hasty opinion may have been formed of the new staff. It is natural that the staff should maintain a reticence concerning important matters before it, and hence there is much speculation as to its utility. Let the general staff have a fair trial and if it proves worthless, then abolish it.

A CURRENCY PROBLEM.

The commission which has been working to secure a system of international currency has made a special effort to have a reliable system established in China, which country is peculiarly affected by the fluctuations in silver. The results of the dicusssion seem to be these: England, France and Russia believe that a national currency should be introduced into China, but that it should be on the silver basis. Russia and France hold that the coinage should be governed by China, while England maintains that it should be free coniage. The commissions of the United States and Mexico urged that it be placed upon a gold basis, with limited circulation at the rate of 32 to 1, like that in the Philippines. Germany, Belgium and Holland agreed in theory with the American commission. All the nations were united, however, in taking the position that China's popular coinage should be silver, and that it should be raised to a gold parity as soon as practicable, if it were not already so. The work of the commissions was not affected by the recent rise in the price of silver, since their best advices were that it could by no possibility be carried above the point which would set the Gresham law in operation against any coinage on the 32 to 1 basis. It is pointed out, with our Philippine currency, that whereas the parity would be reached when silver is 64½ cents an ounce, the coins themselves would not be actually in danger until it reached nearly 66. This difference is due to the cost of melting, refining and shipping.

A report of the commission will be presented to China with the recommendation that it be adopted. There is no question but that it would be of great benefit to the Celestial kingdom.

The rain put a damper on the Labor day festivities in Duluth and may regrets were expressed that it spoiled the plans of the committee on arrangements. The parade and picnic have been postponed until next Sunday, and every one will hope that fine weather will then favor the labor men.

HOTEL GOSSIP

It was about 2:30 a. m. and the Spalding lobby was deserted as two men, who had apparently been doing their best in attempting to drink all the liquor in town, entered from the Superior street side. They at once headed for the bar but found the door locked.

One of them immediately blamed the night clerk for shutting the bar at what the pair termed an unreasonably early hour and tried their persuasive powers in a vain endeavor to induce the clerk to open the bar. The clerk refused, saying:

"You do not want anything more to drink. Why, you have all you can carry now."

"That'sh all ri'friend," replied one of the men, "but you don't realize th' portance of question. Me an' my frien here has made a bet and we know the barkeep could decide it. Now be a gen'leman and show us that you think we are."

"No, I am sorry, but the bar was closed three hours ago and you would have to get the barkeeper. What was the bet?"

"Th' bet," said the man who had hitherto remained silent, "is on a mining question. I bet my fren' $1 against $10 that Jim Hill or the Great Northern company owns or controls the Mahoning mine. What d'ye think about it? Ain't I right?"

"I don't know, but perhaps this man could tell you, said the clerk as a belated guest came through the main entrance.

Taking advantage of the suggestion the unsteady team waylaid the guest and put the question up to him. He could give them no information, but he suggested that they go to a Superior street cafe where they would probably meet some one from the range who could decide the bet. He offered to accompany them and give them any assistance he could.

Down the street the men went and after stopping at several places en route, they reached their destination. No one was in the place but a "whispered" conversation which could have been heard in the street they decided to let the stranger ask the proprietor as to the ownership of the Mahoning property.

Accordigly they called the proprietor who was counting his cash and after ordering a round of drinks the sober one of the trio asked:

"Colonel, we have had a little disuute and want you to decide a question. Who owns the Mahoning mine?"

"The Mahoney mine, eh? Sure and don't ye know who owns the Mahoney mine? Why old Mahoney owns it, of course. I hought everybody knew that."

"Huh?" grunted one of the men, "doesn't Jim Hill of the Great Northern control it?"

"No, sirree," replied the proprieor, who knows less about mining than any oher subject on earth and who had never heard of even a "Mahoney" mine but was bound to carry out his bluff. "Jim and the G. N. don't own nothin' of it."

"Well, all right," said the man who had the dollar-end of the bit as he handed over the money. "Here's the money. I don't mind paying the bet but," meditatingly, "there is one thing I would like to find out and that is, 'Who the devil is Mahoney?'"

Considering that silence was golden at that stage of the game the proprietor said it was time to close up and half coaxed, half pushed the trio out of the side door.

An intoxicated pair of human beings were around the hotels yesterday endeavoring to ascertain the whereabouts of one "old man Mahoney."

"It is a relief to get into Duluth after staying for four days in Marquette, Mich., said a traveling man at the McKay yesterday.

"I stopped at the principal hotel in the town and found nearly all the rooms occupied by hay fever sufferers. At night it seemed as if the occupant of each room was endeavoring to eclipse his neighbors in sneezing and taken as a whole the aggregation has Sousa's band beaten to a finish. There is a good deal of joking at the expense of people who go to Northern points to secure relief from hay fever but if one would stay at the resorts for awhile he would not doubt but that many of the cases are genuine."

* * *

T. J. Walsh of Tower was a guest at the McKay hotel last night and confirmed the reports regarding the finding of large outcroppings of ore on his property near Tower.

"I am satisfied that I have discovered a valuable mine," said Mr. Walsh. "I had decided to make a hay field out of some swamp land and the men were engaged in preparing the ground when in walking along a cleared trail I noticed iron outcroppings. Calling to the men I instructed them to take off the moss cap on the ore and learn its extent. They did so and so far we have uncovered an area of 240 feet across the ore body. The Oliver Mining company has explored the property to the north and south of this find but found nothing. I am confident that I have struck a good thing."

* * *

George J. Lonstorff, who came to Duluth and closed the deal for an option for lease of the Section 20 property on the Vermilion range, left for Milwaukee yesterday. The first diamond drill will be stared on the property tomorrow by Cole and McDonald.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Rexford, en route from Alaska, where they spent the summer, to their home in Cleveland, were guests at the Spalding yesterday.

* * *

At the Hotel McKay: P. J. Meister, Sioux Falls, S. D.; P. M. Talbot, Minneapolis; S. L. Jones, St. Paul; K. R. Hume Lake Nebagamon; B. A. Jones, Minneapolis; Algernon E. White, Grand Rapids; R. M. Smith, St. Paul; G. A. Sweet, Minneapolis; Margaret Beattie, Carlton; J. H. Campbell, Ashland; J. Leslie Barnedge, T. J. Walsh, Tower; Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Brownell, St. Paul; W. A. Dickinson, Nellieville, Wis.; Harris E. Leech, Spring Valley; J. G. Harris, Cleveland; J. G. Knudsen, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Elben, J. G. Alstatt, Two Harbors; Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Faust, Wadena; Geo. Campbell, C. F. Harrell, St. Paul.

* * *

At the Spalding hotel: M. J. Kelley, St. Paul; E. S. Child, Crookston; Terry Naugaton, St. Paul; Dr. T. E. Thomas, Mrs. Thomas, Two Harbors; H. W. Belshon, Jacob Steinberg, St. Paul; J. F. Mitchell, Hibbing; F. J. Wood, Grand Rapids; E. Brady, Minneapolis; C. J. Diehl, Ann Arbor; J. Devoy, Ironwood; W. A. Douglas, St. Paul; D. D. Sullivan, Mrs. Hannah Sullivan, Port Huron; Mrs. James T. Clark, St. Paul; Mrs. M. S. Hawkins and son, Mountain Iron; F. B. Botsford, D. Sullivan, McKinley; R. D. Knight, Jacksonville, Fla.; F. H. Curtis, Minneapolis; M. G. Kelly, Port Arthur; H. K. Brown, George A. Keyes, Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Keyes, Scanlon; Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Whitney, Marshall; R. M. Weyerhaeuser, C. Hornby, Cloquet; F. E. Coolbaugh, E. J. Longyear, Hibbing; F. J. James, Two Harbors.

* * *

At the St. Louis hotel: A. G. Bernard, Cass Lake; E. M. Barrett, Stillwater; D. N. Lawrence, Two Harbors; W. F. Clarke, St. Paul; L. A. Casner, Minneapolis; Samuel Cleveland, St. Paul; P. F. Daley, St. Paul; William Hunter, Minneapolis; Charles F. Ruggles, Virginia; George Dott, Shell Lake; J. S. Mullane, St. Paul; O. A. Nelson, Tower; G. E. Ingalls, Minneapolis; J. Graniand, Benjamin Anderson, Two Harbors; F. M. Reed, St. Paul; James Cardle, Cass Lake David Graham, Hibbing; Frank Benoit, Crookston; C. B. Hoel, Sam Shapiro, Eveleth; Harry Park, Ashland; Thomas J. Johnson, Grand Marais; N. T. McCarthy, Hibbing; A. Nelson, J. N. Risjord, Fertile; John Copeland, St. Paul; C. P. J. Bartley, Crookston; Hugh Fox, Grand Rapids.

Applying a Soothing Poultice.

New York Tribune: The conviction and sentence to prison of a member of the lynching mob at Danville, Ill., ought to be followed by similar vindications of the majesty of the law in every case in which a lynching murderer can be brought to trial and found guilty upon convincing evidence of his crime. In that way, and in that way only, can this abominable practice of anarchy be stamped out.

Abhors the Strenuous Life.

Washington Star: Historians sometimes take strange liberties with the truth in order to aggrandize individuals. But no eulogist, however enthusiastic, will have the assurance to depict the sultan as rushing forth from the palace to personally conduct his cohorts to the fray.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m., (central time), Sept. 7.—A storm of considerable magnitude is centered in the Northwest, causing general rains over Western Canada, the Dakotas, Upper Mississippi valley and states and the Western lake region. Pressures are high over the Eastern lake region. It is warmer in the Western lake region and Upper Mississippi valley, and cooler north of Montana. The winds in the Western lake region are fresh to brisk easterly with cloudy to rainy weather. Storm northeast warnings have been displayed at Duluth since 10 p. m. Sunday.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Battleford	62	La Crosse	62
Bismarck	62	Marquette	58
Calgary	64	Milwaukee	66
Duluth	56	Moorhead	64
Edmonton	56	Port Arthur	60
Escanaba	60	Pierre	62
Green Bay	66	Qu'Appelle	54
Havre	70	St. Paul	64
Helena	62	Sault Ste. Marie	60
Houghton	64	Swift Current	70
Huron	86	Winnipeg	72
Kamloops	64	Chicago	66

Local forecast for twenty-four hours ending at 7. p. m. (local time), Tuesday: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Showers and fog this afternoon, tonight and probably Tuesday. Brisk and high easterly winds, probably shifting to southwesterly during Tuesday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday: Minnesota—Cloudy and threatening with showers tonight and probably Tuesday. Warmer in northwest portion tonight. Cooler in west portion tonight and in south portion Tuesday.

Upper Lakes—Increasing southeast winds, becoming high this afternoon or tonight on Michigan and Superior. Generally threatening with showers and possibly thunder squalls.

POINTED REMARKS.

Philadelphia Ledger: "Whew! it's hot here," exclaimed Jenks, who was calling on his friend, the dramatic critic.

"Of course," replied the critic. "This is where I do my roasting."

Washington Star: "Are the mosquitoes very bad around here?"

"Bad!" echoed the native, derisively. "Mister, did you ever hear of a mosquito bein' converted?"

Chicago Tribune: Just then an automobile whizzed by.

"Speaking of 'red devils,'" said old Chief Geronimo who chanced to be in a reminiscent mood. "I wasn't what you would call a slouch myself in my time, was I?"

New York Sun: Columbus, with his ships, was approaching America.

"Gee!" muttered the Indians, "this is the first man to come after the cup in 1492 years!"

Hastily secreting their treasure, they watched the ships spread out their baby jib-topsails.

Philadelphia Press: Kwoter—Oh, there are quite as good fish in the sea as ever were caught, you know.

Newitt—Better. Just think of the many enormous ones that just managed to get away from all the anglers.

Chicago Tribune: "What is that porterhouse steak worth?" asked the professor.

The butcher weighed it.

"Eighty cents," he said.

"Well," sighed the professor. "I'll take it—but cannibalism would be cheaper."

Detroit Free Press: Angry Father—Young man, you are sitting up too late with my daughter. Last night I heard you kissing her.

Caperton—Well, sir, some one has got to.

New York Sun: Paul Revere was doing his famous stunt.

"There's one satisfaction," he gasped, "the small boys can't yell 'Gittahor.e at me!"

Feeling that life was worth living without an auto, under these conditions, he sped on.

Boston Transcript: Visitor—You are the editor? Well, I want to speak to you about my daughter. She writes poetry, and I think it's quite fine. It's years old.

Editor—Oh, well, I wouldn't worry. She'll outgrow it, perhaps.

AT THE CROSSROADS STORE

You can talk abaout yer congressmen,
An' senators and such,
Debatin' daown t' Washin'tun
In a way to beat the Dutch;
Wavin' their arms wild in the air,
And stampin' on the floor—
But the place where things gits settled is
Daown to the Crossroads store.

We gather there 'most every night
When all the work is through,
An' sorter glance the kentry o'er,
Talkin' a birds-eye view
Of politics, diplomacy,
Religion, crops; and soar
To patriotic heights—you bet!
Daown to the Crossroads store.

When Russia gits a leetle fresh,
Or England throws a bluff,
Or Germany shoots off some more
Retaliation stuff;
Or Turkey holds her fingers to
Her snubby, turn-up nose
Wigglin' 'em in the direction
Your Uncle Samyel goes—
We ca'mly takes the matter up,
Prepared for peace or war
Don't keer much which, when we gits riled
Daown to the Crossroads store.

Sometimes our argyments grow hot,
An' Deekin Brown rips out
A good old cuss word, like "Gol darn
What Italy's about!"
Then Grampop White jumps from his cheer
An' grabs an ole ax helve,
"By gum!" he squeaks, "that's what we done
'Way back in Eighteen-twelve:"
You can believe the eagle screams,
An' cannons crash and roar,
When we're settlin' mighty questions
Daown to the Crossroads store.
—Harper's Magazine.

Fame Thrust Upon Him.

Chicago Record-Herald: Mr. Magelssen will have to be numbered with the lucky ones who have had fame and greatness thrust upon them. He ought to be able to write for almost any of the magazines now.

Reaching For a Shadow.

Washington Post: Mr. Bryan is confident that the Democrats will carry Kansas next year if the reorganizers do not get control of the party. The last expression of Kansas on the Kansas City platform was a Republican majority of $9,083.

Looks Like Bob Dunn.

Long Prairie Leader: Present indications are that Hon. R. C. Dunn, known to everyone as "Bob" Dunn, will be the next gubernatorial nominee of the Republican party of Minnesota.

The Bait Will Spoil.

Pine City Pine Poker: We are afraid that Frank Eddy has dug his governorship fish bait too early.

Too Many Frills.

Brooklyn Eagle: Our boys and girls have a smattering of a couple of dozen ologies and can beat their parents at sums and triangles; but they spell like the deuce, and their penmanship is a disgrace to civilization. Less method and more sense.

Kiss Them All.

Illustrated Bits: At Boulogne recently during a royal reception, a number of English ladies, in their anxiety to see everything, pressed with such force against the soldiers who were keeping the line that the latter were forced to give way, and generally were—to use the expression of policemen—"hindered in the execution of their duty." The officer in command, observing the state of affairs, called out:

"One roll of the drum—if they don't stand back kiss them all."

After the first sound of the drum the ladies took to flight.

"If they had been French," said a Parisian journal, "they would have remained to a woman."

A SHATTERED IDOL

By George Shedd.

(Copyright, 1903, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

"I just won't stand it any longer, by gum I won't!" and the young man brought his foot down with a bang and tossed the book he was reading into a corner. "I'm going to the city, where things happen and people live. I'm not goin' to rust my life away in this no-account hole. I'm big enough and strong enough and I've got learning enough to get along in the city, judgin' by the people I've seen who do get along there, and I'm just goin' to try."

Having made up his mind and set his jaw Homer Dillman proceeded to carry out his plan. He was the likeliest lad in all the countryside about Kaneville. A good-looking fellow, chuck full of energy, ready and anxious to work and he had but one drawback, in the eyes of his father. He was a persistent and omnivorous reader and his taste ran to tales of the great city—and particularly of that mysterious corner known as Bohemia.

"It's all due to that cussed reading," growled Dillman, Sr., when the boy announced his determination. "I allus said no good 'ud come of it. Come now, Homer, lad, you're at the right well; you're the high card at the singin' school and spellin' bees and the parties; you're getting plenty o' spendin' money, and when you get ready to settle down I'll make over that west sixty to you clean an' clear. There ain't nothin' in this city life; yer nothin' but a slave and ye don't git any good eatin' un decent air. Better stay by the farm, lad."

"No, dad," replied the boy, "I reckon I'll have my fling. I've got a hundred and fifty in the bank and I reckon that'll last we till I get something to do. I don't want to leave you, dad, and I'll miss the old place and all that, but it just seems that I've got to stretch my wings."

So away he went with a brave face and a light heart—albeit the tears were near the surface as he kissed the kind mother and wrung the hand of his stunned father at the gate and made his way to the little wooden depot at the village.

There had been another farewell the night before. A fresh-faced girl at the village parsonage had heard the news of his going from his lips and the roses in her cheeks had paled. He had tried to comfort her with a show of lighthearedness and some gay references to fame and fortune and a reunion in the future, but he was careful not to compromise himself. He wanted no entangling alliances in the country with the city and Bohemia, with all its mysterious and productive possibilities, directly before him. Bessie was brave and quiet, but her heart was turnoachis America. She felt that he was passing out of her life and that he wanted no bonds to connect him with the past.

Homer was dazzled with the music and life of the city. He was a youth of resourcefulness and with his little capital managed to meet some congenial spirits who conducted him into the edge of Bohemia. It was paradise itself when one evening he found himself with a merry party of gay and careless spirits in a cozy restaurant drinking beer out of great mugs and eating curious things off of cracked dishes—all at Homer's expense. Such stories as were told; such songs as were sung; such jests as were passed Homer was sure never had been equaled since the dawn of time, and the cheap actress in her paint and powder appeared to him as the beautiful princess of his childhood fairy stories. He went to his lodging along toward breakfast time in the morning greatly exalted and awoke in the afternoon with a splitting headache.

Of course this sort of thing could not last. Homer's limited purse was nearly exhausted and he realized the utter helplessness of a man in the city without money or employment. He had looked for work steadily, but thus far in a direction which would ally him with the Bohemia for which he had hankered. When he awakened on this afternoon, however, he counted his few remaining dollars and realized that he must get to work at once. So on the following morning he went resolutely to work to hunt for work, putting behind him his dreams and illusions. Once his level head obtained possession he found little difficulty in finding a job down among the commission houses, which handled farm produce, and to whom his comprehensive knowledge of such things was of value. So he went to work at exceedingly moderate wages, but enough to live on. When he met his Bohemian friends he frankly told them his financial condition—and he saw them no more. This grieved him sorely, but he had some philosophy and went his way, winning small promotions in his business and enjoying more or less the life and movement of the city, and delighting now and then to go to the theater and feed his ardent imagination on the world of the unreal.

And so ran the world for nearly two years. One evening Homer sat in a chair in front of a cheap hotel watching the people come and go and pass upon the street. He was tired and a little lonesome. His senses seemed more keen and alert than usual. He seemed to see things clearer. The masks seemed to drop off and the haze clear up. He noted, curiously, how they talked and joked about him and how hollow and metallic was their laughter. He noted how artificial the woman appeared and most of it all struck him how generally insincere the whole atmosphere was. Nowhere did he see a genuine honest hand-clasp, or hear a hearty word of fellowship. The snatches of conversation he caught all reflected a spirit of cynicism.

In the midst of his reflections the vision of his sturdy father and womanly mother passed before his vision—then followed a long train of figures of the boys and girls back in the country. For a moment he seemed to smell the sweet country air and catch the scent of newmown hay and the muddy, clattering street faded into a vista of green cad hill and vale.

Coming to with a jolt his nostrils revolted at the clouds of black tobacco smoke and his ears at the rattling vehicles on the stone pavements and the roar of the elevated cars, while his eyes ached at the panorama of tiresome brick and stone. The people about him appeared like ghastly automatons beside the flesh and blood people of his vision and the utter and hopeless hollowness of their lives—of his life—came upon him like a burden.

A shopgirl went by, pale, thin and perennially tired, and presently a woman gaudy with paint and finery—both unnatural, warped and shriveled. To his mind's eye came the picture of Bessie's sweet, rosy face with the healthful play of blood in her veins and a soft light in her honest eyes, which smote him to the heart.

A sudden resolve came to Homer—as sudden as the impulse which had sent him to the city. He would go back to the country and live in God's fresh air and bright sunshine. He would live as men were born to live. He would be a tiller of the soil. He would go to Bessie and—

The next day he gave notice to his employers and ten days later landed at the little depot at Kaneville. You may be sure that the fatted calf was duly killed at the Dillman farm. The next day Homer saw Bessie and—well, there was a new bright light in the eyes of both when they parted.

When Technicalities Fail.

Baltimore American: Gotham is stricken with amazement at the unprecedented sight of a rich criminal, tried, convicted and in prison, unable to get out by means of technicalities. When technicalities begin to fail crime, then is the law indeed pandering to justice in the most unexpected manner.

Bail and Chain For Loafers.

Baltimore Sun: Georgia is dealing with loafers by a new method. In that state, as in many others, around every settlement are a number of persons who have no visible means of support and never will have any if they are left to decide the labor question themselves. After having on the statute books for years the usual laws of northern states and finding them inadequate, Georgia has passed a much stricter vagrancy act and the judges are enforcing it too. Under the new law vagrancy is punished by a sentence of imprisonment for a term of from three months to a whole year. This does not mean confinement in a jail, but work on a chain gang that is building a railroad or a macadam road. Thus, if a man refuses to work for himself, he is induced to wear the state's striped clothes and work under the state's supervision.

The Dead Kitten.

You's as stiff an' cold as a stone,
Little cat;
Dey's done frowed out an' left you alone
Little cat;
I's strokin' you's fur,
but you don't never purr,
Nor hump anywhur—
Little cat, why is dat?
Is you's purrin' an' humpin' up done?

An' why is you's little foot tied,
Little cat?
Did dey pisen you's tummick inside,
Little cat?
Did dey pound you wif bricks,
Or wif big nasty sticks,
Or abuse you wif kicks?
Little cat, tell me dat,
Did dey laff whenever you cried?

Did it hurt werry bad when you died,
Little cat?
Oh, why didn't you wun off and hide,
Little cat?
I's wet in my eyes,
'Cause I almost always cries
W'en pussy cat dies,
Little cat, tink of dat,
An' I'm awfully solly besides.

Des lay still, down in de sof' groun',
Little cat;
While I tuck the green grass all awound
Little cat;
Dey can hurt you no more,
W'en you's tired and so sore;
Des sleep quiet, you pore
Little cat.
—Unknown.

The Horse Was Good For It.

Portland Telegram: "Moses Stebbins is a good friend of mine," said Thomas Nelson Page, the novelist, at a dinner party. "One morning I met him on horseback, and he was chuckling.

"'What's the joke, Mose?' I said.

"'De joke is, sah,' he answered, 'dat Ah's jes' won a quahtah f'om dish yuh hoss.'

"'How did you win it?' I asked.

"'Ah won hit dis a-way: Dah wuz a white paper on de road, an' Ah sez to de hoss dat Ah bet a quahtah he gwine ter shy at de papah. De hoss he take de bet, sah, an' den he lose hit, fo' de fool animal shied like de debil.'

"'Well, you've won the bet, Mose, but you'll have some difficulty in collecting it,' said I.

"'Oh, no, sah; no, sah; no trouble 'bout dat. Hyah, hyah, hyah! Ah's gwine ter collect de bet all right.'

"'How on earth will you collect it?'

"'Wy, tomorrow de mahster he's gwine ter gimme a dollah to buy feed fo' dis yer nag. Well, Ah's jes' keep out er de feed money de quahtah w'at am owed me.'"

The Hose Question.

Boston Transcript: Jellison—I wonder why the women take so kindly to drop-stitch hosiery!

Burchard—It's plain you don't understand woman nature, or you wouldn't wonder. Drop-stitch hosiery is worn in winter because it is no protection from the cold, and it is worn in summer because it is no protection from the mosquito.

Doesn't Like Boston Men.

Boston Transcript: I can't understand what you have against Mr. Mortimer. He's as nice looking a man as one could wish to see, and they say he would make an ideal husband.

Blanche—That's just what's the matter. I never could abide ideal men; I prefer real ones.

KELLER RE-ELECTED

President National Association of Letter Carriers.

Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 7.—J. C. Keller was re-elected president of the National Association of Letter Carriers Saturday, defeating John D. Holland, of Boston, by a vote of 689 to 481. The other officers elected are:

J. C. Buton, Hoboken, N. J., vice president; Edward J. Cantwell, Brooklyn, secretary; George W. Butterefild, Bay, City., Mich.; treasurer, John Hinewadel, Syracuse; C. B. Ingalls, Oswego, N. Y.; M. T. Elmer, Bloomington, Ill., and G. W. Davidson, St. Louis, executive commitee.

TRADES UNION CONGRESS.

Leicester Eng., Sept. 7.—The Trades Union congress opened its sessions here today. There were present 469 delegates, representing 1,550 trades, with a membership of 1,500,000. The United States was represented by Messrs. Lawlor, of Bethel, Conn., and Max Hayes, of Cleveland, Ohio.

ENGLAND'S COMMERCE.

London, Sept. 7.—The board of trade returns for August show the following changes: Imports increased $11,744,50; exports increased $6,825,000.

SCHOOLS.

ST. JOHN'S
Military Academy
"THE AMERICAN RUGBY"
Only a limited number of vacancies. Address
Dr. Sydney T. Smythe, Delafield, Waukesha Co., Wis.

MACALESTER COLLEGE

Located in a pleasant, healthful suburb between the Twin Cities. Beautiful campus of thirty acres. Fourteen professors and instructors—all specialists. Four collegiate courses of study besides numerous electives in the Junior and Senior years. Library of 8oo volumes. Superior instruction in Music and Elocution. Thorough preparatory courses. Excellent instruction in the Sciences. Expenses reduced to a minimum. A safe, wholesome and stimulating college life. The aim: High morals as well as thorough scholarship. Opens Sept. 16. For information address,
JAMES WALLACE,
MACALESTER COLLEGE,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

AMUSEMENTS.

"MEET ME AT THE MET."
METROPOLITAN
STOCK COMPANY,
Including Mr. Gus A. Forbes, in
"FAUST"
the first half of the week, and
"SAPHO"
last half of week.
GARDINERS IN SPECIALTIES.
Prices—Evening, 10c, 25c and 50c.
Matinee, 10c and 25c.

New 'Phone 50. LYCEUM Old 'Phone 56.
Monday and Tuesday, Sept. 7 and 8,
Louis James and Frederick Warde, in
'Alexander the Great'
Prices—$1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c.
Two nights, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 9 and 10, the hottest fight in history—ROOT-GARDNER pictures.
Prices—25c, 35c, 50c and a few choice seats at 75 cents.

Cremo

The Best Ever
And Ever the Best.

A CIGAR
not ashamed of its identity— it bears a band with its name.



The Largest Selling Brand of Cigars in the World

5¢

The Band is the Smoker's Protection

CHANGE IS SHOWN

In Distribution of Export Trade Among the Various Ports.

Falling Off In Exports at Boston and New York.

FROM THE HERALD WASHINGTON BUREAU.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The doors through which the exports of the United States flow to the outside world are opening more widely year by year, and this seems to be especially true of the ports located on the Gulf of Mexico, the northern lake border and the Pacific coast. Formerly the Atlantic coast ports held a very large proportion of the export as well as import trade, but in recent years the export trade is being distributed to the ports at the North and the South, as well as the West, though in importations the Atlantic ports still retain about 80 per cent of the total import trade. The figures of the fiscal year just ended, compared with those of the fiscal year 1901, presented by the department of commerce and labor, through its bureau of statistics, show a reduction for Boston of $57,000,000 in exports; New York a reduction of $24,000,000; Philadelphia a reduction of $5,000,000; Baltimore a reduction of $25,000,000; Newport News a reduction of $2,000,000, and Norfolk a reduction of nearly $2,000,000. Moving down the coast toward the South, however, and still comparing the figures of 1903 with those of 1901, Savannah shows an increase in exportations of about $8,000,000; Wilmington, N. C., over $2,000,000; Galveston an increase of $3,000,000; Mobile an increase of a million and New Orleans a decrease of $3,000,000.

Combining all of the Atlantic ports, the total exports of 1903, compared with those of 1901, shows a falling off of $88,000,000; the Gulf ports show practically the same figure in 1903 as in 1901; Mexican border ports show an increase of nearly $5,000,000; Pacific ports an increase of $10,000,000, and Northern border and lake ports an increase of $18,000,000 in the exports of 1903 compared with those of 1901. Thus the Atlantic ports are the only group showing a reduction in 1903 compared with 1901.

In imports, however, the Atlantic ports still hold their commanding position. The total imports of 1903 amounted to $1,025,000,000, and of the $821,000,000, or 80 per cent, came in through the Atlantic ports. In 1903 the total importations were $866,000,000; of this $717,000,000, or 82 per cent, came in through Atlantic ports. Comparing the imports of 1903 with those of 1901, the Atlantic ports show an increase of $151,000,000; the Gulf ports $12,000,000; Mexican border ports, $3,000,000; Pacific ports, $8,000,000, and Northern border and lake ports, $25,000,000.

Comparing conditions at the principal ports in 1903 with those of 1893, it may be said that Baltimore shows an increase in exports from $71,000,000 in 1893 to $81,000,000 in 1903, and an increase in imports from $16,000,000 in 1893 to $27,000,000 in 1903. Boston shows in 1893 exports of $85,000,000, and in 1903, $88,000,000, an increase of $3,000,000; in imports Boston shows in 1893, $79,000,000, and in 1903, $85,000,000, a gain of $7,000,000. New York shows in 1893 exports of $347,000,000, and in 1903, $505,000,000, an increase of $158,000,000; and imports in 1893 of $548,000,000 and in 1903 of $618,000,000, an increase of $70,000,000. Philadelphia shows in 1893 an exportation of $49,000,000, and in 1903, $73,000,000, an increase of $24,000,000; and imports in 1893 of $66,000,000, and in 1903 of $60,000,000, a reduction of $6,000,000. Savannah shows in 1893 exportations of a little less than $20,000,000, and in 1903 over $54,000,000, an increase of $34,000,000. Galveston shows in 1893 an exportation of $37,000,000, and in 1903, $104,000,000, an increase of $67,000,000. New Orleans shows in 1893 an exportation of $77,000,000, and in 1903, $149,000,000, an increase of $72,000,000.

The following tables shows the imports and exports of the Atlantic, Gulf, Mexican border, Pacific, and Northern border and interior ports, respectively, in 1893 and 1903:

IMPORTS.

	1893.	1903.
Atlantic ports	$717,360,074	$821,283,328
Ports—	1893.	1903.
Gulf ports	24,682,332	38,378,060
Mexican border ports	*13,825,550	13,377,190
Pacific ports	48,315,035	56,474,603
Northern border and lake ports	52,923,430	82,053,268
Interior ports	9,294,501	14,185,089
Total	$866,400,922	$1,025,751,538

EXPORTS.

	1893.	1903.
Atlantic ports	$624,273,456	$304,168,130
Gulf ports	125,591,932	285,021,144
Mexican border ports	12,151,900	25,935,871
Pacific ports	42,229,504	79,253,519
Northern border and lake ports	43,413,402	125,758,847
Interior ports		603
Total	$847,665,194	$1,420,138,114

*Incuudes $10,898,363 gold and silver in ore; not included in figures of 1903.

SUPT. CHAPMAN MAKES REPLY

To Comments on His Paper Condemning Jack Pine Lands.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I did not see the comment appearing in your paper on my article until I read it quoted in the Cass Lake and Grand Rapids papers, so I did not know whether it was editorial or not. I expected my statement would be challenged, but I "When Jack or Norway pine are found in pure stands, without poplar, or other hardwoods, or white pine, it is an almost infallible indication of the presence of a sandy subsoil and of poorness for permanent farm land." I also said: "There is very little land in Northwestern Minnesota that is not sandy, the Duluth district is the biggest exception, and to condemn the whole of such a vast area because of the presence of sand, would be an economic absurdity—but to claim that all of this sandy area can be profitably farmed is an absurdity just as palpable." I made my statement very distinct as to just what lands my experience had led me to judge as not suitable for permanent, profitable agriculture. Yet your paper pronounces this statement that any land is unfit for farming as a libel; and refers to the fertile farms and prosperous condition of Jack pine farmers as a reflection of this libel, alluding to my statement as "theories and assertions." If I am a theorist, I would not have waited long to be sure of my facts—and I have been in a position to get them—and would consider a misstatement or exaggeration as a serious breach of the trust reposed in me in this position. The plain facts are that Jack pine sand is deficient in lasting fertility. As I stated and clearly stated, such soils are very fertile for a few years just after clearing, but this fertility is soon exhausted and the soil falls below the point of profitable production. A moist season is necessary for a good crop under any conditions, but continued moist seasons will not be sufficient to maintain the fertility of Jack pine sand. I expect this statement to be challenged.

First, by those who have such lands for sale.

Second, by those who have not been in such soils long enough to test their permanent qualities.

Third, by persons unfamiliar with agricultural conditions, or,

Fourth, by those who fear to admit that any land in this section is not agricultural for fear the admission of this fact would be misinterperted, misapplied and will hurt the legitimate development of the region.

I would rather believe that The Herald takes the latter stand—but I know you personally desire the truth—and I have yet to see the case where any permanent good came to a community or an individual by perverting or concealing the truth, I again respectfully refer you to my article, in which I have thoroughly covered points I can only allude to in detail here. When one seeks for evidence on a point, he does not go to those who have a pecuniary interest in representing things to be a certain way. My evidence on Jack pine land is taken:

First, from the soils on the Northeast farm, under cultivation ten years.

Second, from disinterested farmers, in regard to Jack pine soils, (interested I should say.)

Third, from disinterested men who have had experience in either farming or selling Jack pine land, who have no present monetary interest, or if they do, do not allow it to cloud their judgment.

Fourth, from abundant and overwhelming testimony of men who have had experience in Wisconsin and Michigan, or who have observed results in those states on Jack pine sands.

This testimony has been without a single exception, united on the fact that Jack pine sand will not make a permanent home for the farmer.

Your paper misquoted me again in saying: "These farmers will be surprised to learn that they are of no benefit to the community," and leaving out the clause, "in the end," on which it all hinges. I believe you want to see fair play, and I have seen too much rotten work in disposing of these sands to poor men. Whatever The Herald thinks, I wont stand for it. I have exempted no class of land from agricultural utility except Jack and Norway pine land—and right there stick. Let the land men sell all the rest as farm land—there is at least a chance for the farmer—but for the sake of the welfare and happiness of the unfortunates who try to farm Jack pine land I beg of you, do not lend your influence to help speculators squeeze the last penny from these struggling settlers for partial payment on a farm that they can never raise a family on, whatever transient prosperity may be theirs. I have not even condemned Jack pine land when it is near enough to market to make fertilization a possibility. I am absolutely in sympathy with reserving the lands set aside on the Chippewa reservation, solely because, from personal observation, I have convinced myself that almost the entire tract reserved is Jack and Norway pine land. Very respectfully,

HERMAN H. CHAPMAN.
Grand Rapids, Minn., Sept. 3.

CHRONIC SORES

Signs of Polluted Blood.

There is nothing so repulsive looking and disgusting as an old sore. You worry over it till the brain grows weary and work with it until the patience is exhausted, and the very sight of the old festering, sickly looking place makes you irritable, despondent and desperate.

A chronic sore is the very best evidence that your blood is in an unhealthy and impoverished condition, that your constitution is breaking down under the effects of some serious disorder. The taking of strong medicines, like mercury or potash, will sometimes so pollute and vitiate the blood and impair the general system that the merest scratch or bruise results in obstinate non-healing sores of the most offensive character.

Often an inherited taint breaks out in frightful eating sores upon the limbs or face in old age or middle life. Whenever a sore refuses to heal the blood is always at fault, and, while antiseptic washes, salves, soaps and powders can do much to keep down the inflammation and cleanse the sore, it will never heal permanently till the blood itself has been purified and the deadly germs and poisons destroyed, and with S. S. S. this can be accomplished—the SSS polluted blood is purified and invigorated, and when rich, pure blood is again circulating freely throughout the body the flesh around the old sore begins to take on a natural color, the discharge of matter ceases and the place heals over.

S. S. S. is both a blood purifier and tonic that puts your blood in order and at the same time tones up the system and builds up the general health.

If you have a chronic sore write us. No charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Detroit & Return $12.00.

The annual fall excursions to Detroit, Mich., will leave Duluth Sept. 13 and 18, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, connecting at St. Ignace with the palatial steamers of the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company.

Detroit and return, $12.00; Buffalo and return, $14.00. Return limit, Oct. 11. For sleeping car and state room reservation please write or apply to

MART ADSON,
General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block, Duluth.

"The Twilight Limited," with its exceptionally fine equipment and service is acknowledged by all the finest train in every appointment between Duluth and the Twin Cities of Minnesota. Leaves daily at 4 p. m. over the Northwestern line.

SERMON ON LABOR

Dr. Samuel P. Long Discusses Unrest Between Labor and Capital.

Intense Selfishness Chief Cause of Trouble—the Church's Message.

Dr. Samuel P. Long, pastor of the First Methodist church, last evening preached on the labor problem, and a large congregation heard his interesting discourse. He took for his text, II Thess. iii, 9 to 13: "We command you that if any would not work, neither should he eat, for we hear that there are some which walk among you disorderly, working not at all, but are busy bodies. Now they that are such, we command and exort by our Lord Jesus Christ that with quietness they work and eat their own bread, but ye brethren be not weary in well doing." He said:

"Labor has always been a most important element in the development of the race. Every man who has stood for anything of value to society has eaten his bread by the sweat of his face.

"The world had no right to set apart a class of men and say that because they used the hammer and saw, the chisel and wrench, whose hands were calloused and who carried a dinner pail, that they were toilers; but that the architect who planned, the contractor who built, the man who placed his money in the enterprise and with care watches so that what the employe is paid is not a worker. I take it for granted that you agree with me in the statement that both are toilers. Each works and both classes should be respected alike provided their work in their respective fields is of like merit. But the distinction has been made and each labor day emphasizes it and every discussion of labor again calls attention to it. By these distinctions, by divorcing labor and capital, by setting class against class, we have gotten ourselves into a very grave difficulty, from which as yet no Moses has appeared to lead us into our industrial Canaan.

"In the last two years with unexampled prosperity, there has been more unrest, more strikes and lock-outs than in any other like period of the history of the industrial world. Our prosperity has been marked indeed, but I do not believe that it can stand the rough treatment of the past two years much longer. A few years ago when grim visaged panic with her attendant waifs had moved off the stage of action and beautiful prosperity with her servant plenty, came, she was so greatly desired. Her coming so long delayed, she was so beautiful that the nation fell down before her in adoration and blessed her. Little did we think then that we would soon quarrel over her, that labor and capital, each desiring her for himself alone, would, in their suicidal scramble, soil her garments, mar her beauty and finally drive her in sorrow from their midst.

"The chief enemy of fair prosperity, of labor and capital, is intense selfishness. Labor accuses capital of greed, avarice and covetousness that would increase and pay larger dividends at the expense of wages and prolonged hours for the working man and combat any attempt on the part of the laboring men to organize for the defense of their rights. Labor disregards his rights to manage his business, that the walking delegate dictates as to whom he shall employ, "men who are working not at all but are busy bodies"; orders him to dismiss a man who does not belong to the union, though the man is satisfactory to the employer, compells him to employ another man who may not be satisfactory but who does belong to the union, and that the organization takes away individuality of the laborer, holds up the inefficient and drags down the man who would be effective, to the level of the ordinary. That in this and many other ways the union shows its lack of appreciation for his employers' interest, as the restaurant keeper in Chicago who complains that the cooks and waiters struck while the guests were at the table that the furnace men in Colorado struck when the metal was ready to pour, and charge that such actions are nothing less than a hold-up. It would seem to us outsiders sometimes that the laborer feels that he must be well organized and have a guard lest when he is asleep, capital would take away his life; while capital is ever watchful of organized labor lest it should destroy him and his business, and so between the two, beaupublic suffers because of the supreme selfishness of the contending parties.

"When each is trying to injure the other, he is occupying the interesting positions of sawing off the limb on which he sits. Capital has no more right to object to labor organizations than labor has to object to combinations of capital but neither can be in any way justified in disregarding the rights of the other. As intolerance has been the curse of the church, so is becoming the curse of labor and capital. Both resent any suggestions from outside. A criticism in the way of editorials in dailies and magazines, addresses and sermons having a bearing upon this question, is received as coming from meddlers. It would be well for labor to understand that as long as men invest capital to carry on great enterprises, they have a right to fair treatment by the men they employ; and if they do not receive it they will not invest, just as at the present time, many undertakings are delayed because of the fear of labor trouble. On the other hand, capital is not justified in entering on any enterprise where fair wages cannot be given to the employes. As capital has no right to interfere with organized labor, so organized labor has no right to be intolerant to the man who works but does not belong to the union.

The struggle that is going on continually is wasteful in energy and money to the employer and employee and exceedingly expensive to the community.

THE CHURCH'S MESSAGE.

The church has always been a friend of labor and capital and the spirit of the church is like that of the Master, to be no respector of persons, and feels that while the Great Master was a friend of labor, he was also a friend of every man, that he came to save all men, to save society for all, to improve the condition of the race—not for one class of men only, but for all. If we properly interpret the scriptures, we find the message that the church has for the present industrial difficulty, is, to live and let live—one of unselfishness. We are to look, not every man upon his own affairs, but upon the affairs of others, that is with regard to each other's rights. The practical bearing of the message is that the capitalist should be guided by wisdom and respect for those whose interest he has the opportunity of advancing or retarding. That he should learn to think kindly of his employer and regard his highest interests; that the employe should be careful in his conversation, in the addresses that shall be made in every city of note in this country tomorrow, not to arraign with bitterness and animosity his employer, not to stir up unholy hatred in the hearts of those who hear him or read his utterances. Let us remember that that which has gone farthest toward the elevation of the race has been love to God and love to our neighbor; that we should strive for peace, and that with dignity the laboring man should stand for the advancement of his interests, that he should fight for the rights of children, legitimate by his mighty vote to enact laws so that child labor might be a thing of the past; that he should struggle for proper hours and proper wages, that it should be done without the spirit of the anarchist or the communist or any other that would destroy the present social fabric which, in many ways unsatisfactory, is yet the best that any people have known. It is not a question of pulling down that which is good, but of adding to it that which is better. Not destruction, but the erection of a holy brotherhood in which all men shall have their rights protected and preserved.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.



CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

POWER IN THEIR WHISPERS.

Ireland as well as the north of Scotland, had—possibly still has—its "horse whisperers," though the "botherings" which give such permanence and genlality to the Scottish "plowman's whisper" never seem to have existed in the sister island. Irish "whisperers" have been lonely men, whose secret has generally died with them, says the Golden Penny.

The most famous "whisperer" of modern times was James Sullivan, of Dunhallow, whose exploits are fully detailed in Townsend's "Survey of the County of Cork." No horse was ever brought to Sullivan which he did not permanently tame. Ordinarily restive animals he would master in a few minutes. For exceptionally vicious horses he took about half an hour, during which time he shut the stable door and forbade anyone to open it till he gave the signal. When the door was opened the horse was seen lying down and Sullivan by its side, playing with him as a child does a puppy. There was no tying up of the fore leg, or any other visible means of coercion. How his ascendency was obtained no one could tell; "natural intrepidity," suggests Mr. Townsend, who was an eyewitness of many of his surprising feats. Anyhow, if he passed on the secret to his son, the latter must have learned it very imperfectly, for, though he gave himself out as his father's successor, he never showed the same power and soon fell into disrepute. Many brilliant offers were made to him, but he could not give up Dunhallow and the fox hounds.

A sucessor of Sullivan named O'Hara became almost equally famous, and was often urged to explain what was the secret of his influence. But O'Hara treated his questioners as Samson did the Philistines, deluding them with various unsatisfactory answers. At one time, for instance, he said the secret lay in "rocking" the horse—patting one hand firmly on his cropper, and with the other grasping his shoulder, and then swaying him to and fro, gently at first and gradually increasing the motion till you throw him. At another time he protested that his plan was to bite the animal's ear. Both these are well-known jockey tricks; the stubbornest horse, they say, will be wholly subdued by being thrown twice and if you can get a vicious horse's ear between your teeth and bite hard you are his master and he your submissive slave from that time forward. As to the idea that the "whisperer" works by kindness, it stands to reason that that method supposes the entire education of the animal to be in your hands. If you have only half an hour to do your work in you must show overmastering power as well as kindly feeling. A horse whose temper has been spoiled by chronic bad treatment looks on all men alike as tyrants and bullies.

New Opening of an Old Country

On Aug. 23, the Big Woods Country of Minnesota was opened to passenger travel by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, completing its new road St. Paul to Mankato. It is now the Short Line between Mankato and the Twin Cities with two up-to-date trains each way, running through to Wells.

Handy Classified List
Of Duluth And West Superior
Representative Firms

FINANCIAL AND PROFESS'NAL.

Abstract of Title.
H. H. HOYT, (Lake and Cook counties), Manhattan bldg.
THE CONS. ABSTRACT CO., 306 W. Sup.
UNION ABSTRACT CO., Lonsdale bldg.

Architect.
HILL & BRAY, Palladio bldg.

Banks.
AMERICAN EXCHANGE, Exchange bldg.
CITY NATIONAL BANK, 308 W. Sup. St.
COMMERCIAL BANKING CO., 302 W. Superior.
FIRST NATIONAL, Superior and Third.
MERCHANTS BANK, West Duluth.
ST. LOUIS CO. BANK, 1901 W. Superior.

Banks for Savings.
DULUTH SAVINGS BANK, 216 W. Sup.

Dentist.
F. H. BURNETT, 306 W. Superior.

Fire and Liability Insurance.
DAVIDSON, McRAE & CO., Exchange.

Life Insurance Companies.
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO., Burrows bldg. Thos. J. Monahan, Mgr.

Mines and Mining Stocks.
DERRIG & GUNNISS, 401 Torrey bldg.

Mortgage Loans.
R. B. KNOX & CO., 1 Exchange bldg.

Patents, Copyrights and Trademarks.
JAMES T. WATSON, Palladio bldg.

Pine and Mineral Lands.
B. G. SEGOG, (Est. 1880), New Jersey bldg.

Real Estate.
STRATTON & HAMMOND, West Superior, Wis.

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
E. D. FIELD CO., Exchange bldg.
M. F. BATES, Exchange bldg.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO., Exchange bldg.
O. H. CLARKE, Trust Co. bldg.
FULFORD, HOW & CO., 209 Exchange.
W. M. PRINDLE & CO., Lonsdale bldg.

Real Estate, Municipal Bonds, Loans.
A. C. VOLK, Palladio bldg.

Safety Deposit.
NAT. SAFE DEPOSIT CO., 1st Nat. Bank bldg, boxes $3, $5, $10 and $25 per year.

WHOLESALE.

Art, Leaded Glass, Mirrors.
ST. GERMAIN BROS., 110 First Ave. W.

Automatic Music and Coin-Controlled Machines.
PAGE & BATES, 413 W. Michigan.

Awnings and Tents.
POIRIER & NORDSTROM, 104 E. Sup.

Bakery and Ice Cream.
GRAY BROTHERS, 13 E. Superior.

Barber Supplies and Grinding.
F. L. STODDARD, 107 Lake Ave.

Boiler and Marine Works.
GOGEBIC BOILER WORKS, 409 Lake.

Breweries.
A. FITGER & CO., E. Superior.
DULUTH BREWING CO., Phone 240.

Brownstone Dealers.
WM. PENN & CO., West Superior, Wis.

Building Supplies—Glass, Cement Sidewalks.
DIXON & LOWRY, 327 W. Michigan.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.
H. J. KOLLING & CO., 130 W. Michigan.
HUDSON PRODUCE CO., 118 W. Mich.

Cement, Lime and Salt.
D. G. CUTLER CO., Providence bldg.

Coal, Wood, Hay and Grain.
EKLUND & OLIN, 420 Fifty-fifth Ave. W.

Cold Storage and Commission.
THE VICTOR CO., 202 W. Michigan.

Confectionery Mfg.
DULUTH CANDY CO., 20 E. First.
JOHN WAHL, 7 Nineteenth Ave. W.

Contractors.
L. D. CAMPBELL & CO., Lonsdale bldg.
MACLEOD & SMITH, Torrey bldg.
WATTERWORTH & FEE, Lonsdale bldg.

Dressed Meats and Live Stock.
ELLIOTT & CO., Thirty-seventh Ave. W.

Druggists.
L. W. LEITHHEAD & CO., 225 S. Fifth.

Dry Goods.
F. A. PATRICK & CO., S. Fifth Ave. W.

Dry Dock and Ship Builders.
SUPERIOR SHIPBUILDING CO., West Superior, Wis.

Electrical Contractor.
McLAUGHLIN ELEC. CO., 305 W. Mich.

Florist and Floral Designs.
EISCHEN BROS., 129 W. Superior.

Flour.
DUL. UNIVERSAL MILL CO., Bd. Trade.
GREGORY, COOK & CO., Board of Trade.

Flour, Grain, Hay and Feed.
H. F. DAVIS & CO., 24-32 E. Michigan.
NILSON & PETERSON, 120 20th Ave. W.
THE J. L. ROSS CO., West Superior, Wis.

Furnaces, Cornices, Roofing.
BURRELL & HARMON, 2 S. 1st Ave. E.

Glass, Brick and Flooring.
PAINE & NIXON CO., 106 W. Michigan.

Grain Commission Merchants.
ATWOOD, LARSON & CO., Board Trade.
McCABE BROS., Board of Trade.
PIERCE BROS., Board of Trade.
RANDALL, GEE & MITCHELL, Bd. Trd.
SPENCER, MOORE & CO., Board Trade.
THE JOHN MILLER CO., Board Trade.
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Grain Commission and Stocks.
COE COMMISSION CO., 220 W. Superior.

Grain, Hay, Seed, Stock Food.
C. S. PROSSER & CO., E. Michigan.

Grain and Mill Stuffs Commission.
J. S. RICH, Board of Trade.

Grocers.
DULUTH WHOLESALE SUPPLY CO., 102 W. Michigan.
GOWAN-PERYTON-TWOHY CO., S. 5th.
STONE-ORDEAN-WELLS, 103 S. Fifth.

Hamm Beer and Liquors.
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DULUTH STEAM LAUNDRY, 57th A. W.
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PEERLESS LAUNDRY, 522 W. Superior.
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YALE LAUNDRY, 30-32 E. First.

Lithographers and Printers.
DUL. LITHOGRAPH & PRINTING CO.

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OUELLETTE & BAXTER CO., Garfield.

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CHRISTENSEN, MENDENHALL & GRAHAM, 222 W. Superior.

Millinery and Silks.
LA FERTE, 17 W. Superior.

Milk, Cream and Butter.
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, 16 W. First.

Office and Store Fixtures.
ANDERSON & GOW, 123 Third Ave. W.

Oil—Lubricating and Illuminating.
BUFFALO OIL CO., West Superior, Wis.

Paints, Oils and Varnishes.
NORTHWEST PAINT CO., 323 W. First.

Pants, Overalls, Lumbermen's Supplies.
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DULUTH PAPER & STATIONERY CO., 18-20 W. Michigan.

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AMERICAN HEATING CO., 31 W. Mich.
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FITZSIMMONS-DERRIG, 122 W. Mich.
GAMBLE-ROBINSON-SHELDON CO., 210 W. Michigan.
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THOS. THOMPSON CO., 136 W. Mich.

Sash, Doors, Office Fixtures.
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Saxoina Cigar.
GEO. E. ROLPH CIGAR CO., West Superior, Wis.

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CRANE & ORDWAY CO., 12 W. Mich.
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VICTOR HUOT, 223 W. Superior. Cut flowers and funeral designs.

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ROBERT KROJANKER, 12 W. Superior.

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NELSON & SWANSON, 404 W. Superior.

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KEYSTONE LOAN & MERCANTILE CO., 16 W. Superior.

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CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: John L. Lyon

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This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Endiness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night, prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circulars and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

ENDS HER LIFE

Mrs. Eva Stanley Smith Suicides, Taking Carbolic Acid.

No Cause Except Despondency Is Known For the Deed.

After frequent threats, Mrs. Eva Stanley Smith, wife of Frank Smith, committed suicide last evening at her home, 225 Sixth avenue west.

Despondency is the cause assigned. After swallowing about a teaspoonful of carbolic acid, Mrs. Smith went to the bedroom where her husband was sleeping, woke him and said:

"I guess this is the end of me, all right."

She then threw the carbolic acid bottle and spoon on a table and fell to the floor in great agony. Mr. Smith quickly summoned Dr. Boyer, and everything possible was done in the efforts to save her life. She lived about three hours after taking the dose.

Mr. Smith, who is employed as bartender in Jacobson's saloon on the Bowery, went home about 4 o'clock in the afternoon and thought he would make up some lost sleep.

At that time his wife was dressing and appeared to be in about the usual frame of mind, but later grew melancholy. She suddenly left the room and went to the kitchen, returning a few minutes later after having swallowed the poison.

The dead woman was 26 years of age. Before her marriage she was a Miss Eva Stanley, of this city, and quite well known. Friends say that her home was pleasant and cozy and that her domestic relations appeared to be the best. They are at a loss to account for the suicide.

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THE PRODUCE MARKET.

FRESH VEGETABLES.			
Lettuce, bushel	60		
Green onions, per doz	15		
Radish, long, per doz	15		
BUTTER.			
Creamery, prints	21		
Dairies, fancy	17	@	18
Packing stock	11½		
EGGS.			
Fresh	11½		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	12		
Twins, full cream, old	12½		
Full cream, young America	15	@	16
Brick cheese, No. 1	13		
Limberger, full cre'm, choice	13½		
Primos	8		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	16	@	17
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Goldenrod	14		
Dark honey	14		
Buckwheat, dark	14		
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	15		
Ohio, per lb	12		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bushel	2 00		
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 25		
Brown beans, fancy, bus	2 25		
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13		
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	16		
Cocoanuts, per doz	50		
Brazils, per lb	11		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7		
FRUITS.			
California fruit, yellow peaches, per box	1 00	@	1 10
Washington white peaches, per box	90	@	1 00
Plums, per crate	1 50	@	1 75
Pears, per box	2 50		
Apples, per bbl	4 00		
Smyrna figs	1 00	@	1 85
Bananas	2 00	@	2 50
Pineapple, per crate	3 25	@	3 50
Mc. lemons, per box	5 00		
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25		
Sugar walnut dates	1 10		
California oranges	4 25		
Tomatoes, per crate	1 00		
VEGETABLES.			
Green corn, per doz	12½		
Mushrooms	60		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	1 75		
Carrots, per cwt	1 40		
Turnips, per cwt	1 25		
Cabbage, per cwt	1 50		
Parsnips, per 100 lbs	1 50		
Pest. cucumbers	1 25	@	1 35
Mint, per doz	30		
Potatoes	70		
CIDER.			
Common juice, half bbl	2 75		
Fruit juice	4 00		
Duffy cider	3 25		
POPCORN.			
Choice, per lb	3½		
Rice corn, shelled	6		
LIVE POULTRY.			
Chickens	13	@	14
Hens	11	@	12
Turkeys	12	@	13
Ducks	10		
Geese	8	@	10
Beef	7	@	8
Lamb	10		
Mutton	9	@	10
Pork loins	12½		
Lard	8½		

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Cattle receipts, 31,000. Steady to 10c lower. Good to prime steers, $5.40@6.10; poor to medium, $4.10@4.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.25; cows, $1.50@4.50; heifers, $2@4.75; canners, $1.50@2.80; bulls, $2@4.50; calves, $3.50@6.75. Texas fed steers, $3.25@4.70; western steers, $3.35@4.65. Hogs receipts today, 31,000; tomorrow, 30,000. Best steady, others 5c to 10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $5.35@6.00; good to choice heavy, $5.55@5.80; rough heavy, $5.15@5.60; light, $5.60@6.15; bulk of sales, $5.45@5.70.

CITY MARKET IS NOW OPEN

Garden Truck From Surrounding Country to Be Found There.

The city market in the Armory building has been open and operating successfully for a week past. The market will be open for the fall months and Duluthians who care to do so can go to the Armory and buy fruit from farmers and gardeners fresh vegetables and fruits—in fact everything along the line of green stuff that can be raised in this district.

While many people have said right along that the city market should be opened and should be patronized, it should be borne in mind that its success for the rest of this season and its probable opening next season will depend largely on the interest that the people of Duluth take in the market and the patronage they give it.

It is claimed that the market is not opened sooner in the season for the reason that green stuff in St. Louis county is not ready for market untill well along in the season, that there is only need of its being open during the fall months.

Farmers who have in previous occasions been taking their produce to the local commission houses and receiving any price that the commission men cared to pay, will now find a better market for their garden stuff at the city market.

THE STAGE

Tonight at the Lyceum Louis James and Frederick Warde will open their engagement of two nights in the great Wagnehalls & Kemper production of "Alexander the Great." The play is founded upon the eventful career of Alexander the Great, the most famous warrior in history, Mr. James appearing as Alexander and Mr. Warde as Perdiccas, his general and minister of state. An absorbing story of love, intrigue and treachery serves to connect the many exciting incidents together, all of which are said to have the desirable element of surprise. Prominent among the supporting players are Norman Hackett, Wadsworth Harris, Thomas Coffin Cooke, Miss Margaret Bourne and Miss Engel Sumner.

* * *

Tonight at the Metropolitan the stock company will produce "Faust," the play in which Lewis Morrison has appeared for so many years with wonderful success. It is a play of which the public seems never to tire. Mr. Forbes will appear as Mephisto, and the scenic effects will be in every way complete.

* * *

Wednesday and Thursday evenings the famous Root-Gardner fight will be presented in complete form at the Lyceum. Jack Root will also appear in a sparring exhibition, and a vaudeville program will be given.

Stanley and Lolita Lamb, well known in Duluth, will appear Saturday afternoon and evening at the Lyceum in "Two Little Waifs."

THE SUNDAY CONCERTS

Will Be Given Every Week During the Winter.

Duluth music lovers are again to hear a series of Sunday afternoon concerts the coming winter at the Lyceum theater. These concerts will begin about the middle of October and will be given every Sunday instead of every other Sunday, as last season.

The departure from moving the concerts from the Armory to the Lyceum theater proved very popular with the patrons of these musical events. This season still another departure will be made, in the fact that concerts will be given every Sunday afternoon, and it is proposed to start with an orchestral concert by Flaaten's concert orchestra, and the following Sunday render a band concert by the Third Regiment band, which is regarded one of the best bands in the state.

The same careful attention with regard to rendition, etc., will be paid by Director Flaaten this season as in the past.

It is proposed to introduce all the musical talent possible, in the way of solos; several new instruments will be added to the orchestra and band, and Mr. Flaaten has been extending his musical library, so that at the time the concerts open he will be able to present for the most part the newest and most popular music.

TO GO ABOUT HARBOR.

Vidette Awaits Congressman Ransdell of Louisiana.

The government steam yacht Vidette is held in readiness at the foot of Seventh avenue west, to take Congressman Joseph E. Ransdell, of Louisiana, for a trip about the harbor when he arrives this afternoon from a trip over the ranges. Congressman Ransdell is a member of the congressional committee on rivers and harbors and he is familiarizing himself with the situation about the harbors on the great lakes. He was accompanied to the ranges by Capt. Charles L. Potter, government engineer in charge of this district, and whose guest he will be on the trip about the harbor this afternoon. Congressman Ransdell and Capt. Potter are old friends.

Has Many Friends Here.

Norman Hackett, the talented young leading man with Louis James and Frederick Warde, is renewing acquaintances among his many friends in Duluth. He has several times visited here, professionally and socially, and is a member of the Lambda Sigma fraternity which has a chapter in the Duluth high school. Several theater parties have been planned in his honor and he is being entertained by Joseph Cook while here.

JUDGE ON HIS MUSCLE.

Illinois Jurist Hustles Man Out of Court.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 7.—Spectators in the county court Saturday were treated to a surprise when Judge Murray forgot his official duties and ousted Justice William Scott for using abusive language to the court.

Scott asked to speak to the judge while a case was in progress. The judge told him to leave the room, and when Scott began to berate the judge the latter sprang, from his arm chair, grasped Scott by the back of the neck and hurled him out of the room. When the judge returned he said:

"I don't believe he will bother me very soon again."

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FRIGHTFUL CRASH

As Two Electric Cars Met In Head-End Collision.

Three Killed and Many Injured Near Pelham, N. H.

Pelham, N. H., Sept. 7.—Through a head-on collision yesterday, between two electric cars, each running, it is said, at a rate of more than twenty miles an hour, four persons were killed and nineteen so seriously injured that they are under physicians' care and several of these are expected to die. As there were seventy passengers on the two cars, many others received cuts and minor wounds which did not prevent their going to their homes. The accident occurred on the line which runs through this town, between Lowell and Nashua and one of the cars, which was coming from the latter city, was nearly filled with people on their way to a summer resort.

The collision was due, according to the officials of the road, to a misunderstanding of the starter's orders by the the motorman of the car bound for Nashua. The car starter endeavored to rectify this mistake by sending a man to shut off the power and trying to recall the Nashua bound car, but it failed.

The accident occurred on a curve, on either side of which were long stretches of straight track. The dead:

CHARLES H. GILBERT, 55 years old, Nashua, N. H.

GABRIEL S. COLLETT, 25 years old, Nashua, N. H.

GEORGE C. ANDREWS, 56 years old, postmaster, Hudson, N. H.

SAMUEL MAYS, motorman on the Nashua car, Hudson, N. H.

The accident occurred on the Hudson, Pelham & Salem division of the New Hampshire Traction company electric railway. The car from Nashua carrying fifty-four passengers for Cannoble Lake, a summer resort, approached the curve a quarter of a mile west of Pelham Center, at terrific speed, accentuated by a down grade. The cars met on the curve, neither motorman seeing the approaching car until too late to avoid a collision. Neither was there time for the passengers to escape by jumping when the cars came together with a force that threw the westbound car directly upon the forward part of the other, crushing the top of the car down upon the passengers and pinioning those occupying the first three seats in the wreckage.

Persons who witnessed the collision stated afterward that it came so unexpectedly that it seemed some minutes before the passengers realized what had happened. All were silent and the passengers made no outcry, appearing to be dazed by the shock.

Near the accident were a number of campers who at once rushed to the scene. With crowbars and other instruments the wrecked roofs of the cars were pried up and the imprisoned passengers released.

Not one of the passengers on the two cars escaped injury of some character, although a number were not seriously hurt.

NOTICE!

This being Labor Day this store will be closed from 1 p.m to 6 p.m.

LUNDBERG & STONE,

Booksellers and Stationers, 221 W. Superior St

SERMONS ON LABOR QUESTION

Several Pastors Preach on Its Relation to Christianity.

The gospel of labor and its relation to Christianity was the timely topic chosen for the subject of sermons in three of Duluth's churches yesterday.

In nearly every church in the city, however, some reference was made during the discourse to the question of labor and the holiday which is declared in its honor. In spite of unfavorable weather, the labor day sermons were listened to by large audiences.

At the Endion Methodist church, Rev. John W. Powell delivered a masterly address on "The Gospel of Work." In his sermon, Mr. Powell decried the modern notion, derived from old theological ideas, that work is a curse, and our daily stint must be gotten through with as quickly and easily as possible. "It is not work but idleness that is the true curse" he said. "The greatest curse that any country can have, is to have a large 'leisure class.' It was the idle rich at the king's court that drove France into revolution, and Rome fell because of an idle and degraded aristocracy which forced a tax of health-giving, ennobling burden of toil on a vast army of slaves.

"There is no distinction to be made between the various classes of work. The professional man may be inclined to look down upon the man who works with his hand, while the latter scorns the former as a man who makes his living with little or no work. The foot cannot say to the hand 'I have no need of thee.' All are workers, and all work is honorable, and the only man that is a hanger-on is he that lives on the proceeds of another's industry.

"The welfare of one class cannot be separated from that of another, and where the welfare of two interests clash or seem to clash, the welfare of the entire community is paramount to the welfare of either or both of these classes. The idea of co-operation must be extended further, to take in the entire community.

"Till the war-drum throbs no longer, and the battle-flags are furled. In the parliament of man, the federation of the world."

At the First Baptist church, labor also proved the topic of the evening sermon of the pastor, Rev. S. C. Davis. The subject chosen by Mr. Davis was "Labor's Debt to Evangelical Religion," and from this subject he formulated a fiery masterly and forceful address. In support of his argument that Christianity has had an incalculable effect in uplifting and dignifying labor, he pictured the condition of labor in ancient Rome and other heathen cities, where the laborer was a slave or a serf. He then told of the teachings of Christ, who Himself was a carpenter, in regard to labor, and of the effect that these teachings have had in ennobling the condition of the working men of the world.

The Lake avenue car now runs to the canal.

RIOTERS ARE CONVICTED

Twelve Danvilleites Are Sentenced to the Penitentiary.

Danville, Ill., Sept. 7.—The main case against the Danville jail rioters went to the jury at 6 o'clock Saturday evening, and a verdict was returned at 11:40. Twelve of the fourteen defendants were convicted. They are: Winfield Baker, William Redwine, Horace Murphy, Isaac Newton Slade, Thomas Bell, John Isom, John Walton, John Robertson, Adam Hurrey, Clement Mobaker, Ellenssee and Bessie Armstrong.

John Kress and Richard Roberts, who turned state's evidence, were acquitted. The punishment is an indeterminate sentence in the penitentiary. State Attorney Keeslar will probably not prosecute at present any of the other prisoners on the felony charge, but he expects some to plead guilty of riot and take a jail sentence.

The case is said to be the first one in Illinois where anyone was sent to the penitentiary for endeavoring to break into a jail.

Roberts, under cross-examination by State's Attorney Keesler, said that he saw Jack Walton standing in the crowd yelling curses against Sheriff Whitlock. He saw Isaac Newton Slade grasp the iron rail. He saw Winfield Baker throwing stones at the jail and at the arc light. He saw Adam Murray urging on the crowd, and saw him shot. He saw Bessie Dodge urging on the crowd and heard her say:

"The sheriff is no better than the niggers, and he ought to be lynched too."

SHOOTS AFTER DEATH.

Narrow Escape of Two Boys In Utah.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Sept. 7.—Oliver Iselin shot and killed himself Saturday, and after he was dead again fired the fatal weapon, the shot barely missing two of his companions.

Oliver and two small boys were returning from a hunting expedition in Harley's canyon. They were in a wagon.

Near town a rabbit was sighted and Oliver reached under the wagon seat for his gun. He drew the weapon toward him, the muzzle pointing toward his face. The trigger caught on the seat ledge and the gun was discharged. The load of shot blew off Oliver's head, killing him instantly.

The boy's left hand still clutched the gun. His muscles suddenly contracted, pulling the gun forward and firing the other barrel. Oliver and John Johnson escaped the shot by a narrow margin.

NOTICE!

On account of negotiations consummated in Europe for the entire balance of the treasury stock of the Para Rubber Plantation company, it has been decided to withdraw the stock from the market on September 16th, 1903, at 5 p. m.

Intending purchasers should at once indicate size of block desired, as preference will be given to subscriptions in the order of their receipt. Price of shares, $10 each, par value.

Para Rubber Plantation Co.,

52 Broadway, New York City.

MARCUS W. BATES, Agent,

Exchange Building, Duluth.

PROSPERITY OF WAGE-WORKER AND THE TILLER OF THE SOIL

(Continued from Page 1.)

or to draw between two sets of men any distinction save the distinction of conduct, the distinction that marks off those who do well and wisely from those who do ill and foolishly. There are good citizens and bad citizens in every class as in every locality, and the attitude of decent people toward great public and social questions should be determined, not by the accidental questions of employment or locality, but by those deep-set principles which represent the innermost souls of men.

The failure in public and in private life thus to treat each man on his own merits, the recognition of this government as being either for the poor as such or for the rich as such, would prove fatal to our republic, as such failure and such recognition have always proved fatal in the past to other republics.

> A healthy republican government must rest upon individuals, not upon classes or sections. As soon as it becomes government by a class or by a section it departs from the old American ideal.

It is, of course, the merest truism to say that free institutions are of avail only to people who possess the high and peculiar characteristics needed to take advantage of such institutions. The century that has just closed has witnessed many and lamentable instances in which people have seized a government free in form, or have had it bestowed upon them, and yet have permitted it under the forms of liberty to become some species of despotism or anarchy, because they did not have in them the power to make this seeming liberty one of deed instead of one merely of word. Under such circumstances the seeming liberty may be supplanted by a tyranny or despotism in the first place, or it may reach the road despotism by the path of license and anarchy. It matters but little which road is taken. In either case the same goal is reached. People show themselves just as unfit for liberty whether they submit to anarchy or to tyrannical and class government, whether it be the government of a plutocracy or the government of a mob, is equally incompatible with the principles established in the days of Washington and perpetuated in the days of Lincoln.

Many qualities are needed by a people which would preserve the power of self-government in fact as well as in name. Among these qualities are forethought, shrewdness, self-restraint, the courage which refuses to abandon one's own rights, and the disinterested and kindly good sense which enables one to do justice to the rights of others. Lack of strength and lack of courage unfit men for self-government on the one hand, and on the other, brutal arrogance, envy, in short, any manifestation of the spirit of selfish disregard, whether of one's own duties or of the rights of others, are equally fatal.

> In the history of mankind many republics have risen, have flourished for a less or greater time, and then have fallen because their citizens lost the power of governing themselves and thereby of governing their state; and in no way has this loss of power been so often and so clearly shown as in the tendency to turn the government into a government for the benefit of the people as a whole.

Again and again in the republics of ancient Greece, in those of mediaeval Italy and mediaeval Flanders, this tendency was shown, and wherever the tendency became a habit it invariably and inevitably proved fatal to the state. In the final result it mattered not one whit whether the movement was in favor of one class or of another. The outcome was equally fatal, whether the country fell into the hands of a wealthy oligarchy which exploited the poor or whether it fell under the domination of a turbulent mob which plundered the rich. In lent mob which plundered the rich. In both cases there resulted violent alternations between tyranny and disorder, and a final complete loss of liberty to all citizens—destruction in the end overtaking the class which had for the moment been victorious as well as that which had momentarily been defeated. The death knell of the republic had rung as soon as the active power being lodged in the hands of those who sought, not to do justice to all citizens rich and poor alike, but to stand for one special class and for its interests as opposed to the interests of others.

The reason why our future is assured lies in the fact that our people are genuinely skilled in and fitted for self-government and therefore will spurn the leadership of those who seek to excite this ferocious and foolish class antagonism. The average American knows not only that he himself intends to do about what is right, but that his average fellow countryman has the same intention and the same power to make his intention effective. He knows, whether he be business man, professional man, farmer, mechanic, employer, or wage-worker, that the welfare of each of these men is bound up with the welfare of all the others; that each is neighbor to the other, is actuated by the same hopes and fears, has fundamentally the same ideals, and that all alike have much the same virtues and the same faults. Our average fellow-citizen is a sane and healthy man, who believes in decency and has a wholesome mind. He therefore feels an equal scorn alike for the man of wealth guilty of the mean and base spirit of arrogance toward those who are less well off, and for the man of small means who in his turn either feels or seeks to excite in others the feeling of mean and base envy for those who are better off. The two feelings, envy and arrogance, are but opposite sides of the same shield, but different developments of the same spirit. Fundamentally the unscrupulous rich man who seeks to exploit and oppress those who are less well off is in spirit not opposed to, but identical with the unscrupulous poor man who desires to plunder and oppress those who are better off. The courtier and the demagogue are but developments of the same type under different conditions, each manifesting the same servile spirit, the same desire to rise by pandering to base passions; though one panders to power in the shape of a single man and the other to power in the shape of a multitude.

> So likewise the man who wishes to rise by wronging others must by right be contrasted, not with the man who likewise wishes to do wrong, thought to a different set of people, but with the man who wishes to do justice to all people and to wrong none.

The line of cleavage between good and bad citizenship lies, not between the man of wealth who acts squarely by his fellows and the man who seeks each day's wage by that day's work, wronging no one and doing his duty by his neighbor; nor yet does this line of cleavage divide the unscrupulous wealthy man who exploits others in his own interest, from the demagogue, or from the sullen and envious being who wishes to attack all men of property, whether they do well or ill. On the contrary the line of cleavage between good citizenship and bad citizenship separates the rich man who does well from the rich man who does ill, the poor man of good conduct from the poor man of bad conduct. This line of cleavage lies at right angles to any such arbitrary line of division as that separating one class from another, one locality from another, or men with a certain degree of property from those of a less degree of property.

The good citizen is the man who, whatever his wealth or his poverty, strives manfully to do his duty to himself, to his family, to his neighbor, to the state; who is incapable of the baseness which manifests itself either in arrogance or in envy, but who, while demanding justice for himself, is no less scrupulous to do justice to others. It is because the average American citizen, rich or poor is of just this type that we have cause for our profound faith in the future of the republic.

Ours is a government of liberty, by, through and under the law. Lawlessness and connivance at law-breaking—whether the law-breaking take the form of a crime of greed and cunning or of a crime of violence—are destructive not only of order, but of the true liberties which can only come through order. If alive to their true interests rich and poor alike will set their faces like flint against the spirit which seeks personal advantage by overriding the laws, without regard to whether this spirit shows itself in the form of bodily violence by one set of men, or in the form of vulpine cunning by another set of men.

> Let the watchwords of our people be the old familiar watchwords of honesty, decency, fair-dealing and common sense.

The qualities denoted by these words are essential to all of us, as we deal with the complex industrial problems of today, the problems affecting not merely the accumulation but even more the wise distribution of wealth. We ask no man's permission when we require him to obey the law; neither the permission of the poor man nor yet of the rich man. Least of all can the man of great wealth afford to break the law, even for his own financial advantage; for the law is his prop and support, and it is both foolish and profoundly unpatriotic for him to fail in giving hearty support to those who show that there is in very fact one law, and one law only, for the rich and poor for the great and the small.

Men sincerely interested in the due protection of property, and men sincerely interested in seeing that the just rights of labor are guaranteed, should alike remember not only that in the long run neither the capitalist nor the wage-worker can be helped in healthy fashion save by helping the other; but also that to require either side to obey law and do its full duty toward the community is emphatically to that side's real interest.

> There is no worse enemy of the wage-worker than the man who condones mob violence in any shape or who preaches class hatred; and surely the slightest acquaintance with our industrial history should teach even the most short-sighted that the times of most suffering for our people as a whole, the times when business is stagnant, and capital suffers from shrinkage and gets no return from its investments, are exactly the times of hardship, and want, and grim disaster among the poor.

If all the existing instrumentalities of wealth could be abolished, the first and severest suffering would come among those of us who are least well off at present. The wage-worker is well off only when the rest of the country is well off; and he can best contribute to this general well-being by showing sanity and a firm purpose to do justice to others.

In his turn the capitalist who is really a conservative, the man who has forethought as well as patriotism, should heartily welcome every effort, legislative or otherwise, which has for its object to secure fair dealing by capital, corporate or individual, toward the public and toward the employe. Such laws as the franchise-tax in this state, which the court of appeals recently unanimously decided constitutional—such a law as that passed in congress last year for the purpose of establishing a department of commerce and labor, under which there should be a bureau to oversee and secure publicity from the great corporations which do an interstate business—such a law as that passed at the same time for the regulation of the great highways of commerce so as to keep these roads clear on fair terms to all producers in getting their goods to market—these laws are in the interest not merely of the people as a whole, but of the propertied classes. For in no way is the stability of property better assured than by making it patent to our people that property bears its proper share of the burdens of the state; that property be handled not only in the interest of the owner, but in the interest of the whole community.

In other words, legislation, to be permanently good for any class, must also be good for the nation as a whole, and legislation which does injustice to any class is certain to work harm to the nation. Take our currency system, for example. This nation is on a gold basis. The treasury of the public is in excellent condition. Never before has the per capita of circulation been as large as it is this day; and this circulation, moreover, is of money every dollar of which is at par with gold. Now, our having this sound currency system is of benefit to banks, of course, but it is of infinitely more benefit to the people as a whole, because of the healthy effect on business conditions.

In the same way, whatever is advisable in the way of remedial or corrective currency legislation—and nothing revolutionary is advisable under present conditions—must be undertaken only from the standpoint of the business community as a whole, that is, of the American body politic as a whole.

> Whatever is done we cannot afford to take any step backward or to cast any doubt upon the certain redemption in standard coin of every circulating note.

Among ourselves we differ in many qualities, of body, head and heart; we are unequally developed, mentally, as well as physically. But each of us has the right to ask that he shall be protected from wrongdoing as he does his work and carries his burden through life. No man needs sympathy because he has to work, because he has a burden to carry. Far and away the best prize that life offers is the chance to work hard at work worth doing; and this is a prize open to every man, for there can be no work better worth doing than that done to keep in health and comfort and with reasonable advantages those immediately dependent upon the husband, the father, or the son.

There is no room in our healthy American life for the mere idler, for the man or the woman whose object it is throughout life to shirk the duties which life ought to bring. Life can mean nothing worth meaning, unless its prime aim is the doing of duty, the achievement of results worth achieving. A recent writer has finely said: "After all, the saddest thing that can happen to a man is to carry no burdens. To be bent under too great a load is bad; to be crushed by it is lamentable; but even in that there are possibilities that are glorious. But to carry no load at all—there is nothing in that. No one seems to arrive at any goal really worth reaching in this world who does not come to it heavy laden."

Surely from our own experience each one of us knows that this is true. From the greatest to the smallest, happiness and usefulness are largely found in the same soul, and the joy of life is won in its deepest and truest sense only by those who have not shirked life's burdens.

> The men whom we most delight to honor in all this land are those who, in the iron years from '61 to '65, bore on their shoulders the burden of saving the union.

They did not choose the easy task. They did not shirk the difficult duty. Deliberately and of their own free will they strove for an ideal, upward and onward across the stony slopes of greatness. They did the hardest work that was then to be done; they bore the heaviest burden that any generation of Americans ever had to bear; and because they did this they have won such proud joy as it has fallen to the lot of no other men to win, and have written their names forevermore on the golden honor roll of the nation. As it is with the soldier, so it is with the civilian. To win success in the business world, to become a first-class mechanic, a successful farmer, an able lawyer or doctor, means that the man has devoted his best energy and power through long years to the achievement of his ends. So it is in the life of the family, upon which in the last analysis the whole welfare of the nation rests. The man or woman who, as bread winner and home maker, or as wife and mother, has done all that he or she can do, patiently and uncomplainingly, is to be honored; and is to be envied by all those who have never had the good fortune to feel the need and duty of doing such work. The woman who has borne, and who has reared as they should be reared, a family of children, has in the most emphatic manner deserved well of just this type that we have cause for our profound faith in the future of the republic. Her burden has been heavy, and she has been able to bear it worthily only by the possession of resolution, of good sense, of conscience, and of unselfishness. But if she has borne it well, then to her shall come the supreme blessing, for in the words of the oldest and greatest of books, "Her children shall rise up and call her blessed;" and among the benefactors of the land her place must be with those who have done the best and the hardest work, whether as law givers or as soldiers, whether in public or in private life.

> This is not a soft and easy creed to preach. It is a creed willingly learned only by men and women who, together with the softer virtues, possess also the stronger; who can do, and dare, and die at need, but who while life lasts will never flinch from their allotted task.

You farmers, and wage-workers, and business men of this great state, of this mighty and wonderful nation, are gathered together today, proud of your state and still prouder of your nation, because your forefathers and predecessors have lived up to just this creed. You have received from their hands a great inheritance, and you will leave an even greater inheritance to yor children and your children's children, provided only that you practice alike the strong virtues that have given us as a people greatness in the past. It is not enough to be well-meaning and kindly, but would-be neither is it enough to be strong, unless morality and decency go hand in hand with strength. We must possess the qualities which make us do our duty in our homes and among our neighbors, and in addition we must possess the qualities which are indispensable to the make-up of every great and masterful nation—the qualities of courage and hardihood, of individual initiative and yet of power to combine for a common end, and above all, the resolute determination to permit no man and no set of men to sunder us one from the other by lines of caste or creed or section. We must act upon the motto of all for each and each for all. There must be ever present in our minds the fundamental truth that in a republic such as ours the only safety is to stand neither for nor against any man because he is rich or because he is poor, because he is engaged in one occupation or another, because he works with his brains or because he works with his hands. We must treat each man on his worth and merits as a man. We must see that each is given a square deal, because he is entitled to no more and should receive no less. Finally we must keep ever in mind that a republic such as ours can exist only in virtue of the orderly liberty which comes through the equal domination of the law over all men alike, and through its administration in such resolute and fearless fashion as shall teach all that no man is above it and no man below it.

ELEVATOR NOTICES.

Office of Consolidated Elevator Co., Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31, 1903.

On all grain and flaxseed received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, the charge for elevating and storage will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel; storage for each succeeding thirty days or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

CONSOLIDATED ELEVATOR CO.,
By M. J. FORBES,
President.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

Office of Globe Elevator Co., Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31st, 1903.

On all grain and flaxseed, received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, at the Peavey Duluth Terminal Elevator, the Globe Elevator, and the Belt Line Elevator, the charge for elevating and storing will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel, storage for each succeeding 30 days, or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

GLOBE ELEVATOR CO.,
By E. N. BRADLEY,
Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

Great Northern Railway Co., Great Northern Elevators, Duluth, Minn., Aug. 31, 1903:

On all grain and flaxseed received on and after Sept. 1, 1903, the charge for elevating and storage will be as follows:

Elevating, including 15 days' storage, ½ cent per bushel; storage for each succeeding thirty days or part thereof, ½ cent per bushel.

No charge for cleaning or blowing.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
By H. T. SWART,
Elevator Agent.

Duluth Evening Herald, Sept. 1, 1903.

FANS KNOCKED FLAT.

Lightning Strikes In Group of Baseball Spectators.

New York, Sept. 7.—A bolt of lightning struck Saturday afternoon in the very center of a group of thirty or forty men and boys who were running in the rain from the crowded baseball grounds at Crotona Park, in the Bronx. The bolt knocked ten or fifteen of the fleeing throng flat, killed one boy and scorched seven or eight more. The boy killed was Percy Barmore, seventeen years old. His father is John W. Barrows, the foreman of part of the Rapid Transit tunnel work in the Bronx, and the boy was studying surveying so as to enter his father's business.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our sincere thanks to the ladies of the Garfield circle, to the Knights of the Modern Maccabees and to all other friends for their kindness during our sad bereavement.

MR. and MRS. C. F. OTTINGER and FAMILY.

The Lake avenue car now runs to the canal.

It costs but 10 cents a week to have The Herald delivered regularly at your home either in city or suburbs.

IN MARINE CIRCLES

The Coal and Ore Docks Are Observing Labor Day.

Tugmen Have Busy Night —Calvin Is Out of Dry Dock.

The ore and coal docks in the harbor are closed down today for the holiday. On many of them men were working during the greater part of yesterday in order to get as many boats as possible away before the holiday. A delay of a few hours in loading meant that the boats would be tied up in the harbor until Tuesday morning, and the captains were very anxious to spend the two days on the lake, instead of in the harbor.

In spite of this rush to get away, however, the number of vessels in the harbor is very large at present. The arrivals have been very heavy during the past forty-eight hours, and the storm has prevented many of the loaded boats from leaving.

The tugmen on five of the Great Lakes company's tugs put in a night last night that they will remember for some time. Half of the fleet tied up last evening to remain in until noon today, and the remainder had to take care of the business, which was augmented by the heavy list of arrivals, and the bad weather, which always has the effect of increasing the work of the tugs. The rain and the heavy northeaster that was blowing made the work nothing short of a hardship.

The five tugs that were in commission last night were laid off at noon today, and the remainder of the fleet went into commission, thus giving all of the men a half holiday for Labor day.

CALVIN IS OUT.

Leaves the Shipyard, Repairs Being Completed.

The Canadian steamer Calvin, which ran ashore recently in the vicinity of Grand Marais, and was brought to the head of the lakes for repairs, left the Superior shipyard yesterday afternoon, at ur 3 o'clock.

She cleared last evening for the lower lakes to resume her regular run. An entire set of new buckets had to be placed on her wheel, from which all the blades had been broken by pounding on the rocks on the north shore. The vessel was also leaking badly at some of her seams when she arrived, and these leaks had to be closed. A new shoe was placed on her keel, and other minor repairs made.

She cleared light.

PASSED DETROIT.

Up yesterday: Stephenson, 11:30; A. Mitchell, Coffinberry, Smith, Case, Coderus, noon; Iron Chief and consort, 1 p. m.; Northern Wave, 1:40; Viking, Vikland, 2; Edenborn and whaleback, Colonial, Pense, Slauson, 3; Christopher, 3:30; Toledo, 4; Norseman and barges, 4:30; McGilvray, 5:40; Iosco and consort, H. W. Smith, 6:40; Sastle Rhodes, Schuylkill, 7:40; Rochester, Commodore, S. Empire City, Martha, 8:20. Down: Gilbert, 11:30; Meredith, noon; Donaldson and barges, Donnac, 12:30 p. m.; Etruria, 1:30; Griffin, Saxon, 2:20; Nicol, 3, Alva, 3:15; Ionia, 4; Niagara, 4:30; Lincoln and barges, 4:40; Schlesinger, Shaw, Holley, Russell, Pope, 5:40; Penobscot, Sanilac and consort, 6:40; Seattle, 7:30.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Up yesterday: Taylor, 1:20 p. m.; Mueller, 1:40; Palika, Manitoba, 3; Stephenson, Malta, Pathfinder, Norton, 5:30; Stone, 7:40; Hanna, 8:30. Down: Strong, Blaine, Warmington, Spalding, 12:40 p. m.; Grover, Negaunee, Adriatic, 2:20; Siemens, Bell, 3; James Hoyt, Turrett Crown, 3:30, Mary, Yukon, 4:20; Trevor and whaleback, Ghasgow, Abyssinia, 4:40; Clemson, 5:40; Muncy, 9.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Milwaukee—Cleared: Mack, Superior.

Cleveland — Cleared: Coal — Saunders, Fort William; light—Colgate Hoyt, Superior.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal — Osborne, Duluth.

Two Harbors—Arrived: Old Gratwick, Wabash, New Gratwick, Marcia, Kerr, Manitoba. Cleared: Hundred five, Jenny, Lake Erie; Brown, Kennebec, Lake Michigan.

Marquette — Arrived: Fairbairn, Two Hundred One, Gorden Campbell, Massasoit. Cleared: Prontenac, Ashtabula, Cadillac, Toledo; Sonora, Cleveland.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—James B. Reed, M. C. Elphicke, Mariposa, Watt, H. C. Frick, Maricopa, Waldo, Bessemer, James B. Eads, Corsica, Elwood, Colonel, Malietoa, Whitworth, S. J. Murphy, light for ore, Lake Erie; Wilkinson, Gilchrist, Niko, Roumania, Bulgaria, Tasmania, Sachem, Pasadena, George B. Owen, Barnes, 116, Sheldon, Victory, Constitution, Chisholm, Roman, Sitka, Senator, coal, Lake Erie; C. W. Moore, Mabel Bradshaw, America, passengers and merchandise, Lake Superior ports; Japan, Buffalo, merchandise; Buffalo, Duluth, Merchandise, Port Huron, Osceola, merchandise, Chicago; Middlesex, C. H. Green, Commodore, light for lumber, Lake Erie.

Departed: Andrew Carnegie, I. W. Nicholas, Oglebay, W. E. Reis, James H. Reed, Yuma, Roumania, M. C. Elphicke, James Watt, H. Tyrone, Mariposa, Bessemer, ore, Lake Erie; Muncy, Troy, Japan, merchandise, Buffalo; L. C. Smith, H. H Brown, H. B. Nye, Gratwick, Crete, light, Lake Superior ports; Edward Smith, Iron City, lumber, Lake Erie.

MARINE BRIEFS.

Arthur Green, night dispatcher for the Union Towing and Wrecking company, has resigned his position, to act as mate of the tug George Cooper, running at Superior bay. His place has been filled by Alexander Nisbet, who for two seasons was night dispatcher for the Singer tug line and for one year with the Mayham tug line.

President W. L. Brown and General Manager J. C. Wallace, of the American Shipbuilding company, were in the city Saturday accompanied by Superintendent La March, of the Lorain yard, and Superintendent Smith, of the Chicago yard. They conferred with A. B. Wolvin regarding the new monster freighter which is to be built for next season, and inspected the Superior yard.

A BOY'S WILD RIDE FOR LIFE.

With family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for life, eighteen miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death's agonies from asthma; but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and Grip prove its matchless merit for all Throat and Lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free, at all druggists.

The Lake avenue car now runs to the canal.

SCHOOL FOR DANCING! Assembly hall, Masonic Temple. Regina Smith, member of American National Association of Masters of Dancing, will reopen her classes Thursday, Sept. 17. Juvenile class Thursday at 4:30 p. m. Adult class Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Private lessons by appointment. Pupils may enter at any time. Term begins with first lesson. Address REGINA SMITH, 53-54 Board Trade, Superior, Wis. Z. phone 4361.

A TERRIBLE ORDEAL

Endured By Physician Who Had Become Morphine Fiend.

Suffers Agony In the Hope of Finding a Remedy.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—In a cell-like chamber in the People's hospital, with heavy metallic gratings over the doors and windows and all possible means of committing suicide carefully removed, a self-appointed representative of the army of victims of opiates in Chicago is passing through the terrible ordeal of being suddenly shut off from the drug he craves. Since Thursday afternoon he has been deprived of the morphine that for years has contributed to his strength and has acted as a substitute for his mentality. In its stead and through a hypodermic syringe with which morphine was formerly supplied his craving system he is being given three compounds of his own preparation, with which he hopes to effect a cure and bring hope to the outcast and social pariah whose fall can be traced to drugs.

The subject of the experiment is a physician whose life has been ruined by morphine, Dr. George W. Fanneiri, a ward of the Higher Practical Educational society, a philanthropic organization. That body is behind the experiments. If the success now promised is experienced, its founder, J. W. Gossard, a wholesale milliner, is expected to open a hospital for the cure of similar habits, to be operated in conjunction with the slum work of the society.

Twice since his incarceration has Dr. Fanneiri sought means of self destruction. At times his ravings fill the air, and he has been in repose scarcely a moment until today. The gas in the chamber has been shut to prevent an attempt at asphyxiation. Alternating between moments of insanity and rationality, he has plunged over the mind and then turned calmly to the attending physicians and nurses, advising them as to his progress and following the written instructions he prepared before undertaking the experiment.

In the next room, opening from the caged chamber, lay the three bottles whose contents are slowly depriving Fanneiri of his craving for narcotics, the hypodermic syringe for the administration and the written instructions he made out for the direction of the attending physicians and nurses.

"Dr. Fanneiri has been working upon them for a year and feels that success is assured," said Mr. Gossard. "Over a year ago he came to us a wreck. We found that he was a gifted man of splendid education, and that drugs had ruined him. We could not do much for him, but we gave him encouragement, helped him to secure work as a janitor and started him in the right way. He was a noble fellow, and since that time has been one of our medical assistants while laboring as the janitor of a building.

"Recently he came to me, declaring that he would be a slave to morphine no more. At that time he was using fifteen grains of the drug a day and could not live without it. He said he had worked out a treatment he thought would save the men and women we meet in our work as well as himself. I asked him whom he would try it on to demonstrate whether it was useful or dangerous.

"'I will try it on the dog,' he said, meaning himself, and this experiment followed."

Dr. Fanneiri is apparently about thirty-five years old, thin and spare, and of intelligent appearance. In his wildest ravings his diction was correct and at times scholarly. His appearance denotes natural refinement, although his unkempt hair and wild, flowing mustache presented a weird appearance today as he rolled and tossed about the barred chamber. The latter contains only an iron bed and a washstand. All other articles of furniture have been removed to prevent harm befalling the patient in his paroxysms.

The doors leading to the corridors are kept fastened from the outside, while behind the fluffy, fluttering window curtain are grim steel gratings. To add to the barrenness of the surroundings, a dismantled gas fixture projects in the center of the room, suggesting a lonely sentinel on ceaseless guard.

Folding doors communicate to an adjoining room, where the potion he has prepared for his own use repose, together with minute instructions, prepared by himself, covering all possible emergencies.

A heavy grating prevents communication between the two rooms and behind this grating the attendants silently watch developments and note them on a tab maintained for that purpose.

According to Dr. Fanneiri's treatment the ordeal will continue for three more days, when it is expected that the last vestige of morphine will be eliminated from his system and he will require only the tonic treatment to build him up.

Dr. Fanneiri is now without a home outside of the hospital, unless he returns to his position as janitor of a building which is doubtful in the event of a cure. He is described as having studied at Ann Arbor, Bellevue, in New York, the College of Physicians and Surgeons, in Chicago, and to have taken a post-graduate course in Chicago.

TRAGEDY AT OMAHA.

Omaha, Sept. 7.—In a quarrel over a woman early today, Charles Ellsworth, a Council Bluffs grocer, stabbed David Houser, also of that city, who died soon after. Ellsworth and a woman named May Burns were later arrested.

HIS HEART TAKEN OUT.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—An operation on the heart of Matthew Plowman, who was stabbed in a fight with James Cormet Saturday, may save the man's life. At Mercy hospital, where he was taken, physicians took out his heart and sewed it up. Then oxygen was administered continuously and last night it was said he had a possible chance of recovery.

BASEBALL.

Philadelphia, Sept. 7.—American league—Morning game: Philadelphia, 6-11-0; Washington, 0-4-1.

WILLIAM GOLDIE DEAD.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—William Goldie is dead at his home here aged 78 years. The company of which he was the head, erected a number of buildings at the world's fair, Buffalo and Omaha expositions, and has contracts to the extent of $2,000,000 at the Louisiana purchase exposition. Mr. Goldie served in an Illinois infantry regiment during the civil war.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Sept. 7.—Wheat—Spot, 2 red western winter, new, steady, 6s 3d; 1 northern spring, strong, 6s 10d; futures quiet; September, 6s 6¼d; October, 6s 6½d; December, 6s 4d. Corn—Spot American mixed, steady, 4s 6¾d. Futures firm; September, 4s 7d; October, 4s 7d.

At 4 p. m. daily. "The Twilight Limited." No other train like it. St. Paul, Minneapolis and the State Fair.

PITTSBURG BELLE

Eloped With a Kentucky Man and Married In Ohio.

Parental Blessing Has Been Given the Young Couple.

Pittsburg, Pa., September 7.—Pretty Hattie Lange, the belle of Stanton avenue has changed her name without the consent of her parents. She was married on Wednesday in Youngstown, Ohio, to James Shaw, of Louisville, Ky. The young couple met a month ago in Atlantic City. It was a case of love at first sight and in the fear that her parents would not consent to her marriage Miss Lange decided to accept Mr. Shaw as a life partner and inform her parents after the ceremony had been performed. Parental blessing has been given the young couple.

The father of the bride, Helwig Lange, of the H. Lange Wagon company, is somewhat vexed about the matter, yet he is not going to offer any objection to the marriage and only hopes that his daughter has married a good man. He says that he belives she has. Shaw asked his mother's advice about the wedding and received her permission to marry.

He talked with her from Pittsburg to her home in Louisville over the long-distance telephone. His mother told him to get married, wished him happiness and now Mr. and Mrs. Shaw are in Louisville spending their honeymoon.

Business acquaintances of Shaw, who represents the largest distillery in the world, being the Pennsylvania, New York and New Jersey agent for the house in which he is also interested, say he has an excellent reputation. The happy young couple are expected to come to Pittsburg within a few days. The story of the love affair was readily told by the father of the bride.

"My daughter met Mr. Shaw in Atlantic City about a month ago. My niece Mrs. Fenders my daughter and I had a suite of rooms in the hotel Chelsea. I never dreamed that Shaw was after my daughter, but thought it was the niece he wanted. He seemed to be a perfect gentleman, and is one of the most polished men I ever met.

"He is a good-looking fellow, about 26 years old, and I would not blame any woman for falling in love with him. mhMy daughter is only 18 years old, but would be taken for a woman of 20. When we returned from the seashore Mr. Shaw visited at my house several times. Last Monday night he called and he and my daughter went to the Oakland carnival. They were gone probably two hours.

"Tuesday morning Hattie went shopping, but when, late in the afternoon, she did not return home we became worried about her. I telephoned to all of our relatives and friends, but nowhere was she to be found. At 2 o'clock Wednesday morning I received a telegram from Shaw, stating that they had been married and were happy, and that they would write from Louisville."

BRIEF CITY NEWS.

W. C. Gray, undertaker, 205 E. Sup. St.

Get your furnace repaired now. Don't wait until the frost comes. L. R. Hebing, 119 West First street. Both 'phones.

The Commercial club rooms have been undergoing some important changes within the last week and the improvements are now nearly completed. The changes mostly effect the upper floor, where new pool and billiard tables have been installed, the floors re-oiled and an apartment built off the billiard room for the buffet.

Parlor theater—the great Zenas.

Parlor theater. Vaudeville tonight.

G. Hood Thompson, the chicken fancier of Glen Avon, met with his usual success at the state fair. He sent down two pairs of silver gray dorkings and they won first and second places. Duluth breeders were not very well represented at the fair.

If your husband drinks, send him to Dr. Reisland, 205 East First street.

The Duluth deanery of the Episcopal church will meet tonight at Tower. The Rev. Dr. A. W. Ryan, the Rev. E. C. Johnson, the Rev. R. J. Mooney and the Rev. Mr. Appleby will go to the meeting from Duluth. A discussion of plans for the general good of the church in this district will be held.

The various offices in the Federal building were closed this morning, it being a government holiday. The general delivery window at the postoffice was open until 10 o'clock, and one delivery of mail was made.

PURELY PERSONAL

Charles De Long, of the St. Paul Dispatch, is spending a few days in the city.

Mrs. W. E. McEwen and little son returned last evening from an extended visit with relatives at Salt Lake City, Utah.

A. G. Bernard of Cass Lake, who went to Washington to take part in the Bemidji-Cass Lake land office dispute, stopped for breakfast at the St. Louis hotel, enroute to his home.

Mrs. H. G. Inman and son Arthur have returned from a short visit to Deerwood.

M. L. Parker has returned from a trip to Chicago and the East.

Mr. and Mrs. John S. Watson, of Fargo, were guests of Mrs. Belle Mohr last week. They were enroute to a New England summer resort.

QUANDARY OVER AN "AD."

An agent in this city is in a quandary, says the New York Sun. Part of his business is to place advertisements in various medical publications. Not long ago he received a letter from an inland town not very far from New York, asking if he knew of any doctor who would like to settle in a town such as the writer described in which there was no physician.

The agent perhaps knew of a number, but he looked at the matter entirely from the business end and, replying to the writer, suggested that the latter advertise for a doctor. The suggestion was quite agreeable to the man in search of the physician, and he prepared his advertisement.

Then the agent, being the representative of publishers who required guarantees, wrote to his correspondent and suggested very diplomatically that the correspondent furnish him the necessary reference. The correspondent answered promptly:

"I am an undertaker and have been in business here many years."

The agent, to quote him, has been throwing fits ever since. He doesn't want to offend his correspondent, who has acted upon every suggestion he has made, by refusing to place his advertisement, yet he feels that if he offers the advertisement to any of the publications it will be thrown out, for the fact that an undertaker who is advertising for a doctor is susceptible of several constructions, none of which would be entirely agreeable to a doctor, save as a story at a banquet where only doctors were present.

At last accounts the agent had taken up his belt three holes.

Milwaukee and Return $11.30.

September 5th to 11th, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets to Milwaukee, Wis., at $11.30 for the round trip. Limit for return passage Sept. 12th, 1903. City Ticket office, 405 West Superior Street.

PRIZE PIANO PRICES

If low prices can accomplish anything these quoted below should create a panic. List of bargains in used instruments:



Our Pianos:

Steinway,
Knabe,
Emerson,
Ludwig,
Ivers & Pond,
Kranich & Bach,
Dyer Bros.,
Richmond,
Smith & Barnes,
Willard.

Representing the perfection of the piano makers' art. Comments on them are superfluous. We offer them on easy monthly payments.

Let Us Tune Your Piano!

We guarantee expert workmanship. We are equipped to rebuild, refinish, polish, move and store pianos.

Our prices the lowest consistent with good service.

Chickering, Knabe, Emerson, J. P. Hale and other good square grand pianos, all in good playing condition, must go this week—

$25, $35, $40, $45, $50

Gabler Upright, good condition	$100
Hollenberg & Co. Upright	$100
Dyer & Howard Upright	$100
Kurtzman Upright	$100
Estey Upright	$148
Emerson Upright; worth new $450	$160
Smith & Barnes Upright; worth new, $350	$140
Kranich & Bach Upright; worth new, $425	$300
Kranich & Bach Upright; worth new, $600	$325

Some of the above prizes have been secured in exchange as part payment on more expensive pianos; others have been rented. The rest were used in teachers' studios, and for private recitals.

Terms: $10 down and $5 monthly.

PIANOLAS



Superior in all ways to any other piano player. Simpler—more artistic results—less work—absolutely perfect in mechanical construction.

But it is in the enormous amount of music which the Pianola makes possible that the value is most strikingly manifest.

The ability to study and artistically execute an amount and variety of music far beyond the reach of even the greatest hand pianists is at once conferred on anyone who buys a Pianola.

You are invited to visit our Pianola Parlor to see, hear and play this marvel, testing for yourself its perfection.

Price, $250. Sold on monthly payments if desired

Duluth Music Co.

Largest and Oldest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Cor. Lake Avenue and Superior St. F. H. GUTHRIE, Manager.

USUAL THREE DAYS' STORM

Weather Forecaster Says Northeaster Will Continue Another Day.

The usual holiday weather was forthcoming.

"I can promise no hope for an improvement in weather conditions today," said Forecaster Richardson this morning. "This will probably last until tomorrow at any rate, and the chances for an improvement in the conditions then are but slight.

"The chief center of the storm is in the Canadian Northwest, although the barometer is low throughout the country to the west of us. Nebraska was also a storm center yesterday and this morning.

"There is practically no chance for a clearing until tomorrow morning at least."

The records of the weather bureau show that this is the first disagreeable Labor day in three years. Last year it rained during the night previous to the holiday, but cleared during the early morning and was fine during the remainder of the day. In 1901 the records show the day as clear and warm.

This year, however, has established a record for disagreeable holidays, Independence day and Labor day being probably the two most disagreeable days during the summer months.

AFTER THE HONEYMOON.

Chicago Record-Herald: "Why don't you say something?" Dolly began, after I had got my cigar going nicely.

"I haven't anything on my mind," I answered, putting my feet upon the railing and tipping myself comfortably back.

"You might try a hair tonic," she ventured.

I believe humor is catching. Since Dolly has been with me so much fun bubbles from her like the good stuff from a root beer bottle.

I pretended to ignore her flippant remark and became interested in the work of the spider that was spinning a web among the vines which empower our $30.00 cottage. It reminded me of myself spinning a yarn.

"You will wear out your fob if you play with it so much," Dolly said. "Would you like me to get you the cat?"

"Can't you see that I am thinking?" I asked, trying to be harsh with her.

"I hadn't particularly noticed it," she answered. "Do you always look like that when you think?"

"I suppose so," I answered, knowing she would not be satisfied without an answer.

"Then please try to break yourself of the habit, that's a dear," she said, gazing very earnestly at me.

I had almost made up my mind to go into my den and bolt the door when Dolly said, with a good deal of impatience:

"Oh, please say something. I'm bored half to death."

"Can't think of anything," I answered. "Shall I telephone Watkins to send you a phonograph?"

She gave me a look of contempt, and, as I fondly believed, turned her attention back to the novel she had been reading.

"Do you think Kathryn would come here for a week or two if I should send for her?" Dolly asked, just as I had begun to have a beautiful day dream.

"She wouldn't if I could let her hear from me first," I replied, with only the slightest trace of bitterness in my tone.

Dolly drummed on the cover of the book and looked out over the broad, green valley. At least I suppose that was where she was looking. I felt too indifferent to turn my gaze toward her.

"I am going to have a whole house full of people here just as soon as I can get them," Dolly said.

I think I answered something like "Uh, huh," after which I blew out three beautiful smoke rings in rapid succession.

"I believe," Dolly declared, "that you said everything before we were married that you ever expected you would have to say to me."

"Why not," I demanded, a clever thought suddenly popping into my head. "I knew you would want to do all the talking afterward."

This reassured me. I had begun to fear that my wit might be going stale. This scintilating rejoinder gave evidence that I was as bright as ever.

"Who is it that men have such funny-looking Adam's apples?" Dolly asked, after a pause of fully twenty seconds.

"I never noticed that they were funny," I answered. "I should call them facetious. Really, Dolly, you sometimes show very poor judgment in your choice of words."

"I suppose you imagine that was a cutting retort, don't you?" she answered.

"Not especially," I returned, "but you must admit that it had considerable point."

"That's the funny part of it," Dolly said, "and how can it be facetious when it has nothing to do with the face, but keeps rubbing around between the flaps of your collar?"

I did not take the trouble to answer, being busy trimming my left thumb nail. My manicurist is so careless lately.

"You used to say so many nice things to me," Dolly pouted.

"Did I?" I asked.

"And you wouldn't have turned your back toward me a few weeks ago," she complained.

"How could I?" I wittily responded. "You were always on my knees then."

But that was my undoing. Before I could protect myself she was there with her arms around my neck.

I could only sigh with a sad realization that wit is often its own punishment.

In every city there is one paper favored by local advertisers. In Duluth it is The Herald.

BIRTHS.

JOHNSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson, of 5317 Wadena street.

CASHIN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Cashin, of 631 Sixtieth avenue west.

ANDERSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Anderson, of 924 West Sixth street.

LINDBERG—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lindberg, of 2901 West Third street.

JOHNSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. August Johnson, of 422 Ninth avenue west.

PAULSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Paulson, of 297 West Sixth street.

HORNGREN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. A. Horngren, of 1724 New street.

LARSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. August Larson, of 2205 West Fourth street.

DEATHS.

KELLY—Helen M. Kelly, wife of Frank P. Kelly of Proctorknott, died Sunday morning, Sept. 6th, after a brief illness. Arrangement for the funeral service were not announced today. The interment will be in Marquette, Mich.

TREADO—Julia Treado, age 72 years, died Sunday, Sept. 6th, at her home 102½ Garfield avenue. Notice of funeral later.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

BLOTCHED, ROUGH, RED, TENDER skin smooted to satin softness, using Satin-Skin Cream and Face Powder.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING, or other work, by the day. Call old St. Luke's hospital, upstairs.

WANTED—SEVENTY-FIVE MEN SUPers at Lyceum stage entrance at 6:30 tonight.

LOST — UMBRELLA AT CHESTER Park. Finder please return to 617 Ninth avenue East.

IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING TO RENT, SELL OR EXCHANGE, OR IF YOU WISH TO PURCHASE ANYTHING, LIST IT IN THE WANT COLUMNS OF THE EVENING HERALD. WE ARE IN DAILY TOUCH WITH PEOPLE WHO ARE LOOKING FOR HOMES AND WHO ARE WAITING TO SEE A GOOD PLACE TO INVEST THEIR SURPLUS CASH.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

$1850 Two houses and lot on East Sixth street. One house has six rooms, water, sewer and closet. Rent, $15. One house has five rooms. Rent, $7.

$3300 House and lot, very central, on upper side Fourth street. House has city water, is in good condition. Rents at $35 a month.

$4200 House and 50-foot lot on East Third street, west of Twelfth avenue. House has stone foundation, water, sewer, bath, furnace, barn. Rents for $44.

$5250 House and 50-foot lot, very central, on upper side of Fourth street. House of nine rooms, stone foundation, cement cellar, hot water heat, hardwood finish. Beautiful lawn and trees.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

HOUSE FOR RENT!
221 East Fourth St.
(References Required.)
GEO. R. LAYBOURN, Agt.
14 PHOENIX BLOCK.

STEAMSHIPS.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE ROUTE.

Fast Passenger and Freight Service — Leave Mondays and Thursdays for Two Harbors, Split Rock, Grand Marias and Port Arthur; Sundays, Tuesdays and Fridays for Two Harbors and Split Rock; Mondays and Saturdays for Bruel, Iron River and Port Wing; Wednesdays for Port Wing, Carnegie and Ashland; Sundays for Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton; Wednesdays for Grand Marias, Port Arthur, Isle Royale, Hancock and Houghton. **9:30 A.M** **4:00 p. m.**
All boats arrive at and leave from Singer's dock, Lake Ave. S. Up-town office—No. 2 Lyceum Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

P.M.	A.M.		A.M.	P.M.
3:50	7:40	Lv. Duluth Ar.	10:30	3:40
4:20	8:15	Lv. Proctor Lv.	10:00	3:10
6:13	10:12	Lv. Iron Junct'n Lv.	8:01	1:13
----	10:40	Ar. M'nt'n. Iron Lv.	----	12:20
7:07	10:35	Ar. Virginia Lv.	7:00	12:50
6:33	10:29	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	7:42	12:57
----	10:56	Ar. Sparta Lv.	----	12:34
----	11:20	Ar. Biwabik Lv.	----	12:12
6:54	11:05	Ar. Hibbing Lv.	7:15	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar.	12:00	6:30
11:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv.	8:05	2:40
11:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv.	8:00	2:45
12:05	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv.	7:25	2:05
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	P.M.	P.M.

THE GREAT NORTHERN

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul and Minneapolis	† 2:00 p.m.
† 11:15 p.m.		† 6:20 a.m.
† 6:20 a.m.		† 9:20 p.m.
* 9:30 a.m.	Montana and Coast. Crookston, Grand Forks, Winnipeg.	* 6:43 p.m.
* 8:30 p.m.		* 7:10 a.m.
† 2:20 p.m.	Hibbing, Virginia	*12:20 p.m.
† 6:20 a.m.	Wilmar, Soo City, St. Cloud.	† 9:20 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.
Twin City sleepers ready at 9 p. m. Office Spalding Hous

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry.
City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block. Bell 'Phone 44. All trains arrive at and depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p.m. Lv.	North Country Mail	*5:30 a.m. Ar.
†8:45 a.m. Lv.	LOCAL Marquette and Copper Country.	Ar. †7:15 p.m.

* Daily. † Except Sunday.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 12:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 6:55 p m
a 9:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
b 8:30 a m		a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	b 6:30 a m
a 11:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 11:00 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	* Daily. † Except Sunday	Arrive Duluth
*8:50 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*3:05 pm
*4:00 pm	Twilight Limited	*9:45 pm
*5:00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Appleton	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:55 am
*5:00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

Minnesota State Fair.

For the Minnesota State Fair, to be be held at Hamline, Minn., Aug. 31 to Sept. 5th, 1903, "The North-Western Line" will sell excursion tickets, Aug. 29th to Sept. 5th, to St. Paul or Minneapolis at one fare for the round trip, plus 50 cents, which includes admission to Fair grounds. Tickets good for return until Sept. 7th, 1903.
City Ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HIGHLAND PARK

This property is increasing in value more rapidly than any property in the city. We are offering five 50-foot lots, well located, at $350 for corners and $300 for inside lots. They should double in value within a reasonable time. Call now if you want one or more.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
First Floor, Providence Building.

WISCONSIN FARM LANDS
$5.00 PER ACRE.

10,000 acres for sale in Douglas county, (near Superior), at $5.00 per acre and upwards. Good soil. Handy home markets. Maps upon application. Commission paid agents. Address John Frederic Baars, Jr., No. 27 William street, New York.

SECURE FARM AND TIMBERED LANDS
BY GUARANTEED RAILROAD RESERVE

H. W. COFFIN, *Manhattan Building.*

119½ 10th Ave. East

$2000 Takes 50 feet on First street, near Twentieth avenue east.
$2600 Takes 50-foot corner on Twenty-fourth avenue west and Superior street. A bargain.

Fine residence site upper side of East First street, near Twenty-second avenue. Make us an offer.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg

$1200 Six-room house on Helm street, water and sewer in street. $200 cash will buy it; must be sold at once.

$3000 Desirable home in the East End, on Fourth street. Very choice lot, 50x150, in good neighborhood.

$7500 Ten-room house in excellent condition; closet, hot water heat, kitchen and laundry ranges; everything goes.

COOLEY & UNDERHILL, Exchange Bldg.

7-room, modern flat, steam heat and janitor service.

Per Month, - $33.50

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
208 First National Bank Building.

$2200 Seven-room house, city water, etc.; East Fifth street.
$4300 Seven rooms and bath; hot water heat; strictly modern. East End.
$5000 Sixteen-room house, modern; suitable for boarding house; right down town.

ECKSTEIN & EBY,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
300 Exchange Bldg. Zenith phone 338.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR, BURrows bldg. Best work; moderate prices.

UPHOLSTERING.

CARRIAGE trimming and recovering. E. Ott, 123 First Ave. W. Old 'phone 307-5.

EMBLEM MAKERS.

MEDALS, COLLEGE PINS, CLASS pins, etc. M. Henricksen Jewelry Co., 331 West Superior street.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MADAME ROSCOE, CLAIRVOYANT, 1614 Broadway, Superior. Old phone 4351.

MRS. BENDIXEN, CLAIRVOYANT, 237 Main street, Superior. Phone 4250.

CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

CABINET WORK, office, store fixtures; house repairing and jobbing. Wickstrom & Hartz, shop 17 Fifth Avenue west, New phone 1142.

LITTLE & NOLTE DULUTH, MINN.

CHEAP HOMES on EASY TERMS.

LITTLE & NOLTE DULUTH, MINN.

$700 for good house of four rooms, with barn on alley; lot 25x140, easy access, small cash payment, easy terms.

$900 for eight-room house, good well, cellar, lot 25x140, on Seventh street; good location; easy terms.

$1000 for seven-room house on East Seventh street, near Second avenue, good well, cellar, lot 25x140; terms very easy.

$1000 for a good seven-room house near Lake avenue and Eighth street, well rented, in good condition; lot 25x140 to alley. Terms easy.

$1600 for seven-room house with stone foundation, furnace heat, well finished and a bargain. Must have cash. Is in East End.

$1700 buys a ten-room house on beautiful Nineteenth avenue East, with all assessments paid; water up and down stairs; house well rented; lot 25x108; small cash payment, balance monthly.

$2000 for six-room house on East Fifth street; water, sewer, bath, lot 38x140 to alley; small shed barn; house will be put in first-class condition.

We have a lot in Endion that must be sold and will go for less than its real value. Inquire about it.

We have half a block of the prettiest lots in East End, right where the best people are buying and building. This half block is on the upper side of the street, has water and gas and macadamized street. Can be sold at less than its real value, but must all go together. Call in person and let us show you this.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1040 Fine six-room house; newly painted and papered throughout; $200 cash, balance $15 per month, without interest.

$1100 Very well built 7-room house on Third avenue west.

$1200 Seven-room house on corner lot, in West End; $200 cash, $12 and interest monthly.

$2250 Fine corner in Lakeside, lot 100x140 with seven-room house.

CHAS. P. CRAIG & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
220 West Superior Street, Ground Floor.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—FIFTY-FOOT LOT, UPPER side Sixth street, between eighteenth and nineteenth avenue east. Peter W. Johnson, 1631 East South street.

FOR SALE—LOTS IN NEW TOWN OF Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

FOR SALE — LARGE, HANDSOME grounds. Nearly five acres with residence of 11 or 12 rooms. Price $3500. T 49, Herald.

FOR SALE OR RENT—ON EASY terms or for long lease, one 50-foot lot one block from Lincoln park. Inquire 2101 West Fourth street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

—WESTERN LOAN COMPANY—
527-518 Manhattan Bldg.
Zenith 'phone 936; Bell 65-5.

LOANS—LOANS—LOANS
To salaried people holding permanent positions with reliable concerns, without endorser or security except your own name. Also on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, etc., on short notice. Positively no publicity. Our rates are and always have been the lowest, as you can find no comparison with other companies. Small or large payments to suit borrower; weekly or monthly, with on or before privilege, thus stopping all interest. We do not advertise one rate and charge another. Our record and reputation for 10 years insures honorable dealings to all.

WHO WANTS MONEY?
WHO WANTS MONEY?
On chattels. We make loans and charge less interest than any other firm in the city. Fifteen years in business in the city. Make loans on chattels of all kinds; also real estate. Business strictly confidential. Call on me before you make a deal elsewhere. DULUTH MORTGAGE LOAN COMPANY, 430 Manhattan building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.
We make a speciality of loans from $10 to $100. We also make loans to salaried people with responsible firms, on their plain note, without mortage, indorser or publicity. Call and be convinced that our plan is the cheapest and best in the city.
MINNESOTA LOAN COMPANY,
205 Palladio Bldg. New phone 883.

MONEY TO LOAN ON SECURITIES. Reasonable rates and easy terms. Room 715 Torrey building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds and all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. The only reputable licensed pawnbroker. Will positively hold your goods one year, even if interest is not paid. Keystone Loan & Mercantile Co,. 16 West Superior street.

DON'T BORROW MONEY ON YOUR salary, furniture, pianos, etc., without first getting rates, terms and re-payment plans from the Cosmopolitan Co., 301 Palladio building. Zenith phone 701.

MONEY TO LOAN— ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

DULUTH ENGINEERING CO., THOS F. McGilvray, manager, 613 Palladio building. Specifications prepared and construction superintended for water works, sewerage, etc.

WOMEN'S HOSPITAL.

CONFINEMENT CASES —Magnetic and electric treatment of all diseases given up as incurable cured by the great power of magnetism by Dr. Emma Breinholm, 1009 West Sup. St. Zenith phone 1471.

FIRE INSURANCE.

FIRE INSURANCE CORRECTLY AND promptly written by George H. Crosby, 106 Providence building.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST COMpanies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH $2000 TO $3000, can double his money in a few months, this will bear thorough investigation. Confidenital on both sides. Address Business, Herald.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE money by investing in lots in new town of Ashawa, on Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad. Call or address Silver Bros., 313 Torrey building.

LINCOLN PARK.

A Prize Waltz will be given at Lincoln Park Pavilion Dance Hall beginning July 28, for eight consecutive Tuesday nights, a prize of $5.00 will be given for the best couple waltzing each Tuesday night until eight couples are chosen. The couple winning will have their names registered by Mr. Stevenson, the floor manager. On the ninth Tuesday, September 22, $5.00 in gold will be given to the best couple out of the eight prize winners. The final contest to come off behind closed doors and windows. Everyone welcome. J. MOORE, Proprietor.

No Medium So Good as the

Best Medium

The Best Medium For Advertisers Is

The Herald.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE--MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in first-class condition. Call 228 Fourteenth avenue East, mornings.

FOR SALE CHEAP — ENTIRE FURnishings of a modern boarding house; party leaving the city. Address S. S., Herald.

A KITCHEN RANGE, AND TWO splendid base burners for sale. Apply 1016 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND two bicycles cheap. 2527 West Second street.

FOR SALE—ELEVEN-ROOM HOUSE, with all modern conveniences, hot water heat. Inquire 1727 East Superior St.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows will arrive Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. E. Johnson, 701 South Twenty-third avenue east.

FOR SALE ON PARK POINT, BEAUtiful corner lot with small cottage, on lake side of Minnesota and facing bay. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—SMALL GROCERY STORE in one of the best localities in the city. Will be sold at a bargain if taken at once. Address G 22, Herald.

FOR SALE—PAIR HEAVY HORSES. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—HOUSE ON FORTY-FIRST avenue west and Magellan street. Cheap if taken at once. Good place to keep cow and poultry. One block from car line. A. D. Seney, 4115 Magellan street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—GROCERY, CIGAR AND candy store. Salvatore Trano. 1127 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS BAKERY, confectionery and soda water stand in a live town of 5000 inhabitants. Business of $15,000 a year and increasing all the time. For particulars address, A. C., care Evening Herald.

FOR SALE—VIOLIN—CHEAP. Address, J. 99, Herald.

TYPEWRITERS—NO OFFICE, STORE or home complete without one. New machines, $35 up. Edmont, 410 West Superior street. 'Phone 162.

SLIGHTLY USED GUNS AND RIFLES, almost as good as new, for sale or rent, at reasonable prices. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, just arrived. Evan Johnson, 2905 Helm street.

JUST RECEIVED A CARLOAD OF GENeral purpose draft horses. L. Hammel Co.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED, BY AN EXPERIENCED man, a position as collector. Address U 7 Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY THOROUGHly competent all round office hand. Quick and accurate on figures. Address C. F., Herald.

POSITION WANTED AT ONCE BY thoroughly experienced bookkeeper and general office clerk. Good references. Address G 99, Herald.

BY YOUNG MAN, SITUATION AS time keeper and camp clerk, experience and references. D 98, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WITH THREE YEARS experience in general office work desires position. Best of references furnished.

WANTED — WASHING TO TAKE home or to go out. 278 Third avenue East.

WANTED — FURNISHED ROOMS TO take care of by a woman of experience in the business, or will do chamber work. Address U 5, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY STATIONARY engineer; best of references; worked nine years in last place. Address Oscar Jordan, 508 West Superior street.

WANT WASHING AND IRONING. MRS. Hermansen, 110 First avenue East.

POSITION WANTED—AS CHAMBERmaid in city. Apply at once, 918 East Fifth street.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY—POSItion as clerk in cigar or confectionery store. Y. Z., Herald.

POSITION WANTED—AS STENOGrapher, by a competent young man, of temperate habits. Business experience more of an object than salary. U. 4, Herald.

POSITION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY as cashier in restaurant or news stand. F. O., Herald.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER wants office work evenings. Best of references, an A1 penman. P 77, Herald.

WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY, POSItion as bookkeeper in lumber office, two years experience. Best of reference. Address 1302 West Superior St.

CAPABLE WOMAN WOULD LIKE furnished rooms to take care of. Address 1927 East Sixth street.

POSITION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS lady stenographer, with several years' experience. Al references. Will leave town. Address, J. 97, Herald.

WANTED SITUATION—BY MIDDLEaged lady as housekeeper; no objection to leaving city. L. 96, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COMPEtent experienced, thoroughly reliable manager general store, as manager, assistant or bookkeeper. Correspondence solicited with parties contemplating opening branch store. Address W. G., Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

A SMALL COAL HEATER IN GOOD condition. State price. Address U 6, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—EIGHT OR TENfoot counter and a large size coffee mill. W. M. Miller, West Duluth, 206 Central avenue.

WANTED TO PURCHASE SECONDhand bus, in good repair, suitable to meet trains. Apply Box 186, Hibbing, Minn.

MILLINERY.

MILLINERY—OVER SUFFEL'S, Humes.

Millinery—106 W. Sup. St., Miss Swenson.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—WATCH PIN FRIDAY AFTERnoon between Freimuth's and Panton & White's. Finder leave at 513 First avenue west.

FOUND — LARGE BROWN HORSE, blind in one eye. Owner call at 408 East Seventh street.

No advertisements less than 15 cents.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 14 Fourth avenue east.

LADIES REQUIRING NURSES IN sickness can be supplied at any time. Domestic Employment office, 225 East Superior street. Zenith 'phone 613.

HEADQUARTERS FOR HOTEL COOKS 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 18 YEARS OF age for nurse maid. Apply 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, GIRL. 313 WEST Superior street.

SEVEN FIRST CLASS COOKS FOR hotels. Fine cooks for boarding and fine hotels. 225 East Superior street, Zenith 'phone 613.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Apply at 1016 East Superior street. Three in family.

WANTED —YOUNG GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 120 East Third street.

WANTED — MILLINERY APPRENtices. Apply at once to superintendent, Panton & White Co.

WANTED—GIRLS, AT LUTE'S LAUNdry.

WANTED—GIRLS WITH EXPERIENCE to sew jackets. 925½ West Michigan St.

WANTED— COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 217 Second avenue east.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 316 East Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 225 Fifteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD KITCHEN GIRL. 112 East Third Street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 318 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 211 West Second street.

WANTED — SECOND GIRL. 222 FIFTH avenue east.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS DINING room girl with good experience. Nicollet hotel, 517 West Michigan street.

COOKS, DISHWASHERS, WAITRESSES and for general housework; can always find places at the oldest and most reliable employment office, 215 East Superior street, Mrs. M. C. Siebold.

COOKS, DININGROOM, Dishwashers, general girls. Mrs. Somers' employment office, 17 Second Ave. E., near Armory.

MALE HELP WANTED.

YOUNG MAN AS TRAVELING REporter for Mercantile Agency. State experience, age and references. P 47, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS DOOR man. Apply head porter, Spalding

MEN TO DELIVER, SCANDINAVIAN with experience preferred. Best wages, steady job. Zenith 'phone 717. Apply at once.

WE TEACH MEN BARBER TRADE quickly. Our catalogue explains how, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn. Macgregor and Anderson Props.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CAMP COOKS, 225 East Superior street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESMAN for clothing store, who can speak the Finnish language fluently; steady position and good wages to right party. H. M. Buck, Hibbing.

WANTED—AUSTRIANS AND ITALians for railroad work in Montana. Free transportation. Anderson & Barron, employment office, 515½ West Michigan street.

WANTED—ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; permanent and growing position. Give age, where employed, salary and references. Address, X. Y., care Herald.

WANTED—DELIVERY CLERK. 1831 East Superior street.

MEN WANTED—UNITED STATES navy, 18 and 35 years. Inquire 1001 Torrey building.

WANTED—MEN OF ALL AGES TO wear the Blake hat. Strictly up-to-date, and the best in the city at the price.

THE CITY NATIONAL BANK, CITY NATIONAL BANK, CITY NATIONAL BANK, CITY NATIONAL BANK, CITY NATIONAL BANK, CITY NATIONAL BANK, CITY NATIONAL BANK, CITY NATIONAL BANK, CITY NATIONAL BANK, CITY NATIONAL BANK, OF DULUTH, HAS EXCEPTIONAL FACILITIES FOR SERVING YOU ALONG ANY OF THE LINES OF MODERN BANKING.

DRUNKENNESS CURED.

A GUARANTEED CURE AT DR. REISland's, 206 East First street.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS.

CASH FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER. Hendricksen, 333 West Michigan street.

MINES AND MINING.

STAR PETROLEUM, 8c; ALASKA CENtral, $4.00; Cataract, 25c. All others cheap. Higbee, Germania Life building, St. Paul. Phone.

PLASTERING CONTRACTOR.

W. J. DARBY—REPAIRING A SPECialty. Chimneys built and repaired. 2020 West Third street. New phone 1418.

ASSAYER.

F. L. BARKER, 403-404 TORREY BLDG.

E. ANGERMEYER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE—steam-heat. 31 West Second street. Inquire of Silberstein & Bondy Co.

HOUSES IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY. G. H. Crosby, 106 Prov. bldg. Phone 21.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO PARTLY FURNISHed rooms for light housekeeping. 11 West Third street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOMS, Hot water heat, electric light and bath. $8 per month. 706½ West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED room. 467 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—TWO AND THREE ROOMS —1021 West Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND alcove. 210 East Third street.

ROOMS, SINGLE OR EN SUITE—GAS, electric light, hot water heat, pleasant location, near High school; few minutes walk from Superior street; gentlemen preferred. H 82, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOMS AT 312 EAST Ninth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room; private family; bath, electric light. Rate very reasonable to permanent tenant. 202 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 325 East First street.

FOR RENT— FURNISHED ROOM; steam heat. 206 East First street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS WITH all modern conveniences at No. 213 West Fifth street. Telephone 1073-2. Board can be had.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Apply Criterion Restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, for gentlemen, very central. Inquire Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 old Herald bldg.

BARN FOR RENT—206 FIFTH AVE. W.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—VERY DESIRABLE FIVE rom flat in West End. Modern conveniences, $14, including water. Possession Oct. 1. C. P. Craig & Co.

BOARD OFFERED.

NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS AND first class table board. 231 West Second street.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS AND board. Gentlemen preferred. Private family. Modern. 412 West Fourth St.

TWO NICE ROOMS AND BOARD IN private family for two ladies. 617 Second avenue East.

THE TECUMSEH, 320 WEST SECOND; board and rooms for man and wife or gentlemen.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

OPTICIAN.

A. L. NORBERG, OPTICIAN AND LIcensed optometrist. Twelve years' experience. 5 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan St., New phone 318; old, 705-5.

PERSONAL.

LADIES CONTEMPLATING MARriage write me for particulars of how to get the best homes in the shortest time. Confidential. Address with stamp Z 14, Herald.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—PERSONS TO CALL ON REtail trade and agents for manufacturing house; local territory; salary $19 paid weekly; expense money advanced; previous experience unnecessary; business successful; enclose self-addressed envelope. Standard House, Chicago.

SOLICITORS for the city to write Health and Accident insurance; salary and commission to hustlers. Address Union Mutual Insurance Co., 306 Palladio, Duluth.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO OR THREE UNFURnished rooms; steam heated. Address C 98, Herald.

WANTED TWO OR THREE UNFURnished or furnished rooms for light housekeeping, family of three. Within walking distance of Union depot. Address G. H., Herald.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, about Nov. 1, a five or six room furnished house or flat. Please state terms.. Address W 16, Herald.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR UNFURnished rooms, small flat, or house. Address with full particulars, H. 84, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT—SIX OR SEVENroom flat, centrally located; heat, lights, bath. Jack Francy, 210 West Superior street.

PALMISTRY.

PAST, PRESENT AND FUTURE truthfully told for only 25 cents. Camp in private car at Northern Pacific freight depot, Duluth.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM—SECOND floor, 20 East Superior street, 25x115. Apply on premises.

FOR RENT—NO. 17 FIRST AVENUE west, between Superior and First streets. Mendenhall & Hoopes, or J. H. O'Leary & Co., 732 East Third.

DYE WORKS.

ZENITH CITY DYE WORKS—Practical dyers and French dry cleaners; first-class work guaranteed. 6 East Sup. St. Duluth; 916 Tower, Superior; both phones

SURVEYOR.

Andrew Anderson, surveyor, 22 Vernon St.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MASSAGE.

MISS F. BACON, 25, W. SUP. ST., UPstairs.

A GRANQVIST, MASSAGE TREATment. Only cure for rheumatism. 108 West Superior street. Room 411, New Jersey building.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of the city. 1525 W. Sup. St. Phones, old 1003-2; new, 1303.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

MRS. HANSEN, graduate midwife, female complaints, 413 7th Ave E. Phone 1225.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

ANDERSON'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, B. F. Anderson, Mgr., 527 Manhattan bldg., Duluth. Zenith phone 600; res. 1213.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMEN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk Factory, 220 West Sup. St.

GENERAL STENOGRAPHER.

BLANCHE MAXWELL, 307 First Nat. Bank bldg. 'Phones, old, 544; new, 831.

HAIRDRESSING.

SCIENTIFIC FACE TREATMENT, Manicuring. M. Kelly, 131 W. Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kasmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bathroom. 415 W. Mich. St.

UMBRELLAS MADE TO ORDER

Recovered and repaired on short notice. Work guaranteed. Gingold, 209 W. Sup. St., upstairs.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 21st, 1903. Work, second degree. Harry G. Gearhart, W. M.; H. Nesbitt, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evening of each month at 8:00 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 14, 1903. Work, Harry A. Hall, W. M.; Burr Porter, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M. Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting, Sept. 9th, 1903. Work —. Jerome E. Cooley, H. P.; W. T. TenBrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY, NO. 18, K. T. —Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month at 8 p. m. Next conclave Sept. 8. Work, Red Cross. Jesse Norton, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
FIDELITY LODGE, NO. 165 meets in Kalamazoo hall every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. J. Stephens, M. W.; W. W. Fenstermacher, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth Tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting Sir Knights always Welcome. Sept. 9, special work and drill by degree team. Harry Miles, commander, city hall; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 31 New Jersey building.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1 —Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. Thomas J. McKeon, G. S.; A. A. Fider, Arlington restaurant, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, K. of P., No. 25.—Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Special business meeting Tuesday, Sept. 8. J. L. Cromwell, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.
DULUTH AERIE, No. 79.—Meets every second and fourth Thursday in June, July, August and September, 8 o'clock at Hunter's hall. Everett A. Pierce, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary. Duluth Cigar Co.

M. W. A.
IMPERIAL CAMP NO. 2206.—MEETS AT Hunter hall, corner First avenue west and Superior street, second and fourth Tuesdays. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; Robert Rankin, clerk.

L. O. T. M.
HIVE NO. 1.—REGULAR MEETINGS first and Third Friday evenings and second and fourth Friday afternoons, in Hunter's hall. Mrs. Effie Johnson, commander; Mrs. Carrie G. Cox, record keeper.

A. O. U. W.
DULUTH LODGE, NO. 10, meets in Odd Fellows' hall every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. H. B. Ivens, M. W.; J. W. Shepherdson, financier; A. E. Blake, recorder.

MACHINISTS.

MACHINISTS.
MACHINISTS' UNION MEETS EVERY second and fourth Tuesdays in the month. Strike still on. All machinists are requested to see shop committee before going to work in any shop in Duluth.